ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

LOUISIANA HOUSING CORPORATION STATE OF LOUISIANA

JUNE 30, 2024 AND 2023

LOUISIANA HOUSING CORPORATION STATE OF LOUISIANA

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

September 20, 2024

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Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Louisiana Housing Corporation, a component unit of the State of Louisiana, as of and for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Louisiana Housing Corporation's basic financial statements as listed in the index to the report.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the Louisiana Housing Corporation as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Louisiana Housing Corporation and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

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Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Louisiana Housing Corporation's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government* Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Louisiana Housing Corporation's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Louisiana Housing Corporation's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and other required supplementary information, as listed in the index to the report, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Louisiana Housing Corporation's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Per Diem Paid to Board Members is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Louisiana Revised Statute (R.S.) 24:513(A)(3), and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying Annual Fiscal Report, presented as other supplementary information, is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Louisiana's Office of Statewide Reporting and Accounting Policy. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, is presented for purposes of additional analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Schedule of Per Diem Paid to Board Members, Annual Fiscal Report, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 20, 2024, on our consideration of the Louisiana Housing Corporation's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Louisiana Housing Corporation's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Louisiana Housing Corporation's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Duplantier, shapman, Agan and Okaher, LCP

New Orleans, Louisiana

Management's Discussion and Analysis of the Louisiana Housing Corporation's (the Corporation) financial performance presents a narrative overview and analysis of the Corporation's financial activities for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023. This document focuses on the Corporation's current year activities, resulting changes, and currently known facts in comparison with the prior year's information. Please read this document in conjunction with the Corporation's financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of fiscal year 2024 by \$571,543,455, which represents an 11% increase from last fiscal year.
- Total revenues before transfers decreased by \$2,699,996, or 1%, total expenses before transfers decreased by \$2,530,306, or 1%, and consequently, the income before transfers decreased by \$169,690, a decrease of 1%.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Corporation's basic financial statements present information for the Corporation as a whole, in a format designed to make the statements easier for the reader to understand. The Corporation's financial statements comprise three components 1) Management's Discussion and Analysis, 2) Basic Financial Statements (including the notes to the financial statements), and 3) Required Supplementary Information. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the financial statements themselves.

Basic Financial Statements

The Corporation's financial statements include the Statements of Net Position, the Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position and the Statements of Cash Flows.

The <u>Statements of Net Position</u> present information on all the Corporation's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources with the difference between them presented as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may provide a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Corporation is improving or deteriorating.

The <u>Statements of Revenues</u>, <u>Expenses</u>, and <u>Changes in Net Position</u> present information showing how the Corporation's net position changed as a result of current year operations. Regardless of when cash is affected, all changes in net position are reported when the underlying transactions occur. As a result, there are transactions included that will not affect cash until future fiscal periods.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

The <u>Statements of Cash Flows</u> present information showing how the Corporation's cash changed as a result of current year operations. The cash flow statement is prepared using the direct method and includes the reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities (indirect method) as required by GASB Statement No. 34.

The Notes to the Financial Statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the basic financial statements.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY

Condensed Statements of Net Position: (in thousands)

		2024		2023		2022
Current and other assets	\$	20,696	\$	23,121	S	21,021
Restricted assets		544,168		487,666		428,928
Capital assets		56,327		58,745		61,032
Total assets		621,191		569,532		510,981
Deferred outflows of resources		6,225		10,076		6,648
Total assets and deferred outflows						
ofresources	\$	627,416	\$	579,608	S	517,629
	.5	7 210	eti	0.262		< 725
Current liabilities	\$	7,318	\$	9,392	\$	6.735
Long-term liabilities		41.563		45.073		38,209
Total liabilities		48,881		54.465		44.944
Deferred inflows of resources		6,992		7,957		10,891
Net position:						
Net investment in capital assets		56,327		58,745		61,032
Restricted		543,165		486,525		427.624
Unrestricted		(27,949)		(28,084)		(26,862)
Total net position		571,543		517,186		461.794
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of						
resources and net position	\$	627,416	\$	579,608	\$	517.629

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY (Continued)

Amounts invested in capital assets represent the carrying amount of property and equipment less depreciation. Restricted net positions represent those assets that are not available for spending as a result of donor agreements and grant requirements. Unrestricted net positions represent unrestricted assets, net of obligations, to support the general operations and investments of the Corporation.

<u>2024</u>

Net position increased by \$54,357,743 or 11%, from June 30, 2023 to June 30, 2024. This increase in net position can be primarily attributed to an increase in mortgage loans receivable.

2023

Net position increased by \$55,392,009, or 12%, from June 30, 2022 to June 30, 2023. This increase in net position can be primarily attributed to an increase mortgage loans receivable.

	 2024	 2023	 2022
Operating revenues Operating expenses	\$ 23,205 26,689	\$ 17,447 22.319	\$ 17.076 18.822
Operating loss	 (3.484)	 (4,872)	 (1,746)
Non-operating revenues	 58,139	 59,696	 76,605
Income before transfers	 54,655	 54,824	 74,859
Transfers from MRB Programs Increase in net position	\$ (297) 54,358	\$ <u>568</u> 55,392	\$ 1,022 75,881

Condensed Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position: (in thousands)

<u>2024</u>

Total revenues before transfers decreased by \$2,699,996, or 1%, primarily as a result of a decrease in federal grants drawn. Total expenses decreased by \$2,530,306, or 1%, primarily as a result of a decrease in the grant disbursements.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY (Continued)

<u>2023</u>

Total revenues before transfers decreased by \$23,607,325, or 6%, primarily as a result of a decrease in federal grants drawn. Total expenses decreased by \$3,573,134, or 1%, primarily as a result of a decrease in the provision for loan losses.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal 2024, the Louisiana Housing Corporation had \$65 million invested in a broad range of capital assets, including two facilities located in Baton Rouge, two apartment complexes in New Orleans, and an apartment complex in Baton Rouge. (See Table below). This amount represents a net decrease (including additions and deductions) of \$2,892,396, or a 4% decrease compared to the prior year.

Capital Assets at Year-end (in thousands)

	June 30					
		2024		2023		2022
Land	\$	1,022	\$	1,022	\$	1,022
Land improvements (net of accumulated						
depreciation)		31		33		36
Building (net of accumulated depreciation)		63,033		66.116		69,198
Equipment (net of accumulated depreciation)		794		601		276
Total	\$	64,880	\$	67,772	\$	70,532

Changes in capital assets for the years ending June 30, 2024 and 2023 include:

	2024		2024 202		
Acquisitions and replacements	S	397	\$	435	
Depreciation (net of disposals)		(3,286)		(3,195)	
Disposals		(3)		(23)	

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION (Continued)

Debt Administration

<u>2024</u>

The Corporation's Moody's bond rating was A1 for the general revenue bonds and the 202 Elderly MR Bonds. The Corporation's Single Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds, which are not considered to be the Corporation's general debt and are excluded from these financial statements, carry an AAA rating.

The Corporation has accounts payable and accrued liabilities of \$4,056,260 outstanding at year-end compared with \$5,680,669 last year. Other obligations include accrued vacation pay and sick leave, deferred revenue, and other postemployment benefits payable.

<u>2023</u>

The Corporation's Moody's bond rating was A1 for the general revenue bonds and the 202 Elderly MR Bonds. The Corporation's Single Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds, which are not considered to be the Corporation's general debt and are excluded from these financial statements, carry an AAA rating.

The Corporation had accounts payable and accrued liabilities of \$5,680,669 outstanding at year-end compared with \$4,024,009 last year. Other obligations include accrued vacation pay and sick leave, deferred revenue, and other postemployment benefits payable.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

The Corporation's appointed officials considered the following factors and indicators when setting next year's budget, rates, and fees. These factors and indicators include:

- Multifamily and Single-family projects continue to have strong interest from lenders in the single family program and developers in the multifamily arena so we expect to continue to see strong funding opportunities in these programs. The number of multifamily revenue bond issues has continued to increase and we should see revenues increase from these projects. The single family programs will be expanding to include non-first time homebuyers.
- Interest rates are expected to decrease slightly over the fiscal year. Therefore, investment income is expected to decrease slightly.
- Single Family and Multi Family Issuer Fees are up due to the number of the bond issues increasing over the prior fiscal period and will continue to increase into future periods.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET (Continued)

• The Corporation will continue to recognize additional Office of Community Development funding through 2016 Flood and Hurricanes Laura, Delta and Ida programs such as the Middle Market Loan Program, PRIME 2, PRIME 3, Soft Seconds, Neighborhood Landlord Rental, Rapid Rehousing, Permanent Supportive Housing, and others. This includes program dollars and administrative fees to cover administrative expenses.

The Corporation expects that next year's results will be mixed based upon the following:

- The Corporation's current contract with HUD regarding the Section 8 Contract Administration program expires on January 31, 2025. The Corporation anticipates that it will either seek an extended contract or enter into a new contract for the remainder of the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025.
- With increasing revenues to cover most of the increasing expenses, the Corporation expects that net results from operations will remain flat.
- The Corporation continues to pursue multiple programs that will assist the citizens of Louisiana in project developments, home repairs, rental assistance, homeownership and shelter programs.

CONTACTING THE LOUISIANA HOUSING CORPORATION'S MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide Louisiana's citizens and taxpayers, as well as the Corporation's customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the Louisiana Housing Corporation's finances and to show the Corporation's accountability for the funds it receives. If there are questions about this report, or if additional financial information is desired, contact Jatis Harrington. Interim Chief Financial Officer. 2415 Quail Drive, Baton Rouge, LA 70808.

LOUISIANA HOUSING CORPORATION STATE OF LOUISIANA STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2024 AND 2023

		<u>2024</u>		<u>2023</u>
ASSETS:				
Unrestricted Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,968,961	\$	5,606,648
Cash and cash equivalents - Work Force Initiative		1,660,975		2,005,373
Investments		5,040,532		6,296,291
Investments - Work Force Initiative		931,896		792,067
Mortgage loans receivable		384,580		414,072
Accrued investment interest receivable		89,374		115,671
Other receivables		4,419,499		4,000,914
Due from other governments		5,260,959		3,040,397
Due from MRB programs		166,459		97,005
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation				
of \$39,599,655 and \$36,788,341, respectively)		56,327,326		58,745,393
Other assets		772,396		751,671
Total Unrestricted Assets		77,022,957		81,865,502
Restricted Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents		25,562,934		31,097,358
Investments		6,648,770		8,783,820
Mortgage loans receivable (net of allowance for loan				
losses of \$142,941,681 and \$151,283,083, respectively)		420,743,293		361,166,160
Accrued loan interest receivable		82,660,911		77,592,326
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation				
of \$5,751,469 and \$5,278,160, respectively)		8,552,483		9,026,812
Total Restricted Assets		544,168,391		487,666,476
Total Assets		621,191,348		569,531,978
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:				
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions		4,969,640		8,406,990
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB		1,255,755		1,668,589
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		6,225,395		10,075,579
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	ď	(77 41/ 747	e	
OF RESOURCES		627,416,743		579,607,557

⁽Continued)

LOUISIANA HOUSING CORPORATION STATE OF LOUISIANA STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION - CONTINUED JUNE 30, 2024 AND 2023

		<u>2024</u>		<u>2023</u>
LIABILITIES:				
Current Liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	4,056,260	\$	5,680,669
Due to other governments		3,000,000		3,468.493
Compensated absences due within one year		89,022		79,183
Other postemployment benefits payable due within one year		172,955		163.621
Total Current Liabilities		7,318,237		9,391.966
Non-Current Liabilities:				
Compensated absences		1,874,286		1,502.465
Net pension liability		28,996,432		33.165,041
Other postemployment benefits payable		9,689,143		9,263.269
Amounts held in escrow		1,003,533		1.141,976
Total Non-Current Liabilities		41,563,394		45,072.751
Total Liabilities		48,881,631		54,464.717
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:				
Deferred inflows of resources related to unearned income		3,778,452		3.764,459
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions		235,502		66.928
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB		2.977,703	••••••	4.125,741
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		6,991,657		7.957,128
NET POSITION:				
Net investment in capital assets		56,327,326		58,745,393
Restricted	5	543,164,858		486,524.500
Unrestricted		(27,948,729)		(28,084,181)
Total Net Position	5	571,543,455		517,185.712
TOTAL LIABILITIES. DEFERRED INFLOWS				
OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION	\$ 6	527,416,743	\$	579.607.557

See accompanying notes.

LOUISIANA HOUSING CORPORATION STATE OF LOUISIANA STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 AND 2023

		<u>2024</u>		<u>2023</u>
OPERATING REVENUES:	e	1.07 8.371	ď	1 200 343
MRB program issuer fees	\$	1,964,361	\$	1,590,343
Low income housing tax credit program fees		3,829,509		3,763,609
Federal program administrative fees		10,171,817		9,408,165
Federal project delivery fees		5,250,177		1,195,990
State project delivery fees		170,315		157,616
Mortgage loan interest income		34,312		154,508
Investment income		1,069,022		808,222
Unrealized gain (loss)		127,816		(65,081)
Single family turnkey program fees		187,911		180,952
Öther mcome		399,928		252.415
Total Operating Revenue		23,205,168		17.446,739
OPERATING EXPENSES:				
Personnel services		17,811,819		15,569,073
Supplies		930,588		597,348
Travel		389,157		382,682
Operating services		1,942,267		1,746,154
Professional services		5,210,379		3,708,182
Depreciation		405,278		315,575
Total Operating Expenses		26,689,488		22,319,014
Operating loss		(3,484,320)		(4,872,275)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):				
Grant funds drawn		321,348,907		333,964,108
Grant funds disbursed		254 844,099)		261,856,947)
Interest expense		(13,566)	•	(7,819)
Net loss from rental property		(2,245,226)		(2,159,093)
Net loss from rental property - restricted		(557,471)		(608,717)
Provision for loan losses		(13,327,832)		(13,249,271)
Program income		38,400		7,698
Restricted mortgage loan interest income		5,669.825		3,403,314
Restricted investment income		34,475		57,950
Restricted unrealized gain		321,259		113,114
Legislative acts pension contribution income		1,631,183		-
Investment income - Work Force Initiative		71,238		39,019
Unrealized gam (loss) - Work Force Initiative		11,491		(7,127)
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)		58,138,584		59,696,229

(Continued)

LOUISIANA HOUSING CORPORATION STATE OF LOUISIANA STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION-CONTINUED FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 AND 2023

	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
Income Before Transfers	\$ 54,654,264	\$ 54,823,954
Transfers from (to) MRB Programs	(296,521)	568,055
Change in Net Position	54,357,743	55,392,009
NET POSITION - Beginning of year	517,185,712	461,793,703
NET POSITION - End of year	\$ 571,543,455	\$ 517,185,712

See accompanying notes.

