Financial Report

Year Ended June 30, 2023

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Clarence Vappie, Mayor and Members of the Board of Aldermen Town of Baldwin, Louisiana

#### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Baldwin, Louisiana (hereinafter "Town"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and aggregate remaining fund information of the Town, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Town, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud
  or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
  examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that certain information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the budgetary comparison schedules, schedule of employer's share of net pension liability, schedule of employer

pension contributions, and notes to required supplementary information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The Town has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The justice system funding schedule is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of the Town's management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The schedule has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the justice system funding schedule is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the combining nonmajor funds and fund type financial statements as listed in the table of contents but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 28, 2023, on our consideration of the Town's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Town's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC
Certified Public Accountants

Morgan City, Louisiana December 28, 2023 **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$ 1,338,434	\$ 372,926	\$ 1,711,360
Receivables, net  Due from other governmental units	183,499 18,931	74,905	258,404 18,931
Internal balances	(14,412)	14,412	10,931
Prepaid expenses	42,998	1,098	44,096
Total current assets	1,569,450	463,341	2,032,791
	<del></del>		
Noncurrent assets:		EE E 40	55 540
Restricted assets	1,253,565	55,540 361,079	55,540 1,614,644
Land and construction in progress Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	3,233,386	1,262,843	4,496,229
Total noncurrent assets	4,486,951	1,679,462	6,166,413
Total Honetatent assets			
Total assets	6,056,401	2,142,803	8,199,204
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred outflows related to net pension liability	176,268	27,119	203,387
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts and other payables	67,187	39,364	106,551
Retainage payable	-	21,639	21,639
Unearned revenues	480,471		480,471
Total current liabilities	547,658	61,003	608,661
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Customers' deposits payable	-	55,540	55,540
Net pension liability	355,449	74,192	429,641
Total noncurrent liabilities	355,449	129,732	485,181
Total liabilities	903,107	190,735	1,093,842
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred inflows related to net pension liability	8,252	2,057	10,309
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	4,486,951	1,602,283	6,089,234
Restricted for:	, ,	, ,	, ,
Capital projects	36	-	36
Sales and use tax restrictions	697,721	-	697,721
Special programs	8,155	-	8,155
Unrestricted	128,447	374,847	503,294
Total net position	\$ 5,321,310	\$ 1,977,130	\$ 7,298,440

# Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Fees, Fines,	Program Revenues Operating	Capital	Net (Expense) Changes in I		
		and Charges	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-Type	
Activities	Expenses	for Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total
Governmental activities:							
General government	\$ 583,765	\$ 121,669	\$ 10,259	\$ -	\$ (451,837)	\$ -	\$ (451,837)
Culture and recreation	143,087	1,250	-	-	(141,837)	-	(141,837)
Public safety	544,890	73,990	41,723	26,430	(402,747)	-	(402,747)
Public works	438,278	198,380	-	48,721	(191,177)	-	(191,177)
Supporting services	60,912	38,373			(22,539)		(22,539)
Total governmental activities	1,770,932	433,662	51,982	75,151	(1,210,137)	<u> </u>	(1,210,137)
Business-type activities:							
Gas, water and sewer	680,874	517,054	2,455	20,945	<del></del>	(140,420)	(140,420)
Total	\$ 2,451,806	\$ 950,716	\$ 54,437	\$ 96,096	(1,210,137)	(140,420)	(1,350,557)
	General revenue	es:					
	Taxes -						
	Property ta	xes			233,603	=	233,603
	Sales and u	ise taxes			870,610	-	870,610
	Franchise t	axes			99,242	-	99,242
	Grants and co	ontributions not rest	ricted to specific pro	ograms -			
	State source	es			168,892	-	168,892
	Federal sou	irces			319,869	-	319,869
	Interest and i	nvestment earnings			5,389	2,455	7,844
	Miscellaneou				50,367	-	50,367
	Gain from di	sposition of assets			300	110,176	110,476
	Transfers				(585,931)	585,931	
	Total g	general revenues and	d transfers		1,162,341	698,562	1,860,903
	Chang	e in net position			(47,796)	558,142	510,346
	Net position - J	uly 1, 2022			5,369,106	1,418,988	6,788,094
	Net position - J	une 30, 2023			\$ 5,321,310	\$ 1,977,130	\$ 7,298,440

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

		1%	3/4%	
	General	Sales Tax	Sales Tax	
ASSETS				
Cash and interest bearing deposits	\$ 253,364	\$ 174,544	\$ 232,845	
Receivables:				
Taxes, net	855	51,352	47,775	
Accounts, net	24,257	-	28,846	
Due from other funds	27,015	-	4,036	
Due from other governmental units	18,931	-	-	
Prepaid expenditures	21,014	<del>_</del>	13,006	
Total assets	\$ 345,436	\$ 225,896	\$ 326,508	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS				
OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ 21,224	\$ 1,497	\$ 20,164	
Accrued liabilities	11,868	-	543	
Due to other funds	18,448	-	-	
Unearned revenues		<u> </u>		
Total liabilities	51,540	1,497	20,707	
Deferred inflows of resources:				
Unavailable revenues	1,272		-	
Fund balances:				
Nonspendable	21,014	-	13,006	
Restricted	-	224,399	292,795	
Unassigned	271,610	-	-	
Total fund balances	292,624	224,399	305,801	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of				
resources, and fund balances	<u>\$ 345,436</u>	\$ 225,896	\$ 326,508	

1/2% Sales Tax	American Rescue Plan Act	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ 55,860	5 \$ 512,685	\$ 109,130	\$ 1,338,434
8,975 \$ 80,775		14,483 - - - - \$ 123,613	130,396 53,103 31,051 18,931 42,998 \$ 1,614,913
\$ 6,365 5,52	2 - - 27,015 - 480,471	\$ - - - -	\$ 49,254 17,933 45,463 480,471 593,121
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1,272
8,975 59,900 68,884	5,199	123,613	42,998 705,912 271,610 1,020,520
\$ 80,77	\$ 512,685	\$ 123,613	\$ 1,614,913 (continued)

### Balance Sheet (continued) Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

#### Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position

Total fund balances for governmental funds		\$ 1,020,520
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		
Land	1,253,565	
Buildings	2,070,897	
Improvements	921,162	
Equipment	81,246	
Autos and trucks	160,081	4,486,951
Deferred outflows of resources related to net pension liability		176,268
Receivables not available to pay for current year expenditures		1,272
Net pension liability		(355,449)
Deferred inflows of resources related to net pension liability		 (8,252)
Total net position of governmental activities		\$ 5,321,310

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2023

	General	1% Sales Tax	3/4% Sales Tax
Revenues:	General	Sules Tux	<u> </u>
Taxes	\$ 332,845	\$ 345,298	\$ 324,579
Licenses and permits	121,669	-	-
Intergovernmental	168,892	-	-
Charges for services	39,623	-	198,380
Fines and forfeits	73,990	-	-
Interest	1,793	1,140	1,439
Miscellaneous	48,604		1,763
Total revenues	787,416	346,438	526,161
Expenditures:			
Current -			
General government			
Administrative	553,699	-	-
Public safety			
Police	2,744	-	-
Fire	-	-	111,364
Public works	146 722		102 011
Streets and drainage	146,732	-	193,811
Culture and recreation	55,367	-	-
Supporting services	60,912	-	-
Capital outlay	20,250		-
Total expenditures	839,704		305,175
Excess (deficiency) of revenues			
over expenditures	(52,288)	346,438	220,986
Other financing sources (uses):			
Capital contributions	20,000	-	-
Proceeds from sale of assets	300	-	-
Transfers in	930,832	-	40,475
Transfers out	(832,224)	(296,500)	(245,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	118,908	(296,500)	(204,525)
Net changes in fund balances	66,620	49,938	16,461
Fund balance, beginning	226,004	174,461	289,340
Fund balances, ending	\$ 292,624	\$ 224,399	\$ 305,801

	1/2% Sales Tax				Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
Revenues:	\$	109 102	¢		\$	92,541	© 1.202.455	
Taxes Licenses and permits	Ф	108,192	\$	-	Þ	92,341	\$ 1,203,455 121,669	
Intergovernmental		41,723		319,869		- -	530,484	
Charges for services		-	•	-		_	238,003	
Fines and forfeits		-		_		_	73,990	
Interest		305		-		712	5,389	
Miscellaneous				_		_	50,367	
Total revenues		150,220		319,869		93,253	2,223,357	
Expenditures:								
Current -								
General government Administrative		-		778		-	554,477	
Public safety: Police		356,777					359,521	
Fire		330,777		-		-	111,364	
Public works:							111,504	
Streets and drainage		-		_		_	340,543	
Culture and recreation		-		-		-	55,367	
Supporting services		-		-		-	60,912	
Capital outlay		2,695					22,945	
Total expenditures		359,472		778		-	1,505,129	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures		(209,252)		319,091		93,253	718,228	
Other financing sources (uses):								
Capital contribution		-		-		-	20,000	
Proceeds from sale of assets		200.512		-		21.206	300	
Transfers in		209,512	(*	-		21,306	1,202,125	
Transfers out		200.512		314,332)		$\frac{(100,000)}{(79,604)}$	(1,788,056)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	209,512	(.	314,332)		(78,694)	(565,631)	
Net changes in fund balances		260		4,759		14,559	152,597	
Fund balances, beginning		68,624		440		109,054	867,923	
Fund balances, ending	<u>\$</u>	68,884	<u>\$</u>	5,199	<u>\$</u>	123,613	\$ 1,020,520	

(continued)

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (continued) Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2023

# Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Total net changes in fund balances per Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	\$ 152,597
Changes in 1 and Balanees	Ψ 102,0×1
Costs of capital assets	22,945
Depreciation expense	(234,762)
Contributions of capital assets are not reported in governmental funds, since	
such contributions do not result in transfers of financial resources.	55,151
Transactions involving capital assets	(18,611)
Effects of recording net pension liability and deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to net pension liability	
Increase in pension expense	(35,375)
Nonemployer pension contribution revenue	10,259
Total changes in net position per Statement of Activities	\$ (47,796)

## Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2023

#### **ASSETS**

ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$ 372,926
Receivables, net	74,905
Due from other funds	14,412
Prepaid expenses	1,098
Total current assets	463,341
Noncurrent assets:	
Restricted assets -	
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	55,540
Land and construction in progress	361,079
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	1,262,843
Total noncurrent assets	1,679,462
Total assets	2,142,803
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred outflows of resources related to net pension liability	27,119
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	5,927
Accrued liabilities	33,437
Retainage payable	21,639
Total current liabilities	61,003
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Payable from restricted assets -	
Customers' deposits payable	55,540
Net pension liability	74,192
Total noncurrent liabilities	129,732
Total liabilities	190,735
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred inflavor of resources related to not remain liability.	2,057
Deferred inflows of resources related to net pension liability	2,037
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	1 600 202
Unrestricted	1,602,283 374,847
	\$ 1,977,130
Total net position	<u>Φ 1,977,130</u>

# Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2023

Operating revenues:	
Charges for services -	
Gas sales and services	\$ 176,734
Water sales and services	107,911
Sewerage services	208,861
Delinquent charges	13,734
Commissions, transfers and reconnections	9,814
Intergovernmental - state grants	20,945
Miscellaneous	2,455
Total operating revenues	540,454
Operating expenses:	
Gas department	188,811
Water department	132,660
Sewerage department	218,710
Depreciation	140,693
Total operating expenses	680,874
Operating loss	(140,420)
Nonoperating revenues:	
Gain on disposition of assets	110,176
Interest income	2,455
Total nonoperating revenues	112,631
Loss before transfers	(27,789)
Transfers, net	585,931
Change in net position	558,142
Net position, beginning	1,418,988
Net position, ending	\$ 1,977,130

# Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2023

Cash flows from operating activities:		
Receipts from customers	\$	526,884
Receipts from other governmental entities		20,945
Payments to suppliers		(373,702)
Payments to employees		(141,160)
Net cash provided by operating activities		32,967
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:		
Receipts from other funds		590,873
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:		
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment		(461,030)
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Interest on investments		2,455
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		165,265
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning		263,201
Cash and cash equivalents, ending	\$	428,466
Noncash capital and related financing activities:		
The Town recognized a gain on disposal of assets totaling \$110,176.		
	(	(continued)

# Statement of Cash Flows (continued) Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2023

Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used by operating activities:		
Operating loss	\$	(140,420)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used by operating activities:		
Depreciation		140,693
Pension expense, net of nonemployer contributions		200
Changes in current assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable		29,477
Prepaid expenses		(412)
Accounts payable		(3,841)
Accrued liabilities		29,372
Customer deposits		(22,102)
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>\$</u>	32,967
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents per statement of cash flows to the balance sheet:		
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning		
Cash - unrestricted		185,559
Cash - restricted		77,642
Total cash and cash equivalents		263,201
Cash and cash equivalents, ending		
Cash - unrestricted		372,926
Cash - restricted		55,540
Total cash and cash equivalents		428,466
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	\$	165,265

#### Notes to Financial Statements

#### (1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Town of Baldwin (Town) was incorporated in 1913, under the provisions of the Lawrason Act. The Town operates under a Mayor-Board of Aldermen form of government.

The accounting and reporting policies of the Town relating to the funds included in the accompanying basic financial statements conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to state and local governments. Such accounting and reporting procedures also conform to the requirements of Louisiana Revised Statutes 24:513; and to the industry audit guide, *Audits of State and Local Governmental Units*.

The following is a summary of certain significant accounting policies:

#### A. Financial Reporting Entity

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, as amended, established criteria for determining which component units should be considered part of the Town for financial reporting purposes. The basic criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is financial accountability. The GASB has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include:

- 1. Appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and
  - a. The ability of the Town to impose its will on that organization and/or
  - b. The potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the Town.
- 2. Organizations for which the Town does not appoint a voting majority, but are fiscally dependent on the Town.
- 3. Organizations for which the reporting entity financial statements would be misleading if the data of the organization is not included because of the nature or significance of the relationship.

Based on the aforementioned criteria, the Town has no component units.

#### B. Basis of Presentation

#### Government-wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity and distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services. The effect of interfund activity, within the governmental and business-type activities columns, has been removed from these statements.

#### Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given program are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific program. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given program and 2) operating or capital grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenue, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The Town segregates transactions related to certain functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Separate statements are presented for governmental and proprietary activities. These statements present each major fund as a separate column on the fund financial statements; all non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Town or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and
- b. Total assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

The major governmental funds of the Town are described below:

General Fund—general operating fund of the Town and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

#### Special Revenue Funds

1% Sales Tax Collection Fund—to account for the collection and distribution of proceeds of the Town's 1% sales and use tax. These taxes are dedicated to the construction, acquisition, improvement, maintenance and repair of streets, capital improvements, public works and buildings, paying salaries of municipal employees, operation of recreation facilities, operating expenses of equipment and vehicles, and for any other public purpose authorized by the Constitution and statutes of the State of Louisiana.

3/4% Sales Tax Collection Fund—accounts for the receipt and use of proceeds of the Town's 3/4% sales and use tax. Proceeds are dedicated to the construction, acquisition, extension, improvement, operation and maintenance of solid waste collection and disposal facilities. They may also be used for police and fire protection.

1/2% Sales Tax Collection Fund—accounts for the receipt and use of proceeds of the Town's 1/2% sales and use tax. Proceeds may be used for any lawful law enforcement purpose.

American Rescue Plan Act Fund—accounts for the receipt and subsequent expenditures of proceeds from the American Rescue Plan Act.

#### Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

#### Proprietary Fund

*Utility Fund*—accounts for the provision of gas, water, and sewerage services to the residents of the Town. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, financing and related debt service, and billing and collection.

Additionally, the Town reports the following fund types:

#### Governmental Funds

#### General Fund

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

#### Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

#### Capital Projects Funds

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds).

#### Proprietary Fund

#### Enterprise Fund

Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises – where the intent of the governing body is that the cost (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. The Town's enterprise fund is the Utility Fund.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

#### C. Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus refers to what is being measured; basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurement made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The government-wide statements and fund financial statements for the proprietary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The economic resources measurement focus means all assets and liabilities (whether current or non-current) are included in the statement of net position and the operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net total position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned including unbilled water, sewer and gas services which are accrued. Expenses are recognized at the time the liability is incurred.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual, when they become both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The Town considers property taxes available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures are recorded when the related liability is incurred. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

Other major revenues that are considered susceptible to accrual include earned grant revenues and other intergovernmental revenues, charges for services and interest on investments. Franchise fees, licenses, permits and fines are recognized when received because they are not objectively measurable.

#### D. Cash and Interest-Bearing Deposits

Cash and interest-bearing deposits include amounts in demand deposits, interest-bearing demand deposits, and time deposits. Deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market.

#### E. Statement of Cash Flows

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Enterprise Fund considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

#### F. Short-Term Interfund Receivables/Payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as due from other funds or due to other funds on the balance sheet. Short-term interfund loans are classified as interfund receivables/payables.

#### G. Receivables

All receivables are shown net of an allowance account, as applicable.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

#### H. Bad Debts

Uncollectible receivables are recognized as bad debts through the establishment of an allowance account at the time information becomes available which would indicate the collectability of the particular receivable.

#### I. Prepaid Items

Insurance payments made to insurance agencies that will benefit periods beyond the balance sheet date are recorded as prepaid items.

#### J. <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and vehicles, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements and in the fund financial statement for the proprietary fund. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical is not available. Donated assets are valued at acquisition value on the date donated. Repairs and maintenance are recorded as expenses. Renewals and betterments are capitalized.

Assets capitalized have an original cost of \$2,500 or more. Depreciation has been calculated on each class of depreciable property using the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings	20-30 years
Improvements other than buildings	10-40 years
Equipment	4-20 years
Autos and trucks	5-7 years

#### K. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets include cash and interest-bearing deposits that are legally restricted as to their use. The restricted assets are related to the utility customer deposits.

#### L. Vacation and Sick Leave

Vacation and sick leave are recorded as expenditures of the period in which paid. Sick leave does not accumulate and is not payable at termination of employment. Vacation must be taken in the year accrued and cannot be carried over. Any potential liability of the Town for vacation and sick leave is considered immaterial; therefore, no liability has been recorded in the accounts.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

#### M. Deferred Outflows of Resources and Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense or expenditure) until then. The Town reports deferred outflows of resources related to its net pension liability on its government-wide statement of net position and on its proprietary funds statement of net position.

Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Town reports deferred inflows arising from unavailable revenues. Unavailable revenue arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting, so it is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The Town also reports deferred inflows related to its net pension liability on its government-wide statement of net position and on its proprietary funds statement of net position.

#### N. Equity Classifications

Government-wide financial statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted all other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available, the Town considers restricted resources to have been spent first.

#### Fund financial statements

Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements. Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance for the Town's governmental funds is displayed depicting the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used. In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balances are classified as follows:

- a. Nonspendable amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- b. Restricted amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other government.

#### Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

- c. Committed amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the Board of Aldermen. The Board is the highest level of decision-making authority for the Town. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through ordinances or resolutions approved by Board members.
- d. Assigned amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. Under the Town's adopted policy, only the Board of Aldermen may assign amounts for specific purposes.
- e. Unassigned all other spendable amounts.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the Town considers restricted resources to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the Town considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless Board members have provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

#### O. Revenues, Expenditures, and Expenses

#### Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues and expenses for proprietary funds are those that result from providing services and producing and delivering goods and/or services. It also includes all revenue and expenses not related to capital and related financing, noncapital financing, or investing activities.

#### Expenditures/Expenses

In the government-wide financial statements, expenses are classified by function for both governmental and business-type activities.

In the fund financial statements, expenditures are classified by function and character in governmental funds and as operating or nonoperating in proprietary funds.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report expenditures of financial resources. Proprietary funds report expenses relating to use of economic resources.

#### P. Interfund Transfers

Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures in the fund that is reimbursed. All other interfund transactions are reported as transfers.

#### Q. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Municipal Employees Retirement System (MERS) and Municipal Police Employees Retirement

#### Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

System (MPERS), and additions to/deductions from the retirement system's net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### R. <u>Use of Estimates</u>

Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing financial statements. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and the reported revenues and expenditures/expenses. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

#### (2) Cash and Interest-Bearing Deposits

Under state law, the Town may deposit funds within a fiscal agent bank organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, the laws of any other state in the Union, or the laws of the United States. The Town may invest in certificates and time deposits of state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having principal offices in Louisiana.

At June 30, 2023, the Town has cash and interest-bearing deposits (book balances) totaling \$1,766,900 as follows:

Demand deposits	\$ 1,766,800	)
Petty cash	100	)
	\$ 1,766,900	)

The Town's deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market. Under state law, these deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent bank. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties. Deposit balances (bank balances) at June 30, 2023 are as follows:

Bank balances	\$ 1,805,959
Federal insurance	500,000
Collateralized by pledged securities	1,305,959
Total federal deposit insurance and pledged securities	\$ 1,805,959

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the Town's deposits may not be recovered or the collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party will not be recovered. The Town does not have a policy to monitor or attempt to reduce exposure to custodial credit risk. At June 30, 2023, deposits in the amount of \$1,305,959 were exposed to custodial credit risk. These deposits are uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the Town's fiscal agent but not in the Town's name.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

#### (3) Ad Valorem Taxes

Ad valorem taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 of each year. Taxes are levied by the Town in September or October and are billed to taxpayers in November or December. Billed taxes become delinquent on January 1 of the following year. The Town bills and collects its own property taxes using the assessed values determined by the tax assessor of St. Mary Parish. Town property tax revenues are budgeted in the year billed.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, taxes of 11.95 mills were levied on property with assessed valuations totaling \$18,677,119 and were dedicated for general corporate purposes.

