City of Springhill Springhill, Louisiana Financial Statements with Auditors' Report

As of and For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

City of Springhill Springhill, Louisiana

Table of Contents

L	Page No.
Independent Auditors' Report	1-4
Required Supplementary Information: Management's Discussion and Analysis	5 – 11
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	12
Statement of Activities	13
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	14
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position	15
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	16
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	17
Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds	18
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position – Proprietary Funds	19
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds	20
Notes to the Financial Statements	21 – 58
Required Supplementary Information:	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund	59
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Sales Tax Fund	60
Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability	61
Schedule of Contributions	62

City of Springhill Springhill, Louisiana

Table of Contents (Continued)

Page No.

Other Supplementary Information:	
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	63
Combining Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures And Changes in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	64
Combining Schedule of Net Position – Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	65
Combining Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures And Changes in Fund Net Position – Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	66
Combining Schedule of Net Position - Water and Sewer Funds	67
Combining Schedule of Revenue, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position – Water and Sewer Funds	68
Schedule of Compensation Paid to Board Members For the Year Ended June 30, 2023	69
Schedule of Compensation, Benefits, and Other Payments to Agency Head	70
Justice System Funding Schedule – Collecting/Disbursing Schedule	71
Justice System Funding Schedule – Receiving Entity Schedule	72
Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	73 – 74
Schedules For Louisiana Legislative Auditor Summary Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings Summary Schedule of Current Year Audit Findings	75 75 - 76

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SOCIETY OF LOUISIANA CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Independent Auditors' Report

The Honorable W. Ray Huddleston, Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Springhill Springhill, Louisiana

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Adverse and Unmodified Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Springhill, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Springhill's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Adverse Opinion on Aggregate Discretely Presented Component Units

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the Basis for Adverse and Unmodified Opinions section of our report, the accompanying financial statements referred to above do not present fairly the financial position of the aggregate discretely presented component units of the City of Springhill, as of June 30, 2023 or the changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Unmodified Opinions on Governmental Activities, Business-Type Activities, Each Major Fund, and the Aggregate Remaining Fund Information

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Springhill as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Adverse and Unmodified Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of Springhill, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our adverse and unmodified audit opinions.

Matters Giving Rise to Adverse Opinion on the Aggregate Discretely Presented Component Units

The financial statements do not include financial data for the City of Springhill's legally separate component units. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require the financial data for those component units to be reported with the financial data of the City of Springhill's primary government unless the City of Springhill also issued financial statements for the financial reporting entity that include the financial data for its component units. The City of Springhill has not issued such reporting entity financial statements. The effects of not including the City of Springhill's legally separate component units on the aggregate discretely presented component units has not been determined.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about City of Springhill's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
 include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
 statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Springhill's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
 raise substantial doubt about City of Springhill's ability to continue as a going concern for a
 reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 5 – 11, budgetary comparison information on pages 59-60, the Schedule of Contributions on page 62, and the Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability on page 61, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Springhill's basic financial statements. The accompanying other supplementary information listed in the table of contents and shown on pages 63 - 70 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements as a whole. As disclosed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the City prepares its financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The other supplementary information schedules, Justice System Funding Schedules, shown on pages 71-72, are presented for the purpose of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedules are presented to satisfy the requirements of Act 87 of the 2020 Regular Legislative Session (R.S. 24:515.2) and must be presented on the cash basis of accounting which differs significantly from those principles used to present financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion the Justice System Funding Schedules, shown on pages 71-72, are fairly stated in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 22, 2023, on our consideration of the City of Springhill's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Springhill's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Springhill's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Code+ Marshart

Cook & Morehart Certified Public Accountants December 22, 2023

CITY OF SPRINGHILL

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Our discussion and analysis of the City of Springhill's financial performance provides an overview of the City of Springhill's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. Please read it in conjunction with the City's financial statements, which begin on page 12.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The City of Springhill's net position of our governmental activities decreased by \$337,836 or 3%.
- The City of Springhill's net position of our business-type activities decreased by \$293,502 or 2%.
- In the City's governmental activities, total general and program revenues were \$5,404,112 in 2023 compared to \$5,418,643 in 2022. Total expenses, excluding depreciation, totaled \$4,330,609 for the year ended June 30, 2023, compared to \$3,675,663 for 2022.
- In the City's business-type activities, revenues decreased by \$221,647 or 9% due in part to decreased capital grants and contributions.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities (on pages 12 and 13) provide information about the activities of the City of Springhill as a whole and present a longer-term view of the City's finances. Fund financial statements start on page 14. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the City of Springhill's operations in more detail than the government–wide statements by providing information about the City of Springhill's most significant funds.

Reporting the City of Springhill as a Whole

Our analysis of the City of Springhill as a whole begins on page 12. One of the most important questions asked about the City of Springhill's finances is "Is the City of Springhill as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the funds maintained by the City of Springhill as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the *accrual basis of accounting*, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the City of Springhill's *net position* and changes in them. You can think of the City of Springhill's net position – the difference between assets and liabilities – as one way to measure the City of Springhill's financial health, or *financial position*. Over time, *increases* or *decreases* in the City of Springhill's net position is one indicator of whether its *financial health* is improving or

deteriorating. You will need to consider other non-financial factors, however, such as changes in the City's property tax base, to assess the overall health of the City.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, we divide the City into two kinds of activities:

Governmental activities – Most of the City's basic services are reported here, including the police, public works, and general administration. Property taxes, franchise fees, sales taxes, and police department fines, and various other revenues finance most of these activities.

Business-type activities – The City charges a fee to customers to help it cover all or most of the cost of certain services it provides. The City's water and sewer system are reported here.

The Springhill City Court and Ward 2 Marshal were determined to be component units of the City. Complete financial statements of the individual component units may be obtained from their respective administration offices or from the City of Springhill. The City has chosen to issue financial statements of the primary government (City) only; therefore, the previously listed component units are not included in the accompanying financial statements.

Reporting the City's Most Significant Funds

Our analysis of the major funds maintained by the City of Springhill begins on page 14. The fund financial statements begin on page 14 and provide detailed information about the most significant funds maintained by the City of Springhill – not the City of Springhill as a whole. The City of Springhill's two kinds of funds – *governmental* and *proprietary* – use different accounting approaches.

Governmental funds – Most of the City of Springhill's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed *short-term view* of the City of Springhill's general government operations and the expenses paid from those funds. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance certain City of Springhill expenses. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental *activities* (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental *funds* in a reconciliation at the bottom of the fund financial statements.

Proprietary funds – When the City charges customers for the services it provides, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. In fact, the City's enterprise funds (a component of proprietary funds) are the same as the business-type activities we report in the government-wide statements but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows, for proprietary funds.

THE CITY OF SPRINGHILL AS A WHOLE

The City of Springhill's combined net position changed from a year ago, decreasing from \$26,019,759 to \$25,388,421. A comparative analysis of the funds maintained by the City of Springhill is presented below.

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	T	otal
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
Current and						_
other assets	\$ 7,862,231	\$ 7,682,970	\$ 4,791,633	\$ 4,004,814	\$ 12,653,864	\$ 11,687,784
Capital assets	12,125,153	12,575,751	17,777,259	18,396,172	29,902,412	30,971,923
Total Assets	19,987,384	20,258,721	22,568,892	22,400,986	42,556,276	42,659,707
Deferred outflows of						
Resources	1,306,392	592,834	200,671	88,260	1,507,063	681,094
Current liabilities	452,339	299,777	2,219,828	1,262,215	2,672,167	1,561,992
Long-term liabilities	6,827,667	5,586,501	8,861,691	9,179,203	15,689,358	14,765,704
Total Liabilities	7,280,006	5,886,278	11,081,519	10,441,418	18,361,525	16,327,696
Deferred inflows of						
resources	280,090	893,761	33,303	164,585	313,393	1,058,346
Net Position						
Net investment in						
capital assets	8,409,863	8,587,938	9,428,612	10,743,344	17,838,475	19,331,282
Restricted	5,223,314	5,362,032	593,443	582,941	5,816,757	5,944,973
Unrestricted	100,503	121,546	1,632,686	556,958	1,733,189	678,504
Total Net Position	\$ 13,733,680	\$ 14,071,516	\$ 11,654,741	\$ 11,883,243	\$ 25,388,421	\$ 25,954,759

Table 1 Net Position

Net position of the City of Springhill's governmental activities decreased by \$337,836 or 3%. Net position of the City of Springhill's business-type activities decreased by \$293,502 or 2%.

		tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activites	To	otal
<i>2</i>	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
Revenues						
Programs Revenues						
Charges for services	\$ 792,863	\$ 664,606	\$ 2,094,713	\$ 2,136,384	\$ 2,887,576	\$ 2,800,990
Operating grants and						
contributions	226,945	207,337			226,945	207,337
Capital grants and						
contributions	238,848	601,496	30,041	295,466	268,889	896,962
General Revenues						
Ad valorem taxes	179,222	173,124			179,222	173,124
Sales taxes	3,093,661	2,999,390			3,093,661	2,999,390
Franchise taxes	151,212	174,674			151,212	174,674
Other taxes	7,649	8,545			7,649	8,545
Gaming taxes	457,846	435,776			457,846	435,776
Oil and gas	15,271	17,684			15,271	17,684
Investment earnings	104,595	14,599	102,582	5,785	207,177	20,384
Miscellaneous	136,000	121,412	86,230	97,578	222,230	218,990
Total Revenues	5,404,112	5,418,643	2,313,566	2,535,213	7,717,678	7,953,856
Expenses						
General government	738,212	801,375			738,212	801,375
Public safety	1,868,203	1,393,315			1,868,203	1,393,315
Parks and recreation	228,601	209,934			228,601	209,934
Waste collection services	396,770	339,959			396,770	339,959
Streets	1,147,221	1,002,998			1,147,221	1,002,998
Airport	249,921	240,904			249,921	240,904
Transportation	2,.2.	23,693			249,921	240,904
Maintenance	101,515	91,620			101,515	91,620
Ward court	221,442	193,431			221,442	193,431
Driver's license bureau	12,320	10,439			12,320	10,439
Interest on long term debt	107,354	115,642			107,354	115,642
Water and sewer	0.5 1 8 55 3		3,031,419	2,710,453	3,031,419	2,710,453
Community activities			225,753	181,644	225,753	181,644
Cemetary			20,285	31,558	20,285	31,558
Total Expenses	5,071,559	4,423,310	3,277,457	2,923,655	8,349,016	7,346,965
•		.,,,		2,923,005	0,515,010	7,540,705
Transfers	(670,389)	(342,000)	670,389	342,000		
Increase (decrease)						
in net position	\$ (337,836)	\$ 653,333	\$ (293,502)	\$ (46,442)	\$ (631,338)	\$ 606,891

Table 2Change in Net Position

The City's total revenues decreased \$236,178 or 3% due in part to an decrease capital grants & contributions. The total cost of all programs and services increased \$1,002,051 or 14% from 2022 to 2023. Our analysis below separately considers the operations of the governmental and business-type activities.

Governmental Activities

Total revenues for the governmental activities decreased \$14,531 from total revenues in the year ended June 30, 2022 of \$5,418,643 to total revenues of \$5,404,112 in the year ended June 30, 2023.

The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$5,071,559. These costs were covered by \$1,258,656 of program revenues, with the remaining costs covered by property taxes, sales taxes, and other general revenues.

Business-type Activities

Total revenues for the business-type activities decreased \$221,647 or 9% from total revenues in the year ended June 30, 2022 of \$2,535,213 to total revenues of \$2,313,566 in the year ended June 30, 2023.

The cost of all business-type activities this year was \$3,277,457. These costs were covered in part by \$2,124,754 of program revenues, consisting of charges for services assessed to users and capital grants.

THE CITY'S FUNDS

As the City completed the year, its governmental funds (as presented in the balance sheet on page 14) reported a *combined* fund balance of \$7,302,211, which is less than last year's fund balance of \$7,378,135. The primary reason for this decrease is a decrease in capital grants and contributions.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The City adopted a budget for its General Fund for the year ended June 30, 2023. There was one amendment to the budget during the year. The City's budgetary comparison is presented as required supplementary information and shown on page 59. Highlights for the year are as follows:

- Actual revenues exceeded budgeted amounts by \$82,833.
- Actual expenditures exceeded budgeted amounts by \$118,183.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of June 30, 2023 and 2022, the City of Springhill had invested \$29,902,412 and \$30,971,923, respectively in capital assets. (see table 3 below)

	0000					ctivities			otal			
	2023	3 2022		 2023		2022		2023		2022		
Land \$	525,294	\$	525,294	\$ 113,490	\$	48,490	\$	638,784	S	573,784		
Construction in progress	253,466		666,200	815,681		1,093,110		1,069,147		1,759,310		
Buildings	3,025,773		2,455,021	1,016,588		1,070,516		4,042,361		3,525,537		
Infrastructure	7,486,724		8,032,900					7,486,724		8,032,900		
Improvements other												
than buildings	605,732		634,995					605,732		634,995		
Equipment	208,417		233,279	120,330		145,847		328,747		379,126		
Leased Equipment	19,747		28,062					19,747		28,062		
Vehicles				39,926		16,625		39,926		16,625		
Sewer system				3,918,179		3,484,111		3,918,179		3,484,111		
Water system				11,753,065		12,537,473		11,753,065		12,537,473		
Total assets(net) \$	12,125,153	\$	12,575,751	\$ 17,777,259	\$	18,396,172	\$	29,902,412	\$	30,971,923		
					-		2		3 3			

Table 3 Capital Assets At Year End (Net of Depreciation)

Construction in progress	\$ 214,405	\$	434,740
Land			65,000
Buildings	38,732		
Improvements other than			
buildings	14,900		
Vehicles			41,875
Sewer Plant			6,854
Equipment	44,579		
Total	\$ 312,616	\$	548,469
Equipment	\$	S	· · · ·

More detailed information about the capital assets are presented in Note 5 to the financial statements.

Debt

At year-end, the City had \$15,689,361 in bonds, notes, and other long-term liabilities outstanding, versus \$14,765,704 last year – a increase of 7%.

	Governmer	ntal Activities	Business-	type Activity	Totals				
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022			
Net pension liability	\$ 3,088,167	\$ 1,560,435	\$ 599,567	\$ 381,597	\$ 3,687,734	\$ 1,942,032			
Sales tax bonds	3,670,000	3,955,000			3,670,000	3,955,000			
Leased Equipement	25,374	32,813			25,374	32,813			
Compensated absences	44,126	38,253			44,126	38,253			
Water revenue bonds			8,262,127	8,797,606	8,262,127	8,797,606			
	\$ 6,827,667	\$ 5,586,501	\$ 8,861,694	\$ 9,179,203	\$ 15,689,361	\$ 14,765,704			

Table 4Outstanding Debt At Year End

State law restricts the amount of debt that the City of Springhill may issue. The aggregate principal amount of debt may not exceed 10% of the assessed valuation for property tax purposes of all real and personal property located within the parish. The City of Springhill's total debt outstanding at year-end was below this limitation.

More detailed information about the debt is presented in Note 10 to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS

The City of Springhill's management considered many factors when setting a fiscal year June 30, 2024 budget. Amounts available for appropriation in the governmental funds are expected to remain substantially the same.

Expenditures for 2024 are expected to remain substantially the same.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens and taxpayers with a general overview of the finances for those funds maintained by the City of Springhill and to show the City of Springhill's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Mayor at City of Springhill, 101 Machen Dr.; Springhill, La. 71075.

