Financial Report

Year Ended December 31, 2021

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The Honorable Terryl St. Romain, Mayor and Members of the Board of Aldermen Village of Plaucheville, Louisiana

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Village of Plaucheville, Louisiana ("the Village"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Village of Plaucheville, Louisiana, as of December 31, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position, and where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Village, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Village's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
 to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgement, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Village's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

The Village of Plaucheville, Louisiana has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information on page 35 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village of Plaucheville, Louisiana's basic financial statements. The accompanying judicial system funding schedule – collecting/disbursing entity and LCDBG program financial statements on pages 40 through 42 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the judicial system funding schedule – collecting/disbursing entity and the LCDBG program financial statements are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the budgetary comparison schedules but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exist between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the works performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated April 14, 2022 on our consideration of the Village of Plaucheville, Louisiana's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters.

The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village of Plaucheville, Louisiana's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Village of Plaucheville, Louisiana's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC Certified Public Accountants

Alexandria, Louisiana April 14, 2022 BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (GWFS)

Statement of Net Position December 31, 2021

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS	Activities	Activities	1 Otal
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$ 111,244	\$ 333,788	\$ 445,032
Receivables, net	10,119	59,547	69,666
Due from other governmental agencies	-	89,180	89,180
Restricted assets:		52,100	49,1 00
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	_	163,642	163,642
Capital assets:			,
Land and construction in progress	141,160	5,000	146,160
Depreciable capital assets, net	141,543	3,824,883	3,966,426
Total assets	404,066	4,476,040	4,880,106
LIABILITIES			
Accounts and other payables	1,985	15,989	17,974
Accrued interest	- -	1,592	1,592
Construction contracts payable	-	39,466	39,466
Construction retainage payable	-	49,846	49,846
Customer deposits payable	-	92,111	92,111
Long-term liabilities:			
Portion due within one year -			
Capital lease payable	-	2,507	2,507
Bonds payable	-	35,000	35,000
Portion due after one year -			
Bonds payable		609,000	609,000
Total liabilities	1,985	845,511	847,496
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	282,703	3,190,565	3,473,268
Restricted for debt service	-	62,500	62,500
Unrestricted	119,378	377,464	496,842
Total net position	\$ 402,081	\$ 3,630,529	\$ 4,032,610

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

		Fee, Fines	rogram Revenue Operating	s Capital	*	Expenses) Revenue anges in Net Positi	
Activities	Expenses	and Charges for Services	Grants and Contributions	Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Governmental activities:							
General government	\$ 83,078	\$ -	\$ 2,140	\$ -	\$ (80,938)	\$ -	\$ (80,938)
Public safety:							
Police	116,865	7,683	-	-	(109,182)	-	(109,182)
Fire	12,185	-	-	-	(12,185)	-	(12,185)
Recreation	32,162	-	-	-	(32,162)	-	(32,162)
Public works	11,569		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	(11,569)		(11,569)
Total governmental activities	255,859	7,683	2,140	-	(246,036)	_	(246,036)
Business-type activities: Water	489,539	557,512	-	619,204		687,177	687,177
Total	\$ 745,398	\$ 565,195	\$ 2,140	\$ 619,204	(246,036)	687,177	441,141
	General revenues:						
	Taxes -						
	Property taxes,	levied for general	purposes		9,553	-	9,553
	Sales and use ta	exes, levied for ge	neral purposes		69,698	-	69,698
	Licenses and pen	nits			23,813	-	23,813
	Franchise taxes				16,181	-	16,181
	Interest earnings				892	1,899	2,791
	Miscellaneous				19,585	5,392	24,977
	Transfers				32,855	(32,855)	
	Total gener	al revenues and tr	ansfers		172,577	(25,564)	147,013
	Change in r	et position			(73,459)	661,613	588,154
	Net position - begin	nning			475,540	2,968,916	3,444,456
	Net positoin - endir	ıg			\$ 402,081	\$ 3,630,529	\$ 4,032,610

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (FFS)

Balance Sheet Governmental Fund - General Fund December 31, 2021

ASSETS

INCLIC	
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$ 111,244
Receivables:	
Taxes	4,964
Other	5,155
Total assets	\$ 121,363
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	
Liabilities:	
Accounts and other payables	\$ 1,985
Fund Balances:	
Unassigned	119,378
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 121,363

Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position December 31, 2021

Total fund balances for governmental funds	\$ 119,378
Capital assets, net	282,703
Net position at December 31, 2021	\$ 402,081

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -Governmental Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Revenues:	
Taxes:	
Sales	\$ 69,698
Property	9,553
Franchise fees	16,181
Licenses and permits	23,813
Intergovernmental	5,049
Fines and forfeits	7,683
Miscellaneous	17,968
Total revenues	149,945
Expenditures:	
Current -	
General government	69,778
Public safety:	
Police	111,083
Fire	9,995
Recreation	24,138
Public works	11,552
Capital outlay	9,204
Total expenditures	235,750
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	(85,805)
Other financing sources:	
Transfers in	32,855
Net change in fund balance	(52,950)
Fund balance, beginning	172,328
Fund balance, ending	\$ 119,378

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Fund to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Total net change in fund balance per statement of revenues,
expenditures and changes in fund balance \$ (52,950)

Capital assets:
Capital outlay \$ 9,204
Depreciation expense (29,313) (20,109)

Disposition of capital asset (400)

Change in net position per statement of activities $\frac{\$ (73,459)}{\$}$

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Fund December 31, 2021

ASSETS

Current assets:		
Cash and interest-bearing deposits		\$ 333,788
Receivables, net		59,547
Due from other governments		89,180
Total current assets		482,515
Noncurrent assets:		
Restricted assets -		
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	;	163,642
Capital assets:		
Land and construction in progress		5,000
Depreciable capital assets, net		3,824,883
Total noncurrent assets		3,993,525
Total assets		4,476,040
	LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payables		15,989
Construction contracts payable		39,466
Construction retainage payable		49,846
Capital lease payable		2,507
Payable from restricted assets -		
Accrued interest payable		1,592
Revenue bond payable		35,000
Total current liabilities		144,400
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Customers' deposits		92,111
Revenue bond payable		609,000
Total noncurrent liabilities		
Total liabilities		845,511
	NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets		3,190,565
Restricted for debt service		62,500
Unrestricted net position		377,464
Total net position		\$ 3,630,529

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Operating revenues:	
Charges for services	
Water services	\$ 557,512
Miscellaneous	5,392
Total operating revenues	562,904
Operating expenses:	
Salaries	115,896
Payroll taxes	9,285
Maintenance and supplies	98,709
Utilities and telephone	28,723
Office supplies	11,278
Insurance	20,566
Professional fees	15,244
Miscellaneous	13,950
Depreciation expense	155,228
Total operating expenses	468,879
Operating income	94,025
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):	
Grant revenues	619,204
Interest income	1,899
Interest expense	(20,660)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	600,443
Income before transfers	694,468
Operating transfers out	(32,855)
Change in net position	661,613
Net position, beginning	2,968,916
Net position, ending	\$ 3,630,529

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Cash flows from operating activities:	
Receipts from customers	\$ 559,711
Payments to suppliers	(197,127)
Payments to employees	(125,181)
Other receipts	5,392
Net cash provided by operating activities	242,795
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:	
Transfers to other funds	(32,855)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:	
Proceeds from grant revenues	689,393
Principal paid on revenue bonds payable	(33,000)
Principal paid on capital lease payable	(7,194)
Interest and fiscal charges paid on revenue bonds	(20,309)
Interest and fiscal charges paid on capital lease	(433)
Capital purchase and construction of capital assets	(763,713)
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities	(135,256)
Cash flows from investing activities:	
Purchase of interest-bearing deposits with maturity in excess of ninety days	(151,807)
Proceeds of interest-bearing deposits with maturity in excess of ninety days	149,627
Interest income	1,899
Net cash used by investing activities	(281)
Net change in cash and interest-bearing deposits	74,403
Cash and interest-bearing deposits, beginning of period	271,220
Cash and interest-bearing deposits, end of period	\$ 345,623

16 (continued)

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by	
operating activities:	A 0.4.00 T
Operating income	\$ 94,025
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash	
provided (used) by operating activities:	
Depreciation	155,228
Changes in current assets and liabilities:	
Accounts receivable	(379)
Accounts payable	(8,657)
Customers' deposits	2,578
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 242,795
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents per statement	
of cash flows to statement of net position:	
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period -	
Cash and cash equivalents - unrestricted	\$ 268,336
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted	152,511
Less: Interest-bearing deposits with maturity in excess of 90 days	(149,627)
Total cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	271,220
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period -	
Cash and cash equivalents - unrestricted	333,788
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted	163,642
Less: Interest-bearing deposits with maturity in excess of 90 days	_(151,807)
Total cash and cash equivalents, end of period	345,623
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	\$ 74,403

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the Village of Plaucheville (Village) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. GAAP includes all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting policies are discussed in the subsequent subsections of this note.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The Village of Plaucheville was incorporated in 1903 and operates under the provisions of the Lawrason Act. The Village is governed by its Mayor and Board of Alderman consisting of three members.

