Union General Hospital, Inc.

Independent Auditor's Reports and Financial Statements

June 30, 2024 and 2023

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Forvis Mazars, LLP
14221 Dallas Parkway, Suite 400
Dallas, TX 75254
P 972.702.8262 | F 972.702.0673
forvismazars.us



Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Trustees Union General Hospital, Inc. Farmerville, Louisiana

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Union General Hospital, Inc. (Hospital), which comprise the balance sheets as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, and the related statements of operations, changes in net assets, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Hospital, as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, and the results of its operations, changes in net assets and cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Hospital, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Hospital's ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve

collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Hospital's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Hospital's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Supplementary Information

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The supplementary information listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 28, 2024, on our consideration of the Hospital's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Hospital's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Hospital's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Forvis Mazars, LLP

Dallas, Texas October 28, 2024

ASSETS

	2024	2023
Current Assets	\	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 11,821,969	\$ 11,626,764
Short-term investments	7,448,339	7,354,000
Patient accounts receivable	2,628,195	1,946,680
Estimated amounts due from third-party payors	-	679,491
Supplies	232,973	226,110
Prepaid expenses and other	213,304_	217,863
Total current assets	22,344,780	22,050,908
Assets Limited As To Use – Internally Designated	2,362,364	
Property and Equipment, at Cost		
Land and land improvements	658,847	629,370
Buildings and leasehold improvements	10,079,566	10,001,879
Equipment and software	7,864,274	7,778,732
Construction in progress	1,743,554_	131,287
	20,346,241	18,541,268
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	<u>13,615,109</u>	12,783,366
	6,731,132	5,757.902
Other Assets	398,586	431,094
Total assets	\$ 31,836,862	\$ 28,239,904

See Notes to Financial Statements 3

LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS

	2024	2023
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 789,355	\$ 351,906
Accrued expenses	626,237	596, 171
Estimated amounts due to third-party payors	433,916	-
Estimated self-insurance costs	91,608	91,608
Total current liabilities	1,941,116	1.039.685
Total liabilities	1,941,116	1.039.685
Net Assets Without donor restrictions With donor restrictions	27,899,995 1,995,751	25.900.219 1,300,000
Total net assets	29,895,746	27,200,219
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 31,836,862	\$ 28,239,904

	2024	2023
Revenues, Gains, and Other Support Without Donor Restrictions		
Patient service revenue	\$ 20,396,101	\$ 19,332,588
CARES Act revenue	-	826,997
Other revenue	590,780	603,023
Total revenues, gains, and other support		
without donor restrictions	20,986,881	20,762.608
Expenses and Losses		
Salanes and wages	7,855,445	7.827,303
Employee benefits	1,575,144	1,181,992
Purchased services and professional fees	6,294,989	6,008,815
Supplies	1,156,173	1,292,202
Other expenses	1,783,699	1,801,037
Depreciation and amortization	842,093	885,029
Total expenses and losses	19,507,543	18,996,378
Operating Income	1.479.338	1,766,230
Other Income		
Investment return, net	520,438	206,161
Total other income	520,438	206.161
Excess of Revenues Over Expenses	1,999,776	1,972,391
Contributions of or for acquisition of property and equipment		34,455
Increase in Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions	\$ 1,999,776	\$ 2,006,846

See Notes to Financial Statements 5

	2024	2023
Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions Excess of revenues over expenses Contributions of or for acquisition of	\$ 1,999,776	\$ 1,972,391
property and equipment Increase in net assets without donor restrictions	1,999,776	2,006,846
Net Assets With Donor Restrictions Contributions received	695,751	650,000
Increase in net assets with donor restrictions	695,751	650,000
Change in Net Assets	2,695,527	2,656,846
Net Assets, Beginning of Year	27,200,219	24,543,373
Net Assets, End of Year	\$ 29,895,746	\$ 27,200,219

	2024	2023
Operating Activities		
Change in net assets	\$ 2,695,527	\$ 2,656,846
Items not requiring (providing) operating cash flow		
Depreciation and amortization	842,093	885,029
Restricted contributions received	(695,751)	(650,000)
Contributions of or for acquisition of property and equipment	-	(34,455)
Changes in		
Patient accounts receivable	(681,515)	(12,665)
Estimated amounts due to/from third-party payors	1,113,407	559,131
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	73,533	(1,502)
Deferred revenue	_	(826,997)
Supplies	(6,863)	19,361
Other current assets	37,067	456,371
		·
Net cash provided by operating activities	3,377,498	3,051,119
Investing Activities		
Purchase of short-term investments	(7,332,667)	(8,080,866)
Proceeds from sale of short-term investments	•	,
	7,238,328	1,234,000
Purchase of property and equipment	(1,421,341)	(575,415)
Net cash used in investing activities	(1,515,680)	(7,422,281)
Financing Activities		
Proceeds from contributions for acquisition of		
property and equipment	695,751	741,673
h h		
Net cash provided by financing activities	695,751	741,673
Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	2,557,569	(3,629,489)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	11,626,764	15,256,253
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$ 14,184,333	\$ 11,626,764
Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the Balance Shee Cash and cash equivalents in current assets Assets limited as to use	ts \$ 11,821,969 2,362,364	\$ 11,626,764
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 14,184,333	\$ 11,626,764
Supplemental Cash Flows Information		
Property and equipment in accounts payable	\$ 393,982	\$ -

See Notes to Financial Statements 7

Note 1. Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of Operations

Union General Hospital, Inc. (Hospital) is a not-for-profit, critical access hospital (CAH), located in Farmerville, Louisiana. The Hospital provides inpatient, outpatient and emergency care services for the residents of Farmerville, Louisiana, and the surrounding area. Admitting physicians are primarily practitioners in the local area.

On November 22, 1983, the Hospital leased the hospital facilities from East Union Parish Hospital Service District (District). The hospital facilities were originally constructed by the District, which issued ad valorem tax bonds to finance its construction. The Hospital's financial obligation under the lease is to maintain the leased premises in good repair and replace equipment as needed. The lease was amended and restated effective September 8, 2010, and the term extended through March 31, 2019. The agreement was renewed for an additional 10-year period through March 31, 2029. Under the current lease agreement, there are no minimum lease payments.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash Equivalents

The Hospital considers all liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents. At June 30, 2024 and 2023, cash equivalents consisted primarily of a repurchase agreement with a bank and money market accounts with brokers.

Certain cash balances are routinely invested in overnight repurchase agreements that are not covered by Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insurance programs. The repurchase agreements are collateralized by securities held by the Hospital's financial institution in the Hospital's name.

Assets Limited As To Use

Assets limited as to use include assets set aside by the Board of Trustees (Board) for future capital improvements over which the Board retains control and may at its discretion subsequently use for other purposes. At June 30, 2024 and 2023, assets limited as to use were comprised of cash and totaled \$2,362,364 and \$0, respectively. Amounts required to meet current liabilities of the Hospital are included in current assets.

Patient Accounts Receivable

Patient accounts receivable reflects the outstanding amount of consideration to which the Hospital expects to be entitled in exchange for providing patient care. These amounts are due from patients, third-party payors (including health insurers and government programs), and others. As a service to the patient, the Hospital bills third-party payers directly and bills the patient when the patient's responsibility for co-pays, coinsurance, and deductibles is determined. Patient accounts receivable are due in full when billed.

Contract Assets

Amounts related to health care services provided to patients which have not been billed and that do not meet the conditions of an unconditional right to payment at the end of the reporting period are contract assets. Contract assets consist primarily of health care services provided to patients who are still receiving inpatient care in the Hospital at the end of the year. Contract assets are not material and are included in patient accounts receivable on the balance sheets.

Supplies

Supply inventories are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Costs are determined using the first-in, first-out method.

Equity and Debt Investments

The Hospital measures equity and debt securities, other than investments that qualify for the equity method of accounting, at fair value with changes recognized in excess of revenues over expenses. Gains and losses on the sale of securities are recorded on the trade date and are determined using the specific identification method.

Net Investment Return

Investment return includes dividend, interest and other investment income; realized and unrealized gains and losses on investments carried at fair value, less external and direct internal investment expenses.

Investment return that is initially restricted by donor stipulation and for which the restriction will be satisfied in the same year is included in net assets without donor restrictions. Other investment return is reflected in the statements of operations and changes in net assets as with or without donor restrictions based upon the existence and nature of any donor or legally imposed restrictions.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment acquisitions over \$5,000 are stated at cost, less accumulated depreciation and amortization. Depreciation and amortization is charged to expense on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of each asset. Leasehold improvements are amortized over the shorter of the lease term or respective estimated useful lives.

The estimated useful lives for each major depreciable classification of property and equipment are as follows:

Buildings and leasehold improvements 5-20 years Land improvements 5-20 years Equipment and software 3-20 years

Construction in Progress

Construction in progress at June 30, 2024, primarily represents the construction and equipping of a new rural health clinic. This project is expected to be completed in fiscal year 2025 at a total expected cost of approximately \$5,100,000. Management intends to fund the project through grants and existing cash balances.

Long-lived Asset Impairment

The Hospital evaluates the recoverability of the carrying value of long-lived assets whenever events or circumstances indicate the carrying amount may not be recoverable. If a long-lived asset is tested for recoverability and the undiscounted estimated future cash flows expected to result from the use and eventual disposition of the asset is less than the carrying amount of the asset, the asset cost is adjusted to fair value and an impairment loss is recognized as the amount by which the carrying amount of a long-lived asset exceeds its fair value. No asset impairment was recognized during the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023.

Refund Liabilities

The consideration the Hospital has received from patients for which it does not expect to be entitled to is recorded as a refund liability.

Net Assets

Net assets, revenues, gains and losses are classified based on the existence or absence of donor or grantor restrictions.

Net assets without donor restrictions are available for use in general operations and not subject to donor or certain grantor restrictions.

Net assets with donor restrictions are subject to donor or certain grantor restrictions. Some restrictions are temporary in nature, such as those that will be met by the passage of time or other events specified by the donor. Other restrictions are perpetual in nature, where the donor or grantor stipulates that resources be maintained in perpetuity.

Patient Service Revenue

Patient service revenue is recognized as the Hospital satisfies performance obligations under its contracts with patients. Patient service revenue is reported at the estimated transaction price or amount that reflects the consideration to which the Hospital expects to be entitled in exchange for providing patient care. The Hospital determines the transaction price based on standard charges for goods and services provided, reduced by contractual adjustments provided to third-party payors, discounts provided to uninsured patients in accordance with the Hospital's policies and implicit price concessions provided to uninsured patients.