City of Springhill Springhill, Louisiana Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,483,356	\$ 2,266,594	\$ 6,749,950
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		718,828	718,828
Investments	1,609,935	1,814,134	3,424,069
Restricted investments	338,352	76,887	415,239
Prepaids	115,023	82,113	197,136
Receivables, net	739,548	356,513	1,096,061
Inventories	4,207	48,374	52,581
Internal balances	571,810	(571,810)	
Capital assets, not being depreciated	778,760	929,171	1,707,931
Capital assets, net	11,346,393	16,848,088	28,194,481
Total assets	19,987,384	22,568,892	42,556,276
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Pension related	1,306,392	200 671	1 507 062
	1,500,592	200,671	1,507,063
Liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	452,339	251,183	703,522
Payable from restricted assets:			
Customer deposits		202,272	202,272
Unearned revenue		1,766,373	1,766,373
Non-current liabilities:			
Due within one year	351,187	548,642	899,829
Due in more than one year	6,476,480	8,313,049	14,789,529
Total liabilities	7,280,006	11,081,519	18,361,525
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Leased buildings	150,223		150,223
Pension related	129,867	33,303	163,170
Total deferred inflows of resources	280,090	33,303	313,393
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	8,409,863	9,428,612	17,838,475
Restricted for:			11,000,110
Debt service	295,810	593,443	889,253
Capital improvements	3,214,318	,	3,214,318
Public safety	21,737		21,737
Sewer, water, garbage, public			21,107
safety, parks and recreation,			
and streets	1,691,449		1,691,449
Unrestricted	100,503	1,632,686	1,733,189
Total net position	\$ 13,733,680	\$ 11,654,741	\$ 25,388,421
, initial conductorial in the conductorial and the second s	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Ψ 11,004,741	Ψ 20,000,421

City of Springhill Springhill, Louisiana Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

					Pro	gram Revenues		_	Ne	t (Expense) Re	evenu	e and Changes	s in Net	Position
			0	harges for		Operating trants and	,	Capital Grants and	~	waramontal	D .	uningga hung		_
	F	Expenses		Services		ntributions		ontributions		overnmental Activities		usiness-type Activities		Total
Functions / Programs:				00111000				ontributions	-	7101111103		Adivides		Total
Governmental Activities														
General government	\$	738,212	\$	238,042	\$	21,647	\$		\$	(478,523)	\$		\$	(478,523)
Public safety		1,868,203		99,606		168,791			1.0	(1,599,806)	516			,599,806)
Parks and recreation		228,601		13,698						(214,903)			•	(214,903)
Waste collection services		396,770		422,155						25,385				25,385
Streets		1,147,221		C. 2004 (2005) • 14 - 40 (2004)		7,360				(1,139,861)			(*	1,139,861)
Airport		249,921		9,762		21,947		238,848		20,636				20,636
Maintenance		101,515								(101,515)				(101,515)
Ward court		221,442				7,200				(214,242)				(214,242)
Driver's license bureau		12,320		9,600						(2,720)				(2,720)
Interest on long-term debt		107,354		0						(107,354)				(107,354)
Total governmental activities		5,071,559		792,863		226,945		238,848	_	(3,812,903)	_		(3	3,812,903)
Business-type Activities														
Water and sewer		3,031,419		1,990,827				30,041				(1,010,551)	(1,010,551)
Community activities		225,753		69,066								(156,687)	345	(156,687)
Cemetery		20,285		34,820								14,535		14,535
Total business-type activities		3,277,457		2,094,713			_	30,041			_	(1,152,703)	(1,152,703)
Total Government	\$	8,349,016	\$	2,887,576	\$	226,945	\$	268,889		(3,812,903)		(1,152,703)	(4,965,606)
					Genera	l revenues:								
					Ad va	lorem taxes				179,222				179,222
					Sales	taxes				3,093,661				3,093,661
					Franc	hise taxes				151,212				151,212
					Other	taxes				7,649				7,649
					Gami	ng taxes				457,846				457,846
					Oil ar	nd gas				15,271				15,271
					Inves	tment earnings				104,595		102,582		207,177
					Misce	ellaneous				136,000		86,230		222,230
					Trans	sfers				(670,389)	4	670,389		
					То	tal general reve	nues a	and transfers		3,475,067		859,201		4,334,268
					Chan	ge in net positio	on			(337,836)		(293,502)		(631,338)
					Net p	osition - beginn	ing, re	stated		14,071,516		11,948,243	2	6,019,759
					Net p	osition - ending	i i		\$	13,733,680	\$	11,654,741	\$ 2	5,388,421

City of Springhill Springhill, Louisiana Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

Assets		General Fund		Sales Tax	Go	Other overnmental Funds		Total
	¢	044.004	•	0.040.000	•			
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$	641,264	\$	3,842,092	\$		\$	4,483,356
Restricted investments		1,209,924		400,011				1,609,935
		171070				338,352		338,352
Receivables, net		474,676		264,872				739,548
Inventory		4,207						4,207
Prepaid		115,023						115,023
Due from other funds		169,310		402,500			-	571,810
Total assets	\$	2,614,404	\$	4,909,475	\$	338,352	\$	7,862,231
Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities:								
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	396,220	\$	3,708	\$		\$	399,928
Bond due to city court		9,869						9,869
Total liabilities		406,089		3,708)(409,797
			-					1.00 and 1.00 and 1.00
Deferred inflows of resources								
Leased buildings		150,223						150,223
Total deferred inflows of resources		150,223			8			150,223
Fund balances: Nonspendable		110.000						
Restricted		119,230 21,737		4,905,767		338,352		119,230
Assigned		629,808		4,905,767		330,352		5,265,856
Unassigned		2						629,808
Total fund balances		1,287,317		4 005 767	8	220 250		1,287,317
Total fullo balances	-	2,058,092	-	4,905,767	8	338,352		7,302,211
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of							147	
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	2,614,404	\$	4,909,475	\$	338,352	\$	7,862,231

City of Springhill Springhill, Louisiana Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

Fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	7,302,211
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		12,125,153
Other long-term assets and other amounts are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore are unavailable in the funds. Deferred outflows - pension related		1,306,392
Long-term liabilities and other amounts are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Bonds payable		(3,670,000)
Lease liability		(25,374)
Accrued interest		(42,542)
Compensated absences		(44,126)
Net pension liability		(3,088,167)
Deferred inflows - pension related	2	(129,867)
Net position of governmental activities	\$	13,733,680

City of Springhill Springhill, Louisiana Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	General Fund	Sales Tax	Other Governmental Funds	Totals
Revenues:				
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 179,222	\$	\$	\$ 179,222
Sales tax		3,093,661		3,093,661
Franchise taxes	151,212			151,212
Other taxes	7,649			7,649
Licenses and permits	226,651			226,651
Waste collection services	422,155			422,155
Gaming taxes	457,846			457,846
Intergovernmental revenues	404,413			404,413
Fines and forfeitures	99,606			99,606
Investment earnings	51,047	47,421	6,127	104,595
Rental of facilities	30,753			30,753
Oil and gas	15,271			15,271
Miscellaneous	149,701			149,701
Total revenues	2,195,526	3,141,082	6,127	5,342,735
Expenditures: Current:				
General government	1,081,183	45,463		1,126,646
Public safety	1,614,569			1,614,569
Parks and recreation	142,565			142,565
Streets	733,282			733,282
Airport	81,191			81,191
Ward court	224,464			224,464
Maintenance	100,093			100,093
Driver license bureau	12,320			12,320
Capital outlay	312,616			312,616
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	7,439		285,000	292,439
Interest and other charges			109,791	109,791
Total expenditures	4,309,722	45,463	394,791	4,749,976
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	(2,114,196)	3,095,619	(388,664)	592,759
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	2,182,112		405,486	2,587,598
Transfers out	2,102,112	(3,257,987)	004,004	(3,257,987)
Sales of assets	1,706	(0,201,001)		1,706
Total other financing sources (uses)	2,183,818	(3,257,987)	405,486	(668,683)
	2,100,010	(0,201,001)	403,400	(008,083)
Net change in fund balance	69,622	(162,368)	16,822	(75,924)
Fund balances at beginning of year	1,988,470	5,068,135	321,530	7,378,135
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 2,058,092	\$ 4,905,767	\$ 338,352	\$ 7,302,211

City of Springhill Springhill, Louisiana Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ (75,924)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation/amortization (\$740,950) exceeded capital outlays (\$312,616) in the current period.	(428,334)
The net effect of various transactions involving capital assets (sales, trade-ins, donated infrastructure, etc.) is to decrease net position.	(20,558)
The repayment of principal of long-term debt consumes current financial resources of governmental funds. Revenue bonds Lease liability	285,000 6,883
Revenues that are not available to pay current obligations are not reported in the fund financial statements, but they are presented as revenues in the Statement of Activities Non-employer contributions to cost-sharing pension plan	61,378
Accrued interest expense on long-term debt is reported in the government- wide Statement of Activities, but does not require the use of financial resources; therefore, accrued interest expense is not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	3,199
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the funds. Compensated absences Pension expense	(5,873) (163,607)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ (337,836)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

.

City of Springhill Springhill, Louisiana Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2023

	Busi	iness-type Activit	ies - I	Enterprise Funds		
				Other		
		Water and		Enterprise		
Assets	-	Sewer Fund	-	Funds	-	Totals
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,938,949	\$	327,645	\$	2,266,594
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		125,385			62	125,385
Investments		1,814,134				1,814,134
Restricted investments		60,003		16,884		76,887
Accounts receivable, net		323,893		32,620		356,513
Inventories				48,374		48,374
Prepaids		81,607		506		82,113
Due from other funds		1000		44		44
Total current assets		4,343,971		426,073		4,770,044
Noncurrent assets:						
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		593,443				593,443
Capital assets:						
Land		48,490		65,000		113,490
Construction in progress		736,344		79,337		815,681
Plant and equipment		32,361,476		2,732,067		35,093,543
Less: accumulated depreciation		(16,595,229)		(1,650,226)		(18,245,455)
Total noncurrent assets		17,144,524		1,226,178		18,370,702
Total assets		21,488,495		1,652,251		23,140,746
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Pension related		200,671				200,671
Liabilities						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		146,801		83,592		230,393
Due to other funds		565,667		6,187		571,854
Payable from restricted assets:				0,107		011,004
Revenue bonds		548,642				548,642
Accrued interest		20,790				20,790
Customer deposits		202,272				202,272
Unearned revenue		1,766,373				1,766,373
Total current liabilities		3,250,545		89,779		3,340,324
Noncurrent liabilities:						0,010,021
		500 504				
Net pension liability		599,564				599,564
Revenue bonds Total noncurrent liabilities		7,713,485				7,713,485
rotal noncurrent liabilities		8,313,049				8,313,049
Total liabilities	0	11,563,594		89,779		11,653,373
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Pension related		33,303				33,303
Total deferred inflows or resources		33,303		- Ari		33,303
Net position	S					
Net investment in capital assets		8,224,343		1,204,269		9,428,612
Restricted for:				10 N. A. 1999		
Debt service		593,443				593,443
Unrestricted		1,274,483		358,203		1,632,686
Total net position	\$	10,092,269	\$	1,562,472	\$	11,654,741

City of Springhill Springhill, Louisiana Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds					
	Other					
	Water and Enterprise		Enterprise			
		Sewer Fund		Funds		Totals
Operating revenues:						
Charges for service -						
Water sales	\$	1,110,133	\$		\$	1,110,133
Sewerage service charges		880,694				880,694
Cemetery assessments				27,945		27,945
Sale of cemetery lots				6,875		6,875
Rental of facilities				69,066		69,066
Miscellaneous		86,228		2		86,230
Total operating revenues		2,077,055		103,888	·	2,180,943
Operating expenses:						
Cost of sales and service				1,646		1,646
Water services		979,029				979,029
Sewer services		634,584				634,584
Community activities				153,676		153,676
Cemetery maintenance				9,774		9,774
General and administrative		62,109		18,005		80,114
Depreciation		1,104,445		62,937		1,167,382
Total operating expenses		2,780,167		246,038		3,026,205
Total operating expenses					-	
Operating income (loss)		(703,112)		(142,150)	-	(845,262)
Non-operating revenues (expenses):						
Interest income		100,577		2,005		102,582
Interest expense		(251,252)				(251,252)
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)		(150,675)		2,005		(148,670)
Change in net position before						
contributions and transfers		(853,787)		(140,145)		(993,932)
		,,,				
Capital contributions		22,791		7,250		30,041
Transfers in		602,500		107,250		709,750
Transfers out		(21,361)		(18,000)		(39,361)
Change in net position		(249,857)	0	(43,645)		(293,502)
Net position - beginning of year, restated		10,342,126		1,606,117		11,948,243
Net position - end of year	\$	10,092,269	\$	1,562,472	\$	11,654,741

City of Springhill Springhill, Louisiana Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Water and Sewer	Non Major Funds	Total
Cash Flows From Operating Activities Receipts from customers			
Other receipts	\$ 1,915,249	\$ 97,090	\$ 2,012,339
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	86,228	1,208	87,436
Cash payments to employees for services	(1,196,152)	(123,104)	(1,319,256)
Net Cash From (Used By) Operating Activities	(507,328) 297,997	(24,806)	(507,328)
Net ousin From (Oscu by) Operating Activities	297,997	(24,806)	273,191
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities			
Interfund loans	54,420	3,380	57,800
Grant income	883,905		883,905
Transfers from other funds	602,500	107,250	709,750
Transfers to other funds	(21,361)	(18,000)	(39,361)
Net Cash From Noncapital Financing Activities	1,519,464	92,630	1,612,094
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities			
Capital Contributions	22,791		22,791
Acquisition/construction of capital assets	(407,057)	(57,428)	(464,485)
Principal paid on capital debt	(535,479)	、	(535,479)
Interest paid on capital debt	(251,183)		(251,183)
Net Cash (Used By) Capital and Related Financing Activities	(1,170,928)	(57,428)	(1,228,356)
Cash Flow From Investing Activities			
Interest income	100,577	2,005	102 592
Purchase of investments	(67,946)	(351)	102,582 (68,297)
Net Cash From Investing Activities	32,631	1,654	34,285
		1,007	
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	679,164	12,050	691,214
Cash, Beginning of year	1,978,613	315,595	2,294,208
Cash, End of year	\$ 2,657,777	\$ 327,645	\$ 2,985,422
Cook and each any indexts are called a the Outer and			
Cash and cash equivalents are reflected on the Statement of Net Position as follows:			
Cash and cash equivalents	¢ 4.000.040	¢ 007.045	0 0 000 50 /
Cash and cash equivalents current - restricted	\$ 1,938,949	\$ 327,645	\$ 2,266,594
Cash and cash equivalents concurrent - restricted	125,385		125,385
Total	<u>593,443</u> \$ 2,657,777	\$ 327,645	593,443 \$ 2,985,422
	\$ 2,007,777	\$ 527,045	\$ 2,905,422
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided			
By/(Used In) Operating Activities			
Operating income (loss)	\$ (703,112)	\$ (142,150)	\$ (845,262)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash			
provided (used) by operating activities			
Depreciation expense	1,104,446	62,937	1,167,383
Accounts receivable	(77,353)	(6,796)	(84,149)
Prepaid expenses	(2,446)	7,532	5,086
Inventories		1,206	1,206
Accounts payable Customer deposits	415	52,465	52,880
Pension related	1,775		1,775
Net Cash Flows From (Used By) Operating Activities	(25,728)	C (04.000)	(25,728)
Her basin lows from (Used by) Operating Activities	\$ 297,997	\$ (24,806)	\$ 273,191
Noncash Capital Financing Activities:			
Acquisition of property			
Acquisition/construction of capital assets	\$ 471,668	\$ 144,337	\$ 616,005
Donated asset		(65,000)	(65,000)
Vendor payable for property and equipment	(64,611)	(21,909)	(86,520)
Cash used to acquire/construct capital assets	\$ 407,057	\$ 57,428	\$ 464,485

INTRODUCTION

The City of Springhill is incorporated under the provisions of the Lawrason Act. The City operates under a Mayor–Board of Aldermen form of government. Elected officials of the City consist of the mayor, five (5) aldermen, and the chief of police, who are elected to four-year terms. The affairs of the City are conducted and managed by the mayor and the board of aldermen.

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The City of Springhill's financial statements are prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the City of Springhill are discussed below.

A. Reporting Entity

As the municipal governing authority, for reporting purposes, the City of Springhill is considered a separate financial reporting entity. The financial reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government (the City of Springhill), (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which nature and significance of their relationship with the City of Springhill are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

GASB established criteria for determining which component units should be considered part of the City of Springhill for financial reporting purposes. The basic criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is financial accountability. The GASB has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. This criteria includes:

- 1. Appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and
 - a. The ability of the City to impose its will on that organization and/or
 - b. The potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the City.
- 2. Organizations for which the City does not appoint a voting majority but are fiscally dependent on the City.
- Organizations for which the reporting entity financial statements would be misleading if data of the organization is not included because of the nature or significance of the relationship.

In addition, the GASB states that a legally separate, tax-exempt organization should be reported as a component unit of a reporting entity if *all* of the following criteria are met:

 The economic resources received or held by the separate organization are entirely or almost entirely for the direct benefit of the primary government, its component units, or its constituents.

- 2. The primary government is entitled to, or has the ability to otherwise access, a majority of the economic resources received or held by the separate organization.
- The economic resources received or held by an individual organization that the specific primary government, or its component units, is entitled to, or has the ability to otherwise access, are significant to that primary government.

