Annual Financial Statements with Indpendent Auditor's Report

As of and For the Year Ended June 30, 2020 with Supplemental Information Schedules

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Village of Gilbert Annual Financial Statements with Independent Auditor's Report

As of and for the year ended June 30, 2020 with Supplemental Information Schedules

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Independent Auditor's Report

Village of Gilbert Gilbert, Louisiana

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, and each major fund of the Village of Gilbert, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village of Gilbert's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Village of Gilbert, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 7-12 and pages 43-45 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village of Gilbert's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Compensation, Benefits, and Other Payments to Agency Head is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Schedule of Compensation, Benefits, and Other Payments to Agency Head is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Compensation, Benefits, and Other Payments to Agency Head is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated February 26, 2021 on our consideration of the Village of Gilbert's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Village of Gilbert's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Kenneth D. Felden + Co., CPAs

Jonesboro, Louisiana February 26, 2021

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

PART I

Management's Discussion and Analysis As of and for the year ended June 30, 2020

As Management of the Village of Gilbert, we offer readers of the Village of Gilbert's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Village of Gilbert as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the Village's basic financial statements and supplementary information provided in this report in assessing the efficiency and effectiveness of our stewardship of public resources.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the Village of Gilbert's basic financial statements. The Village's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplemental information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad view of the Village of Gilbert's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the Village of Gilbert assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Village of Gilbert is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (for example, earned but unused vacation leave).

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 15-16 of this report.

Fund financial statements. The fund financial statements focus on current available resources and are organized and operated on the basis of funds, each of which is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts established for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations. All of the funds of the Village can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances left at year-end that are nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, or unassigned. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis As of and for the year ended June 30, 2020

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Village of Gilbert maintains two individual governmental funds. Information as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund and the Sales Tax Fund, which are considered to be major funds.

The Village of Gilbert adopts an annual appropriated budget for the General Fund and the Sales Tax Fund. A budgetary comparison statement is provided for the major funds to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 18-21 of this report.

Proprietary funds. The Village maintains one type of proprietary fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Village uses its enterprise funds to account for its sewer and water and solid waste operations.

Proprietary funds are used to account for activities that function in a manner similar to commercial enterprises. Proprietary fund financial statements typically provide a more detailed presentation of the information reported in the business-type activities portion of the government-wide financial statements. The proprietary funds financial statements provide separate information for all of the enterprise funds, which are considered to be major funds of the Village.

The proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 22-24 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 26-40 of this report.

Supplemental information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents required supplemental information concerning the Village of Gilbert's compliance with budgets for its major funds. Also, other supplemental information schedules are included in the report.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

-The assets of the Village exceeded its liabilities at June 30, 2020 by \$1,716,750 (net position).

-The Village's net position decreased by \$56,846. The net position of the governmental activities decreased by \$71,815, and the net position of the business-type activities increased by \$15,969.

-Of the total net position amount, \$304,473 is unrestricted net position. The Village's net position is comprised of \$733,432 from government activities and \$983,318 from business-type activities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis As of and for the year ended June 30, 2020

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Summary of Net Position

	Governmental Activities		B	Business-Type Activities			Total		
		2020	2019		2020	2019	20	20	2019
Assets									
Cash and equivalents	\$	144,982	\$ 144,082	2\$	38,215 \$	\$ 2,717	\$ 18	83,197 \$	146,799
Investments		56,000	56,000)	30,000	30,000	8	36,000	86,000
Accounts receivable		13,718	8,265	5	24,402	14,918	1	38,120	23,183
Prepaid expenses		19,223	23,416	5	3,748	4,843	2	22,971	28,259
Cash and equivalents - restricted		-		-	25,900	25,498	2	25,900	25,498
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	(<u>)</u>	511,864	582,005	5	900,413	923,044	1,4	12,277	1,505,049
Total Assets	\$	745,787	\$ 813,768	\$	1,022,678 5	\$ 1,001,020	\$ 1,70	58,465 \$	1,814,788
Deferred Outflows of Resources									
Liabilities									
Accounts payable	\$	9,253	\$ 6,235	5\$	10,467 \$	6,189	\$	19,720\$	12,424
Payroll Liabilities		3,103	2,287	7	3,048	1,916		6,151	4,203
Customer meter deposits	12	<u>u</u> 	12	1	25,845	25,565	2	25,845	25,565
Total Liabilities	\$	12,356	\$ 8,522	2\$	39,360 \$	\$ 33,670	\$	51,716\$	42,192
Deferred Inflows of Resources									
Net Position									
Net investment in capital assets	\$	511,864	\$ 582,005	\$	900,413 9	923,044	\$ 1,4	12,277 \$	1,505,049
Unrestricted		221,568	223,242	2	82,905	44,305	30	04,473	267,547
Total Net Position	\$	733,432	\$ 805,247	\$	983,318 9	\$ 967,349	\$ 1,7	16,750 \$	1,772,596

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At the close of the most recent fiscal year, assets of the Village of Gilbert exceeded liabilities by \$1,716,750; this represents a decrease of \$55,846 from the last fiscal year. A significant portion (82%) of the Village of Gilbert's net position reflects its investments in capital assets (e.g., land, building and improvements, and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. These assets are not available for future spending.