This report includes all funds that are controlled by or dependent on the Village executive and legislative branches (the Mayor and Board of Alderman). Control by or dependence on the Village was determined on the basis of budget adopting, taxing authority, authority to issue debt, election or appointment of governing body, and other general oversight responsibility.

The Village of Plaucheville is a primary government and has no component units. The accompanying financial statements present information only on the funds maintained by the Village and do not present information on any other governmental unit.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS)

The government-wide financial statements provide operational accountability information for the Village as an economic unit. The government-wide financial statements report the Village's ability to maintain service levels and continue to meet its obligations as they come due. The statements include all governmental activities and all business-type activities of the primary government.

Fund Financial Statements

The accounts of the Village are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered to be an independent fiscal and accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for within separate sets of self-balancing accounts, which comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund balance/net position, revenues, and expenditures/expenses, and transfers.

Major funds are determined as funds whose revenues, expenditures/expenses, assets and deferred outflows of resources or liabilities and deferred inflows of resources are at least ten percent of the totals for all governmental or enterprise funds and at least five percent of the aggregate amount for all governmental and enterprise funds for the same item or funds designated as major at the discretion of the Village.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Funds not classified as a major fund are aggregated and presented in a single column in the fund financial statements. The Village uses the following funds, grouped by fund type.

Governmental Fund -

Governmental Funds are those through which most governmental functions of the Village are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of the Village's expendable financial resources and the related liabilities (except those accounted for in proprietary funds) are accounted for through governmental funds.

General Fund

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Village. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Proprietary Fund -

Proprietary funds are used to account for ongoing operations and activities that are similar to those often found in the private sector where the intent is that costs of providing goods and services are recovered through user charges. The proprietary fund maintained by the Village is the enterprise fund.

Enterprise fund

The Enterprise Fund is used to report activities for which a fee is charged to external users. This fund accounts for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis are financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. The Village's enterprise fund is the Water Utility Fund.

C. Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The measurement focus determines the accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund. The governmental and business-type activities within the government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus. The economic resources measurement focus meets the accounting objectives of determining net income, net position, and cash flows.

The fund financial statements use either the current financial resources measurement focus or the economic resources measurement focus as appropriate. Governmental funds use the current financial resources measurement focus. The

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

measurement focus is based upon the receipt and disbursement of current available financial resources rather than upon net income. The measurement focus of the proprietary fund types, the flow of economic resources, is based upon determination of net income, net position, and cash flows.

The accrual basis of accounting is used throughout the government-wide statements; conversely, the financial statements of the governmental funds have been prepared in accordance with the modified accrual basis of accounting, whereby revenues are recognized when considered both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period. For this purpose, the Village considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. An exception to this is grants collected on a reimbursement basis. Those reimbursable grants are recognized as revenue when reimbursable expenditures are made. The Village considers reimbursement amounts received within one year as available. The Village accrues intergovernmental revenue, ad valorem and sales tax revenue, franchise fees, and charges for services based upon this concept. Expenditures generally are recognized when the related fund liabilities are incurred and become payable in the current period. Proceeds of debt are reported as other financing sources, and principal and interest on long-term debt, as well as expenditure related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded as expenditures when paid.

Interest on invested funds is recognized when earned. Intergovernmental revenues that are reimbursement for specific purposes or projects are recognized in the period in which the expenditures are recorded. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the Village. Transfers between governmental funds are recorded when the related liability is incurred. These transfers do not represent revenues (expenditures) to the Village and are, therefore, reported as other financing sources (uses) in the governmental fund financial statements.

Since the fund level statements are presented using a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements, a reconciliation is presented on the page following each fund level statement that summarizes the adjustments necessary to convert the fund level statements into the government-wide presentations. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

The financial statements of the enterprise funds have been prepared in accordance with the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses and related liabilities are recorded when incurred.

D. Asset, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Equity

Cash and interest-bearing deposits

For purposes of the statement of net position, cash and interest-bearing deposits include all cash on hand, demand accounts, savings accounts, and certificates of deposits of the Village. Under state law, the Village may deposit funds

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

within a fiscal agent bank organized under the laws of the state of Louisiana, the laws of any other state in the union, or the laws of the United States of America. The Village may invest in certificates and time deposits of state banks organized under Louisiana laws and national banks having principal offices in Louisiana.

For the purpose of the proprietary funds statement of cash flows, "cash and interest-bearing deposits" include all demand deposits and savings accounts, and certificates of deposit or short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

Receivables

Receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Major receivable balances for the governmental activities include ad valorem, sales and use taxes, and franchise taxes. Business-type activities report customers' utility service receivables as their major receivables. Uncollectible amounts due from utility service receivables are recognized as bad debts at the time information becomes available which would indicate the uncollectibility of the particular, receivable. Allowance for uncollectible receivables was \$7,088 at December 31, 2021. Unbilled utility service receivables resulting from utility services rendered between the date of meter reading and billing and the end of the month, are recorded at year-end.

Ad valorem taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 of each year. Taxes are levied by the Village in October and are actually billed to taxpayers in November. The Village bills and collects is own property taxes using the assessed values determined by the tax assessor of Avoyelles Parish. Village property tax revenues are budgeted in the year billed.

Interfund receivables and payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Those related to goods and services type transactions are classified as "due to and from other funds."

Restricted Assets

Restricted assets include cash and interest-bearing deposits that are legally restricted as to their use. The restricted assets in the water utility fund are related to the water revenue bond accounts, utility meter deposits and grant proceeds.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are capitalized at acquisition cost or estimated if acquisition cost is not available. Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their estimated acquisition value at the date of

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

donation. The Village maintains a threshold level of \$1,000 or more for capitalizing capital assets.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Prior to July 1, 2003, governmental funds' infrastructure assets were not capitalized. These assets have been valued at estimated historical cost.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the statement of activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the statement of net position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Buildings	40 years
Equipment, furniture and fixtures	5-25 years
Utility system and improvements	20-40 years
Infrastructure	20 years

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental funds upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same way as in the government-wide statements.

Compensated Absences

Full-time employees of the Village earn from 5 to 10 days of paid time off (PTO) each year (depending on the length of service). PTO may be accumulated up to 16 hours and carried over to future years; however, accumulated PTO at retirement or resignation is forfeited, and not be paid to the employee.

No accruals for accumulated unused compensated absences have been made in these financial statements due to the amount being immaterial.