LOUISIANA HOUSING CORPORATION STATE OF LOUISIANA STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 AND 2023

	2024	2023
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Cash received from:		
Fee revenue collected	\$ 19,755,337	\$ 16,072,297
Investment and mortgage loan income	1,103,335	962,730
Mortgage collections	29,492	35,994
Cash paid to:		
Suppliers of service	(10.064.376)	(5,416,450)
Employees and benefit providers	(18.088.583)	(15,284,859)
Mortgage disbursements	(489.920)	(559.382)
Net cash used in operating activities	(7.754,715)	(4,189,670)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL		
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Net transfers from (to) MRB programs	(296,521)	568,055
Receipt of grants	320,932,807	333,933,289
Disbursement of grants	(255.070.786)	(260,002,500)
Mortgage collections	881,434	1,356,013
Mortgage purchases	(74,547,053)	(73,432,307)
Other non-operating income	3,022,481	406,060
Net change in escrow accounts	(138,443)	(162,491)
Interest paid on bonds and debentures payable	(13,566)	(7.819)
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities	(5,229,647)	2,658,300
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Investments purchased	(5,056,619)	(5.886,511)
Investments redeemed	8,768,165	5,060,889
Interest payments received	105.713	96,969
Net change in activity of investment in rental properties	47.322	147,789
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	3,864,581	(580.864)
CASH FLOWS USED IN CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Purchase of property and equipment	(396,728)	(435,067)
Net cash used in capital financing activities	(396.728)	(435,067)

(Continued)

LOUISIANA HOUSING CORPORATION STATE OF LOUISIANA STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS - CONTINUED FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 AND 2023

	<u>2024</u>	2023
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$ (9,516,509)	\$ (2.547.301)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, beginning of year	38,709,379	41,256,680
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, end of year	\$ 29,192,870	\$ 38,709,379
Presented on Statement of Net Position as Unrestricted Restricted	\$ 3.629,936 25.562,934 <u>\$ 29,192,870</u>	\$ 7,612,021 31,097,358 \$ 38,709,379
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating loss Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net	\$ (3,484.320)	\$ (4.872.275)
cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Depreciation	405.278	315,575
Net change in fair value Change in net pension liability	(127.816) (4,168,609)	65,081 10,975,818
Change in pension deferred inflows/outflows	3,605,924	(9,863,203)
Change in period at enter inkows outlows Change in due from governments	(2,220,562)	(391,332)
Change in due from MRB programs	(69,454)	(38,366)
Change in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(1,397,726)	802,211
Change in OPEB payable	435,208	(3,912,452)
Change in OPEB deferred inflows/outflows	(735,204)	3,539,852
Change in compensated absences payable	381,660	(37,485)
Change in other assets	9,999	(202,611)
Change in other receivables	71,335	(47,095)
Change in mortgage loans receivable	(460,428)	(523,388)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	<u>\$ (7,754,715)</u>	\$ (4,189,670)

See accompanying notes.

ORGANIZATION OF THE CORPORATION.

Louisiana Housing Corporation (the Corporation or LHC) is an instrumentality of the State of Louisiana established July 1, 2011 pursuant to Chapter 3-G of Title 40 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950, as amended. The enabling legislation grants the Corporation the authority to promulgate rules, regulations, or other procedures for the coordination of all state-administered housing programs.

For the furtherance of public purposes, the Corporation is authorized to issue mortgage revenue bonds in order to provide funds to promote the development of adequate and affordable residential housing and other economic development for the benefit of the State. The mortgage revenue bonds are limited obligations of the Corporation and do not constitute a debt, liability, or moral obligation of the state or any political subdivision thereof. The mortgage revenue bonds are issued as conduit or asset backed financing and are payable solely from income, revenues, and receipts derived from the mortgage loans and other investments held under and pursuant to the trust indentures and therefore pledged. The Corporation receives service and issuer fees in connection with its mortgage revenue bond programs.

The accompanying statements present the transactions of the Corporation's General Fund. The term "General Fund" refers to the fund that accounts for the Corporation's operating activities and is not meant to denote a governmental type general fund of a primary government.

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u>:

Basis of Presentation:

The financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

Reporting Entity.

As required by GASB Codification Section 2100, *Defining the Financial Reporting Entity*, a legally separate entity is considered a component unit of the State of Louisiana (the State) if at least one of the following criteria is met:

- The State appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and is either able to impose its will on the organization or there is a potential financial benefit/ burden to the State.
- The entity is fiscally dependent on the State and there is a potential financial benefit/ burden to the State.

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u>: (Continued)

Reporting Entity: (Continued)

• The nature and significance of the relationship between the State and the entity is such that exclusion would cause the financial statements of the State to be misleading.

Due to the nature and significance of the relationship between the Corporation and the State of Louisiana, the financial statements of the State would be misleading if the accompanying financial statements were excluded. Accordingly, the State of Louisiana has determined that the Corporation is a component unit.

Annually, the State of Louisiana issues basic financial statements which include the activity contained in the accompanying financial statements. The basic financial statements are issued by the Louisiana Division of Administration - Office of Statewide Reporting and Accounting Policy and are audited by the Louisiana Legislative Auditor.

Basis of Accounting:

The Corporation is considered a proprietary fund and is presented as a business-type activity. Proprietary fund types use the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they are earned and expenses are recognized in the period incurred. All assets and liabilities associated with the operations of the Corporation are included in the statement of net position. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the Corporation finances and meets the cash flow needs of its activities. Proprietary funds also distinguish operating revenue and expenses from non-operating items.

Investments.

As required by GASB 72, *Fur Value and Measurement Application*, investments are reported at fair value. Fair value is described as an exit price. GASB 72 requires the Corporation to use valuation techniques that are appropriate under the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value. Valuation techniques maximize the use of relevant observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. GASB 72 also establishes a hierarchy of inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value which has three levels. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices, included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, whether directly or indirectly. Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs, such as management's assumptions of the default rate among underlying mortgages of a mortgage-backed security. This statement requires disclosures to be made about fair value measurements, the level of fair value hierarchy, and valuation techniques.

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u>: (Continued)

Allowance for Loan Losses:

The allowance is maintained at a level adequate to absorb probable losses. Management determines the adequacy of the allowance based upon reviews of groups of credits, loss experience of similar type loans, current and future estimated economic conditions, the risk characteristics of the various categories of loans, and other pertinent factors. Loans deemed uncollectible are charged to the allowance. Past due status is based on contractual terms. Provisions for loan losses and recoveries on loans previously charged off are added to the allowance.

Capital Assets:

Capital assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. All property and equipment with initial, individual costs of greater than \$5,000 is capitalized. Depreciation is computed on the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	40 years
Equipment	3–7 years

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources:

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources that represents a consumption of net position that applies to future period(s) and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then. The Corporation has two items that qualify for reporting in this category, which are deferred amounts related to pensions and deferred amounts related to other postemployment benefits.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources that represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future period(s) and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Corporation has three items that meet the criterion for this category deferred amounts related to unearned income, deferred amounts related to pensions, and deferred amounts related to other postemployment benefits.

Pensions:

For the purposes of measuring net pension hability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System (LASERS) and changes in LASERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LASERS. For this purpose, benefits payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u>: (Continued)

Revenues and Expenses:

Operating revenues consist of program administration fees, project delivery fees, bond issuer fees, and unrestricted investment income as these revenues are generated from operations and used in carrying out the Corporation's statutory purpose. All expenses incurred for that purpose are classified as operating expenses. Federal grant pass-through revenues and expenses, provision for loan losses on program loans, restricted investment income and income from rental properties are ancillary to the Corporation's statutory purpose and are classified as non-operating.

When an item of income earned or expense incurred for purposes for which there are both restricted and unrestricted net positions available, it is the Corporation's policy to apply those items to both restricted and unrestricted net positions, in accordance with the appropriate proportion as delineated by the activity creating the item.

Compensated Absences:

Employees earn and accumulate annual and sick leave at various rates depending on their years of service. The amount of annual and sick leave that may be accumulated and used through time off by each employee is unlimited; however, payment of annual leave at termination or retirement is limited to 780 hours.

Upon termination, employees or their heirs are compensated for up to 300 hours of unused annual leave at the employee's hourly rate of pay at the time of termination. Upon retirement, unused annual leave in excess of 300 hours plus unused sick leave is used to compute retirement benefits.

Statement of Cash Flows:

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, financial institution deposits and all highly-liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

Net Position:

In the Statement of Net Position, the difference between the Corporation's assets, deferred outflows and habilities and deferred inflows is recorded as net position. The three components of net position are as follows:

<u>Net investment in capital assets</u> – The category records capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by any outstanding balances of mortgages, notes, or other borrowings attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of capital assets.

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u>: (Continued)

Net Position: (Continued)

<u>Restricted net position</u> – Net positions that are restricted by external sources such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or by law are reported separately as restricted net position.

<u>Unrestricted net position</u> – Consists of net positions that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

New Accounting Standards:

In May 2020, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 96. Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs). A SBITA is a contract that conveys control of the right to use another party's (a SBITA vendor's) IT software, alone or in combination with tangible capital assets (with underlying IT assets), as specified in the contract for a period of time in an exchange or exchange like transaction. The statement established uniform accounting and financial reporting requirements for SBITAs: improved the comparability of government's financial statements, and enhances the understandability, reliability, relevance, and consistence of information about SBITAs. The Corporation has analyzed the provisions of GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs), and has concluded that there are no material contracts which qualify for adjustment or disclosure under the new statement. Therefore, no restatement of prior periods or cumulative effect adjustment recorded in the year of adoption, was considered necessary. This statement was effective for the Corporation's fiscal year ending June 30, 2023.

In May 2019, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*. This Statement provides a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminates diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. GASB Statement No. 91 clarifies the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation, establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer. This statement was effective for the Corporation's fiscal year ending June 30, 2023. The adoption of GASB Statement No. 91 had no material effect on the financial statements of the Corporation, as its conduit debt is excluded from the statement of net position.

2. <u>ESTIMATES</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

3. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS.

Cash and cash equivalents are stated at cost, which approximates market value. Under state law, the Corporation may deposit funds within a fiscal agent bank authorized to conduct business in the State of Louisiana. The Corporation may purchase time certificates of deposit of any bank domiciled or having a branch office in the State of Louisiana. The Corporation may also invest in savings accounts or shares of savings and loan associations and savings banks and in share accounts and share certificate accounts of federally or state chartered credit unions.

Under Louisiana Revised Statutes, the Corporation may invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, obligations of U.S. Agencies which are guaranteed by the U.S. government or U.S. government agencies, repurchase agreements, certificates of deposit as mentioned above, investment grade commercial paper, investment grade corporate notes and bonds, and other investments as required by the terms of bond trust indentures.

Cash and Cash Equivalents:

Cash and cash equivalents (book balances) as of June 30, 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

	<u>2024</u>		<u>2023</u>		Rating
Unrestricted:					
Petty cash	\$	-	\$	1.667	N/A
Demand deposits		757.795		1,668,027	N/A
Money market funds		2.872,141		5,942,327	AAA
Total unrestricted	\$	3,629,936	\$	7,612,021	
Restricted:					
Demand deposits	\$	18,550,876	\$	25,018,295	N/A
Money market funds		7,012,058		6,079,063	AAA
Total restricted	\$	25,562,934	\$	31,097,358	

The deposit and money market accounts are subject to custodial credit risk; that is, in the event of a bank failure, the funds may not be returned. To mitigate this risk, state law requires deposits to be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The fair value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent. At June 30, 2024 and 2023, the Corporation had \$30,197,847 and \$27,726,063, respectively, in demand deposits (bank balances), all of which were collateralized by FDIC insurance or pledged collateral held by the Federal Reserve Bank.

The money market accounts are invested in short-term money market instruments issued by the United States Treasury which are backed by the full faith and credit of the United States government.

3. <u>CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS</u>. (Continued)

Investments:

June 30, 2024

The Corporation categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments based on the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The Corporation had recurring fair value measurements of its investments at June 30, 2024 and 2023, as follows:

June 30, 2024	<u>Total</u>	Le	<u>vel 1</u>		Level 2	Lev	<u>el 3</u>
Mortgage backed securities	\$ 4,818,377	S	-	\$	4.818.377	\$	-
U.S. Government obligations	 7.802,821	7.8	802,821				-
Total	\$ 12.621,198	\$ 7.8	802,821	\$	4,818,377	\$	-
June 30, 2023	<u>Total</u>	Le	vel I		Level 2	Lev	<u>el 3</u>
Mortgage backed securities	\$ 5,431,224	\$	-	\$	5,431,224	\$	-
U.S. Government obligations	 10,440,954	10,4	140,954				_
Total	\$ 15,872,178	\$ 10,-	140,954	S	5,431,224	\$	-

U.S. government obligations, classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy, are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities.

Debt securities are classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy. Mortgage-backed securities are valued using quoted prices for identical securities in markets that are not active.

Interest Rate Risk: Interest rate risk is defined as the risk that changes in interest rates, in the general market, will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Corporation does not have an interest rate risk policy. As of the fiscal years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, the Corporation had the following investments and maturities (in years):

		Investment Maturities (in years)							
Investment Type		Total	Le	ess than 1		1 to 5		6 to 10	·10
Mortgage backed securities	\$	4,818,377	\$	_	S	366,906	-\$	1.974,238	\$ 2,477,233
U.S. Government obligations		7,802,821	-	4,223,407		3,579,414		-	-
Total	5	12,621,198	S -	4,223,407	\$	3,946,320	\$	1.974,238	\$ 2,477,233
June 30, 2023					In	vestment Ma	turi	ues (in years)	
Investment Type		Total	Le	ess than 1		1 to 5		6 to 10	 ~10
Mortgage backed securities	S	5,431,224	S	725	\$	365,788	\$	2,193,462	\$ 2,871,249
U.S. Government obligations		10,440,954		3,333,055		7,107,899		-	-
Total	\$	15,872,178	<u> </u>	3,333,780	S	7,473,687		2,193,462	\$ 2,871,249

3. <u>CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS</u>. (Continued)

Investments: (Continued)

Credit Risk: Credit Risk is defined as the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. It is the Corporation's policy to limit its investments to those issued a top rating by Nationally Recognized Statistical Ratings Organizations. As of June 30, 2024 and 2023, all of the investments were rated AA. AA- or AA+ by Standard & Poor's.

Custodial Credit Risk: Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the value of investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party will not be able to be recovered. The Corporation does not have a custodial credit risk policy. The investments are held by the custodial bank as an agent for the Corporation, in the Corporation's name and are thereby not exposed to custodial credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk: Concentration of credit risk is defined as the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Corporation's investments in a single issuer. The Corporation does not have a concentration of credit risk policy. As of June 30, 2024 and 2023, investments of the following issuers represented more than 5% of total investments:

	2024	2023
Federal National Mortgage Association	7%	6%

4. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES.

