CALCASIEU PARISH TAX ASSESSMENT DISTRICT LAKE CHARLES, LOUISIANA

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Year Ended December 31, 2020

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Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The actual revenues exceeded the final budget revenues by \$192,564 or 6% and the final budget expenditures exceeded the actual expenditures by \$761,412 or 35%.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital assets

The District's investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, for governmental activities as of December 31, 2020, was \$91,053. See Note C for additional information about changes in capital assets during the fiscal year and outstanding at the end of the year. The following table provides a summary of capital asset activity.

Depreciable assets: Furniture, fixtures and equipment	<u>2020</u> \$ 598,403	2 <u>019</u> \$ 549,443
Less accumulated depreciation Book value-depreciable assets	507,350 \$ 91,053	477,092 \$ 72,351
Percentage depreciated	<u>85</u> %	<u>87</u> %
Book value-all assets	<u>\$ 91,053</u>	<u>\$ 72,351</u>

The major additions were 10 Dell computers, and aerial photography in 2020.

Long-term debt

The Calcasieu Parish Tax Assessment District contributes to a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan ("the Retiree Health Plan"). The plan provides lifetime healthcare insurance for eligible retirees and their spouses through the Assessor's group health insurance plan. Net OPEB obligation associated with the Retiree Health Plan at December 31, 2020 was \$7,494,235.

The Calcasieu Parish Tax Assessment District participates in a state-administered cost-sharing multiple-employer retirement system, which together cover substantially all of the District's full-time employees. Net pension liability associated with the retirement system at December 31, 2020 was \$375,137.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

ECONOMIC CONDITIONS AFFECTING THE DISTRICT

Since the primary revenue stream for the District is property taxes, the District's property tax revenues are subject to changes in the economy.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances, comply with finance-related laws and regulations, and demonstrate the District's commitment to public accountability. If you have any questions about this report or would like to request additional information, contact the District's Assessor Wendy Aguillard, 1101 Lakeshore Drive, Room 101, Lake Charles, LA 70601.



RAYMOND GUILLORY, JR., C.P.A. COY T. VINCENT, C.P.A. MICHELLE LEE, C.P.A. BRADLEY J. CASIDAY, C.P.A., C.V.A. BRIAN MCCAIN, C.P.A.

GRAHAM A. PORTUS, E.A.

KATHRYN BLESSINGTON, C.P.A. JACKLYN BARLOW, C.P.A. BLAKE MANUEL, C.P.A.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

October 21, 2021

Calcasieu Parish Tax Assessment District Lake Charles, Louisiana

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of Calcasieu Parish Tax Assessment District as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsibility for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these basic financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation ad fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting principles used and the reasonableness of significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the major fund of Calcasieu Parish Tax Assessment District as of December 31, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position

Calcasieu Parish Tax Assessment District October 21, 2021 Page Two

for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and required supplemental information on pages 3 through 10, 45 through 48 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplemental information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions of the financial statements that collectively comprise the Calcasieu Parish Tax Assessment District's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Compensation, Benefits, and Other Payments to Chief Executive Officer is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The Schedule of Compensation, Benefits, and Other Payments to Chief Executive Officer is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 21, 2021 on our consideration of Calcasieu Parish Tax Assessment District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Within this section of the Calcasieu Parish Tax Assessment District's (District) annual financial report, the District's management is pleased to provide this narrative discussion and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020. The District's financial performance is discussed and analyzed within the context of the accompanying financial statements and disclosures following this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District's liabilities exceeded its assets by \$(1,028,796) (net position) for the fiscal year reported.
- Total revenues of \$3,312,614 were in excess of expenditures of \$2,358,197, which
 resulted in a current year surplus of \$954,417, compared to a prior year surplus of
 \$37,464.
- Total net position is comprised of the following:
 - (1) Net investment in capital assets, net of related debt, of \$91,053 include property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation.
 - (2) Unrestricted net position of \$(1,119,849) represent the portion available to maintain the District's continuing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- Overall, based on fund financial statements the District continues to maintain a strong financial position and is continuing to work to improve on this financial position.

The above financial highlights are explained in more detail in the "financial analysis" section of this document.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This Management's Discussion and Analysis document introduces the District's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements include: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the basic financial statements. The District also includes in this report additional information to supplement the basic financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The District's annual report includes two government-wide financial statements. These statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the District's overall financial status. Financial reporting at this level uses a perspective similar to that found in the private sector with its basis in accrual accounting and elimination or reclassification of activities between funds.

The first of these government-wide statements is the *Statement of Net Position*. This is the government-wide statement of position presenting information that includes all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District as a whole is improving or deteriorating. Evaluation of the overall health of the District would extend to other nonfinancial factors such as diversification of the taxpayer base, or the condition of District infrastructure in addition to the financial information provided in this report.

The second government-wide statement is the *Statement of Activities*, which reports how the District's net assets changed during the current fiscal year. All current year revenues and expenses are included regardless of when cash is received or paid. An important purpose of the design of the statement of activities is to show the financial reliance of the District's distinct activities or functions on revenues provided by the District's taxpayers.

Both government-wide financial statements distinguish governmental activities of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and from business-type activities that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. Governmental activities include principally general government and property assessment.

The government-wide financial statements are presented on pages 15 and 16 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A fund is an accountability unit used to maintain control over resources segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses funds to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related laws and regulations. Within the basic financial statements, fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds rather than the District as a whole. Major funds are separately reported while all others are combined into a single, aggregated presentation.

The District has one kind of fund:

Governmental funds are reported in the fund financial statements and encompass the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, the focus is very different with fund statements providing a distinctive view of the District's governmental funds. These statements report short-term fiscal accountability focusing on the use of spendable resources and balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year. They are useful in evaluating annual financing requirements of governmental programs and the commitment of spendable resources for the near-term.

Since the government-wide focus includes the long-term view, comparisons between these two perspectives may provide insight into the long-term impact of short-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund operating statement provide a reconciliation to assist in understanding the differences between these two perspectives.

The basic governmental fund financial statements are presented on pages 18 through 21 of this report.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The accompanying notes to the financial statements provide information essential to a full understanding of the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin on page 22 of this report.