In addition, other organizations should be evaluated as potential component units if they are closely related to, or financially integrated with, the primary government.

Based on the criteria described above, the following were determined to be component units of the City: Springhill City Court and Ward 2 Marshal.

Complete financial statements of the individual component units may be obtained from their respective administration offices or from the City of Springhill.

The City has chosen to issue financial statements of the primary government (City) only; therefore, the previously listed component units are not included in the accompanying financial statements.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board provides for the issuance of primary government financial statements that are separate from those of the reporting entity. However, the primary government's (City) financial statements are not a substitute for the reporting entity's financial statements. The accompanying primary government financial statements have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles as applied to governmental units. These financial statements are not intended to and do not report on the reporting entity but rather are intended to reflect only the financial statements of the primary government (City).

B. Basic Financial Statements - Government-Wide Statements

The City of Springhill's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the funds maintained by the City of Springhill as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the City of Springhill's major funds). Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business type. The City's general fund, sales tax fund, and debt service funds are classified as governmental activities. The City's water and sewer services, cemetery fund, and community activities fund are classified as business-type activities.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, both the governmental activities and business-type activities columns are presented on a consolidated basis by column and are reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables, as well as long-term debt and obligations. The City of Springhill's net position is reported in three parts – net invested in capital assets; restricted net position; and unrestricted net position.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the City of Springhill's functions. The functions are also supported by general government revenues (Continued)

(property, sales and use taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating, and capital grants.

Program revenues must be directly associated with the function. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants. Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations of providing water and sewer services.

The net costs (by function) are normally covered by general revenue (property, sales and use taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, interest income, etc.).

This government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the City of Springhill as an entity and the change in the City of Springhill's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

C. Basic Financial Statements - Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the City of Springhill are recorded in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets, liabilities, reserves, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses. The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements.

The following fund types are used by the City of Springhill:

- Governmental Funds the focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund statements) is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The following is a description of the governmental funds of the City of Springhill:
 - a. General fund is the general operating fund of the City of Springhill. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
 - b. Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The City sales tax fund is classified as a special revenue fund.

- c. Debt service funds are used to account for all financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for principal and interest. The City's 2014 sales tax bonds, 2015 sales tax bonds, and 2016 sales tax bonds funds are considered debt service funds.
- d. Capital projects fund is used to account for financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays.
- Proprietary Funds the focus of proprietary fund measurement is upon determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position, and cash flows. The generally accepted accounting principles applicable are those similar to businesses in the private sector. The following is a description of the proprietary funds of the City of Springhill:
 - a. Enterprise funds are required to be used to account for operations for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services and the activity (a) is financed with debt that is solely secured by a pledge of the net revenues, (b) has third party requirements that the cost of providing services, including capital costs, be recovered with fees and charges, or (c) establishes fees and charges based on a pricing policy designed to recover similar costs. The City's water/sewer fund, cemetery fund, and community activities fund are classified as enterprise funds.

The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds in either the governmental or business-type activities categories. Non-major funds by category are summarized into a single column. GASB sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of fund category) for the determination of major funds.

The following major funds are presented in the fund financial statements:

General fund – accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Sales tax fund – accounts for the proceeds of a 2 1/2 % sales and use tax that is legally restricted for the purposes of constructing, acquiring, extending, improving, operating, and maintaining sewers and sewerage disposal works, waterworks, garbage collection and waste disposal facilities, fire department stations and related facilities, public parks and recreational facilities, streets, alleys, sidewalks and bridges, purchasing and acquiring the necessary land, equipment and furnishings for the aforesaid public works, building improvements and facilities, title to which improvements shall be in the public, the payment of salaries on non-elected municipal employees, police department stations and related facilities, roads, streets and bridges, and other capital improvements for the City, and to the retirement of public improvement bonds, the proceeds of which were used for construction of sewer improvements, or for any one or more of said purposes.

Water and sewer fund – accounts for the provision of water and sewerage services to the residents of the City.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues or expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurements made regardless of the measurement focus applied.

1. Accrual:

Both governmental and business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

2. Modified Accrual:

The governmental funds financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual: i.e., both measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after year end. Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred. The exception to this general rule is that principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt, if any, is recognized when due.

E. Budgets

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in these financial statements:

- 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through the passage of an ordinance.
- Budgets are adopted on a line item basis. Administrative adjustments can be made on a departmental basis between line item accounts only. Inter-departmental amendments, interfund amendments, and additional appropriations from one fund to another are subject to board approval. The overall level of control is on an interdepartmental basis.
- 3. Unused appropriations of all of the annually budgeted funds lapse at the end of the fiscal year.
- 4. Budgets for all funds are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP. Budgeted amounts in the accompanying statements are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Aldermen. There was one amendment to the budget during the year.

F. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

Cash includes amounts in petty cash, demand deposits, interest bearing demand deposits, and time deposits. Cash equivalents include amounts in time deposits and those investments with original maturities of 90 days or less. Under state law, the City may deposit funds in demand deposits, interest bearing demand deposits, money market accounts, or time deposits with state banks organized under Louisiana law or any other state of the United States, or under the laws of the United States.

Investments are limited by R.S. 33:2955 and the City's investment policy. If the original maturities of investments exceed 90 days, they are classified as investments; however, if the original maturities are 90 days or less, they are classified as cash equivalents.

G. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$1 for land, \$1,000 for vehicles, \$5,000 for equipment, \$10,000 for buildings and improvements, and \$25,000 for infrastructure are capitalized at historical cost or estimated cost if historical cost is not available. Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at acquisition value. The City elected not to report major general infrastructure assets retroactively. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the initial measurement of the lease liability, plus any payments made to the lessor at or before the commencement of the lease term and certain direct costs. All capital assets, other than land, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description Governmental activities:	Estimated Lives
Land improvements	20-30 years
Buildings and improvements	7-40 years
Vehicles	5 years
Machinery and equipment	5 years
Business-type activities/enterprise fund:	
Buildings	25 years
Systems and improvements	20-50 years
Machinery and equipment	10-20 years
Vehicles	5 years
Roads	20-50 years

Lease assets are amortized using the straight-line method over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset.

H. Inventory

Inventories in the governmental funds consist of aviation fuel which is valued at cost on a first-in, first out basis. Inventories in the proprietary funds consist primarily of cemetery plots which are valued at cost on a specific identification basis.

I. Revenues

Ad valorem taxes are assessed on a calendar year basis and attach as an enforceable lien and become due and payable on the date the tax rolls are filed with the recorder of mortgages. State law requires that the tax roll be filed on or before November 15 of each year. Ad valorem taxes become delinquent if not paid by December 31. Sales tax revenues and gaming revenues are recorded in the period in which the underlying exchange has occurred. Fines, forfeitures, licenses, and permits are recognized in the period they are collected. Interest income on demand and time deposits is recorded when earned. Federal and state grants are recorded when the City is entitled to the funds.

J. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. Net position invested in capital assets, net of related debt consist of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balance of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. The City's policy is to first apply restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

K. Fund Balance

GASB has issued standards which define the different types of fund balances that a governmental entity must use for financial reporting purposes. GASB requires the fund balance amounts to be properly reported within one of the fund balance categories list below.

- Nonspendable fund balances are amounts that cannot be spent because they are either

 (a) not in spendable form, such as inventory or prepaid expenses, or
 (b) legally or
 contractually required to be maintained intact, such as a trust that must be retained in
 perpetuity.
- Restricted fund balances are restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

- 3. Committed fund balances include amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes as a result of constraints imposed by the board of alderman (the City's highest level of decision making authority). Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the board of aldermen remove those constraints by taking the same type of action (i.e. legislation, resolution, ordinance).
- 4. Assigned fund balances are amounts that are constrained by the City's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed.
- 5. Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the City's general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications.

The City's policy is to apply expenditures against nonspendable fund balances, restricted fund balances, committed fund balances, assigned fund balances, and unassigned fund balances, in that order.

The calculation of fund balance amounts begins with the determination of nonspendable fund balances. Then restricted fund balances for specific purposes are determined (not including non-spendable amounts). Then any remaining fund balance amounts for the non-general funds are classified as restricted fund balance. It is possible for the non-general funds to have negative unassigned fund balance when non-spendable amounts plus the restricted fund balances for specific purpose amounts exceeds the positive fund balance for the non-general fund.

L. Sales Taxes

On March 30, 1968, the citizens of the City of Springhill approved the assessment of a 1% sales and use tax. Proceeds of this 1% sales and use tax are dedicated to the following purposes: constructing, acquiring, extending, improving, operating, and maintaining sewers and sewerage disposal works, waterworks, garbage collection and waste disposal facilities, fire department stations and related facilities, public parks and recreational facilities, streets, alleys, sidewalks and bridges, purchasing and acquiring the necessary land, equipment and furnishings for the aforesaid public works, building improvements and facilities, title to which improvements shall be in the public; and for the payment of salaries on non-elected municipal employees; or for any one or more of said purposes.

On November 21, 1987, the citizens of the City of Springhill approved the assessment of a 1/2% sales and use tax. Proceeds of this 1/2% sales and use tax are dedicated to the following purposes: constructing, acquiring, extending, improving, operating, and maintaining fire department stations and related facilities, police department stations and related facilities, and public parks and recreational facilities, purchasing and acquiring the necessary land, equipment and furnishings for the aforesaid buildings, improvements and facilities; and for the payment of salaries on non-elected municipal employees; or for any one or more of said purposes.

In November 1991, the citizens of the City of Springhill approved the assessment of an additional 1% sales and use tax. Proceeds of the 1% sales and use tax are dedicated to the following purposes: acquiring, constructing, extending, improving, maintaining and operating sewer and sewerage disposal facilities, roads, streets and bridges, and other capital improvements for the City, and to the retirement of public improvement bonds, the proceeds of which were used for construction of sewer improvements.

M. Compensated Absences

Compensated paid time off is calculated based on the individual employee's anniversary date. Employees must use their paid time off within one year of their anniversary date or it is forfeited. Paid time off is vested and is paid to an employee upon termination.

There was a total of \$51,833 of accumulated unpaid paid time off as of June 30, 2023. The full liability and related costs are reported in the government-wide financial statements. The accumulated unpaid paid time off is a reconciling item between the governmental funds and government-wide statements.

N. Interfund Activity

Interfund activity is reported as loans, reimbursements, or transfers. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances." Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. Transfers between governmental funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide financial statements.

O. Use of Estimates

Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing financial statements. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and reported revenues and expenses. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

P. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Q. Bad Debts

Uncollectible amounts due for ad valorem taxes, customer's utility receivables, and special assessments are recognized as bad debts through the establishment of an allowance account at the time information becomes available which would indicate the uncollectibility of the particular receivable. Accounts receivable for the water and sewer fund is shown net of an allowance of \$28,500.

R. Statement of Cash Flows

For the purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, the City considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

S. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City currently has deferred outflows of resources related to pensions.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for *deferred inflows of resources*. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Lease-related amounts are recognized at the inception of leases in which the City is the lessor. The deferred inflow of resources is recorded in an amount equal to the corresponding lease receivable plus certain additional amounts received from the lessee at or before the commencement of the lease term that relate to future periods, less any lease incentives paid to, or on behalf of, the lessee at or before the commencement of the lease term. The inflow of resources is recognized in a systematic and rational manner over the term of the lease. The City currently has deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and leased buildings.

T. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in the governmental fund and government-wide financial statements.

U. Pension Plan

The City is a participating employer in a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan as described in Note 15. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of each of the plans, and additions to/deductions for the plans fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan.

V. Fair Value Measurements

Generally accepted accounting principles require disclosure to be made about fair value measurements, the level of fair value hierarchy, and valuation techniques. The fair value hierarchy categorizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three levels:

<u>Level 1 inputs</u> – The valuation is based on quoted market prices for identical assets or liabilities traded in active markets;

<u>Level 2 inputs</u> – The valuation is based on quoted market prices for similar instruments traded in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active, and inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability;

<u>Level 3 inputs</u> – The valuation is determined by using the best information available under the circumstances and might include the government's own data but should adjust those data if (a) reasonably available information indicates that other market participants would use different data or (b) there is something particular to the government that is not available to other market participants.

The asset's or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

W. Lease Receivables

Lease receivables are measured using a present value of lease payments to be received for the lease term (less estimates for uncollectible amounts).

(2) Ad Valorem Taxes

The following is a summary of authorized and levied ad valorem taxes for the year:

	Authorized	Levied	Expiration
	Millage	Millage	Date
General Fund	7.70	7.70	Statutory

Approximately 24% of the City's ad valorem taxes are derived from 10 taxpayers.

(3) Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

At June 30, 2023, the City has cash, cash equivalents, and investments (book balances) totaling \$11,308,086, as detailed below.

A. Cash and Cash Equivalents

At June 30, 2023, the City has cash and cash equivalents (book balances) totaling \$7,468,778 of which \$718,828, is shown as restricted. These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market. Under state law, these deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent.

B. Investments

At June 30, 2023, the City has investments totaling \$3,839,308, of which \$415,239 is shown as restricted.

The investments are presented in the financial statements at fair value using level 2 fair value measurements. Investments at June 30, 2023, consisted of certificates of deposit totaling \$476,898 with maturities greater than 90 days. The certificates of deposit are carried at cost, which approximates market.

Also included in investments at June 30, 2023, are \$338,352 held in money market trust funds invested in U.S. government securities.

At June 30, 2023, the City has investments that consist of investments in Louisiana Asset Management Pool (LAMP) totaling \$3,024,058.

The Louisiana Asset Management Pool (LAMP) is a local government investment pool. In accordance with GASB codification section I50.126, the investment in LAMP at the City of Springhill is not categorized in the three risk categories provided by GASB Codification Section I50.125 because the investment is in the pool of funds and therefore not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. LAMP is administered by LAMP, Inc., a non-profit corporation organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana. Only local government entities having contracted to participate in LAMP have an investment interest in its pool of assets.

The primary objective of LAMP is to provide a safe environment for the placement of public funds in short term, high quality investments. The LAMP portfolio includes only securities and other obligations in which local governments in Louisiana are authorized to invest in accordance with LSA-R.S. 33:2955. Accordingly, LAMP investments are restricted to securities issued, guaranteed, or backed by the U.S. Treasury, the U.S. Government, or one of its agencies, enterprises, or instrumentalities, as well as repurchase agreements collateralized by those securities. Effective August 1, 2001, LAMP's investment guidelines were amended to permit the investment in government-only money market funds. In its 2001 Regular Session, the Louisiana Legislature (Senate Bill No. 512, Act 701) enacted LSA-R.S.

33:2955(A)(1)(h) which allows municipalities, parishes, school boards, and any other political subdivisions of the State to invest in "Investment grade (A-1/P-1) commercial paper of domestic United States corporations." Effective October 1, 2001, LAMP's Investment Guidelines were amended to allow the limited investment in A-1 or A-1+ commercial paper.

The following facts are relevant for LAMP:

Credit risk: LAMP is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.

<u>Custodial credit risk</u>: LAMP participants' investments in the pool are evidenced by shares of the pool. Investments in pools should be disclosed, but not categorized because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book-entry form. The public entity's investment is with the pool, not the securities that make up the pool; therefore, no disclosure is required.

<u>Concentration of credit risk</u>: Pooled investments are excluded from the 5 percent disclosure requirement.

Interest rate risk: LAMP is designed to be highly liquid to give its participants immediate access to their account balances. LAMP prepares its own interest rate risk disclosure using the weighted average maturity (WAM) method. The WAM of LAMP assets is restricted to not more than 90 days, and consists of no securities with a maturity in excess of 397 days or 762 days for U.S. Government floating/variable rate investments. The WAM for LAMP's total investments is 26 days as of June 30, 2023.

Foreign currency risk: Not applicable.

The investments in LAMP are stated at fair value. The fair value is determined on a weekly basis by LAMP and the value of the position in the external investment pool is the same as the net asset value of the pool shares. LAMP, Inc. is subject to the regulatory oversight of the state treasurer and the board of directors. LAMP is not registered with the SEC as an investment company.

C. Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. As of June 30, 2023, \$6,909,656 of the City's bank balances was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and collateral held by pledging bank's

trust department not in City's name:

opulation for the number	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,699,656
Investments	210,000
	\$ 6,909,656

Even though the pledged securities are considered uncollateralized (Category 3) under the provisions of GASB Statement 3, R.S. 39:1229 imposes a statutory requirement on the custodial bank to advertise and sell the pledged securities within 10 days of being notified that the fiscal agent has failed to pay deposited funds upon demand.