Total taxes levied were \$223,191.

#### (4) Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2023 of \$258,404 consist of the following:

	 rernmental activities	iness-Type ctivities	Total
Accounts	\$ 60,729	\$ 76,904	\$137,633
Taxes-			
Ad valorem	26,578	-	26,578
Sales	103,818	-	103,818
Other-			
Franchise fees	19,035	-	19,035
	 210,160	 76,904	287,064
Less: allowance for uncollectible	(26,661)	(1,999)	(28,660)
Net receivables	\$ 183,499	\$ 74,905	\$258,404

#### (5) Interfund Receivables/Payables

	Interfund Receivables	Interfund Payables		
Major governmental:				
General Fund	\$ 27,015	\$ 18,448		
Special Revenue Funds:				
3/4% Sales Tax Fund	4,036	-		
America Rescue Plan Act	-	27,015		
Utility Fund	14,412	-		
Total interfund receivables/payables	\$ 45,463	\$ 45,463		

These receivables and payables reverse in the normal course of operations. All remaining balances resulted from time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payment between the funds are made.

# Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

# (6) <u>Due from Other Governmental Units</u>

Amounts due from other governmental units at June 30, 2023, consisted of the following:

#### Governmental activities:

FEMA reimbursements due from the State of LA Department of Homeland Security	\$ 1,272
Beer taxes due from the State of Louisiana	836
Insurance license proceeds due from Louisiana Municipal Advisory and Technical Services Bureau	 16,823
	\$ 18,931

#### (7) <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2023, was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2022	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2023
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 1,253,565	<u>s -</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 1,253,565
Capital assets being depreciated				
Buildings	3,513,442	_	_	3,513,442
Improvements other than buildings	2,683,699	-	-	2,683,699
Equipment	318,415	34,666	-	353,081
Autos and trucks	1,262,573	43,430	_	1,306,003
	7,778,129	78,096	<u> </u>	7,856,225
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	(1,339,724)	(102,821)	_	(1,442,545)
Improvements other than buildings	(1,655,195)	(107,342)	_	(1,762,537)
Equipment	(254,602)	(17,233)	-	(271,835)
Autos and trucks	(1,138,556)	(7,366)	-	(1,145,922)
	(4,388,077)	(234,762)	-	(4,622,839)
Total capital assets				
being depreciated, net	3,390,052	(156,666)	<del>_</del>	3,233,386
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 4,643,617	\$ (156,666)	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 4,486,951

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

	Balance July 1, 2022	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2023
Business-type activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Construction in progress	\$ 25,307	\$ 219,661	\$ -	\$ 244,968
Land	116,111	-	-	116,111
	141,418	219,661	<u>-</u>	361,079
Capital assets being depreciated				
Gas utility system	509,975	-	-	509,975
Water utility system	3,153,520	234,249	(1,488,251)	1,899,518
Sewerage utility system	3,733,740	8,120	-	3,741,860
	7,397,235	242,369	(1,488,251)	6,151,353
Less accumulated depreciated for:		<del></del>		
Gas utility system	(441,873)	(3,404)	-	(445,277)
Water utility system	(2,483,907)	(59,083)	890,170	(1,652,820)
Sewerage utility system	(2,712,207)	(78,206)	-	(2,790,413)
	(5,637,987)	(140,693)	890,170	(4,888,510)
Total capital assets				
being depreciated, net	1,759,248	<u>101,676</u>	(598,081)	1,262,843
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 1,900,666	\$ 321,337	\$ (598,081)	\$ 1,623,922

At June 30, 2023, the Town has outstanding construction commitments totaling approximately \$126,469.

Depreciation expense was charged as direct expense to programs of the Town as follows:

Governmental Activities:		
General government	\$	2,614
Culture and recreation		87,720
Public safety		46,693
Public works		97,735
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	<u>\$</u>	234,762
Business-Type Activities: Gas, water, and sewerage	<u>\$</u>	140,693

On September 1, 2022, the Town entered into a cooperative endeavor agreement with the St. Mary Parish Water and Sewer Commission No. 4. This agreement consolidated water services to be provided to residents within the limits of the Town.

As of June 30, 2023, the net book value of assets transferred in accordance with cooperative endeavor agreement was \$598,081. The construction in progress in the amount of \$244,968 will be transferred to the Commission upon completion.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

#### (8) Net Position

Net position is presented as net investments in capital assets, restricted and/or unrestricted. The Town's net position is affected by transactions that resulted in the recognition of deferred outflow of resources and deferred inflow of resources, and the difference between the deferred outflow of resources and deferred inflow of resources, and balance of the related asset or liability is significant. As discussed in Note 12, the Town's recognition of net pension liability in accordance with GASBS No. 68 significantly affect the Town's unrestricted component of net position in its governmental activities and business-type activities as of June 30, 2023.

#### (9) Fund Balance

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the Town is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented as follows:

	General	1% Sales Tax	3/4% Sales Tax	1/2% Sales Tax	American Rescue Plan Act	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Fund balances:							
Nonspendable -							
Prepaid items	<u>\$ 21,014</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 13,006</u>	<u>\$ 8,978</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 42,998</u>
Restricted for -							
Capital improvements	-	-	-	-	-	36	36
Sales and use tax restrictions	-	224,399	292,795	59,906	-	120,621	697,721
Special programs	-		-		5,199	2,956	8,155
Total fund balances - restricted		224,399	292,795	59,906	5,199	123,613	705,912
Unassigned	271,610						271,610
Total fund balances	\$ 292,624	\$ 224,399	\$ 305,801	\$ 68,884	\$ 5,199	\$ 123,613	\$ 1,020,520

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

#### (10) Interfund Transfers

Operating transfers for the year ended June 30, 2023 were as follows:

	Transfers in									
	General	3/4	1% Sales Tax	1/	2% Sales Tax	N	onmajor	Utility		Total
Transfers out:										
General	\$ -	\$	40,475	S	184,512	\$	21,306	\$ 585,931	\$	832,224
1% Sales Tax	296,500		-		-		-	-		296,500
3/4% Sales Tax	220,000		-		25,000		-	-		245,000
American Rescue Plan Act	314,332				-		-	-		314,332
Nonmajor	100,000		_		_		_			100,000
Total	\$ 930,832	<u>S</u>	40,475	<u>\$</u>	209,512	\$	21,306	\$ 585,931	\$	1,788,056

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

#### (11) Dedication of Proceeds and Flow of Funds – Sales and Use Taxes

The Town collects sales taxes under four sales tax levies as follows:

Proceeds of a 1% parish wide sales and use tax levied in 1966 (2023 collections \$345,298). Tax is collected by the St. Mary Parish Sales and Use Tax Department and is remitted to each participating municipality on a monthly basis. Proceeds of this tax shall be used for the following purposes: construction, acquisition, improvement, maintenance and repairs of streets, capital improvements, public works and buildings (including the acquisition of sites and necessary fixtures, equipment, furnishings and appurtenances, and the payment of obligations and refunding obligations which have been or may be issued for the purpose of acquiring and improving public works and buildings); for payment or supplementing salaries of all municipal employees; for the operation of recreational facilities; for the acquisition, maintenance, repairs and payment of operating expenses of equipment, vehicles, and other machinery owned by the municipality, and for any other public purpose authorized by state law.

Proceeds of a 3/10 of 1% sales and use tax levied in 1982 (2023 collections \$92,541). Tax is collected by the St. Mary Parish Sales and Use Tax Department and is allocated and distributed monthly to each participating municipality. Proceeds are dedicated to the following purposes; constructing, acquiring, extending, improving and maintaining any public works or capital improvements, including but not limited to sewerage, drainage, sub-surface drainage, water and flood control extensions and improvements, streets, roads, sidewalks, and bridges.

Proceeds of a ¾ of 1% sales and use tax levied in 1974 and 1987 (2023 collections \$324,579). Tax is collected by the St. Mary Parish Sales and Use Tax Department and is allocated and distributed monthly to each participating municipality. Proceeds are to be used for the construction, acquisition, extension, improvement, operation and maintenance of solid waste collection and disposal facilities, sewers and sewerage disposal works and other facilities for pollution control and abatement; fire and police protection, and to pay debt service requirements on bonds issued for any of the above-mentioned

#### Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

purposes. This tax is to be collected until all bonds payable shall have been paid in full in principal and interest.

Proceeds of a ½% parish wide sales and use tax levied in 1998 (2023 collections \$108,192). Tax is collected by the St. Mary Parish Sales and Use Tax Department and is remitted to the St. Mary Parish Sheriff, the Parish of St. Mary and each participating municipality on a monthly basis. Proceeds of this tax may be used by the municipalities for any lawful law enforcement purpose.

#### (12) Employee Retirement

Eligible employees of the Town participate in one of two multiple-employer public employee retirement systems, which are controlled and administered by two separate boards of trustees. These retirement systems provide retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. Benefits under each system are established and amended by state statutes. Pertinent information for each system follows:

#### A. Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS)

Plan Description: MERS was established by Act 356 of the 1954 regular session of the Louisiana Legislature. MERS provides retirement benefits to employees of all incorporated villages, towns and cities within the State which do not have their own retirement system and which elect to become members of the system. The Town participates in Plan B of MERS.

Eligibility Requirements: Membership is mandatory as a condition of employment beginning on the date employed if the employee is on a permanent basis working at least thirty-five hours per week. Those individuals paid jointly by a participating employer and the parish are not eligible for membership in MERS with exceptions as outlined in the statutes.

Any person eligible for membership whose first employment making him eligible for membership in MERS occurred on or after January 1, 2013 shall become a member of the MERS Plan A Tier 2 or MERS Plan B Tier 2 of the system as a condition of employment.

Retirement Benefits: Benefit provisions are authorized within Act 356 of the 1954 regular session and amended by LRS 11:1756-11:1785. The following brief description of the plan and its benefits is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to the appropriate statutes for more complete information.

Retirement Benefits: Any member of Plan B who commenced participation in the System prior to January 1, 2013 can retire providing the member meets one of the following criteria:

- 1. Any age with thirty (30) years of creditable service.
- 2. Age 60 with a minimum of ten (10) or more years of creditable service.

