Audits of Financial Statements

December 31, 2021 and 2020



Independent Auditor's Report	1 - 3
Basic Financial Statements	
Statements of Financial Position	4
Statements of Activities	5 - 6
Statements of Cash Flows	7
Notes to Financial Statements	8 - 22
Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	23 - 25
Report on Compliance for each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control over Compliance Required by Uniform Guidance	26 - 28
Schedule of Expenditure of Federal Awards	29
Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	30
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	31
Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	32
Schedule of Compensation, Benefits, and Other Payments to Agency Head	33



LaPorte, APAC 111 Veterans Blvd. | Suite 600 Metairie, LA 70005 504.835.5522 | Fax 504.835.5535 LaPorte.com

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Directors of Audubon Nature Institute, Inc.

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Audubon Nature Institute, Inc. (the Institute), which comprise the statements of financial position as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, the related statements of activities and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Institute as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Institute and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Institute's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

LOUISIANA • TEXAS

An Independently Owned Member, RSM US Alliance RSM US Alliance member firms are separate and independent businesses and legal entities that are responsible for their own acts and omissions, and each is separate and independent from RSM US LLP. RSM US LLP is the U.S. member firm of RSM International, a global network of independent audit, tax, and consulting firms. Members of RSM US Alliance have access to RSM International resources through RSM US LLP but are not member firms of RSM International.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Institute's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Institute's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Uniform Guidance, and the schedule of compensation, benefits, and other payments to agency head are presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting accounting accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and the schedule of compensation, benefits, and other payments to agency head are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 22, 2022, on our consideration of the Institute's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Institute's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Institute's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

A Professional Accounting Corporation

Metairie, LA June 22, 2022

AUDUBON NATURE INSTITUTE, INC. Statements of Financial Position December 31, 2021 and 2020

		2021	2020		
Assets					
Cash	\$	7,950,298	\$	3,646,163	
Grants Receivable		615,831		162,594	
Promises to Give, Net		2,224,922		3,032,566	
Investments and Assets Limited as to Use		873,391		4,525,154	
Due from Audubon Commission		5,281,382		10,076,947	
Total Assets	\$	16,945,824	\$	21,443,424	
Liabilities and Net Assets					
Liabilities	*	750 705	¢	044 007	
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	\$	750,735	\$	311,667	
Accrued Salaries and Benefits		22,410		50,256	
Deferred Revenue		329,474		383,673	
Due to Audubon Nature Institute Foundation		56,653		4,258,039	
Lines of Credit Deferred Compensation		- 872,805		5,990,000 4,525,154	
Total Liabilities	*******	2,032,077		15,518,789	
Net Assets					
Without Donor Restrictions		9,049,468		48,416	
With Donor Restrictions		5,864,279		5,876,219	
Total Net Assets		14,913,747		5,924,635	
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$	16,945,824	\$	21,443,424	

AUDUBON NATURE INSTITUTE, INC. Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Without Donor Restrictions		With Donor Restrictions		Total
Revenue and Other Support					
Government Grants	\$	10,332,801	\$	-	\$ 10,332,801
Gifts and Exhibit/Program Sponsorships		2,300,142		596,952	2,897,094
Investment Return, Net		100,003		-	100,003
Fundraising Activities		767,590		-	767,590
Net Assets Released from Restrictions		608,892		(608,892)	 -
Total Revenue and Other Support		14,109,428		(11,940)	 14,097,488
Expenses					
Grant Expense to Audubon Commission		2,096,027		-	2,096,027
Donation to Audubon Nature Institute Foundation		144,340		-	144,340
Development Expenses		1,187,548		-	1,187,548
Fundraising Activities		410,076		-	410,076
Interest		137,219		-	137,219
Other Expenses		1,133,166		-	1,133,166
Total Expenses		5,108,376		_	5,108,376
Change in Net Assets		9,001,052		(11,940)	8,989,112
Net Assets, Beginning of Year		48,416		5,876,219	5,924,635
Net Assets, End of Year	\$	9,049,468	\$	5,864,279	\$ 14,913,747

AUDUBON NATURE INSTITUTE, INC. Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Without Donor Restrictions		With Donor Restrictions		Total
Revenue and Other Support					
Government Grants	\$ 90,300	\$	-	\$	90,300
Gifts and Exhibit/Program Sponsorships	3,778,233		638,456		4,416,689
Investment Return, Net	363,299		-		363,299
Fundraising Activities	153,442		-		153,442
Net Assets Released from Restrictions	 1,187,592		(1,187,592)		-
Total Revenue and Other Support	 5,572,866		(549,136)		5,023,730
Expenses					
Grant Expense to Audubon Commission	3,889,201		-		3,889,201
Development Expenses	875,548		-		875,548
Fundraising Activities	219,505		-		219,505
Interest	185,745		-		185,745
Other Expenses	 941,964		-		941,964
Total Expenses	 6,111,963		_		6,111,963
Change in Net Assets	(539,097)		(549,136)		(1,088,233)
Net Assets, Beginning of Year	 587,513		6,425,355		7,012,868
Net Assets, End of Year	\$ 48,416	\$	5,876,219	\$	5,924,635

AUDUBON NATURE INSTITUTE, INC. Statements of Cash Flows For the Years Ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

	2021	2020
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Change in Net Assets	\$ 8,989,112	\$ (1,088,233)
Adjustments to Reconcile Change in Net Assets to Net Cash		
Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities		
Realized and Unrealized Gains on Investments	(53,261)	(303,869)
Receipt of Stock Gifts	(5,009)	(46,194)
Discount on Pledges Receivable	(54,618)	(68,180)
Allowance for Doubtful Accounts	(13,303)	(20,062)
Depreciation	-	715
Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities		
Grants Receivable	(453,237)	247,600
Promises to Give	875,565	814,798
Due from Audubon Commission	4,795,565	(5,316,104)
Prepaid Expenses	-	9,590
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	439,068	311,667
Accrued Salaries and Benefits	(27,846)	22,760
Deferred Revenue	(54,199)	98,639
Due to Audubon Nature Institute Foundation	(4,201,386)	3,861,828
Deferred Compensation	(3,652,349)	(1,520,952)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	6,584,102	(2,995,997)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		
Proceeds from Sales or Maturities of Investments and		
Assets Limited as to Use	4,456,587	1,110,541
Purchases of Investments and Assets Limited as to Use	(746,554)	(1,239,797)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Investing Activities	3,710,033	(129,256)
Cash Flows from Financing Activities		
Draws from Lines of Credit	-	2,000,000
Payments for Lines of Credit	(5,990,000)	
Net Cash (Used in) Provided by Financing Activities	(5,990,000)	2,000,000
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash	4,304,135	(1,125,253)
Cash, Beginning of Year	3,646,163	4,771,416
Cash, End of Year	\$ 7,950,298	\$ 3,646,163
Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information		
Cash Paid During the Year for Interest	\$ 137,219	\$ 185,745

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1. Organization

Audubon Nature Institute, Inc. (the Institute) is a nonprofit organization incorporated October 31, 1975, exclusively for educational purposes, including for such purposes, the making of distributions to organizations that qualify as exempt organizations under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. Pursuant to a Management and Cooperative Endeavor Agreement (Agreement) between the Institute and the Audubon Commission (Commission), the Institute operates and manages the Audubon Facilities, as defined below, for the benefit of the Commission, an independent agency of the City of New Orleans.