Long-term debt

The accounting treatment of long-term debt depends on whether the assets are used for governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term debt to be repaid from governmental and business—type resources is reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term debt consists of water revenue bonds payable and a capital lease payable.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures. The accounting for proprietary fund long-term debt is the same in the fund financial statements as it is in the government-wide statements.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period (s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Equity Classifications

In the government-wide statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted net position consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups, such as creditors, grantors, contributors, laws, or regulations of other governments; or (2) laws through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. It is the Village's policy to use restricted net position prior to the use of unrestricted net position when both restricted and unrestricted net position are available for an expense which has been incurred.
- c. Unrestricted net position consists of all other net assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balances for governmental funds are reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily upon the extent to which the Village is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. The categories and their purposes are:

a. Non-spendable includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual constraints requiring they remain intact.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

- b. Restricted includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or amounts constrained due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or the laws or regulations of other governments.
- c. Committed includes fund balance amounts that can be used only for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the Village through formal legislative action of the Mayor and Board of Aldermen and does not lapse at year end. A committed fund balance constraint can only be established, modified, or rescinded by passage of an ordinance (law) by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen.
- d. Assigned includes fund amounts that are constrained by the Village's intent to be used for specific purposes, that are neither restricted nor committed. The assignment of fund balance is authorized by a directive from the Village administrator and approval of a resolution by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen.
- e. Unassigned includes fund balance amounts which have not been classified within the above-mentioned categories.

It is the Village's policy to use restricted amounts first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless prohibited by legal or contractual provisions. Additionally, the Village uses committed, assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts of fund balance in that order when expenditures are made.

Propriety fund equity is classified the same as in government-wide statements.

E. Revenues, Expenditures, and Expenses

Revenues

The Village considers revenue to be susceptible to accrual in the governmental funds as it becomes measurable and available, as defined under the modified accrual basis of accounting. The Village generally defines the availability period for revenue recognition as received within sixty (60) days of year end. The Village's major revenue sources that meet this availability criterion are intergovernmental revenues, franchise fees, tax revenue, and charges for services.

There are two classifications of programmatic revenues for the Village, grant revenue and program revenue. Grant revenues are revenues from federal, state, and private grants. These revenues are recognized when all applicable eligibility requirements are met and are reported as intergovernmental revenues. Program revenues are derived directly from the program itself or from parties outside the Village's taxpayers or citizenry, as a whole. Program revenues reduce the cost of the function to be financed from the Village's general revenues. The primary sources of program revenue are fees, fines, and charges paid by recipients of goods or services,

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and earned income in connection with the operation of the Village's utility system.

Interest income is recorded as earned in the fund holding the interest-bearing asset.

Substantially all other revenues are recorded when received.

Operating Revenues and Expenses

In the proprietary funds, operating revenues are those revenues produced as a result of providing services and producing and delivering goods and/or services. Nonoperating revenues are funds primarily provided by investing activities, such as financial institution interest income, gains on disposal of assets and insurance recoveries on property loss. Operating expenses are those expenses related to the production of revenue. Nonoperating expenses are those expenses not directly related to the production of revenue and include items such as interest expense and losses on disposal of assets.

Expenditures/Expenses

In the government-wide financial statements, expenses are classified by function for both governmental and business-type activities.

In the fund financial statements, expenditures are classified as follows:

Governmental Funds - By Character Proprietary Fund - By Operating and Nonoperating

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report expenditures of financial resources. Proprietary funds report expenses relating to use of economic resources.

Interfund Transfers

Permanent reallocations of resources between funds of the reporting entity are classified as interfund transfers. For the purposes of the statement of activities, all interfund transfers between individual governmental funds and proprietary funds have been eliminated.

F. Revenue Restrictions

The Village has various restrictions placed over certain revenue sources from state or local requirements. The primary restricted revenue sources include:

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Revenue Source	Legal Restrictions of Use
Water revenue	See Note 7

The Village uses unrestricted resources only when restricted resources are fully depleted.

G. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. These estimates include assessing the collectability of accounts receivable and the useful lives and impairment of tangible and intangible assets, among others. Estimates and assumptions are reviewed periodically, and the effects of revisions are reflected in the financial statements in the period they are determined to be necessary. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(2) <u>Cash and Interest-Bearing Deposits</u>

Under state law, the Village may deposit funds within a fiscal agent bank organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, the laws of any other state in the Union, or the laws of the United States. The Village may invest in direct obligations of the United States government, bonds, debentures, notes, or other evidence of indebtedness issued or guaranteed by federal agencies and/or the United States government, and time certificates of deposits of the state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having principal offices in Louisiana.

These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market. Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the Village's deposits may not be recovered, or the Village will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Village does not have a policy for custodial credit risk however, under state law, deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance, or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent bank. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties. The following is a summary of deposit balances (bank balances) and the related federal insurance and pledged securities:

Bank balances	\$ 618,369
Federal deposit insurance Uninsured and collateral held by pledging bank, not in Village's name	\$ 591,955 26,414
Total	\$ 618,369

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

(3) Restricted Assets

Restricted assets of business-type activities consisted of the following:

Customer meter deposits	\$ 92,111
LCDBG grant	250
Bond and interest sinking fund	8,781
Water depreciation and contingency fund	62,500
Total restricted assets	\$ 163,642

(4) <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital asset activity was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	Beginning	Additions	Deletions	Ending
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated - Land	\$ 141,160	<u>\$</u>	\$	<u>\$ 141,160</u>
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	286,053	3,854	-	289,907
Infrastructure	349,243	-	-	349,243
Equipment, furniture and fixtures	<u>160,594</u>	5,350	2,000	<u> 163,944</u>
Total capital assets being				
depreciated	795,890	9,204	2,000	803,094
Less accumulated depreciation -				
Buildings and improvements	231,807	5,733	-	237,540
Infrastructure	275,001	10,889	-	285,890
Equipment, furniture and fixtures	127,030	12,691	1,600	138,121
Total accumulated depreciation	633,838	29,313	1,600	661,551
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	162,052	(20,109)	400	141,543
Governmental activities, capital assets, net	\$ 303,212	\$ (20,109)	\$ 400	\$ 282,703

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

General government Police Fire Public works Recreation					\$	13,300 5,782 2,190 17
						8,024
Total depreciation expense					\$	29,313
	Baland Beginn		Additions	Deletions		alance Ending
Business-type activities:			,		-	
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress		,000 ,599	\$ -	\$ - 	\$	5,000
Total capital assets not being depreciated	543	,599		538,599		5,000
Capital assets being depreciated: Water system Machinery and equipment	4,771 245	,062 ,981	1,226,255 6,000		5	,997,317 251,981
Total capital assets being depreciated	5,017	,043	1,232,255	5 -	6	,249,298
Less accumulated depreciation: Water system Machinery and equipment	2,044 224	,427 ,760	140,39° 14,83°		2	,184,824 239,591
Total accumulated depreciation	2,269	,187	155,228	<u> </u>	2	,424,415
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	2,747.	<u>,856</u>	_1,077,02	<u> </u>	3	,824,883
Business-type activities,						
capital assets, net	\$ 3,291	<u>,455</u>	\$1,077,027	<u>\$ 538,599</u>	\$ 3	,829,883
Depreciation expense was charged	to busines	ss-type	e activities as	follows:		
Water					<u>\$</u>	155,228

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

(5) <u>Long-Term Liabilities</u>

The following is a summary of long-term liability transactions of the Village:

	Beginning			Ending	Amount due
	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	in one year
Business-type activities					
Capital lease	\$ 9,701	\$ -	\$ 7,194	\$ 2,507	\$ 2,507
Water revenue bonds	<u>677,000</u>		33,000	644,000	35,000
Total	\$ 686,701	<u>s </u>	\$ 40,194	\$ 646,507	\$ 37,507

For the purpose of improving its waterworks system the Village issued \$825,000 of 2016 Water Revenue Bonds during the year ended December 31, 2016. The bonds are due in annual installments of \$28,000 to \$59,000 through December 1, 2035, bearing an annual interest of 3.0%, and secured by water utility revenues. The water revenue bond ordinance requires the Village to maintain separate sinking fund and contingency accounts along with water utility rates that generate net revenues equal to or greater than 115% of the largest outstanding principal and interest payment in any future year. In the event of default with any covenants under the ordinance, which continues for a period of more than thirty days, the bond owners are entitled to the appointment of a receiver to take possession of the water system until such time as the default is cured.