OTHER INFORMATION

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplemental information. Budgetary comparison statements are included as "required supplemental information" for the general fund. These statements and schedules demonstrate compliance with the District's adopted and final revised budget. Required supplemental information can be found on pages 45 through 48 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Over time, as year-to-year financial information is accumulated on a consistent basis, changes in net position may be observed and used to discuss the changing financial position of the District as a whole.

The District's net position at fiscal year-end are \$(1,028,796). The following table provides a summary of the District's net position:

	<u>20:</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>20</u> °	<u>19</u>
Assets:				
Current assets and other assets	\$ 8,548,748	99%	\$ 7,412,560	99%
Capital assets	<u>91,053</u>	1	<u>72,351</u>	1
Total assets	8,639,801	<u>100</u> %	<u>7,484,911</u>	<u>100</u> %
Deferred outflows of resources	4,324,429	<u>100</u> %	3,493,041	<u>100</u> %
Liabilities:				
Current liabilities	104,005	1%	88,793	1%
Long-term liabilities	7,869,372	<u>99</u>	<u>11,915,339</u>	<u>99</u>
Total liabilities	7,973,377	<u>100</u> %	12,004,132	<u>100</u> %
Deferred inflows of resources	6,019,649	<u>100</u> %	957,003	<u>100</u> %
Net position:				
Investment in capital				
assets, net of debt	91,053	(9)%	72,351	(4)%
Unrestricted	(1,119,849)	<u>109</u>	(2,055,564)	<u>104</u>
Total net position	<u>\$(1,028,796)</u>	<u>_100</u> %	<u>\$(1,983,213)</u>	<u>_100</u> %

The District continues to maintain a high current ratio. The current ratio compares current assets to current liabilities and is an indication of the ability to pay current obligations. The current ratio is 82 to 1, compared to 84 to 1 for the prior year.

The District reported a negative balance in net position. The negative balance is due to long-term liabilities for net OPEB obligations and net pension liability total of \$7,869,372. The District's overall financial position did improve during the fiscal year 2020.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

The following table provides a summary of the District's changes in net position:

	<u>2020</u>		<u>2019</u>	<u> </u>		
Revenues:						
Program						
Charges for services	\$	36,453	1%	\$	36,246	1%
General:						
Ad valorem taxes		3,178,383	96	3	3,078,555	96
Intergovernmental		76,984	2		77,095	2
Interest		16,328	1		34,380	1
Other		4,466	_		1,759	
Total Revenues		<u>3,312,614</u>	<u>100</u> %		3,228,035	<u>100</u> %
Program expenses:						
General and administrative		<u>2,358,197</u>			<u>3,190,571</u>	
Total Expenses		<u>2,358,197</u>			3 <u>,190,571</u>	
Change in net position	\$	954,417		\$	37,464	

GOVERNMENTAL REVENUES

The District is heavily reliant on property taxes to support governmental operations. Property taxes provided 96% of the District's total revenues.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

GOVERNMENTAL FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES

This table presents the cost of the District's program, including the net costs (i.e., total cost less revenues generated by the activities). The net costs illustrate the financial burden that was placed on the District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Governmental Activities

Total Cost Net Cost of Services

General Government

<u>\$ 2,358,197</u> <u>\$ 2,321,744</u>

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

Governmental Funds

As discussed, governmental funds are reported in the fund statements with a short-term, inflow and outflow of spendable resources focus. This information is useful in assessing resources available at the end of the year in comparison with upcoming financing requirements. Governmental funds reported ending fund balances of \$8,444,743, which is unassigned indicating availability for continuing District service requirements.

The excess of revenues over expenditures for the governmental funds show an increase of \$1,120,976 compared to an increase of \$1,052,865 for the prior year.

The Governmental Fund's ending fund balance is considered very adequate, representing the equivalent of 385% of annual expenditures.

Statement of Net Position

December 31, 2020

ASSETS \$ 3,418,996 Investments 1,794,044 Receivables, net 3,279,578 Prepaid expenses 56,130 Capital assets, net 91,053 Total assets 8,639,801 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 4,324,429 LIABILITIES Cacounts payable 5,623 Accrued employee compensation 98,382 Long-term Liabilities: 98,382 Net pension liability 375,137 Net OPEB obligation 7,494,235 Total liabilities 7,973,377 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 6,019,649 NET POSITION	100570	
Investments 1,794,044 Receivables, net 3,279,578 Prepaid expenses 56,130 Capital assets, net 91,053 Total assets 8,639,801 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 4,324,429 LIABILITIES Accounts payable 5,623 Accrued employee compensation 98,382 Long-term Liabilities: 98,382 Net pension liability 375,137 Net OPEB obligation 7,494,235 Total liabilities 7,973,377 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 6,019,649 NET POSITION		e 2.440.000
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Capital assets 91,053 Total assets 8,639,801 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 4,324,429 LIABILITIES \$ 4,324,429 Accounts payable 5,623 Accrued employee compensation 98,382 Long-term Liabilities: 375,137 Net pension liability 375,137 Net OPEB obligation 7,494,235 Total liabilities 7,973,377 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 6,019,649 NET POSITION	,	
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DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 4,324,429 LIABILITIES 5,623 Accounts payable 5,623 Accrued employee compensation 98,382 Long-term Liabilities: 375,137 Net pension liability 375,137 Net OPEB obligation 7,494,235 Total liabilities 7,973,377 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 6,019,649 NET POSITION	Capital assets, net	
LIABILITIES Accounts payable 5,623 Accrued employee compensation 98,382 Long-term Liabilities: Net pension liability 375,137 Net OPEB obligation 7,494,235 Total liabilities 7,973,377 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 6,019,649 NET POSITION	Total assets	8,639,801
LIABILITIES Accounts payable 5,623 Accrued employee compensation 98,382 Long-term Liabilities: Net pension liability 375,137 Net OPEB obligation 7,494,235 Total liabilities 7,973,377 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 6,019,649 NET POSITION		
Accounts payable 5,623 Accrued employee compensation 98,382 Long-term Liabilities: 375,137 Net pension liability 375,137 Net OPEB obligation 7,494,235 Total liabilities 7,973,377 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 6,019,649 NET POSITION	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	4,324,429
Accounts payable 5,623 Accrued employee compensation 98,382 Long-term Liabilities: 375,137 Net pension liability 375,137 Net OPEB obligation 7,494,235 Total liabilities 7,973,377 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 6,019,649 NET POSITION		
Accrued employee compensation 98,382 Long-term Liabilities: Net pension liability 375,137 Net OPEB obligation 7,494,235 Total liabilities 7,973,377 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 6,019,649 NET POSITION	LIABILITIES	
Long-term Liabilities: Net pension liability Net OPEB obligation Total liabilities DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES NET POSITION 375,137 7,494,235 7,973,377 6,019,649	Accounts payable	5,623
Long-term Liabilities: Net pension liability Net OPEB obligation Total liabilities DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES NET POSITION 375,137 7,494,235 7,973,377 6,019,649	Accrued employee compensation	98,382
Net pension liability 375,137 Net OPEB obligation 7,494,235 Total liabilities 7,973,377 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 6,019,649 NET POSITION	Long-term Liabilities:	
Net OPEB obligation7,494,235Total liabilities7,973,377DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES6,019,649NET POSITION	•	375,137
Total liabilities 7,973,377 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 6,019,649 NET POSITION	·	•
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 6,019,649 NET POSITION	<u> </u>	
NET POSITION		
NET POSITION	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	6.019.649
	NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets, net of related dept 91.003	Net investment in capital assets, net of related debt	91,053
Unrestricted (1,119,849)	·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Total net position \$ (1,028,796)		