Management's Discussion and Analysis As of and for the year ended June 30, 2020

Summary of Change in Net Position

	Government	al Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total	
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019
Revenues						
Charges for services	\$ 3,191	\$ 3,050	\$ 255,307	\$ 175,418 \$	258,498 \$	178,468
Taxes:						
Ad valorem tax	14,495	13,725	-	-	14,495	13,725
Sales tax	64,818	48,236		-	64,818	48,236
Franchise tax	8,910	9,366	-5	-	8,910	9,366
Other tax	18,343	22,689	-	-	18,343	22,689
Licenses and permits	10,015	9,894		-	10,015	9,894
Capital grant		1 <u>11</u> 1	25,000	19,450	25,000	19,450
Operating grant	300	570	-	a:	300	570
Intergovernmental	2,664	2,677		-	2,664	2,677
Fines, forfeitures, and court costs	183,663	216,278	_:	-	183,663	216,278
Rent, royalty, and						
commission	191	191	2,200	1,200	2,391	1,391
Miscellaneous	107	14	(4,223)	210	-4,116	224
Total revenues	306,697	326,690	278,284	196,278	584,981	522,968
Expenses						d.
Current:						
General government	115,499	87,358	-5	-	115,499	87,358
Public safety						
Fire	45,851	42,905		-	45,851	42,905
Police	147,200	133,415	<u></u>	-	147,200	133,415
Highways and streets	61,529	60,859	-		61,529	60,859
Community development	3,693	3,340		77	3,693	3,340
Utility	-	<u>1</u>	268,554	239,059	268,554	239,059
Total expenses	373,772	327,877	268,554	239,059	642,326	566,936
Excess (deficiency) of						
revenues over (under)	(67,075)	(1,187)	9,730	(42,781)	(57,345)	(43,968)
expenses						
Other financing sources (uses)						
Interest earnings	1,056	716	443	273	1,499	989
Operating transfers	(5,796)	(43,102)	5,796	43,102	1,199	-
Total other financing	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
sources (uses)	(4,740)	(42,386)	6,239	43,375	1,499	989
Change in net position	(71,815)	(43,573)	15,969	594	(55,846)	(42,979)
Net position - June 30, 2019	805,247	848,820	967,350	966,756	1,772,597	1,815,576
Net position - June 30, 2020	\$ 733,432	\$ 805,247	\$ 983,319	\$ 967,350	5 1,716,751 \$	1,772,597

Management's Discussion and Analysis As of and for the year ended June 30, 2020

Governmental activities. The governmental activities of the Village include General Government, Public Safety, Public Works, and Culture and Recreation. Revenues normally associated with municipal operations are sales tax, property tax, franchise fees, license fees, sanitation fees, permits, fines and operating and capital grants. The most significant revenues of the governmental activities are fines and forfeitures (61%), sales taxes (21%), and other taxes (6%).

Public safety expenses are the most significant (52%) of all governmental activities expenses, followed by general government expenses (31%) and highways and streets expenses (16%). Depreciation expense is included in these amounts.

Governmental activities revenues increased by \$17,653 in the current year as compared to the prior year. The increase was primarily attributable to the increase in revenues from Sales Tax Revenues in the amount of \$16,582.

Governmental activities expenses increased by \$45,894 in the current year as compared to the prior year. The increase was due primarily to an increase in public safety expenses in the amount of \$16,729 and an increase in general government expenses in the amount of \$28,142.

Business-type activities. The business-type activities net position increased by \$15,969. The operating loss of the Water and Sewer Department was \$17,469, a decrease of \$45,962 from the previous year's operating loss, which was \$63,431. The operating loss includes depreciation expense (a non-cash expense) in the amount of \$49,283. The depreciation expense in the previous fiscal year was \$46,084.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE VILLAGE'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the Village uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The focus of the governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of expendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

Governmental funds. As of June 30, 2020, the combined governmental fund balances of \$221,567 reflect a decrease of \$1,672 from June 30, 2019. Of the total ending fund balance, \$181,714 was assigned in the Sales Tax Fund and \$39,854 was unassigned in the General Fund.

The increases in the revenues and expenses of the governmental funds were described in the above Government-Wide Financial Analysis section.

Proprietary funds. The Village's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

The Utility Fund's net position increased by \$15,969 in the current year.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Actual revenues in the General Fund exceeded the budgeted amounts by \$99. Actual expenditures exceeded budgeted expenditures by \$9,593. Other financing sources actual amounts exceeded the budgeted amounts by \$19,939, and other financing uses actual amount exceeded the budgeted amounts by \$5,796.

Management's Discussion and Analysis As of and for the year ended June 30, 2020

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital assets. The total investment in net capital assets as of June 30, 2020 is \$1,412,278, which is a decrease of \$92,771 from the amount of \$1,505,049 at June 30, 2019. As of June 30, 2020, the Village of Gilbert's net investment in capital assets for its governmental activities totals \$511,865 (net of accumulated depreciation), and its investment in capital assets for its business-type activities totals \$900,413 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment includes land, buildings and improvements, furniture, and equipment. During the year ended June 30, 2020, the major capital assets purchased or constructed were (1) water main valves, meters, and meter boxes (\$16,850) and (2) six health sample stations for water monitoring (\$5,700).

Debt administration. At year ended June 30, 2020, the Village had no long-term obligations.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

With the exception of fines, forfeitures, and court costs and grants, revenues for the upcoming fiscal year are expected to be consistent with the actual amounts for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. Expenditures excluding capital outlay are expected to increase by approximately 5 percent. Capital grants in the amount of \$25,000 are expected to be received in the year ended June 30, 2021 to fund capital outlay. Operations for the upcoming year are expected to be consistent with the year ended June 30, 2020.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Village of Gilbert's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or request for additional financial information should be addressed to Mike Stephens, Honorable Mayor of the Village of Gilbert, Louisiana, Post Office Box 600, Gilbert, Louisiana 71336.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Position As of June 30, 2020

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	C	overnmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Assets				
Cash and equivalents	\$	144,982	\$ 38,215	\$ 183,197
Investments		56,000	30,000	86,000
Accounts receivable		13,718	24,402	38,120
Prepaid expenses		19,223	3,748	22,971
Cash and equivalents - restricted		-	25,900	25,900
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation	i	511,864	900,413	1,412,277
Total Assets		745,787	1,022,678	1,768,465
Liabilities				
Accounts payable		9,253	10,467	19,720
Payroll liabilities		3,103	3,048	6,151
Customer meter deposits	2		25,845	25,845
Total Liabilities	s <u></u>	12,356	39,360	51,716
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets		511,864	900,413	1,412,277
Unrestricted	3	221,568	82,905	304,473
Total Net Position	<u>\$</u>	733,432	\$ 983,318	\$ 1,716,750