The Hospital determines its estimates of explicit price concessions which represent adjustments and discounts based on contractual agreements, its discount policies and historical experience by payor groups. The Hospital determines its estimate of implicit price concessions based on its historical collection experience by classes of patients. The estimated amounts also include variable consideration for retroactive revenue adjustments due to settlement of audits, reviews, and investigations by third-party payors.

Charity Care

The Hospital provides care without charge or at amounts less than its established rates to patients meeting certain criteria under its charity care policy. Because the Hospital does not pursue collection of amounts determined to qualify as charity care, these amounts are not reported as patient service revenue.

Contributions

Contributions are provided to the Hospital either with or without restrictions placed on the gift by the donor. Revenues and net assets are separately reported to reflect the nature of those gifts – with or without donor restrictions. The value recorded for each contribution is recognized as follows:

Nature of the Gift Conditional gifts, with or without restriction	Value Recognized
Gifts that depend on the Hospital overcoming a donor-imposed barrier to be entitled to the funds	Not recognized until the gift becomes unconditional, <i>i.e.</i> the donor-imposed barrier is met
Unconditional gifts, with or without restriction Received at date of gift – cash and other assets	Fair value
Received at date of gift – property, equipment, and long-lived assets	Estimated fair value
Expected to be collected within one year	Net realizable value
Collected in future years	Initially reported at fair value determined using the discounted present value of estimated future cash flows technique.

In addition to the amount initially recognized, revenue for unconditional gifts to be collected in future years is also recognized each year as the present-value discount is amortized using the level-yield method.

When a donor stipulated time restriction ends or purpose restriction is accomplished, net assets with donor restrictions are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions and reported in the statements of activities as net assets released from restrictions. Absent explicit donor stipulations for the period of time that long-lived assets must be held, expirations of restrictions for gifts of land, buildings, equipment, and other long-lived assets are reported when those assets are placed in service.

Gifts and investment income having donor stipulations which are satisfied in the period the gift is received are recorded as revenue and net assets without donor restrictions.

Conditional contributions having donor stipulations which are satisfied in the period the gift is received are recorded as revenue and net assets without donor restrictions.

Professional Liability Claims

The Hospital recognizes an accrual for claim liabilities based on estimated ultimate losses and costs associated with settling claims and a receivable to reflect the estimated insurance recoveries, if any.

The Hospital participates in the Louisiana Patients' Compensation Fund established by the state of Louisiana to provide medical professional liability coverage to healthcare providers. The fund provides \$400,000 in coverage per occurrence above the first \$100,000 per occurrence. The first \$100,000 is covered by the Louisiana Hospital Association Malpractice and General Liability Trust. There is not a limitation placed on the number of occurrences covered.

Workers' Compensation

The Hospital participates in the Louisiana Hospital Association's Self-Insurance Workmen's Compensation Trust Fund. Should the fund's assets not be adequate to cover claims made against it, the Hospital may be assessed its pro rata share of the resulting deficit. It is not possible to estimate the amount of assessments, if any, under this program. The portion of the fund that is refundable to the Hospital is included in other assets.

Income Taxes

The Hospital has been recognized as exempt from income taxes under Section 501 of the Internal Revenue Code and a similar provision of state law. However, the Hospital is subject to federal income tax on any unrelated business taxable income.

The Hospital files tax returns in the U.S. federal jurisdiction.

Excess of Revenues Over Expenses

The statements of operations include excess of revenues over expenses. Changes in net assets without donor restriction which are excluded from excess of revenues over expenses, consistent with industry practice, include contributions of long-lived assets (including assets acquired using contributions which by donor restriction were to be used for the purpose of acquiring such assets).

Self-Insurance

The Hospital has elected to self-insure certain costs related to employee health programs. Costs resulting from noninsured losses are charged to income when incurred. The Hospital has purchased insurance that limits its exposure for individual claims and that limits its aggregate exposure to \$50,000 per covered person at both June 30, 2024 and 2023.

Note 2. Patient Service Revenue

Patient service revenue is reported at the amount that reflects the consideration to which the Hospital expects to be entitled in exchange for providing patient care. These amounts are due from patients, third-party payors (including health insurers and government programs), and others and includes variable consideration for retroactive revenue adjustments due to settlement of audits, reviews, and investigations. Generally, the Hospital bills the patients and third-party payors several days after the services are performed or the patient is discharged from the facility. Revenue is recognized as performance obligations are satisfied.

Performance Obligations

Performance obligations are determined based on the nature of the services provided by the Hospital. Revenue for performance obligations satisfied over time is recognized based on actual charges incurred in relation to total expected or actual charges. The Hospital believes that this method provides a faithful depiction of the transfer of services over the term of the performance obligation based on the inputs needed to satisfy the obligation. Generally, performance obligations satisfied over time relate to patients in the Hospital receiving inpatient acute care services or patients receiving services in its outpatient centers. The Hospital measures the performance obligation from inpatient admission, or the commencement of an outpatient service, to the point when it is no longer required to provide services to that patient, which is generally at the time of discharge or completion of the outpatient services. Revenue for performance obligations satisfied at a point in time is generally recognized when goods are provided to its patients and customers in a retail setting (for example, pharmaceuticals) and the Hospital does not believe it is required to provide additional goods related to the patient.

Transaction Price

The Hospital determines the transaction price based on standard charges for goods and services provided, reduced by contractual adjustments provided to third-party payors, discounts provided to uninsured patients in accordance with the Hospital's policy, and implicit price concessions provided to uninsured patients. The Hospital determines its estimates of contractual adjustments and discounts based on contractual agreements, its discount policies, and historical experience. The Hospital determines its estimate of implicit price concessions based on its historical collection experience with this class of patients.

Third-Party Payors

Agreements with third-party payors typically provide for payments at amounts less than established charges. A summary of the payment arrangements with major third-party payors follows:

Medicare. The Hospital is designated by Medicare as a critical access hospital (CAH). Medicare inpatient and outpatient reimbursement is based on the defined allowable costs of services rendered. Certain services are paid based on cost-reimbursement methodologies subject to certain limits. Physician services are paid based upon established fee schedules.

Medicaid. Reimbursements for Medicaid Inpatient services are paid at prospectively determined rates per day. Medicaid outpatient reimbursement is generally based on the allowable costs of services rendered, as well as established fee schedules for some outpatient services, including physician services.

Other. Payment agreements with certain commercial insurance carriers, health maintenance organizations, and preferred provider organizations provide for payment using prospectively determined rates per discharge, discounts from established charges, and prospectively determined daily rates.

Laws and regulations concerning government programs, including Medicare and Medicaid, are complex and subject to varying interpretation. As a result of investigations by governmental agencies, various health care organizations have received requests for information and notices regarding alleged noncompliance with those laws and regulations, which, in some instances, have resulted in organizations entering into significant settlement agreements. Compliance with such laws and regulations may also be subject to future government review and interpretation, as well as significant regulatory action, including fines, penalties, and potential exclusion from the related programs. There can be no assurance that regulatory authorities will not challenge the Hospital's compliance with these laws and regulations, and it is not possible to determine the impact (if any) such claims or penalties would have upon the Hospital. In addition, the contracts the Hospital has with commercial payors also provide for retroactive audit and review of claims.

Settlements with third-party payors for retroactive adjustments due to audits, reviews, or investigations are considered variable consideration and are included in the determination of the estimated transaction price for providing patient care. These settlements are estimated based on the terms of the payment agreement with the payor, correspondence from the payor, and the Hospital's historical settlement activity, including an assessment to ensure that it is probable that a significant reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognized will not occur when the uncertainty associated with the retroactive adjustment is subsequently resolved. Estimated settlements are adjusted in future periods as adjustments become known based on newly available information or as years are settled or are no longer subject to such audits, reviews, and investigations. As of June 30, 2024, the Hospital's Medicare cost report audits have been completed through June 30, 2022.

Refund Liabilities

From time to time the Hospital will receive overpayments of patient balances from third-party payors or patients resulting in amounts owed back to either the patients or third-party payors. These amounts are excluded from revenues and are recorded as liabilities until they are refunded. As of June 30, 2024 and 2023, the Hospital has a liability for refunds to third-party payors and patients recorded of \$158,620 and \$48,720, respectively, which is included in accrued expenses in the balance sheets.

Patient and Uninsured Payors

Consistent with the Hospital's mission, care is provided to patients regardless of their ability to pay. Therefore, the Hospital has determined it has provided implicit price concessions to uninsured patients and patients with other uninsured balances, such as copays and deductibles. The implicit price concessions included in estimating the transaction price represent the difference between amounts billed to patients and the amounts the Hospital expects to collect based on its collection history with those patients.

Patients who meet the Hospital's criteria for charity care are provided care without charge or at amounts less than established rates. Such amounts determined to qualify as charity care are not reported as revenue.

Generally, patients who are covered by third-party payors are responsible for related deductibles and coinsurance, which vary in amount. The Hospital also provides services to uninsured patients and offers those uninsured patients a discount, either by policy or law, from standard charges. The Hospital estimates the transaction price for patients with deductibles and coinsurance and from those who are uninsured based on historical experience and current market conditions. The initial estimate of the transaction price is determined by reducing the standard charge by any contractual adjustments, discounts, and implicit price concessions based on historical collection experience. Subsequent changes to the estimate of the transaction price are generally recorded as adjustments to patient service revenue in the period of the change. For the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, there were no material changes in its estimates of implicit price concessions, discounts, and contractual adjustments for performance obligations satisfied in prior years. Subsequent changes that are determined to be the result of an adverse change in the patient's ability to pay are recorded as bad debt expense.

Revenue Composition

The Hospital has determined that the nature, amount, timing, and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows are affected by the following factors:

- Payors (for example, Medicare, Medicaid, managed care or other insurance, patient) have different reimbursement and payment methodologies
- · Length of the patient's service
- Method of reimbursement (fee for service)
- Hospital's line of business that provided the service (for example, hospital inpatient, hospital outpatient, etc.)

For both years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, the Hospital recognized all patient service revenue from goods and services that transfer to the customer over time. For both years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, the Hospital did not recognize any patient revenue from goods and services that transfer to the customer at a point in time.