The Commission owns, controls, and manages various facilities in the State of Louisiana in fulfillment of its goals, purposes, and objectives; including, but not limited to Audubon Park, the Audubon Zoo, the Aquarium of the Americas, Woldenberg Riverfront Park, the Entergy Giant Screen Theater (retired in 2020), the Freeport McMoRan Audubon Species Survival Center, the Alliance for Sustainable Wildlife, the Audubon Center for Research of Endangered Species, the Audubon Louisiana Nature Center, Audubon Wilderness Park, and the Audubon Butterfly Garden and Insectarium, collectively the Audubon Facilities as referred to above.

Per the Agreement, the Commission shall pay for the cost and operation of the Audubon Facilities, with the Commission reimbursing the Institute for all expenses that it incurs on behalf of the Commission in furtherance of the Agreement.

The Institute employs individuals to operate and maintain the Commission's facilities; however, all operating revenues and expenses, including salary and employee benefits expenses, related to the Audubon Facilities are recorded in the Commission's financial statements.

The Institute obtains donations, gifts, and grants; and conducts fundraising activities in furtherance of its exempt purpose. The revenues and net assets reflected in these financial statements are the result of these activities. Specific grants by the Institute to the Commission consist of donations received and grants obtained by the Institute for operating support and capital improvements of the Audubon Facilities discussed above.

For its services, the Institute shall earn a management fee of \$50,000, adjusted annually in accordance with the Consumer Price Index (CPI) compared to the January 1st CPI of the prior year. The Agreement currently has a term of fifteen years which terminates in 2028 unless extended by both parties. Management fee revenues totaling \$55,557 and \$54,661 in 2021 and 2020, respectively, are included in the statements of activities.

On December 31, 2021, the Agreement was amended and restated. The Institute shall continue to undertake complete operation, management, and control, subject to the reserved rights and responsibilities of the Commission.

The following are the main amendments to the Agreement with financial reporting impacts. The effective implementation date is January 1, 2022 and terminates on December 31, 2028, unless extended by the parties..

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1. Organization (Continued)

The Institute, in order to achieve and continue the public purpose of the Agreement and its management obligations set forth herein, shall retain in its own account Earned Revenue and Other Revenue for the operation, maintenance, and development of Audubon Facilities. Such Earned and Other Revenue shall be administered by the Institute and deposited in an account to be used for the operation of the Audubon Facilities (hereinafter referred to as the "Institute Operating Account"). For the avoidance of doubt, it is the understanding of the parties that in no event shall Earned Revenue or Other Revenue be considered public funds.

It is the intent of both parties that "Earned Revenue" (defined as admission fees, special event fees, special event rental fees, contractual income, food and merchandise revenue, and other fees collected attributable to the Audubon Facilities), "Other Revenue" defined as qualifying philanthropic sponsorships, grants specific to the Institute, and "Commission Revenue" defined as tax revenue, bond proceeds, intergovernmental grants, or Commission real estate lease revenue will be used for the benefit of all Audubon Facilities, in furtherance of the missions of both the Commission and the Institute and will cover all necessary expenses related to operation, maintenance, upgrade and development of the Audubon Facilities. Reserves and/or total positive net Earned Revenue shall also be used for the benefit of and for operation, maintenance, and development of the Audubon Facilities.

Necessary expenses of the Institute relating to the operation, maintenance, upgrade and development of the Audubon Facilities shall be paid by the Commission through transfer of Commission Revenue, including tax revenue, bond proceeds, intergovernmental grants, and Commission real estate lease revenue and any other Commission revenue due to the Commission.

All tax revenues, bond proceeds, intergovernmental grants, Commission real estate lease revenue and any other Commission Revenue due to the Commission for the operation, maintenance, upgrade and development of the Audubon Facilities shall be administered by the Institute on behalf of and in the name of the Commission and deposited in an account administered by the Institute on behalf of and in the name of the Commission (hereinafter referred to as the "Commission Account"). For the avoidance of doubt, it is the understanding of the parties that funds maintained in the Commission Account are considered public funds.

The Institute shall prepare an Institute Facilities Operating Budget, a Commission Operating Budget and a Commission Capital Budget each year. The Institute Facilities Operating Budget shall set forth revenue and expenses relating to the operation, maintenance, and development of the Audubon Facilities and the use of Earned Revenue, Other Revenue and Commission Revenue transferred to the Institute. The Commission Operating Budget shall set forth revenue and expenses relating to Commission Revenue. The Commission Revenue and expenses relating to Audubon Facilities capital projects.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1. Organization (Continued)

Audubon Nature Institute Foundation (the Foundation) is a nonprofit organization that is separate and independent of the Institute. The purpose of the Foundation is to raise funds in support of the Audubon Facilities, programs, and other activities managed by the Institute. The Foundation is governed by its own board, with one member of that board being the Chairman of the Board of the Institute. The Foundation independently administers its assets at its sole discretion and for the benefit of the Institute, and while those assets are not commingled in any way with the funds and assets of the Institute, there is an ongoing economic interest between the Foundation and Institute.

Summary financial information for the Foundation as of and for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 is as follows:

	2021	2020
Total Assets	\$ 40,562,240	\$ 38,185,789
Total Liabilities	 750	750
Total Net Assets	\$ 40,561,490	\$ 38,185,039
Total Revenues	\$ 4,077,837	\$ 4,038,775
Total Expenses	\$ 19,250	\$ 19,875
Total Endowment Distributions and Grants	\$ 1,682,136	\$ 4,016,574

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The financial statement presentation is presented in accordance with the *Not-for-Profit Entities* Topic of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standards Codification (ASC).

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For reporting purposes, the Organization considers all demand deposits and highly liquid investments purchased with an initial maturity of three months or less to be cash and cash equivalents.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Promises to Give

The Institute records unconditional promises to give that are expected to be collected within one year at net realizable value. Unconditional promises to give expected to be collected in future years are initially recorded at fair value using present value techniques incorporating risk-adjusted discount rates designed to reflect the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset. In subsequent years, amortization of the discounts is included in contribution revenue in the statements of activities. The Institute determines the allowance for uncollectable promises to give based on historical experience, an assessment of economic conditions, and a review of subsequent collections. Promises to give are written off when deemed uncollectable.

Equipment

Equipment with an original cost in excess of \$10,000 and a useful life of over one year is capitalized and depreciated using the straight-line method over estimated useful lives ranging from 3 to 10 years. Equipment of \$28,635 and \$37,596 is presented on the statements of financial position net of accumulated depreciation of \$28,635 and \$37,596 at December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

Investments and Assets Limited as to Use

Assets limited as to use primarily include investments in mutual funds measured at fair value and the cash surrender value of a life insurance policy. These assets are designated for funding the 457 Executive Retirement Plan (the 457 Plan), discussed further in Note 12. The Institute records investments in accordance with the *Not-for-Profit Entities* Topic of the FASB ASC which establishes standards for the recognition of fair value of investments in certain equity and debt securities with gains and losses included in the statements of activities. See Note 4.

Net Assets

Net assets, revenues, gains, and losses are classified based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions. Accordingly, net assets and changes therein are classified and reported as follows:

Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions - Net assets available for use in general operations and not subject to donor restrictions.

Net Assets With Donor Restrictions - Net assets subject to donor-imposed restrictions. Some donor-imposed restrictions are temporary in nature, such as those that will be met by the passage of time or that can be fulfilled or removed by actions of the Institute pursuant to those stipulations such as completion of construction projects. Other donor-imposed restrictions are perpetual in nature (also referred to as an endowment fund), where the donor stipulates that resources be maintained in perpetuity.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Net Assets (Continued)

Donor-imposed restrictions are released when a restriction expires, that is, when the stipulated time has elapsed, when the stipulated purpose for which the resource was restricted has been fulfilled, or both. As restrictions are met or until released in accordance with the Institute's spending policy, assets are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions. There were no net asset restrictions that were perpetual in nature as of December 31, 2021 and 2020. The Institute reports gifts of cash and other assets as restricted support if they are received with donor-imposed restrictions or requirements that limit the use of the donation. A donor restriction ends when a time restriction is met, or a purpose restriction is accomplished. As restrictions are met, assets are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions.