Statement B

Village of Gilbert Gilbert, Louisiana

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

			Major Funds		Net (Expense) Re	evenue and Changes in	Net Position
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Functions/Programs	<u>.</u>						
Primary government							
Governmental activities							
General government	\$ 115,49		\$ 300	\$ -		5 - \$	(115,188)
Fire	45,85		-	-	(45,851)		(45,851)
Police	147,20		-	-	36,463	.=0	36,463
Highways and streets	61,52		5.00 Bart	i dest	(59,669)	kar et i	(59,669)
Community development	3,69	1,320			(2,373)	-	(2,373)
Total governmental activities	373,77	186,854	300		(186,618)	<u>.</u>	(186,618)
Business-type activities							
Water and sewer	268,55	250,559		25,000	12	7,005	7,005
Total primary government	\$ 642,32	437,413	\$ 300	\$ 25,000	(186,618)	7,005	(179,613)
	General Revenue	5					
	Taxes:						
	Property taxes,	levied for general pur	poses		14,495		14,495
	Sales taxes		-		64,818	(<u>199</u> 7)	64,818
	Franchise taxes				8,910		8,910
	Other taxes				18,343		18,343
	Licenses				10,015		10,015
	Intergovernmenta	1			2,664	-	2,664
	Investment earnin	gs			1,056	443	1,499
	Rental income	- 100			191	2,200	2,391
	Other revenue				107	525	632
	Operating transfe	rs			(5,796)	5,796	-
	Total general	revenues and transfer	S	đ	114,803	8,964	123,767
	Change in net pos	sition		, ,	(71,815)	15,969	(55,846)
	Net position - Jur	ie 30, 2019			805,247	967,350	1,772,597
	Net position - Jur	e 30, 2020			\$ 733,432	§ 983,319 §	1,716,751

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds As of June 30, 2020

		Major Funds		
	Gen	eral Fund	Sales Tax Fund	Total
Assets				
Cash and equivalents	\$	25,007	\$ 119,976	\$ 144,983
Investments		-	56,000	56,000
Accounts receivable		7,938	5,781	13,719
Prepaid expenses		19,223		19,223
Total Assets	\$	52,168	\$ 181,757	\$ 233,925
Liabilities & Fund Balances				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	9,210	\$ 43	\$ 9,253
Payroll liabilities		3,103	-	3,103
Total Liabilities		12,313	43	12,356
Fund balances:				
Assigned, reported in:				
Special revenue fund		-	181,714	181,714
Unassigned, reported in:				
General fund		39,854		39,854
Total Fund Balances		39,854	181,714	221,568
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	52,167	\$ 181,757	\$ 233,924

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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Village of Gilbert Gilbert, Louisiana		Statement D
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Stater As of June 30, 2020	nent of Net Position	
Total Fund Balances at June 30, 2020 - Governmental Funds (Statement C)	\$	221,568
Total Net Position reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position (Statement A) are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therfore, are not reported in governmental funds, net of depreciation.		511,864
Net Position at June 30, 2020	\$	733,432

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Major		
	General Fund	Sales Tax Fund	Total
Revenues			
Taxes:			
Ad valorem tax	\$ 14,495	\$ -	\$ 14,495
Franchise tax	8,910	-	8,910
Sales tax	-	64,818	64,818
Other tax	18,343	-	18,343
Licenses and permits	10,015	-	10,015
Operating grant	300	-	300
Intergovernmental	2,664	19 <u>-2</u>) 19-2	2,664
Fines, forfeitures, and court costs	183,663		183,663
Rent, royalty, and commission	191	-	191
Charges for services	3,191	-	3,191
Miscellaneous	107		107
Total revenues	241,879	64,818	306,697
Expenditures			
Current:			
General government	112,703	789	113,492
Public safety			
Police	137,164	-	137,164
Fire	15,716	-	15,716
Streets	33,822	19 3	33,822
Parks and recreation	2,082		2,082
Capital outlay	1,357	-	1,357
Total expenditures	302,844	789	303,633
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(60,965)	64,029	3,064
Other financing sources (uses)			
Interest earnings	129	927	1,056
Operating transfers in	45,610	-	45,610
Operating transfers out	(5,796)	(45,610)	(51,406)
Total other financing sources (uses)	39,943	(44,683)	
Net changes in fund balances	(21,022)	19,346	(1,676)
Fund balances - June 30, 2019	60,875	162,367	223,242
Fund balances - June 30, 2020	\$ 39,853	\$ 181,713	\$ 221,566

Village of Gilbert Gilbert, Louisiana	Statement F
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, and Changes in Funds Balances to the Statement of Activ For the Year Ended June 30, 2020	
Total net change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (Statement E)	\$ (1,674)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets capitalized over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay differs from depreciation for the period.	
Depreciation	(71,497)
Capital outlay	 1,357
Change in net position of governmental activities (Statement B)	\$ (71,814)

Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Fund As of June 30, 2020

	Water & Sewer Fund		
Assets			
Current Assets:			
Cash and equivalents	\$	38,215	
Investments		30,000	
Accounts receivable		24,402	
Prepaid expenses	- <u></u>	3,748	
Total Current Assets		96,365	
Noncurrent Assets:			
Cash and equivalents - restricted		25,900	
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)		900,413	
Total Noncurrent Assets		926,313	
Total Assets	\$	1,022,678	
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$	10,467	
Payroll liabilities		3,048	
Total Current Liabilities		13,515	
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets			
Customer meter deposits		25,845	
Total Liabilities	л. Л.	39,360	
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets		900,413	
Unrestricted		82,905	
Total Net Position	\$	983,318	