D. Restricted Cash and Investments

Restricted cash and investments at June 30, 2023, consisted of amounts received but not yet expended for the following purposes:

Governmental Activities -

Restricted investments Debt service Total – governmental activities	\$ \$	<u>338,352</u> <u>338,352</u>
Business-type activities -		
Restricted cash		
Customer deposits	\$	125,385
Debt service	1	593,443
Total restricted cash		
business-type activities	<u>\$</u>	718,828
Restricted investments	7/~)	
Customer deposits	<u>\$</u>	76,887
Total restricted investment business-type activities	<u>\$</u>	76,887

(4) Receivables

The following is a summary of receivables at June 30, 2023:

Class of Receivable

Governmental activities –		
Ad valorem	\$	8,278
Grants		204,363
Sales taxes		264,872
Gaming		59,171
Other		28,804
Lease receivables		150,223
Franchise taxes	-	23,837
Total governmental activities	<u>\$</u>	739,548
Business-type activities –		
Water and sewer charges	\$	283,355
Cemetery assessments		24,830
Grants		47,688
Lot sales		540
Other		100
Total business-type activities	\$	356,513
(Continued)		

(5) Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2023, was as follows:

	Balance at July 1, 2022	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	Balance at June 30, 2023
Governmental Activities:					
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Construction in progress	\$ 666,200	\$ 214,405	\$	\$ (627,139)	\$ 253,466
Land	525,294				525,294
Total capital assets, not being					
depreciated	1,191,494	214,405	3 	(627,139)	778,760
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings	3,828,865	38,732		627,139	4,494,736
Infrastructure	12,917,524			021,100	12,917,524
Improvements other than buildings	940,899	14,900			955,799
Equipment	1,331,394	44,579	(118,356)		1,257,617
Total capital assets, being			(110,000)		1,201,011
depreciated, at historical cost	19,018,682	98,211	(118,356)	627,139	19,625,676
Less accumulated depreciation:					
Buildings	(1,373,844)	(95,119)			(1,468,963)
Infrastructure	(4,884,624)	(546,176)			(5,430,800)
Improvements other than buildings	(305,904)	(44,163)			(350,067)
Equipment	(1,098,115)	(47,177)	96,092		(1,049,200)
Total accumulated depreciation	(7,662,487)	(732,635)	96,092		(8,299,030)
Total capital assets, being					
depreciated, net	11 256 105	(004.404)	(00.004)	007 400	44,000,040
depreciated, net	11,356,195	(634,424)	(22,264)	627,139	11,326,646
Leased assets					
Equipment	41,573				41,573
Total leased assets, being amortized	41,573				41,573
Less accumulated amortization for:					
Leased equipment	(13,511)	(8,315)			(21,826)
Total accumulated					(21,020)
amortization-leased equipment	(13,511)	(8,315)	() 		(21,826)
Total lease assets being amortized, net	28,062	(8,315)			19,747
Total capital assets/lease assets, being					
depreciated/amortized, net	11,384,257	(642,739)	(22,264)	627,139	11,346,393
Governmental activities capital				1982 5	
assets, net	\$ 12,575,751	\$ (428,334)	\$ (22,264)	\$	\$ 12,125,153

	Balance at July 1, 2022	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	Balance at June 30, 2023
Business-Type Activities:					
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 48,490	\$ 65,000	\$	\$	\$ 113,490
Construction in progress	1,093,110	434,740		(712,169)	815,681
Total capital assets, not being					
depreciated, at historical cost	1,141,600	499,740		(712,169)	929,171
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings	2,338,568				2,338,568
Improvements other than buildings	57,997				57,997
Furniture and fixtures	118,322				118,322
Equipment	600,139				600,139
Vehicles	239,986	41,875			281,861
Water plant	21,056,565				21,056,565
Sewer plant	9,921,068	6,854		712,169	10,640,091
Total capital assets, being					2000 HEROD VERICES
depreciated, at historical cost	34,332,645	48,729	10 <u></u>	712,169	35,093,543
Less accumulated depreciation:					
Buildings	(1,268,052)	(53,928)			(1,321,980)
Improvements other than buildings	(57,997)				(57,997)
Furniture and fixtures	(118,322)				(118,322)
Equipment	(454,292)	(25,517)			(479,809)
Vehicles	(223,361)	(18,574)			(241,935)
Water plant	(8,519,092)	(784,408)			(9,303,500)
Sewer plant	(6,436,957)	(284,955)			(6,721,912)
Total accumulated depreciation	(17,078,073)	(1,167,382)			(18,245,455)
Total capital assets, being					
depreciated, net	17,254,572	(1,118,653)		712,169	16,848,088
Business-type activities capital					
assets, net	\$ 18,396,172	\$ (618,913)	\$	\$	\$ 17,777,259

Depreciation/amortization expense was charged to governmental and business-type activities as follows:

	 ernmental	isiness-type Activities
General government	\$ 16,162	\$
Public safety	46,429	
Parks and recreation	86,036	
Streets	420,300	
Airport	168,730	
Maintenance	3,293	
General and administrative		35,082
Community activities		62,937
Water		784,408
Sewer	 	 284,955
Total	\$ 740,950	\$ 1,167,382

(6) Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses

Accounts payable and accrued expenses at June 30, 2023 consisted of the following:

Class of Payable		vernmental ctivities		siness-type Activities		Total
Accounts	\$	300,810	\$	208,721	\$	509,531
Construction payable		6,500				6,500
Compensated absences		7,707		16,955		24,663
Salaries and benefits		84,911		4,717		89,628
Bonds due to city court		9,869				9,868
Total – fund statements		409,797		230,393		640,190
Accrued interest		42,542	: (20,790		63,332
Total –government-wide Statements	<u>\$</u>	452,339	\$	251,183	<u>\$</u>	703,522

(7) Customers' Deposits

Deposits held for customers that are currently active on the water and sewer systems total \$202,272 at June 30, 2023.

(8) Leases

The City, as a lessor, has entered into lease agreements involving airport hangers, water towers, and buildings owned by the City. The total amount of inflows of resources, including lease revenue, interest revenue, and other lease-related inflows, recognized during the year ended June 30, 2023 was \$22,131.

The future inflow of resources for the years subsequent to June 30, 2023, under existing lease agreements are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	/	Amount
2024	\$	20,950
2025		20,386
2026		19,830
2027		9,023
2028		9,205
2029-2033		48,642
2034-2037		22,187
	\$	150,223

(9) On-behalf Payments

Public safety employees of the City received a total of \$101,793 in supplemental pay from the State of Louisiana. The City recognizes this supplemental pay received by the employees as revenues and expenditures of the City. The revenue is reported in the General Fund under intergovernmental revenues and the expenditure is reported as public safety and ward court expenditures.

(10) Long–Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2023, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Re	ductions_	Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within <u>One Year</u>
Governmental Activities: Notes from direct placemer Sales Tax Revenue Bonds						
Series 2014	\$ 2,275,000	\$	\$(145,000)	\$2,130,000	\$ 150,000
Series 2015	1,360,000		(80,000)	1,280,000	85,000
Series 2016	320,000		(60,000)	260,000	65,000
Other long-term Liabilities –						
Leased equipment Net pension	32,813		(7,439)	25,374	7,061
liability - MERS Net pension	803,487	458,948			1,262,435	
liability – MPERS	756,948	1,068,784			1,825,732	
Compensated absences	44,188	7,645			51,833	51,833
Less current portion	<u>\$ 5,592,436</u>	<u>\$1,535,377</u>	<u>\$(</u>	292,439)	6,835,374 (<u>7,707)</u>	358,894 _(
Total long-term liabilities, governmental activities				q	6.827.667	\$ 351,187
				7	0,021,001	<u>• 001,107</u>

Business-type activities: Notes from direct placemer	Beginning <u>Balance</u> ht:	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within <u>One Year</u>
Water Revenue Bonds Series 2012	\$ 5,537,606	\$	\$ (105,479)	\$ 5,432,127	\$ 108,642
Water Revenue Bonds Series 2016	3,260,000		(430,000)	2,830,000	440,000
Other long-term liabilities Net pension Liability-MERS	381,597	217,967		599,564	
Compensated Absences	17,242		(287)	16,955	16,955
	<u>\$ 9,196,445</u>	<u>\$ 217,967</u>	<u>\$ (535,766)</u>	8,878,646	565,597
Less current portion				(16,955)	(16,955)
Total Business-type Activities				<u>\$ 8,861,691</u>	<u>\$ 548,642</u>
Governmental activities sales t	wing issues:				
Sales Tax Revenue Bonds:					
Series 2014, original amount \$3,200,000 dated August 6, 2014. Due in annual installments of principal and semi -annual installments of interest through August 2034; interest at 2.825%. Payable from sales tax funds.					
Series 2015, original amou 2015. Due in annual instal -annual installments of inte interest at 2.705%. Payable	Iments of princ rest through A	ipal and sem ugust 2035;		<u>\$</u>	<u>2,130,000</u>
Series 2016, original amou 2016. Due in annual instal -annual installments of inte	Iments of princ	ipal and sem		<u>\$</u>	<u>1,280,000</u>
interest at 2.3701%. Payab				<u>\$</u>	260,000

Business-type activities general obligation and utility revenue bonds consist of the following issues:

Utility revenue bonds:

Series 2012, original amount \$6,109,000 dated February 2015. Due in annual installments of principal and semi -annual installments of interest through June 2054; interest at 3.0%. Secured by pledge of net revenues of the water system.	\$ 5.432.127
water system.	$\frac{1}{2}$ 0,402,121
Series 2016 original amount 5,495,000 dated November 22, 2016. Due in annual installments of principal and semi annual installments of interest through June 2029; interest at 2.25%-3.125%. Secured by pledge of net revenues	
of the water system	<u>\$ 2,830,000</u>

Payments on sales tax revenue bonds are made from the Sales Tax Bond funds. Sales Tax Revenue Bonds Series 2014, 2015, and 2016 are secured by pledge of one percent sales tax approved by voters on November 16, 1991. Payments on utility revenue bonds and general obligation are made from the Water and Sewer fund. Compensated absences liability will be liquidated through the General fund and Water and sewer fund.

Debt service requirements at June 30, 2023, were as follows:

Governmental Activities - Sales Tax Bonds

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest		
2024	\$ 300,000	\$	98,670	
2025	305,000		90,523	
2026	315,000		82,167	
2027	320,000		73,602	
2028	260,000		65,665	
2029-2033	1,430,000		212,856	
2034-2036	740,000		29,634	
	\$ 3,670,000	\$	653,117	

Business-ty	pe Activities – Utility	Revenue Bonds
ElevelV		Di i I

Fiscal Year	Principal		
2024	\$ 548,642	\$	239,501
2025	566,901		226,343
2026	580,258		212,748
2027	593,716		198,827
2028	612,278		180,422
2029-2033	1,173,664		705,147
2034-2038	775,165		582,865
2039-2043	898,629		459,401
2044-2048	1,041,758		316,273
2049-2053	1,207,682		150,348
2054	263,434		7,901
	<u>\$ 8,262,127</u>	\$	3,279,776

Leased Equipment

The City has three lease agreements for equipment. The equipment is included in governmental activities capital assets at a cost of \$41,573, with accumulated amortization totaling \$21,826 as of June 30, 2023. Interest has been imputed at a rate of 2.54%, and the City will make monthly payments through December 2026. The future lease payments under lease agreements are as follows:

Fiscal Year	<u> </u>	Principal		terest
2024	\$	7,061	\$	580
2025		7,244		396
2026		7,433		207
2027		3,636		34
	\$	25,374	\$	1,217

(11) Other Postemployment Benefits

The City provides no other postemployment benefits to its employees.

(12) Risk Management

The City purchases commercial insurance to provide workers compensation coverage and general liability and property insurance. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the previous year.

(13) Interfund Balances

Interfund balances at June 30, 2023 consisted of the following:

		ue From ther Fund		Due To <u>)ther Fund</u>		Net
Governmental Funds:						
General fund	\$	169,310	\$		\$	169,310
Sales		402,500				402,500
Total Governmental Funds). 2	571,810			_	571,810
Enterprise Funds:						
Major fund						
Water and Sewer			(565,667)	(565,667)
Non-major funds		44	Ĺ	6,187)	(6,143)
Total Enterprise Funds		44	(571,854)	Ĺ	571,810)
Total	\$	571,854	<u>\$(</u>	<u>571,854)</u>	\$	

The interfund balances are the results of the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

(14) Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2023, consisted of the following:

	Transfer To	Transfer From	Net
Governmental Funds:			
Major funds:			
General fund	\$ 2,182,112	\$	\$ 2,182,112
Sales tax		(3,257,987)	(3,257,987)
Non-major funds	405,486		405,486
Total Governmental Funds	2,587,598	(3,257,987)	(670,389)
Enterprise Funds:			
Major funds:			
Water and sewer	602,500	(21,361)	581,139
Non-major funds	107,250	(18,000)	89,250
	709,750	(39,361)	670,389
Total	<u>\$ 3,297,348</u>	<u>\$(3,297,348)</u>	\$

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them.

(15) Pension Plans

Employees of the City are members of the Municipal Employees Retirement System or Municipal Police Employees Retirement System (police department employees). The following is a description of the plans and benefits and is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to the appropriate statutes for more complete information.

MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

The Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana is the administrator of a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The System was originally established by Act 356 of the 1954 regular session of the Legislature of the State of Louisiana. Effective October 1, 1978, under Act 788, the "regular plan" and the "supplemental plan" were replaced, and are now known as Plan "A" and Plan "B". Plan A combines the original plan and the supplemental plan for those municipalities participating in both plans, while Plan B participates in only the original plan. The System provides retirement benefits to employees of all incorporated villages, towns and cities within the State which do not have their own retirement system and which elect to become members of the System. Employees of the City are members of Plan A.

Plan Description

Eligibility Requirements:

Membership is mandatory as a condition of employment beginning on the date employed if the employee is on a permanent basis working at least thirty-five hours per week. Those individuals paid jointly by a participating employer and the parish are not eligible for membership in the System with exceptions as outlined in the statutes.

Retirement Benefits:

Any member of Plan A who was hired before January 1, 2013 can retire providing the member meets one of the following criteria:

- 1. Any age with twenty-five (25) or more years of creditable service.
- 2. Age 60 with a minimum of ten (10) years of creditable service.
- 3. Any age with five (5) years of creditable service eligible for disability benefits.
- 4. Survivor's benefits require five (5) years creditable service at death of member.
- 5. Any age with 20 years of creditable service, exclusive of military service with an actuarially reduced early benefit.

Eligibility for retirement for Plan A members hired on or after January 1, 2013 is as follows:

- 1. Age 67 with seven (7) or more years of creditable service
- 2. Age 62 with ten (10) or more years of creditable service
- 3. Age 55 with thirty (30) or more years of creditable service

4. Any age with twenty five (25) years of creditable service, exclusive of military service and unused side leave. However, any member retiring under this subsection shall have their benefit actuarially reduced from the earliest age of which the member would be entitled to a vested deferred benefit under any provision of this section, if the member had continued in service to that age.

Generally, the monthly amount of the retirement allowance for any member of Plan A shall consist of an amount equal to three percent of the member's monthly average final compensation multiplied by his years of creditable service. However, under certain conditions as outlined in the statutes, the benefits are limited to specified amounts.

Survivor Benefits:

Upon death of any member of Plan A with five (5) or more years of creditable service, not eligible for retirement, the plan provides for benefits for the surviving spouse and/or minor children as outlined in the statutes. Any member of Plan A, who is eligible for normal retirement at time of death and who leaves a surviving spouse, will be deemed to have retired and selected Option 2 benefits on behalf of the surviving spouse on the date of death. Such benefits will begin only upon proper application and are paid in lieu of any other survivor benefits.

DROP Benefits:

In lieu of terminating employment and accepting a service retirement allowance, any member of Plan A who is eligible to retire may elect to participate in the deferred retirement option plan (DROP) for up to three years and defer the receipt of benefits. During participation in the plan, employer contributions are payable but employee contributions cease. The monthly retirement benefits that would be payable, had the person elected to cease employment and receive a service retirement allowance, are paid into the DROP fund. Interest is earned when the member has completed DROP participation. Interest earnings are based upon the actual rate of return on the investments identified as DROP funds for the period. In addition, no cost-of-living increases are payable to participants until employment which made them eligible to become members of the System has been terminated for at least one full year. Upon termination of employment prior to or at the end of the specified period of participation, a participant in the DROP may receive, at his option, a lump sum from the account equal to the payments into the account, a true annuity based upon his account balance in that fund, or any other method of payment if approved by the board of trustees. If a participant dies during participation in the DROP, a lump sum equal to the balance in his account shall be paid to his named beneficiary or, if none, to his estate. If employment is not terminated at the end of the three years, payments into the DROP fund cease and the person resumes active contributing membership in the System.