Revenue and Revenue Recognition

Contributions are recognized when cash, securities, or other assets, an unconditional promises to give, or notification of a beneficial interest is received. Contributions which are conditional are recognized as revenue when the conditions are substantially met.

The Institute accounts for a contract with a customer when it has written approval, the contract is committed, the rights of the parties, including payment terms, are identified, the contract has commercial substance and consideration is probable of collection. Revenue is recognized when, or as, control of a promised service transfers to a customer, in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Institute expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring those services.

The Institute earns revenues from customers for exchange transactions such as sponsorships, fundraisers and sales opportunities related to and at its special events.

Contracts typically require the completion of a defined service and billing for completed services are based on actual amounts. The Institute satisfies the performance obligation and recognizes revenue at a point in time. Revenues obtained through such arrangements are typically billed and recognized, after the service has been delivered. This results in revenue recognition that corresponds with the value to the client of the services transferred to date. The Institute historically collects revenues before or at the time when the sales transaction is entered into. Advanced ticket sales for events and related sponsorships are deferred and recognized as revenue as events occur.

Functional Allocation of Expenses

Expenses are charged directly to program services, management and general, or development/fundraising based on specific identification.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Income Tax

The Institute is exempt from income tax under Section 501(c)(3) of the United States Internal Revenue Code. In addition, the Institute qualifies for the charitable contribution deductions under Section 170(b)(1)(a)(vi) and has been classified as an organization other than a private foundation under Section 509(a)(2).

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America provide accounting and disclosure guidance about positions taken by an entity in its tax returns that might be uncertain. The Institute believes that it has taken appropriate support for any tax positions taken, and management has determined that there are no uncertain tax positions that are material to the financial statements.

Penalties and interest assessed by income taxing authorities, if any, would be included in income tax expense.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Concentrations

Financial instruments that potentially expose the Institute to concentrations of credit and market risk consist primarily of cash and investments. The Institute has not experienced any losses in these accounts. The Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) secures accounts in insured institutions up to \$250,000 per depositor. At December 31, 2021 and 2020, the Institute had \$7,700,298 and \$3,396,123, respectively, in excess of the FDIC insured limit.

For the year ended December 31, 2021, one federal grant provided 71% of total revenue and other support. No specific concentration of revenues or support existed for the year ended December 31, 2020.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements - Not Yet Adopted

In September 2020, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2020-07, *Not-for-Profit Entities (Topic 958): Presentation and Disclosures by Not-for-Profit Entities for Contributed Nonfinancial Assets.* The standard addresses measurement of contributed nonfinancial assets recognized by not-for-profit organizations, and enhances disclosures with respect to these contributions. The ASU will be applied on a retrospective basis and is effective for annual periods beginning after June 15, 2021. Management is currently evaluating the impact of adopting ASU 2020-07 on its financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 3. Liquidity and Availability

The following table reflects the Institute's financial assets as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, reduced by amounts not available for general expenditure within one year.

	2021	2020
Financial Assets		
Cash	\$ 7,950,298	\$ 3,646,163
Grants Receivable	615,831	162,594
Promises to Give, Net	2,224,922	3,032,566
Investments and Asset Limited as to Use	873,391	4,525,154
Due from Audubon Commission	 5,281,382	10,076,947
Financial Assets at Year End	16,945,824	21,443,424
Less Those Unavailable for General Expenditure Within One Year Due to:		
Cash Subject to Satisfaction of Donor Restrictions	(2,824,953)	(1,920,660)
Promises to Give, Restricted by Donor for Time or Purpose	(2,224,922)	(3,032,566)
Investments Held for Use in Greater Than One Year	(873,391)	(4,525,154)
Related Party Receivable Held Greater Than One Year	 (5,281,382)	(10,076,947)
Financial Assets at Year End Available to Meet Cash		
Needs for General Expenditures Within One Year	\$ 5,741,176	\$ 1,888,097

The Institute receives significant contributions and promises to give restricted by donors, and considers contributions restricted for programs which are ongoing, major, and central to its operations to be available to meet cash needs for general expenditures. The Institute monitors its liquidity so that it is able to meet its operating needs and other contractual commitments. The Institute uses its budget to help manage cash flow needs by monitoring expenses and revenues during the year. The Institute also has a line of credit available to meet short term needs.

The Institute is authorized to borrow up to \$5,000,000 directly from Audubon Nature Institute Foundation. See Note 11 for a discussion on how affiliated entities are involved in meeting the operating needs of the Institute.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 4. Investments and Assets Limited as to Use

At December 31, 2021 and 2020, investments and assets limited as to use consist of the following:

	2021	2020
Mutual Funds (Invested Primarily in Equity and Bond Funds) ^(a)	\$ 845,857	\$ 2,763,641
Cash/Sweep Funds	27,534	-
Fixed Income Securities	-	499,925
Cash Surrender Value of Life Insurance	 -	1,261,588
Total Investments and Asset Limited as to Use	\$ 873,391	\$ 4,525,154

(a) Measured at fair value

Note 5. Promises to Give

Unconditional promises of donors to make contributions to the Institute are included in the statements of financial position as promises to give and as revenue and other support with donor restrictions. Promises to give are recorded after discounting future cash flows to the present value and are discounted at rates ranging from 0.36% to 2.51%.

Promises to give for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 are expected to be realized as follows:

	2021	2020
In One Year or Less	\$ 1,280,214	\$ 1,199,284
Between One Year and Five Years	1,014,305	1,970,801
	 2,294,519	3,170,085
Less: Discount to Present Value	(36,192)	(90,812)
Less: Allowance for Uncollectible Promises to Give	 (33,405)	 (46,707)
Promises to Give, Net	\$ 2,224,922	\$ 3,032,566

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 5. Promises to Give (Continued)

Promises to give for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, have restrictions as follows:

	2021	2020
Programs and Capital Projects Other - General Capital and Operating Support	\$ 1,937,580 287,342	\$ 2,388,613 643,953
Restrictions on Promises to Give, Net	\$ 2,224,922	\$ 3,032,566

Note 6. Bank Lines of Credit

At December 31, 2021, the Institute had two unsecured revolving lines of credit with two commercial banks totaling \$3,490,000. At December 31, 2020, the Institute had three unsecured revolving lines of credit with three commercial banks totaling \$6,990,000. Funds may be used by the Institute for the general operating needs and capital improvements for Audubon Facilities. As of December 31, 2021 the credit lines amount to \$2,500,000, and \$990,000. As of December 31, 2020 the credit lines amount to \$5,000,000, \$1,000,000, and \$990,000.

At December 31, 2021 and 2020, the \$2,500,000 and \$5,000,000 credit line, respectively, bore interest of Variable Interest Rate subject to change from time to time based on changes in an independent index which is the Prime rate for the U.S. designated in the "Money Rates" section of the Wall Street Journal with a floor of 4.0%. Amounts outstanding under this credit line totaled \$-0- and \$4,000,000 as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively. In September 2021, the credit line was extended with a maturity date of September 30, 2022. Audubon Nature Institute Foundation is a co-borrower on this line of credit.