Annual debt service requirement of bonds outstanding was as follows:

	Dir	ect Placement I	Debt
Year Ended December 31,	Principal	Interest	Total
2022	\$ 35,000	\$ 19,320	\$ 54,320
2023	36,000	18,270	54,270
2024	38,000	17,190	55,190
2025	39,000	16,050	55,050
2026	41,000	14,880	55,880
2027-2031	232,000	54,840	286,840
2032-2035	223,000	17,070	240,070
Total	\$ 644,000	\$ 157,620	\$ 801,620

On April 16, 2020, the Village entered into a lease agreement with John Deere Financial for an excavator and various attachments. This lease represents a direct borrowing financed purchase secured by leased assets valued at \$42,785 with accumulated depreciation of \$11,409. The debt related to this capital lease is recorded as short-term debt in the enterprise fund. In the event of default, the Lessor may declare all amounts due and payable as well as request the return of the equipment.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

The following is a schedule of future principal and interest payments under the lease as of December 31, 2021.

	D	irect Borrowing	g Debt
Year Ended December 31,	Principal	Interest	Total
2022	\$ 2,507	\$ 35	\$ 2,542

Depreciation of the asset under lease in the amount of \$4,278 is included in the depreciation expense of business-type activities for the year ended December 31, 2021.

(6) Operating Lease

On January 6, 2020, the Village entered into a surface lease to drill, operate, and maintain a water well with a primary term of ten (10) years ending on January 6, 2030. Total lease expense for the year amounted to \$4,000.

Future minimum lease payments under the operating lease are as follows:

December 31,	<u>1</u>
<u> </u>	
2023 \$ 2,0	000
2024	000
2025	000
2026	000
2027	000
2028 - 20294,0	000
Totals \$ 14,0	000

(7) Flow of Funds: Restriction on Use – Water Revenues

The revenues of the water system are partially pledged to retire the bonds dated January 26, 2016. The bond resolutions of the Water Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2016 requires the establishment and maintenance of the following bank accounts:

Water Revenue Bond and Interest Sinking Fund Water Depreciation and Contingency Fund

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

The Water System Fund is required to transfer the following amounts into the Water Revenue Bond and Interest Sinking fund on or before the 20th day of each month.

December to November	<u>A</u>	<u>mount</u>
2021 - 2022	\$	4,527
2022 - 2023	\$	4,522
2023 - 2024	\$	4,599
2024 - 2025	\$	4,587
2025 - 2026	\$	4,657
2026 - 2027	\$	4,721
2027 - 2028	\$	4,780
2028 - 2029	\$	4,751
2029 - 2030	\$	4,802
2030 - 2031	\$	4,849
2031 - 2032	\$	4,891
2032 - 2033	\$	5,011
2033 - 2034	\$	5,040
2034 - 2035	\$	5,064

The Water System Fund is also required to transfer on or before the 20th day of each month, a sum equal to five percent (5%) of the net revenues of the water system into the Depreciation and Contingency Fund until a sum of \$75,000 is accumulated in the account. Should the sum on deposit in the Contingency Fund fall below \$75,000 at any time, then the monthly deposits set forth above will recommence until \$75,000 is on deposit.

(8) Sales and Use Tax

The proceeds of the 1% sales and use tax levied by the Village are dedicated to the following purposes:

Constructing, acquiring, improving and/or maintaining a new municipal building for the Village, including the purchasing, and acquiring the necessary land, equipment, and furnishings for the building to be utilized as a public meeting hall and for recreational purposes, and for any lawful corporate purpose of the Village. The tax is subject to funding into bonds by the Village for any one or more of the foregoing purposes.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

(9) <u>Interfund Transactions</u>

Transfers consisted of the following:

	Transfers In	Transfers Out
General Fund	\$ 32,855	\$ -
Enterprise Fund:		
Water Utility Fund		32,855
Total	<u>\$ 32,855</u>	\$ 32,855

Transfers are used to (a) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and to (b) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

(10) Compensation, Benefits and Other Payments to Mayor

A detail of compensation, benefits and other payments paid to Mayor Terryl St. Romain for the year ended December 31, 2021 is as follows:

Purpose	Amount
Salary	\$3,600
Car allowance	600
Conference travel	119
Conference registration fees	135
Travel	99
	<u>\$4,553</u>

(11) Compensation Paid to Village Officials

A detail of compensation paid to the Board of Aldermen for the year ended December 31, 2021 follows:

Aldermen:	Salary
Robbie Plauche	\$ 1,200
Guy Lemoine	1,200
Craig Gremillion	_1,200
	\$3,600

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

(12) <u>Litigation and Claims</u>

On December 31, 2021, the Village was not involved in any lawsuits claiming damages that would not be adequately covered by liability insurance.

(13) Risk Management

The Village is exposed to risks of loss in the areas of general and auto liability, property hazards and workers' compensation. All of these risks are mitigated by purchasing commercial insurance coverage. Management believes coverages are sufficient to prelude significant losses to the Village. There have been no significant reductions in the insurance coverage during the year, nor have settlements exceeded insurance coverage for the past three years.

(14) New Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2017, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a signal model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. The provisions of GASB Statement No. 87 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021. The effect of implementation on the Village's financial statements has not yet been determined.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Bud	lget		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:	<u></u>			
Taxes:				
Sales	\$ 50,000	\$ 64,257	\$ 69,698	\$ 5,441
Property	7,000	7,154	9,553	2,399
Franchise fees	18,700	16,431	16,181	(250)
Licenses and permits	27,000	27,063	23,813	(3,250)
Intergovernmental	2,600	5,509	5,049	(460)
Fines and forfeits	2,000	6,303	7,683	1,380
Miscellaneous	10,000	14,591	17,968	3,377
Total revenues	117,300	141,308	149,945	8,637
Expenditures:				
Current -				
General government:	68,530	77,604	69,778	7,826
Public safety:				
Police	103,538	113,024	111,083	1,941
Fire	6,800	17,468	9,995	7,473
Culture and recreation	12,450	26,039	24,138	1,901
Public works	4,000	13,012	11,552	1,460
Capital outlay	=	-	9,204	(9,204)
Total expenditures	195,318	247,147	235,750	11,397
Deficiency of revenues				
over expenditures	(78,018)	(105,839)	(85,805)	20,034
Other financing sources:				
Operating transfers in	120,000	108,000	32,855	(75,145)
Net change in fund balance	41,982	2,161	(52,950)	(55,111)
Fund balance, beginning	172,328	172,328	172,328	*
Fund balance, ending	\$ 214,310	<u>\$ 174,489</u>	\$ 119,378	\$ (55,111)

Notes to the Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

(1) Budget and Budgetary Accounting

The Village follows the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. The Mayor meets with the Board of Aldermen to review the prior year revenue and expenditures as a basis for projecting the current fiscal year budget.
- 2. Anticipated changes from the prior year are considered and reflected in the projections.
- 3. Once adopted, the budget is made available for public inspection and a budget summary is published in the Village's designated official journal.
- 4. The Village does not formally integrate its budget as a management tool.
- 5. All budgetary appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year.
- 6. Budgets for all funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Budget amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen. Such amendments were not material in relation to the original appropriations.