Note 3. Investments and Investment Return

Investments at June 30, 2024 and 2023, include:

	2024	2023
Certificates of deposit	\$ 256,247	\$ 252,518
Negotiable certificates of deposit	6,836,145	2,755,606
Mutual fund - fixed income	257,222	248,023
U.S. Treasury securities	-	4,097,853
Accrued interest	98,725	
	\$ 7,448,339	\$ 7,354,000

Investment Return

Total investment return comprised of interest and dividend income for both years ending June 30, 2024 and 2023.

Note 4. Concentration of Credit Risk

The Hospital grants credit without collateral to its patients, most of whom are area residents and are insured under third-party payer agreements. The mix of receivables from patients and third-party payors at June 30, 2024 and 2023, is:

	2024	2023
Medicare	56%	56%
Medicaid	17%	15%
Other third-party payers	22%	24%
Patients	5%	5%
Total	100%	100%

Note 5. Net Assets

Net assets with donor restrictions at June 30 are restricted for the following purposes or periods:

	2024	2023
Subject to expenditure for specific purpose		
Purchase of property and equipment	<u>\$ 1,995,751</u>	\$ 1,300,000

Note 6. Functional Expenses

The Hospital provides health care services primarily to residents within its geographic area. Certain costs attributable to more than one function have been allocated among the health care services and general and administrative functional expense classifications. The following schedule presents the natural classification of expenses by function for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, as follows:

		2024	
	Health Care Services	General and Administrative	Total
Salanes and wages	\$ 6,615,980	\$ 1,239,465	\$ 7,855,445
Employee benefits	1,326,611	248,533	1,575,144
Purchased services and professional fees	4,863,503	1,431,486	6,294,989
Supplies	893,258	262,915	1,156,173
Other expenses	1,378,084	405,615	1,783,699
Depreciation and amortization	650,600	191,493	842,093
Total expenses	\$ 15,728,036	\$ 3,779,507	\$ 19,507,543

		2023	
	Health Care Services	General and Administrative	Total
Salaries and wages	\$ 6,381,967	\$ 1,445,336	\$ 7,827,303
Employee benefits	963,733	218,259	1,181,992
Purchased services and professional fees	4,735,354	1,273,461	6,008,815
Supplies	1,018,343	273,859	1,292,202
Other expenses	1,419,339	381,698	1,801,037
Depreciation and amortization	697,463	187,566	885,029
Total expenses	\$ 15,216,199	\$ 3,780,179	\$ 18,996,378

Note 7. Liquidity and Availability

Financial assets available for general expenditure, that is, without donor or other restrictions limiting their use, within one year of June 30, 2024 and 2023, comprise the following:

	2024	2023
Total financial assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 11,821,969	\$ 11,626,764
Short-term investments	7,448,339	7,354,000
Patient accounts receivable	2,628,195	1,946,680
Estimated amounts due from third-party payors	-	679,491
Assets limited as to use	2,362,364	-
Other receivables included in prepaid expenses and other	70,465	64,614
Other assets	398,586	431,094
Total financial assets	24,729,918	22,102,643
Less amounts not available to be used within one year		
Assets limited as to use	2,362,364	-
Other assets	398,586	431,094
Financial assets not available to be used within		
one year	2,760,950	431,094
Financial assets available to meet general		
expenditures within one year	\$ 21,968,968	\$ 21,671,549

The Hospital has assets limited to use for payment of employee sick leave over which the Board retains control. These assets limited to use are not available for general expenditure within the next year. However, the board-designated amounts could be made available, if necessary.

As a part of the Hospital's liquidity management, it has a policy to structure its financial assets to be available as its general expenditures, liabilities, and other obligations come due.

Note 8. Disclosures About Fair Value of Assets

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Fair value measurements must maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. The hierarchy comprises three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

- Level 1 Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities, quoted prices in markets that are not active, or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities

Level 3 Unobservable inputs supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities

Recurring Measurements

The following table presents the fair value measurements of assets and liabilities recognized in the accompanying balance sheets measured at fair value on a recurring basis and the level within the fair value hierarchy in which the fair value measurements fall at June 30, 2024 and 2023:

	Fair Value Measurements Using						
		Total Fair Value	ŗ	ioted Prices in Active Markets for ntical Assets (Level 1)	c	Significant Other Observable outs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
June 30, 2024							
Negotiable certificates of deposit and share certificates	\$	6,836,145	\$	-	\$	6,836,145	\$ -
Mutual fund - fixed income		257,222		257,222			
	\$	7,093,367	\$	257,222		6.836,145	<u>\$</u>
June 30, 2023							
Negotiable certificates of deposit and share certificates	\$	2,755,606	\$	-	\$	2,755,606	\$ -
U.S. Treasury securities		4,097,853		4,097,853		-	-
Mutual fund - fixed income		248,023		248,023		_	_
	\$_	7,101,482	\$	4,345,876	\$	2,755,606	\$ -

The following is a description of the valuation methodologies and inputs used for assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis and recognized in the accompanying balance sheets, as well as the general classification of such assets and liabilities pursuant to the valuation hierarchy.

Investments

Where quoted market prices are available in an active market, securities are classified within Level 1 of the valuation hierarchy. If quoted market prices are not available, then fair values are estimated by using quoted prices of securities with similar characteristics or independent asset pricing services and pricing models, the inputs of which are market-based or independently sourced market parameters, including, but not limited to, yield curves, interest rates, volatilities, prepayments, defaults, cumulative loss projections, and cash flows. Such securities are classified in Level 2 of the valuation hierarchy. In certain cases where Level 1 or Level 2 inputs are not available, securities are classified within Level 3 of the hierarchy. The Hospital did not have any Level 3 investments in 2024 or 2023.

Note 9. Retirement Plan

The Hospital has a defined contribution retirement plan covering substantially all employees. The Board annually determines the amount, if any, of the Hospital's contributions to the plan. Pension expense was approximately \$113,000 and \$86,000 for 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Note 10. Related Party Transactions

From time to time, the Hospital conducts business with organizations that are affiliated with Board members. This is often a result of a limited number of vendors in smaller communities. During 2024 and 2023, the Hospital maintained funds at Origin Bank where a Hospital Board member serves on the board of directors and is a senior vice-president. At June 30, 2024 and 2023, approximately \$13,155,000 and \$10,525,000, respectively, of the Hospital's cash balances was held at Origin Bank.

Note 11. Transactions with the District

In March 2008, the voters of the District approved the authorization of a ten-year, \$5.56 million property tax levy on all taxable property located within the District. In November 2018, a ten-year renewal of the property tax levy was approved. The tax can be used for constructing, maintaining, improving, equipping, and operating the Hospital facilities. The District board of commissioners determines how the tax proceeds will be spent. At the District's election, the Hospital may receive a portion of the tax proceeds from the District as a contribution. During both years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, the Hospital received \$650,000 from the District, and is included in restricted contributions received in the statements of changes in net assets. The funds are to be used to assist with the construction of a new rural health clinic (*Note 1*).

Note 12. COVID-19 Pandemic and CARES Act Funding

From the inception of the pandemic through June 30, 2024, the Hospital received approximately \$4,800,000 of distributions from the CARES Act Provider Relief Fund (collectively the Provider Relief Fund), of which \$0 was received in 2024 and 2023. These distributions from the Provider Relief Fund are not subject to repayment, provided the Hospital is able to attest to and comply with the terms and conditions of the funding, including demonstrating that the distributions received have been used for qualifying expenses or lost revenue attributable to COVID-19, as defined by the Department of Health and Human Services.

The Hospital accounts for such payments as conditional contributions in accordance with ASC Topic 958-605 – *Revenue Recognition*. Payments are recognized as contribution revenue once the applicable terms and conditions required to retain the funds have been substantially met. Based on an analysis of the compliance and reporting requirements of the Provider Relief Fund and the effect of the pandemic on the Hospital's revenues and expenses, the Hospital recognized approximately \$0 and \$827,000, related to the distributions from the Provider Relief Fund during the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, which are recorded as CARES Act revenue in the accompanying statements of operations.

The Hospital will continue to monitor compliance with the terms and conditions of the Provider Relief Fund and the effect of the pandemic on the Hospital's revenues and expenses. The terms and conditions governing the Provider Relief Fund are complex and subject to interpretation and change. If the Hospital is unable to attest to or comply with current or future terms and conditions, our ability to retain some or all of the distributions received may be affected. The Provider Relief Funds are subject to government oversight, including potential audits.

Note 13. Significant Estimates and Concentrations

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require disclosure of certain significant estimates and current vulnerabilities due to certain concentrations. Those matters include the following:

Variable Consideration

Estimates of variable consideration in determining the transaction price for patient service revenue as described in *Notes 1* and 2.

Medical Malpractice Claims

Estimates related to the accrual for medical malpractice claims are described in Note 1.

Physician Revenue Concentration

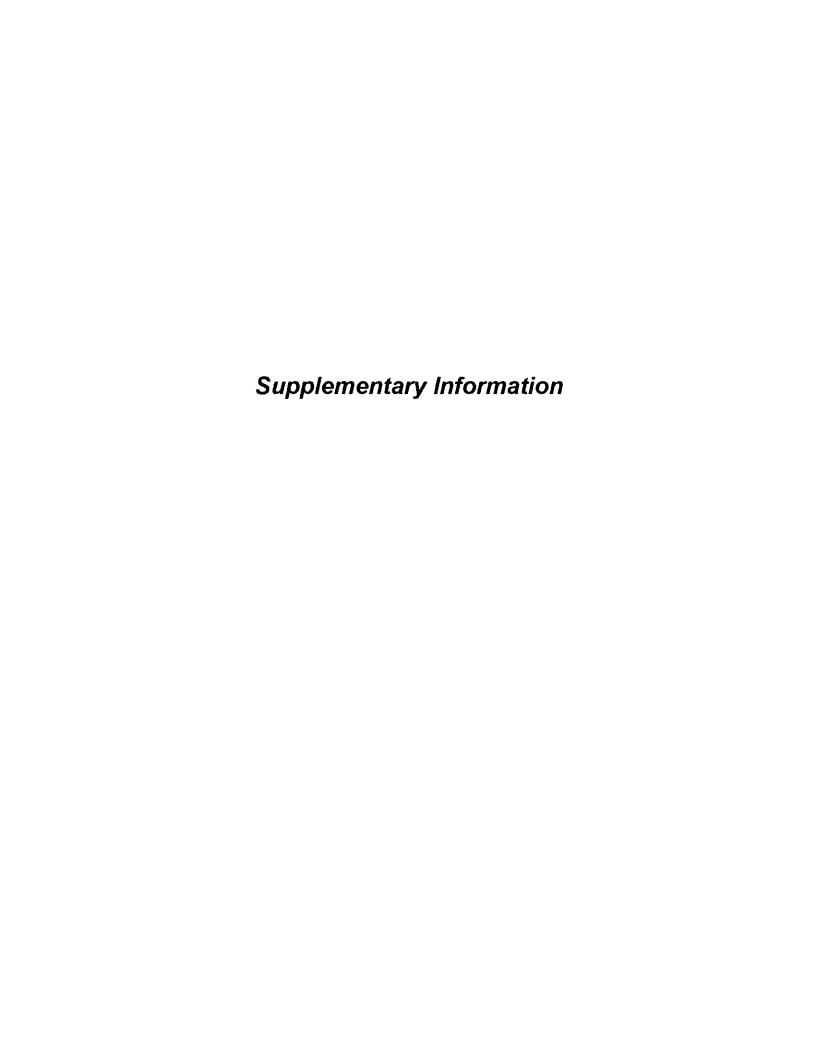
The Hospital is served by four physicians whose patients comprise approximately 50% of the Hospital's patient service revenue for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Investments

The Hospital invests in various investment securities. Investment securities are exposed to various risks such as interest rate, market and credit risks. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in the values of investment securities will occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect the amounts reported in the accompanying balance sheets.