Generally, the monthly amount of the retirement allowance for any member of Plan B shall consist of an amount equal to two percent of the member's final compensation multiplied by his years of creditable service. Final compensation is the average monthly earnings during the highest sixty consecutive months or joined months if service was interrupted. However, under certain conditions as outlined in the statutes, the benefits are limited to specified amounts.

#### Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Any member of Plan B Tier 2 shall be eligible for retirement if he meets one of the following requirements:

- 1. Age 67 with seven (7) years of creditable service.
- 2. Age 62 with ten (10) years of creditable service.
- 3. Age 55 with thirty (30) years of creditable service.
- 4. Any age with twenty-five (25) years of creditable service, exclusive of military service and unused annual sick leave, with an actuarially reduced early benefit.

The monthly amount of the retirement allowance for any member of Plan B Tier 2 shall consist of an amount equal to two percent of the member's final compensation multiplied by his years of creditable service. Final compensation is the average monthly earnings during the highest sixty consecutive months, or joined months if service was interrupted. However, under certain conditions as outlined in the statutes, the benefits are limited to specified amounts.

Survivor Benefits: Upon death of any member of Plan B with five (5) or more years of creditable service, not eligible for normal retirement, the plan provides for benefits for the surviving spouse as outlined in the statutes. Any member of Plan B who is eligible for normal retirement at time of death and who leaves a surviving spouse will be deemed to have retired and selected Option 2 benefits on behalf of the surviving spouse on the date of death. Such benefits will begin only upon proper application and are paid in lieu of any other survivor benefits.

Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP) Benefits: In lieu of terminating employment and accepting a service retirement allowance, any member of Plan B who is eligible may elect to participate in the deferred retirement option plan (DROP) for up to three years and defer the receipt of benefits. During participation in the plan, employer contributions are payable, but employee contributions cease. The monthly retirement benefits that would be payable, had the person elected to cease employment and receive a service retirement allowance, are paid into the DROP Fund. Interest is earned when the member has completed DROP participation. Interest earnings are based upon the actual rate of return on the investments identified as DROP funds for the period. In addition, no cost-of-living increases are payable to participants until employment which made them eligible to become members of the System has been terminated for at least one full year.

Upon termination of employment prior to or at the end of the specified period of participation, a participant in the DROP may receive, at his option, a lump sum from the account equal to the payments into the account, a true annuity based upon his account balance in that fund, or any other method of payment if approved by the Board of Trustees. If a participant dies during participation in the DROP, a lump sum equal to the balance in his account shall be paid to his named beneficiary or, if none, to his estate. If employment is not terminated at the end of the three years, payments into the DROP fund cease and the person resumes active contributing membership in the System.

Disability Benefits: For Plan B, a member shall be eligible to retire and receive a disability benefit if he has at least ten years of creditable service, is not eligible for normal retirement, and has been officially certified as disabled by the State Medical Disability Board. Upon retirement caused by disability, a member of Plan B shall be paid a disability benefit equal to the lesser of (1) an amount equal to two percent of his final compensation multiplied by his years of creditable service, but not less than thirty percent of his final compensation, or (2) an amount equal to what the member's normal retirement benefit would be based on the member's current final compensation, but assuming the member remained in continuous service until his earliest normal retirement age and using those retirement benefit computation factors which would be applicable to the member's normal retirement.

#### Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Cost of Living Increases: MERS is authorized under state law to grant a cost of living increase to members who have been retired for at least one year. The adjustment cannot exceed 2% of the retiree's original benefit for each full calendar year since retirement and may only be granted if sufficient funds are available from investment income in excess of normal requirements. State law allows the system to grant an additional cost of living increase to all retirees and beneficiaries who are age sixty-five and above equal to 2% of the benefit being received on October 1, 1977, or the original benefit, if retirement commenced after that date.

Deferred Benefits: Plan B provides for deferred benefits for members who terminate before being eligible for retirement. Once the member reaches the appropriate age for retirement, benefits become payable. Benefits are based on statutes in effect at the time of withdrawal.

Employer Contributions: Contributions for all members are established by statute. Member contributions are at 5% of earnable compensation for Plan B. The contributions are deducted from the member's salary and remitted by the participating municipality.

According to state statute, contribution requirements for all employers are actuarially determined each year. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the employer contribution rate for Plan B was 15.50%.

Non-Employer Contributions: According to state statute, the System also receives one-fourth (1/4) of 1% of ad valorem taxes within the respective parish. MERS also receives revenue sharing funds each year as appropriated by the Legislature. These additional sources of income are used as additional employer contributions and considered support from non-employer contributing entities.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources: At June 30, 2023, The Town reported liabilities in its government-wide financial statements of \$222,576 and \$74,192 in its governmental activities and its business-type activities, respectively, for its proportionate share of the net pension liabilities of MERS. The net pension liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2022 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension obligation was determined by separate actuarial valuations performed on each of the retirement systems as of that date. Under each retirement system, the Town's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2022, the Town's proportional share of MERS was 0.338010%, which was a decrease of 0.00857% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the Town recognized pension expense of \$42,449 in its governmental activities and pension expense of \$14,150 in its business-type activities, respectively, related to its participation in MERS.

#### Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

At June 30, 2023, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	(	Government	al Acti	ivities	Business-type Activities			
	D	eferred	De	eferred	D	eferred	D	eferred
	0	utflows	In	ıflows	O	utflows	It	ıflows
	of F	Resources	of R	esources	of F	Resources	of R	esources
Changes of assumptions	\$	2,380	\$	-	\$	793	\$	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		40,934		2,831		13,645		944
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		3,558		3,339		1,185		1,113
Employer contributions subsequent								
to the measurement date		34,487		<u>-</u>		11,496		-
	\$	81,359	\$	6,170	\$	27,119	\$	2,057

The \$45,983 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Town contributions to MERS subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the following fiscal year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Gov	ernmental	Busi	iness-type		
Year	A	ctivities	A	ctivities		Total
2024	\$	11,602	\$	3,867	\$	15,469
2025		6,326		2,109		8,435
2026		4,413		1,471		5,884
2027		18,361		6,119		24,480
	\$	40,702	\$	13,566	\$_	54,268

Actuarial Assumptions: Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment mortality and future salary increases. Actuarially determined amounts regarding the net pension liability are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations, and new estimates are made about the future.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation was based on the results of an experience study, for the period July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2018.

#### Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

A summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used in determining the total pension liability as of June 30, 2022 are as follows:

Municipal Employees'
Retirement System (MERS)
Plan B

Valuation Date June 30, 2022 Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal

Expected remaining service lives 3 years

Investment rate of return 6.85%, net of pension plan investment expense, including

inflation

Inflation rate 2.5%

Projected salary increases, including inflation and merit increases:

-1 to 4 years of service 7.4% -More than 4 years of service 4.9%

Annuity and beneficiary mortality PubG-2010(B) Healthy Retiree Table set equal to 120% for

males and females each adjusted using their respective male

and female MP2018 scales.

Employee mortality PubG-2010(B) Employee Table set equal to 120% for males

and females each adjusted using their respective male and

female MP2018 scales.

Disabled lives mortality PubNS-2010(B) Disabled Retiree Table set equal to 120%

for males and females with the full generational MP2018

scale.

The investment rate of return was 6.85% for the year ended June 30, 2022. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation and an adjustment for the effect of rebalancing/diversification.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the System's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2022 are summarized in the following table:

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Asset Class	Target Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Portfolio Real Rate of Return
Dublic Facility	520/	2 210/
Public Equity	53%	2.31%
Public fixed income	38%	1.65%
Alternatives	9%	0.39%
Totals	100%	4.35%
Inflation		2.60%
Expected Arithmetic Nominal Return		6.95%

Discount Rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.85% for the year ended June 30, 2022. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from participating employers will be made at the actuarially determined rates, which are calculated in accordance with relevant statutes and approved by the Board of Trustees and the Public Retirement Systems' Actuarial Committee. Based on those assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity to Changes in Discount Rate: The following presents the employers' proportionate share of the net pension liability using the applicable discount rate as well as what the employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Changes in Discount Rate:				
		MERS - Plan B			
		Current			
	1%	Discount	1%		
	Decrease	Rate	Increase		
	5.85%	6.85%	7.85%		
Net Pension Liability	\$ 404,550	\$ 296,768	\$ 205,608		

Support of Non-Employer Contributing Entities: Contributions received by a pension plan from non-employer contributing entities that are not in a special funding situation are recorded as revenue by the respective pension plan. The Town recognizes revenue in an amount equal to its proportionate share of the total contributions to the pension plan from these non-employer contributing entities. During the year ended June 30, 2022, the Town recognized revenue as a result of support received from non-employer contributing entities of \$9,822 for its participation in MERS.

Payables to the Pension Plan: The Town recorded no accrued liabilities related to MERS for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Positions: Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial report for MERS available at www.mersla.com.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

## B. Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System (MPERS)

Plan Description: The Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System is the administrator of a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan. Membership in MPERS is mandatory for any full-time police officer employed by a municipality of the State of Louisiana and engaged in law enforcement, empowered to make arrests, provided he or she does not have to pay social security and providing he or she meets the statutory criteria. MPERS provides retirement benefits for municipal police officers. The projections of benefit payments in the calculation of the total pension liability includes all benefits to be provided to current active and inactive employees through MPERS in accordance with benefit terms and any additional legal agreements to provide benefits that are in force at the measurement date.

The Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana issues a stand-alone report on their financial statements. Access to the audit report can be found on the System's website: www.lampers.org or on the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's website, www.lla.state.la.us.

Benefit provisions are authorized within Act 189 of 1973 and amended by LRS 11:2211-11:2233. The following is a brief description of the plan and its benefits and is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to the appropriate statutes for more complete information.

Membership Prior to January 1, 2013: A member is eligible for regular retirement after he has been a member of MPERS and has 25 years of creditable service at any age or has 20 years of creditable service and is age 50 or has 12 years creditable service and is age 55. A member is eligible for early retirement after he has been a member of the System for 20 years of creditable service at any age with an actuarially reduced benefit.

Benefit rates are 3.33% of average final compensation (average monthly earnings during the highest 36 consecutive months or joined months if service was interrupted) per number of years of creditable service not to exceed 100% of final salary.

Upon the death of an active contributing member, or disability retiree, the plan provides for surviving spouses and minor children. Under conditions outlined in state statute, the benefits range from 40% to 60% of the member's average final compensation for the surviving spouse. In addition, each child under age 18 receives benefits equal to 10% of the member's average final compensation or \$200 per month, whichever is greater.