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position - Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Water &	Sewer Fund	
Operating Revenues			
Water sales	\$	147,179	
Sewer fees		108,128	
Miscellaneous income		(4,223)	
Total operating revenues		251,084	
Operating Expenses			
Personnel services		109,718	
Utilities		53,636	
Repairs and maintenance		34,081	
Contractural services		14,100	
Miscellaneous		7,735	
Depreciation		49,283	
Total operating expenses		268,553	
Operating Income (Loss)		(17,469)	
Non-operating Revenues (Expenses)			
Interest earnings		443	
Rent, royalty and commission		2,200	
Capital grant		25,000	
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)		27,643	
Income (loss) before transfers		10,174	
Transfers in		5,796	
Change in net position		15,970	
Total Net Position - June 30, 2019		967,350	
Total Net Position - June 30, 2020	\$	983,320	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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Village of Gilbert Gilbert, Louisiana

Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Water	Water & Sewer Fund		
Cash flows from operating activities				
Cash received from customers	\$	241,880		
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services		(113,158)		
Cash payments to employees		(99,608)		
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	а. 	29,114		
Cash flows from non-capital financing				
Transfers from other funds		5,796		
Net cash provided by (used for) non-capital financing activities	5.	5,796		
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities				
Acquisition of capital assets		(26,652)		
Capital grant		25,000		
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and relaced financing activities	2	(1,652)		
Cash flows from investing activities				
Rental income		2,200		
Interest earnings		443		
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	21	2,643		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		35,901		
Cash and cash equivalents - 06/30/19	8- <u></u>	28,215		
Cash and cash equivalents - 06/30/20	\$	64,116		
Reconciliation of operating income to net provided by operating activities				
Operating income	\$	(17,470)		
Adjustments				
Depreciation		49,283		
Net changes in assets and liabilities				
Accounts receivable		(9,484)		
Prepaid expenses		1,095		
Customers' security deposits		280		
Accounts payable		4,278		
Payroll liabilities		1,132		
Net cash provided for (used for) operating activities	\$	29,114		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Notes to the Financial Statements As of and for the year ended June 30, 2020

INTRODUCTION

The Village of Gilbert, Louisiana was incorporated in 1912 under the provisions of the Lawrason Act and has a current population of approximately 600. The Village operates under the Mayor-Board of Alderman form of government. The Board of Alderman consists of three board members who are elected and compensated. The Village is located in Northeast Louisiana in Franklin Parish.

The Village employs a village clerk, chief of police, water and sewer superintendent, and approximately fifteen other full and part-time employees.

The Village provides the following services to its residents: public safety (police and fire), highways and streets, culture and recreation, and general administrative services through the general fund; and water, sewer and sanitation facilities through the enterprise fund.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements of the Village have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The Village applies all relevant GASB pronouncements, as applicable to governmental entities. Also, the Village's financial statements are prepared in accordance with the requirements of Louisiana R.S. 24:513, the Louisiana Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide and to the industry guide, Audits of State and Local Government Units, published by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

B. Reporting Entity

GASB Statement No. 14, The Financial Reporting Entity, established criteria for determining the governmental reporting entity and component units that should be included within the reporting entity. Under provisions of this Statement, the Village is considered a primary government, since it is a general purpose local government that has a separately elected governing body, is legally separate, and is fiscally independent of other state or local governments. As used in GASB Statement No. 14, fiscally independent means that the Village may, without the approval or consent of another governmental entity, determine or modify its own budget, levy its own taxes or set rates or charges, and issue bonded debt.

GASB Statement No. 39, Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units, establishes criteria for determining which, if any, component units should be considered part of the Village for financial reporting purposes. GASB Statement No. 61 provides additional criteria for classifying entities as component units. The basic criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is financial accountability, which includes:

1. Appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and:

i. The ability of the government to impose its will on that organization and/or

ii. The potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the government.

Notes to the Financial Statements As of and for the year ended June 30, 2020

2. Organizations for which the government does not appoint a voting majority but are fiscally dependent on the government and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or to impose specific financial burdens on, the government regardless of whether the organization has a separately elected governing board, a governing board appointed by a higher level of government, or a jointly appointed board.

3. Organizations for which the reporting entity financial statements would be misleading if data of the organization is not included because of the nature or significance of the relationship.

Based on the above criteria, no component units were identified for the Village of Gilbert.

C. Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Village's government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. These statements present summaries of the governmental activities and the business-type activities for the Village. Fiduciary activities of the Village are not included in these statements.

These statements are presented on an "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all of the Village's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, including capital assets and long-term liabilities, are included in the accompanying Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities presents changes in Net Position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liabilities resulting from exchange or exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange occurs (regardless of when cash is received or disbursed). Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from nonexchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 33, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the Village of Gilbert's governmental activities.

Program Revenues - Program revenues included in the Statement of Activities (Statement B) are derived directly from parties outside the Village's taxpayers or citizenry, including (a) fees and charges paid by the recipient for goods or services offered by the program, and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program; program revenues reduce the cost of the function to be financed from the Village's general revenues.

Direct Expenses - The Village reports all direct expenses by function in the Statement of Activities (Statement B). Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a function. Depreciation expense, which can be specifically identified by function, is included in the direct expenses of each function.

Indirect Expenses - The Village reports all indirect expenses separately on the Statement of Activities (Statement B). Indirect expenses are those expenses that are not clearly identifiable with a function. Interest on long-term debt is considered an indirect expense.

General revenues are taxes and other items that are not properly included among program revenues. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from the government-wide financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements As of and for the year ended June 30, 2020

D. Fund Financial Statements

The accounts of the Village of Gilbert are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues, expenditures or expenses, as appropriate, additions, and deductions. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds maintained is consistent with legal and managerial requirements. Funds of the Village are classified into two categories: governmental and proprietary.