Note 14. Subsequent Events

Subsequent events have been evaluated through October 28, 2024, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.



Name of Hospital Chief Executive Officer: Dianne Davidson

Purpose		Amount		
Salary	\$	208,126		
Benefits – insurance		3,475		
Benefits – retirement and other		58,140		
Car allowance		6,347		
Reimbursements		1,952		
Conference travel		2,089		
	\$	280,129		

Forvis Mazars, LLP 14221 Dallas Parkway, Suite 400 Dallas, TX 75254 P 972.702.8262 | F 972.702.0673 forvismazars.us



Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Trustees Union General Hospital, Inc. Farmerville, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Union General Hospital, Inc. (Hospital), which comprise the Hospital's balance sheet as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, and the related statements of operations and changes in net assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 28, 2024.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Hospital's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Hospital's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Hospital's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies, and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We identified certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as item 2024-001, that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Hospital's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Hospital's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the Hospital's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. The Hospital's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements, and accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Forvis Mazars, LLP

Dallas, Texas October 28, 2024

Reference Number	Finding
2024-001	Segregation of Duties
	Criteria – Personnel functions that have the ability to conceal and perpetrate fraud should be segregated.
	Condition – The Hospital has a lack of segregation of duties regarding bank reconciliations and payment processing.
	Context – The personnel that reconciles the bank account also makes journal entries and processes payments; the business office coordinator has the ability to take payments, post adjustments, and write-off accounts.
	Effect – The ability to perpetrate and conceal fraud.
	Cause – The Hospital operates a smaller/medium sized facility and has limited personnel.
	Recommendation – The Hospital should segregate incompatible duties to improve its internal controls related to cash receipts and cash payments. Specifically, personnel with access to patient payments should not also have the ability to authorize or approve adjustments to patient accounts. In addition, individuals with the ability to generate payments should have separate duties from individuals with recording and monitoring duties.
	Views of responsible officials and planned corrective actions –

We understand the importance of the Segregation of Duties as it relates to maintaining internal control. As mentioned, the Hospital does have limited personnel in certain areas that creates a lack of Segregation of Duties, but we believe that we have sufficient checks and balances in

place in those areas to adequately minimize any risks.

Union General Hospital, Inc.

Independent Accountant's Report on Applying Agreed-Upon Procedures For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 Forvis Mazars, LLP 14221 Dallas Parkway, Suite 400 Dallas, TX 75254 P 972.702.8262 | F 972.702.0673 forvismazars.us



Independent Accountant's Report on Applying Agreed-Upon Procedures

Boards of Trustees Union General Hospital, Inc. Farmerville, Louisiana

We have performed the procedures enumerated in the attachment to this report on the control and compliance areas identified in the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's (LLA's) Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024. The management of Union General Hospital, Inc. (Hospital) is responsible for the control and compliance areas identified in the LLA's Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures.

The Hospital has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate to meet the intended purpose of testing the control and compliance areas identified in the LLA's Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024. This report may not be suitable for any other purpose. The procedures performed may not address all the items of interest to a user of this report and may not meet the needs of all users of this report and, as such, users are responsible for determining whether the procedures performed are appropriate for their purposes.

The procedures and the associated findings are described in the attachment to this report.

We were engaged by the Hospital to perform this agreed-upon procedures engagement and conducted our engagement in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the applicable standards of *Government Auditing Standards*. We were not engaged to, and did not, conduct an examination or review engagement, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion or conclusion, respectively, on those control and compliance areas identified in the LLA's Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion or conclusion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

We are required to be independent of the Hospital and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements related to our agreed-upon procedures engagement.

Under Louisiana Revised Statue 24:513, this report is distributed by the LLA as a public document.

Forvis Mazars, LLP

Dallas, Texas October 11, 2024

Written Policies and Procedures

- Obtain and inspect the entity's written policies and procedures and observe whether they address each of the following categories and subcategories if applicable to public funds and the entity's operations:
 - a) **Budgeting,** including preparing, adopting, monitoring, and amending the budget.
 - b) **Purchasing,** including (1) how purchases are initiated; (2) how vendors are added to the vendor list; (3) the preparation and approval process of purchase requisitions and purchase orders; (4) controls to ensure compliance with the Public Bid Law; and (5) documentation required to be maintained for all bids and price quotes.
 - c) **Disbursements,** including processing, reviewing, and approving.
 - d) Receipts/Collections, including receiving, recording, and preparing deposits. Also, policies and procedures should include management's actions to determine the completeness of all collections for each type of revenue or agency fund additions (e.g., periodic confirmation with outside parties, reconciliation to utility billing after cutoff procedures, reconciliation of traffic ticket number sequences, agency fund forfeiture monies confirmation).
 - e) **Payroll/Personnel**, including (1) payroll processing, (2) reviewing and approving time and attendance records, including leave and overtime worked, and (3) approval process for employee(s) rate of pay or approval and maintenance of pay rate schedules.
 - f) Contracting, including (1) types of services requiring written contracts, (2) standard terms and conditions, (3) legal review, (4) approval process, and (5) monitoring process.
 - g) Travel and Expense Reimbursement, including (1) allowable expenses, (2) dollar thresholds by category of expense, (3) documentation requirements, and (4) required approvers.
 - h) Credit Cards (and debit cards, fuel cards, P-Cards, if applicable), including (1) how cards are to be controlled, (2) allowable business uses, (3) documentation requirements, (4) required approvers of statements, and (5) monitoring card usage (e.g., determining the reasonableness of fuel card purchases).
 - Ethics, including (1) the prohibitions as defined in Louisiana Revised Statute (R.S.) 42:1111-1121, (2) actions to be taken if an ethics violation takes place, (3) system to monitor possible ethics violations, and (4) a requirement that documentation is maintained to demonstrate that all employees and officials were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy.
 - j) Debt Service, including (1) debt issuance approval, (2) continuing disclosure/EMMA reporting requirements, (3) debt reserve requirements, and (4) debt service requirements.

- k) Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity, including (1) identification of critical data and frequency of data backups, (2) storage of backups in a separate physical location isolated from the network, (3) periodic testing/verification that backups can be restored, (4) use of antivirus software on all systems, (5) timely application of all available system and software patches/updates, and (6) identification of personnel, processes, and tools needed to recover operations after a critical event.
- Sexual Harassment, including R.S. 42:342-344 requirements for (1) agency responsibilities and prohibitions, (2) annual employee training, and (3) annual reporting.

Findings

The Hospital does not have written policies and procedures that address budget amendments, standard contract terms and conditions and legal review or monitoring as it relates to contracts, or disbursements with respect to public funds.

Steps 1e, 1g, and 1j are not applicable as the Hospital does not use public funds for these respective purposes.

Steps 1i and 1l are not applicable as the Hospital is a not-for-profit entity that is not subject to The Louisiana Code of Ethics.

We performed the procedures related to information technology disaster recovery/business continuity and discussed the results with management.

Board or Finance Committee

- Obtain and inspect the board/finance committee minutes for the fiscal period, as well as the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or equivalent document in effect during the fiscal period, and:
 - a) Observe that the board/finance committee met with a quorum at least monthly, or on a frequency in accordance with the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or other equivalent document.
 - b) For those entities reporting on the governmental accounting model, observe whether the minutes referenced or included monthly budget-to-actual comparisons on the general fund, quarterly budget- to-actual, at a minimum, on proprietary funds, and semi-annual budget- to-actual, at a minimum, on all special revenue funds. Alternatively, for those entities reporting on the not-forprofit accounting model, observe that the minutes referenced or included financial activity relating to public funds if those public funds comprised more than 10% of the entity's collections during the fiscal period.

- c) For governmental entities, obtain the prior year audit report and observe the unassigned fund balance in the general fund. If the general fund had a negative ending unassigned fund balance in the prior year audit report, observe that the minutes for at least one meeting during the fiscal period referenced or included a formal plan to eliminate the negative unassigned fund balance in the general fund.
- d) Observe whether the board/finance committee received written updates of the progress of resolving audit findings(s), according to management's corrective action plan at each meeting until the findings are considered fully resolved.

Findings

The Hospital's Board of Directors meeting minutes did not reference or include updates regarding the resolution of audit findings.

Steps 2b and 2c are not applicable as the Hospital is not a governmental entity and does not report on the governmental accounting model. Furthermore, in reference to step 2b, the Hospital's public funds do not comprise more than 10% of the Hospital's collections during the fiscal period.

Except where otherwise stated, no exceptions were identified in the performance of the procedures listed above.

Bank Reconciliations

- 3. Obtain a listing of entity bank accounts for the fiscal period from management and management's representation that the listing is complete. Ask management to identify the entity's main operating account. Select the entity's main operating account and randomly select 4 additional accounts (or all accounts if less than 5). Randomly select one month from the fiscal period, obtain and inspect the corresponding bank statement and reconciliation for each selected account, and observe that:
 - a) Bank reconciliations include evidence that they were prepared within 2 months
 of the related statement closing date (e.g., initialed and dated or electronically
 logged);
 - b) Bank reconciliations include evidence that a member of management/board member who does not handle cash, post ledgers, or issue checks has reviewed each bank reconciliation (e.g., initialed and dated, electronically logged); and
 - c) Management has documentation reflecting it has researched reconciling items that have been outstanding for more than 12 months from the statement closing date, if applicable.