The Corporation at June 30, 2024 has the following long-term liabilities:

	Beginning			Ending	Amounts Due Within
	Balance	Additions	(Reductions)	Balance	One Year
Compensated absences	\$ 1,581,648	\$ 448.619	\$ (66.959)	\$ 1,963,308	8 89,022
Net pension liability	33,165,041	4,365,328	(8,533,937)	28,996,432	-
Other postemployment					
benefit plan payable	9,426,890	977,902	(542,694)	9,862,098	172,955
Amounts held in escrow	1,141,976	-	(138.443)	1,003,533	
	\$ 45,315,555	\$ 5.791.849	\$ (9.282.033)	\$41,825,371	\$ 261,977

4. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES. (Continued)

					Amounts
	Beginning			Ending	Due Within
	Balance	Additions	(Reductions)	<u>Balance</u>	<u>One Year</u>
Compensated absences	1,619.133	21,057	(58,542)	1,581,648	79.183
Net pension liability	22,189,223	14,730,340	(3.754,522)	33,165,041	-
Other postemployment					
benefit plan payable	13,339.342	808,516	(4, 720, 968)	9,426.890	163.621
Amounts held in escrow	1,304,467		(162,491)	1.141.976	
	\$ 38,452,165	\$15,559,913	\$ (8.696,523)	\$45,315,555	\$ 242,804

The Corporation at June 30, 2023 has the following long-term liabilities:

Compensated Absences:

Employees earn and accumulate annual and sick leave at various rates depending on their years of service.

The cost of leave privileges, computed in accordance with GASB Codification C60, *Accounting for Compensated Absences*, is recognized as a current year expense when the leave is earned. The Corporation had paid compensated absences of \$66,959 and \$58,542 throughout the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, for a remaining balance of \$1,963,308 and \$1,581,648, respectively.

Amounts Held in Escrow:

Properties with outstanding loans or other obligations through the Corporation have surplus amounts set aside, from principal and interest payments, held in escrow to be used for insurance, taxes, and expenses. Amounts held in escrow offset corresponding cash account balances. As of June 30, 2024 and 2023, the outstanding balance of the amounts held in escrow are \$1,003.533 and \$1,141.976, respectively.

5. <u>CONDUIT DEBT</u>.

As authorized by the initial enabling legislation, the Corporation issues mortgage revenue bonds to assist in the financing of housing needs in the State of Louisiana. The bonds are limited obligations, payable only from the income, revenues, and receipts derived from the mortgage loans and other investments held under and pursuant to the trust indentures and therefore pledged. The bonds are considered to be conduit debt of the Corporation and do not constitute an obligation, either general or special, of the State of Louisiana, any municipality or any other political subdivision of the state. Bonds issued by the Corporation for which the Corporation and the state have no responsibility for repayment are not recorded in the accompanying financial statements. At June 30, 2024 and 2023, there were approximately \$1.3 billion and \$967 million of such bonds outstanding in 96 and 85 bond programs, respectively.

6. FEDERAL FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE:

Federal grant programs represent an important source of funding to finance housing programs which are beneficial to the State of Louisiana. These grants are recorded as non-operating income and expense, and any assets held in relation to the programs are restricted. Receivables are established when eligible expenditures are incurred. The grants specify the purpose for which funds may be used and are subject to audit in accordance with Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards.*

In the normal course of operations, grant funds are received from various federal and state agencies. The grant programs are subject to audit by agents of the granting authority, the purpose of which is to ensure compliance with conditions precedent to the granting of funds. These audits can result in restitution to the federal agency as a result of noncompliance.

7. <u>RETIREMENT BENEFITS</u>:

Plan Description

Substantially all of the employees of the Corporation are members of the Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System (LASERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan. LASERS is a statewide public employee retirement system (PERS) for the benefit of state employees which is administered and controlled by a separate board of trustees.

LASERS provides retirement, deferred retirement option (DROP), disability, and survivor's benefits. The following is a brief description of the Plan and its benefits. Participants should refer to the appropriate statutes for more complete information.

In 1999, an Optional Retirement Plan (ORP) was established as a defined contribution component of LASERS for certain unclassified employees who otherwise would have been eligible to become members of the defined benefit plan. The ORP provides portability of assets and full and immediate vesting of all contributions submitted on behalf of members. The ORP is administered by a third-party provider with oversight from LASERS Board of Trustees.

Monthly employer and employee contributions are invested as directed by the member to provide the member with future retirement benefits. The amount of these benefits is entirely dependent upon the total contributions and investment returns accumulated during the member's working lifetime. ORP balances are held by the provider in each participant's name. These balances are included in LASERS total investments on the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position. The ORP was closed to new members on December 7, 2007. However, members in the ORP as of December 31, 2007 were granted the option by Act 718 of the 2012 Louisiana Regular Legislative Session to regain membership in the defined benefit plan.

7. <u>RETIREMENT BENEFITS</u>. (Continued)

Benefits Provided:

The age and years of creditable service required in order for a member to retire with full benefits are established by statute, and vary depending on the member's hire date, employer, and job classification. Rank-and-file members hired prior to July 1, 2006, may either retire with full benefits at any age upon completing 30 years of creditable service, at age 55 upon completing 25 years of creditable service, and at age 60 upon completing 10 years of creditable service depending on their plan. Those members hired between July 1, 2006 and June 30, 2015, may retire at age 60 upon completing five years of creditable service. The basic annual retirement benefit for members is equal to 2.5% to 3.5% of average compensation multiplied by the number of years of creditable service. Additionally, members may choose to retire with 20 years of service at any age, with an actuarially reduced benefit.

Average compensation is defined as the member's average annual earned compensation for the highest 36 consecutive months of employment for members employed prior to July 1, 2006. For members hired July 1, 2006 or later, average compensation is based on the member's average annual earned compensation for the highest 60 consecutive months of employment.

The maximum annual retirement benefit cannot exceed the lesser of 100% of average compensation or a certain specified dollar amount of actuarially determined monetary limits, which vary depending upon the member's age at retirement. Judges, court officers, and certain elected officials receive an additional annual retirement benefit equal to 1.0% of average compensation multiplied by the number of years of creditable service in their respective capacity. As an alternative to the basic retirement benefits, a member may elect to receive their retirement throughout their life, with certain benefits being paid to their designated beneficiary after their death.

Act 992 of the 2010 Louisiana Regular Legislative Session, changed the benefit structure for LASERS members hired on or after January 1, 2011. This resulted in three new plans, regular, hazardous duty, and judges. The new regular plan includes regular members and those members who were formerly eligible to participate in specialty plans, excluding hazardous duty and judges. Regular members and judges are eligible to retire at age 60 after five years of creditable service and, may also retire at any age, with a reduced benefit, after 20 years of creditable service.

7. <u>RETIREMENT BENEFITS</u>. (Continued)

Benefits Provided: (Continued)

Hazardous duty members are eligible to retire with 12 years of creditable service at age 55, 25 years of creditable service at any age or with a reduced benefit after 20 years of creditable service. Average compensation will be based on the member's average annual earned compensation for the highest 60 consecutive months of employment for all three new plans. Members in the regular plan will receive a 2.5% accrual rate, hazardous duty plan a 3.33% accrual rate, and judges a 3.5% accrual rate. The extra 1.0% accrual rate for each year of service for court officers, the governor, lieutenant governor, legislators, House clerk, sergeants-at-arms, or Senate secretary, employed after January 1, 2011, was eliminated by Act 992. Specialty plan and regular members, hired prior to January 1, 2011, who are hazardous duty employees have the option to transition to the new hazardous duty plan.

Act 226 of the 2014 Louisiana Regular Legislative Session established new retirement eligibility for members of LASERS hired on or after July 1, 2015, excluding hazardous duty plan members. Regular members and judges under the new plan are eligible to retire at age 62 after 5 years of creditable service and, may also retire at any age, with a reduced benefit, after 20 years of creditable service. Average compensation will be based on the member's average annual earned compensation for the highest 60 consecutive months of employment. Members in the regular plan will receive a 2.5% accrual rate and judges a 3.5% accrual rate, with the extra 1.0% accrual rate based on all years of service as a judge.

A member leaving employment before attaining minimum retirement age, but after completing certain minimum service requirements, becomes eligible for a benefit provided the member lives to the minimum service retirement age and does not withdraw their accumulated contributions. The minimum service requirement for benefits varies depending upon the member's employer and service classification.

Deferred Retirement Benefits

The State Legislature authorized LASERS to establish a Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP). When a member enters DROP, their status changes from active member to retiree even though they continue to work and draw their salary for a period of up to three years. The election is irrevocable once participation begins. During DROP participation, accumulated retirement benefits that would have been paid to each retiree are separately tracked.

For members who entered DROP prior to January 1, 2004, interest at a rate of one-half percent less than LASERS' realized return on its portfolio (not to be less than zero) will be credited to the retiree after participation ends. At that time, the member must choose among available alternatives for the distribution of benefits that have accumulated in the DROP account. Members who enter DROP on or after January 1, 2004, are required to participate in LASERS Self-Directed Plan (SDP) which is administered by a third-party provider.

7. <u>RETIREMENT BENEFITS</u>. (Continued)

Benefits Provided: (Continued)

Deferred Retirement Benefits. (Continued)

The SDP allows DROP participants to choose from a menu of investment options for the allocation of their DROP balances. Participants may diversify their investments by choosing from an approved list of mutual funds with different holdings, management styles, and risk factors.

Members eligible to retire and who do not choose to participate in DROP may elect to receive at the time of retirement an initial benefit option (IBO) in an amount up to 36 months of benefits, with an actuarial reduction of their future benefits. For members who selected the IBO option prior to January 1, 2004, such amount may be withdrawn or remain in the IBO account earning interest at a rate of one-half percent less than the LASERS' realized return on its portfolio (not to be less than zero). Those members who select the IBO on or after January 1, 2004, are required to enter the SDP as described above.

Disability Benefits:

Generally, active members with ten or more years of credited service who become disabled may receive a maximum disability retirement benefit equivalent to the regular retirement formula without reduction by reason of age. Upon reaching retirement age, the disability retiree may receive a regular retirement benefit by making application to the Board of Trustees. For injuries sustained in the line of duty, hazardous duty personnel in the Hazardous Duty Services Plan will receive a disability benefit equal to 75% of final average compensation or 100% of final average compensation if the injury was the result of an intentional act of violence.

Survivor's Benefits:

Certain eligible surviving dependents receive benefits based on the deceased member's compensation and their relationship to the deceased. The deceased regular member hired before January 1, 2011, who was in state service at the time of death, must have a minimum of five years of service credit, at least two of which were earned immediately prior to death, or who had a minimum of twenty years of service credit, regardless of when earned, in order for a benefit to be paid to a minor or handicapped child. Benefits are payable to an unmarried child until age 18, or age 23 if the child remains a full-time student. The aforementioned minimum service credit requirement is ten years for a surviving spouse with no minor children and benefits are to be paid for life to the spouse or qualified handicapped child.

7. <u>RETIREMENT BENEFITS</u>. (Continued)

Benefits Provided: (Continued)

Survivor's Benefits' (Continued)

The deceased regular member hired on or after January 1, 2011, must have a minimum of five years of service credit regardless of when earned in order for a benefit to be paid to a minor child. The aforementioned minimum service credit requirements for a surviving spouse are 10 years. 2 years being earned immediately prior to death, and active state service at the time of death, or a minimum of 20 years of service credit regardless of when earned. A deceased member's spouse must have been married for at least one year before death.

A Hazardous Duty Services Plan member's surviving spouse and minor or handicapped or mentally incapacitated child or children are entitled to survivor benefits of 80% of the member's final average compensation if the member was killed in the line of duty. If the member dies in the line of duty as a result of an intentional act of violence, survivor benefits may be increased to 100% of the members' final average compensation.

Cost-of-Living Adjustments.

As fully described in Title 11 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes, LASERS allows for the payment of cost-of-living adjustments (COLAs), which are funded through investment earnings when recommended by the Board of Trustees and approved by the State Legislature.

Contributions:

Employer Contributions

The employer contribution rate is established annually under La. R.S. 11:101-11:104 by the Public Retirement Systems' Actuarial Committee (PRSAC), taking into consideration the recommendation of the LASER's Actuary. Each plan pays a separate actuarially-determined employer contribution rate. However, all assets of LASERS are used for the payment of benefits for all class members, regardless of their plan membership. The employer contribution rate for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 was 41.3% and 40.4%, respectively, of annual covered payroll. The Corporation's contribution to LASERS for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 was \$4,176,186 and \$3,860,446, respectively.

Legislative Acts Income

Legislative Acts Contributions include appropriations by the State Legislature to cover unfunded accrued pension liabilities.

7. <u>RETIREMENT BENEFITS</u>. (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions:

At June 30, 2024 and 2023, the Corporation reported a liability in the amount of \$28,996,432 and \$33,165,041, respectively, for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2023 and 2022, and the total pension liabilities used to calculate the net pension liabilities were determined by actuarial valuations as of those dates. The Corporation's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Corporation's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers. At June 30, 2024 and 2023, the Corporation's proportion were 0.433% and 0.439%, respectively. This reflects a decrease of 0.006% from its proportion measured as of the June 30, 2023, and an increase of 0.036% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2022.

For the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, the Corporation recognized pension expense of \$5,244,684 and \$4,973.061, respectively.

At June 30, 2024, the Corporation reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

<u>June 30, 2024</u>	Deferred Outflows of Resources		I	Deferred ntlows of esources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	627,687	\$	-
Changes of assumptions		-		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences		165,767		-
between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions Employer contributions subsequent to the		-		235,502
measurement date		4,176,186		-
Total	<u> </u>	4,969,640		235,502

At June 30, 2023, the Corporation reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources.

7. <u>RETIREMENT BENEFITS</u>. (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions: (Continued)

	Deferred Outflows of			eferred flows of	
June 30, 2023	R	esources	Resources		
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	90,446	\$	-	
Changes of assumptions		602,987		-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences	2	671,326		-	
between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	1	,181,785		66,928	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	3	.860,446		_	
Total	\$ 8	,406,990		66,928	

Deferred outflows of resources resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date in the amount of \$4,176,186 will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability during the year ended June 30, 2025. Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions to be recognized in pension expense are as follows.