Statement of Activities

Year Ended December 31, 2020

					Revenues (Expenses) and Changes in Net Assets
Activities	Expenses	Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities: General government	\$ 2,358,197	\$	36,453	\$ -	\$ (2,321,744)
				General Revenues	
				Property taxes, net	3,178,383
				State revenue sharing	76,984
				Other	4,466
				Interest and investment earning	gs 16,328
				Total General Revenues	3,276,161
				Change in Net Position	954,417
				Net Position, beginning	(1,983,213)
				Net Position, ending	\$ (1,028,796)

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds

December 31, 2020

	 2020		2019
ASSETS Cash Investments Receivables, net:	\$ 3,418,996 1,794,044	\$	3,203,354 1,030,842
Taxes Intergovernmental Prepaid expenses Total assets	 3,191,802 87,776 56,130 8,548,748		3,071,416 51,001 55,947 7,412,560
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	 <u>-</u>		-
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$ 8,548,748	\$	7,412,560
LIABILITIES Liabilities: Accrued employee compensation Accounts payable Total liablities	\$ 98,382 5,623 104,005	\$	85,285 3,508 88,793
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Fund balances: Unassigned Total fund balances	 8,444,743 8,444,743	·····	7,323,767 7,323,767
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	 8,548,748	_\$_	7,412,560

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Assets

December 31, 2020

Total fund balance for governmental funds at December 31, 2020:

\$ 8,444,743

Total net position reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position is different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Those assets consist of:

Capital assets, net of \$507,351 accumulated depreciation

91,053

Deferred outflows and inflows are not financial resources or currently payable:

Deferred outflows - net pension \$ 1,041,011
Deferred outflows - OPEB 3,283,418
Deferred inflows - net pension (843,471)

Deferred inflows - OPEB ____(5,176,178) (1,695,220)

Long-term liabilities at December 31, 2020:

Net pension liability (375,137) Net OPEB obligation (7,494,235)

Total net position of governmental activities at December 31, 2020 \$(1,028,796)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

Year Ended December 31, 2020

	2020	2019
REVENUES:		
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$ 3,178,383	\$ 3,078,555
Intergovernmental	76,984	77,095
Charges for services	36,453	36,246
Interest	16,328	34,380
Other	4,466	1,759
Total revenues	3,312,614	3,228,035
EXPENDITURES: Current: General government Capital Outlay Total expenditures	2,142,678 48,960 2,191,638	2,163,503 11,667 2,175,170
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	1,120,976	1,052,865
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	7,323,767	6,270,902_
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ 8,444,743	\$ 7,323,767

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Year Ended December 31, 2020

Total net changes in fund balances December 31, 2020 per Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	\$ 1,120,976
The change in net position reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities is different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Capital outlay which is considered expenditures on the Statement of Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances \$ 48,960 Depreciation expense for the year ended December 31, 2020 (30,258)	18,702
Net pension (expense) benefit is reported in the governmental fund as expenditures as they are paid, however, in the statement of activities the net position (expense) benefit is reported according to estimates required by GASB 68	182,655
In the Statement of Activities, post employment benefits (OPEB) are measured by the amounts incurred during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for this item are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially the amounts actually paid).	(367,916)
Total changes in net position at December 31, 2020 per Statement of Activities	\$ 954,417

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2020

As provided by Article VII, Section 24 of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974, the assessor is elected by the voters of the parish and serves a four-year term. The assessor assesses all real and movable property in the parish subject to ad valorem taxation and submits the rolls to the Louisiana Tax Commission as prescribed by law. Once the assessment listing is approved, the assessor submits the assessment roll to the parish tax collector who is responsible for collecting and distributing taxes to the various taxing bodies. The assessor is authorized to appoint as many deputies as may be necessary for the efficient operation of the office and provides assistance to the taxpayers of the parish. As an independently elected official, the Assessor is solely responsible for the operations of his office, which includes the hiring or retention of employees, authority over budgeting, responsibility for deficits, and the receipt and disbursement of funds.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1. Reporting Entity

The assessor is an independently elected official; however, the police jury maintains and operates the building in which the assessor's office is located.

GASB Standard No. 14 established criteria for determining the governmental reporting entity and component units that should be included within the reporting entity. For financial reporting purposes, in conformance with GASB Standard No. 14, the Calcasieu Parish Tax Assessment District includes all funds, account groups, et cetera, that are within the oversight responsibility of the Calcasieu Parish Tax Assessment District.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 14 established criteria for determining which component units should be considered part of the Calcasieu Parish Police Jury for financial reporting purposes. The basic criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is financial accountability. The GASB has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. This criteria includes:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2020

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

- 1. Appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and
 - a. The ability of the Calcasieu Parish Police Jury to impose its will on that organization and/or
 - b. The potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the Calcasieu Parish Police Jury.
- 2. Organizations for which the Calcasieu Parish Police Jury does not appoint a voting majority but are fiscally dependent on the Calcasieu Parish Police Jury.
- 3. Organizations for which the reporting entity financial statements could be misleading if data of the organization is not included because of the nature or significance of the relationship.