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Revenues For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

				Variance with
	Вис	dget		Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Taxes:				
Sales	\$ 50,000	\$ 64,257	\$ 69,698	\$ 5,441
Property taxes	7,000	7,154	9,553	2,399
Franchise -				
Electric	12,000	10,675	10,675	-
Gas	3,200	3,136	2,695	(441)
Cable TV	2,750	2,000	2,118	118
Telephone	750	620	693	73
Total taxes	75,700	87,842	95,432	7,590
Licenses and permits:				
Occupational licenses	27,000	27,063	23,813	(3,250)
Intergovernmental:				
State of Louisiana -				
Beer taxes	500	500	=	(500)
State mowing agreement	2,100	2,100	2,140	40
Gaming revenue		2,909	2,909	
Total intergovernmental		5,509	5,049	(460)
Fines and forfeits:				
Fines and court costs	2,000	6,303	7,683	1,380
Miscellaneous:				
Interest	2,000	1,543	892	(651)
Hall rentals	7,500	10,218	10,993	775
Other sources	500	2,830	6,083	3,253
Total miscellaneous	10,000	14,591	<u>17,968</u>	3,377
Total revenues	<u>\$117,300</u>	\$141,308	\$149,945	\$ 8,637

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Expenditures For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

				Final Budget
	Budget			Positive
	Original	<u>Final</u>	Actual	(Negative)
Current:				
General government:				
Administrative -				
Mayor and council salaries	\$ 7,200	\$ 7,200	\$ 6,363	\$ 837
Other salaries and wages	20,000	18,239	18,275	(36)
Insurance	9,000	12,636	9,039	3,597
Payroll taxes	2,080	1,950	1,885	65
Maintenance and supplies	3,500	4,735	6,502	(1,767)
Advertisements and publishing	1,000	1,935	2,181	(246)
Office supplies and postage	2,000	2,172	3,054	(882)
Professional fees	5,000	10,001	7,364	2,637
Miscellaneous	2,500	7,600	4,827	2,773
Utilities and telephone	14,500	9,136	8,499	637
Dues and subscriptions	750	1,000	767	233
Sales tax collection fee	1,000	1,000	1,022	(22)
Total administrative	68,530	77,604	69,778	7,826
Public safety:				
Police -				
Salaries	75,000	78,964	76,090	2,874
Payroll taxes	5,738	6,159	5,821	338
Utilities and telephone	500	680	839	(159)
Gas, oil and repairs	6,000	6,929	7,084	(155)
Insurance	13,500	16,922	17,327	(405)
Miscellaneous	2,800	3,370	3,922	(552)
Total police department	103,538	113,024	111,083	1,941
Fire -				
Contract labor	1,800	1,800	1,800	-
Insurance	5,000	5,554	3,289	2,265
Repairs and maintenance	-	808	751	57
Miscellaneous		9,306	4,155	5,151
Total fire	6,800	17,468	9,995	7,473

(continued)

Variance with

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Expenditures (continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

				Variance with Final Budget
	Bue	Budget		Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Recreation:				
Cleaning and janitorial	7,000	6,835	7,135	(300)
Insurance	3,200	3,500	2,029	1,471
Utilities	-	2,657	3,425	(768)
Repairs and maintenance	2,250	13,047	8,444	4,603
Miscellaneous			3,105	(3,105)
Total recreation	12,450	26,039	24,138	1,901
Public works:				
Utilities	-	4,568	5,496	(928)
Gas, oil and repairs	-	2,139	1,821	318
Repairs and maintenance	4,000	6,305	2,540	3,765
Miscellaneous	-	-	1,695	(1,695)
Total public works	4,000	13,012	11,552	1,460
Capital outlay:				
General government		-	9,204	(9,204)
Total expenditures	\$ 195,318	<u>\$ 247,147</u>	\$ 235,750	<u>\$ 11,397</u>

VILLAGE OF PLAUCHEVILLE Plaucheville, Louisiana

Justice System Funding Schedule - Collecting/Disbursing Entity As Required by ACT 87 of the 2020 Regular Legislative Session General Fund Cash Basis Presentation Year Ended December 31, 2021

	First Six Month Period Ended 6/30/2021	Second Six Month Period Ended 12/31/2021	
Beginning balance of amounts collected	\$ -	\$ -	
Add: Collections			
Criminal Court Costs/Fees	3,795	3,888	
Total collections	3,795	3,888	
Less: Disbursements to Governments and Nonprofits			
Louisiana Commission on Law Enforcement -			
Crime Victims Reparation Fund/POST LE Training	66	163	
Louisiana Supreme Court -	10	3.5	
Case Management Information System Louisiana Dept. of Health -	18	16	
Traumatic Head and Spinal Cord Injury Trust Fund	25	65	
Central Louisiana Juvenile Detention Center	<u> </u>	98	
North Louisiana Criminalistics Laboratory	_	330	
Louisiana Judicial College	-	4	
Less: Amounts retained by collecting agency			
Criminal Court Costs/Fees	3,686	3,212	
Total disbursements	3,795	3,888	
Total ending balance of amounts collected			
but not disbursed/retained	<u> </u>	<u>\$</u>	

LCDBG Program - Balance Sheet December 31, 2021

	Project #449757	Project #230115
ASSETS		
Cash Grant revenue receivable Total assets	\$ - 89,180 \$ 89,180	\$ 250 - \$ 250
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES		
Liabilities: Construction contracts payable Retainage payable Total liabilities	\$ 39,466 49,714 89,180	\$ - - -
Fund balances: Restricted - Public works Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 89,180	250 \$ 250

LCDBG - Program Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Project #449757	Project #230115
Revenues: LCDBG Program	\$ 576,786	\$ -
Expenditures: Current -		
Project construction	576,786	
Total expenditures	_576,786	-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		
over expenditures		
Fund balances, beginning	<u> </u>	250
Fund balances, ending	<u> </u>	\$ 250

INTERNAL CONTROL,

COMPLIANCE AND

OTHER MATTERS

KOLDER, SLAVEN & COMPANY, LLC

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Terryl St. Romain, Mayor and Members of the Board of Aldermen Village of Plaucheville, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Village of Plaucheville, Louisiana as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village of Plaucheville's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated April 14, 2022.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Village of Plaucheville's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village of Plaucheville's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion of the effectiveness of the Village of Plaucheville's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Village of Plaucheville's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of current and prior year audit findings and management's corrective action plan as items 2021-001 through 2021-003 that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Village of Plaucheville's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Village of Plaucheville, Louisiana's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the Village of Plaucheville's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of audit findings and management's corrective action plan. The Village of Plaucheville's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response

Purpose of this report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. Although the intended use of this report may be limited, under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC
Certified Public Accountants

Alexandria, Louisiana April 14, 2022

Schedule of Current and Prior Year Audit Findings and Management's Corrective Action Plan Year Ended December 31, 2021

Part I: Current Year Findings and Management's Corrective Action Plan

A. <u>Internal Control Over Financial Reporting</u>

2021-001 Application of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP)

Fiscal year finding initially occurred: Unknown.

CONDITION: Management and staff lack the expertise and/or experience in the selection and application of generally accepted accounting principles, as applicable to governmental entities in the financial statement preparation process.

CRITERIA: The Village's internal control over financial reporting includes policies and procedures that pertain to its ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial data consistent with the assertions embodied in the financial statements, including the ability of management and staff to detect potential misstatements that may exist in the financial statements and related disclosures.

CAUSE: The cause of the condition results from a reliance on the external auditor as part of the internal control process.

EFFECT: Financial statements and related supporting transactions may reflect a material departure from generally accepted accounting principles.

RECOMMENDATION: Management should evaluate the additional costs required to achieve the desired benefit and determine if it is economically feasible in relation to the benefit received.

MANAGEMENT'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN: We evaluated the cost vs. benefit of establishing enhanced internal controls over financial reporting and determined that it would not be cost effective to enhance these controls. Currently, our financial staff receives annual training related to their job duties and we carefully review the financial statements, related notes, and all proposed adjustments. All questions are adequately addressed by our auditors which allows us to appropriately supervise these functions. We feel we have taken appropriate steps to reduce the financial statement risk caused by this finding.

Schedule of Current and Prior Year Audit Findings And Management's Corrective Action Plan Year Ended December 31, 2021

2021-002 Inadequate Segregation of Accounting Functions

Fiscal year finding initially occurred: Unknown.

CONDITION: The Village of Plaucheville did not have adequate segregation of functions within the accounting system.

CRITERIA: AU-C §315.04, Understanding the Entity and its Environment and Assessing the Risks of Material Misstatement, defines internal control as follows:

"Internal control is a process, affected by those charged with governance, management, and other personnel, designed to provide reasonable assurance about the achievement of objectives with regard to reliability of financial reporting, effectiveness and efficiency of operations, and compliance with applicable laws and regulations."