Membership Commencing January 1, 2013: Member eligibility for regular retirement, early retirement, disability and survivor benefits are based on Hazardous Duty and Non-Hazardous Duty sub plans. Under the Hazardous Duty sub plan, a member is eligible for regular retirement after he has been a member of MPERS and has 25 years of creditable service at any age or has 12 years of creditable service at age 55. Under the Non-Hazardous Duty sub plan, a member is eligible for regular retirement after he has been a member of the System and has 30 years of creditable service at any age, 25 years of creditable service at age 55, or 10 years of creditable service at age 60. Under both sub plans, a member is eligible for early retirement after he has been a member of MPERS for 20 years of creditable service at any age, with an actuarially reduced benefit from age 55.

Under the Hazardous and Non-Hazardous Duty sub plans, the benefit rates are 3% (generally) and 2.50%, respectively, of average final compensation (average monthly earnings during the highest 60 consecutive months or joined months if service was interrupted) per number of years of creditable service not to exceed 100% of final salary.

#### Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Upon the death of an active contributing member, or disability retiree, the plan provides for surviving spouses and minor children. Under conditions outlined in state statute, benefits range from 25% to 55% of the member's average final compensation for the surviving spouse. In addition, each child under age 18 receives benefits equal to 10% of the member's average final compensation or \$200 per month, whichever is greater. If deceased member had less than 10 years of service, beneficiary will receive a refund of employee contributions only.

Cost-of-Living Adjustments (COLA): The Board of Trustees is authorized to provide annual cost-of-living adjustments computed on the amount of the current regular retirement, disability, beneficiary or survivor's benefit, not to exceed 3% in any given year. The Board is authorized to provide an additional 2% COLA, computed on the member's original benefit, to all regular retirees, disability, survivors and beneficiaries who are 65 years of age or older on the cut-off date which determines eligibility.

No regular retiree, survivor or beneficiary shall be eligible to receive a cost-of-living adjustment until benefits have been received at least one full fiscal year and the payment of such COLA, when authorized, shall not be effective until the lapse of at least one-half of the fiscal year. Members who elect early retirement are not eligible for a cost-of-living adjustment until they reach regular retirement age.

A COLA may only be granted if funds are available from interest earnings in excess of normal requirements, as determined by the actuary.

Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP): A member is eligible to enter DROP when he is eligible for regular retirement based on the member's sub plan participation. Upon filing the application for the program, the employee's active membership in the system is terminated. At the entry date into the DROP, the employee and employer contributions cease. The amount to be deposited into the DROP account is equal to the benefit computed under the retirement plan elected by the participant at date of application. The duration of participation in the DROP is 36 months or less. If employment is terminated after the three-year period, the participant may receive his benefits by lump sum payment or a true annuity. If employment is not terminated, active contributing membership in the system shall resume and upon later termination, he shall receive additional retirement benefit based on the additional service. For those eligible to enter DROP prior to January 1, 2004, DROP accounts shall earn interest subsequent to the termination of DROP participation at a rate of half of one percentage point below the percentage rate of return of the system's investment portfolio as certified by the actuary on an annual basis but will never lose money. For those eligible to enter DROP subsequent to January 1, 2004, an irrevocable election is made to earn interest based on the system's investment portfolio return or a money market investment return. This could result in negative earnings rate being applied to the account.

If the member elects the money market investment return option, the funds are transferred to a government money market account and earn interest at the money market rate.

Initial Benefit Option Plan: In 1999, the Louisiana Legislature authorized the MPERS to establish an Initial Benefit Option (IBO) program. IBO is available to members who are eligible for regular retirement and have not participated in DROP. The IBO program provides both a one-time single sum payment of up to 36 months of regular monthly retirement benefit, plus a reduced monthly retirement benefit for life. Interest is computed on the balance based on the same criteria as DROP.

Employer Contributions: According to state statute, contribution requirements for all employers are actuarially determined each year but cannot be less than 9% of the employee's earnable compensation excluding overtime but including state supplemental pay.

#### Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the employer and employee contribution rates for all members hired prior to January 1, 2013 and Hazardous Duty members hired after January 1, 2013 were 29.75% and 10%, respectively. The employer and employee contribution rates for all Non-Hazardous Duty members hired after January 1, 2013 were 29.75% and 8%, respectively. The employer and employee contribution rates for all members whose earnable compensation is less than or equal to the poverty guidelines issued by the United States Department of Health and Human Services were 32.25% and 7.5%, respectively.

Non-Employer Contributions: MPERS receives insurance premium tax monies as additional employer contributions. The tax is considered support from a non-contributing entity and appropriated by the Legislature each year based on an actuarial report. Non-employer contributions are recognized as revenue and excluded from pension expense.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources: At June 30, 2023, the Town reported liabilities in its government-wide financial statements of \$132,873 in its governmental activities for its proportionate share of the net pension liabilities of MPERS. The net pension liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension obligation was determined by separate actuarial valuations performed on each of the retirement systems as of that date. Under each retirement system, the Town's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2022, the Town's proportional share of MPERS was 0.012999%, which was an increase of 0.000090% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the Town recognized pension expense of \$49,997 in its governmental activities related to its participation in MPERS.

At June 30, 2022, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

MDEDC

	MPERS			
	Governmental Activities			vities
	D	eferred	Do	eferred
	O	utflows	Ir	ıflows
	of F	Resources	of R	esources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	655	\$	1,094
Changes of assumptions		4,583		988
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		23,722		-
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		43,365		-
Employer contributions subsequent				
to the measurement date		22,584		
	\$	94,909	\$	2,082

The \$22,584 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the following fiscal year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year		
2024	\$	33,700
2025		22,417
2026		1,685
2027		12,441
	<u>\$</u>	70,243

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions: The net pension liability was measured as the portion of the present value of projected benefit payments to be provided through the pension plan to current active and inactive employees that is attributed to those employee's past periods of service, less the amount of the pension plan's fiduciary net position.

#### Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 actuarial funding valuation and were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period of July 1, 2014 through June 30, 2019. In cases where benefit structures were changed after the study period, assumptions were based on the estimates of future experience. A summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used in determining the total pension liability as of June 30, 2022 are as follows:

Municipal Police Employees'
Retirement System (MPERS)

Valuation Date June 30, 2022

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal Cost

Investment Rate of Return 6.75%, net of investment expense

Expected Remaining Service Lives 4 Years

Inflation rate 2.5%

Salary increases, Years of Service Salary Growth Rate including inflation 1-2 12.30% and merit Above 2 4.70%

Mortality For annuitants and beneficiaries, the Pub-2010 Public

Retirement Plan Mortality Table for Safety Below-Median Healthy Retirees multiplied by 115% for males and 125% for females, each with full generational projection using the MP2019 scale.

For disabled lives, the Pub-2010 Public Mortality Table for Safety Disable Retirees multiplied by 105% for males and 115% for females, each with full generational projection using the MP2019 scale.

For employees, the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Table for Safety Below-Median Employees multiplied by 115% for males and 125% for females, each with full generational projection using the MP2019 scale.

Cost-of-Living Adjustments

The present value of future retirement benefits is based on benefits currently being paid by the System and includes previously granted cost-of-living increases. The present values do not include provisions for potential future increases not yet authorized by the Board of Trustees.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

The investment rate of return was 6.75%. The mortality rate assumption used was set based upon an experience study performed by the prior actuary on plan data for the period July 1, 2014 through June 30, 2019. A change was made full generational mortality which combines the use of a base morality table with appropriate morality improvement scales. In order to set the base mortality table, actual plan mortality experience was assigned a credibility weighting and combined with a standard table to produce current levels of morality.

The best estimates of the arithmetic nominal rates of return for each major asset class included in the System's target allocation as of June 30, 2022 are summarized in the following table:

			Long Term
			Expected
		Target	Portfolio Real
Asset Class		Allocation	Rate of Return
Equity		55.5%	3.60%
Fixed Income		30.5%	.85%
Alternative		14.0%	.95%
Т	otals	<u> 100%</u>	5.40%
Inflation			2.66%
Expected Arithmetic Return			8.06%

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from participating employers will be made at the actuarially determined rates approved by PRSAC taking into consideration the recommendation of the System's actuary. Based on those assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity to Changes in Discount Rate: The following presents the employers' proportionate share of the net pension liability using the applicable discount rate as well as what the employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Chan	ges in Discount MPERS	Rate:
		Current	
	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
	5.75%	6.75%	7.75%
Net Pension Liability	\$ 185,997	\$ 132,873	\$ 88,497

#### Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Support of Non-Employer Contributing Entities: Contributions received by a pension plan from non-employer contributing entities that are not in a special funding situation are recorded as revenue by the respective pension plan. The Town recognizes revenue in an amount equal to its proportionate share of the total contributions to the pension plan from these non-employer contributing entities. During the year ended June 30, 2022, the Town recognized revenue as a result of support received from non-employer contributing entities of \$2,892 for its participation in MPERS.

Payables to the Pension Plan: The Town recorded no accrued liabilities related to MPERS for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Positions: Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial report for MPERS available at www.lampers.org.

# C. <u>Aggregate Net Pension Liability, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Pension Expense</u>

As detailed above, the Town participates in two separate defined benefit pension plans. The aggregate amounts for the Town's participation in Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana (MERS) and Municipal and State Police Retirement System of Louisiana (MPERS) are as follows:

Emmlarian's	Duamantiamata	Chama of N	at Dam		Tiabilia
Employers	Proportionate	Share of N	et Pen	SIOII .	Liadiiity.

		MERS	ľ	MPERS	A	ggregate
Governmental Activities	\$	222,576	\$	132,873	\$	355,449
Business-Type Activities		74,192		<b>-</b>		74,192
Total	<u>\$</u>	296,768	<u>\$</u>	132,873	<u>\$</u>	429,641
Deferred Outflows of Resources:						
		MERS	1	MPERS	A	ggregate
Governmental Activities	\$	81,359	\$	94,909	\$	176,268
<b>Business-Type Activities</b>		27,119				27,119
Total	\$	108,478	<u>\$</u>	94,909	<u>\$</u>	203,387
Deferred Inflows of Resource	es:					
		MERS	1	MPERS	A	ggregate
Governmental Activities	\$	6,170	\$	2,082	\$	8,252
Business-Type Activities		2,057		_		2,057
Total	\$	8,227	<u>\$</u>	2,082	<u>\$</u>	10,309
Pension Expense:						
		MERS	1	MPERS	Α	ggregate
Governmental Activities	\$	42,449	\$	49,997	\$	92,446
Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities	\$	42,449 14,150	\$	49,997 	\$	92,446 14,150

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

## (13) Water Purchases

During the year ended June 30, 2023, the Town purchased water for resale totaling \$93,473 from St. Mary Parish Water & Sewer Commission No. 4.

## (14) On-Behalf Payments of Salaries

During the year ended June 30, 2023, the State of Louisiana paid the Town's policemen \$11,723 of supplemental pay, which is included in the accompanying financial statements as intergovernmental revenues and public safety expenses/expenditures.