Based upon the application of these criteria, the Assessor is not a component unit of the Calcasieu Parish Police Jury's reporting entity.

2. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying basic financial statements of Calcasieu Parish Tax Assessment District have been prepared in conformity with governmental accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The accompanying basic financial statements have been prepared in conformity with GASB Statement 34, "Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis-for State and Local Governments", issued in June 1999.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the District as a whole. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each of the functions of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of services offered by the District, and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirement of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2020

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Fund Financial Statements

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid management by segregating transactions related to certain District functions and activities. A fund is defined as a separate fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The emphasis on fund financial statements is on major funds, each displayed on a separate column. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the District or its total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures of the individual governmental fund is at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental funds of that category or type; and total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental funds combined.

The major fund of the Assessor is described below:

Governmental Fund -

General Fund

The General Fund, as provided by Louisiana Revised Statute 13:781, is the principal fund of the Assessor and is used to account for the operations of the Assessor's office. The various fees and charges due to the Assessor's office are accounted for in this fund. General operating expenditures are paid from this fund.

3. Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2020

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Measurement Focus

On the government-wide statement of net position and the statement of activities, activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery) and financial position. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported. In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate. All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities, activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources management focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures (including capital outlay) generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2020

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

4. Cash

For reporting purposes, cash includes demand deposits, time deposits, and certificates of deposit. Under state law, the Calcasieu Parish Tax Assessment District may deposit funds in demand deposits, interest-bearing demand deposits, or time deposits with state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having principal offices in Louisiana.

At December 31, 2020, the District has cash equivalents (book balances) totaling \$3,418,996 in interest-bearing demand deposit accounts. These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market. Under state law, these deposits (or the resulting book balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties (GASB Category 3). At December 31, 2020, the District has \$4,326,498 in deposits (collected bank balances). These deposits are secured from risk by \$7,160 of federal deposit insurance and \$4,319,338 of pledged securities held by the custodial bank in the name of the fiscal agent bank.

Investments

State statutes authorize the District to invest in Louisiana Asset Management Pool (LAMP), U.S. Treasury notes and bonds, U.S. agency securities, and other governmental debt obligations with limited exceptions as noted in LA-R.S. 33.2955. Investments in time certificates of deposits can be placed with state banks, national banks or federal credit unions as permitted in state statute. Corporate bonds can purchased with from companies incorporated in the United States, with a Standards and Poor's credit rating of AA- and have a maturity date of 5 years or less.

As of December 31, 2020, the District had its assets in money market instruments, certificates of deposits, U.S. Treasury notes, U.S. agency securities and municipal bonds held in custody by financial institutions. The below schedule identifies the investments by type:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2020

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

			Maturity		Credit Rating
		Less than 1	1 to 5	6 to 10	(Standards and
Type of Debt Investment	Fair Value	Year	Years	Years	Poor's)
Investments at Fair Value					
U.S. Government Bonds:					
Freddie Mac	\$ 40,027	\$ -	\$ 40,027	\$ -	AA+
Federal Home Loan Bank	40.020	-	40,020	-	AA+
Mortgage Pools:					
Federal National Mortgage					
Association	3,113	-	3,113	-	Not rated
Freddie Mac	2,258	-	2,258	-	Not rated
Corporate Bonds:					
Chevron Corp	261,33 5	-	261,335	-	AA
Exxon Mobil	111,688	-	111,688	-	AA
Microsoft Corp	27,314	-	27,314	-	AAA
Subtotal	485,755	-	485,755	-	
Investments at Net Asset Value (NAV)					
Exchange Trade Funds:					
Schwab Short Term US SPDR Portfolio Mortgage	102,780	102,780	-	-	Not rated
Backed Bond	202,113	202,113	-	-	Not rated
Louisiana Asset Management					
Pool (LAMP)	1,003,396	1,003,396	-	-	AAAm
Subtotal	1,308,289	1,308,289			
Total investments				***************************************	
measured at fair value	\$ 1,794,044	\$ 1,308,289	\$ 485,755	\$ -	

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The District has the following recurring fair value measurements as of December 31, 2020:

Level 2 inputs – U.S. government bonds, mortgage pools and corporate bonds totaling \$485,755 are valued using a market based approach comprised of a combination of directly observable quoted prices and a matrix pricing technique that relies on the securities' relationship to other benchmark quoted securities.

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u>: The District's policy on investments states that safety of principal is the foremost objective, followed by liquidity and yield. Each investment transaction shall seek to first insure that capital losses are avoided no matter the sources.

Credit Rate Risk: The District's has investments in U.S. Government bonds of \$80,047 with ratings of AA+ by Standard & Poor's, mortgage pools of \$5,371 which are not rated by Standard & Poor's, corporate bonds of \$400,337 that have a mixed rating of AA and AAA by Standard & Poor's, exchange-traded funds of \$304,893 which are not rated by Standards & Poor's and Louisiana Asset Management Pool of 1,003,396 with a rating of AAAm by Standard & Poor's. Its policy states that investment decisions should not incur unreasonable risks in order to obtain current investment income and requires the

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2020

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

overall quality rating to be no lower than AA- for corporate bonds and AA for government securities as measured by Standard & Poor's or the equivalent rating (Aa3) by Moody's Investor Service.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The District's investment portfolio had concentration of credit risk on December 31, 2020 due to the holdings of securities issued by the following U.S. Agencies and Corporate bonds that are both permitted by Statute and by the District's Investment Policy. The District's investment portfolio consisted of 2% of securities issued by the Freddie Mac, 2% invested in Federal Home Loan Bank, 15% invested in Chevron Corporate bonds, 6% invested in Exxon corporate bonds, 2% invested in Toyota Motor Credit Corporation bonds, 6% invested in Schwab Short Term ETF, 11% invested in SPDR Portfolio Mortgage Backed Bond ETF and 56% invested in LAMP.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk-Investments</u>: For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counter party, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District's policy addresses custodial credit risk for investments by requiring that they must be held by national banks, state chartered banks or a national or state trust company in the name of the District.