At December 31, 2020, the \$1,000,000 credit line bore interest of Prime plus 2% and at December 31, 2021, this credit line was no longer active. Amounts outstanding under this line of credit were \$-0- and \$1,000,000, respectively, as of December 31, 2021 and 2020.

At December 31, 2021 and 2020, the \$990,000 line of credit bore interest of one month term SOFR plus 3.1% and LIBOR plus 3%, respectively. Amounts outstanding under this credit line were \$-0- and \$990,000 at December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively. In February 2022, the credit line was extended with a maturity date of May 29, 2022 at which point the line was closed. Audubon Nature Institute Foundation was a co-borrower on this line of credit.

The Institute does not believe there are any conditions that would change its ability to renew its credit line. The credit line is short-term in nature and, consequently, its carrying value is considered representative of its approximate fair value.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 7. Net Assets With Donor Restrictions

Net assets with donor restrictions are restricted for the following purposes as of December 31, 2021 and 2020:

	 2021	 2020
Promises to Give and Grants Receivable for Periods After Year End	\$ 2,258,329	\$ 2,854,276
Capital Projects at the Audubon Facilities	3,066,887	2,453,772
Education Programs at the Audubon Facilities	130,000	65,000
Operating Support for the Audubon Facilities	 409,063	503,171
Total Net Assets With Donor Restrictions	\$ 5,864,279	\$ 5,876,219

Note 8. Net Assets Released from Restrictions

Net assets were released from restrictions during the year by incurring expenses satisfying the restricted purpose or by the expiration of time as follows:

	2021	 2020
Promises to Give and Grants Receivable for Periods After Year End	\$ 914	\$ -
Capital Projects at the Audubon Facilities	148,950	393,945
Education Programs at the Audubon Facilities	105,000	203,145
Operating Support for the Audubon Facilities	 354,028	590,502
Total Net Assets Released from Restrictions	\$ 608,892	\$ 1,187,592

Note 9. Revenue from Contracts with Customers

The following table provides information about significant changes in deferred revenue for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020:

	2021	2020
Deferred Revenue, Beginning of Year	\$ 383,673	\$ 285,034
Sponsorship and Special Events Cash Received During the Year	724,371	652,955
Sponsorship and Special Events Revenue Recognized	 (778,570)	 (554,316)
Deferred Revenue, End of Year	\$ 329,474	\$ 383,673

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 10. Functional Reporting of Expenses

The Institute's expenses, by functional classification, for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

	Program Services	Su			
December 31, 2021	Operation and Management of Audubon Commission Facilities and Programs	Development	Fundraising	Management and General	Total
Grant Expenses to Audubon Commission	1 \$ 2,096,027	\$-	\$-	s -	\$ 2,096,027
Salaries and Benefits	-	615,002	172,155	58,835	845,992
Miscellaneous	-	7,762	741	752,985	761,488
Contractual Services	-	286,602	18,479	-	305,081
Deferred Compensation, Net of Market					
Adjustment	-	-	-	260,845	260,845
Professional Services	-	148,000	-	52,099	200,099
Event Production	-	2,599	185,961	-	188,560
Donation to Audubon Nature Institute					
Foundation	144,340	-	-	-	144,340
Interest Expense	-	-	-	137,219	137,219
Advertising	-	76,500	176	-	76,676
Printing and Photography	-	29,769	22,324	-	52,093
Fees	-	4,419	1,242	8,402	14,063
Postage	-	9,951	4,066	-	14,017
Donor Relations	-	10,724	1,491	-	12,215
Conferences, Conventions and Meeting	s -	4,414	50	-	4,464
Office Supplies	-	2,945	291	-	3,236
Security Services		-	3,100	-	3,100
Dues	-	1,250	-	-	1,250
Depreciation	-	-	-	-	-
Recovery of Bad Debt	-	(12,389)	-	-	(12,389)
	\$ 2,240,367	\$ 1,187,548	\$ 410,076	\$ 1,270,385	\$ 5,108,376

	Program Services	Supporting Services			
December 31, 2020	Operation and Management of Audubon Commission Facilities and Programs	Development	Fundraising	Management and General	Total
Grant Expenses to Audubon Commission	\$ 3,889,201	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 3,889,201
Salaries and Benefits	-	633,195	142,692	96,525	872,412
Deferred Compensation, Net of Market					
Adjustment	-	-	-	484,646	484,646
Miscellaneous	-	491	27	249,527	250,045
Interest Expense	-	-	-	185,745	185,745
Contractual Services	-	101,647	17,440	12,182	131,269
Professional Services	-	83,500	-	46,914	130,414
Fees	-	9,921	3,456	52,170	65,547
Event Production	-	1,080	36,992	-	38,072
Printing and Photography	-	20,631	8,043	-	28,674
Donor Relations	-	8,380	2,845	-	11,225
Postage	-	1,669	7,420	-	9,089
Dues	-	5,769	180	-	5,949
Conferences, Conventions, and Meetings	-	4,019	-	-	4.019
Office Supplies	-	3,421	65	-	3,486
Equipment	-	797	165	-	962
Depreciation	-	715	-	-	715
Advertising	-	375	180	-	555
Recovery of Bad Debt	-	(62)	-	-	(62)
	\$ 3,889,201	\$ 875,548	\$ 219,505	\$ 1,127,709	\$ 6,111,963

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 11. Transactions with Audubon Commission and Audubon Nature Institute Foundation

As mentioned in Note 1, the Institute operates and manages the Audubon Facilities on behalf of the Commission as evidenced by an Agreement. The Agreement provides that all monies from the operation of the Audubon Facilities, and all tax revenues, shall be collected by the Institute on behalf of the Commission and deposited in an account maintained and administered by the Commission; however, the Commission shall pay for the cost and operation of the Audubon Facilities as detailed annually in a budget submitted to the Commission. The Commission is to also reimburse the Institute for all expenses that it incurs on behalf of the Commission in furtherance of the Agreement, as well as pay the Institute an annual management fee.

At December 31, 2021 and 2020, the Institute has incurred expenses on behalf of the Commission in amounts exceeding the reimbursements received from the Commission for those expenses. At December 31, 2021 and 2020, the amount due to the Institute from the Commission totaled \$5,281,382 and \$10,076,947, respectively.

The Institute has committed that it has the intent and ability to continue funding the operations of the Commission through operating advances, donations, and grants, if necessary, in order to provide the required level of financial support to enable the Commission to discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business as they become due.

Specific gifts and grants provided by the Institute to the Commission for the Audubon Facilities to pay operating expenses and fund certain capital projects for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, are summarized as follows:

	2021	2020
Species Survival Center/Research Center	\$ 1,669,578	\$ 1,298,063
Audubon Zoo and Park	353,536	1,624,478
Audubon Nature Institute Foundation	144,340	-
Aquarium of the Americas and Riverfront Park	67,613	911,660
Louisiana Nature Center	5,300	5,000
Butterfly Garden/Insectarium	 -	50,000
Total	\$ 2,240,367	\$ 3,889,201

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 11. Transactions with Audubon Commission and Audubon Nature Institute Foundation (Continued)

As mentioned in Note 1, the Foundation raises funds in support of the Audubon Facilities, programs, and other activities managed by the Institute. In addition to that support and in the event of the Institute's inability to gain access to capital through other lines of credit, the Foundation's Board of Directors authorized the loaning of funds to the Institute in an amount not to exceed \$5,000,000, bearing no interest. Funds may be used by the Institute for the repayment of debt obligations in favor of a commercial lending institution incurred directly by the Institute, general operating needs, and capital improvements for Audubon Facilities. There are no specific repayment terms. The Foundation reserves the right to forgive this loan at its discretion by vote of its Board. At December 31, 2021, and 2020, the Foundation has loaned funds to the Institute totaling \$-0- and \$4,258,039, respectively.