Disability Benefits:

For Plan A, a member shall be eligible to retire and receive a disability benefit if he has at least five years of creditable service, is not eligible for normal retirement and has been officially certified as disabled by the State Medical Disability Board. Upon retirement caused by disability, a member of Plan A shall be paid a disability benefit equal to the lesser of forty-five percent of his final average compensation or three percent of his final average compensation multiplied by his years of creditable service whichever is greater or an amount equal to three percent of the member's final average compensation multiplied by his years of creditable service projected to his earliest normal retirement age.

Cost of Living Increases:

The System is authorized under state law to grant a cost of living increase to members who have been retired for at least one year. The adjustment cannot exceed 2% of the retiree's original benefit for each full calendar year since retirement and may only be granted if sufficient funds are available from investment income in excess of normal requirements. State law allows the System to grant an additional cost of living increase to all retirees and beneficiaries who are age sixty-five and above equal to 2% of the benefit being received on October 1, 1977, or the original benefit, if retirement commenced after that date.

Deferred Benefits:

Both plans provide for deferred benefits for members who terminate before being eligible for retirement. Once the member reaches the appropriate age for retirement, benefits become payable. Benefits are based on statutes in effect at time of withdrawal.

Contributions

Contributions for all members are established by statute. Member contributions are at 9.5% of earnable compensation for Plan A. According to state statute, contribution requirements for all employers are actuarially determined each year. For the plan year ending June 30, 2022, the actual employer contribution rate was 29.50% for Plan A. The City's contributions to the System for the years ended June 30, 2023, 2022, and 2021, were \$241,267, \$230,364, and \$248,882, respectively.

Non-Employer Contributions

In accordance with state statute, the System receives ad valorem taxes and state revenue sharing funds. These additional sources of income are used as employer contributions and are considered support from non-employer contributing entities, but are not considered special funding situations. Non-employer contributions totaling \$31,927 are recognized as revenue during the year ended June 30, 2023, and excluded from pension expense.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2023, the City reported a liability of \$1,861,999 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The historical employer contributions are used to determine the proportionate relationship of each employer to all employers of Municipal Employees' Retirement System. The employer's proportion was determined on a basis that is consistent with the manner in which contributions to the pension plan are determined. The allocation percentages were used in calculating each employer's proportionate share of the pension amounts. The allocation method used in determining each employer's proportion was based on each employer's contributions to the System during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, as compared to the total of all employers' contributions received by the System during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, was .448325%, which was a increase of .02226% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the City recognized pension expense of \$207,309, plus employer's amortization of change in proportionate share and the difference between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions, \$1,148.

At June 30, 2023, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Inflows of Resources			sources
	0	Governmental Activities		siness-type Activities
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in proportionate share from beginning	\$	4,848	\$	2,282
net pension liability Difference between actual contributions and proportiona	te	48,173		22,942
share of contributions		17,097		8,079
Total	\$	70,118	\$	33,303
		Deferred Outflor	ws of F	Resources
	G	overnmental Activities		siness-type Activities
Changes of assumptions	\$	12,266	\$	14,407
Differences between expected and actual experience		1,495		704
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings		210,684		99,145
Changes in proportionate share from beginning net pension liability		34,025		9,210
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		164 062		77 205
Total	\$	<u>164,062</u> 422,532	\$	77,205

The City reported a total of \$241,267 as deferred outflow of resources related to pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement period of June 30, 2022, which will be recognized as a reduction in net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expenses as follows:

<u>Year</u>	Amount		
2024	\$	27,364	
2025		72,919	
2026		29,648	
2027		148,584	
Total	\$	278,515	

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The net pension liability was measured as the portion of the present value of projected benefit payments to be provided through the pension plan to current active and inactive employees that is attributed to those employees' past periods of service, less the amount of the pension plan's fiduciary net position. A summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used in determining the total pension liability as of June 30, 2022 are as follows:

Valuation Date Actuarial Cost Method Actuarial Assumptions:	June 30, 2022 Entry Age Normal
Investment Rate of Return	6.85%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation
Inflation Rate Salary increases, including inflation and merit increases:	2.5%
1 to 4 years of service	6.4%
More than 4 years of service Annuitant and beneficiary mortality	4.5% PubG-2010(B) Healthy Retiree table set equal to 120% for males and females, each adjusted using their respective male and female MP2018 scales.
Employee mortality	PubG-2010(B) Healthy Retiree table set equal to 120% for males and females, each adjusted using their respective male and female MP2018 scales.
Disabled lives mortality	PubNS-2010(B) Disabled Retiree table set equal to 120% for males and females with full generational MP2018 scale.
Expected Remaining Service Lives	3 years

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment mortality and future salary increases. Actuarially determined amounts regarding the net pension liability are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations, and new estimates are made about the future. The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation was based on the results of an experience study, for the period July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2018. The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2009 through June 30, 2014. The required Schedules of Employers' Net pension Liability located in the required supplementary information following the notes to the Financial Statements present multi-year trend information regarding whether the plan fiduciary net positions are increasing or decreasing over time relative to the total pension liability. The Total Pension Liability as of June 30, 2022 is based on actuarial valuations for the same period, updates using generally accepted actuarial principles.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimated ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation and an adjustment for the effect of rebalancing/diversification.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the System's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2022 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected
	Target Asset	Portfolio Real Rate of
	Allocation	Return
Public equity	53%	2.31%
Public fixed income	38%	1.65%
Alternatives	9%	39%
Totals	100%	4.35%
Inflation		2.6%
Expected Arithmetic Nominal Return		6.95%

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.85%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from participating employers will be made at the actuarially determined rates approved by PRSAC taking into consideration the recommendation of the System's actuary. Based on those assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity to Changes in Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the participating employers calculated using the discount rate of 6.85%, as well as what the employers' net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower, or one percentage point higher than the current rate as of June 30, 2022:

	Changes in Discount Rate			
	1% Decrease <u>5.85%</u>	Current Discount Rate 6.85%	1% Increase 7.85%	
Net Pension Liability	\$ 2,476,821	\$ 1,861,999	\$ 1,342,493	

Changes in Net Pension Liability

The changes in the net pension liability for the year ended June 30, 2023 were recognized in the current reporting period except as follows:

Differences between Expected and Actual Experience:

The differences between expected and actual experience with regard to economic or demographic factors in the measurement of the total pension liability were recognized as pension benefit using the straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the pension plan.

Differences between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings:

The differences between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments were recognized in pension expense using the straight-line amortization method over a closed five-year period.

Changes of Assumptions:

The changes of assumptions about future economic or demographic factors were recognized in pension expense using the straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the pension plan.

Changes in Proportion:

Changes in the employer's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability and collective deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources since the prior measurement date were recognized in employer's pension expense (benefit) using the straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided pensions through the pension plan. The unamortized amounts arising from changes in proportion are presented in the Schedule of Pension Amounts as deferred outflows or deferred inflows as of June 30, 2023.

Contributions – Proportionate Share

Differences between contributions remitted to the System and the employer's proportionate share are recognized in pension expense (benefit) using the straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with a pension through the pension plan.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Plan fiduciary net position is a significant component of the System's collective net pension liability. The System's plan fiduciary net position was determined using the accrual basis of accounting. The System's assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses were recorded with the use of estimates and assumptions in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Such estimates primarily related to unsettled transactions and events as of the date of the financial statements and estimates over the determination of the fair market value of the System's investments. Accordingly, actual results may differ from estimated amounts.

The Plan's fiduciary net position has been determined on the same basis as that used by the plan. Detailed information about the fiduciary net position is available in a stand-alone audit report on their financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022. Access to these reports can be found on the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's website, <u>www.lla.la.gov</u>.

MUNICIPAL POLICE EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

The Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System (System) is a cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit plan administered by a separate board of trustees. The System issues an annual publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to the Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System, 7722 Office Park Boulevard, Suite 200, Baton Rouge, Louisiana, 70809.

Plan Description

Membership in the System is mandatory for any full-time police officer employed by a municipality of the State of Louisiana and engaged in law enforcement, empowered to make arrests, providing he or she does not have to pay social security and providing he or she meets the statutory criteria. The System provides retirement benefits for municipal police officers. The projections of benefit payments in the calculation of the total pension liability includes all benefits to be provided to current active and inactive employees through the System in accordance with benefit terms and any additional legal agreements to provide benefits that are in force at the measurement date.

Benefit provisions are authorized within Act 189 of 1973 and amended by LRS 11:2211-11:2233. The following is a brief description of the plan and its benefits and is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to the appropriate statutes for more complete information.

Membership Prior to January 1, 2013

A member is eligible for regular retirement after he has been a member of the System and has 25 years of creditable service at any age or has 20 years of creditable service and is age 50 or has 12 years creditable service and is age 55. A member is eligible for early retirement after he has been a member of the System for 20 years of creditable service at any age with an actuarially reduced benefit. Benefit rates are three and one-third percent of average final compensation (average monthly earnings during the highest 36 consecutive months or joined months if service was interrupted) per number of years of creditable service not to exceed 100% of final salary.

Upon the death of an active contributing member, or disability retiree, the plan provides for surviving spouses and minor children. Under certain conditions outlined in the statutes, the benefits range from forty to sixty percent of the member's average final compensation for the surviving spouse. In addition, each child under age eighteen receives benefits equal to ten percent of the member's average final compensation or \$200.00 per month, whichever is greater.

Membership Commencing January 1, 2013

Member eligibility for regular retirement, early retirement, disability and survivor benefits are based on Hazardous Duty and Non Hazardous Duty sub plans. Under the Hazardous Duty sub plan, a member is eligible for regular retirement after he has been a member of the System and has 25 years of creditable service at any age or has 12 years of creditable service at age 55. Under the Non Hazardous Duty sub plan, a member is eligible for regular retirement after he has been a member of the System and has 30 years of creditable service at any age, 25 years of creditable service at age 55, or 10 years of creditable service at age 60.

Under both sub plans, a member is eligible for early retirement after he has been a member of the System for 20 years of creditable service at any age, with an actuarially reduced benefit from age 55. Under the Hazardous and Non Hazardous Duty sub plans, the benefit rates are three percent and two and a half percent, respectively, of average final compensation (average monthly earnings during the highest 60 consecutive months or joined months if service was interrupted) per number of years of creditable service not to exceed 100% of final salary. Upon death of an active contributing member, or disability retiree, the plan provides for surviving spouses and minor children. Under certain conditions outlined in the statues, the benefits range from twenty-five to fifty-five percent of the member's average final compensation for the surviving spouse. In addition, each child under age eighteen receives ten percent of average final compensation or \$200 per month whichever is greater. If deceased member had less than ten years of service, beneficiary will receive a refund of employee contributions only.

Cost of Living Adjustments

The Board of Trustees is authorized to provide annual cost-of-living adjustments computed on the amount of the current regular retirement, disability, beneficiary or survivor's benefit, not to exceed 3% in any given year. The Board is authorized to provide an additional 2% COLA, computed on the member's original benefit, to all regular retirees, disability, survivors and beneficiaries who are 65 years of age or older on the cut-off date which determines eligibility. No regular retiree, survivor or beneficiary shall be eligible to receive a cost-of-living adjustment until benefits have been received at least one full fiscal year and the payment of such COLA, when authorized, shall not be effective until the lapse of at least one-half of the fiscal year. Members who elect early retirement are not eligible for a cost of living adjustment until they reach regular retirement age.

Deferred Retirement Option Plan

A member is eligible to elect to enter the deferred retirement option plan (DROP) when he is eligible for regular retirement based on the members' sub plan participation. Upon filing for the program, the employee's active membership in the System is terminated. At the entry date into the DROP, the employee and employer contributions cease. The amount to be deposited into the DROP account is equal to the benefit computed under the retirement plan elected by the participant at date of application. The duration of participation in the DROP is thirty six months or less. If employment is terminated after the three-year period the participant may receive his benefits by lump sum payment or a true annuity. If employment is not terminated, active contributing membership into the System shall resume and upon later termination, he shall receive additional retirement benefit based on the additional service. For those eligible to enter DROP prior to January 1, 2004, DROP accounts shall earn interest subsequent to the termination of DROP participation at a rate of half of one percentage point below the percentage rate of return

of the System's investment portfolio as certified by the actuary on an annual basis but will never lose money. For those eligible to enter DROP subsequent to January 1, 2004, an irrevocable election is made to earn interest based on the System's investment portfolio return or a money market investment return. This could result in a negative earnings rate being applied to the account. If the member elects a money market investment return, the funds are transferred to a government money market account.

Initial Benefit Option Plan

In 1999, the State Legislature authorized the System to establish an Initial Benefit Option program. Initial Benefit Option is available to members who are eligible for regular retirement and have not participated in DROP. The Initial Benefit Option program provides both a one-time single sum payment of up to 36 months of regular monthly retirement benefit, plus a reduced monthly retirement benefit for life. Interest is computed on the balance based on same criteria as DROP.

Contributions

Contributions for all members are actuarially determined as required by state law but cannot be less than 9% of the employees' earnable compensation excluding overtime but including state supplemental pay. For the year ended June 30, 2022, total contributions due from employers and employees was 39.75%. The employer and employee contribution rates for all members hired prior to January 1, 2013 and Hazardous Duty members hired after January 1, 2013 were 29.75% and 10%, respectively. The employer and employee contribution rates for all Non-Hazardous Duty members hired after January 1, 2013 were 29.75% and 8%, respectively. The employer and employee contribution rates for all Non-Hazardous Duty members hired after January 1, 2013 were 29.75% and 8%, respectively. The employer and employee contribution rates for all Non-Hazardous Duty members hired after January 1, 2013 were 29.75% and 8%, respectively. The employer and employee contribution rates for all Non-Hazardous Duty members hired after January 1, 2013 were 29.75% and 8%, respectively. The employer and employee contribution rates for all members whose earnable compensation is less than or equal to the poverty guidelines issued by the United States Department of Health and Human Services were 32.25% and 7.5%, respectively. The City contributions to the System for the years ended June 30, 2023, 2022, and 2021 were \$197,187, \$163,986, and \$149,514, respectively. Included in contributions for the year ended June 30, 2023, were contributions for the month of June 2023 which were remitted in July 2023.

Non-Employer Contributions

The System also receives insurance premium tax monies as additional employer contributions. The tax is considered support from a non-contributing entity and appropriated by the legislature each year based on an actuarial study. Non-employer contributions totaling \$39,733 are recognized as revenue during the year ended June 30, 2023, and excluded from pension expense.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2023, the City reported a liability of \$1,825,732 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer's contributions to the System during the year ended June 30, 2022, as compared to the total of all employers' contributions to the System for the year ended June 30, 2022. At June 30, 2022, the City's proportion was .178612%, which was a increase of .03661% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the City recognized pension expense of \$387,679, plus employer's amortization of change in proportionate share and the difference between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions, \$227.

At June 30, 2023, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Governmental Activities			vities
	Deferred Outflows of Resources			rred Inflows Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	9,004	\$	14,880
Difference between actual contributions and				
proportionate share of contributions		7,881		1,770
Changes of assumptions		62,977		13,579
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				2 (1997) 2008 - 1997 (1997) 1997 - 1997 (1997) 1997 - 1997 (1997)
on pension plan investments		325,952		
Changes in proportion and differences between		Training Character Second 211		
employer contributions and proportionate share of				
contributions		280,859		29,520
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement		<u></u>		- 13 P - 1
Date		197,187		
Total	\$	883,860	\$	59,749

The City reported a total of \$197,187 as deferred outflow of resources related to pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement period of June 30, 2022, which will be recognized as a reduction in net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expenses as follows:

Year		Amount
2024	\$	218,851
2025		147,293
2026		89,805
2027	<i>//</i>	170,975
Total	\$	626,924

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 actuarial funding valuation, and were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2009 – June 30, 2014. In cases where benefit structures were changed after the study period, assumptions were based on estimates of future experience. A summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used in determining the total pension liability as of June 30, 2022 are as follows:

Valuation Date Actuarial Cost Method Investment Rate of Return Expected Remaining Service	June 30, 2022 Entry Age Normal Cost 6.750%, net of investment expense		
Lives Inflation Rate	4 years 2.5%		
Salary increases	Years of Service Salary Grov	wth Rate	
Salary increases, including inflation and merit	1-2 12. above 2 4.7		
Mortality	For annuitants and beneficiaries, the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plan Mortality Table for Safety Below-Median Healthy Retirees multiplied by 115% for males and 125% for females, each with full generational projection using th MP2019 scale was used.		
	For disabled lives, the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Table for Safety Disable Retirees multiplied by 105% for males and 115% for females, each with full generational projection using the MP2019 scale was used		
	For employees, the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans		

For employees, the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Table for Safety Below-Median Employees multiplied by 115% for males and 125% for females, each with full generational projection using the MP2019 scale was used.