Year Ended	
30	Amount
2025	\$ 557,089
2026	(1,047,162)
2027	1,428,163
2028	(380,138)
Total	\$ 557,952

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liabilities in the June 30, 2023 and 2022 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial valuation dates Actuarial cost method June 30, 2023 and 2022 Entry Age Normal

7. <u>RETIREMENT BENEFITS</u>. (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

Expected remaining service lives	2 years for 2023 and 2022					
Investment rate of return	7.25% per annum fo	or 2023 and 201	22			
Inflation rate	2.30% per annum for 2023 and 2022					
Period of experience study	2014 - 2018					
Mortality Rates	Non-disabled members. Based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar (males/females) and White Collar (females Healthy Annuitant Tables projected on a fully generational basis by Mortality Improvement scale MP-2018.					
	Disabled members: Based on the RP-2000 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table, with no projection for mortality improvement.					
Termination. Disability. and Retirements	Termination, disability, and retirement assumptions were projected based on a five-year (2014-2018) experience study of LASERS' members.					
Salary increases	Salary increases for based on a 2014 LASERS's members specific types of me	4-2018 experi s. The salary in	ience study of			
	<u>Member Type</u> Regular Judges Corrections Hazardous Duty	Lower <u>Range</u> 3.0% 2.6% 3.6% 3.6%	Upper <u>Range</u> 12.8% 5.1% 13.8% 13.8%			

Wildlife

3.6%

13.8%

7. <u>RETIREMENT BENEFITS</u>. (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

Cost-of-living adjustments

The present value of future retirement benefits is based on benefits currently being paid by LASERS and includes previously granted cost of living increases. The projected benefit payments do not include provisions for potential future increases not yet authorized by the Board of Trustees as they were deemed not to be substantively automatic.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation of 2.30% for 2023 and 2022, and an adjustment for the effect of rebalancing/ diversification. The resulting expected long-term nominal rates of return are 8.19% for 2023 and 8.34% for 2022. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in LASERS target asset allocation as of June 30, 2023 and 2022, are summarized in the following table:

	Ju	June 30, 2023		June 30, 2022			
		Long-Term Expected		Long-Term Expected			
	Target	Real Rate of Return	Target	Real Rate of Return			
Asset Class	Allocation	Allocation (Geometric) A		(Geometric)			
Cash	0%	0.80%	()%0	0.39%			
Domestic Equity	34%	4.45%	31%	4 57%			
International Equity	180.0	5.44° o	23%	5.76%			
Domestic Fixed Income	30,0	2.04%	30.0	1.48%			
International Fixed Income	17%	5.33%	17%	5 04%			
Alternative Investments	28%	8.19%	26%	8.30%			
Total	100%		100%				

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25% for June 30, 2023 and 2022. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contribution rates approved by PRSAC, taking into consideration the recommendation of LASERS' actuary. Based on those assumptions, LASERS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of the projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

7. <u>RETIREMENT BENEFITS</u>. (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate:

The following presents the Corporation's proportionate share of the net pension liability using the current discount rate, as well as what the employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower or one percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	1.0% Decrease (6.25%)	Current Discount Rate (7.25%)	1.0% Increase (8.25%)
2024	\$ 37.968,434	\$ 28,996,432	\$ 21,395,250
	1.0% Decrease	Current Discount	1.0% Increase
	(6.25%)	_Rate (7.25%)	(8.25%)
2023	\$ 41,731,300	\$ 33,165,041	\$ 25,353,857

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued 2023 and 2022 Annual Comprehensive Financial Reports for LASERS at www.lasersonline.org or on the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's website at www.lla.la.gov.

Payables to the Pension Plan:

As of June 30, 2024 and 2023, the Corporation reported a payable of \$573,459 and \$526,996, respectively, for outstanding contributions due to LASERS.

8. <u>POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE AND LIFE INSURANCE BENEFITS</u>:

Substantially all employees become eligible for postemployment health care and life insurance benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the Corporation. These benefits for retirees and similar benefits for active employees are provided through an insurance company whose premiums are paid jointly by the employee and the Corporation. For each of the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, 22 retirees were receiving postemployment benefits.

8. <u>POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE AND LIFE INSURANCE BENEFITS</u>: (Continued)

Plan Description

Employees may participate in the State of Louisiana's Other Postemployment Benefit Plan (OPEB Plan), an agent multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB Plan that provides medical and life insurance to eligible active employees, retirees and their beneficiaries. The state administers the plan through the Office of Group Benefits (OGB). LRS 42:801-883 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions of the plan. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75 to pay related benefits.

Benefits Provided:

The OPEB Plan provides benefits such as: death benefits, life insurance, disability, and long-term care that are paid in the period after employment and that are provided separately from a pension plan, as well as healthcare benefits paid in the period after employment. The OPEB plan does not provide termination benefits or termination payments for sick leave.

Contributions.

The contribution requirements of plan members and the Corporation are established and may be amended by LRS 42.801-883. The OPEB Plan is currently funded on a pay-as-you-go basis through a combination of retiree and Corporation contributions. Employees do not contribute to their postemployment benefits cost until they become retirees and begin receiving post-employment benefits. The retirees contribute to the cost of their postemployment benefits based on a service schedule. Contribution amounts vary depending on what healthcare provider is selected from the plan and if the member has Medicare coverage. Employer contributions to the OPEB Plan from the Corporation were \$172,955 and \$163,621 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Employer contributions are based on plan premiums and the employer contribution percentage. This percentage is based on the date of participation in an OGB plan (before or after January 1, 2002) and employee years of service at retirement. Employees who began participation or rejoined the plan before January 1, 2002, pay approximately 25% of the cost of coverage (except single retirees under age 65 who pay approximately 25% of the active employee cost). For those beginning participation or rejoining on or after January 1, 2002, the percentage of premiums contributed by the employer is based on the following schedule:

OGB	Retiree	State
Participation	Share	<u>Share</u>
Under 10 years	81%	19%
10-14 years	62%	38%
15-19 years	44%	56%
20+ years	25%	75%

8. <u>POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE AND LIFE INSURANCE BENEFITS</u>: (Continued)

Contributions: (Continued)

In addition to healthcare benefits, retirees may elect to receive life insurance benefits. Basic and supplemental life insurance is available for the individual retiree and spouses of retirees, subject to maximum values. The employer pays 50% of the individual retiree's premium. The retiree is responsible for 100% of the premium for dependents. Effective January 1, 2018, the total monthly premium for retirees varies according to age group.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2024 and 2023, the Corporation reported a liability of \$9,862,098 and \$9,426,890, respectively, for its proportionate share of the collective total OPEB liability. The collective total OPEB liability was measured as of July 1, 2023 and 2022, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Corporation's proportion of the total OPEB liability was based on a projection of the Corporation's total OPEB liability relative to the projected total OPEB liability of all participating employers, actuarially determined. As of July 1, 2023 and 2022, the Corporation's proportion was 0.1380% and 0.1397%, respectively.

For the year ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, the Corporation recognized OPEB benefit of \$127,042 and \$208,977, respectively. As of June 30, 2024 and 2023, the Corporation reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	E Ou R		Deferred Inflows of Resources
June 30, 2024			
Changes of assumptions	S	621,722	\$ 2,062,557
Differences between expected and actual			
experience		199,033	-
Changes in employer's proportionate share		262,045	458,084
Differences between employer contributions			
and proportionate share of contributions		-	457,062
Employer contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date		172,955	-
Total	\$	1,255,755	\$ 2,977,703

8. <u>POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE AND LIFE INSURANCE BENEFITS</u>: (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB: (Continued)

	Deferred		Deferred	
	O	utflows of	Inflows of	
	R	esources]	Resources
June 30, 2023				
Changes of assumptions	\$	646,540	S	3,097,753
Differences between expected and actual				
experience		286,768		-
Changes in employer's proportionate share		571,660		576,500
Differences between employer contributions				
and proportionate share of contributions		-		451,488
Employer contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date		163,621		
Total	\$	1,668,589	S	4,125,741

Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$172,955 will be recognized as a reduction of the collective total OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense (benefit) as follows:

Year Ended	
June 30	Amount
2025	\$ (632,159)
2026	(785.469)
2027	(477,437)
2028	162
Total	\$ (1,894,903)

Actuarial Assumptions:

The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2023 and July 1, 2022 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

8. <u>POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE AND LIFE INSURANCE BENEFITS</u>: (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

Inflation	2.40% for 2023 and 2022
Salary Increases	Consistent with the pension valuation assumptions
Investment Rate of Return	4.13%, based on the June 30, 2023 S&P 500 20- Year Municipal Bond Index Rate
	4.09%, based on the June 30, 2022 S&P 500 20- Year Municipal Bond Index Rate
Healthcare Cost Trend	7.00% - 4.50% for 2023 and 2022
Mortality Rates	For general active lives: RP-2014 Blue Collar Employee Table, adjusted by 0.978 for males and 1.144 for females, projected from 2014 on a fully generational basis by Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2018 for 2023 and 2022.
	For general healthy retiree lives: The RP-2014 Blue Collar Healthy Annuitant Table, adjusted by 1.280 for males. and RP-2014 White Collar Healthy Annuitant Table, adjusted by 1.417 for females, projected from 2014 on a fully generational basis by Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2018 for 2023 and 2022.
	For public safety active lives: The RP-2014 Blue Collar Employee Table, adjusted by 1.005 for males and 1.129 for females, projected from 2014 on a fully generational basis by Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2018 for 2023 and 2022.
	For public safety healthy retiree active lives: The RP-2014 Blue Collar Healthy Annuitant Table. adjusted by 1.185 for males and 1.017 for females. projected from 2014 on a fully generational basis by Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2018 for 2023 and 2022.

8. <u>POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE AND LIFE INSURANCE BENEFITS</u>: (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

Mortality Rates (Continued):

For disables retirees lives: The RP-2000 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table, adjusted by 1.009 for males and 1.043 for females, not projected with mortality improvement for 2023 and 2022.

Discount Rate:

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 4.13% and 4.09% for 2023 and 2022, respectively. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from employers will be made at contractually required rates. Based on this assumption and as the OPEB Plan is unfunded, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be available to make all projected OPEB payments for current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a discount rate that reflects the 20-year tax-exempt municipal bond yield or index rate.

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was increased to 4.13% in July 1, 2023 valuation from 4.09% as of July 1, 2022, which was increased from 2.18% as of July 1, 2021.

Sensitivity of the Corporation's Proportionate Share of the Collective Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate:

The following presents the Corporation's proportionate share of the collective total OPEB liability using the current discount rate, as well as what the Corporation's proportionate share of the collective total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher than the current discount rate.

		Current	
	Discount Rate (4.13%)	1.0% Increase (5.13%)	
June 30, 2024 Corporation's proportionate share of the collective total			
OPEB liability	\$ 11,623,268	\$ 9,862,098	\$ 8,466,211

8. <u>POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE AND LIFE INSURANCE BENEFITS</u>: (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Corporation's Proportionate Share of the Collective Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate: (Continued)

	1.0% Decrease (3.09%)	Discount Rate (4.09%)	1.0% Increase (5.09%)
June 30, 2023 Corporation's proportionate share of the collective total			
OPEB liability	\$ 11,109.662	\$ 9,426,890	\$ 8,091,850

The following presents the Corporation's proportionate share of the collective total OPEB liability using the healthcare cost trend rates, as well as what the Corporation's proportionate share of the collective total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1% lower or 1% higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1.(1% Decrease		Rate	1.0% Increase
June 30, 2024 Corporation's proportionate share of the collective total OPEB liability	\$	8.388,255	\$	9,862.098	\$ 11,745.376
June 30, 2023 Corporation's proportionate share of the collective total	ť,	9 014 125	¢	0 426 900	¢ 11 222 570
OPEB liability		8.014,125		9,426,890	\$ 11,233.579

Payables to the OPEB Plan:

As of June 30, 2024 and 2023, the Corporation did not report any outstanding amount of contributions payable to the OPEB Plan.

9. <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u>:

A summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2024 is as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2023	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2024
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,022,338	<u>s</u> -	s -	S 1,022,338
Total capital assets not				
being depreciated	1.022,338		-	1,022,338
Capital assets being depreciated.				
Buildings	107.023,487	-	-	107,023,487
Equipment	1,621.471	396,727	(3,106)	2,015,092
Land improvements	171,410			171,410
Total capital assets				
being depreciated	108,816,368	396,727	(3,106)	109,209,989
Accumulated depreciation:				
General	(4,906,739)	(405,278)	-	(5,312,017)
HUD disposition	(31,881,602)	(2,406,410)	-	(34,288,012)
Mid-City Gardens	(5,278,160)	(474,329)		(5,752,489)
Total accumulated depreciation	(42,066,501)	(3,286,017)	-	(45,352,518)
Total capital assets being				
depreciated, net	66,749.867	(2,889,290)	(3,106)	63,857,471
Total capital assets, net	\$ 67,772,205	<u>S (2.889,290)</u>	<u>S (3,106)</u>	<u> </u>

A summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2023 is as follows:

]	Balance						Balance
	Jur	ie 30, 2022	A	dditions	Delet	Deletions		ne 30, 2023
Capital assets not being depreciated.								
Land	\$	1,022,338	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,022,338
Total capital assets not								
being depreciated		1.022,338		-		-	•••••	1,022,338
Capital assets being depreciated.								
Buiklings	1	07.023.487		-		-	1	07.023.487
Equipment		1,186,404		435,067		-		1,621,471
Land improvements		171,410		-		-		171,410
Total capital assets								
being depreciated	1	08.381.301		435,067		_	1	08,816,368

Balance Balance June 30, 2022 Additions Deletions June 30, 2023 Accumulated depreciation: General (4.591, 164)(315, 575)(4,906,739)HUD disposition (29,475,566) (31,881,602) (2,406,036)_ Mid-City Gardens (473, 309)(5,278,160)(4,804,851) Total accumulated depreciation (38,871,581)(3,194,920) (42,066,501) _ Total capital assets being depreciated, net 69,509,720 (2,759,853) 66,749,867 Total capital assets, net 70.532,058 S (2,759,853) S S 67,772.205

9. <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u> (Continued)

Included in capital assets at June 30, 2024 and 2023 is \$84,564,096 of costs related to the two HUD disposition properties owned by the Corporation. These buildings were heavily damaged by Hurricane Katrina (see Note 10). Reconstruction of the first property (Willowbrook) was completed during the year ended June 30, 2008, and its operations commenced in May 2008. Reconstruction of the second property (Village de Jardin) was completed during the year ended June 30, 2012, and its operations commenced in April 2012. The depreciation expense related to these properties is recorded within the net loss from rental property on the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position.

Included in restricted capital assets for each of the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023. is \$14.304.972 related to the Mid-City Gardens (formerly Capital City South) project. This project is restricted because it is funded by the Neighborhood Stabilization Program (NSP) and any net income is currently expected to be recognized as program income to be used within the program. The property was acquired by the Corporation in 2010 through the foreclosure of a loan funded with HOME program funds. The Corporation used the NSP funds and HOME program funds to renovate and rehabilitate the property. The property commenced operations in December 2012. The depreciation expense related to these properties is recorded within the net loss from rental property on the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position.

10. <u>HUD DISPOSITION PROPERTIES</u>

The Corporation is the owner of two low-income, multi-family rental properties that were originally purchased from the U. S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) at a cost of \$1 each. The Corporation funded renovations to the properties totaling approximately \$3.3 million through June 30, 2005. On August 29, 2005, the properties were heavily damaged by Hurricane Katrina. The properties were insured by the State of Louisiana Office of Risk Management. The State of Louisiana assumed responsibility for the reconstruction of the properties. Both properties are fully renovated and occupied. The completed properties are recorded within capital assets on the Corporation's Statement of Net Position.