During the year ended December 31, 2021, the Institute donated \$144,340 to the Foundation.

Note 12. Employee Benefit Plans

The Institute has established a 403(b) retirement plan (the 403(b) Plan) to provide eligible employees, with a systematic means of saving and investing for the future. The 403(b) Plan is a defined contribution plan subject to the provisions of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended. Participants may contribute up to 15% of their pretax annual compensation, as defined by the 403(b) Plan. The Institute contributes a discretionary match amount to be determined by the Institute each year. Contributions are subject to certain limitations. As mentioned in Note 1, salary and employment benefit expenses, with the exception of the 457 Plan, are recorded in the Commission's financial statements.

The Institute also has a discretionary 457 Executive Retirement Plan for certain officers. The 457 Plan provides additional compensation based on the dollar amount or percentage specified in a salary deferral agreement with the officers. The deferred compensation is to be paid to the individuals or their beneficiaries/survivors in a lump sum upon death, disability or established vesting date. During 2021, another officer became vested and received a distribution of approximately \$3,900,000. During 2020, one officer became vested and received a distribution of approximately \$2,000,000. Deferred compensation expense includes total contributions totaling approximately \$162,000 for both 2021 and 2020 and net market adjustment gain (loss) related to the associated assets totaled \$99,263 and \$323,064 for 2021 and 2020, respectively. The liability related to the 457 Plan totaled \$872,805 and \$4,525,154 at December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively, and is included in deferred compensation in the accompanying statements of financial position.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 13. UNO/Audubon Nature Institute Sustainable Wildlife Program

The Institute and the University of New Orleans (the University or UNO) have established four funded trusts to support four endowed chairs at the University. These trusts were funded by private donations totaling \$2,400,000 and \$1,600,000 in matching funds from the Louisiana Trust Fund for Eminent Scholars. This funding provides four \$1,000,000 chairs. The trust assets are not included in the Institute's assets but are maintained and administered by the University of New Orleans Foundation. The Institute and the University jointly benefit from trust distributions that fund the UNO/Audubon Nature Institute Sustainable Wildlife Program.

In 2016 the University and Audubon were authorized to create the UNO/Audubon Nature Institute Sustainable Wildlife Program. A revised affiliation agreement repurposes endowed chairs to allow funds to be utilized for the University professorships, graduate student fellowships, internships and research related to sustainable wildlife initiatives conducted at facilities managed by Audubon Nature Institute.

As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, Audubon received payment from the University based on an invoice and narrative report. A total of \$92,000 was distributed for each of the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020.

Note 14. Contingencies

Certain claims and suits have been filed against the Institute. The majority of these claims are covered by insurance. Management does not believe the ultimate resolution of these matters will have a significant effect on the Institute's financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows.

Note 15. Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The Institute follows the *Fair Value Measurement* Topic of the FASB ASC which establishes a common definition of fair value of financial instruments, a framework for measuring fair value, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 15. Fair Value of Financial Instruments (Continued)

The *Fair Value Measurement* Topic establishes a hierarchy for ranking the quality and reliability of the information used to determine fair values. ASC 820 requires that assets and liabilities earned at fair value be classified and disclosed in one of the following three categories:

- Level 1 Unadjusted quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. Includes mutual funds valued at the net asset value of shares on the last trading day of the fiscal year, which is the basis for transactions at that date, as well as cash/sweep funds.
- Level 2 Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for similar assets or liabilities, unadjusted quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, or inputs other than quoted prices are observable for the asset or liability. Includes U.S. Treasury strips valued by a present value of expected future cash flow model.
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The Institute endeavors to utilize the best available information in measuring fair value. Financial assets and liabilities are classified based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

Recurring Fair Value Measurements

The fair value of assets and liabilities measured at estimated fair value on a recurring basis, including those items for which the Institute has elected the fair value option, are estimated as described in the preceding section.

These estimated fair values and their corresponding fair value hierarchy are summarized as follows:

December 31, 2021	Level 1	 Level 2	Level 3	Total
Large/Mid/Small Cap Equities	\$ 845,857	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 845,857
Cash/Sweep Funds	 27,534	 -	-	27,534
Total	\$ 873,391	\$ -	\$ •	\$ 873,391
December 31, 2020	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Large/Mid/Small Cap Equities	\$ 2,763,641	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,763,641
U.S. Treasury STRIPS	 -	499,925	-	499,925
Total	\$ 2,763,641	\$ 499,925	\$ -	\$ 3,263,566

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 16. Subsequent Events

The Institute completed its subsequent events review through June 22, 2022, the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued and determined that the following matters require disclosure:

As described in Note 1, the Management and Cooperative Endeavor Agreement (Agreement) between the Institute and the Audubon Commission was amended and restated during 2021 with an effective date of January 1, 2022. The main amendments to the Agreement will have financial reporting impacts upon the effective date, as described in Note 1.

No other subsequent events occurring after June 22, 2022 have been evaluated for inclusion in these financial statements.



LaPorte, APAC 111 Veterans Blvd. | Suite 600 Metairie, LA 70005 504.835.5522 | Fax 504.835.5535 LaPorte.com

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Directors of Audubon Nature Institute, Inc.

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Audubon Nature Institute, Inc. (the Institute) which comprise the statement of financial position as of December 31, 2021, and the related statements of activities and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 22, 2022.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Institute's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Institute's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Institute's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

LOUISIANA • TEXAS

An Independently Owned Member, RSM US Alliance RSM US Alliance member firms are separate and independent businesses and legal entities that are responsible for their own acts and omissions, and each is separate and independent from RSM US LLP. RSM US LLP is the U.S. member firm of RSM International, a global network of independent audit, tax, and consulting firms. Members of RSM US Alliance have access to RSM International resources through RSM US LLP but are not member firms of RSM International.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Institute's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Louisiana Legislative Auditor as a public document.

A Professional Accounting Corporation

Metairie, LA June 22, 2022



LaPorte, APAC 111 Veterans Blvd. | Suite 600 Metairie, LA 70005 504.835.5522 | Fax 504.835.5535 LaPorte.com

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR THE MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Directors of Audubon Nature Institute, Inc.

Report on Compliance for Major Federal Program

Opinion on the Major Federal Program

We have audited Audubon Nature Institute Inc.'s (the Institute), compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the Institute's major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2021. The Institute's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the Institute complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2021.

Basis for Opinion on the Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibility under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Audit Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Institute and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Institute's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the Institute's federal programs.