# (15) Compensation of Town Officials

A detail of compensation paid to the Mayor and Board of Aldermen for the year ended June 30, 2023, follows:

Mayor:	
Abel Prejean	\$ 18,168
Clarence Vappie	18,168
Aldermen:	
Herbert Bell, Sr.	1,800
Magaret Colar	4,200
Donald Grimm	1,800
Marion Newton	1,800
Clarence Vappie	1,800
Ajani Connor	2,400
Carolyn Bowswer	2,400
Amber Tillman	2,400
Dawn Lanceslin	2,400
	\$ 57,336

Act 706 of the 2014 Legislative Session amended RS 24:513A requiring additional disclosure of total compensation, reimbursements, benefits, or other payments made to a political subdivision head. For the year ended June 30, 2023, payments made to Mayor Abel Prejean and Mayor Clarence Vappie requiring disclosure are as follows:

	Mayor	Mayor
	Prejean	Vappie
Salary	\$ 18,168	\$ 18,168
Benefits-retirement	2,816	2,816
Car allowance	2,400	2,400
Reimbursements	392	749
	<u>\$ 23,776</u>	\$ 24,133

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

## (16) Litigation and Claims

The Town is involved in multiple lawsuits claiming damages. In the opinion of the Town's legal representative, resolution of these lawsuits would not create a liability to the Town in excess of insurance coverage. For those cases in which insurance coverage is not maintained, an unfavorable outcome is not expected.

## (17) Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town has elected to purchase insurance coverage through the commercial insurance market to cover its exposure to loss. However, it is the policy of the Town to retain the risk of losses related to vehicular liabilities. The Town is insured up to policy limits for each of the above risks with the exception of those risks subject to general liability coverage and workers' compensation coverage. The Town had significant changes in coverages by dropping collision and comprehensive insurance on vehicles during the year ended June 30, 2023. Settled claims have not exceeded the commercial coverage in any of the previous three fiscal years.

## (18) New Accounting Pronouncements to be Implemented

The following is a summary of accounting standards adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) scheduled to be implemented in the future that may affect the Town's financial report:

GASB Statement 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections - An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 62. The primary objective of this Statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. The standard is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2023. The effect of implementation on the Town's financial statements has not yet been determined.

GASB Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. This standard is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2023. The effect of implementation on the Town's financial statements has not yet been determined.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# TOWN OF BALDWIN, LOUISIANA General Fund

# Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Bud	get		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:	<b>6. 247.</b> 000	0 256 204	Ф. 222.045	© (22.450)
Taxes	\$ 247,000	\$ 356,304	\$ 332,845	\$ (23,459)
Licenses and permits	33,700	30,885	121,669	90,784
Intergovernmental	720,700	216,800	168,892	(47,908)
Charges for services Fines and forfeits	40,000	36,841	39,623	2,782
	150,390 121	69,164 1,293	73,990 1,793	4,826 500
Interest Miscellaneous	37,300	68,575	1,793 48,604	(19,971)
Total revenues	_1,229,211	779,862	<u>787,416</u>	7,554
Expenditures: General government				
Administrative	80,600	790,470	553,699	236,771
Public safety	,	•	•	·
Police	4,900	2,536	2,744	(208)
Public works				
Streets and drainage	127,445	162,895	146,732	16,163
Culture and recreation	21,930	44,482	55,367	(10,885)
Supporting services	41,625	39,238	60,912	(21,674)
Capital outlay	_1,088,800	169,900	20,250	149,650
Total expenditures	1,365,300	1,209,521	839,704	369,817
Deficiency of revenues				
over expenditures	(136,089)	(429,659)	(52,288)	377,371
Other financing sources (uses):				
Capital contributions	_	-	20,000	20,000
Proceeds from sale of assets	3,000	4,187	300	(3,887)
Transfers in	609,125	963,609	930,832	(32,777)
Transfers out	(453,568)	(414,139)	(832,224)	(418,085)
Total other financing sources (uses)	158,557	553,657	118,908	(434,749)
		·	<del></del>	
Net change in fund balance	22,468	123,998	66,620	(57,378)
Fund balance, beginning	226,004	226,004	226,004	
Fund balance, ending	\$ 248,472	\$ 350,002	\$ 292,624	<u>\$ (57,378)</u>

# TOWN OF BALDWIN, LOUISIANA 1% Sales Tax Collection Fund

# Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budget Original Final Actual			Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	Original			(14cgative)
Revenues:				
Taxes - sales tax	\$ 350,000	\$ 361,054	\$ 345,298	\$ (15,756)
Interest	67	1,117	1,140	23
Total revenues	350,067	362,171	346,438	(15,733)
Expenditures:				
General government				
Administrative	26,000	43,000		43,000
Excess of revenues over				
expenditures	324,067	319,171	346,438	<u>27,267</u>
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers out	(285,000)	(285,000)	(296,500)	(11,500)
Net change in fund balance	39,067	34,171	49,938	15,767
Fund balance, beginning	174,461	174,461	174,461	<u> </u>
Fund balance, ending	\$ 213,528	\$ 208,632	\$ 224,399	\$ 15,767

# TOWN OF BALDWIN, LOUISIANA 3/4% Sales Tax Collection Fund

# Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budget Original Final		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				(Treguerre)
Taxes - sales tax	\$ 340,000	\$ 340,466	\$ 324,579	\$ (15,887)
Charges for services	196,000	183,113	198,380	15,267
Interest	80	1,376	1,439	63
		1,766	1,763	(3)
Other Total revenues	526,000			
Total revenues	536,080	526,721	526,161	(560)
Expenditures:				
Public Safety:				
Fire	112,528	127,082	111,364	15,718
Sanitation	180,400	185,058	193,811	(8,753)
Total expenditures	292,928	312,140	305,175	6,965
Total expenditures	272,720	312,140		
Excess of revenues over				
expenditures	243,152	214,581	220,986	6,405
•				
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	39,168	46,258	40,475	(5,783)
Transfers out	(220,000)	(245,000)	(245,000)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(180,832)	(198,742)	(204,525)	(5,783)
Net change in fund balance	62,320	15,839	16,461	622
Fund balance, beginning	289,340	_289,340	289,340	
Fund balance, ending	\$ 351,660	\$ 305,179	\$ 305,801	<u>\$ 622</u>

# TOWN OF BALDWIN, LOUISIANA 1/2% Sales Tax Collection Fund

# Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Bud	Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Taxes - sales tax	\$ 114,500	\$ 112,987	\$108,192	\$ (4,795)
Intergovernmental	-	20,000	41,723	21,723
Interest	15	296	305	9
Total revenues	114,515	133,283	_150,220	16,937
Expenditures: Public Safety				
Police	320,540	354,858	356,777	(1,919)
Capital outlay	-	-	2,695	(2,695)
Total expenditures	320,540	354,858	359,472	(4,614)
Deficiency of revenues over				
expenditures	(206,025)	(221,575)	(209,252)	12,323
Other financing governor				
Other financing sources: Transfers in	251,800	223,021	209,512	(13,509)
Net change in fund balance	45,775	1,446	260	(1,186)
Fund balance, beginning	68,624	68,624	68,624	
Fund balance, ending	<u>\$ 114,399</u>	\$ 70,070	\$ 68,884	<u>\$ (1,186)</u>

# TOWN OF BALDWIN, LOUISIANA American Rescue Plan Act Fund

# Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Original	udget Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	Originar		- Actum	(regative)
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental	\$ 388,00	<u>\$ 370,789</u>	\$ 319,869	\$ (50,920)
Expenditures:				
General government				
Administrative	410,00	95,131	778	94,353
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	(22,00	0) 275,658	319,091	43,433
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers out		(356,609)	(314,332)	42,277
Net change in fund balance	(22,00	0) (80,951)	4,759	85,710
Fund balance, beginning			440	440
Fund balance, ending	\$ (22,00	<u>0)</u> <u>\$ (80,951)</u>	\$ 5,199	<u>\$ 86,150</u>

# Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability Year Ended June 30, 2023

Year ended June 30,	Employer Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Employer Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Covered Payroll	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
Municipal E	Employees' Retire	ement System			
2014	0.043217%	202,900	338,783	59.9%	76.94%
2015	0.463961%	315,330	299,768	105.2%	68.71%
2016	0.342063%	283,539	253,129	112.0%	62.11%
2017	0.322849%	279,341	236,639	118.0%	63.49%
2018	0.268788%	227,349	199,195	114.1%	65.60%
2019	0.296734%	259,587	226,845	114.4%	66.14%
2020	0.328685%	297,863	254,721	116.9%	66.26%
2021	0.346580%	200,777	266,353	75.4%	79.14%
2022	0.338010%	296,768	271,747	109.2%	69.56%
Municipal P	olice Employees	'Retirement Syste	em		
2020	0.005495%	50,787	16,972	299.2%	70.94%
2021	0.012909%	68,812	39,385	174.7%	84.09%
2022	0.012999%	132,873	40,131	331.1%	70.80%

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. See independent auditor's report and notes to required supplementary information.

# Schedule of Employer Pension Contributions Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Cantagar 11	Contributions in Relation to	Carry'l Airm		Contributions
V	Contractually	Contractual	Contribution	C1	as a % of
Year ended	Required	Required	Deficiency	Covered	Covered
June 30,	Contribution	Contribution	(Excess)	Payroll	Payroll
	oloyees' Retiremen				
2015	28,478	28,478	-	299,768	9.50%
2016	24,047	24,047	-	253,129	9.50%
2017	26,360	26,360	-	239,639	11.00%
2018	26,393	26,393	-	199,195	13.25%
2019	31,758	31,758	-	226,845	14.00%
2020	35,661	35,661	-	254,721	14.00%
2021	41,285	41,285	-	266,353	15.50%
2022	42,121	42,121	-	271,747	15.50%
2023	45,604	45,604	-	294,216	15.50%
Municipal Polic	e Employees' Reti	rement System			
2020	5,516	5,516	-	16,972	32.50%
2021	13,292	13,292	-	39,385	33.75%
2022	11,939	11,939	-	40,131	29.75%
2023	22,584	22,584	-	72,267	31.25%

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. See independent auditor's report and notes to required supplementary information.

## Notes to Required Supplementary Information

# (1) Budgetary Basis of Accounting

The budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted or as finally amended by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen. The level of budgetary control is the fund level.