10. <u>HUD DISPOSITION PROPERTIES</u>. (Continued)

The properties were purchased in 1995. If the properties are sold, the sales proceeds less certain costs and expenses shall be assigned to HUD in the following amounts:

- a) 75%, if sold between 15 and 20 years from the purchase date:
- b) 50%, if sold between 20 and 30 years from the purchase date; or
- c) 25%, if sold over 30 years from the purchase date

The net income (loss) from the properties is recorded as non-operating revenue (expense).

11. MORTGAGE LOANS RECEIVABLE:

As part of the Community Development Block Grant Piggyback Program, funds are loaned to qualified borrowers to provide needed residential rental property assistance for qualified projects to remedy the loss of such residential rental property due to the damage caused by Hurricane Katrina, Hurricane Rita and the Great Floods of 2016. These loans are financed at interest rates between 0% and 3.5% and are either payable upon demand or from surplus cash generated by the projects.

As part of the HOME program, loans have been made to qualified low-income singlefamily homebuyers and to developers of low-income, multi-family projects. The HOME loans are issued as a supplement to primary financing and are collateralized by a second mortgage on the property financed. Payments on these loans are deferred until the earlier of a) the date the primary loan is paid out, or b) a specified future date, with cash flows as a factor in determining amounts due for the majority of the multi-family HOME loans. The multi-family loans are financed at interest rates ranging from 0% - 7.75%. The single-family loans are financed at 0%interest.

During the year ended June 30, 2010. a Tax Credit Assistance Program (TCAP) Grant under Title XII of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 was received to loan funds to Low Income Housing Tax Credit (LIHTC) projects. These loans are financed at interest rates ranging from 0% to 4.4% and are collectible from surplus cash generated by the projects.

During the year ended June 30, 2010, an award of funds (1602 Funds) was received from the United States Treasury Department under the provisions of Section 1602 of Subtitle C of Title I of Division B of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009. The Corporation began loaning these funds to qualified multifamily low-income housing projects. These loans are financed at a 0% interest rate and will mature at the end of a 15-year period. The debt will be forgiven at the end of this period, if certain conditions have been met.

11. MORTGAGE LOANS RECEIVABLE: (Continued)

As part of the Community Development Block Grant Disaster Recovery Program, funds are loaned to qualified borrowers for the development, rehabilitation, replacement, restoration, construction and/or operation of multifamily residential projects affected by Hurricane Laura and Hurricane Delta. These loans are financed at an interest rate of 0% and are repayable in annual installments from surplus cash generated by the projects.

The single family soft second mortgage program loans up to \$50,000 on a forgivable second mortgage to provide funds that fill the affordability gap for homebuyers at or below the 80% AMI level to purchase one unit owner occupied properties. The mortgage is funded through HOME dollars. An additional \$5,000 of HOME funds can be provided for closing costs.

The National Housing Trust Fund (NHTF) is a federal affordable housing production program designed to complement existing Federal, state, and local efforts to increase and preserve the supply of decent, safe, and sanitary affordable housing for extremely low- and very low-income households, including homeless families and individuals. The NHTF regulations are modeled on the HOME Program, but there are several key differences. NHTF has deeper income targeting, lower rent requirements, and a longer minimum affordability period. LHC was designated as the State Designated Entity (SDE) for purposes of administering the State's National Housing Trust Fund Program. These loans are financed at interest rates between 0% and 3.31%.

The Louisiana Housing Trust Funds are utilized to provide financing for sustainable affordable rental and homeownership housing developments. The Housing Trust funds provide soft-second mortgages to qualified low-income, single-family homebuyers and developers of low-income, multifamily rental projects. These loans are financed at a 0% interest rate and will mature at the end of the 15-year affordability period. The debt will be forgiven at the end of the affordability period, if certain conditions have been met.

The CDBG 2016 Flood Landlord Loans are funded through the Louisiana Neighborhood Landlord Rental Program (LNLRP initiative). The LNLRP initiative provides assistance to landlords experienced in rental residential properties to tenants, or developing residential rental housing to be located in areas adversely affected by the 2016 severe storms and flooding events. Program applicants will construct new residential rental housing units or renovate residential rental housing units in one of the parishes declared to be a disaster area as a result of the severe storms and flooding. Total funding available for the LNLRP initiative is \$36 million.

11. MORTGAGE LOANS RECEIVABLE: (Continued)

The CDBG 2016 Flood Multi Family Loans program is for loans and grants for developers with multifamily structures of 20 or more units under the Multifamily Restoration Loan Fund (MRLF). Widespread flooding in 2016 resulted in the loss of affordable rental units across more than 51 parishes. Funds were made available to properties with existing affordability commitments for repair and restoration of flood-impacted units. Total loan and grant funding available for the MRLF is \$19.25 million, allocated across four pools to ensure participation across various areas of concern.

As part of the Neighborhood Stabilization Program (NSP), funds are loaned to qualified borrowers for the purpose of redeveloping abandoned and foreclosed homes, land banking and homebuyer education. These loans are financed at interest rates between 0% and 2% and are either payable upon demand or from surplus cash generated by the projects. Certain loans under this program are forgivable.

Lafourche CDBG-NDR Resilience Piggyback program is designed to provide "gap" funding for the development of a single, resilient multifamily affordable housing development in Lafourche Parish. The awarded project is expected to utilize the CDBG-NDR funds with 4% low income housing tax credits and mortgage financing proceeds. The loans accrue interest at a rate not exceeding the long-term applicable federal rate. Principal and interest are repayable from surplus cash.

EBR 2016 Flood Developer Loans purpose is to eliminate blight and stabilize neighborhoods impacted by the Great Floods of 2016, repair damaged rental housing stock that will be made available at affordable rental rates for low-income households, and increase the available rental stock in flood-damaged East Baton Rouge. The program is designed to provide forgivable loans for construction of new rental units and repair or reconstruction of flood-damaged rental units affected by the Great Floods of 2016 for occupancy by low to moderate-income tenants. Eligible property owners must secure all funds necessary that are required in excess of the assistance provided by the program. The program will provide benefit in the form of affordable rents to tenant households meeting the low and moderate-income (LMI) National Objective requirements in accordance with HUD LMI standards.

The CDBG Soft Second Program gives the opportunity to obtain safe, affordable, energyefficient housing, and it is designed to cover the affordability gap between the maximum amount that a homebuyer can afford and the purchase price of the home. This program is specifically designed for individuals with an annual household income at or below 80% of the Area Median Income. A first-time homebuyer is an individual who meets specific criteria set by program developers to meet the required goals set for those who participate in the program.

11. MORTGAGE LOANS RECEIVABLE: (Continued)

EBR 2016 Flood Landlord Loans are part of the Baton Rouge ReBuild Rental Program. The program is designed to provide forgivable loans for repair or reconstruction of rental units damaged in the Great Floods of 2016 for occupancy by low-to-moderate income tenants. Under the program, eligible property owners apply for assistance to repair or reconstruct residential rental housing units in a project that will not exceed seven (7) residential housing units. Properties may be scattered site, within a single building, or combination of these. Preference is given to eligible property owners whose annual household income is below 120% of the Area Median Income based on household size.

The Emergency Rental Assistance Program 2 (ERAP 2) is a federally funded initiative designed to help households impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic. It provides financial assistance for rent, utilities, and other housing-related costs to eligible renters facing housing instability. This second round of funding introduced flexibility to address ongoing rental needs. A portion of the allocation received were used to assist in the development of LIHTC rental units experiencing cost increases. These loans were made as a cash flow loan payable through the projects surplus cash and are tied to a 30 year affordability required by the tax credit program.

Conditional HOME loans include compliance requirements associated with the loan agreement. As long as the property owner is in compliance with the agreement the debt will be reduced by a predetermined rate at the end of each affordability period. The entire principal balance will be forgiven on the maturity date. In the event the owner is found to be out of compliance, the total principal balance will be due upon demand.

The Single Family Soft Second Mortgage Loans (Investar) include agreements whereby the Corporation agrees to finance the program note of HOME Funds Loan for the agreed upon amount for the contribution to purchase price of the home and closing coat with and additional allocation for closing cost not to exceed \$5,000. Based on the total HOME funds contributed to the purchase price determines the length of affordability anywhere from 5 to 15 years. The borrower's part in the agreement is that, in consideration of the Corporation's agreement to finance the program note, the borrower agrees that he or she will continue to occupy the housing as his or her principal residence until the end of the period of affordability. There is no interest rate associated with the program.

The Habitat for Humanity Program is the Nonprofit Open Cycle Affordable Housing Program between the Corporation and Habitat for Humanity. The program consists of HOME funds used for affordable gap financing plus any other construction or interim loan funds advanced to finance the construction of the affordable housing units. The period beginning is on the date on the HOME note, and ending on the completion deadline. The period of coverage is thirty (30) years from the final sale date, but no later than the maturity date. The program is open to eligible first-time low-income homebuyers who have received housing unit. The annual rate for these agreements is zero percent (0.0%).

11. MORTGAGE LOANS RECEIVABLE: (Continued)

As part of the multifamily program, loans have been made under the Section 202 Program. The Program is designed to make loans to eligible projects pursuant to Section 202 of the Housing Act of 1959, as amended, and the Risk Sharing Program administered by HUD. The multifamily Section 202 loans consist of a Risk Sharing Mortgage Note and a Subordinate Mortgage Note. The loans are collateralized by a security interest in the property with principal and interest payments due monthly through 2022. These loans are financed at interest rates ranging from 3.25% - 3.60% interest. The Risk Sharing Mortgage Notes are 50% guaranteed by HUD under the Risk Sharing loan insurance program. The properties have also obtained HOME loans as described in a previous paragraph.

The loan portfolio at June 30, 2024 and 2023 was as follows.

	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
CDBG - Piggyback	\$ 199,962,228	\$ 186,988,653
HOME Multifamily Mortgage Loans	153,241,605	143,072,939
TCAP Multifamily Mortgage Loans	40,953,106	37,491,991
1602 Sub Award Multifamily Loans	37,088,118	49,504,028
CDBG Laura Delta Prme PD	23,598,741	-
HOME Single Family Mortgage Loans	18,712,468	13,721,974
National Housing Trust Fund Loans	16,333,377	11,387,892
Louisiana Housing Trust Fund Loans	15,040,678	20,048,732
CDBG 2016 Flood Landlord Loans	14,685,932	11,563,598
CDBG 2016 Flood Multi-Family Loans	11,887,333	10,813,530
Neighborhood Stabilization Program Loans	7,249,952	7,324,278
CDBG Lafourche Resiliency	7,033,000	7,033,(0)0
EBR 2016 Flood Developer Loans	6,501,240	2,434,749
OCD CDBG Soft Second Loans	6,309,153	7,103,702
EBR 2016 Flood Landlord Loans	1,738,487	1,738,487
ERAP 2	1,262,751	-
Multifamily Conditional HOME Loans	872,903	955,906
Single Family Soft Second Loans	659,313	899,000
Habitat for Humanity	347,089	159.284
202 Elderly Project Mortgage Loans	207,500	207,500
	563,684,974	512,449,243
Reserve for loan losses	(142,941.681)	(151,283,083)
	\$ 420,743,293	\$ 361,166,160

The collections from the HOME, 1602 Exchange, TCAP, NSP and Louisiana Housing Trust Fund loans are restricted to funding future lending programs. The principal balance and accruals of interest receivable on these loans are reported as restricted assets.

11. MORTGAGE LOANS RECEIVABLE: (Continued)

The reserve for loan losses decreased \$8,341,402 and \$3,856.543 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

12. CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK.

The HOME and CDBG program loans are issued to single family borrowers and multifamily low-income housing projects throughout Louisiana. A substantial portion of the multifamily low-income housing project loans have been issued among entities with a common ownership.

13. <u>RISK MANAGEMENT</u>.

The Corporation is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions, and injuries to employees. To provide coverage for these risks, the Corporation participates with the State of Louisiana's Office of Risk Management (ORM), a public corporation risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for branches of state government. An annual premium is paid to ORM for this coverage.

14. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Corporation receives significant financial assistance from the Federal Government Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) in the form of grants and entitlements, which are conditioned upon compliance with terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations. During fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. HUD performed a review of the HOME program and issued a complaint letter concerning the Corporation's administration of the HOME Investment Partnership Programs. As a result of the review and subsequent discussions, HUD is demanding reimbursement of funds totaling \$2,349,996. The Corporation has accrued a contingent liability of \$3,000,000 in the due to other governments in the statement of net position awaiting final resolution of ongoing negotiations with HUD.

The Corporation is a defendant in lawsuits filed by various parties. It is the opinion of the Corporation's counsel that estimated potential losses for general damages could range from \$75,000 to \$500,000. However, additional potential losses for any other special damages are not determinable. The Corporation intends to vigorously defend these claims. An unfavorable outcome for the Corporation of these claims is not probable. Litigation in which losses to the Corporation is reasonably possible has not been accrued.

15. <u>RESTRICTED NET POSITION</u>.

For the Statement of Net Position, net position is reported as restricted when constraints placed on net position use are either:

- Externally imposed by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or
- Imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

At June 30, 2024 and 2023, the statement of net position reports the following restricted net position:

<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
\$ 563,684,974	\$ 512,449,243
82,660,911	77,592,326
(142,941.681)	(151,283,083)
503,404,204	438,758,486
18,550.876	25,018,295
7.012,058	6,079,063
6,648,770	8,783,820
8,552,483	9,026,812
(1.003.533)	(1,141,976)
39,760,654	47,766,014
\$ 543,164,858	\$ 486,524,500
	$ \begin{array}{r} $

16. <u>UNRESTRICTED NET POSITION – DEFICIT BALANCE</u>:

The Corporation has a deficit of \$27,948,729 and \$28,084,181 in unrestricted net position as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. This is primarily due to the recording of a net pension liability of \$28,996,432 and \$33,165,041 as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, and a recording of an OPEB liability in the amount of \$9,862,098 and \$9,426,890 as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. Additionally, the Corporation incurred operating losses of approximately \$3.4 million and \$4.9 million for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, which further reduced unrestricted net position. Although the Corporation has a deficit in unrestricted net position, the Corporation's overall net position is a surplus of approximately \$572 million as of June 30, 2024. Management is currently evaluating the deficit in unrestricted net position in order to develop a plan to increase the Corporation's profits.

17. <u>RECLASSIFICATION</u>:

Certain amounts in the prior-year financial statements have been reclassified for comparative purposes to conform with the presentation in the current-year financial statements.