LOUISIANA • TEXAS

An Independently Owned Member, RSM US Alliance RSM US Alliance member firms are separate and independent businesses and legal entities that are responsible for their own acts and omissions, and each is separate and independent from RSM US LLP. RSM US LLP is the U.S. member firm of RSM International, a global network of independent audit, tax, and consulting firms. Members of RSM US Alliance have access to RSM International resources through RSM US LLP but are not member firms of RSM International.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Institute's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Institute's compliance with the requirements of the major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the Institute's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the Institute's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Institute's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectively of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Torte

A Professional Accounting Corporation

Metairie, LA June 22, 2022

AUDUBON NATURE INSTITUTE, INC. Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Federal Grantor or Pass-Trough Grantor and Program Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Provided to Subrecipients	Total Federal Expenditures
Small Business Administration				
Shuttered Venue Operators Grant - SBA - COVID 19	59.075	n/a	\$-	\$ 10,000,000
U.S. Department of Commerce (DOC)				
Marine Mammal Data Program	11.439		-	77,575
Marine Mammal Data Program	11.439		-	10,262
Passed Through Louisiana Department of Wild Life and Fisherie	es			
Marine Mammal Data Program	11.439	2000498924	_	27,960
Total 11.439				115,797
Passed Through National Fish & Wild Life Foundation				
Unallied Management Projects - Developing a Gulf Hightly				
Migratory Species Industry Association	11.454	61514	-	9,616
Habitat Conservation	11.463	73320	-	32,625
Habitat Conservation	11.463	70648		73,636
Total 11.463			-	106,261
U.S. Department of the Interior (DOI)				
Endeandered Species Conservation - Recovery				
Implementation Funds	15.657		_	101,127
Total			\$-	\$ 10,332,801

Note 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of Audubon Nature Institute, Inc. (the Institute) under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2021. The information in the Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Institute, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flow of Institute.

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

Note 3. Indirect Cost Rate

The Institute uses indirect cost rates negotiated and approved by the grant awarding agencies, and has elected not to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate as provided for in Section 200.414 of the Uniform Guidance.

Note 4. Reconciliation to the Financial Statements

Total expenditures per the Schedule and total government grant revenues per the statement of activities are \$10,332,801 for the year ended December 31, 2021.

Part I - Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

Type of Auditor's Report Issued on Whether the Financial Statements Audited were Prepared in Accordance with GAAP:	Unmodified
Internal Control Over Financial Reporting:	
 Material Weakness(es) Identified? Significant Deficiency(ies) Identified? 	No None Reported
Noncompliance Material to Financial Statements Noted?	No
Federal Awards	
Internal control over major programs:	
 Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified? 	No None Reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	No
Identification of major programs: <u>AL Number</u> <u>Name of Federal Program</u> 59.075 Shuttered Venue Operators Grant	
Dollar threshold used to determine Type A Programs:	\$750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	No

Part II - Financial Statement Findings

No matters were reported.

Part III - Findings and Questioned Costs for Federal Awards

No matters were reported.

AUDUBON NATURE INSTITUTE, INC. Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

The prior year audit disclosed no significant findings, and no significant uncorrected or unresolved findings exist from prior audit.

Louisiana Revised Statute (R.S.) 24:513(A)(3) as amended by Act 706 of the 2014 Regular Legislative Session requires that the total compensation, reimbursements, and benefits of an agency head or political subdivision head or chief executive officer related to the position, including but not limited to travel, housing, unvouchered expense, per diem, and registration fees to be reported as a supplemental report within the financial statement of local government and quasi-public auditees. In 2015, Act 462 of the 2015 Regular Session of the Louisiana Legislature further amended R.S. 24:513(A)(3) to clarify that nongovernmental entities or not-for-profit entities that received public funds shall report only the use of public funds for the expenditures itemized in the supplemental report.

Agency Head Name: L. Ronald Forman, Chief Executive Officer of Audubon Nature Institute, Inc.

Purpose	Amount
Salary	\$586,450
Benefits-Insurance	\$14,135
Benefits-Retirement	\$7,313
Car Allowance	\$11,400
Cell Phone	\$393
Dues and Registration Fees	\$665
Travel	\$823
Special Meals	\$1,648

As discussed in Note 1, pursuant to a Management and Cooperative Endeavor Agreement (Agreement) between the Institute and the Audubon Commission (the Commission), the Institute operates and manages the Audubon Facilities for the benefit of the Commission, an independent agency of the City of New Orleans. The Institute employs individuals, including L. Ronald Forman, to operate and maintain the Commission's facilities; however, all operating revenues and expenses, including salary and employee benefits expenses, related to the Audubon Facilities are recorded in the Commission's financial statements.



LaPorte, APAC 111 Veterans Blvd. | Suite 600 Metairie, LA 70005 504.835.5522 | Fax 504.835.5535 LaPorte.com

AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES REPORT

Audubon Nature Institute, Inc.

Independent Accountant's Report On Applying Agreed-Upon Procedures

For the Period January 1, 2021 - December 31, 2021

To the Board of Directors Audubon Nature Institute, Inc. and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor:

We have performed the procedures enumerated below on the control and compliance (C/C) areas identified in the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's (LLA) Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures (SAUP) for the fiscal period January 1, 2021 through December 31, 2021. Audubon Nature Institute, Inc. (the Organization) management is responsible for those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs.

Audubon Nature Institute, Inc. has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate to meet the intended purpose of the engagement, which is to perform specified procedures on the C/C areas identified in the LLA's SAUPs for the fiscal period January 1, 2021 through December 31, 2021. Additionally, the LLA has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate for its purposes. This report may not be suitable for any other purpose. The procedures performed may not address all the items of interest to a user of this report and may not meet the needs of all users of this report and, as such, users are responsible for determining whether the procedures performed are appropriate for their purposes.

The procedures and associated findings are as follows:

Written Policies and Procedures

- 1. Obtain and inspect the entity's written policies and procedures and observe that they address each of the following categories and subcategories if applicable to public funds and the entity's operations:
 - a) Budgeting, including preparing, adopting, monitoring, and amending the budget.
 - b) *Purchasing*, including (1) how purchases are initiated; (2) how vendors are added to the vendor list; (3) the preparation and approval process of purchase requisitions and purchase orders; (4) controls to ensure compliance with the Public Bid Law; and (5) documentation required to be maintained for all bids and price quotes.

LOUISIANA • TEXAS

An Independently Owned Member, RSM US Alliance RSM US Alliance member firms are separate and independent businesses and legal entities that are responsible for their own acts and omissions, and each is separate and independent from RSM US LLP, RSM US LLP is the U.S. member firm of RSM International, a global network of independent audit, tax, and consulting firms. Members of RSM US Alliance have access to RSM International resources through RSM US LLP but are not member firms of RSM International.

- c) *Disbursements*, including processing, reviewing, and approving.
- d) Receipts/Collections, including receiving, recording, and preparing deposits. Also, policies and procedures should include management's actions to determine the completeness of all collections for each type of revenue or agency fund additions (e.g., periodic confirmation with outside parties, reconciliation to utility billing after cutoff procedures, reconciliation of traffic ticket number sequences, agency fund forfeiture monies confirmation).
- e) **Payroll/Personnel**, including (1) payroll processing, (2) reviewing and approving time and attendance records, including leave and overtime worked, and (3) approval process for employee(s) rate of pay or approval and maintenance of pay rate schedules.
- f) **Contracting**, including (1) types of services requiring written contracts, (2) standard terms and conditions, (3) legal review, (4) approval process, and (5) monitoring process.
- g) Credit Cards (and debit cards, fuel cards, P-Cards, if applicable), including (1) how cards are to be controlled, (2) allowable business uses, (3) documentation requirements, (4) required approvers of statements, and (5) monitoring card usage (e.g., determining the reasonableness of fuel card purchases).
- h) *Travel and Expense Reimbursement*, including (1) allowable expenses, (2) dollar thresholds by category of expense, (3) documentation requirements, and (4) required approvers.
- Ethics, including (1) the prohibitions as defined in Louisiana Revised Statute (R.S.) 42:1111-1121, (2) actions to be taken if an ethics violation takes place, (3) system to monitor possible ethics violations, and (4) a requirement that documentation is maintained to demonstrate that all employees and officials were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy.
- j) **Debt Service**, including (1) debt issuance approval, (2) continuing disclosure/EMMA reporting requirements, (3) debt reserve requirements, and (4) debt service requirements.
- k) Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity, including (1) identification of critical data and frequency of data backups, (2) storage of backups in a separate physical location isolated from the network, (3) periodic testing/verification that backups can be restored, (4) use of antivirus software on all systems, (5) timely application of all available system and software patches/updates, and (6) identification of personnel, processes, and tools needed to recover operations after a critical event.
- I) **Sexual Harassment**, including R.S. 42:342-344 requirements for (1) agency responsibilities and prohibitions, (2) annual employee training, and (3) annual reporting.