The \$1,003,396 in money market investments is invested in LAMP. LAMP is administered by LAMP, Inc., a non-profit corporation organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana. Only local government entities having contracted to participate in LAMP have an investment interest in its pool of assets. The primary objective of LAMP is to provide a safe environment for the placement of public funds in short term, high quality investments. The LAMP portfolio includes only securities and other obligations in which local governments in Louisiana are authorized to invest in accordance with LA-R.S. 33.2955. LAMP is a governmental investment pool that reports at fair value. The following facts are relevant for investment pools:

Credit risk: LAMP is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.

Custodial credit risk: LAMP participants' investments in the pool are evidenced by shares of the pool. Investments in pools should be disclosed, but not categorized because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book-entry form. The public entity's investment is with the pool, not the securities that make up the pool; therefore, no disclosure is required.

Concentration of credit risk: Pooled investments are excluded from the 5 percent disclosure requirement.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2020

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Interest rate risk: LAMP is designed to be highly liquid to give its participants immediate access to their account balances. LAMP prepares its own interest rate disclosure using the weighted average maturity (WAM) method. The WAM of LAMP assets is restricted to not more than 90 days and consists of no securities with a maturity in excess of 397 days or 762 days for U.S. Government floating/variable rate investments.

5. Budgets

The Calcasieu Parish Tax Assessment District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- i. A proposed budget is prepared and submitted to the Assessor for the fiscal year no later than fifteen days prior to the beginning of each fiscal year.
- ii. A summary of the proposed budget is published and the public is notified that the proposed budget is available for public inspection. At the same time, a public hearing is called.
- iii. A public hearing is held on the proposed budget at least ten days after publication of the call for a hearing.
- iv. After the holding of the public hearing and completion of all action necessary to finalize and implement the budget, the budget is legally adopted prior to the commencement of the fiscal year for which the budget is being adopted.
- v. All budgetary appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.
- vi. The budget is adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Budgeted amounts included in the accompanying financial statements are as originally adopted or as finally amended by the Assessor.

6. Accounts Receivable

Calcasieu Parish Tax Assessment District utilizes the allowance method to recognize doubtful accounts for ad valorem taxes. The allowance for doubtful accounts at December 31, 2020 was \$32,256.

Uncollectible amounts due for other receivables of governmental funds are recognized as bad debts at the time information becomes available which would indicate that the particular receivable is not collectible.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2020

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

7. Capital Assets

Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated cost if historical is not available. Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The Calcasieu Parish Tax Assessment District maintains a threshold level of \$500 or more for capitalizing capital assets.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the statement of activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the statement of net assets. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Furniture fixtures and equipment

3-10 years

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition.

8. Compensated Absences

The Calcasieu Parish Tax Assessment District's office has a formal leave policy in which the employees of the assessment district's office earn from 10 to 25 days of vacation each year, depending on length of service with the assessment district. Full-time, permanent employees are granted vacation benefits in varying amounts to the specified maximums depending on years of service. All earned vacation time must be used by the employee and cannot be carried over into the next year. In addition, employees earn 12 days emergency leave (sick leave) each year. Emergency leave not used in the year earned may be carried forward into the following year. Emergency leave is recorded on a "pay as you go" basis. At December 31, 2020 accrued emergency leave was \$98,382.

9. Long-term Debt

All long-term debt to be repaid from governmental resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term debt consists primarily of net OPEB obligations.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2020

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures.

10. Equity Classification

In the government-wide statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets, net of related debt Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets, net of related debt".

In the fund statements, governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as restricted, assigned and unassigned.

- a. Restricted fund balance Includes fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes based on generally outside actions.
- b. Assigned fund balance Includes fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes based on internal (Board) actions.
- c. Unassigned fund balance Includes positive fund balance within the general fund which has not been classified within the above mentioned categories.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) amounts are available, it shall be the policy of the District to consider restricted amounts to have been reduced first. When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used, it shall be the policy of the District the committed amounts would be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts and then unassigned amounts.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2020

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

11. Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

12. Revenues, Expenditures, and Expenses

Program Revenues

Program revenues included in the Statement of Activities are derived directly from the program itself or from parties outside the District's taxpayers, as a whole; program revenues reduce the cost of the function to be financed from the District's general revenues.

Revenues

Ad valorem taxes and the related state revenue sharing are recorded in the year taxes are due and payable. Ad valorem taxes are assessed on a calendar year basis, become due on November 15 of each year, and become delinquent on December 31. The taxes are generally collected in December, January and February of the fiscal year. Interest on interest-bearing deposits is recorded or accrued as revenues when earned. Substantially all other revenues are recorded when received.

Expenditures

The District primary expenditures include salaries and insurance, which are recorded when the liability is incurred. Capital expenditures and purchases of various operating supplies are regarded as expenditures at the time purchased.

13. Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through October 21, 2021.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2020

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

14. Comparative Data

Comparative totals for the prior have been presented in some of the accompanying financial statements in order to provide an understanding of changes in the District's financial position and operations.

NOTE B - AD VALOREM TAXES

For the year ended December 31, 2020, taxes were levied on property with taxable assessed valuations as follows:

	Approximate	
	<u>Valuations</u>	<u>Taxes</u>
General corporate purposes	\$ 2,580,444,622	1.25 mills

Total taxes levied during 2020 were \$3,225,551.

NOTE C - CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2020 follows:

	Beginning of Year	_Additions_	_Deletions_	End of <u>Year</u>
Governmental activities: Furniture, Fixtures and				
Equipment	\$ 549,443	\$ 48,960	\$ -	\$ 598,403
Less accumulated depreci	ation for:			
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	477,092	30,258		507,350
Governmental activities	411,092			
Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$ 72,351</u>	\$ 18,702	\$	<u>\$ 91,053</u>

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2020

NOTE D - PENSION PLAN

Plan Description. Substantially all employees of the Calcasieu Parish Assessor's office are members of the Louisiana Assessors' Retirement Fund (Fund), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by a separate board of trustees.