Findings

Management provided a listing of bank accounts for which public funds are deposited into, asserting that one account was used for the year ending June 30, 2024, and that the listing was complete.

Bank reconciliations are completed monthly by the Controller and include evidence that a member of management (the Chief Operating Officer) has reviewed each bank reconciliation.

Except where otherwise stated, no exceptions were identified in the performance of the procedures listed above.

Collections (excluding electronic funds transfers)

- 4. Obtain a listing of deposit sites for the fiscal period where deposits for cash/checks/money orders (cash) are prepared and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 deposit sites (or all deposit sites if less than 5).
- 5. For each deposit site selected, obtain a listing of collection locations and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one collection location for each deposit site (i.e., 5 collection locations for 5 deposit sites), obtain and inspect written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if no written policies or procedures, inquire of employees about their job duties) at each collection location, and observe that job duties are properly segregated at each collection location such that:
 - a) Employees responsible for cash collections do not share cash drawers/registers;
 - Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not responsible for preparing/making bank deposits, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling collection documentation (e.g., pre-numbered receipts) to the deposit;
 - Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not responsible for posting collection entries to the general ledger or subsidiary ledgers, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling ledger postings to each other and to the deposit; and
 - d) The employee(s) responsible for reconciling cash collections to the general ledger and/or subsidiary ledgers, by revenue source and/or agency fund additions, are not responsible for collecting cash, unless another employee/official verifies the reconciliation.
- Obtain from management a copy of the bond or insurance policy for theft covering all employees who have access to cash. Observe the bond or insurance policy for theft was enforced during the fiscal period.

- 7. Randomly select two deposit dates for each of the 5 bank accounts selected for procedure #3 under "Bank Reconciliations" above (select the next deposit date chronologically if no deposits were made on the dates randomly selected and randomly select a deposit if multiple deposits are made on the same day). Obtain supporting documentation for each of the 10 deposits and:
 - a) Observe that receipts are sequentially pre-numbered.
 - b) Trace sequentially pre-numbered receipts, system reports, and other related collection documentation to the deposit slip.
 - c) Trace the deposit slip total to the actual deposit per the bank statement.
 - d) Observe the deposit was made within one business day of receipt at the collection location (within one week if the depository is more than 10 miles from the collection location or the deposit is less than \$100 and the cash is stored securely in a locked safe or drawer).
 - e) Trace the actual deposit per the bank statement to the general ledger.

Findings

Management provided a listing of cash/check/money order (cash) collection sites, asserting that one check was received for the year ending June 30, 2024 related to the use of public funds at one location and that the listing was complete.

No exceptions were identified in the performance of the procedures listed above.

Non-Payroll Disbursements (excluding card purchases/payments, travel reimbursements, and petty cash purchases)

- 8. Obtain a listing of locations that process payments for the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 locations (or all locations if less than 5).
- 9. For each location selected under #8 above, obtain a listing of those employees involved with non-payroll purchasing and payment functions. Obtain written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if the agency has no written policies and procedures, inquire of employees about their job duties), and observe that job duties are properly segregated such that:
 - a) At least two employees are involved in initiating a purchase request, approving a purchase, and placing an order/making the purchase.
 - b) At least two employees are involved in processing and approving payments to vendors.
 - c) The employee responsible for processing payments is prohibited from adding/modifying vendor files unless another employee is responsible for periodically reviewing changes to vendor files.

- d) Either the employee/official responsible for signing checks mails the payment or gives the signed checks to an employee to mail who is not responsible for processing payments.
- e) Only employees/officials authorized to sign checks approve the electronic disbursement (release) of funds, whether through automated clearinghouse (ACH), electronic funds transfer (EFT), wire transfer, or some other electronic means.
- 10. For each location selected under #8 above, obtain the entity's non-payroll disbursement transaction population (excluding cards and travel reimbursements) and obtain management's representation that the population is complete. Randomly select 5 disbursements for each location, obtain supporting documentation for each transaction, and:
 - a) Observe whether the disbursement matched the related original itemized invoice and supporting documentation indicates deliverables included on the invoice were received by the entity.
 - b) Observe whether the disbursement documentation included evidence (e.g., initial/date, electronic logging) of segregation of duties tested under #9, as applicable.
- 11. Using the entity's main operating account and the month selected in Bank Reconciliations procedure #3A, randomly select 5 non-payroll-related electronic disbursements (or all electronic disbursements if less than 5) and observe that each electronic disbursement was (a) approved by only those persons authorized to disburse funds (e.g., sign checks) per the entity's policy, and (b) approved by the required number of authorized signers per the entity's policy. Note: If no electronic payments were made from the main operating account during the month selected the practitioner should select an alternative month and/or account for testing that does include electronic disbursements.

Findings

Management provided a listing of disbursements as it relates to public funds for the year ending June 30, 2024, asserting that the listing was complete.

Except where otherwise stated, no exceptions were identified in the performance of the procedures listed above.

Credit Cards/Debit Cards/Fuel Cards/P-Cards

Procedures

12. Obtain from management a listing of all active credit cards, bank debit cards, fuel cards, and P-cards (cards) for the fiscal period, including the card numbers and the names of the persons who maintained possession of the cards. Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete.

- 13. Using the listing prepared by management, randomly select 5 cards (or all cards if less than 5) that were used during the fiscal period. Randomly select one monthly statement or combined statement for each card (for a debit card, randomly select one monthly bank statement), obtain supporting documentation, and
 - a) Observe whether there is evidence that the monthly statement or combined statement and supporting documentation (e.g., original receipts for credit/debit card purchases, exception reports for excessive fuel card usage) were reviewed and approved, in writing (or electronically approved), by someone other than the authorized card holder.
 - Observe that finance charges and late fees were not assessed on the selected statements.
- 14. Using the monthly statements or combined statements selected under #12 above, excluding fuel cards, randomly select 10 transactions (or all transactions if less than 10) from each statement, and obtain supporting documentation for the transactions (i.e., each card should have 10 transactions subject to testing). For each transaction, observe it is supported by (1) an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased, (2) written documentation of the business/public purpose, and (3) documentation of the individuals participating in meals (for meal charges only). For missing receipts, the practitioner should describe the nature of the transaction and note whether management had a compensating control to address missing receipts, such as a "missing receipt statement" that is subject to increased scrutiny.

Findings

Management provided a listing of all active credit cards, bank debit cards, fuel cards, and P-cards (cards) (including the card numbers and the names of the persons who maintained possession of the cards), asserting that no cards were used for expending public funds for the year ending June 30, 2024 and that the listing was complete.

No exceptions were identified in the performance of the procedures listed above.

Travel and Travel-Related Expenses Reimbursements (excluding card transactions)

- 15. Obtain from management a listing of all travel and travel-related expense reimbursements during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing or general ledger is complete. Randomly select 5 reimbursements, obtain the related expense reimbursement forms/prepaid expense documentation of each selected reimbursement, as well as the supporting documentation. For each of the 5 reimbursements selected:
 - a) If reimbursed using a per diem, observe the approved reimbursement rate is no more than those rates established either by the State of Louisiana or the U.S. General Services Administration (www.gsa.gov).

- b) If reimbursed using actual costs, observe the reimbursement is supported by an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased.
- c) Observe each reimbursement is supported by documentation of the business/public purpose (for meal charges, observe that the documentation includes the names of those individuals participating) and other documentation required by written policy (procedure #1h).
- d) Observe each reimbursement was reviewed and approved, in writing, by someone other than the person receiving reimbursement.

Findings

Management asserted that public funds were not utilized for travel or travel related expenditures for the period ended June 30, 2024. Accordingly, there are no items to report for steps 15 through 15d.

Contracts

Procedures

- 16. Obtain from management a listing of all agreements/contracts for professional services, materials and supplies, leases, and construction activities that were initiated or renewed during the fiscal period. Alternately, the practitioner may use an equivalent selection source, such as an active vendor list. Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 contracts (or all contracts if less than 5) from the listing, excluding the practitioner's contract, and:
 - a) Observe whether the contract was bid in accordance with the Louisiana Public Bid Law (e.g., solicited quotes or bids, advertised), if required by law.
 - b) Observe whether the contract was approved by the governing body/board, if required by policy or law (e.g., Lawrason Act, Home Rule Charter).
 - c) If the contract was amended (e.g., change order), observe the original contract terms provided for such an amendment and that amendments were made in compliance with the contract terms (e.g., if approval is required for any amendment, was approval documented).
 - d) Randomly select one payment from the fiscal period for each of the 5 contracts, obtain the supporting invoice, agree the invoice to the contract terms, and observe the invoice and related payment agreed to the terms and conditions of the contract.

Findings

Management provided a listing of all agreements/contracts for professional services, materials and supplies, leases and construction activities that were initiated or renewed during the year ended June 30, 2024, asserting that the listing was complete.

No exceptions were identified in the performance of the procedures listed above.

Payroll and Personnel

Procedures

- 17. Obtain a listing of employees and officials employed during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 employees or officials, obtain related paid salaries and personnel files, and agree paid salaries to authorized salaries/pay rates in the personnel files.
- 18. Randomly select one pay period during the fiscal period. For the 5 employees or officials selected under #16 above, obtain attendance records and leave documentation for the pay period, and:
 - a) Observe all selected employees or officials documented their daily attendance and leave (e.g., vacation, sick, compensatory). (Note: Generally, officials are not eligible to earn leave and do not document their attendance and leave. However, if the official is earning leave according to a policy and/or contract, the official should document his/her daily attendance and leave.)
 - b) Observe whether supervisors approved the attendance and leave of the selected employees or officials.
 - Observe any leave accrued or taken during the pay period is reflected in the entity's cumulative leave records.
 - d) Observe the rate paid to the employees or officials agree to the authorized salary/pay rate found within the personnel file.
- 19. Obtain a listing of those employees or officials that received termination payments during the fiscal period and management's representation that the list is complete. Randomly select two employees or officials, obtain related documentation of the hours and pay rates used in management's termination payment calculations and the entity's policy on termination payments. Agree the hours to the employee or officials' cumulative leave records, agree the pay rates to the employee or officials' authorized pay rates in the employee or officials' personnel files, and agree the termination payment to entity policy.
- 20. Obtain management's representation that employer and employee portions of third-party payroll related amounts (e.g., payroll taxes, retirement contributions, health insurance premiums, garnishments, workers' compensation premiums, etc.) have been paid, and any associated forms have been filed, by required deadlines.