CAUSE: The cause of the condition is the fact that Village does not have a sufficient number of staff performing administrative and financial duties so as to provide adequate segregation of accounting and financial duties.

EFFECT: Failure to adequately segregate accounting and financial functions increases the risk that errors and/or irregularities including fraud and/or defalcations may occur and not be prevented and/or detected.

RECOMMENDATION: Management should reassign incompatible duties among different employees to ensure that a single employee does not have control of more than one of the following responsibilities: (1) authorization; (2) custody; (3) recordkeeping; and (4) reconciliation.

MANAGEMENT'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN: The Village concurs with the audit finding. Due to the size of staffing, the achievement of adequate segregation of duties is desirable, but cost prohibitive. All efforts are made to segregate duties where feasible. In an effort to establish more sound controls the Board of Aldermen monitors activity and account balances in all funds.

2021-003 Utility Accounts Receivable and Customer Deposits Subsidiary Ledger

Fiscal year finding initially occurred: 2018

CONDITION: The Village is not reconciling the subsidiary ledgers for utility accounts receivables and customer deposits to the meter cash account balances and general ledger accounts on a regular basis.

Schedule of Current and Prior Year Audit Findings And Management's Corrective Action Plan Year Ended December 31, 2021

CRITERIA: Internal controls should be in place to reconcile the subsidiary ledgers for utility accounts receivable and customer deposits to the general ledger and cash account to ensure all activity is properly recorded.

CAUSE: The cause of the condition is the fact that the Village is not reconciling the accounts receivables and customer deposit subsidiary ledgers to the general ledgers on a monthly basis.

EFFECT: Failure to reconcile these subsidiary ledgers could result in cash missing and customers not receiving proper credit on billings and their deposits.

RECOMMENDATION: The accounts receivable and customer deposit subsidiary ledgers should be reconciled to the cash account and general ledger on a monthly basis.

MANAGEMENT'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN: The Village administration will review procedures related to the collection and recording of utility receivables and deposits to ensure procedures are in place to reconcile subsidiary ledgers on monthly basis.

B. Compliance and Other Matters

There are no compliance findings to be reported.

Part II: Prior Year Findings:

A. Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

2020-001 Application of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP)

Fiscal year finding initially occurred: Unknown.

CONDITION: The Village of Plaucheville does not have adequate internal controls over recording the entity's financial transactions or preparing its financial statements, including the related notes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

RECOMMENDATION: Management should evaluate the additional costs required to achieve the desired benefit and determine if it is economically feasible in relation to the benefit received.

CURRENT STATUS: Unresolved. See item 2021-001.

2020-002 Inadequate Segregation of Functions

Fiscal year finding initially occurred: Unknown.

Schedule of Current and Prior Year Audit Findings And Management's Corrective Action Plan Year Ended December 31, 2021

CONDITION: The Village of Plaucheville did not have adequate segregation of functions within the accounting system.

RECOMMENDATION: Management should reassign incompatible duties among different employees to ensure that a single employee does not have control of more than one of the following responsibilities: (1) authorization; (2) custody; (3) recordkeeping; and (4) reconciliation.

CURRENT STATUS: Unresolved. See item 2021-002.

2020-003 <u>Utility Accounts Receivable and Customer Deposits Subsidiary Ledger</u>

Fiscal year finding initially occurred: 2018

CONDITION: The Village is not maintaining an accurate subsidiary ledger for utility accounts receivables and customer deposits, and the subsidiary ledgers are not being reconciled to the meter cash account balances and general ledger accounts.

RECOMMENDATION: The Village should periodically compare actual activity to budgeted amounts and adopt budgetary amendments as necessary to cause compliance with state statute.

CURRENT STATUS: Unresolved. See item 2021-003.

Village of Plaucheville, Louisiana

Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures Report

Fiscal Period January 1, 2021 through December 31, 2021

KOLDER, SLAVEN & COMPANY, LLC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES

To the Honorable Terryl St. Romain, Mayor and Board of Alderman of the Village of Plaucheville, Louisiana, and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor

We have performed the procedures enumerated below on the control and compliance (C/C) areas identified in the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's (LLA's) Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures (SAUPs) for the fiscal period January 1, 2021 through December 31, 2021. The Village of Plaucheville's management is responsible for those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs.

The Village of Plaucheville has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate to meet the intended purpose of the engagement, which is to perform specified procedures on the C/C areas identified in LLA's SAUPs for the fiscal period January 1, 2021 through December 31, 2021. Additionally, LLA has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate for its purposes. This report may not be suitable for any other purpose. The procedures performed may not address all the items of interest to a user of this report and may not meet the needs of all users of this report and, as such, users are responsible for determining whether the procedures performed are appropriate for their purposes.

The procedures and associated findings are as follows:

Written Policies and Procedures

- 1. Obtained and inspected the entity's written policies and procedures and observed that they address each of the following categories and subcategories if applicable to public funds and the entity's operations:
 - a) **Budgeting**, including preparing, adopting, monitoring, and amending the budget.
 - b) **Purchasing**, including (1) how purchases are initiated; (2) how vendors are added to the vendor list; (3) the preparation and approval process of purchase requisitions and

- purchase orders; (4) controls to ensure compliance with the Public Bid Law; and (5) documentation required to be maintained for all bids and price quotes.
- c) *Disbursements*, including processing, reviewing, and approving.
- d) *Receipts/Collections*, including receiving, recording, and preparing deposits. Also, policies and procedures should include management's actions to determine the completeness of all collections for each type of revenue or agency fund additions (e.g. periodic confirmation with outside parties, reconciliation to utility billing after cutoff procedures, reconciliation of traffic ticket number sequences, agency fund forfeiture monies confirmation).
- e) *Payroll/Personnel*, including (1) payroll processing, (2) reviewing and approving time and attendance records, including leave and overtime worked, and (3) approval process for employee(s) rate of pay or approval and maintenance of pay rate schedules.
- f) *Contracting*, including (1) types of services requiring written contracts, (2) standard terms and conditions, (3) legal review, (4) approval process, and (5) monitoring process.
- g) Credit Cards (and debit cards, fuel cards, P-Cards, if applicable), including (1) how cards are to be controlled, (2) allowable business uses, (3) documentation requirements, (4) required approvers of statements, and (5) monitoring card usage (e.g., determining the reasonableness of fuel card purchases).
- h) *Travel and expense reimbursement*, including (1) allowable expenses, (2) dollar thresholds by category of expense, (3) documentation requirements, and (4) required approvers.
- i) *Ethics*, including (1) the prohibitions as defined in Louisiana Revised Statute (R.S.) 42:1111-1121, (2) actions to be taken if an ethics violation takes place, (3) system to monitor possible ethics violations, and (4) a requirement that document is maintained to demonstrate that all employees and officials were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy.
- j) **Debt Service**, including (1) debt issuance approval, (2) continuing disclosure/EMMA reporting requirements, (3) debt reserve requirements, and (4) debt service requirements.
- k) Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity, including (1) identification of critical data and frequency of data backups, (2) storage of backups in a separate physical location isolated from the network, (3) periodic testing/verification that backups can be restored, (4) use of antivirus software on all systems, (5) timely application of all available system and software patches/updates, and (6) identification of personnel, processes, and tools needed to recover operations after a critical event.
- 1) **Sexual Harassment**, including R.S. 42:342-344 requirements for (1) agency responsibilities and prohibitions, (2) annual employee training, and (3) annual reporting.

Board or Finance Committee

- 2. Obtained and inspected the board/finance committee minutes for the fiscal period, as well as the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or equivalent document in effect during the fiscal period, and:
 - a) Observed that the board/finance committee met with a quorum at least monthly, or on a frequency in accordance with the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or other equivalent document.
 - b) For those entities reporting on the governmental accounting model, we observed that the minutes referenced or included monthly budget-to-actual comparisons on the general fund, quarterly budget-to-actual, at a minimum, on proprietary funds, and semi-annual budget-to-actual, at a minimum, on all special revenue funds. Alternately, for those entities reporting on the non-profit accounting model, observe that the minutes referenced or included financial activity relating to public funds if those public funds comprised more than 10% of the entity's collections during the fiscal period.
 - c) For governmental entities, we obtained the prior year audit report and observed the unassigned fund balance in the general fund. If the general fund had a negative ending unassigned fund balance in the prior year audit report, we observed that the minutes for at least one meeting during the fiscal period referenced or included a formal plan to eliminate the negative unrestricted fund balance in the general fund.