LOUISIANA HOUSING CORPORATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE CORPORATION'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF COLLECTIVE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY FOR THE SEVEN YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Fiscal <u>Year*</u>	Corporation's Proportion of the Collective Total OPEB <u>Liability</u>	P S Co	orporation's roportionate Share of the ollective Total <u>PEB Liability</u>	C	orporation's Covered <u>Payroll</u>	Corporation's Proportionate Share of the Collective Total OPEB Liability as a % of its Covered <u>Payroll</u>
2024	0.1380%	\$	9,862,098	\$	8,815,867	112%
2023	0.1397%	\$	9,426,890	\$	7,843,693	120%
2022	0.1457%	\$	13,339,342	\$	7,591,678	176%
2021	0.1366%	\$	11,319,298	\$	7,786.924	145%
2020	0.1424%	\$	10,994,350	\$	7,199.154	153%
2019	0.1291%	\$	11,020,220	\$	6,294.504	175%
2018	0.1291%	\$	11,222,480	\$	5,781.619	194%

*The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ended.

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be presented as they become available.

LOUISIANA HOUSING CORPORATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE CORPORATION'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY FOR THE TEN YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

				Corporation's	
Fiscal Year*	Corporation's Proportion of the Net Pension <u>Liability</u>	Corporation's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension <u>Liability</u>	Corporation's Covered <u>Payroll</u>	Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a % of its Covered <u>Payroll</u>	Plan Faluciary Net Position as a % of the Total Pension <u>Liability</u>
2024	0.43320 %	\$ 28,996,432	\$10,144,891	286%	68.4%
2023	0.43871 %	\$ 33,165,041	\$ 8,965,658	370%	63.7%
2022	0.40315 %	\$ 22,189,223	\$ 8.706,181	255%	72.8%
2021	0.41890 %	\$ 34,645,497	\$ 8,281,601	418%o	58.0%
2020	0.39129 %	\$ 28,348,404	\$ 7,833,901	362%	62.9%
2019	0.39202 %	\$ 26,735,410	\$ 7,339,373	364%	64.3%ı
2018	0.34293 %	\$ 24.138,414	\$ 5.966,126	405%	62.5%
2017	0.32222 %	\$ 25,302,649	\$ 6.496.374	389%	57.7%
2016	0.37644 %	\$ 25,603,670	\$ 7.562,192	339%	62.7%
2015	0.39100 %	\$ 24,448,743	\$ 6,772,968	361%	65.0%

*The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ended.

LOUISIANA HOUSING CORPORATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE CORPORATION'S PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE TEN YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

			Co	ntributions in				
			Contributions as					
	Ċe	ontractually	C	ontractually	Co	ontribution	Employer's	a Percentage of
Fiscal		Required		Required	D	Deficiency	Covered	Covered
Year*	Contribution		<u>Contribution</u>		ç	(Excess)	Payroll	Payroll
2024	\$	4,189,840	\$	4,176,186	\$	13,654	\$10,144,891	41.2%
2023	\$	3,861,541	\$	3,860,446	\$	1,095	\$ 9,558,269	40.4%
2022	\$	3,541,435	\$	3,620,666	\$	(79,231)	\$ 8,965,658	40.4%
2021	\$	3,491,179	\$	3,490,835	\$	344	\$ 8,706,181	40.1%
2020	S	3,370,612	S	3,369,297	S	1,315	\$ 8,281.601	40.7%
2019	\$	2,969.048	\$	2,970,805	\$	(1.757)	\$ 7,833,901	37.9%
2018	S	2.781,622	S	2,782,983	\$	(1, 361)	\$ 7,339,373	37.9%
2017	\$	2,135,873	\$	2,135,701	\$	172	\$ 5,966,126	35.8%
2016	\$	2,416,651	\$	2,416,651	\$	-	\$ 6,496,374	37.2%
2015	\$	2,798,011	\$	2,798,011	\$	-	\$ 7,562,192	37.0%

*The amounts presented were determined as of the end of the fiscal year.

1. <u>Schedule of the Corporation's Proportionate Share of the Collective Total Other Post-employment</u> Benefit Liability in the State of Louisiana Post-employment Benefits Plan:

This schedule reflects the participation of the Corporation's employees in the State of Louisiana Post-employment Benefits Plan and its proportionate share of the collective total other post-employment liability, and the proportionate share of the collective total other post-employment benefits liability as a percentage of its covered payroll. The employees' collective total other post-employment benefit liability is the liability of the Corporation's employees for benefits provided through the State of Louisiana Post-employment Benefits Plan. Covered payroll is the payroll of all employees that are provided with benefits through the plan. The amounts in the schedule for each fiscal year were determined as the prior fiscal year ended.

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75 to pay related benefits.

2. <u>Schedule of the Corporation's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability in the Louisiana State</u> <u>Employees' Retirement System</u>.

This schedule reflects the participation of the Corporation's employees in Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System and its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll, and the plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability. The employees' net pension liability is the liability of the Corporation's employees for benefits provided through Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System. Covered payroll is the payroll of all employees that are provided with benefits through the plan. The amounts in the schedule for each fiscal year were determined as the prior fiscal year ended.

3. <u>Schedule of the Corporation's Pension Contributions:</u>

The difference between actuarially determined employer contributions and employer contributions received, and the percentage of employer contributions received to covered payroll, is presented in this schedule. The amounts presented in the schedule were determined as of the end of each fiscal year.

4. <u>Changes in Benefit Terms</u>:

Pension Plan

Act 656 of 2022 provided a one-time supplemental payment equal to the lesser of the retiree's or beneficiary's monthly benefit, or \$2,000. Eligibility was based on the current statutory COLA eligibility requirements.

4. <u>Changes in Benefit Terms</u> (Continued)

Pension Plan: (Continued)

During the reporting period 2017, a Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) was granted by LASERS of 1.5%.

Act 37 of 2021 provided a monthly benefit increase to LASERS retirees that on June 30, 2021 have attained age 60, have 30 or more years of service, have been retired 15 or more years, receive a monthly benefit less than \$1,450, and have not participated in DROP or IBO.

OPEB Plan

There were no changes in benefit terms for the State of Louisiana OPEB Plan for any of the years presented.

5. <u>Changes in Assumptions</u>:

Pension Plan

Valuation Date	luvestment Rate of Return	Inflation Rate	Expected Remaining Service Lives	Salary Increases	Mortality Rate - Active & Retired Members	Termination, disability. and retirement assumptions
June 30, 2023	7 25%	2 30° a	2 Years	2.6° o - 13 89 o	Mortality rates based on the RP-2014 mortality tables for non-disabled members and RP- 2000 for disabled members	Projected on a 5 yeat (2014-2018) experience study
June 30, 2022	7.2 ⁵⁰ 0	2.30°°	2 Years	2.6° 6 - 13 8° 9	Mortality rates based on the RP-2014 mortality tables for non-disabled members and RP- 2000 for disabled members	Projected on a 5 year (2014-2018) experience study
Јше 50, 2021	2. 北 909	2.50° o	2 Years	2 6% - 13 8%	Mortality rates based on the RP-2014 murtality tables for non-disabled members and RP- 2000 for disabled members	Projected on a 5 year (2014-2018) experience study
June 30, 2020	7.559a	2.30%	2 Yesis	2 0° = 13 8%	Mortality rates based on the RP-2014 mortality tables for non-disabled members and RP- 2000 for disabled members	Projected on a 5 year (2014-2018) experience study
June 30, 2019	7.60 ^{0,} 0	2.50°.0	2 Years	2 8%# - 14 18%#	Mortality rates based on the RP-2014 mortality tables for nou-disabled members and RP- 2000 for disabled members	Projected on a 5 year (2014-2018) experience study
Лше 30, 2018	7 65%	2 - 5° 0	3 Years	2.8° + - 14 3% o	Mortality rates based on the RP-2000 mortality tables for non-disabled members and disabled members	Projected on a 5 yeat (2009-2013) experience study
June 30, 2017	ر م ₀ ر ت	2 75% 0	3 Years	2 8°6 - 14 3°a	Mortality rates based on the RP-2000 mortality tables for non-disabled members and disabled members	Projected on a 5 year (2009-2013) experience study

Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System (LASERS)

5. <u>Changes in Assumptions</u>: (Continued)

Pension Plan: (Continued)

Valuation Date	Investment Rate of Return	Inflation Rate	Expected Remaining Service Lives	Salary Increases	Mortality Rate - Active & Remed Members	Termination, disability, and retirement assumptions
June 30, 2016	7.75° o	.).00° o	3 Years	3 0°0 - 14.5°0	Mortality rates based on the RP-2000 mortality tables for non-disabled members and disabled members	Projected on a 5 year (2009-2013) experience study
June 30, 2015	7.75%	3.00%	3 Years	3 0°ú - 14 5°°o	Mortality rates based on the RP-2000 mortality tables for non-disabled members and disabled members	Projected on 5-5 year (2009-2013) experience study
June 30, 2014	? - 5%8	3.00%	3 Уеагь	3.0%o - 14 5°o	Mortality rates based on the RP-2000 mortality tables for non-disabled members and disabled members	Projected on a 5 year (2009-2013) experience study

OPEB Plan

The discount rate changed from 2.71% as of July 1, 2016 to 3.13% as of July 1, 2017, for the State of Louisiana OPEB Plan.

The discount rate changed from 3.13% as of July 1, 2017 to 2.98% as of July 1, 2018, for the State of Louisiana OPEB Plan.

Other changes in assumptions as of July 1, 2018 were as follows:

- 1. Baseline per capita costs were updated to reflect 2018 claims and enrollment and retiree contributions were updated based on 2019 premiums. The impact of the High Cost Excise Tax was revisited, reflecting updated plan premiums.
- 2. The mortality assumption for the Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System was updated from the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant and Employee tables for males and females with generational projections using projection scale MP-2017 to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant and Employee tables for males and females using projection scale MP-2018.

The discount rate changed from 2.98% as of July 1, 2018 to 2.79% as of July 1, 2019, for the State of Louisiana OPEB Plan.

Other changes in assumptions as of July 1, 2019 were as follows:

 Baseline per capita costs (PCCs) were updated to reflect 2019 claims and enrollment and retiree contributions were updated based on 2020 premiums. Plan claims and premiums increased less than had been expected, which decreased the Plan's liability. In addition, the estimate of future EGWP savings was increased, based on an analysis of recent EGWP experience. This further reduced the Plan's liability.

5. <u>Changes in Assumptions</u>: (Continued)

OPEB Plan: (Continued)

- 2. Life insurance contributions were updated based on updated schedules for 2020 monthly premium rates, which reduced the Plan's liability.
- 3. The impact of the High Cost Excise Tax was removed. The High Cost Excise Tax was repealed in December 2019. This reduced the Plan's liability.
- 4. Demographic assumptions were revised for the Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System to reflect the recent experience study.

The discount rate changed from 2.79% as of July 1, 2019 to 2.66% as of July 1, 2020, for the State of Louisiana OPEB Plan.

Other changes in assumptions as of July 1, 2020 were as follows:

- 1. Baseline per capita costs (PCCs) were updated to reflect 2020 claims and enrollment for the prescription drug costs and retiree contributions were updated based on 2021 premiums. Plan claims and premiums increased less than had been expected, which decreased the Plan's liability. In addition, the estimate of future EGWP savings was increased, based on an analysis of recent EGWP experience. This further reduced the Plan's liability.
- 2. Economic assumptions were updated to reflect the updated salary scale assumptions adopted by LASERS and TRSL. This slightly increased the Plan's liability.
- 3. Several demographic assumptions were updated based on a review of OPEB experience from July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2020.
 - a. Medical participation rates were decreased, decreasing the Plan's liability.
 - b. The life participation rate was decreased from 52% to 36%, decreasing the Plan's liability.
 - c. The age difference between future retirees and their spouses was updated, increasing the Plan's liability.
 - d. The assumed percent of participants assumed to be Medicare-eligible upon reaching age 65 was updated, increasing the Plan's liability.

5. <u>Changes in Assumptions</u>: (Continued)

OPEB Plan: (Continued)

e. Medical plan election percentages were updated which contributed to a decrease in the Plan's hability associated with updating baseline per capita costs (PCCs) and premiums.

The discount rate changed from 2.66% as of July 1, 2020 to 2.18% as of July 1, 2021, for the State of Louisiana OPEB Plan.

Other changes in assumptions as of July 1, 2021 were as follows:

- 1. Baseline per capita costs (PCCs) were updated to reflect 2021 claims and enrollment.
- 2. Medical plan election percentages were updated based on the coverage election of recent retirees.
- 3. The healthcare cost trend rate assumption was revised based on updated National Health Care Trend Survey information.
- 4. Inflation rate changed from 2.80% as of July 1, 2020 to 2.40% as of July 1, 2021.

The discount rate changed from 2.18% as of July 1, 2021 to 4.09% as of July 1, 2022, for the State of Louisiana OPEB Plan.

Other changes in assumptions as of July 1, 2022 were as follows:

- 1. Baseline per capita costs (PCCs) were updated to reflect 2022 claims and enrollment.
- 2. Medical plan election percentages were updated based on the coverage election of recent retirees.
- 3. The withdrawal assumption for LASERS Wildlife participants and the morality rate assumptions for LASERS Public Safety participants have been updated.

The discount rate changed from 4.09% as of July 1, 2022 to 4.13% as of July 1, 2023, for the State of Louisiana OPEB Plan.

Other changes in assumptions as of July 1, 2023 were as follows:

1. Baseline per capita costs (PCCs) were updated to reflect 2023 claims and enrollment.

5. <u>Changes in Assumptions</u>: (Continued)

OPEB Plan: (Continued)

- 2. Medical plan election percentages were updated based on the coverage election of recent retirees.
- 3. The mortality, retirement, termination, disability, and salary increase rates for the TRSL, LSERS, and LSPRS groups were updated. Additionally, all TRSL assumptions that were based on the Regular plan assumptions only have been updated to vary by subplan as applicable (Regular, Higher Ed, and Lunch).
- 4. The healthcare cost trend was updated.

LOUISIANA HOUSING CORPORATION OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION STATE OF LOUISIANA SCHEDULE OF PER DIEM PAID TO BOARD MEMBERS JUNE 30, 2024 AND 2023

	2	024	2	023
John Alford	\$	200	\$	400
Stephen Dwyer		400		-
Wendy Gentry		250		-
Christian Gil		350		-
Alfred Harrell. III		850		650
Steven Hattier		800		650
Steven Jackson		450		1,000
Tonya Mabry		600		600
Anthony Marullo, III		-		550
Ericka McIntyre		400		600
Kristen O'Keefe		200		-
Willie Rack		750		500
Willie Robinson		500		900
Jennifer Vidrine		850		250
Brandon Williams		750		750
Richard Winder		1,050		1,100
		8,400		7,950

Note: The State Treasurer is absent from the above schedule, as he has elected to not receive meeting fees.