All full-time employees who are under the age of 60 at the time of original employment and are not drawing retirement benefits from any other public retirement system in Louisiana are required to participate in the System.

Employees who were hired before October 1, 2013, will be eligible for pension benefits once they either reached the age of fifty-five and have at least twelve years of service or have at least thirty years of service, regardless of age. Employees who were hired on or after October 1, 2013, will be eligible for pension benefits once they have either reached the age of sixty and have at least twelve years of service or have reached the age of fifty-five and have at least thirty years of service.

Employees who became members prior to October 1, 2006, are entitled to annual pension benefits equal to three and one-third percent of their average final compensation based on the 36 consecutive months of highest pay, multiplied by their total years of service, not to exceed 100% of final compensation. Employees who become members on or after October 1, 2006 will have their benefit based on the highest 60 months of consecutive service. Employees may elect to receive their pension benefits in the form of a joint and survivor annuity.

If employees terminate before rendering 12 years of service, they forfeit the right to receive the portion of their accumulated plan benefits attributable to the employer's contributions. Benefits are payable over the employees' lives in the form of a monthly annuity. Employees may elect a reduced benefit or any of four options at retirement.

Employees who terminate with at least 12 years of service and do not withdraw their employee contributions may retire at or after age 55 and receive the benefit accrued to their date of termination. The Fund also provides death and disability benefits. Benefits are established or amended by state statute.

A publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplemental financial information may be obtained by writing to the Louisiana Assessor's Retirement Fund, P.O. Box 14699, Baton Rouge, LA 70898-4699.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2020

NOTE D - PENSION PLAN - CONTINUED

Plan members are required to contribute 8% of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 10.0% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and the District are established and may be amended by the System's Board of Trustees. The District's contributions to the System for the year ended December 31, 2020 totaled \$180.734.

At December 31, 2020, the District reported a liability of \$375,137 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to their pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. At December 31, 2020, the District's proportion was 2.4554680%.

For the year ended December 31, 2020, the District recognized pension expense of \$182,655 including employer's amortization of change in proportionate share and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions, \$53,831. At December 31, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		- In	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	12,006	\$	299,720	
Difference between expected and actual Investment				294,995	
Change in assumption Changes in proportion and differences between:		832,829		-	
Contributions and proportionate share of contributions Contributions subsequent to the		15,442		248,756	
measurement date		180,734		_	
Total	\$	1,041,011	_\$	843,471	

\$180,734 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2021. Other accounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2020

NOTE D - PENSION PLAN - CONTINUED

Year ended June 30:	Amount	
2021	\$ 76,360	
2022	148,970	
2023	140,374	
2024	34,402	
2025	101,180	
Thereafter	_	

Actuarial methods and assumption. The total pension liability in the September 30, 2020, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation Date	September 30, 2020
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Investment Rate of Return	5.75% (Net of investment expense, including inflation)
Inflation rate	2.10%
Projected Salary Increases	5.25% (including inflation and merit increases)
Annuitant and	Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality
beneficiary mortality	Table for General Healthy Retirees multiplied by 120% with full generational projection using the appropriate MP-2019 improvement scale.
Active Member Mortality	Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Morality Table for General Employees multiplied by 120% with full generational projection using the appropriate MP-2019 improvement scale.
Disabled Lives Mortality	Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Moratliy Table for General Disabled Retirees multiplied by 120% with full generational projection using the appropriate MP-2019 improvement scale.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2020

NOTE D - PENSION PLAN - CONTINUED

Discount Rate. The long-term expected rate of return on pension investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation of 2.5%, and an adjustment for the effect of rebalancing/diversification. The resulting long-term expected arithmetic nominal return was 8.37% as of September 30, 2020.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for major asset class included in the Fund's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2020 are summarized in the following table:

	Long-Term Expected
	Portfolio Real Rate of
Asset Class	Return
Domestic equity	7.50%
International equity	8.50%
Domestic bonds	2.50%
International bonds	3.50%
Real estate	4.50%
Alternative Assets	5.87%

The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from the participating employers and non-employer contributing entities will be made at actuarially determined contribution rates, which are calculated in accordance with relevant statues and approved by the Board of Trustees and the Public Retirement Systems' Actuarial Committee. Based on these assumptions and the other assumptions and methods as specified in this report, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. Thus, the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.00%.

The effects of certain other changes in the net pension liability are required to be included in pension expense over the current and future periods. The effects on the total pension liability of (1) changes of economic and demographic assumptions or of other inputs and (2) differences between expected and actual experience are required to be included in pension expense in a systematic and rational manner over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the pension plan (active employees and inactive

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2020

NOTE D - PENSION PLAN - CONTINUED

employees),determined as of the beginning of the measurement period. The effect on net pension liability of differences between the projected earnings on pension plan investments and actual experience with regard to those earnings is required to be included in pension expense in a systematic and rational manner over a closed period of five years, beginning with the current period. The Expected Remaining Service Lives (ERSL) for 2019 is 6 years.

Sensitivity to changes in discount rate. The following presents the net pension liability of the District calculated using the discount rate of 5.75%, as well as what the Districts net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (4.75%) or one percentage point higher (6.75%) than the current rate.

	Changes in Discount Rate 2020				
	Current				
		Decrease 4.75%	Discount Rate 1% Incr 5.75% 6.75		
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	375,137	\$	1,702,885	\$ (753,655)

NOTE E - POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE AND LIFE INSURANCE BENEFITS

General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan Description. The Calcasieu Parish Tax Assessor contributes to a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan ("the Retiree Health Plan"). The plan provides lifetime healthcare insurance for eligible retirees and their spouses through the Assessor's group health insurance plan, which covers both active and retired members. Benefit provisions are established by the Calcasieu Parish Tax Assessor. The Retiree Health Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

Effective with the year ended December 31, 2009, the Calcasieu Parish Tax Assessor implemented Government Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Post Employment Benefits Other than Pensions (GASB 45). This statement has been implemented prospectively. Using this method, the beginning OPEB liability is set at zero and the actuarially determined OPEB liability relative to past service (prior to January 1, 2009) will be amortized and recognized as an expense over thirty years.