The mortality rate assumption used was set based upon an experience study for the period of July 1, 2014 through June 30, 2019. A change was made full generational mortality which combines the use of a base mortality table with appropriate mortality improvement scales. In order to set the base mortality table, actual plan mortality experience was assigned a credibility weighting and combined with a standard table to produce current levels of mortality.

Best estimates of arithmetic nominal rates of return for each major asset class included in the System's target allocation as of June 30, 2022 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected Portfolio
	Target Asset	Real Rate of
Asset Class	Allocation	Return
Equity	55.50%	3.60%
Fixed income	30.50%	0.85%
Alternatives	14%	0.95%
Totals	100%	5.40%
Inflation		2.66%
Expected Arithmetic Nominal Return		8.06%

Sensitivity to Changes in Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the participating employers calculated using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the employers' net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower 5.75% or one percentage point higher 7.75% than the current rate.

	Char	nges in Discoun	t Rate
		Current	
	1%	1%	
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
	5.75%	6.75%	7.75%
Net Pension Liability	\$2,555,675	\$1,825,732	\$1,215,988

Change in Net Pension Liability

The changes in the net pension liability for the year ended June 30, 2023, were recognized in the current reporting period as pension expense except as follows:

Differences between Expected and Actual Experience:

Differences between expected and actual experience with regard to economic or demographic factors in the measurement of the total pension liability were recognized in pension expense using the straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the pension plan.

Differences between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings:

Differences between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments were recognized in pension expense using the straight-line amortization method over a closed five-year period.

Changes of Assumptions or Other Inputs:

Changes of assumptions about future economic or demographic factors or of other inputs were recognized in pension expense using the straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the pension plan.

Change in Proportion:

Changes in the employer's proportionate shares of the collective net pension liability and collective deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources since the prior measurement date were recognized in employer's pension expense (benefit) using a the straightline amortization method over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided pensions through the pension plan.

Contributions – Proportionate Share

Differences between contributions remitted to the System and the employer's proportionate share are recognized in pension expense (benefit) using the straight line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with a pension through the pension plan. The resulting deferred inflow/outflow and amortization is not reflected in the schedule of employer amounts due to differences that could arise between contributions reported by the System and contributions reported by the participating employer.

Pension Plans Fiduciary Net Positions

Plan fiduciary net position is a significant component of the System's collective net pension liability. The System's plan fiduciary net position was determined using the accrual basis of accounting. The System's assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses were recorded with the use of estimates and assumptions in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Such estimates primarily related to unsettled transactions and events as of the date of the financial statements and estimates over the determination of the fair market value of the System's investments. Accordingly, actual results may differ from estimated amounts. The Plan's fiduciary net position has been determined on the same basis as that used by the plan. Detailed information about the fiduciary net position is available in a stand-alone audit report on their financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022. Access to these reports can be found on the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's website, www.lla.la.gov.

(16) Subsequent Events

In July 2023, the City awarded a contract for emergency sewer repairs for approximately \$245,000.

In August 2023, the City awarded a contract totaling \$62,000 to pave the parking lot.

In November 2023, the City awarded an engineering and a construction contract for drainage projects totaling \$220,715.

In November 2023, the city awarded a contract for roof repairs to various City buildings totaling \$94,425.

Subsequent events have been evaluated through December 22, 2023, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

(17) Fund Balance Classifications

The constraints on fund balance as listed in aggregate in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance are detailed according to balance classification and fund, as follows:

	1	Majo	r Funds	Non-major Funds		
	(General Fund	Sales Tax	Other Governmental Funds		Total
Fund balances:						
Nonspendable	\$	119,230	\$	\$	\$	119,230
Restricted:						
Debt service				338,352		338,352
Capital improvements			3,214,318		:	3,214,318
Sewer, water, garbage,						
public safety, parks & rec			1,691,449		8	1,691,449
Public safety		21,737				21,737
Assigned:						
Property acquisition		140,986				140,986
Building maintenance		210,935				210,935
Airport		13,119				13,119
Health center maintenance		38,922				38,922
Public Safety		224,731				224,731
Other		1,115				1,115
Unassigned	1	,287,317			8	,287,317
Total fund balances	\$2	,058,092	\$ 4,905,767	\$ 338,352	\$ 7	,302,211

(18) Deferred Inflows and Deferred Outflows of Resources

The Statement of Net Position reports deferred inflows of resources at June 30, 2023, consisting of the following:

		vernmental	iness-type ctivities	Total		
Pension related - MERS	\$	70,118	\$ 33,303	\$	103,421	
Pension related - MPERS		59,749			59,749	
Leased buildings	2000	150,223			150,223	
	\$	280,090	\$ 33,303	\$	313,393	

The Statement of Net Position reports deferred outflows of resources at June 30, 2023, consisting of the following:

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total		
Pension related - MERS Pension related - MPERS	\$ 422,532 883,860	\$ 200,671	\$ 623,203 883,860		
	\$ 1,306,392	\$ 200,671	\$ 1,507,063		

Information about each retirement plan is detailed in Note 15.

(19) Litigation and Claims

At June 30, 2023, the City is involved in several lawsuits. In the opinion of legal counsel for the City, the outcome of the lawsuits is not presently determinable.

(20) Commitments

The City has signed contracts for water improvements, waste water improvements and a water well rehabilitation totaling approximately \$1,312,000. As of June 30, 2023, costs incurred on these contracts totaled approximately \$332,958, with the balances remaining of \$979,042 to be incurred subsequent to June 30, 2023.

The City has signed contracts for airport projects totaling approximately \$263,385. As of June 30, 2023, costs incurred on these contracts totaled approximately \$135,191, with the balances remaining of \$128,194 to be incurred subsequent to June 30, 2023.

The City has signed contracts for a splashpad totaling approximately \$105,850. As of June 30, 2023, costs incurred on these contracts totaled approximately \$37,827, with the balances remaining of \$68,023 to be incurred subsequent to June 30, 2023.

(21) Prior Period Restatement

The net position of the City of Springhill was restated as of June 30, 2022, to record donated land, as noted below:

	Non-Major Business-Type Enterprise Fund Activities Cemetery
Net Position, June 30, 2022, as previously reported	\$ 11,883,243 \$ 405,036
Recording of donated land	65,000 65,000
Total Net Position, June 30, 2022, restated	<u>\$ 11,948,243</u>

(22) Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue at June 30, 2023, consists of funds received under the Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds which had not yet been used/expended. The City plans to use those funds in the subsequent years.

City of Springhill Springhill, Louisiana Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Budgeted	l Am	ounts	Act	ual Amounts	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive
Revenues:	25.000	Original		Final	(Bud	Igetary Basis)	(Negative)
Ad valorem taxes	\$	165,000	\$	170,000	\$	179,222	\$	9,222
Franchise taxes		165,000		165,000		151,212		(13,788)
Other taxes		5,000		5,000		7,649		2,649
Licenses and permits		264,000		279,000		226,651		(52,349)
Charges for service		431,685		452,885		422,155		(30,730)
Gaming taxes		308,000		428,000		457,846		29,846
Intergovernmental revenues		21,986		338,848		404,413		65,565
Fines and forfeitures		122,000		122,000		99,606		(22,394)
Investment earnings		3,000		45,000		51,047		6,047
Rental of facilities		19,200		19,200		30,753		11,553
Oil and gas		15,000		15,000		15,271		271
Miscellaneous		70,360		72,760		149,701		76,941
Total revenues		1,590,231		2,112,693		2,195,526		82,833
Expenditures: Current:	2.							
General government		695,998		1,070,723		1,073,744		(3,021)
Public safety		1,542,190		1,654,234		1,614,569		39,665
Parks and recreation		117,755		158,205		142,565		15,640
Streets		585,016		615,456		733,282		(117,826)
Airport		43,510		82,412		81,191		1,221
Ward court		186,532		224,305		224,464		(159)
Maintenance		24,529		18,350		100,093		(81,743)
Driver license bureau		8,100		11,400		12,320		(920)
Debt service:								,
Principal payments						7,439		(7,439)
Capital outlay				349,015		312,616		36,399
Total expenditures	-	3,203,630		4,184,100		4,302,283		(118,183)
		-11		.,	- (-	<u></u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(1,613,399)		(2,071,407)		(2,106,757)		(35,350)
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in		1,968,000		2,168,000		2,182,112		14,112
Sale of assets		1,000,000		2,100,000		1,706		1,706
Total other financing sources (uses)		1,968,000		2,168,000		2,183,818		15,818
	2	1,000,000		2,100,000	-	2,100,010		101010
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources								
over expenditures and other uses		354,601		96,593		77,061		(19,532)
Fund balances at beginning of year		1,929,762		1,987,743		1,988,470		727
Fund balances at end of year	\$	2,284,363	\$	2,084,336	\$	2,065,531	\$	(18,805)

City of Springhill Springhill, Louisiana Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Sales Tax Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Revenues:	1	Budgetec	l Am	ounts Final	1.0.65	tual Amounts dgetary Basis)	Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive Vegative)
Sales tax	\$	2,800,000	\$	3,000,000	\$	3,093,661	\$	93,661
Investment income	ат.	19,000	*	19,000	*	47,421	Ψ	28,421
Total revenues		2,819,000		3,019,000	_	3,141,082		122,082
Expenditures: Current:								
General government		28,000		40,000		45 400		0.507
	-	38,000	-	49,000		45,463		3,537
Total expenditures	-	38,000		49,000		45,463		3,537
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		2,781,000		2,970,000		3,095,619		125,619
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers out	0	(2,752,099)		(3,254,599)		(3,257,987)		(3,388)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(2,752,099)		(3,254,599)		(3,257,987)		(3,388)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses		28,901		(284,599)		(162,368)		122,231
Fund balances at beginning of year		4,727,626		5,068,135		5,068,135		
Fund balances at end of year	\$	4,756,527	\$	4,783,536	\$	4,905,767	\$	122,231

City of Springhill Springhill, Louisiana Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System

Year Ended June 30	Proportion of the net pension liability	2 CH C	ortionate share e net pension liability	ed-employee payroll	Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
2023	0.178612%	\$	1,825,732	\$ 551,214	331.22%	70.80%
2022	0.142002%		756,948	479,969	157.71%	84.09%
2021	0.148943%		1,376,580	411,058	334.89%	70.94%
2020	0.113189%		1,027,946	380,979	269.82%	71.01%
2019	0.139991%		1,183,492	357,033	331.48%	71.89%
2018	0.119335%		1,041,845	382,649	272.27%	70.08%
2017	0.14636%		1,371,834	409,992	334.60%	66.04%
2016	0.15492%		1,213,621	419,414	289.36%	70.73%
2015	0.19671%		1,230,659	398,211	309.05%	75.10%

Municipal Employees' Retirement System

Year Ended June 30	Proportion of the net pension liability	a subles	ortionate share e net pension liability	Cover	ed-employee payroll	Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
2023	0.448325%	\$	1,861,999	\$	780,895	238.44%	67.87%
2022	0.426059%		1,185,084		843,667	140.47%	77.82%
2021	0.481538%		2,081,886		920,374	226.20%	64.52%
2020	0.496435%		2,074,434		928,646	223.38%	64.68%
2019	0.515546%		2,134,710		941,239	226.80%	63.94%
2018	0.529604%		2,215,557		962,808	230.11%	62.49%
2017	0.531228%		2,177,350		948,954	229.45%	62.11%
2016	0.510513%		1,823,632		871,320	209.30%	66.18%
2015	0.504702%		1,295,290		888,763	145.74%	73.99%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

City of Springhill Springhill, Louisiana Schedule of Contributions June 30, 2023

Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System

Year Ended June 30	F	itatutorily Required ontribution	in rel st	ntributions ation to the tatutorily d contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Cove	red-employee payroll	Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll
2023	\$	197,187	\$	197,187	\$	\$	630,991	31.25%
2022		163,986	12.00	163,986			551,214	29.75%
2021		149,514		149,514			479,969	31.15%
2020		133,594		133,594			411,058	32.50%
2019		122,866		122,866			380,979	32.25%
2018		109,788		109,788			357,033	30.75%
2017		121,491		121,491			382,649	31.75%
2016		120,948		120,948			409,992	29.50%
2015		132,115		132,115			419,414	31.50%

Municipal Employees' Retirement System

Year Ended June 30	1	Statutorily Required ontribution	in rel s	ntributions ation to the tatutorily d contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Cove	red-employee payroll	Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll
2023	\$	241,267	\$	241,267	\$	\$	817,854	29.50%
2022		230,364	1000	230,364	•	*	780,895	29.50%
2021		248,882		248,882			843.667	29.50%
2020		255,404		255,404			920,374	27.75%
2019		241,448		241,448			928,646	26.00%
2018		232,957		232,957			941,239	24.75%
2017		218,809		218,809			961,798	22.75%
2016		187,418		187,418			948,954	19.75%
2015		172,086		172,086			871,320	19.75%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

City of Springhill Springhill, Louisiana Combining Balance Sheet Non-major Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

	824)14 Sales ax Bonds	1000	15 Sales ax Bonds		16 Sales ax Bonds	Total
Assets							
Restricted investments	\$	169,102	\$	104,786	\$	64,464	\$ 338,352
Total assets	\$	169,102	\$	104,786	\$	64,464	\$ 338,352
Find belowers							
Fund balances:	•	100 100	•	404 700	•		
Restricted - debt service	_\$	169,102	\$	104,786	\$	64,464	\$ 338,352
Total fund balances	\$	169,102	\$	104,786	\$	64,464	\$ 338,352

City of Springhill Springhill, Louisiana Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Non-major Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

)14 Sales ax Bonds)15 Sales ax Bonds	16 Sales ax Bonds		Totals
Revenues:					
Investment earnings	\$ 3,028	\$ 1,981	\$ 1,118	\$	6,127
Total revenues	3,028	 1,981	1,118		6,127
Expenditures:	20 (MAN) 1000-0001				
Principal retirement	145,000	80,000	60,000		285,000
Interest and other charges	 63,212	 37,206	 9,373		109,791
Total expenditures	208,212	117,206	 69,373	_	394,791
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(205,184)	(115,225)	(68,255)		(388,664)
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in	 211,088	 121,034	 73,364	-	405,486
Net change in fund balance	5,90 <mark>4</mark>	5,809	5,109		16,822
Fund balances at beginning of year	 163,198	 98,977	 59,355		321,530
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 169,102	\$ 104,786	\$ 64,464	\$	338,352

City of Springhill Springhill, Louisiana Combining Schedule of Net Position Non-major Enterprise Funds June 30, 2023

	Cemetery Fund		ommunity ivities Fund	Totals
Assets				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 304,786	\$	22,859	\$ 327,645
Restricted investments	16,884			16,884
Accounts receivable	25,370		7,250	32,620
Inventories	48,374			48,374
Prepaids	311		195	506
Due from other funds	44			44
Total current assets	 395,769		30,304	426,073
Noncurrent assets:				
Capital assets:				
Land	65,000			65,000
Construction in progress	21,909		57,428	79,337
Plant and equipment	63,303		2,668,764	2,732,067
Less: accumulated depreciation	(52,889)		(1,597,337)	(1,650,226)
Total noncurrent assets	 97,323		1,128,855	1,226,178
		_		
Total assets	 493,092		1,159,159	 1,652,251
Liabilities				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	21,960		61,632	83,592
Due to other funds	2,662		3,525	6,187
Total current liabilities	24,622		65,157	89,779
Net position				
Net investment in capital assets	75,414		1,128,855	1,204,269
Unrestricted	393,056		(34,853)	358,203
Total net position	\$ 468,470	\$	1,094,002	\$ 1,562,472