Governmental Funds

Governmental fund financial statements include a Balance Sheet and a Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for all major governmental funds. An accompanying schedule is presented to reconcile and explain the differences in fund balances and changes in fund balances as presented in these statements to the net position and changes in net position presented in the Government-Wide financial statements. The Village has presented all major funds.

All governmental funds are accounted for on a spending or "current financial resources" measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, only current assets, deferred outflows of resources, current liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources are included on the Balance Sheets. Amounts recorded as assets exclude capital assets and the acquisition of capital assets is treated as an expenditure. Long-term debts are reported as an other financing source, and repayment of long-term debt is reported as an expenditure. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances presents increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in fund balance.

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined, and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Accordingly, revenues are recorded when received in cash and when collected within 60 days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, which are recognized when due.

The Village of Gilbert reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The primary operating fund of the Village, the General Fund, accounts for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in other funds. The General Fund is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred in accordance with state and federal laws and according to Village policy.

Special Revenue Fund - Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than special assessments, expendable trusts, or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The Village has the following special revenue fund:

Sales Tax Fund - To account for the proceeds of sales taxes received and the expenditures of those funds in accordance with the law. This fund is considered by management to be a major governmental fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements As of and for the year ended June 30, 2020

Revenues

The governmental funds use the following practices in recording revenues:

Those revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, franchise taxes, and charges for services. Fines and permit and license revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash.

Entitlements and shared revenues are recorded as unrestricted grants-in-aid at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible-to-accrual criteria are met. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred, all other grant requirements have been met, and the susceptible-to-accrual criteria have been met.

Interest earnings are recorded when the investments have matured and the interest is available.

Expenditures

The governmental funds use the following practices in recording expenditures:

Salaries are recorded as expenditures when earned by employees.

Purchases of various operating supplies, etc. are recorded as expenditures when the related fund liability is incurred.

Compensated absences are recognized as expenditures when leave is actually taken or when employees, or their heirs, are paid for accrued leave upon retirement or death.

Principal and interest on long-term debt are recognized when due.

Other Financing Sources (Uses)

The governmental funds use the following practices in recording other financing sources (uses):

Transfers between funds that are not expected to be repaid, sales of fixed assets, and long-term debt proceeds and payments, are accounted for as other financing sources (uses). These other financing sources (uses) are recognized at the time the underlying events occur.

Proprietary Funds

All proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the balance sheet. Fund equity (net total position) is segregated into three components-net investment in capital assets, restricted net position, and unrestricted net position. Proprietary fund-type operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net total position. The proprietary funds use the accrual basis of accounting, where revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows.

Notes to the Financial Statements As of and for the year ended June 30, 2020

The Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the costs (expenses including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis are financed through user charges: or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purpose.

The Enterprise Fund of the Village of Gilbert is the Water and Sewer Fund, which accounts for the operations of the waterworks and sewerage systems. The intent of the Village for these facilities is (a) that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods and services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges or (b) that the periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues in the proprietary fund are those that are generated from the primary operations of the fund. All other revenues are reported as non-operating revenues. Operating expenses are those expenses that are essential to the primary operations of the fund. All other expenses are reported as non-operating expenses.

E. Equity Classifications

The Village of Gilbert has implemented GASB Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position.

In the Government-Wide Financial Statements and the Proprietary Fund Financial Statements, the difference between (a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is classified as net position and reported in three components:

Net investment in capital assets: This classification consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of these assets.

Restricted net position: This classification consists of net position with constraints placed on its use either by external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or law through constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position: Any other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

When an expense is incurred for the purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, management applies unrestricted net position first, unless a determination is made to use restricted net position. The policy concerning which to apply first varies with the intended use and legal requirements. This decision is typically made by management at the incurrence of the expense.

Notes to the Financial Statements As of and for the year ended June 30, 2020

The Governmental Fund Financial Statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the Village is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

Nonspendable: This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The Village did not have any nonspendable funds for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Restricted: This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through a debt covenant), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The Village did not have any restricted funds for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Committed: This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Board of Aldermen. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Aldermen removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance or resolution) that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements. The Board typically establishes commitments through the adoption and amendment of the budget. The Village did not have any committed funds for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Assigned: This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the Village's intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent can be expressed by the Board of Aldermen or through the Board delegating this responsibility to a body or official (Mayor) for specific purposes. This classification also includes the remaining positive fund balance for all governmental funds except for the General Fund. The Village has assigned funds of \$181,714 in the Sales Tax Fund for year ended June 30, 2020.

Unassigned: This classification includes the residual fund balance for the General Fund. The Unassigned classification also includes negative residual fund balance of any other governmental fund that cannot be eliminated by offsetting of Assigned fund balance amounts. The Village has \$39,854 of unassigned funds in the General Fund.

The Village would typically use Restricted fund balances first, followed by Committed resources, and then Assigned resources, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend Unassigned resources first to defer the use of these other classified funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements As of and for the year ended June 30, 2020

F. Budgets

The Village Clerk prepares a proposed budget and submits it to the Board of Aldermen no later than fifteen days prior to the beginning of each fiscal year. A summary of the proposed budget is published and the public notified that the proposed budget is available for public inspection. At the same time, a public hearing is called. A public hearing is held on the proposed budget at least ten days after publication of the call for the hearing. After the holding of the public hearing and completion of all action necessary to finalize and implement the budget, the budget is adopted through passage of an ordinance prior to the commencement of the fiscal year for which the budget is being adopted. The budget ordinance is structured such that revenues are budgeted by source and appropriations are budgeted by department and by principal object of expenditure. Appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year. The Board of Aldermen may revise or amend the budget at its discretion during legally convened sessions. Management may amend the budget only below the department level. The Village utilizes formal budgetary integration as a management control device for all funds.

The 2019-2020 general fund budget was published in the official journal and made available for public inspection. A public hearing for the proposed budget was held on June 13, 2019, and the budget was adopted by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen. The budget was legally amended on June 11, 2020.

G. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash includes amounts in demand deposits, interest-bearing demand deposits, and money market accounts. Cash equivalents include amounts in time deposits and those investments with original maturities of 90 days or less. Under state law, the Village of Gilbert may deposit funds in demand deposits in stock-owned federally insured depository institutions organized under the laws of the state of Louisiana or of any other state of the United States, or under the laws of the United States. The Village may invest in certificates and time deposits with state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having their principal offices in Louisiana.

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash equivalents include all highly liquid investments with a maturity date of 90 days or less when purchased.

Under state law, the Village may invest in United States bonds, treasury notes, or certificates. Those with maturities of 90 days or less would be classified as cash equivalents and all other reported as investments.

The Village reports restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position (Statement A), which includes restricted cash (customer deposits) that is collected by the Water and Sewer Department.

H. Investments

The Village of Gilbert's investments comply with Louisiana Revised Statute 33:2955. Under state law, the Village may deposit funds with a fiscal agent organized under the laws of Louisiana, the laws of any other state in the union, or the laws of the United States. The Village may invest in United States bonds, treasury notes and bills, or government-backed agency securities or certificates, and time deposits of state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having principal offices in Louisiana. These deposits are classified as investments if their original maturities exceed 90 days. Investments are stated at fair value except for those which are permitted under GASB Statement No. 31 to use a different valuation measurement.

Notes to the Financial Statements As of and for the year ended June 30, 2020

In accordinance with paragraph 69 of GASB Statement No. 72, the Village reports at amortized cost money market investments and participating interest-bearing investment contracts that have a remaining maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less. Money market investments are short-term, highly liquid debt instruments that include U.S. Treasury obligations.

I. Interfund Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that is representative of lending or borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds" on the fund financial statements balance sheets, as well as all other outstanding balances between funds. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

J. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories of supplies in the Proprietary Fund are not material and are charged to operations as purchased. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

K. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are recorded in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns of the government-wide financial statements, but are not reported in the governmental fund financial statements. Acquisitions of property and equipment are capitalized at historical cost or estimated cost if historical cost is not available. Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The Village maintains a threshold level of \$500 or more for capitalizing capital assets.

Improvements and replacements of property and equipment are capitalized. Maintenance and repairs that do not improve or extend the lives of property and equipment are charged to expense as incurred. When assets are sold or retired, their cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts and any gain or loss is reported in the Statement of Activities.

Depreciation is provided over the estimated useful life of each class of depreciable assets and is computed using the straight-line method. Depreciation is recorded as an expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. The estimated useful life for classes of assets are as follows:

Description	Estimated Lives		
Land improvements	20-30 years		
Buildings and building improvements	7-40 years		
Furniture and fixtures	5-12 years		
Vehicles	5-15 years		
Equipment	5-20 years		
Water and sewer system facilities	40 years		
Infrastructure	40 years		

Notes to the Financial Statements As of and for the year ended June 30, 2020

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, general infrastructure capital assets consisting of streets, bridges, sidewalks, and drainage systems acquired before July 1, 2003, are excluded from capital assets.

L. Deferred Outflows of Resources

The Village reports decreases in net position that relate to future periods as deferred outflows of resources in a separate section of its government-wide and proprietary funds statements of net position. The Village reported no deferred outflows of resources.

M. Compensated Absences

The Village has the following policy relating to vacation and sick leave:

Employees with one year of service earn 5 days of vacation and 10 days of sick leave per year. Employees with two to twenty years of service earn 10 days vacation and 10 days of sick leave per year. Employees with twenty-one to twenty-five years of service receive an additional day of vacation leave for each year of service over twenty years. The maximum annual vacation leave is fifteen days for an employee who has completed twenty-five years of service. Employees with less than one year of service receive no paid leave. After completing one year of service, employees may carry over sick leave with the maximum accumulation limited to 15 days.

There is no provision to pay for accumulated sick or annual leave.

N. Deferred Inflows of Resources

The Village reports increases in net position that relate to future periods as deferred inflows of resources in a separate section of its government-wide and proprietary funds statements of net position. The Village will not recognize the related revenues until a future event occurs. The Village reported no deferred inflows of resources.

O. Interfund Transactions

Interfund activity is reported as loans, services provided, reimbursements, or transfers. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses. Reimbursements are when a fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental or enterprise funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide financial statements.

Resources belonging to particular funds are commonly shared with other funds that need access to additional resources. When resources are provided without the expectation of repayment, the transaction is reported as a transfer and is treated as a source of income by the recipient fund and as an expenditure by the providing fund.

Activity between funds that is representative of lending or borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds" on the Fund Financial Statements Balance Sheet (Statement C), as well as all other outstanding balances between funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements As of and for the year ended June 30, 2020

In the process of aggregating data for the Statement of Net Position (Statement A) and the Statement of Activities (Statement B), some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances in the funds were eliminated or reclassified. Interfund receivables and payables were eliminated to minimize the "grossing up" effect on assets and liabilities within the governmental activities column.

P. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, expenditures, and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. Ad Valorem Tax

All ad valorem tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts. Uncollectible amounts due for ad valorem taxes are recognized as bad debts through the establishment of an allowance account. Ad valorem taxes are levied on a calendar year basis and become delinquent on December 31. The Village bills and collects its own ad valorem taxes. For the 2019 ad valorem taxes, one rate of tax was levied on property within the corporate limits, as follows:

General corporate purposes - 7.63 mills on an assessed value of \$1,888,702

This millage was approved by the Board of Aldermen on May 19, 2019. This millage is the maximum millage that can be assessed without the approval of the voters of the Village.

3. Sales Tax

The Village of Gilbert, currently has an authorized sales tax of 1% for all taxable sales and use of goods and services within the Village. The sales tax is collected for the Village by the Franklin Sales and Use Tax Department. The tax is to be used for the general operations of the Village as approved by the mayor and board of aldermen.

4. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

At June 30, 2020, the Village had cash and cash equivalents (book balances) totaling \$209,097, including interest bearing demand deposits of \$205,868, interest-bearing savings accounts of \$3,205, and \$25 cash on hand. These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market. Under state law, these deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent.

At June 30, 2020, the Village had \$214,300 in deposits (collected bank balances). These deposits are secured from risk by \$214,300 deposit insurance.

Notes to the Financial Statements As of and for the year ended June 30, 2020

Cash and investments are categorized to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the Village at June 30, 2020. Deposits are considered to be exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are (a) uncollateralized, (b) collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or (c) collateralized with securities held by the the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the depositor-government's name. The Village of Gilbert has cash and cash equivalents that are covered by \$250,000 of federal depository insurance.

At June 30, 2020, the Village had investments of \$86,000 which were covered by \$35,700 of federal depository insurance and \$50,300 in pledged securities.

5. Receivables

The receivables of \$38,121 at June 30, 2020, are as follows:

	Fund				
		General	Sales Tax	Enterprise	Total
Taxes:	·	I	L. L	t	
Ad valorem	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$.=.
Sales and use		-	5,781		5,781
Other		2,265	-	-	2,265
Other revenues		5,673		=	5,673
Accounts		-	-	25,190	25,190
Allowance for uncollectible accounts		-		(788)	(788)
Total	\$	7,938 \$	5,781 \$	24,402 \$	38,121

Based on prior payment experience, aging of accounts, and current economic conditions, the allowance for collectible accounts in the water and sewer enterprise fund has been established at 5% of outstanding receivables.

6. Prepaid Items

Prepaid items at June 30, 2020 consist of prepaid insurance premiums in the General Fund of \$19,223 and in the Enterprise Fund of \$3,748.

Notes to the Financial Statements As of and for the year ended June 30, 2020

7. Capital Assets

A summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2020, is as follows:

A. Capital Assets - Governmental Activities

	Balance, July 01, 2019	Additions	Deletions	Balar	nce, June 30, 2020
Capital assets not depreciated		<u>.</u>		10	
Land	\$ 60,415	\$	\$	\$	60,415
Total capital assets not being depreciated	60,415				60,415
Capital assets being depreciated					
Buildings	307,976	-			307,976
Improvements other than buildings	665,557	-		<u>115</u>	665,557
Infrastructure - Streets	328,341	-			328,341
Machinery and equipment	350,304	1,357		<u>0:</u>	351,661
Vehicles	352,799			T	352,799
Total capital assets being depreciated	2,004,977	1,357		-	2,006,334
Less accumulated depreciation					
Buildings	134,697	8,182		-	142,879
Improvements other than buildings	641,153	24,404			665,557
Infrastructure - Streets	112,183	16,417			128,600
Machinery and equipment	257,335	15,969		11	273,304
Vehicles	338,018	6,525		-	344,544
Total accumulated depreciation	1,483,387	71,497		<u>5</u>	1,554,884
Capital assets, net	521,590	(70,140)			451,450
Governmental capital assets - net	\$ 582,005	\$ (70,140)	\$	- \$	511,865

Functional	Allocation	of De	preciation	Expense

General government	\$	2,007
Public safety		
Police		10,036
Fire		30,135
Public works		27,708
Culture and recreation	-	1,611
Total	\$	71,497

Notes to the Financial Statements As of and for the year ended June 30, 2020

B. Capital Assets - Proprietary Funds

	Balance, July 01, 2019	Additions	Deletions	Balance, June 30, 2020
Capital assets not depreciated			2	
Land	\$ 1,000	\$	\$	_ \$ 1,000
Total capital assets not being depreciated	1,000	<i>व</i> ल		
Capital assets being depreciated				
Buildings	24,000	<u> </u>		- 24,000
Office equipment	2,482	-		- 2,482
Plant and equipment	1,305,896	25,050		- 1,330,946
Sewer collection system	438,475	-		- 438,475
Tools and equipment	17,700	1,602		- 19,302
Water and sewer system	904,720	1		- 904,720
Total capital assets being depreciated	2,693,274	26,652		- 2,719,925
Less accumulated depreciation				
Buildings	6,050	600		- 6,650
Office equipment	2,395	87		- 2,482
Plant and equipment	1,067,429	16,811		- 1,084,240
Sewer collection system	307,397	10,905		- 318,302
Tools and equipment	11,825	936		- 12,761
Water and sewer system	376,133	19,945		- 396,078
Total accumulated depreciation	1,771,229	49,283		- 1,820,513
Capital assets, net	922,045	(22,631)		- 899,412
Business-type activities capital assets - net	\$ 923,045	\$ (22,631)	\$	- \$ 900,412

8. Payables

The payables of \$25,871 at June 30, 2020, are as follows:

	(General	Sales Tax	Enterprise	Total
Accounts	\$	9,210 \$	43	\$ 10,396	\$ 19,649
Payroll liabilities		3,103	Re-	3,048	6,151
Other				. 71	71
Total	\$	12,313 \$	43	\$ 13,515	\$ 25,871

Notes to the Financial Statements As of and for the year ended June 30, 2020

9. Short-Term Debt

The Village of Gilbert had no short term debt activity for the year ended June 30, 2020, and there was no short-term debt outstanding at the end of the fiscal year.

10. Leases

The Village of Gilbert had no lease activity for the year ended June 30, 2020 and had no leases outstanding at the end of the fiscal year.

11. Long-Term Obligations

The Village had no long-term debt activities during the year ended June 30, 2020, and there was no long-term debt outstanding at the end of the fiscal year.

12. Retirement Systems

On June 25, 2002, the Mayor and Board of Aldermen of the Village of Gilbert voted in regular session to withdraw from all municipal retirement programs in which they had previously participated. They also voted to withdraw from participation in any group health or other medical employment benefits. The Village withholds Social Security and Medicare taxes from the wages and salaries of all employees and is obligated for the matching employer contribution for the taxes.