Results: No exceptions were noted as a result of performing these procedures.

Board or Finance Committee

- 2. Obtain and inspect the board/finance committee minutes for the fiscal period, as well as the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or equivalent document in effect during the fiscal period, and:
 - a) Observe that the board/finance committee met with a quorum at least monthly, or on a frequency in accordance with the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or other equivalent document.

- b) For those entities reporting on the governmental accounting model, observe that the minutes referenced or included monthly budget-to-actual comparisons on the general fund, quarterly budget-to-actual, at a minimum, on proprietary funds, and semi-annual budget-to-actual, at a minimum, on all special revenue funds. Alternately, for those entities reporting on the nonprofit accounting model, observe that the minutes referenced or included financial activity relating to public funds if those public funds comprised more than 10% of the entity's collections during the fiscal period.
- c) For governmental entities, obtain the prior year audit report and observe the unassigned fund balance in the general fund. If the general fund had a negative ending unassigned fund balance in the prior year audit report, observe that the minutes for at least one meeting during the fiscal period referenced or included a formal plan to eliminate the negative unassigned fund balance in the general fund.

Results: No exceptions were noted as a result of performing these procedures.

Bank Reconciliations

- 3. Obtain a listing of entity bank accounts for the fiscal period from management and management's representation that the listing is complete. Ask management to identify the entity's main operating account. Select the entity's main operating account and randomly select 4 additional accounts (or all accounts if less than 5). Randomly select one month from the fiscal period, obtain and inspect the corresponding bank statement and reconciliation for each selected account, and observe that:
 - a) Bank reconciliations include evidence that they were prepared within 2 months of the related statement closing date (e.g., initialed and dated or electronically logged);
 - Bank reconciliations include evidence that a member of management/board member who does not handle cash, post ledgers, or issue checks has reviewed each bank reconciliation (e.g., initialed and dated, electronically logged); and
 - c) Management has documentation reflecting that it has researched reconciling items that have been outstanding for more than 12 months from the statement closing date, if applicable.

Results: No exceptions were noted as a result of performing these procedures.

Collections (excluding electronic funds transfers)

4. Obtain a listing of deposit sites for the fiscal period where deposits for cash/checks/money orders (cash) are prepared and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 deposit sites (or all deposit sites if less than 5).

- 5. For each deposit site selected, obtain a listing of collection locations and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one collection location for each deposit site (i.e., 5 collection locations for 5 deposit sites), obtain and inspect written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if no written policies or procedures, inquire of employees about their job duties) at each collection location, and observe that job duties are properly segregated at each collection location such that:
 - a) Employees that are responsible for cash collections do not share cash drawers/registers.
 - b) Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not responsible for preparing/making bank deposits, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling collection documentation (e.g., pre-numbered receipts) to the deposit.
 - c) Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not responsible for posting collection entries to the general ledger or subsidiary ledgers unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling ledger postings to each other and to the deposit.
 - d) The employee(s) responsible for reconciling cash collections to the general ledger and/or subsidiary ledgers, by revenue source and/or agency fund additions, are not responsible for collecting cash, unless another employee/official verifies the reconciliation.
- 6. Obtain from management a copy of the bond or insurance policy for theft covering all employees who have access to cash. Observe that the bond or insurance policy for theft was enforced during the fiscal period.
- 7. Randomly select two deposit dates for each of the 5 bank accounts selected for procedure #3 under "Bank Reconciliations" above (select the next deposit date chronologically if no deposits were made on the dates randomly selected and randomly select a deposit if multiple deposits are made on the same day). Alternately, the practitioner may use a source document other than bank statements when selecting the deposit dates for testing, such as a cash collection log, daily revenue report, receipt book, etc. Obtain supporting documentation for each of the 10 deposits and:
 - a) Observe that receipts are sequentially pre-numbered.
 - b) Trace sequentially pre-numbered receipts, system reports, and other related collection documentation to the deposit slip.
 - c) Trace the deposit slip total to the actual deposit per the bank statement.
 - d) Observe that the deposit was made within one business day of receipt at the collection location (within one week if the depository is more than 10 miles from the collection location or the deposit is less than \$100 and the cash is stored securely in a locked safe or drawer).
 - e) Trace the actual deposit per the bank statement to the general ledger.

Not applicable.

Non-Payroll Disbursements (excluding card purchases/payments, travel reimbursements, and petty cash purchases)

- 8. Obtain a listing of locations that process payments for the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 locations (or all locations if less than 5).
- 9. For each location selected under #8 above, obtain a listing of those employees involved with non-payroll purchasing and payment functions. Obtain written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if the agency has no written policies and procedures, inquire of employees about their job duties), and observe that job duties are properly segregated such that:
 - a) At least two employees are involved in initiating a purchase request, approving a purchase, and placing an order/making the purchase.
 - b) At least two employees are involved in processing and approving payments to vendors.
 - c) The employee responsible for processing payments is prohibited from adding/modifying vendor files, unless another employee is responsible for periodically reviewing changes to vendor files.
 - d) Either the employee/official responsible for signing checks mails the payment or gives the signed checks to an employee to mail who is not responsible for processing payments.

[Note: Exceptions to controls that constrain the legal authority of certain public officials (e.g., mayor of a Lawrason Act municipality) should not be reported.]

- 10. For each location selected under #8 above, obtain the entity's non-payroll disbursement transaction population (excluding cards and travel reimbursements) and obtain management's representation that the population is complete. Randomly select 5 disbursements for each location, obtain supporting documentation for each transaction, and:
 - a) Observe that the disbursement matched the related original itemized invoice and that supporting documentation indicates that deliverables included on the invoice were received by the entity.
 - b) Observe that the disbursement documentation included evidence (e.g., initial/date, electronic logging) of segregation of duties tested under #9, as applicable.

Not applicable.

Credit Cards/Debit Cards/Fuel Cards/P-Cards

11. Obtain from management a listing of all active credit cards, bank debit cards, fuel cards, and P-cards (cards) for the fiscal period, including the card numbers and the names of the persons who maintained possession of the cards. Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete.

- 12. Using the listing prepared by management, randomly select 5 cards (or all cards if less than 5) that were used during the fiscal period. Randomly select one monthly statement or combined statement for each card (for a debit card, randomly select one monthly bank statement), obtain supporting documentation, and:
 - a) Observe that there is evidence that the monthly statement or combined statement and supporting documentation (e.g., original receipts for credit/debit card purchases, exception reports for excessive fuel card usage) were reviewed and approved, in writing (or electronically approved), by someone other than the authorized card holder.

[Note: Requiring such approval may constrain the legal authority of certain public officials (e.g., mayor of a Lawrason Act municipality); these instances should not be reported.]