City of Springhill Springhill, Louisiana Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Non-major Enterprise Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Cemetery Fund		Community ctivities Fund		Totals
Operating revenues:						Totals
Charges for service -						
Cemetery assessments	\$	27,945	\$		\$	27,945
Rent	376	27,010	¥	69,066	Ψ	69,066
Sale of cemetery lots		6,875		00,000		6,875
Miscellaneous		0,010		2		2
Total operating revenues		34,820		69,068		103,888
Operating expenses:						
Cost of sales and service		1,646				1,646
Community activities		3.		153,676		153,676
Cemetery maintenance		9,774		,		9,774
General and administrative		7,377		10,628		18,005
Depreciation		1,488		61,449		62,937
Total operating expenses		20,285		225,753		246,038
Operating income (loss)		14,535		(156,685)		(142,150)
Non-operating revenues (expenses):						
Interest income		1,899		106		2,005
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)		1,899		106		2,005
Change in net position before transfers		16,434		(156,579)		(140,145)
Capital contributions				7,250		7,250
Transfers in				107,250		107,250
Transfers out		(18,000)				(18,000)
Total other financing	2				-	
sources (uses)	9 	(18,000)	-	114,500		96,500
Change in net position		(1,566)		(42,079)		(43,645)
Net position - beginning of year, restated		470,036		1,136,081		1,606,117
Net position - end of year	\$	468,470	\$	1,094,002	\$	1,562,472

City of Springhill Springhill, Louisiana Combining Schedule of Net Position Water and Sewer Funds June 30, 2023

		Water Fund		Sewer Fund		Totals
Assets					<i>U.</i>	
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	153,764	\$	1,785,185	\$	1,938,949
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		125,385				125,385
Investments		1,814,134				1,814,134
Restricted investments		60,003				60,003
Accounts receivable		200,847		123,046		323,893
Prepaids		67,307		14,300		81,607
Total current assets		2,421,440		1,922,531		4,343,971
Noncurrent assets:						
Restricted cash		502 442				500 440
in the property sector sectors in the sector of the sector		593,443				593,443
Capital assets:		00.000		00.440		10 100
Land		26,080		22,410		48,490
Construction in process		381,590		354,754		736,344
Plant and equipment		21,482,725		10,878,751		32,361,476
Less: accumulated depreciation		(9,645,391)		(6,949,838)		(16,595,229)
Total noncurrent assets	-	12,838,447		4,306,077	14	17,144,524
Total assets		15,259,887		6,228,608		21,488,495
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Pension related		170,570		30,101		200 671
I chaidh feidice		170,570	-	30,101		200,671
Liabilities						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable		65,220		81,581		146,801
Due to other funds		727,459		(161,792)		565,667
Payable from restricted assets:		d 5600 89910		x - 1 /		
Revenue bonds		548,642				548,642
Accrued interest		20,790				20,790
Customer deposits		202,272				202,272
Unearned revenue		202,272		1,766,373		1,766,373
Total current liabilities	6	1,564,383		1,686,162		3,250,545
Nep ouront linkilition						
Non current liabilities:						
Net pension liability		509,629		89,935		599,564
Revenue bonds		7,713,485				7,713,485
Total noncurrent liabilities		8,223,114		89,935		8,313,049
Total liabilities		0 797 407		1 776 007		14 500 504
i otal liabilities	-	9,787,497	t 	1,776,097	-	11,563,594
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Pension related		28,308		4,995		33,303
Total deferred inflows of resources		28,308		4,995		33,303
Not position						
Net position		0.040.000				
Net investment in capital assets		3,918,266		4,306,077		8,224,343
Restricted for debt service		593,443		15. 21		593,443
Unrestricted	-	1,102,943	•	171,540	•	1,274,483
Total net position	\$	5,614,652	\$	4,477,617	\$	10,092,269

City of Springhill Springhill, Louisiana Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Water and Sewer Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	C	Water Fund	Sewer Fund		Totals
Operating revenues:					
Charges for service -					
Water sales	\$	1,110,133	\$	\$	1,110,133
Sewerage service charges			880,694		880,694
Other charges and fees		75,563	10,665		86,228
Total operating revenues		1,185,696	 891,359		2,077,055
Operating expenses:					
Water services		979,029			979,029
Sewer services		12342, 474722, 4 8 22722, 4102744	634,584		634,584
General and administrative		43,075	19,033		62,108
Depreciation		805,458	298,988		1,104,446
Total operating expenses		1,827,562	 952,605		2,780,167
Operating income (loss)		(641,866)	 (61,246)		(703,112)
Non-operating revenues (expenses):					
Interest income		100,577			100,577
Interest expense		(251,252)			(251,252)
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)		(150,675)	 		(150,675)
Change in net position before					
contributions and transfers		(792,541)	(61 246)		(052 707)
		(792,541)	(61,246)		(853,787)
Capital contributions			22,791		22,791
Transfers in		(167,968)	770,468		602,500
Transfers out		640,833	(662,194)		(21,361)
Total capital contributions and transfers		472,865	131,065	-	603,930
Change in net position		(319,676)	69,819		(249,857)
Net position - beginning of year	(6,264,709	 4,077,417		10,342,126
Net position - end of year	\$	5,945,033	\$ 4,147,236	\$	10,092,269

City of Springhill Springhill, Louisiana Schedule of Compensation Paid to Board Members For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Mayor - W. Ray Huddleston, Salary	\$ 58,257
Alderman:	
D. Nicole Frazier	9,546
Ronnie Dees	4,962
Ronnie Hearnsberger	4,584
Stacey Willard	9,168
Alex Edwards	4,584
ME Whitlock	4,584
D. Melancon	4,584
DW Smith	4,584
	\$ 104,853

City of Springhill Springhill, Louisiana Schedule of Compensation, Benefits, and Other Payments to Agency Head For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Agency Head: W. Ray Huddleston, Mayor

Purpose	/	Amount	
Salary	\$	58,257	
Benefits - Retirement		17,186	
Cell phone		571	
Vehicle insurance and maintenance		1,149	
Travel		480	
Meals		178	
Conference fees		300	

City of Springhill Springhill, Louisiana Other Supplementary Information Justice System Funding Schedule Collecting/Disbursing Schedule As Required by Act 87 of the 2020 Regular Legislative Session For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Cash Basis Presentation	July 2022 - December 2022	January 2023 - June 2023
Beginning Balance of Amounts Collected (i.e. cash on hand)	8,047	8,047
Add: Collections		
Civil fees	43,582	42,490
Subtotal Collections	43,582	42,490
Less: Disbursements to Governments and Nonprofits		
City Court of Springhill Ward 2 Marshal of Webster Parish	3,673 735	4,933 987
Less: Amounts Retained by Collecting Agency		
Other	39,174	36,570
Less: Disbursements to Individuals/3rd Party Collection or Processing Agencies		
Bond Fee Refunds		
Subtotal Disbursements/Retainage	43,582	42,490
Total: Ending Balance of Amounts Collected but not Disbursed/Retained (i.e. cash on hand)	8,047	8,047
Ending Balance of "Partial Payments" Collected but not Disbursed		
Other Information:		
Ending Balance of Total Amounts Assessed but not yet Collected (i.e. receivable		
balance) Total Waivers During the Fiscal Period (i.e. non-cash reduction of receivable balances,		-
such as time served or community service)	×=	-

City of Springhill Springhill, Louisiana Justice System Funding Schedule Receiving Schedule As Required by Act 87 of 2020 Regular Legislative Session For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

	July, 2022 - December, 2022		January 2023 - June, 2023	
Cash Basis Presentation				
Receipts From:				
Springhill City Court - Criminal Court Costs/Fees	\$	3,265	\$	8,262
Subtotal Receipts		3,265		8,262
Ending Balance of Amounts Assessed but Not Received		2=		-

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MEMBER AMERICAN INSTITUTE CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

> SOCIETY OF LOUISIANA CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

<u>Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on</u> <u>Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements</u> <u>Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards</u>

Independent Auditor's Report

The Honorable W. Ray Huddleston, Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Springhill Springhill, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Springhill as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Springhill's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 22, 2023.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Springhill's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Springhill's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Springhill's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We identified certain deficiencies in internal control, described

in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 2023-02 and 2023-03, that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

Report On Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether City of Springhill's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards and which is described in the accompanying Summary Schedule of Current Year Audit Findings as item 2023-001.

City of Springhill's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the City of Springhill's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying Summary Schedule of Current Year Audit Findings. The City of Springhill's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Springhill's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

ook & March Alos

Cook & Morehart Certified Public Accountants December 22, 2023

City of Springhill Springhill, Louisiana Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings for the Louisiana Legislative Auditor June 30, 2023

There was one finding for the prior year audit for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Reference No: 2022-001 Fraud/Misappropriation

A former employee was arrested and charged with felony theft, R.S. 14:67, due to fraudulent charges on City credit card in the amount of \$8,727.

The City's internal controls did detect this issue. The City added controls to ensure that fuel cards are collected from terminated employees prior to termination.

City of Springhill Springhill, Louisiana Summary Schedule of Current Year Audit Findings for the Louisiana Legislative Auditor June 30, 2023

There are three findings for the current year audit for the year ended June 30, 2023.

2023-001 - Public Bid Law Violation

Criteria: The Louisiana Public Bid law prior to August 1, 2022, required governments to advertise for bids for materials and supplies in excess of \$30,000, or purchase items under the state contract.

Finding: During July 2022, the City of Springhill purchased a GMC Sierra 1500 truck in the amount of \$41,875. The City did not advertise for bids in the newspaper and did not purchase the truck on state contract.

Cause: The truck purchased was a used vehicle, and the City was unaware the public bid applied to used vehicles.

Effect: The City was not in compliance with the Louisiana Public Bid Law.

Recommendation: We recommend that, for future purchases, the City advertise for bids or purchase from the state contract in order to comply with Louisiana Public Bid Law.

Management's Response: The City will make sure that all future purchases are purchased under public contract or bid out, in compliance with the Louisiana Public Bid Law.

City of Springhill Springhill, Louisiana Summary Schedule of Current Year Audit Findings for the Louisiana Legislative Auditor June 30, 2023 (Continued)

2023-002 - Significant Deficiency Credit Cards

Criteria: Internal controls should be in place to ensure purchases made on credit cards have appropriate documentation.

Condition: During our testing of credit card transactions, we noted several transactions that did not contain business purpose documentation.

Cause: Managements review of credit card transactions did not include a review for business purpose documentation.

Effect: Several credit card purchases were made without documentation of business purpose. Unauthorized charges could occur without being detected.

Recommendation: We recommend the City strengthen internal controls over credit card purchases to require business purpose documentation to be included with credit card purchases and that a member of management review the documentation prior to payment.

Management's Response: Management will implement procedures to require business purpose documentation to be required on credit card purchases and to ensure a member of management reviews the documentation prior to payment.

2023-003 - Significant Deficiency Vehicle Use Reimbursement

Criteria: Internal controls should be in place regarding use of vehicles, including use of city-owned vehicles and use of personal vehicles for City purposes.

Condition: During our audit, we noted payments made for tires and insurance for personal vehicles due to those vehicles being used for City purposes.

Cause: The City does not have a formal policy governing vehicle usage and related reimbursements, including use of city-owned vehicles and use of personal vehicles for City purposes.

Effect: Payments were made without having a formal policy governing such payments.

Recommendation: We recommend the City develop polices concerning use of vehicles, including the use of city-owned vehicles and the use of personal vehicles for City purposes.

Management's Response: Management will work to develop a policy regarding vehicle usage.

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Independent Accountants' Report on Applying Agreed-Upon Procedures

To the Board of Alderman City of Springhill Springhill, Louisiana and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor

We have performed the procedures enumerated below on the control and compliance (C/C) areas identified in the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's (LLA's) Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures (SAUPs) for the fiscal period July 1, 2022 through June 30, 2023. The City of Springhill's management is responsible for those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs.

City of Springhill has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate to meet the intended purpose of the engagement, which is to perform specified procedures on the C/C areas identified in LLA's SAUPs for the fiscal period July 1, 2022 through June 30, 2023. Additionally, LLA has agreed to and acknowledges that the procedures performed are appropriate for its purposes. This report may not be suitable for any other purpose. The procedures performed may not address all the items of interest to a user of this report and may not meet the needs of all users of this report and, as such, users are responsible for determining whether the procedures performed are appropriate for their purposes.

The procedures and associated findings are as follows:

1) Written Policies and Procedures

- Obtain and inspect the entity's written policies and procedures and observe whether they address each of the following categories and subcategories if applicable to public funds and the entity's operations:
 - a) Budgeting, including preparing, adopting, monitoring, and amending the budget.
 - b) Purchasing, including (1) how purchases are initiated, (2) how vendors are added to the vendor list, (3) the preparation and approval process of purchase requisitions and purchase orders, (4) controls to ensure compliance with the Public Bid Law, and (5) documentation required to be maintained for all bids and price quotes.
 - c) Disbursements, including processing, reviewing, and approving.
 - d) Receipts/Collections, including receiving, recording, and preparing deposits. Also, policies and procedures should include management's actions to determine the completeness of all collections for each type of revenue or agency fund additions (e.g., periodic confirmation with outside parties, reconciliation to utility billing after cutoff

procedures, reconciliation of traffic ticket number sequences, agency fund forfeiture monies confirmation).

- e) **Payroll/Personnel**, including (1) payroll processing, (2) reviewing and approving time and attendance records, including leave and overtime worked, and (3) approval process for employee rates of pay or approval and maintenance of pay rate schedules.
- f) **Contracting**, including (1) types of services requiring written contracts, (2) standard terms and conditions, (3) legal review, (4) approval process, and (5) monitoring process.
- g) Travel and Expense Reimbursement, including (1) allowable expenses, (2) dollar thresholds by category of expense, (3) documentation requirements, and (4) required approvers.
- h) Credit Cards (and debit cards, fuel cards, purchase cards, if applicable), including (1) how cards are to be controlled, (2) allowable business uses, (3) documentation requirements, (4) required approvers of statements, and (5) monitoring card usage (e.g., determining the reasonableness of fuel card purchases).
- *Ethics*, including (1) the prohibitions as defined in Louisiana Revised Statute (R.S.) 42:1111-1121, (2) actions to be taken if an ethics violation takes place, (3) system to monitor possible ethics violations, and (4) a requirement that documentation is maintained to demonstrate that all employees and officials were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy.
- j) Debt Service, including (1) debt issuance approval, (2) continuing disclosure/EMMA reporting requirements, (3) debt reserve requirements, and (4) debt service requirements.
- k) Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity, including (1) identification of critical data and frequency of data backups, (2) storage of backups in a separate physical location isolated from the network, (3) periodic testing/verification that backups can be restored, (4) use of antivirus software on all systems, (5) timely application of all available system and software patches/updates, and (6) identification of personnel, processes, and tools needed to recover operations after a critical event.
- Prevention of Sexual Harassment, including R.S. 42:342-344 requirements for (1) agency responsibilities and prohibitions, (2) annual employee training, and (3) annual reporting.

Procedures performed. Noted the following exceptions:

Exception: The City's sexual harassment policy did not contain a requirement for training or reporting; however, the annual report was completed.

Exception: The City's Payroll/Personnel policy did not include the payrate approval process.

2) Board or Finance Committee

- A. Obtain and inspect the board/finance committee minutes for the fiscal period, as well as the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or equivalent document in effect during the fiscal period, and
 - Observe that the board/finance committee met with a quorum at least monthly, or on a frequency in accordance with the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or other equivalent document.
 - 2. For those entities reporting on the governmental accounting model, observe whether the minutes referenced or included monthly budget-to-actual comparisons on the general fund,

quarterly budget-to-actual, at a minimum, on proprietary funds, and semi-annual budgetto-actual, at a minimum, on all special revenue funds. Alternatively, for those entities reporting on the not-for-profit accounting model, observe that the minutes referenced or included financial activity relating to public funds if those public funds comprised more than 10% of the entity's collections during the fiscal period.

- 3. For governmental entities, obtain the prior year audit report and observe the unassigned fund balance in the general fund. If the general fund had a negative ending unassigned fund balance in the prior year audit report, observe that the minutes for at least one meeting during the fiscal period referenced or included a formal plan to eliminate the negative unassigned fund balance in the general fund.
- 4. Observe whether the board/finance committee received written updates of the progress of resolving audit finding(s), according to management's corrective action plan at each meeting until the findings are considered fully resolved.

Procedures performed. No exceptions noted.