Bank Reconciliations

- 3. Obtained a listing of client bank accounts for the fiscal period from management and management's representation that the listing is complete. Asked management to identify the entity's main operating account. Selected the entity's main operating account and randomly selected 4 additional accounts (or all accounts if less than 5). Randomly selected one month from the fiscal period, obtained and inspected the corresponding bank statement and reconciliation for selected each account, and observed that:
 - a) Bank reconciliations included evidence that they were prepared within 2 months of the related statement closing date (e.g., initialed and dated, electronically logged);
 - b) Bank reconciliations included evidence that a member of management/board member who does not handle cash, post ledgers, or issue checks has reviewed each bank reconciliation (e.g., initialed and dated, electronically logged); and
 - c) Management has documentation reflecting that it has researched reconciling items that have been outstanding for more than 12 months from the statement closing date, if applicable.

Collections (excluding electronic funds transfers)

- 4. Obtained a listing of <u>deposit sites</u> for the fiscal period where deposits for cash/checks/money orders (cash) are prepared and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly selected 5 deposit sites (or all deposit sites if less than 5).
- 5. For each deposit site selected, obtained a listing of collection locations and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly selected one collection location for each deposit site (i.e. 5 collection locations for 5 deposit sites), obtained and inspected written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if no written policies or procedures, inquire of employees about their job duties) at each collection location, and observed that job duties are properly segregated at each collection location such that:
 - a) Employees that are responsible for cash collections do not share cash drawers/registers.
 - b) Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not responsible for preparing/making bank deposits, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling collection documentation (e.g. pre-numbered receipts) to the deposit.
 - c) Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not responsible for posting collection entries to the general ledger or subsidiary ledgers, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling ledger postings to each other and to the deposit.
 - d) The employee(s) responsible for reconciling cash collections to the general ledger and/or subsidiary ledgers, by revenue source and/or agency fund additions are not responsible for collecting cash, unless another employee/official verifies the reconciliation.
- 6. Obtained from management a copy of the bond or insurance policy for theft covering all employees who have access to cash. Observed the bond or insurance policy for theft was enforced during the fiscal period.
- 7. Randomly selected two deposit dates for each of the 5 bank accounts selected for procedure #3 under "Bank Reconciliations" above (selected the next deposit date chronologically if no deposits were made on the dates randomly selected and randomly selected a deposit if multiple deposits are made on the same day). Alternately, the practitioner may use a source document other than bank statements when selecting the deposit dates for testing, such as a cash collection log, daily revenue report, receipt book, etc. Obtained supporting documentation for each of the 10 deposits and:
 - a) Observed that receipts are sequentially pre-numbered.
 - b) Traced sequentially pre-numbered receipts, system reports, and other related collection documentation to the deposit slip.
 - c) Traced the deposit slip total to the actual deposit per the bank statement.
 - d) Observed that the deposit was made within one business day of receipt at the collection location (within one week if the depository is more than 10 miles from the collection

location or the deposit is less than \$100 and the cash is stored securely in a locked safe or drawer).

e) Traced the actual deposit per the bank statement to the general ledger.

Non-Payroll Disbursements (excluding card purchases/payments, travel reimbursements, and petty cash purchases)

- 8. Obtained a listing of locations that process payments for the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly selected 5 locations (or all locations if less than 5).
- 9. For each location selected under #8 above, obtained a listing of those employees involved with non-payroll purchasing and payment functions. Obtained written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if the agency has no written policies and procedures, inquired of employees about their job duties), and observed that job duties are properly segregated such that:
 - a) At least two employees are involved in initiating a purchase request, approving a purchase, and placing an order/making the purchase.
 - b) At least two employees are involved in processing and approving payments to vendors.
 - c) The employee responsible for processing payments is prohibited from adding/modifying vendor files, unless another employee is responsible for periodically reviewing changes to vendor files.
 - d) Either the employee/official responsible for signing checks mails the payment or gives the signed checks to an employee to mail who is not responsible for processing payments.
- 10. For each location selected under #8 above, obtained the entity's non-payroll disbursement transaction population (excluding cards and travel reimbursements) and obtained management's representation that the population is complete. Randomly selected 5 disbursements for each location, obtained supporting documentation for each transaction and:
 - a) Observed whether the disbursement matched the related original itemized invoice and supporting documentation indicates deliverables included on the invoice were received by the entity.
 - b) Observed that the disbursement documentation included evidence (e.g., initial/date, electronic logging) of segregation of duties tested under #9, as applicable.

Credit Cards/Debit Cards/Fuel Cards/P-Cards

11. Obtained from management a listing of all active credit cards, bank debit cards, fuel cards, and P-cards (cards) for the fiscal period, including the card numbers and the names of the persons who maintained possession of the cards. Obtained management's representation that the listing is complete.

- 12. Using the listing prepared by management, randomly selected 5 cards (or all cards if less than 5) that were used during the fiscal period. Randomly selected one monthly statement or combined statement for each card (for a debit card, randomly select one monthly bank statement), obtained supporting documentation, and:
 - a) Observed that there is evidence that the monthly statement or combined statement and supporting documentation (e.g., original receipts for credit/debit card purchases, exception reports for excessive fuel card usage) were reviewed and approved, in writing (or electronically approved), by someone other than the authorized card holder. [Note: Requiring such approval may constrain the legal authority of certain public officials (e.g., mayor of a Lawrason Act municipality); these instances should not be reported.]
 - b) Observed that finance charges and late fees were not assessed on the selected statements.
- 13. Using the monthly statements or combined statements selected under #12 above, excluding fuel cards, randomly selected 10 transactions (or all transactions if less than 10) from each statement, and obtained supporting documentation for the transactions (i.e. each card should have 10 transactions subject to testing). For each transaction, observed that it is supported by (1) an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased, (2) written documentation of the business/public purpose, and (3) documentation of the individuals participating in meals (for meal charges only). For missing receipts, the practitioner should describe the nature of the transaction and note whether management had a compensating control to address missing receipts, such as a "missing receipt statement" that is subject to increased scrutiny.

Travel and Travel-Related Expense Reimbursements (excluding card transactions)

- 14. Obtained from management a listing of all travel and travel-related expense reimbursements during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing or general ledger is complete. Randomly selected 5 reimbursements, obtained the related expense reimbursement forms/prepaid expense documentation of each selected reimbursement, as well as the supporting documentation. For each of the 5 reimbursements selected:
 - a) If reimbursed using a per diem, observed the approved reimbursement rate is no more than those rates established either by the State of Louisiana or the U.S. General Services Administration (www.gsa.gov).
 - b) If reimbursed using actual costs, observed that the reimbursement is supported by an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased.
 - c) Observed that each reimbursement is supported by documentation of the business/public purpose (for meal charges, observe that the documentation includes the names of those individuals participating) and other documentation required by written policy (procedure #1h).
 - d) Observed each reimbursement was reviewed and approved, in writing, by someone other than the person receiving reimbursement.

Contracts

- 15. Obtained from management a listing of all agreements/contracts for professional services, materials and supplies, leases, and construction activities that were initiated or renewed during the fiscal period. Alternately, the practitioner may use an equivalent selection source, such as an active vendor list. Obtained management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly selected 5 contracts (or all contracts if less than 5) from the listing, excluding the practitioner's contract, and:
 - a) Observed that the contract was bid in accordance with the Louisiana Public Bid Law (e.g., solicited quotes or bids, advertised), if required by law.
 - b) Observed whether the contract was approved by the governing body/board, if required by policy or law (e.g. Lawrason Act, Home Rule Charter).
 - c) If the contract was amended (e.g. change order), observed that the original contract terms provided for such an amendment and that amendments were made in compliance with the contract terms (e.g., if approval is required for any amendment, was approval documented).
 - d) Randomly selected one payment from the fiscal period for each of the 5 contracts, obtain the supporting invoice, agreed the invoice to the contract terms, and observe the invoice and related payment agreed to the terms and conditions of the contract.