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3300 W. Esplanade Ave. Suite 213 Metairie, LA 70002 Phone: (504) 833-3106 Fax: (504) 838-0262 INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

September 20, 2024

The Board of Directors Louisiana Housing Corporation State of Louisiana Baton Rouge, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Louisiana Housing Corporation, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Louisiana Housing Corporation's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 20, 2024.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Louisiana Housing Corporation's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Louisiana Housing Corporation's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Louisiana Housing Corporation's internal control.

www.dhhmcpa.com Members American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Society of LA CPAs A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Louisiana Housing Corporation's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Duplantier, shapman, Agan and Traker, LCP

New Orleans, Louisiana



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

September 20, 2024

The Board of Directors Louisiana Housing Corporation State of Louisiana Baton Rouge, Louisiana

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Louisiana Housing Corporation's, compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the Louisiana Housing Corporation's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024. The Louisiana Housing Corporation's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the Louisiana Housing Corporation complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative*

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Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Louisiana Housing Corporation and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Louisiana Housing Corporation's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the Louisiana Housing Corporation's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Louisiana Housing Corporation's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Louisiana Housing Corporation's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the Louisiana Housing Corporation's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the Louisiana Housing Corporation's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Louisiana Housing Corporation's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as described above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as described above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Duplantier, shapmann, Agan and Traker, LCP

New Orleans, Louisiana

LOUISIANA HOUSING CORPORATION STATE OF LOUISIANA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Federal Agency Pass-through grantor	Assistance Listing <u>No.</u>	Name of Grant Program	Federal Grant Contract #	Total Awards <u>Expended</u>
-		sing and Urban Development the federal government		
HUD	14.195	Section 8 Housing Assistance Payments Program (HAP) Section 8 Administrative expenses Total Section 8 Housing Assistance Payments Program	LA800CC0001	\$120,942,835 4,179,050 125,121,885
HUD	14.239	HOME Investment Partnerships Program (HOME) HOME (Includes \$18,340,265 of loans) Administrative expenses Total HOME Investment Partnerships Program	None	18.340.265 2.256,295 20,596.560
HUD	14.231	Emergency Solutions Grant Program (ESG) ESG 2021 Funds ESG 2022 Funds - COVID-19 ESG CARES Act - COVID-19 Administrative expenses Administrative expenses - COVID-19 Total Emergency Solutions Grant Program	E-21-DC-22-0001 E-22-DC-22-0001	1.008.503 877.143 120,520 161,705 81.961 2.249.832
HUD	14.267	Continuum of Care Program Administrative expenses Total Continuum of Care Program	LA0001L6H091502	16.208.253 1.022.771 17.231,024
HUD	14.871	Section 8 Housing Choice Vouchers (HCV) HCV Administrative expenses Total Section 8 Housing Choice Vouchers	LA903VO0031	14.875,198 1,480,902 16,356,100
HUD	14.326	Section 811 Project Rental Assistance Program (PRA) PRA Administrative expenses Total Section 811 Project Rental Assistance Program	LA48RDD1201	875,356 150,444 1,025,800
HUD	14.169	Housing Counseling Assistance Program (HCA) HCA Administrative expenses Total Housing Counseling Assistance Program	HC220841004	183,346 47,810 231.156
HUD	14.188	Housing Finance Agency Risk Sharing Program (Amount of outstanding loan guarantees)	None	103,750

(Continued)

LOUISIANA HOUSING CORPORATION STATE OF LOUISIANA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Federal	A						
Agency / Pass-through	Assistance Listing		Federal Grant	Total Awards			
grantor	No.	Name of Grant Program	Contract #	Expended			
gramor	<u>1 NC.</u>	Nank of Oran Program	<u>Connact</u>	Expended			
HUD	14.275	National Housing Trust Fund (NHTF)					
		NHTF 2019 (Includes \$359,993 of loans)	F198G220100	\$ 359,993			
		NHTF 2020 (Includes \$3,148.243 of loans)	F20SG220100	3.148,243			
		NHTF 2021 (Includes \$1,437,249 of loans)	F218G220100	1,437,249			
		Administrative expenses		155,200			
		Total National Housing Trust Fund		5,100,685			
		Total received directly from the U.S. Department of	of Housing				
		and Urban Development		188.016,792			
Passed thro	ugh the S	tate of Louisiana Office of Community Developme	ot				
HUD	14.228	Community Development Block Grants					
	11.220	Disaster Funds (Includes \$46,407,436 of loans) B-06-DG-22-0001	50,104,624			
		Administrative expenses		4.981.027			
		Total Community Development Block Grants		55,085,651			
		Ten en any servicin such en an					
		Total passed through the State of Louisiana		55.085.651			
		Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Dev	velopment	243,102,443			
U.S. Departn	nent of Ag	riculture					
Received d	irectly fro	m the federal government					
USDA	10.433	Rural Housing Preservation Grants	None	47,594			
		Total U.S. Department of Agriculture		47,594			
U.S. Department of Homeland Security Passed through the State of Louisiana Governor's Office of Homeland Security and Emergency Preparedness (GOHSEP)							
DHS	97.036	Disaster Grants - Public Assistance					
		2020 Funds - COVID-19	DR-4484	308,078			
		Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security		308,078			

LOUISIANA HOUSING CORPORATION STATE OF LOUISIANA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Federal Agency / Pass-through <u>grantor</u>	Assistance Listing <u>No.</u>	Name of Grant Program	Federal Grant <u>Contract #</u>	Total Awards <u>Expended</u>
-		th and Human Services the federal government		
DHHS	93 568	Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAF		
DIIIIS	600.52	LIHEAP 2021	G-2101LALIEA	\$ 222
		LIHEAP 2022	G-2201LALIEA	5,519,619
		LIHEAP 2023	G-2301LALIEA	28,792,932
		LIHEAP 2023 - CAA - COVID-19	2301LALIEE	16,688,125
		LIHEAP 2024	G-2401LALIEA	26.889,331
		Administrative expenses		1.005.472
		Total Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Program		78,895,701
DIDIC	02 400	The second stress of a Miles of the second stress of stress	<u> </u>	
DHHS	93 499	Low-Income Household Water Assistance Program (LIH) LIHWAP 2021 - CAA - COVID-19		1 225 247
			2101LALWC6	4,335,267
		LIHWAP 2021 - ARP - COVID-19	2101LALWC5	5.754,673
		Administrative expenses - CAA - COVID-19	2101LALWC6	27,004
		Administrative expenses - ARP - COVID-19	2101LALWC5	113,838
		Total Low-Income Household Water Assistance Progr	am	10.230.782
Passed throu	igh the Stat	te of Louisiana Department of Health and Hospitals		
DHHS	93.958	Mental Health Block Grant (MHBG)		
		MHBG 2024		\$ 52,544
		Administrative expenses		104,832
		Total Mental Health Block Grant (MHBG)		157,376
		Total passed through the State of Louisiana		157,376
		Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services	;	89.283.859
U.S. Departm Received dir		gy the federal government		
DOE	81 042	Weatherization Assistance for Low-Income Persons (WA	P)	
		WAP 2022	DE-EE0007923	(222)
		WAP 2023	DE-EE0007923	312,474
		WAP 2024	DE-EE0009905	1.400,953
		Administrative expenses		84,104
		Total Weatherization Assistance for Low-Income Pers	ons	1,797,309
		Total U.S. Department of Energy		1.797.309

LOUISIANA HOUSING CORPORATION STATE OF LOUISIANA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Federal				
Agency	Assistance	<u>.</u>		
Pass-through	Listing		Federal Grant	Total Awards
grantor	<u>No.</u>	Name of Grant Program	Contract #	Expended
U.S. Departn	nent of the	e Treasury		
Passed through the State of Louisiana Governor's Office of Homeland Security				
and Emer	rgency Pr	eparedness (GOHSEP)		
DOT	21 023	Emergency Rental Assistance Program (ERAP)		
		ERAP 2021 (Includes \$1,262.751 of loans)	None	1,262.751
		ERAP 2021 - COVID-19	None	763,922
		Total Emergency Rental Assistance Program		2.026.673
		Total U.S. Department of the Treasury		2.026.673
		Total Expenditures of Federal Awards		<u>8 336,565,956</u>

LOUISIANA HOUSING CORPORATION STATE OF LOUISIANA NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

1. <u>BASIS OF PRESENTATION</u>:

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the Louisiana Housing Corporation under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2024. The information presented in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (the Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Louisiana Housing Corporation, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or eash flows of the Louisiana Housing Corporation.

2. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u>:

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

3. <u>INDIRECT COST RATE</u>:

The Louisiana Housing Corporation elected to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

4. <u>SUBRECIPIENTS</u>:

Program Title	Assistance Listing <u>Number</u>	Amount <u>Provided</u>
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Program	93.568	\$ 77,890,229
Low-Income Household Water Assistance Program	93.499	10.089.940
Weatherization Assistance for Low-Income Persons	81.042	1,713.205
Emergency Solutions Grant Program	14.231	2,006,166
Continuum of Care Program	14.267	16,208,253
Emergency Rental Assistance Program	21.023	763,922
		\$ <u>108,671,715</u>

LOUISIANA HOUSING CORPORATION STATE OF LOUISIANA NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

5. <u>RECONCILIATION TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS</u>:

Per financial statements:

Grant funds disbursed (non-operating)	\$ 254,844,099
Less. State grant funds disbursed (non-operating)	(4,759,828)
Add: Mortgage loans issued (capitalized)	70.955,937
Add HUD Risk Sharing Mortgage Loans	103,750
Add. Administrative costs within operating expenses	15,421,998
Total per schedule of expenditures of federal awards	\$ <u>336,565,956</u>

6. <u>PROGRAM INCOME</u>

In accordance with terms of the loans funded under the HOME Program, program income generated during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, totaled \$1,616.981. The income was comprised of mortgage loan collections of principal and interest. Program income used during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, totaled \$2,174,882. That amount was used to reduce the amount of federal funds that would have been drawn to fund various single family and multifamily projects. The expenditure of the program income is included in the accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

7. <u>COOPERATIVE ENDEAVOR AGREEMENT</u>:

LRS 33.9022 defines "cooperative endeavor" as any form of economic development assistance between and among the State, its local governmental subdivisions, political corporations, public benefit corporations, the United States government, or its agencies, or any public or private association, corporation, or individual. The term cooperative endeavor includes cooperative financing, cooperative development, or any form of cooperative economic development activity. The Corporation has entered into a cooperative endeavor agreement with the State of Louisiana Office of Community Development (OCD), Disaster Recovery Program, implementing a Community Development Block Grant. The Office of Community Development (OCD) expenditures totaled \$55,085,651 during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 and are properly included on the accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

LOUISIANA HOUSING CORPORATION STATE OF LOUISIANA NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

8. <u>FEDERAL LOAN PROGRAMS</u>:

Program Title	Assistance Listing <u>Number</u>	June 30, 2024 <u>Balance</u>
HOME Investment Partnerships Program	14.239	\$ 173,833,378
Community Development Block Program	14.228	271,716,114
National Housing Trust Fund	14.275	16,333,377
Emergency Rental Assistance Program	21.023	1,262,751
Tax Credit Assistance Program – ARRA	14.258	78,041.224
Neighborhood Stabilization Program	14.228	7,250,037
Housing Finance Agency Risk Sharing Program	14.188	207,500
		\$ <u>548,644,381</u>

LOUISIANA HOUSING CORPORATION STATE OF LOUISIANA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS:

- 1. The opinion issued on the financial statements of the Louisiana Housing Corporation, for the year ended June 30, 2024 was unmodified.
- 2. Internal Control over financial reporting

Material weaknesses.	No.
Significant deficiencies	None reported.

3. Compliance and Other Matters

Noncompliance material to financial statements: No.

FEDERAL AWARDS:

1. Internal Control over major programs

Material weaknesses	No.
Significant deficiencies	None reported.

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for the major federal award programs, unmodified.

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Uniform Guidance. Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) section 200.516(a)	Yes	<u>X</u> N0
Identification of major programs.		
	Assistance	
	Listing	Amount
<u>Program Title</u>	<u>Number</u>	Provided
Section 8 Housing Assistance Payments Program	14.195	\$ 125,121,885
Section 8 Housing Choice Vouchers	14.871	16,356,100
National Housing Trust Fund	14.275	5,100,685
		\$ <u>146,578,670</u>
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:		\$ 3,000,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? <u>X</u> Yes		No

LOUISIANA HOUSING CORPORATION STATE OF LOUISIANA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

FINDINGS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED UNDER GENERALLY ACCEPTED GOVERNMENTAL AUDITING STANDARDS:

Internal Controls - Significant deficiency with material weakness: none reported

Internal Controls – Significant deficiency No

FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS:

Internal Controls - Significant deficiency with material weakness: none reported

Internal Controls - Significant deficiency. No

LOUISIANA HOUSING CORPORATION STATE OF LOUISIANA SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS:

FINDINGS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED UNDER GENERALLY ACCEPTED GOVERNMENTAL AUDITING STANDARDS:

Internal Controls - Significant deficiency with material weakness: none reported

Internal Controls - Significant deficiency: no

FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS:

Internal Controls - Significant deficiency with material weakness: none reported

Internal Controls – Significant deficiency:

23-01 Subrecipient Monitoring and Eligibility (Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Program)

During the testing of the Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP), we were unable to verify that adequate subrecipient monitoring was completed during fiscal year 2023. Subrecipients are responsible for determining eligibility for new applicants; therefore, subrecipient monitoring is required to ensure eligibility verification is completed. Per discussion with Corporation management, on-going monitoring was completed remotely by the Corporation through the available reporting system utilized by subrecipients, by performing desk reviews, budget tracking, and review of supporting documentation. However, monitoring procedures were not properly documented. In addition, annual on-site monitoring of subrecipients was not performed for fiscal year 2023. It is our understanding that the Corporation resumed on-site monitoring during August 2023. Not performing and documenting adequate subrecipient monitoring could result in noncompliance with the grant agreement. In addition, not performing and documenting adequate subrecipient monitoring could result ineligible recipients receiving assistance, or recipients receiving inaccurate benefit amounts.

We recommended the Corporation review the process for performing and documenting completion of subrecipient monitoring, which includes eligibility verification of program participants, to ensure subrecipients are in compliance with grant requirements.

Management's Response:

The Corporation (LHC) acknowledged that sub-recipient monitoring for the LIHEAP program was not performed within the fiscal year ending 2023 as stated in the Federal FY2023 Model Plan submitted to the Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS). Lauren Holmes, the Energy Assistance Administrator, was responsible for

LOUISIANA HOUSING CORPORATION STATE OF LOUISIANA SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS: (Continued)

Internal Controls – Significant deficiency: (Continued)

23-01 Subrecipient Monitoring and Eligibility (Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Program) (Continued)

Management's Response: (Continued)

overseeing the corrective action plan and the Energy Assistance Department resumed monitoring of all sub-recipients in those respective programs beginning in September 6, 2023 as stated in the Federal 2024 Model Plan accepted by DHHS. LHC additionally noted that the 2023 federal fiscal year was still open and alternate methods of sub-recipient monitoring had taken place aside from on-site visits i.e. budget tracking, desk monitoring and multi-level invoice review. 45 CFR Subpart E allows for States to determine all methods of monitoring.

This comment was resolved during the year.