# (2) Budget Adoption

The Town follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- A. The Mayor prepares a proposed budget and submits it to the Board of Aldermen for the fiscal year no later than fifteen days prior to the beginning of each fiscal year.
- B. A summary of the proposed budget is published, and the public notified that the proposed budget is available for public inspection. At the same time, a public hearing is called.
- C. A public hearing is held on the proposed budget at least ten days after publication of the call for the hearing.
- D. After holding of the public hearing and completion of all action necessary to finalize and implement the budget, the budget is adopted through passage of a resolution prior to the commencement of the fiscal year for which the budget is being adopted.
- E. Budgetary amendments involving the transfers of funds from one department, program, or function to another or involving increases in expenditures resulting from revenues exceeding amounts estimated require the approval of the Board of Aldermen.
- F. All budgetary appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.

## (3) Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations

For the year ended June 30, 2023, expenditures exceeded appropriations in the 1/2% Sales Tax Collections Fund by \$4,614.

#### (4) Retirement Systems

## A. Municipal Employees' Retirement System

1. Changes of benefit terms – There were no changes of benefit terms

# Notes to Required Supplementary Information (continued)

# 2. Changes of assumptions –

Year ended June 30,	Discount Rate	Investment Rate of Return	Inflation Rate	Expected Remaining Service Lives	Projected Salary Increase
2015	7.75%	7.75%	3.00%	4	5.8%
2016	7.50%	7.50%	2.88%	4	5.0%
2017	7.50%	7.50%	2.88%	4	5.0%
2018	7.40%	7.40%	2.78%	4	5.0%
2019	7.28%	7.28%	2.60%	3	5.0%
2020	7.00%	7.00%	2.50%	3	4.9% - 7.4%
2021	6.95%	6.95%	2.50%	3	4.9% - 7.4%
2022	6.85%	6.85%	2.50%	3	4.9% - 7.4%
2023	6.85%	6.85%	2.50%	3	4.9% - 7.4%

# B. Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System

1. Changes of benefit terms – There were no changes of benefit terms.

# 2. Changes of assumptions –

Year ended June 30,	Discount Rate	Investment Rate of Return	Inflation Rate	Expected Remaining Service Lives	Projected Salary Increase
2020	7.13%	7.13%	2.50%	4	4.25% - 9.75%
2021	6.95%	6.95%	2.50%	4	4.7% - 12.3%
2022	6.75%	6.97%	2.50%	4	4.7% - 12.3%
2023	6.75%	6.75%	2.50%	4	4.7% - 12.3%

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year end.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# Justice System Funding Schedule - Collecting/Disbursing Entity Year Ended June 30, 2023

	First Six Month Period Ended 12/31/2022	Second Six Month Period Ended 6/30/2023
Beginning Balance of Amounts Collected	\$	\$ 164
Add: Collections Criminal Fines and Costs	19,980	53,485
Less: Disbursements to Governments and Nonprofits Louisiana Supreme Court, Criminal Fines - Other Acadiana Criminalistics Lab, Criminal Fines - Other Louisiana Commission on Law Enforcement, Criminal Fines - Other Louisiana State Treasurer CMIS, Criminal Fines - Other	50 230 180 267	109 340 425 681
LA Dept of Health & Hospitals THI/SCI, Criminal Fines - Other	90	355 1,910
Less: Amounts Retained by Collecting Agency Amounts "Self-disbursed" to Collecting Agency - Criminal Fines	18,999	51,192
Subtotal Disbursements/Retainage	19,816	53,102
Ending Balance of Amounts Collected but not Disbursed/Retained	\$ 164	\$ 547

See independent auditor's report.

OTHER INFORMATION

# TOWN OF BALDWIN, LOUISIANA Nonmajor Governmental Funds

# Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2023

	Special Revenue		Capital Projects Fund	
			Flood	
			Protection	Total
			Levee	Nonmajor
	3/10%	LCDBG	System	Governmental
	Sales Tax	Housing	Project	Funds
ASSETS				
Cash and interest bearing deposits	\$106,138	\$ 2,956	\$ 36	\$ 109,130
Accounts receivable	14,483	-	-	14,483
Total assets	\$120,621	\$ 2,956	\$ 36	\$ 123,613
FUND BALANCES				
Fund balances -				
Restricted	<u>\$120,621</u>	<u>\$ 2,956</u>	\$ 36	\$ 123,613

See independent auditor's report.

# TOWN OF BALDWIN, LOUISIANA Nonmajor Governmental Funds

# Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Special		Debt	Capital	
	Revenue		Service	Projects	
	Funds		Fund	Fund	
				Flood	
				Protection	Total
				Levee	Nonmajor
	3/10%	LCDBG	Bond	System	Governmental
	Sales Tax	Housing	Sinking	Project	Funds
Revenues:					
Taxes	\$ 92,541	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 92,541
Interest	712				712
Total revenues	93,253				93,253
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in	-	-	21,306	-	21,306
Transfers out	(100,000)				(100,000)
Total other financing sources					
(uses)	(100,000)		21,306		(78,694)
Net changes in fund balances	(6,747)	-	21,306	-	14,559
Fund balances (deficit), beginning	127,368	2,956	(21,306)	36	109,054
Fund balances, ending	\$120,621	\$ 2,956	<u>\$</u>	\$ 36	\$ 123,613

See independent auditor's report.

INTERNAL CONTROL, COMPLIANCE, AND OTHER MATTERS

# **KOLDER, SLAVEN & COMPANY, LLC**

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Clarence Vappie, Mayor and Members of the Board of Aldermen Town of Baldwin, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Baldwin (hereinafter "Town") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 28, 2023.

#### Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Town's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses which are described in the accompanying schedule of audit results and findings as items 2023-001 and 2023-002.

## **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of audit results and findings as items 2023-003, 2023-004, and 2023-005.

## **Town's Response to Findings**

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the Town's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule audit results and findings. The Town's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

## **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. In accordance with Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Louisiana Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC Certified Public Accountants

Morgan City, Louisiana December 28, 2023

## Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### Part I. Findings reported in accordance with Government Auditing Standards:

#### A. Internal Control-

2022-001 - Segregation of Duties

CONDITION: Accounting and financial functions are not adequately segregated.

RECOMMENDATION: Due to the size of the operation and the cost-benefit of additional personnel, it may not be feasible to achieve complete segregation of duties.

STATUS: This condition is unresolved. See current year finding 2023-001.

2022-002 – Material Financial Statement Adjustments

CONDITION: Misstatements in the financial statements were not prevented, nor detected and corrected by the Town's internal control resulting in proposed audit adjustments material to the financial statements.

RECOMMENDATION: We recommend the Town design and implement policies and procedures or follow implemented policies and procedures which provide assurance to the fair presentation of the financial statements.

STATUS: This condition is unresolved. See current year finding 2023-002.

## 2022-003 – Controls Over Fuel Purchases

CONDITION: The Town's police department maintains multiple means for purchasing fuel. Fuel may be purchased using a gas fleet card service or an invoicing system established with a local vendor. The Town's public works department uses one gas fleet card service. However, certain metrics, such as odometer readings, are often excluded or inaccurately reported.

RECOMMENDATION: We recommend that the Town implement policies and procedures that would allow management or employees to prevent, detect or correct misstatements on a timely basis. The Town should consider utilizing the available evaluations provided by the fleet service such as cost per mile and miles per gallon or evaluate fuel purchases inhouse to identify excessive purchases.

STATUS: This condition has been resolved.

#### B. Compliance-

2022-004 - Written Minutes

CONDITION: The Town failed to publish minutes in its official journal for one of its public meetings held during the year, and did not adopt the official journal at the first meeting in.

# Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings (continued) Year Ended June 30, 2023

RECOMMENDATION: We recommend that the Town prepare written minutes for all public meetings held and ensure that these minutes are furnished to the official journal for publication within twenty days of the meeting.

STATUS: This condition reoccurred. See current year finding 2023-003.

2022-005 – Annual Reporting of Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund (SLFRF) Expenditures

CONDITION: The Town did not submit the Annual Project and Expenditure Report to the U.S. Department of the Treasury in accordance with the established requirements.

RECOMMENDATION: We recommend that the Town review the final rule issued by the Department of the Treasury on the SLFRF to prevent future noncompliance.

STATUS: This condition reoccurred. See current year finding 2023-004.

2022-006 – Local Government Budget Act

CONDITION: Budget variance sin excess of 5% were incurred in the general Fund, 1% Sales Tax Fund, and ½% Sales Tax Fund.

RECOMMENDATION: We recommend that the Town monitor activity to ensure compliance with the Local Government Budget Act.

STATUS: This condition reoccurred. See current year finding 2023-005.

## C. Management Letter-

2022-ML-1 Ordinance Book

CONDITION: The ordinance book is neither complete nor up to date.

Louisiana Revised Statute (RS) 33:406(D)(1) states "The municipal clerk shall keep a book entitled "Ordinances, Town (or Town, or Village) of ......" In which he shall file the original of every ordinance which has been adopted by the board immediately after its passage and attach a note to the ordinance stating the date of its enactment and a reference to the book and page of the board's minutes containing the record of its adoption."

RECOMMENDATION: We recommend that the Town maintain the Ordinance book in accordance with state statute.

STATUS: Comment is again reported in a separate letter to management dated December 28, 2023.

# Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings (continued) Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### 2022-ML-2 Confidential Records

CONDITION: Third parties may have access to confidential records maintained in the Town's police department.

Louisiana Revised Statute (RS) 44:4.1 provides certain exceptions, exemptions and limitations to the laws pertaining to public records. Further, Attorney General Opinion No. 06-0007 concluded that the Children's Code privacy provisions supersede the public records doctrine with regard to non-victim complainants and the general public.

RECOMMENDATION: We recommend that the Chief of Police seek legal guidance regarding third party access to records that may be exempted from the public records laws.

STATUS: This condition has been resolved.

# Schedule of Audit Results and Findings Year Ended June 30, 2023

# Part I. Summary of Auditor's Results

Fi	nancial Statements		
1.	Type of auditor's opinion issued on financial statement	s:	
			Type of
	Opinion Unit		Opinion
	Governmental activities		Unmodified
	Business-type activities		Unmodified
	Major fund:		
	General		Unmodified
	1% Sales tax collection		Unmodified
	3/4% Sales tax collection		Unmodified
	1/2% Sales tax collection		Unmodified
	American rescue plan act		Unmodified
	Utility		Unmodified
	Aggregate remaining fund information		Unmodified
2.	Internal control over financial reporting:		
	Material weakness(es) identified?	✓ yes	no
	Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	yes	✓ none reported
3.	Noncompliance material to the financial statements?	yes	no
4.	Management letter issued?	✓ yes	no

# Schedule of Audit Results and Findings (continued) Year Ended June 30, 2023

## Part II: Findings reported in accordance with Governmental Auditing Standards

A. Internal Control-

2023-001 - Segregation of Duties

Year Initially Occurring: Unknown

CONDITION: Accounting and financial functions are not adequately segregated.