13. Reserved and Designated Retained Earnings/Fund Balances

The Water and Sewer Fund had restricted net position as follows:

Restricted Assets - Cash and investments	
Customer deposits	\$ 25,900
Less liabilities payable from restricted assets	
Customer deposits	 25,845
Total	\$ 55

14. Related Party Transactions

The Village of Gilbert had no related party transactions for the year ended June 30, 2020.

15. Grants

During the year ended June 30, 2020, the Village of Gilbert received a grant from the Louisiana Office of Community Development Community Water Enrichment Fund for \$25,000 used to purchase water main valves, meters, meter boxes and six health sample stations for the water department. The total cost of the equipment was \$25,050.

Notes to the Financial Statements As of and for the year ended June 30, 2020

16. Risk Management

The Village is exposed to various risk of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, and injuries to employees. To handle such risk of loss, the Village maintains commercial insurance policies covering automobile liability and uninsured motorist, surety bond coverage, flood insurance, and property insurance. In addition to the above policies, the Village maintains a general liability policy and an errors and omissions policy. No claims were paid on any of the policies during the past three years, which exceeded the policies' coverage amount.

17. Litigation and Claims

At June 30, 2020, the Village was not involved in any lawsuits nor is aware of any outstanding claims, which are not covered by insurance.

18. Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through the date that the financial statements were available to be issued, February 26, 2021, and determined that no events occurred that require disclosure. No subsequent events occurring after this date have been evaluated for inclusion in these financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

PART II

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Budget - Original	Budget - Final		Actual	Variance - Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues			-		
Taxes:					
Ad valorem tax	\$ 15,000	\$ 14,500	\$	14,495	\$ (5)
Franchise tax	12,000	9,000		8,910	(90)
Other tax	1,200	1,100		18,343	17,243
Licenses and permits	30,000	20,000		10,015	(9,985)
Operating grant	25,000	=		300	300
Intergovernmental	3,600	3,600		2,664	(936)
Fines, forfeitures, and court costs	210,000	180,000		183,663	3,663
Rent, royalty, and commission	180	180		191	11
Charges for services	3,500	13,100		3,191	(9,909)
Miscellaneous	1,000	300		107	(193)
Total revenues	 301,480	241,780		241,879	99
Expenditures					
Current:					
General government	102,650	105,450		112,703	(7,253)
Public safety					
Police	132,900	132,900		137,164	(4,264)
Fire	15,100	15,800		15,716	84
Streets	27,000	36,000		33,822	2,178
Parks and recreation	3,100	3,100		2,082	1,018
Capital outlay	25,000		6 	1,357	(1,357)
Total expenditures	 305,750	293,250		302,844	(9,594)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	 (4,270)	(51,470))	(60,965)	(9,495)
Other financing sources (uses)					
Interest earnings	1,500	800		129	(671)
Operating transfers in	25,000	25,000		45,610	20,610
Operating transfers out		1000 - 1000 0 1 000 0 1		(5,796)	(5,796)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 26,500	25,800		39,943	14,143
Net changes in fund balances	22,230	(25,670))	(21,022)	4,648
Fund balances - June 30, 2019	60,875	60,875		60,875	-
Fund balances - June 30, 2020	\$ 83,105	\$ 35,205	\$	39,853	\$ 4,648

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Sales Tax Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

		Budget - Original	Budget - Fina		Actual	Variance - Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues	00					u zo
Taxes:						
Sales tax	\$	55,000	\$ 60,000) \$	64,818	\$ 4,818
Total revenues	-	55,000	60,000)	64,818	4,818
Expenditures						
Current:						
General government	-	600	800)	789	11
Total expenditures		600	800)	789	11
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		54,400	59,200)	64,029	4,829
Other financing sources (uses)						
Interest earnings		600	600)	927	327
Operating transfers out		(45,000)	(35,000))	(45,610)	(10,610)
Total other financing sources (uses)	8	(44,400)	(34,400))	(44,683)	(10,283)
Net changes in fund balances		10,000	24,800)	19,346	(5,454)
Fund balances - June 30, 2019		162,367	162,367	7	162,367	-
Fund balances - June 30, 2020	\$	172,367	\$ 187,167	7_\$	181,713	\$ (5,454)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Kenneth D. Folden & Co.

Kenneth D. Folden, CPA

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Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Village of Gilbert Gilbert, Louisiana

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Village of Gilbert, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village of Gilbert's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated February 26, 2021. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Village of Gilbert's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village of Gilbert's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village of Gilbert's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Village of Gilbert's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Village of Gilbert's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Kenneth D. Folden + Co., CPAs

Jonesboro, Louisiana February 26, 2021

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the year ended June 30, 2020

We have audited the basic financial statements of the Village of Gilbert as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020 and have issued our report thereon dated February 26, 2021. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Governmental Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our audit of the financial statements as of June 30, 2020 resulted in an unqualified opinion.

A. Summary of Auditor's Report

Report on Internal Control and Compliance Material to Financial Statements	
Internal Control	
Material Weakness Yes X No Significant Deficiencies Compliance	Yes <u>X</u> No
Compliance Material to Financial Statements Yes X No	
B. Findings - Financial Statements Audit	
Current Year	
No current year findings.	
Prior Year	
No prior year findings.	

Schedule of Compensation Paid Aldermen For the year ended June 30, 2020

	2020
Randall T. Lloyd	\$ 2,400
Christine Ezell	2,400
Susan Britt	2,700
	\$ 7,500

Schedule of Compensation, Benefits and Other Payments to Agency Head For the year ended June 30, 2020

Mike Stephens						
Mayo	or					
Salary	\$	14,400				
Conference travel		125				
Conference meals		220				
Conference lodging		406				
	\$	15,151				