Findings

Management asserted that the Hospital's use of public funds does not include payroll or other personnel related expenses. Accordingly, there are no items to report for steps 17 through 20.

Ethics

Procedures

- 21. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from procedure #16 under "Payroll and Personnel" above obtain ethics documentation from management, and:
 - a) Observe whether the documentation demonstrates each employee/official completed one hour of ethics training during the fiscal period.
 - b) Observe whether the entity maintains documentation which demonstrates each employee and official were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy during the fiscal period, as applicable.
- 22. Inquire and/or observe whether the agency has appointed an ethics designee as required by R.S.42:1170.

Findings

The Hospital is a nonprofit entity for which the Louisiana Code of Ethics is not applicable. Accordingly, there are no items to report for steps 21 through 22.

Debt Service

Procedures

- 23. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes and other debt instruments issued during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all debt instruments on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that State Bond Commission approval was obtained for each debt instrument issued as required by Article VII, Section 8 of the Louisiana Constitution.
- 24. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes outstanding at the end of the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one bond/note, inspect debt covenants, obtain supporting documentation for the reserve balance and payments, and agree actual reserve balances and payments to those required by debt covenants (including contingency funds, short-lived asset funds, or other funds required by the debt covenants).

Findings

Management asserted that there were no debt instruments issued, retired or outstanding for the year ended June 30, 2024. Accordingly, there are no items to report for steps 23 through 24.

Fraud Notice

Procedures

- 25. Obtain a listing of misappropriations of public funds and assets during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all misappropriations on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that the entity reported the misappropriation(s) to the legislative auditor and the district attorney of the parish in which the entity is domiciled as required by R.S. 24:523.
- 26. Observe the entity has posted on its premises and website, the notice required by R.S. 24:523.1 concerning the reporting of misappropriation, fraud, waste, or abuse of public funds.

Findings

No exceptions were identified in the performance of the procedures listed above.

Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity

Procedures

- 27. Perform the following procedures, verbally discuss the results with management, and report "We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management."
 - a) Obtain and inspect the entity's most recent documentation that it has backed up its critical data (if no written documentation, inquire of personnel responsible for backing up critical data) and observe that such backup occurred within the past week. If backups are stored on a physical medium (e.g., tapes, CDs), observe evidence that backups are encrypted before being transported.
 - b) Obtain and inspect the entity's most recent documentation that it has tested/verified that its backups can be restored (if no written documentation, inquire of personnel responsible for testing/verifying backup restoration) and observe evidence that the test/verification was successfully performed within the past 3 months.
 - c) Obtain a listing of the entity's computers currently in use and their related locations, and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 computers and observe while management demonstrates that the selected computers have current and active antivirus software and that the operating system and accounting system software in use are currently supported by the vendor.
- 28. Randomly select 5 terminated employees (or all terminated employees if less than 5) using the list of terminated employees obtained in procedure #19. Observe evidence that the selected terminated employees have been removed or disabled from the network.

Findings

We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management.

Prevention of Sexual Harassment

Procedures

- 29. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from Payroll and Personnel procedure #19, obtain sexual harassment training documentation from management, and observe the documentation demonstrates each employee/official completed at least one hour of sexual harassment training during the calendar year as required by R.S. 42:343.
- 30. Observe the entity has posted its sexual harassment policy and complaint procedure on its website (or in a conspicuous location on the entity's premises if the entity does not have a website).
- 31. Obtain the entity's annual sexual harassment report for the current fiscal period, observe that the report was dated on or before February 1, and observe it includes the applicable requirements of R.S. 42:344:
 - a) Number and percentage of public servants in the agency who have completed the training requirements;
 - b) Number of sexual harassment complaints received by the agency;
 - Number of complaints which resulted in a finding that sexual harassment occurred;
 - d) Number of complaints in which the finding of sexual harassment resulted in discipline or corrective action; and
 - e) Amount of time it took to resolve each complaint.

Findings

The Hospital is a nonprofit entity for which the sexual harassment law R.S. 42:341, et seq. is not applicable. Accordingly, there are no items to report for steps 29 through 31e.

Management's Response

Management understands the importance of having policies and procedures in place and being able to monitor those policies and procedures for compliance. Management is in the process of updating all policy and procedure manuals district-wide and will consider the findings noted in this document as the policies and procedures are being updated. Management will also look at procedures that are currently in place that do not meet the LLA's requirements to determine the changes necessary to ensure compliance.

Forvis Mazars Report to the Board of Trustees and Management

Union General Hospital, Inc.

Results of the 2024 Financial Statement Audit, Including Required Communications

June 30, 2024



Required Communications Regarding Our Audit Strategy & Approach (AU-C 260)

The following matters are required communications we must make to you, including these responsibilities:

Overview & Responsibilities

Scope of Our Audit & Inherent Limitation to Reasonable Assurance

Your & Our Responsibilities

Extent of Our
Communication &
Distribution Restriction

Independence Matters

Matter	Discussion
Scope of Our Audit	This report covers audit results related to your financial statements and supplementary information
	 As of and for the year ended June 30, 2024
	 Conducted in accordance with our contract dated July 12, 2024
Our Responsibilities	Forvis Mazars is responsible for forming and expressing an opinion about whether the financial statements that have been prepared by management, with the oversight of those charged with governance, are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).
Audit Scope & Inherent Limitations to Reasonable Assurance	An audit performed in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and <i>Government Auditing Standards</i> issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (GAGAS) is designed to obtain reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance about the financial statements. The scope of our audit tests was established in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole and did not include a detailed audit of all transactions.
Extent of Our Communication	In addition to areas of interest and noting prior communications made during other phases of the engagement, this report includes communications required in accordance with GAAS that are relevant to the responsibilities of those charged with governance in overseeing the financial reporting process, including audit approach, results, and internal control. The standards do not require the auditor to design procedures for the purpose of identifying other matters to be communicated with those charged with governance.
Independence	The engagement team, others in our firm, as appropriate, and our firm, have complied with all relevant ethical requirements regarding independence.

Discussion						
Our audit does not relieve management or those charged with governance of your responsibilities. Your responsibilities and ours are further referenced in our contract.						
This communication is intended solely for the information and use of the following and intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties:						
Board of Trustees and Management						
Others within the Entity						

Government Auditing Standards

Matter	Discussion
Additional	We also provided reports as of June 30, 2024, on the following as required by GAGAS:
GAGAS Reporting	 Internal control over financial reporting and on compliance and other matters based on an audit of the financial statements performed in accordance with GAGAS
Reporting Limitations	Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting and our tests of compliance were not designed with an objective of forming an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control or on compliance, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Qualitative Aspects of Significant Accounting Policies and Practices

The following matters are detailed in the following pages and included in our assessment:

Significant Accounting Policies or Methods

Management Judgments & Accounting Estimates

Alternative Accounting Treatments

Our Judgment About the Quality of the Entity's Accounting Principles

Significant Accounting Policies

Significant accounting policies are described in Note 1 of the audited financial statements.

With respect to new accounting standards adopted during the year, we call to your attention the following topics detailed in the following pages:

No matters are reportable

Unusual Policies or Methods

With respect to significant unusual accounting policies or accounting methods used for significant unusual transactions (significant transactions outside the normal course of business or that otherwise appear to be unusual due to their timing, size, or nature):

No matters are reportable

Alternative Accounting Treatments

We had discussions with management regarding alternative accounting treatments within GAAP for policies and practices for material items, including recognition, measurement and disclosure considerations related to the accounting for specific transactions as well as general accounting policies, as follows.

No matters are reportable



Management Judgments and Accounting Estimates

Accounting estimates are an integral part of financial statement preparation by management, based on its judgments. Significant areas of such estimates for which we are prepared to discuss management's estimation process and our procedures for testing the reasonableness of those estimates include:

- Valuation of patient accounts receivable and patient service revenue
- Estimates of third-party payer settlements

Financial Statement Disclosures

The following areas involve particularly sensitive financial statement disclosures for which we are prepared to discuss the issues involved and related judgments made in formulating those disclosures:

- Revenue recognition
- CARES Act Funding

Our Judgment About the Quality of the Entity's Accounting Principles

During the course of the audit, we made the following observations regarding the Entity's application of accounting principles:

No matters are reportable



Adjustments Identified by Audit

During the course of any audit, an auditor may propose adjustments to financial statement amounts. Management evaluates our proposals and records those adjustments that, in its judgment, are required to prevent the financial statements from being materially misstated.

A misstatement is a difference between the amount, classification, presentation, or disclosure of a reported financial statement item and that which is required for the item to be presented fairly in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework.

Proposed & Recorded Adjustments

Auditor-proposed and management-recorded entries include the following:

Construction in progress and accounts payable

Uncorrected Misstatements

Some adjustments proposed were **not recorded** because their effect is not currently considered material. We request that all identified misstatements be corrected.

Uncorrected misstatements that were determined by management to be immaterial, both individually and in the aggregate, but more than trivial to the financial statements as a whole are included as an attachment to this communication.

While these uncorrected misstatements were deemed to be immaterial to the current-period financial statements, it is possible that the impact of these uncorrected misstatements, or matters underlying these uncorrected misstatements, could potentially cause future-period financial statements to be materially misstated.

Current Period Uncorrected Misstatements

See attached for summary of uncorrected misstatements

Other Required Communications

Other Material Communications

Listed below are other material communications between management and us related to the audit:

Management representation letter (see Attachments)

We orally communicated to management other deficiencies in internal control identified during our audit that are not considered material weaknesses or significant deficiencies.

Required Communications Regarding Internal Control (AU-C 265)

Consideration of Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Union General Hospital, Inc., as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, in accordance with GAAS, we considered the Entity's internal control over financial reporting (internal control).

This consideration served as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstance for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements.

However, this consideration was not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.

Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraphs and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

This communication is intended solely for the information and use of the following and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties:

- The Board of Directors, Audit Committee, and Management
- Others within the Entity



Categorizing Deficiencies by Severity

Deficiency

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis.

Significant Deficiency

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Material Weakness

A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material misstatements of the Entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis.







Identified Deficiencies

We identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

Significant Deficiencies

Refer to the Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.



Attachments

Management Representation Letter (Attachment A)

As a material communication with management, included herein is a copy of the representation letter provided by management at the conclusion of our engagement.