Funding Policy. The Assessor pays 100% or retirees' medical and life insurance premiums and 50% of the retirees' dependent medical coverage. The eligibility

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2020

NOTE E - POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE AND LIFE INSURANCE BENEFITS - CONTINUED

requirement is that the former employee must have met the requirements of the retirement system. These requirements are at least twelve years of coverage service and at least fifty-five years of age or thirty years of service. The number of participants currently eligible to receive benefits is twenty-six. For the year ended December 31, 2020, the Assessor contributed \$183,641 to the plan.

Employees covered by benefit terms – At December 31, 2020, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	20
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	=
Active employees	25
	45

Total OPEB Liability

The Assessor's total OPEB liability of \$7,494,235 was measured as of December 31, 2020 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions and other inputs – The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 2.0%

Salary increases 3.0%, including inflation

Discount rate 2.12% annually

The discount rate was based on the average of the Bond Buyers' 20 Year General Obligation municipal bond index as of December 31, 2020, the end of the applicable measurement period.

Mortality rates where based on SOA RP-2014 Combined Mortality Table

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2020 valuation were based on the results of ongoing evaluations of the assumptions from January 1, 2009 to December 31, 2020.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2020

NOTE E - POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE AND LIFE INSURANCE BENEFITS - CONTINUED

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Balance at December 31, 2019	\$ 11,238,005
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	176,058
Interest	310,333
Effect of plan changes	-
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses	-
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs	1,509,859
Difference between expected and actual	
experience	(5,556,379)
Benefit payments and net transfers	(183,641)
Net changes	3,743,770
Balance at December 31, 2020	\$ 7,494,235

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Assessor, as well as what the Assessor's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.12 %) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.12%) than the current discount rate:

	1.0)% Decrease (1.12%)	 ent Discount te (2.12%)	1.0	0% Increase (3.12%)
Total OPEB liability	\$	8,890,623	\$ 7,494,235	\$	6,395,047

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Assessor, as well as what the Assessor's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare trend rates:

	1.0% Decrease	Current Trend	1.0% Increase
Total OPEB liability	\$ 6,494,430	\$ 7,494,235	\$ 8,765,666

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2020

NOTE E - POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE AND LIFE INSURANCE BENEFITS - CONTINUED

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended December 31, 2020, the Assessor recognized OPEB expense of \$551,556. At December 31, 2020, the Assessor reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		Deferred	Deferred
		Outflows of	Inflows of
	F	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual			
experience	\$	-	\$ (5,176,178)
Changes in assumptions		3,283,418	-
Total	\$	3,283,418	\$ (5,176,178)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

31:	
2021	\$ 65,165
2022	65,165
2023	16,376
2024	(241,013)
2025	(449,613)
Thereafter	(1,348,840)

NOTE F - DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

Certain employees of Calcasieu Parish Tax Assessment District may participate in the Louisiana Public Employees Deferred Compensation Plan adopted under the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code Section 457. Complete disclosures relating to the Plan are included in the separately issued audit report for the Plan, available from the Louisiana Legislative Auditor, Post Office Box 94397, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70804-9397.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2020

NOTE G - EXPENSES OF THE ASSESSOR NOT INCLUDED IN THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Calcasieu Parish Tax Assessment District's office is located in the Magnolia Life Building owned by the Calcasieu Parish Police Jury. The upkeep and maintenance of the building is paid by the Calcasieu Parish Police Jury.

NOTE H - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Assessor is exposed to risks of loss in the areas of auto and property liability and surety bonds. All of these risks are handled by purchasing commercial insurance coverage. There has been no significant reduction in the insurance coverage during the year.

NOTE I - RENTALS UNDER OPERATING LEASES

In February 2017, the District began leasing four copiers under an operating lease that expires in March 2022.

The following is a schedule by years of the future minimum rental payments required by these operating leases as of December 31, 2020:

Year Ending	
December 31,	<u>Amount</u>
2021	10,575
2022	1,762
2022	-

NOTE J – TAX ABATEMENTS

Louisiana's State Constitution Chapter VII Section 21 authorizes the State Board of Commerce and Industry to create a ten (10) year ad valorem tax abatement program for new manufacturing establishments in the State. Under the terms of this program, qualified businesses may apply for an exemption of local ad valorem taxes on capital improvements and equipment related to manufacturing for the first ten years of its operation; after which the property will be added to the local tax roll and taxed at the value and millages in force at the time. The future value of this exempt property could be subject to significant fluctuation from today's value; however, the Assessor could receive a substantial increase in ad valorem tax revenues once the exemption on this property expires. All applicable agreements have been entered into by the Calcasieu Parish Police Jury and directly affect the Assessor's ad valorem assessments. Because these

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2020

NOTE J - TAX ABATEMENTS - CONTINUED

taxes are not assessed or due, no adjustments have been made to the Assessor's financial statements to record a receivable. As of December 31, 2020. \$682,745,020 of assessed property in the District's taxing jurisdiction is receiving this exemption, which amounts to \$6,820,623 in ad valorem taxes.

NOTE K - COMMITMENT AND CONTINGENCIES

As a result of the spread of the COVID-19 coronavirus, economic uncertainties have arisen which may impact the School Board's ongoing operations; however, the extent and severity of the potential impact is unknown at this time.