- b) Observe that finance charges and late fees were not assessed on the selected statements.
- 13. Using the monthly statements or combined statements selected under #12 above, <u>excluding fuel cards</u>, randomly select 10 transactions (or all transactions if less than 10) from each statement, and obtain supporting documentation for the transactions (i.e., each card should have 10 transactions subject to testing). For each transaction, observe that it is supported by (1) an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased, (2) written documentation of the business/public purpose, and (3) documentation of the individuals participating in meals (for meal charges only). For missing receipts, the practitioner should describe the nature of the transaction and note whether management had a compensating control to address missing receipts, such as a "missing receipt statement" that is subject to increased scrutiny.

Not applicable.

Travel and Travel-Related Expense Reimbursements (excluding card transactions)

- 14. Obtain from management a listing of all travel and travel-related expense reimbursements during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing or general ledger is complete. Randomly select 5 reimbursements, obtain the related expense reimbursement forms/prepaid expense documentation of each selected reimbursement, as well as the supporting documentation. For each of the 5 reimbursements selected:
 - a) If reimbursed using a per diem, observe that the approved reimbursement rate is no more than those rates established either by the State of Louisiana or the U.S. General Services Administration (www.gsa.gov).
 - b) If reimbursed using actual costs, observe that the reimbursement is supported by an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased.
 - c) Observe that each reimbursement is supported by documentation of the business/public purpose (for meal charges, observe that the documentation includes the names of those individuals participating) and other documentation required by written policy (procedure #1h).
 - d) Observe that each reimbursement was reviewed and approved, in writing, by someone other than the person receiving reimbursement.

Not applicable.

Contracts

- 15. Obtain from management a listing of all agreements/contracts for professional services, materials and supplies, leases, and construction activities that were initiated or renewed during the fiscal period. Alternately, the practitioner may use an equivalent selection source, such as an active vendor list. Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 contracts (or all contracts if less than 5) from the listing, excluding the practitioner's contract, and:
 - a) Observe that the contract was bid in accordance with the Louisiana Public Bid Law (e.g., solicited quotes or bids, advertised), if required by law.
 - b) Observe that the contract was approved by the governing body/board, if required by policy or law (e.g., Lawrason Act, Home Rule Charter).
 - c) If the contract was amended (e.g., change order), observe that the original contract terms provided for such an amendment and that amendments were made in compliance with the contract terms (e.g., if approval is required for any amendment, was approval documented).
 - d) Randomly select one payment from the fiscal period for each of the 5 contracts, obtain the supporting invoice, agree the invoice to the contract terms, and observe that the invoice and related payment agreed to the terms and conditions of the contract.

Not applicable.

Payroll and Personnel

- 16. Obtain a listing of employees and officials employed during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 employees or officials, obtain related paid salaries and personnel files, and agree paid salaries to authorized salaries/pay rates in the personnel files.
- 17. Randomly select one pay period during the fiscal period. For the 5 employees or officials selected under #16 above, obtain attendance records and leave documentation for the pay period, and:
 - a) Observe that all selected employees or officials documented their daily attendance and leave (e.g., vacation, sick, compensatory). (Note: Generally, officials are not eligible to earn leave and do not document their attendance and leave. However, if the official is earning leave according to a policy and/or contract, the official should document his/her daily attendance and leave.)
 - b) Observe that supervisors approved the attendance and leave of the selected employees or officials.
 - c) Observe that any leave accrued or taken during the pay period is reflected in the entity's cumulative leave records.
 - d) Observe that the rate paid to the employees or officials agree to the authorized salary/pay rate found within the personnel file.

- 18. Obtain a listing of those employees or officials that received termination payments during the fiscal period and management's representation that the list is complete. Randomly select 2 employees or officials, obtain related documentation of the hours and pay rates used in management's termination payment calculations and the entity's policy on termination payments. Agree the hours to the employee or officials' cumulative leave records, agree the pay rates to the employee or officials' authorized pay rates in the employee or officials' personnel files, and agree the termination payment to entity policy.
- 19. Obtain management's representation that employer and employee portions of third-party payroll related amounts (e.g., payroll taxes, retirement contributions, health insurance premiums, garnishments, workers' compensation premiums, etc.) have been paid, and any associated forms have been filed, by required deadlines.

Results: No exceptions were noted as a result of these procedures.

Ethics

- 20. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from procedure #16 under "Payroll and Personnel" above obtain ethics documentation from management, and:
 - a) Observe that the documentation demonstrates each employee/official completed one hour of ethics training during the fiscal period.
 - b) Observe that the entity maintains documentation which demonstrates each employee and official were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy during the fiscal period, as applicable.

Not applicable.

Debt Service

- 21. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes and other debt instruments issued during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all debt instruments on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that State Bond Commission approval was obtained for each debt instrument issued.
- 22. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes outstanding at the end of the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one bond/note, inspect debt covenants, obtain supporting documentation for the reserve balance and payments, and agree actual reserve balances and payments to those required by debt covenants (including contingency funds, short-lived asset funds, or other funds required by the debt covenants).

Not applicable.

Fraud Notice

- 23. Obtain a listing of misappropriations of public funds and assets during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all misappropriations on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that the entity reported the misappropriation(s) to the legislative auditor and the district attorney of the parish in which the entity is domiciled.
- 24. Observe that the entity has posted on its premises and website the notice required by R.S. 24:523.1 concerning the reporting of misappropriation, fraud, waste, or abuse of public funds.

Results: No exceptions were noted as a result of these procedures.

Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity

- 25. Perform the following procedures, verbally discuss the results with management, and report: "We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management."
 - a) Obtain and inspect the entity's most recent documentation that it has backed up its critical data (if no written documentation, inquire of personnel responsible for backing up critical data) and observe that such backup occurred within the past week. If backups are stored on a physical medium (e.g., tapes, CDs), observe evidence that backups are encrypted before being transported.
 - b) Obtain and inspect the entity's most recent documentation that it has tested/verified that its backups can be restored (if no written documentation, inquire of personnel responsible for testing/verifying backup restoration) and observe evidence that the test/verification was successfully performed within the past 3 months.
 - c) Obtain a listing of the entity's computers currently in use and their related locations, and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 computers and observe while management demonstrates that the selected computers have current and active antivirus software and that the operating system and accounting system software in use are currently supported by the vendor.

Results: Laporte performed the procedure above and discussed the results with management.

Sexual Harassment

- 26. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from procedure #16 under "Payroll and Personnel" above, obtain sexual harassment training documentation from management, and observe that the documentation demonstrates each employee/official completed at least one hour of sexual harassment training during the calendar year.
- 27. Observe that the entity has posted its sexual harassment policy and complaint procedure on its website (or in a conspicuous location on the entity's premises if the entity does not have a website).

- 28. Obtain the entity's annual sexual harassment report for the current fiscal period, observe that the report was dated on or before February 1st, and observe that it includes the applicable requirements of R.S. 42:344:
 - a) Number and percentage of public servants in the agency who have completed the training requirements;
 - b) Number of sexual harassment complaints received by the agency;
 - c) Number of complaints which resulted in a finding that sexual harassment occurred;
 - d) Number of complaints in which the finding of sexual harassment resulted in discipline or corrective action; and
 - e) Amount of time it took to resolve each complaint.

Not applicable.

We were engaged by Audubon Nature Institute, Inc. to perform this agreed-upon procedures engagement and conducted our engagement in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and applicable standards of *Government Auditing Standards*. We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination or review engagement, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion or conclusion, respectively, on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion or conclusion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

We are required to be independent of Audubon Nature Institute, Inc. and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements related to our agreed-upon procedures engagement.

This report is intended solely to describe the scope of testing performed on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs, and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on control or compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the LLA as a public document.

aTorte

A Professional Accounting Corporation

Metairie, LA June 22, 2022