3) Bank Reconciliations

- A. Obtain a listing of entity bank accounts for the fiscal period from management and management's representation that the listing is complete. Ask management to identify the entity's main operating account. Select the entity's main operating account and randomly select 4 additional accounts (or all accounts if less than 5). Randomly select one month from the fiscal period, obtain and inspect the corresponding bank statement and reconciliation for each selected account, and observe that:
 - 1. Bank reconciliations include evidence that they were prepared within 2 months of the related statement closing date (e.g., initialed and dated or electronically logged);
 - 2. Bank reconciliations include written evidence that a member of management or a board member who does not handle cash, post ledgers, or issue checks has reviewed each bank reconciliation (e.g., initialed and dated, electronically logged); and
 - 3. Management has documentation reflecting it has researched reconciling items that have been outstanding for more than 12 months from the statement closing date, if applicable.

Procedures performed. Noted the following exceptions:

Exception: Bank reconciliations selected for testing did not contain written evidence a member of management reviewed the reconciliations.

Exception: Two of the accounts selected for testing had a total of 34 items totaling \$2,685.21 that have been outstanding for more than 12 months from the statement closing date.

4) Collections (excluding electronic funds transfers)

- A. Obtain a listing of deposit sites for the fiscal period where deposits for cash/checks/money orders (cash) are prepared and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 deposit sites (or all deposit sites if less than 5).
- B. For each deposit site selected, obtain a listing of collection locations and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one collection location for each deposit site (e.g., 5 collection locations for 5 deposit sites), obtain and inspect written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if there are no written policies or procedures, then inquire of employees about their job duties) at each collection location, and observe that job duties are properly segregated at each collection location such that

- 1. Employees responsible for cash collections do not share cash drawers/registers;
- 2. Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not also responsible for preparing/making bank deposits, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling collection documentation (e.g., pre-numbered receipts) to the deposit;
- 3. Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not also responsible for posting collection entries to the general ledger or subsidiary ledgers, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling ledger postings to each other and to the deposit; and
- 4. The employee(s) responsible for reconciling cash collections to the general ledger and/or subsidiary ledgers, by revenue source and/or agency fund additions, is (are) not also responsible for collecting cash, unless another employee/official verifies the reconciliation.
- C. Obtain from management a copy of the bond or insurance policy for theft covering all employees who have access to cash. Observe that the bond or insurance policy for theft was in force during the fiscal period.
- D. Randomly select two deposit dates for each of the 5 bank accounts selected for Bank Reconciliations procedure #3A (select the next deposit date chronologically if no deposits were made on the dates randomly selected and randomly select a deposit if multiple deposits are made on the same day). Alternatively, the practitioner may use a source document other than bank statements when selecting the deposit dates for testing, such as a cash collection log, daily revenue report, receipt book, etc. Obtain supporting documentation for each of the 10 deposits and:
 - 1. Observe that receipts are sequentially pre-numbered.
 - 2. Trace sequentially pre-numbered receipts, system reports, and other related collection documentation to the deposit slip.
 - 3. Trace the deposit slip total to the actual deposit per the bank statement.
 - 4. Observe that the deposit was made within one business day of receipt at the collection location (within one week if the depository is more than 10 miles from the collection location or the deposit is less than \$100 and the cash is stored securely in a locked safe or drawer).
 - 5. Trace the actual deposit per the bank statement to the general ledger.

Procedures performed. No exceptions noted.

5) Non-Payroll Disbursements (excluding card purchases/payments, travel reimbursements, and petty cash purchases)

- A. Obtain a listing of locations that process payments for the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 locations (or all locations if less than 5).
- B. For each location selected under procedure #5A above, obtain a listing of those employees involved with non-payroll purchasing and payment functions. Obtain written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if the agency has no written policies and procedures, then inquire of employees about their job duties), and observe that job duties are properly segregated such that
 - 1. At least two employees are involved in initiating a purchase request, approving a purchase, and placing an order or making the purchase;
 - 2. At least two employees are involved in processing and approving payments to vendors;
 - The employee responsible for processing payments is prohibited from adding/modifying vendor files, unless another employee is responsible for periodically reviewing changes to vendor files;

- 4. Either the employee/official responsible for signing checks mails the payment or gives the signed checks to an employee to mail who is not responsible for processing payments; and
- Only employees/officials authorized to sign checks approve the electronic disbursement (release) of funds, whether through automated clearinghouse (ACH), electronic funds transfer (EFT), wire transfer, or some other electronic means.
- C. For each location selected under procedure #5A above, obtain the entity's non-payroll disbursement transaction population (excluding cards and travel reimbursements) and obtain management's representation that the population is complete. Randomly select 5 disbursements for each location, obtain supporting documentation for each transaction, and
 - 1. Observe whether the disbursement, whether by paper or electronic means, matched the related original itemized invoice and supporting documentation indicates that deliverables included on the invoice were received by the entity, and
 - Observe whether the disbursement documentation included evidence (e.g., initial/date, electronic logging) of segregation of duties tested under procedure #5B above, as applicable.
- D. Using the entity's main operating account and the month selected in Bank Reconciliations procedure #3A, randomly select 5 non-payroll-related electronic disbursements (or all electronic disbursements if less than 5) and observe that each electronic disbursement was (a) approved by only those persons authorized to disburse funds (e.g., sign checks) per the entity's policy, and (b) approved by the required number of authorized signers per the entity's policy. Note: If no electronic payments were made from the main operating account during the month selected the practitioner should select an alternative month and/or account for testing that does include electronic disbursements.

Procedures performed. Noted the following exception:

Exception: The employee responsible for processing payments also mails out the payments after they are signed.

6) Credit Cards/Debit Cards/Fuel Cards/P-Cards

- A. Obtain from management a listing of all active credit cards, bank debit cards, fuel cards, and purchase cards (cards) for the fiscal period, including the card numbers and the names of the persons who maintained possession of the cards. Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete.
- B. Using the listing prepared by management, randomly select 5 cards (or all cards if less than 5) that were used during the fiscal period. Randomly select one monthly statement or combined statement for each card (for a debit card, randomly select one monthly bank statement). Obtain supporting documentation, and
 - 1. Observe whether there is evidence that the monthly statement or combined statement and supporting documentation (e.g., original receipts for credit/debit card purchases, exception reports for excessive fuel card usage) were reviewed and approved, in writing (or electronically approved) by someone other than the authorized card holder (those instances requiring such approval that may constrain the legal authority of certain public officials, such as the mayor of a Lawrason Act municipality, should not be reported); and
 - 2. Observe that finance charges and late fees were not assessed on the selected statements.
- C. Using the monthly statements or combined statements selected under procedure #7B above, <u>excluding fuel cards</u>, randomly select 10 transactions (or all transactions if less than 10) from each statement, and obtain supporting documentation for the transactions (e.g., each card should have 10

transactions subject to inspection). For each transaction, observe that it is supported by (1) an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased, (2) written documentation of the business/public purpose, and (3) documentation of the individuals participating in meals (for meal charges only). For missing receipts, the practitioner should describe the nature of the transaction and observe whether management had a compensating control to address missing receipts, such as a "missing receipt statement" that is subject to increased scrutiny.

Procedures performed. No exceptions noted.

7) Travel and Travel-Related Expense Reimbursements (excluding card transactions)

- A. Obtain from management a listing of all travel and travel-related expense reimbursements during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing or general ledger is complete. Randomly select 5 reimbursements and obtain the related expense reimbursement forms/prepaid expense documentation of each selected reimbursement, as well as the supporting documentation. For each of the 5 reimbursements selected
 - 1. If reimbursed using a per diem, observe that the approved reimbursement rate is no more than those rates established either by the State of Louisiana or the U.S. General Services Administration (www.gsa.gov);
 - 2. If reimbursed using actual costs, observe that the reimbursement is supported by an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased;
 - Observe that each reimbursement is supported by documentation of the business/public purpose (for meal charges, observe that the documentation includes the names of those individuals participating) and other documentation required by Written Policies and Procedures procedure #1A(vii); and
 - 4. Observe that each reimbursement was reviewed and approved, in writing, by someone other than the person receiving reimbursement.

Procedures performed. No exceptions noted.

8) Contracts

- A. Obtain from management a listing of all agreements/contracts for professional services, materials and supplies, leases, and construction activities that were initiated or renewed during the fiscal period. Alternatively, the practitioner may use an equivalent selection source, such as an active vendor list. Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 contracts (or all contracts if less than 5) from the listing, <u>excluding the practitioner's contract</u>, and
 - 1. Observe whether the contract was bid in accordance with the Louisiana Public Bid Law (e.g., solicited quotes or bids, advertised), if required by law;
 - 2. Observe whether the contract was approved by the governing body/board, if required by policy or law (e.g., Lawrason Act, Home Rule Charter);
 - If the contract was amended (e.g., change order), observe that the original contract terms provided for such an amendment and that amendments were made in compliance with the contract terms (e.g., if approval is required for any amendment, the documented approval); and

4. Randomly select one payment from the fiscal period for each of the 5 contracts, obtain the supporting invoice, agree the invoice to the contract terms, and observe that the invoice and related payment agreed to the terms and conditions of the contract.

Procedures performed. No exceptions noted.

9) Payroll and Personnel

- A. Obtain a listing of employees and officials employed during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 employees or officials, obtain related paid salaries and personnel files, and agree paid salaries to authorized salaries/pay rates in the personnel files.
- B. Randomly select one pay period during the fiscal period. For the 5 employees or officials selected under procedure #9A above, obtain attendance records and leave documentation for the pay period, and
 - 1. Observe that all selected employees or officials documented their daily attendance and leave (e.g., vacation, sick, compensatory);
 - Observe whether supervisors approved the attendance and leave of the selected employees or officials;
 - Observe that any leave accrued or taken during the pay period is reflected in the entity's cumulative leave records; and
 - 4. Observe the rate paid to the employees or officials agrees to the authorized salary/pay rate found within the personnel file.
- C. Obtain a listing of those employees or officials that received termination payments during the fiscal period and management's representation that the list is complete. Randomly select two employees or officials and obtain related documentation of the hours and pay rates used in management's termination payment calculations and the entity's policy on termination payments. Agree the hours to the employee's or official's cumulative leave records, agree the pay rates to the employee's or official's authorized pay rates in the employee's or official's personnel files, and agree the termination payment to entity policy.
- D. Obtain management's representation that employer and employee portions of third-party payroll related amounts (e.g., payroll taxes, retirement contributions, health insurance premiums, garnishments, workers' compensation premiums, etc.) have been paid, and any associated forms have been filed, by required deadlines.

Procedures performed. No exceptions noted.

10) Ethics

- A. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from Payroll and Personnel procedure #9A obtain ethics documentation from management, and
- 1. Observe whether the documentation demonstrates that each employee/official completed one hour of ethics training during the calendar year as required by R.S. 42:1170; and
- Observe whether the entity maintains documentation which demonstrates that each employee and official were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy during the fiscal period, as applicable.

B. Inquire and/or observe whether the agency has appointed an ethics designee as required by R.S. 42:1170.

Procedures performed. Noted the following exception:

Exception: Documentation demonstrating employees completed one hour of ethics training could not be located for two of the five employees selected for testing.

11) Debt Service

- A. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes and other debt instruments issued during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all debt instruments on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that State Bond Commission approval was obtained for each debt instrument issued as required by Article VII, Section 8 of the Louisiana Constitution.
- B. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes outstanding at the end of the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one bond/note, inspect debt covenants, obtain supporting documentation for the reserve balance and payments, and agree actual reserve balances and payments to those required by debt covenants (including contingency funds, short-lived asset funds, or other funds required by the debt covenants).

Procedures performed. No exceptions noted.

12) Fraud Notice

A. Obtain a listing of misappropriations of public funds and assets during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all misappropriations on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that the entity reported the misappropriation(s) to the legislative auditor and the district attorney of the parish in which the entity is domiciled as required by R.S. 24:523.

Management represented that there were no misappropriations of public funds or assets during the year.

B. Observe that the entity has posted, on its premises and website, the notice required by R.S. 24:523.1 concerning the reporting of misappropriation, fraud, waste, or abuse of public funds.

Procedures performed. No exceptions noted.

13) Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity

- A. Perform the following procedures, verbally discuss the results with management, and report "We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management."
 - Obtain and inspect the entity's most recent documentation that it has backed up its critical data (if there is no written documentation, then inquire of personnel responsible for backing up critical data) and observe evidence that such backup (a) occurred within the past week, (b) was not stored on the government's local server or network, and (c) was encrypted.
 - 2. Obtain and inspect the entity's most recent documentation that it has tested/verified that its backups can be restored (if there is no written documentation, then inquire of personnel responsible for testing/verifying backup restoration) and observe evidence that the test/verification was successfully performed within the past 3 months.
 - 3. Obtain a listing of the entity's computers currently in use and their related locations, and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 computers and observe while management demonstrates that the selected computers have current

and active antivirus software and that the operating system and accounting system software in use are currently supported by the vendor.

B. Randomly select 5 terminated employees (or all terminated employees if less than 5) using the list of terminated employees obtained in procedure #9C. Observe evidence that the selected terminated employees have been removed or disabled from the network.

We performed the procedures and discussed the results with management.

14) Prevention of Sexual Harassment

- A. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from Payroll and Personnel procedure #9A, obtain sexual harassment training documentation from management, and observe that the documentation demonstrates each employee/official completed at least one hour of sexual harassment training during the calendar year as required by R.S. 42:343.
- B. Observe that the entity has posted its sexual harassment policy and complaint procedure on its website (or in a conspicuous location on the entity's premises if the entity does not have a website).
- C. Obtain the entity's annual sexual harassment report for the current fiscal period, observe that the report was dated on or before February 1, and observe that the report includes the applicable requirements of R.S. 42:344:
 - 1. Number and percentage of public servants in the agency who have completed the training requirements;
 - Number of sexual harassment complaints received by the agency;
 - 3. Number of complaints which resulted in a finding that sexual harassment occurred;
 - 4. Number of complaints in which the finding of sexual harassment resulted in discipline or corrective action; and
 - 5. Amount of time it took to resolve each complaint.

Procedures performed. Noted the following exception:

Exception: The City could not locate the sexual harassment training certificates for the five employees selected for testing.

We were engaged by the City of Springhill, to perform this agreed-upon procedures engagement and conducted our engagement in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and applicable standards of *Government Auditing Standards*. We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination or review engagement, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion or conclusion, respectively, on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion or conclusion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

We are required to be independent of City of Springhill, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements related to our agreed-upon procedures engagement.

This report is intended solely to describe the scope of testing performed on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs, and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on control or compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the LLA as a public document.

Cook + Marchart

Cook & Morehart Certified Public Accountants December 22, 2023



CITY OF SPRINGHILL

W. RAY HUDDLESTON MAYOR 101 MACHEN DRIVE P.O. BOX 398 SPRINGHILL, LOUISIANA 71075 PHONE (318) 539-5681 FAX (318) 539-5683 ALDERMAN D. NICOLE FRAZIER District #1 DENNIS SMITH District #2 STACEY WILLARD District #3 MIKE WHITLOCK District #3 DEREK MELANCON District #5 SHELLI MALONE, City Clerk WILL LYND, Chief of Police NELSON SMITH, City Attorney ASHLEY LANDRY, Assistant City Clerk

December 22, 2023

Cook & Morehart, CPAs 1215 Hawn Ave Shreveport, LA 71107

City of Springhill submits the following response to the exceptions identified in the Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures Report for the year ended June 30, 2023:

Exceptions:

1. The City's sexual harassment policy did not contain a requirement for training or reporting; however, the annual report was completed.

2. The City's Payroll/Personnel policy did not include the payrate approval process.

Response: The City will add the above noted areas to its policies and procedures.

Exception: Bank reconciliations selected for testing did not contain written evidence a member of management review the reconciliations.

Response: The City will ensure that a member of management initials the bank reconciliation indicating their review of the reconciliation.

Exception: Two of the accounts selected for testing had a total of 34 items totaling \$2,685.21 that have been outstanding for more than 12 months from the statement closing date.

Response: The City will investigate items which have been outstanding for more than 12 months from the statement closing date.

Exception: The employee responsible for processing payments is also the employee/official that is responsible for mailing out the payments.

Response: The City will consider additional controls regarding the mailing of checks.

Exception: Documentation demonstrating employees completed one hour of ethics training could not be located for two (2) of the five employees selected for testing.

Response: The City will implement controls to ensure that all employees obtain required ethics training annually.

Exception: Sexual harassment training documentation could not be located for the five employees selected for testing.

Response: The City will implement controls to ensure that all employees obtain required sexual harassment training annually.

Sincerely,

Avadusta a W. Ray Huddleston Mayor