On August 27, 2020 Hurricane Laura made landfall in Southwest Louisiana as a Category 4 hurricane which was followed by Hurricane Delta on October 8, 2020. The full extent of damages to the Assessor's facilities or effects on operations have not been determined.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund

Year Ended December 31, 2020

				/ariance
				avorable
	Budget	Actual	<u>(Ur</u>	<u>ıfavorable)</u>
REVENUES:				
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$2,999,500	\$3,178,383	\$	178,883
Intergovernmental	70,000	76,984		6,984
Charges for services	35,500	36,453		953
Interest	15,000	16,328		1,328
Other	50	4,466		4,416
Total revenues	3,120,050	3,312,614		192,564
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
General government	2,878,050	2,142,678		735,372
Capital Outlay	75,000	48,960		26,040
Total expenditures	2,953,050	2,191,638		761,412
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	167,000	1,120,976		953,976
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	7,323,767	7,323,767		_
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$7,490,767	\$8,444,743	\$	953,976

Schedule of Employer's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability

Year Ended December 31, 2020*

Louisiana Assessors' Retirement Fund:

<u>Date</u>	Employer's portion of the net pension liability (asset)	Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	Employer's covered <u>payroll</u>	Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
December 31, 2013	2.188081%	\$ 958,174	\$ 927,916	103.26%	86.72%
December 31, 2014	2.677118%	\$ 935,911	\$ 1,038,873	90.09%	89.98%
December 31, 2015	2.641526%	\$ 1,382,371	\$ 1,119,567	123.47%	85.57%
December 31, 2016	2.646613%	\$ 933,909	\$ 1,143,763	122.47%	90.68%
December 31, 2017	2.713840%	\$ 476,200	\$ 1,177,495	247.27%	95.61%
December 31, 2018	2.836875%	\$ 551,499	\$ 1,237,650	224.42%	95.46%
December 31, 2019	2.567781%	\$ 677,334	\$ 1,164,078	171.86%	94.12%
December 31, 2020	2.4554680%	\$ 375,137	\$ 1,115,156	297.27%	96.75%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

^{*}The amounts presented have a measurement date of September 30, 2020.

Schedule of Employer Contributions

Year Ended December 31, 2020

Date	Contractually Required Contribution	Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Employer's Covered Employee Payroll	Contributions as a % of Covered Employee Payroll
2013	\$ 199,369	\$ 199,369	\$ -	\$ 927,916	21.49%
2014	\$ 222,938	\$ 222,938	\$ -	\$ 1,038,873	21.50%
2015	\$ 241,436	\$ 241,436	\$ -	\$ 1,119,567	21.56%
2016	\$ 238,459	\$ 238,459	\$ -	\$ 1,143,763	20.85%
2017	\$ 208,896	\$ 208,896	\$ -	\$ 1,177,495	17.74%
2018	\$ 199,793	\$ 199,793	\$ -	\$ 1,237,650	16.14%
2019	\$ 180,098	\$ 180,098	\$ -	\$ 1,164,078	15.47%
2020	\$ 180,734	\$ 180,734	\$ -	\$ 1,115,156	16.21%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

CALCASIEU PARISH TAX ASSESSMENT DISTRICT

Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios for the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	2020		2019		2018	
Total OPEB Liability			····			
Service cost	\$	176,058	\$	281,186	\$	365,586
Interest on total OPEB liability		310,333		356,762		269,392
Effect of plan changes				-		_
Difference between expected and actual experience		(5,556,379)				(521,783)
Effect of economic/demographic gains or loses				88,887		-
Effect of assumption changes or inputs		1,509,859		2,205,718		1,058,459
Benefit payments		(183,641)		(227,415)		(206,982)
Net change in total OPEB liability		(3,743,770)		2,705,138		964,672
Total OPEB liability - beginning		11,238,005		8,532,867		7,568,195
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$	7,494,235	\$	11,238,005	\$	8,532,867
Covered-employee payroll	\$	1,165,114	\$	1,195,278	\$	1,237,650
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		643.22%		940.20%		689.44%
Notes to Schedule:						
Benefit change:		None		None		None
Discount rate:		2.12%		2.74%		4.10%
Mortality		RP-2014		RP-2010		RP-2014
Trend		Variable		Variable		Variable
Other Key Actuarial Assumptions: The plan has not had a formal actuarial experience study perform Valuation date		January 1, 2020		January 1, 2019		January 1, 2018
Measurement date		cember 31, 2020		cember 31, 2019		cember 31, 2018
Actuarial cost method Inflation	C	Entry Age Normal 2.30%		ntry Age Normal 2.30%	_	ntry Age Normal 2.30%
Medical Trend Rate		See "Actuarial		See "Actuarial		See "Actuarial
	1	Assumptions" for	А	ssumptions" for	Α	ssumptions" for
		details		details		details
Salary increases including inflation		3.00%		3.00%		3.00%

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

OTHER INFORMATION

CALCASIEU PARISH TAX ASSESSMENT DISTRICT

Schedule of Compensation, Benefits and Other Payments To Chief Executive Officer

Year Ended December 31, 2020

Chief Executive Officer: Wendy Aguillard, Assessor

<u>Purpose</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Salary	\$ 158,746
Benefits-insurance	13,087
Benefits-retirement	11,545
Benefits-cell phone	-
Car allowance	-
Vehicle provided by government	-
Per diem	-
Reimbursements	1,463
Travel	132
Conference travel	-
Continuing professional education	fees -
Housing	-
Unvouchered expenses	-
Special meals	135
Other – office parking	261
Other – Reimbursement for office	
Supplies due to COVID	150



RAYMOND GUILLORY, JR., C.P.A. COY T. VINCENT, C.P.A. MICHELLE LEE, C.P.A. BRADLEY J. CASIDAY, C.P.A., C.V.A. BRIAN MCCAIN, C.P.A.

GRAHAM A. PORTUS, E.A.

KATHRYN BLESSINGTON, C.P.A. JACKLYN BARLOW, C.P.A. BLAKE MANUEL, C.P.A.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

October 21, 2021

Calcasieu Parish Tax Assessment District Lake Charles, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of the Calcasieu Parish Tax Assessment District as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 21, 2021.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Calcasieu Parish Tax Assessment District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Calcasieu Parish Tax Assessment District October 21, 2021 Page Two

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Calcasieu Parish Tax Assessment District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or others matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Governmental Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable of any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislate Auditor as a public document.

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SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

Year Ended December 31, 2020

1.	Summary of Auditors' Results:		
	Type of auditors' opinion issued: unmodified		
	Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? Control deficiency(ies) identified that are	yes	<u>x</u> _no
	not considered to be material weakness(es)? Noncompliance material to financial statements	yes	x_none reported
	noted?	yes	<u>x</u> no
2.	Findings Relating to the Financial Statements Wh Accordance with Generally Accepted Government		
	None		
3.	Findings and Questioned Costs for Federal Award	<u>ds</u>	
	N/A		
4.	Prior Year Audit Findings		
	None		