Payroll and Personnel

- 16. Obtained a listing of employees and officials employed during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly selected 5 employees or officials, obtain related paid salaries and personnel files, and agreed paid salaries to authorized salaries/pay rates in the personnel files.
- 17. Randomly selected one pay period during the fiscal period. For the 5 employees or officials selected under #16 above, obtained attendance records and leave documentation for the pay period, and:
 - a) Observed all selected employees/officials documented their daily attendance and leave (e.g., vacation, sick, compensatory). (Note: Generally, an elected official is not eligible to earn leave and do not document their attendance and leave. However, if the official is earning leave according to policy and/or contract, the official should document his/her daily attendance and leave.)
 - b) Observed whether supervisors approved the attendance and leave of the selected employees or officials.
 - c) Observed any leave accrued or taken during the pay period is reflected in the entity's cumulative leave records.

- d) Observed the rate paid to the employees or officials agree to the authorized salary/pay rate found within the personnel file.
- 18. Obtained a listing of those employees or officials that received termination payments during the fiscal period and management's representation that the list is complete. Randomly selected two employees or officials, obtained related documentation of the hours and pay rates used in management's termination payment calculations and the entity's policy on termination payments. Agreed the hours to the employee or officials' cumulate leave records, agreed the pay rates to the employee or officials' authorized pay rates in the employee or officials' personnel files, and agree the termination payment to entity policy.
- 19. Obtained management's representation that employer and employee portions of third-party payroll related amounts (e.g., payroll taxes, retirement contributions, health insurance premiums, garnishments, workers' compensation premiums, etc.) have been paid, and any associated forms have been filed, by required deadlines.

Ethics

- 20. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from procedure #16 under "Payroll and Personnel" above obtained ethics documentation from management, and:
 - a. Observed whether the documentation demonstrates each employee/official completed one hour of ethics training during the fiscal period.
 - b. Observed whether the entity maintains documentation which demonstrates each employee and official were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy during the fiscal period, as applicable.

Debt Service

- 21. Obtained a listing of bonds/notes issued during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Selected all debt instruments on the listing, obtained supporting documentation, and observed State Bond Commission approval was obtained for each debt instrument issued.
- 22. Obtained a listing of bonds/notes outstanding at the end of the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly selected one bond/note, inspected debt covenants, obtained supporting documentation for the reserve balance and payments, and agreed actual reserve balances and payments to those required by debt covenants (including contingency funds, short-lived asset funds, or other funds required by the debt covenants).

Fraud Notice

23. Obtained a listing of misappropriations of public funds and assets during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Selected all misappropriations on the listing, obtained supporting documentation, and observed that the entity reported the

- misappropriation(s) to the legislative auditor and the district attorney of the parish in which the entity is domiciled.
- 24. Observed the entity has posted on its premises and website, the notice required by R.S. 24:523.1 concerning the reporting of misappropriation, fraud, waste, or abuse of public funds.

Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity

- 25. Performed the following procedures, verbally discussed the results with management, and report "We performed the procedures and discussed the results with management."
 - a) Obtained and inspected the entity's most recent documentation that it has backed up its critical data (if no written documentation, inquire of personnel responsible for backing up critical data) and observed that such backup occurred within the past week. If backups are stored on a physical medium (e.g., tapes, CDs), observed evidence that backups are encrypted before being transported.
 - b) Obtained and inspected the entity's most recent documentation that it has tested/verified that its backups can be restored (if no written documentation, inquired of personnel responsible for testing/ verifying backup restoration) and observed evidence that the test/verification was successfully performed within the past 3 months.
 - c) Obtained a listing of the entity's computers currently in use and their related locations, and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly selected 5 computers and observed while management demonstrated that the selected computers have current and active antivirus software and that the operating system and accounting system software in use are currently supported by the vendor.

We performed the procedures and discussed the results with management.

Sexual Harassment

- 26. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from procedure #16 under "Payroll and Personnel" above, obtained sexual harassment training documentation from management, and observed the documentation demonstrated each employee/official completed at least one hour of sexual harassment training during the calendar year.
- 27. Observed the entity has posted its sexual harassment policy and compliant procedure on its website (or in a conspicuous location on the entity's premises if the entity does not have a website).
- 28. Obtained the entity's annual sexual harassment report for the current fiscal period, observed that the report was dated on or before February 1, and observed it includes the applicable requirements of R.S. 42:344:
 - a) Number and percentage of public servants in the agency who have completed the training requirements.

- b) Number of sexual harassment complaints received by the agency.
- c) Number of complaints which resulted in a finding that sexual harassment resulted in discipline or corrective action; and
- d) Amount of time it took to resolve each compliant.

Findings:

As a result of applying the procedures listed above, no exceptions were noted except:

Written Policies:

The Village of Plaucheville does not have written policies and procedures addressing the types of services requiring written contracts.

The Village of Plaucheville does not have written policies and procedures addressing the dollar thresholds by category of expense for travel and expense reimbursement.

The Village of Plaucheville does not have written policies and procedures addressing the prohibitions as defined in Louisiana Revised Statute 42:1111-1121, actions to be taken if an ethics violation takes place, or a system to monitor possible ethics violations.

The Village of Plaucheville does not have written policies and procedures addressing the approval of debt issuance and EMMA reporting requirements.

The Village of Plaucheville does not have written policies and procedures addressing Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity.

The Village of Plaucheville does not have written policies and procedures addressing sexual harassment annual reporting as required by Louisiana Revised Statute 42:344.

Bank Reconciliations:

Three out of five bank reconciliations examined, did not include evidence of management researching reconciling items outstanding more than 12 months from the statement closing date.

Cash Collections:

At one of two deposit sites tested, both the Village Clerk, and Utility Clerk collect cash and share the register/drawer.

At one of two deposit sites tested, the person responsible for collecting cash, is also responsible for preparing/making bank deposits and recording the deposit in the subsidiary ledger.

The Village of Plaucheville does not issue sequentially pre-numbered receipts for cash collections received at the Village Hall.

Four out of ten deposits tested, one Utility Fund deposit and three General Fund deposits, did not have any system reports or other related collection documentation to support the deposit.

Disbursements:

For one of five disbursements tested, no evidence was provided to indicate that at least two employees were involved in 1) initiating, approving, and making the purchase, nor 2) processing and approving the payments to vendors.

Credit/Debit/Fuel Cards:

Observed a finance charge was assessed on the monthly statement selected for testing which was paid by the Village.

One of eight transactions tested on the monthly statement did not have an itemized receipt attached.

Eight of eight transactions tested on the monthly statement did not contain written evidence on the itemized receipt of the specific business/public purpose of the purchase.

Travel and Expense Reimbursement:

Five out of five expense reimbursements were not supported by documentation of business/public purpose for the expense.

One out of five reimbursements did not include the names of individuals participating in meals.

Payroll and Personnel:

Three out of five employees had no salary/pay rate information maintained in their personnel file.

Ethics:

For one out of five employees tested, no evidence of completion of one hour of annual ethics training for fiscal year was provided.

Sexual Harassment:

The Village of Plaucheville did not prepare an annual sexual harassment report as required under the requirements of Louisiana Revised Statute 42:433.

Management's Response:

We were engaged by the Village of Plaucheville to perform this agreed-upon procedures engagement and conducted our engagement in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and applicable standards of Government Auditing Standards. We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination or review engagement, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion or conclusion, respectively, on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion or conclusion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

We are required to be independent of the Village of Plaucheville and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements related to our agreed-upon procedures engagement.

This report is intended solely to describe the scope of testing performed on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs, and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on control or compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the LLA as a public document.

Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC
Certified Public Accountants

Alexandria, Louisiana April 14, 2022