23-02 Subrecipient Monitoring and Eligibility (Low-Income Household Water Assistance Program)

During the testing of the Low-Income Household Water Assistance Program (LIHWAP), we were unable to verify that adequate subrecipient monitoring was completed during fiscal year 2023. Subrecipients are responsible for determining eligibility for new applicants, therefore, subrecipient monitoring is required to ensure eligibility verification is completed. Per discussion with Corporation management, on-going monitoring was completed remotely by the Corporation through the available reporting system utilized by subrecipients, by performing desk reviews, budget tracking, and review of supporting documentation. However, monitoring procedures were not properly documented. In addition, annual on-site monitoring of subrecipients was not performed for fiscal year 2023. It is our understanding that the Corporation had resumed on-site monitoring during August 2023. Not performing and documenting adequate subrecipient monitoring adequate subrecipients receiving assistance, or recipients receiving inaccurate benefit amounts.

We recommended the Corporation review the process for performing and documenting completion of subrecipient monitoring, which includes eligibility verification of program participants, to ensure subrecipients are in compliance with grant requirements.

LOUISIANA HOUSING CORPORATION STATE OF LOUISIANA SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS: (Continued)

Internal Controls – Significant deficiency: (Continued)

23-02 Subrecipient Monitoring and Eligibility (Low-Income Household Water Assistance Program) (Continued)

Management's Response:

The Corporation (LHC) acknowledged that sub-recipient monitoring for the LIHWAP program was not performed within the fiscal year ending 2023 as stated in the Federal FY2023 Model Plan submitted to the Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS). Lauren Holmes, the Energy Assistance Administrator, is responsible for overseeing the corrective action plan and the Energy Assistance Department resumed monitoring of all sub-recipients in those respective programs beginning in September 6, 2023 as stated in the Federal 2024 Model Plan accepted by DHHS. LHC additionally noted that the 2023 federal fiscal year was still open and alternate methods of sub-recipient monitoring had taken place aside from on-site visits i.e. budget tracking, desk monitoring and multi-level invoice review. 45 CFR Subpart E allows for States to determine all methods of monitoring.

This comment was resolved during the year.

AGENCY: 20-18 - Louisiana Housing Corporation PREPARED BY: Jatis Harrington PHONE NUMBER: 225-763-8700 EMAIL ADDRESS: jharrington@lhc.la.gov SUBMITTAL DATE: 09/20/2024 07:31 PM

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS:		
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	3,629,936.00	
RESTRICTED CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	0.00	
INVESTMENTS	5,972,428.00	
RESTRICTED INVESTMENTS	0.00	
DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS	0.00	
OTHER DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS	0.00	
RECEIVABLES (NET)	4,508,873.00	
PLEDGES RECEIVABLE (NET)	0.00	
LEASES RECEIVABLE (NET)	0.00	
P3 RECEIVABLE (NET) (Only relates to Transferor)	0.00	
AMOUNTS DUE FROM PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	0.00	
DUE FROM FEDERAL GOVERNMENT	5,260,959.00	
INVENTORIES	0.00	
PREPAYMENTS	0.00	
NOTES RECEIVABLE	384,580.00	
OTHER CURRENT ASSETS	938,855.00	
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	\$20,695,631.00	
NONCURRENT ASSETS:		
RESTRICTED ASSETS:		
CASH	25,562,934.00	
INVESTMENTS	6,648,770.00	
RECEIVABLES (NET)	82,660,911.00	
NOTES RECEIVABLE	420,743,293.00	
OTHER	8,552,483.00	
INVESTMENTS	0.00	
RECEIVABLES (NET)	0.00	
NOTES RECEIVABLE	0.00	
PLEDGES RECEIVABLE (NET)	0.00	
LEASES RECEIVABLE (NET)	0.00	
P3 RECEIVABLE (NET) (Only relates to Transferor)	0.00	
CAPITAL ASSETS (NET OF DEPRECIATION & AMORTIZATION)		
LAND	1,022,338.00	
BUILDINGS AND IMPROVEMENTS	54,513,280.00	
MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT	791,708.00	
INFRASTRUCTURE	0.00	
OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS	0.00	
CONSTRUCTION IN PROGRESS	0.00	
INTANGIBLE RIGHT-TO-USE ASSETS:		
LEASED LAND	0.00	
LEASED BUILDING & OFFICE SPACE	0.00	
LEASED MACHINERY & EQUIPMENT	0.00	
SUBSCRIPTION-BASED INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY ARRANGEMENTS (SBITA)	0.00	
PUBLIC-PRIVATE AND PUBLIC-PUBLIC PARTNERSHIP ARRANGEMENTS (P3) (Only relates to Operator)	0.00	
OTHER NONCURRENT ASSETS	0.00	
TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS	\$600,495,717.00	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$621,191,348.00	

DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES

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LIABILITIES

ACCUMULATED DECREASE IN FAIR VALUE OF HEDGING DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS	0.00
DEFERRED AMOUNTS ON DEBT REFUNDING	0.00
LEASE RELATED	0.00
P3-RELATED (Only relates to Operator)	0.00
GRANTS PAID PRIOR TO MEETING TIME REQUIREMENTS	0.00
INTRA-ENTITY TRANSFER OF FUTURE REVENUES (TRANSFEREE)	0.00
LOSSES FROM SALE-LEASEBACK TRANSACTIONS	0.00
DIRECT LOAN ORIGINATION COSTS FOR MORTGAGE LOANS HELD FOR SALE	0.00
ASSET RETIREMENT OBLIGATIONS	0.00
OPEB-RELATED	1,255,755.00
PENSION-RELATED	4,969,640.00
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$6,225,395.00

\$627,416,743.00

TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES

CURRENT LIABILITIES:	
ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUALS	4,056,260.00
ACCRUED INTEREST	0.00
DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS	0.00
OTHER DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS	0.00
AMOUNTS DUE TO PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	0.00
DUE TO FEDERAL GOVERNMENT	3,000,000.00
AMOUNTS HELD IN CUSTODY FOR OTHERS	0.00
UNEARNED REVENUES	0.00
OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES	0.00
CURRENT PORTION OF LONG-TERM LIABILITIES:	
CONTRACTS PAYABLE	0.00
COMPENSATED ABSENCES PAYABLE	89,022.00
LEASE LIABILITY	0.00
SBITA LIABILITY	0.00
P3 LIABILITY (Only relates to Operator)	0.00
ESTIMATED LIABILITY FOR CLAIMS	0.00
NOTES PAYABLE	0.00
BONDS PAYABLE	0.00
OPEB LIABILITY	172,955.00
POLLUTION REMEDIATION OBLIGATIONS	0.00
OTHER LONG-TERM LIABILITIES	0.00
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	\$7,318,237.00

NONCURRENT PORTION OF LONG-TERM LIABILITIES:

C	ONTRACTS PAYABLE	0.00
C	OMPENSATED ABSENCES PAYABLE	1,874,286.00
LI	EASE LIABILITY	0.00
SI	BITA LIABILITY	0.00
P3	B LIABILITY (Only relates to Operator)	0.00
E	STIMATED LIABILITY FOR CLAIMS	0.00
N	OTES PAYABLE	0.00
B	ONDS PAYABLE	0.00
0	PEB LIABILITY	9,689,143.00
N	ET PENSION LIABILITY	28,996,432.00
PO	OLLUTION REMEDIATION OBLIGATIONS	0.00
0	THER LONG-TERM LIABILITIES	1,003,533.00
UNE	EARNED REVENUE	0.00

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TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES	\$41,563,394.00	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$48,881,631.00	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
ACCUMULATED INCREASE IN FAIR VALUE OF HEDGING DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS	0.00	
DEFERRED AMOUNTS ON DEBT REFUNDING	0.00	
LEASE RELATED	0.00	
P3-RELATED (Only relates to Transferor)	0.00	
GRANTS RECEIVED PRIOR TO MEETING TIME REQUIREMENTS	3,778,452.00	
SALES/INTRA-ENTITY TRANSFER OF FUTURE REVENUES (TRANSFEROR)	0.00	
GAINS FROM SALE-LEASEBACK TRANSACTIONS	0.00	
SPLIT INTEREST AGREEMENTS	0.00	
POINTS RECEIVED ON LOAN ORIGINATION	0.00	
LOAN ORIGINATION FEES RECEIVED FOR MORTGAGE LOANS HELD FOR SALE	0.00	
OPEB-RELATED	2,977,703.00	
PENSION-RELATED	235,502.00	
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$6,991,657.00	
NET POSITION:		
NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS	56,327,326.00	
RESTRICTED FOR:		
CAPITAL PROJECTS	0.00	
DEBT SERVICE	0.00	
NONEXPENDABLE	0.00	
EXPENDABLE	0.00	
OTHER PURPOSES	543,164,858.00	
UNRESTRICTED	\$(27,948,729.00)	
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$571,543,455.00	

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STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

		PROGRAM REVENUES		
EXPENSES	CHARGES FOR SERVICES	OPERATING GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	CAPITAL GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE
297,974,203.00	21,574,090.00	321,387,307.00	0.00	\$44,987,194.00
GENERAL RE	VENUES			
PAYMENTS FR	OM PRIMARY GOVERNMEN	IT		0.00
OTHER				9,370,549.00
ADDITIONS TO	PERMANENT ENDOWMEN	ГS		0.00
CHANGE IN N	ET POSITION			\$54,357,743.00
NET POSITION	- BEGINNING			\$517,185,712.00
NET POSITIC	ON - RESTATEMENT - ERROR	CORRECTION		0.00
NET POSITIC	ON - RESTATEMENT - CHANG	GE IN ACCOUNTING PRIN	CIPLE	0.00
NET POSITIC	ON - RESTATEMENT - CHANG	GE IN REPORTING ENTITY	Y	0.00
NET POSITION	N - ENDING			\$571,543,455.00

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DUES AND TRANSFERS

Account Type Amounts due from Primary Government	Intercompany (Fund)		Amount	
		Total		\$0.00
Account Type Amounts due to Primary Government	Intercompany (Fund)		Amount	
		Total		\$0.00

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SCHEDULE OF BONDS PAYABLE

Series Issue	Date of Issue	Original Issue Amount	Principal Outstanding PFY	Issue (Redeemed)	Principal Outstanding CFY	Interest Outstanding CFY
		0.00	0.00	0.00	\$ 0.00	0.00
		Totals	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00

Series - Unamortized Premiums:

Series Issue	Date of Issue		Principal Outstanding PFY	Issue (Redeemed)	Principal Outstanding CFY	
			0.00	0.00	\$ 0.00	
		Totals	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	

Series - Unamortized Discounts:

Series Issue	Date of Issue		Principal Outstanding PFY	Issue (Redeemed)	Principal Outstanding CFY	
			0.00	0.00	\$ 0.00	
		Totals	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	

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SCHEDULE OF BONDS PAYABLE AMORTIZATION

Fiscal Year Ending:	Principal	Interest
2025	0.00	0.00
2026	0.00	0.00
2027	0.00	0.00
2028	0.00	0.00
2029	0.00	0.00
2030	0.00	0.00
2031	0.00	0.00
2032	0.00	0.00
2033	0.00	0.00
2034	0.00	0.00
2035	0.00	0.00
2036	0.00	0.00
2037	0.00	0.00
2038	0.00	0.00
2039	0.00	0.00
2040	0.00	0.00
2041	0.00	0.00
2042	0.00	0.00
2043	0.00	0.00
2044	0.00	0.00
2045	0.00	0.00
2046	0.00	0.00
2047	0.00	0.00
2048	0.00	0.00
2049	0.00	0.00
2050	0.00	0.00
2051	0.00	0.00
2052	0.00	0.00
2053	0.00	0.00
2054	0.00	0.00
2055	0.00	0.00
2056	0.00	0.00
2057	0.00	0.00
2058	0.00	0.00
2059	0.00	0.00
Premiums and Discounts	\$0.00	
Total	\$0.00	\$0.00

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Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

If your agency has active or retired employees who are members of the Office of Group Benefits (OGB) Health provide the following information: (Note: OGB has a 6/30/2023 measurement date for their OPEB valuation)	Plan, please
Benefit payments made subsequent to the measurement date of the OGB Actuarial Valuation Report until the employer's fiscal year end. (Benefit payments are defined as the employer payments for retirees' health and life insurance premiums). For agencies with a $6/30$ year end this covers the current fiscal year being reported. For calendar year end agencies, it covers the period $7/1$ to $12/31$ for the current year being reported.	172,955.00
Covered Employee Payroll for the PRIOR fiscal year (not including related benefits)	0.00
For calendar year-end agencies only: Benefit payments or employer payments for retirees' health and life insurance premiums made for the next year's valuation reporting period ($7/1/2023 - 6/30/2024$). This informatio will be provided to the actuary for the valuation report early next year.	on 0.00
For agencies that have employees that participate in the LSU Health Plan, provide the following information: (Health Plan has a measurement date of 6/30/2024 for their OPEB valuation report.)	(Note: The LSU
Covered Employee Payroll for the CURRENT fiscal year (not including related benefits)	0.00

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FUND BALANCE/NET POSITION RESTATEMENT

ERROR CORRECTIONS

For each beginning net position restatement resulting from a correction of an error, select the SNP account and the SOA account affected by the error. Only material errors should be restated. Immaterial errors should be corrected through current period revenue or expenses, as applicable. In the description field, explain the nature of the error, and its correction, including periods affected by the error.

.	Total Restatement - Error Corrections	
Account Name/Description		Restatement Amount
		Beginning Net Position

CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

For each beginning net position restatement resulting from the application of a new accounting principle, select the SNP account and the SOA account that are affected by the change in accounting principle. In the description field explain the nature of the change in accounting principle and the reason for the change. If the change is due to the implementation of a new GASB pronouncement, identify the pronouncement that was implemented.

Account Name/Description	ame/Description	
	Total Restatement - Changes in Accounting Principle	\$0.00

CHANGES IN REPORTING ENTITY

Describe the nature and reason for the change to or within the financial reporting entity and list the effect (amount) on beginning net position.

Description		Effect on Beginning Net Position
		0.00
	Total Restatement - Changes in Reporting Entity	\$0.00

Total Restatement - Changes in Reporting Entity

AGENCY: 20-18 - Louisiana Housing Corporation PREPARED BY: Jatis Harrington PHONE NUMBER: 225-763-8700 EMAIL ADDRESS: jharrington@lhc.la.gov SUBMITTAL DATE: 09/20/2024 07:31 PM

SUBMISSION

Before submitting, ensure that all data (statements, notes, schedules) have been entered for the agency.

Once submitted no changes can be made to any of the agency data for the specified year.

By clicking 'Submit' below you certify that the financial statements herewith given present fairly the financial position and the results of operations for the year ended in accordance with policies and practices established by the Division of Administration or in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Reminder: You must send Louisiana Legislative Auditors an electronic copy of the AFR report in a pdf, tiff, or some other electronic format to the following e-mail address: LLAFileroom@lla.la.gov.