Attachment A

Management Representation Letter

Representation of: Union General Hospital, Inc. PO Box 398 Farmerville, Louisiana 71241

Provided to:
Forvis Mazars, LLP
Certified Public Accountants
14221 Dallas Parkway, Suite 400
Dallas, Texas 75254

The undersigned ("We") are providing this letter in connection with Forvis Mazars' audits of our financial statements as of and for the years ended June 30, 2024, and 2023.

Our representations are current and effective as of the date of Forvis Mazars' report: October 28, 2024.

Our engagement with Forvis Mazars is based on our contract for services dated: July 12, 2024.

Our Responsibility & Consideration of Material Matters

We confirm that we are responsible for the fair presentation of the financial statements subject to Forvis Mazars' report in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We are also responsible for adopting sound accounting policies; establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting, operations, and compliance; and preventing and detecting fraud.

Certain representations in this letter are described as being limited to matters that are material. Items are considered material, regardless of size, if they involve an omission or misstatement of accounting information that, in light of surrounding circumstances, makes it probable that the judgment of a reasonable person relying on the information would be changed or influenced by the omission or misstatement. An omission or misstatement that is monetarily small in amount could be considered material as a result of qualitative factors.

Confirmation of Matters Specific to the Subject Matter of Forvis Mazars' Report

We confirm, to the best of our knowledge and belief, the following:

Broad Matters

- 1. We have fulfilled our responsibilities, as set out in the terms of our contract, for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.
- 2. We acknowledge our responsibility for the design, implementation, and maintenance of:
 - a. Internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.
 - Internal control to prevent and detect fraud.
- 3. We have provided you with:

- a. Access to all information of which we are aware that is relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements, such as financial records and related data, documentation, and other matters.
- b. Additional information that you have requested from us for the purpose of the audit.
- Unrestricted access to persons within the entity from whom you determined it necessary to obtain audit evidence.
- d. All minutes of trustees meetings held through the date of this letter or summaries of actions of recent meetings for which minutes have not yet been prepared. All unsigned copies of minutes provided to you are copies of our original minutes approved by the board, if applicable, and maintained as part of our records.
- e. All significant contracts and grants.
- We have responded fully and truthfully to all your inquiries.

Government Auditing Standards

- 5. We acknowledge that we are responsible for compliance with applicable laws, regulations, and provisions of contracts and grant agreements.
- 6. We have identified and disclosed to you all laws, regulations, and provisions of contracts and grant agreements that have a direct and material effect on the determination of amounts in our financial statements or other financial data significant to the audit objectives.
- 7. We have identified and disclosed to you any violations or possible violations of laws, regulations, and provisions of contracts and grant agreements, tax or debt limits, and any related debt covenants whose effects should be considered for recognition and/or disclosure in the financial statements or for your reporting on noncompliance.
- 8. We have taken or will take timely and appropriate steps to remedy any fraud, abuse, illegal acts, or violations of provisions of contracts or grant agreements that you or other auditors report.
- 9. We have a process to track the status of audit findings and recommendations.
- 10. We have identified to you any previous financial audits, attestation engagements, performance audits, or other studies related to the objectives of your audit and the corrective actions taken to address any significant findings and recommendations made in such audits, attestation engagements, or other studies.
- 11. We have provided our views on any findings, conclusions, and recommendations, as well as our planned corrective actions with respect thereto, to you for inclusion in the findings and recommendations referred to in your report on internal control over financial reporting and on compliance and other matters based on your audit of the financial statements performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards.

Misappropriation, Misstatements, & Fraud

- 12. We have informed you of all current risks of a material amount that are not adequately prevented or detected by our procedures with respect to:
 - a. Misappropriation of assets.

- Misrepresented or misstated assets, liabilities, or net assets.
- 13. We have no knowledge of fraud or suspected fraud affecting the entity involving:
 - Management or employees who have significant roles in internal control over financial reporting, or
 - Others when the fraud could have a material effect on the financial statements.
- 14. We understand that the term "fraud" includes misstatements arising from fraudulent financial reporting and misstatements arising from misappropriation of assets. Misstatements arising from fraudulent financial reporting are intentional misstatements, or omissions of amounts or disclosures in financial statements to deceive financial statement users. Misstatements arising from misappropriation of assets involve the theft of an entity's assets where the effect of the theft causes the financial statements not to be presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.
- 15. We have assessed the risk that the financial statements may be materially misstated as a result of fraud and disclosed to you any such risk identified.

Ongoing Operations

16. We have evaluated whether there are conditions or events known or reasonably knowable, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the entity's ability to continue as a going concern within one year of the date of this letter without consideration of potential mitigating effects of management's plans not yet fully implemented and concluded substantial doubt does not exist.

Related Parties

17. We have disclosed to you the identity of all of the entity's related parties and all the related-party relationships of which we are aware.

In addition, we have disclosed to you all related-party transactions and amounts receivable from or payable to related parties of which we are aware, including any modifications during the year that were made to related-party transaction agreements which existed prior to the beginning of the year under audit, as well as new related-party transaction agreements that were executed during the year under audit.

Related-party relationships and transactions have been appropriately accounted for and disclosed in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

- 18. We understand that the term related party refers to:
 - Affiliates
 - Entities for which investments are accounted for by the equity method
 - Trusts for the benefits of employees, such as pension and profit-sharing trusts that are managed by or under the trusteeship of management
 - Management and members of their immediate families
 - Any other party with which the entity may deal if one party can significantly influence the
 management or operating policies of the other to an extent that one of the transacting
 parties might be prevented from fully pursuing its own separate interests.

Another party is also a related party if it can significantly influence the management or operating policies of the transacting parties or if it has an ownership interest in one of the transacting parties and can significantly influence the other to an extent that one or more of the transacting parties might be prevented from fully pursuing its own separate interests.

The term <u>affiliate</u> refers to a party that directly or indirectly controls, or is controlled by, or is under common control with, the entity.

19. Related-party transactions asserted to or disclosed in the financial statements as arm's length were conducted on terms equivalent to those prevailing for comparable transactions with unrelated parties or, in the absence of comparable transactions, terms that would be offered in good faith to unrelated parties, and support regarding the assertion has been provided.

Litigation, Laws, Rulings & Regulations

- 20. We have disclosed to you all known actual or possible litigation and claims whose effects should be considered when preparing the financial statements. The effects of all known actual or possible litigation and claims have been accounted for and disclosed in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.
- 21. We have provided you with all examination reports, agreements, and related correspondence from regulatory agencies and any related findings.
- 22. We have no knowledge of communications, other than those specifically disclosed, from regulatory agencies, governmental representatives, employees, or others concerning investigations or allegations of noncompliance with laws and regulations, deficiencies in financial reporting practices, or other matters that could have a material adverse effect on the financial statements.
- 23. We have disclosed to you all known instances of violations or noncompliance or possible violations or suspected noncompliance with laws and regulations whose effects should be considered when preparing financial statements or as a basis for recording a loss contingency.
- 24. There are no regulatory examinations currently in progress for which we have not received examination reports.
- 25. We have no reason to believe the entity owes any penalties or payments under the Employer Shared Responsibility Provisions of the *Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act*, nor have we received any correspondence from the IRS or other agencies indicating such payments may be due.
- 26. We have not been designated as a potentially responsible party (PRP or equivalent status) by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) or other cognizant regulatory agency with authority to enforce environmental laws and regulations.

Nonattest Services

- 27. You have provided nonattest services, including the following, during the period of this engagement:
 - Preparing a draft of the financial statements and related notes
 - Preparation of the Form 990, Return of the Organization Exempt from Income Tax
- 28. With respect to these services:
 - a. We have designated a qualified management-level individual to be responsible and

accountable for overseeing the nonattest services.

- b. We have established and monitored the performance of the nonattest services to ensure they meet our objectives.
- c. We have made any and all decisions involving management functions with respect to the nonattest services and accept full responsibility for such decisions.
- d. We have evaluated the adequacy of the services performed and any findings that resulted.
- e. We have established and maintained internal controls, including monitoring ongoing activities.
- f. When we receive final deliverables from you, we will store those deliverables in information systems controlled by us. We have taken responsibility for maintaining internal control over these deliverables.

Financial Statements & Reports

- 29. We have reviewed and approved a draft of the financial statements and related notes referred to above, which you prepared in connection with your audit of our financial statements. We acknowledge that we are responsible for the fair presentation of the financial statements and related notes.
- 30. With regard to supplementary information:
 - a. We acknowledge our responsibility for the presentation of the supplementary information in accordance with the applicable criteria.
 - b. We believe the supplementary information is fairly presented, both in form and content, in accordance with the applicable criteria.
 - c. The methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information are unchanged from those used in the prior period, and we have disclosed to you any significant assumptions or interpretations underlying the measurement and presentation of the supplementary information.
 - d. We believe the significant assumptions or interpretations underlying the measurement and/or presentation of the supplementary information are reasonable and appropriate.
- 31. We do not issue an annual report, nor do we have plans to issue an annual report at this time.

Transactions, Records, & Adjustments

- 32. All transactions have been recorded in the accounting records and are reflected in the financial statements.
- 33. We have everything we need to keep our books and records.
- 34. We have disclosed any significant unusual transactions the entity has entered into during the period, including the nature, terms, and business purpose of those transactions.
- 35. We believe the effects of the uncorrected financial statement misstatements and omitted disclosures summarized in the attached schedule and aggregated by you during the current engagement are immaterial, both individually and in the aggregate, to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Healthcare Matters

- 36. We have provided you with all peer review organizations, administrative contractor, and third-party payer reports and information.
- 37. We have informed you of all pending or completed investigations by regulatory authorities of which we are aware. There are no known circumstances that could jeopardize the entity's participation in the Medicare or other governmental healthcare programs.
- 38. Adequate provisions and allowances have been accrued for any material losses from Medicare/Medicaid and other third-party payer contractual, audit, or other adjustments.
- 39. With respect to the entity's possible exposure to past or future medical malpractice assertions:
 - a. We have disclosed to you all incidents known to us that could possibly give rise to an assertion of malpractice.
 - b. All known incidents have been reported to the appropriate medical malpractice insurer and are appropriately considered in our malpractice liability accrual.
 - c. There is no known lapse in coverage, including any lapse subsequent to the fiscal yearend, that would result in any known incidents being uninsured.
 - d. Management does not expect any claims to exceed malpractice insurance limits.
 - e. We believe our accruals for malpractice claims are sufficient for all known and probable potential claims.
- 40. Billings to third-party payers comply in all material respects with applicable coding guidelines, laws, and regulations. Billings reflect only charges for goods and services that were medically necessary; properly approved by regulatory bodies, if required; and properly rendered.
- 41. With regard to cost reports filed with Medicare, Medicaid, or other third parties:
 - All required reports have been properly filed.
 - b. Management is responsible for the accuracy and propriety of those reports.
 - c. All costs reflected on such reports are appropriate and allowable under applicable reimbursement rules and regulations and are patient-related and properly allocated to applicable payers.
 - d. The reimbursement methodologies and principles employed are in accordance with applicable rules and regulations.
 - e. All items required to be disclosed, including disputed costs that are being claimed to establish a basis for a subsequent appeal, have been fully disclosed in the cost report.
 - f. Recorded third-party settlements include differences between filed (and to be filed) cost reports and calculated settlements, which are necessary based upon historical experience or new or ambiguous regulations that may be subject to differing interpretations. While management believes the entity is entitled to all the amounts claimed on the cost reports, management also believes the amounts of these differences are appropriate.
- 42. With respect to the entity's possible exposure to past or future workers' compensation assertions:

- We have disclosed to you all incidents known to us that could possibly give rise to workers' compensation assertion.
- b. All known incidents have been reported to the appropriate workers' compensation insurer.
- c. There is no known lapse in coverage, including any lapse subsequent to the fiscal yearend, that would result in any known incidents being uninsured.
- Management does not expect any claims to exceed workers' compensation insurance limits
- 43. There are no instances of noncompliance with laws or regulations with respect to Medicare and Medicaid antifraud and abuse statutes, in any jurisdiction, whose effects we believe should be considered for disclosure in the financial statements or as a basis for recording a loss contingency, other than those disclosed or accrued in the financial statements. This is including, but not limited to, the Anti-Kickback statute of the Medicare and Medicaid Patient and Program Protection Act of 1987, limitations on certain physician referrals (the Stark law), and the False Claims Act.
- 44. With regards to the payments received from the Provider Relief Fund established by the CARES Act, we represent the following:
 - a. To the extent revenue has been recognized, we believe we have met the eligibility requirements as outlined in the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services' (HHS) terms and conditions for the Provider Relief Fund.
 - b. We believe the method we have utilized to recognize revenue associated with the Provider Relief Fund is consistent with acceptable methods outlined in HHS' terms and conditions and other guidance available as of June 30, 2024.
 - c. Consistent with the terms and conditions established by HHS and other guidance available as of June 30, 2024, Provider Relief Fund payments were not used to reimburse expenses or losses that have been reimbursed or are obligated to be reimbursed by other sources, including payments from insurance and/or patients and amounts received from federal, state, or local governments.
 - d. We acknowledge that HHS may issue new guidance that could have a material impact on the amount of revenue recognized from the Provider Relief Fund as of June 30, 2024.
 - e. We understand that amounts recognized on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards may differ from amounts recognized on the financial statements.

Nonprofit Accounting & Disclosure Matters

- 45. We have identified to you any activities conducted having both fund-raising and program or management and general components (joint activities) and have allocated the costs of any joint activities in accordance with the provisions of FASB ASC 958-720-45.
- 46. We are an entity exempt from income tax under Section 501(c) of the Internal Revenue Code and a similar provision of state law and, except as disclosed in the financial statements, there are no activities that would jeopardize our tax-exempt status or subject us to income tax on unrelated business income or excise tax on prohibited transactions and events.
 - a. We further acknowledge the entity's exemption under Section 501(c) is subject to additional operating requirements under Section 501(r). As such, we made publicly available a

community health needs assessment performed in accordance with IRS requirements, and the entity's Board of Trustees subsequently approved an implementation strategy to address needs identified in the assessment. The entity is also in compliance with certain requirements dealing with financial assistance, billing and collection practices, and limitations on charges for uninsured patients who meet our financial assistance requirements.

47. We acknowledge the entity is not a conduit debt obligor whose debt securities are listed, quoted, or traded on an exchange or an over-the-counter market. As a result, we acknowledge the entity meets the definition of a "public entity" under generally accepted accounting principles for certain accounting standards.

Accounting & Disclosure

- 48. All transactions entered into by the entity are final. We are not aware of any unrecorded transactions, side agreements or other arrangements (either written or oral) that are in place.
- 49. Except as reflected in the financial statements, there are no:
 - Plans or intentions that may materially affect carrying values or classifications of assets, liabilities, or net assets.
 - b. Material transactions omitted or improperly recorded in the financial records.
 - c. Material unasserted claims or assessments that are probable of assertion or other gain/loss contingencies requiring accrual or disclosure in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) Topic 450, Contingencies, including those arising from environmental remediation obligations.
 - d. Events occurring subsequent to the balance sheet date through the date of this letter, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued, requiring adjustment or disclosure in the financial statements.
 - e. Agreements to purchase assets previously sold.
 - f. Arrangements with financial institutions involving compensating balances or other arrangements involving restrictions on cash balances, lines of credit, or similar arrangements.
 - g. Guarantees, whether written or oral, under which the entity is contingently liable.
 - Known or anticipated asset retirement obligations.
- 50. Except as disclosed in the financial statements, the entity has:
 - Satisfactory title to all recorded assets, and those assets are not subject to any liens, pledges, or other encumbrances.
 - Complied with all aspects of contractual and grant agreements, for which noncompliance would materially affect the financial statements.

Revenue, Accounts Receivable, & Inventory

51. Adequate provisions and allowances have been accrued for any material losses from:

- a. Uncollectible receivables.
- Excess or obsolete inventories.
- Purchase commitments in excess of normal requirements or at prices in excess of prevailing market prices.

Estimates

- 52. We have identified all accounting estimates that could be material to the financial statements and we confirm the appropriateness of the methods and the consistency in their application, the accuracy and completeness of data, and the reasonableness of significant assumptions used by us in making the accounting estimates, including those measured at fair value reported in the financial statements.
- 53. Significant estimates that may be subject to a material change in the near term have been properly disclosed in the financial statements. We understand that "near term" means the period within one year of the date of the financial statements. In addition, we have no knowledge of concentrations, which refer to volumes of business, revenues, available sources of supply, or markets,, existing at the date of the financial statements that would make the entity vulnerable to the risk of severe impact in the near term that have not been properly disclosed in the financial statements.

Fair Value

- 54. With respect to the fair value measurements of financial and nonfinancial assets and liabilities, if any, recognized in the financial statements or disclosed in the notes thereto:
 - a. The underlying assumptions are reasonable and they appropriately reflect management's intent and ability to carry out its stated course of action.
 - b. The measurement methods and significant assumptions used in determining fair value are appropriate in the circumstances for financial statement measurement and disclosure purposes and have been consistently applied.
 - c. The significant assumptions appropriately reflect market participant assumptions.
 - The disclosures related to fair values are complete, adequate, and in conformity with U.S. GAAP.
 - e. There are no subsequent events that require adjustments to the fair value measurements and disclosures included in the financial statements.

Tax Matters

55. We understand the potential penalties for failure to disclose reportable tax transactions to the taxing authorities and have fully disclosed to Forvis Mazars any and all known reportable tax transactions.

Other Matters

56. Our federal funding for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024 was less than \$750,000 and thus, we do not believe we are subject to a single audit.

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Diame Davidson

Diame Davidson

Diame Davidson, Chief Executive Officer

ddavidson@uniongen.org

Signed by:

Brad Lduck

Bobbaseprorroads

Brad Adcock, Chief Financial Officer

badcock@uniongen.org

Union General, Inc. Period Ending: June 30, 2024

ATTACHMENT

This analysis and the attached "Schedule of Uncorrected Misstatements (Adjustments Passed)" reflect the effects on the financial statements if the uncorrected misstatements identified were corrected.

QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE ANALYSIS

	Before Misstatements	Misstatements	Subsequent to Misstatements	% Change	
Current Assets	22,344,780	363,151	22,707,931	1.63%	
Non-Current Assets	9,492,082	0	9,492,082	0.00%	
Current Liabilities	(1,941,116)	0	(1,941,116)	0.00%	
Non-Current Liabilities	0	0	0	0.00%	
Current Ratio	11.51		11.70	1.62%	
Total Assets	31,836,862	363,151	32,200,013	1.14%	
Total Liabilities	(1,941,116)	0	(1,941,116)	0.00%	
Net Assets	(27,899,995)	0	(27,899,995)	0.00%	
Net Assets	(1,995,751)	(363,151)	(2,358,902)	18.20%	
Total Net Assets	(29,895,746)	(363,151)	(30,258,897)	1.21%	
Revenues & Income	(21,507,319)	62,104	(21,445,215)	-0.29%	
Costs & Expenses	19,507,543	0	19,507,543	0.00%	
cess of Revenues Over Expenses	(1,999,776)	62,104	(1,937,672)	-3.11%	

Client: Union General, Inc.
Period Ending: June 30, 2024

SCHEDULE OF UNCORRECTED MISSTATEMENTS (ADJUSTMENTS PASSED)

Impact on NAWoDR (363,151)

Period Ending: June 30, 2024														
Description		Financial t Line Item	Factual (F),	Assets		Liabilities		(X)	Revenues &	Costs &			Net Effect on Following Year	
	Location or		Judgmental (J) or Projected (P)	DR (CR)	Noncurrent DR (CR)	Current DR (CR)	Noncurrent DR (CR)	Non _ Tax	DR (CR)	Expenses DR (CR)	DR (CR)	NAWDR	Revenues Over	Net Assets DR (CR)
	Business Unit											DR (CR)	DR (CR)	
Turnaround effect of prior year passed adjustments	Hospital		F	0	0	0	0		62,104	0	(62,104)	0	0	(
		Investment income							62,104				Not Applicable	- Turnaround
		BOY net assets									(62,104)		Effe	ect
To increase receivable from USDA at 6/30/24 per grant agreement	Hospital		F	363,151	0	0	0	П	0	0	0	(363,151)	363,151	(363,151
		Other receivable		363,151				П						
		Net assets with donor restrictions						1 [(363,151)	363,151	(363,151
		Taxable passed adjustments Times (1 - effective tax rate of 009	()						62,104 100%	0 100%	(62,104) 100%	(363,151) 100%	363,151	(363,151
		Taxable passed adjustments net of	*			0		-	62,104	100%	(62,104)	(363,151)		
		Nontaxable passed adjustments	n tax impact	363,151	0	0	0		02,104	0	(02,104)	(303,131)		
		Total passed adjustments, net of	of tax impact (if ar	363,151	0	0	0	-	62,104	0	(62,104)	(363,151)		