CRITERIA: Internal control is a process – effected by those charged with governance, management, and other personnel – designed to provide reasonable assurance about the achievement of objectives with regard to reliability of financial reporting, effectiveness and efficiency of operations, and compliance with applicable laws and regulations. The Town's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that pertain to the Town's ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial data consistent with the assertions embodied in financial statements.

CAUSE: The cause of the conditions is the result of a failure to design and implement policies and procedures necessary to achieve adequate internal control.

EFFECT: Failure to adequately segregate accounting and financial functions increases the risk that errors and/or irregularities including fraud and/or defalcations may occur and not be prevented and/or detected.

RECOMMENDATION: Due to the size of the operation and the cost-benefit of additional personnel, it may not be feasible to achieve complete segregation of duties.

2023-002 - Material Financial Statement Adjustments

Year Initially Occurring: Unknown

CONDITION: Misstatements in the financial statements were not prevented, nor detected and corrected by the Town's internal control resulting in proposed audit adjustments material to the financial statements.

CRITERIA: Internal control is a process – effected by those charged with governance, management, and other personnel – designed to provide reasonable assurance about the achievement of objectives with regard to reliability of financial reporting, effectiveness and efficiency of operations, and compliance with applicable laws and regulations. The Town's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that pertain to the Town's ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial data consistent with the assertions embodied in financial statements.

Such internal controls allow management to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis.

CAUSE: The condition results from the failure to design and implement or follow implemented policies and procedures which provide assurance that the financial statements are not misstated.

# Schedule of Audit Results and Findings (continued) Year Ended June 30, 2023

EFFECT: Material audit adjustments were necessary to correct misstatements in the financial statements.

RECOMMENDATION: We recommend the Town design and implement policies and procedures or follow implemented policies and procedures which provide assurance to the fair presentation of the financial statements.

## B. Compliance-

2023-003 – Written Minutes

Year Initially Occurring: 2020

CONDITION: The Town failed to timely publish in its official journal minutes of its public meetings held during the year. Further, the Town did not adopt the official journal at the first meeting of June.

CRITERIA: LA R.S. 42:11-28 et seq., "the Open Meetings Law", regulates meetings of public bodies. It is designed to ensure that decisions by public bodies are made in an open forum and that all interested persons be provided the right to observe deliberations of public bodies, except in cases established by law.

R.S. 42:20 requires that all public bodies keep written minutes of all their open meetings. The minutes are required to document (1) the date, time, and place of the meeting, (2) members of the public body present or absent, (3) the substance of all matters decided and, at the request of any member, a record by individual member of any votes taken, and (4) any other information the public body requests be included or reflected in the minutes.

R.S. 42:20 notes that the minutes shall be public records and shall be available within a reasonable time after the meeting. For municipal corporations, parish governments, and school boards, R.S. 43:144 requires that minutes be submitted to the official journal within twenty days after the meeting.

CAUSE: The condition results from a failure of the Town to furnish the minutes to its official journal for publication.

EFFECT: The Town may be noncompliant with the Open Meetings Law.

RECOMMENDATION: We recommend that the Town prepare written minutes for all public meetings held and ensure that the minutes are furnished to the official journal for publication within twenty days of the meeting. We also recommend that the Town adopt the official journal at the first meeting in June.

#### TOWN OF BALDWIN, LOUISIANA

# Schedule of Audit Results and Findings (continued) Year Ended June 30, 2023

2023-004 - Annual Reporting of Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund (SLFRF) Expenditures

Year Initially Occurring: 2022

CONDITION: The Town submitted the Annual Project and Expenditure Report to the U.S. Department of the Treasury that included expenditures reimbursed by the State Capital Outlay program.

CRITERIA: On May 17, 2021, the Secretary of the Treasury adopted the final rule on the SLFRF established under the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA). Provisions of the final rule required submission of an annual project and expenditure report for all nonentitlement units (NEUs) of local governments.

CAUSE: Failure to comply with reporting requirements.

EFFECT: The Town over reported expenditures of approximately \$68,000.

RECOMMENDATION: We recommend that the Town review the final rule issued by the Department of the Treasury on the SLFRF to prevent future noncompliance.

2023-005 – Local Government Budget Act

Year Initially Occurring: 2022

CONDITION: Budget variance in excess of 5% of revenues was incurred in the American Rescue Plan Act Fund.

CRITERIA: LSA-RS 39:1311 et seq, Budget Authority and Control, section A. (2) and B, provide for the following, respectively:

- "A. The adopted budget and any duly authorized adopted amendments shall form the framework from which the chief executive or administrative officers and members of the governing authority of the political subdivision shall monitor revenues and control expenditures. The chief executive or administrative officer for a political subdivision subject to public participation shall advise the governing authority or independently elected official in writing when:
- (1) Total revenue and other sources plus projected revenue and other sources for the remainder of the year, within a fund, are failing to meet total budgeted revenues and other sources by five percent or more.
- B. The written notification as required by this Section as well as any responsive action taken by the governing authority or independently elected official shall be transmitted to and retained by the chief executive or administrative officer. The written notification as required by this Section and the resulting budget amendment shall only be statutorily required for a special revenue fund with anticipated expenditures that equal or exceed five hundred thousand dollars.

## TOWN OF BALDWIN, LOUISIANA

# Schedule of Audit Results and Findings (continued) Year Ended June 30, 2023

Furthermore, only the written notification of Paragraph (A)(2) of this Section shall be required for special revenue funds whose revenues are expenditure driven."

CAUSE: The condition results from budgeting for unearned revenue.

EFFECT: The Town may be noncompliant with certain provisions of the Local Government Budget Act.

RECOMMENDATION: We recommend that the Town monitor activity to ensure compliance with the Local Government Budget Act.

Part III: Findings and questioned costs for Federal awards defined in the Uniform Guidance

This section is not applicable for the year ended June 30, 2023.

# CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR CURRENT AUDIT FINDINGS APPENDIX A

December 28, 2023

Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC 1201 David Drive Morgan City, LA 70381

The following is in response to the findings resulting from the Town of Baldwin's audit for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

2023-001 - Segregation of Duties

**Findings:** Accounting and financial funtions are not adequately secregated.

**Response:** We have evaluated the cost-benefit of hiring additional personnel to achieve complete segregation of duties and determined that, due to the size of the organization, it would not be cost effective. Duties will continue to be segregated to the extent possible and compensating controls utilized in absence of segregation of duties.

2023-002 - Material Financial Statement Adjustments

**Findings:** Misstatements in the financial statements were not prevented, nor detected and corrected by the Town's internal control resulting in proposed audit adjustments material to the financial statements.

Response: Accounts will be scrutinized for misstatements and errors will be corrected in a timely manner.

2023-003- Written Minutes

**Findings:** The Town failed to timely publish in its official journal minutes of its public meetings held during the year. Further, the Town did not adopt the official journal at the first meeting of June.

**Response:** Procedures to ensure written minutes are timely published will be implemented. Additionally, the Town will adopt the official journal at the first meeting of June of each year.

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The Town adopted the official journal in January and will adopt at the first meeting of June 90.08 forward.

<u>2023-004</u> - Annual Reporting of Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds (SLFRF) Expenditures

**Findings:** The Town submitted the Annual Project and Expenditure Report to the U.S. Department of the Treasury that included expenditures reimbursed by the State Capital Outlay program.

**Response:** The Town will review the Final Rule issued by the Secretary of the Treasury to ensure future compliance with reporting requirements.

2023-005 - Local Government Budget Act

**Findings:** Budget Variances in excess of 5% of revenues was incurred in the American Rescue Plan Act Fund.

**Response:** The budget variance is due to anticipated recognition of revenues for expenditures not yet incurred. The Town willcontinue to monitor activity to ensure compliance with the Local Government Budget Act.

Sincerely,

Clarence Vappie, Mayor

Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures

Fiscal period July 1, 2022 through June 30, 2023

# **KOLDER, SLAVEN & COMPANY, LLC**

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# INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES TO CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE AREAS IDENTIFIED BY THE LOUISIANA LEGISLATIVE AUDITOR

The Honorable Clarence Vappie, Mayor, Honorable Members of the Board of Aldermen Town of Baldwin, Louisiana, and Louisiana Legislative Auditor

We have performed the procedures enumerated below on the control and compliance areas identified in the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's (LLA's) Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures (SAUPs) for the fiscal period July 1, 2022 through June 30, 2023. The management of the Town of Baldwin (hereinafter "Town") is responsible for those control and compliance areas identified in the SAUPs.

An agreed-upon procedures engagement involves the performing of specific procedures that the Town has agreed to and acknowledged to be appropriate on those control and compliance areas identified in the LLA's SAUPs for the fiscal period July 1, 2022 through June 30, 2023 and report on exceptions based upon the procedures performed. Additionally, the LLA has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate for its purposes. However, this report may not be suitable for any other purpose. The procedures performed may not address all the items of interest to a user of this report and may not meet the needs of all users of this report and, as such, users are responsible for determining whether the procedures performed are appropriate for their purposes.

The procedures and associated exceptions, if any, are as follows:

## 1) Written Policies and Procedures

NOTE: The Town does not have written policies and procedures. Therefore, the procedures below are not applicable.

- A. Obtain and inspect the entity's written policies and procedures and observe whether they address each of the following categories and subcategories if applicable to public funds and the entity's operations:
  - i. **Budgeting**, including preparing, adopting, monitoring, and amending the budget.
  - ii. **Purchasing,** including (1) how purchases are initiated, (2) how vendors are added to the vendor list, (3) the preparation and approval process of purchase requisitions and purchase orders, (4) controls to ensure compliance with the Public Bid Law, and (5) documentation required to be maintained for all bids and price quotes.
- iii. *Disbursements*, including processing, reviewing, and approving.

- iv. **Receipts/Collections**, including receiving, recording, and preparing deposits. Also, policies and procedures should include management's actions to determine the completeness of all collections for each type of revenue or agency fund additions (e.g., periodic confirmation with outside parties, reconciliation to utility billing after cutoff procedures, reconciliation of traffic ticket number sequences, agency fund forfeiture monies confirmation).
- v. **Payroll/Personnel**, including (1) payroll processing, (2) reviewing and approving time and attendance records, including leave and overtime worked, and (3) approval process for employee rates of pay or approval and maintenance of pay rate schedules.
- vi. *Contracting*, including (1) types of services requiring written contracts, (2) standard terms and conditions, (3) legal review, (4) approval process, and (5) monitoring process.
- vii. *Travel and Expense Reimbursement*, including (1) allowable expenses, (2) dollar thresholds by category of expense, (3) documentation requirements, and (4) required approvers.
- viii. Credit Cards (and debit cards, fuel cards, purchase cards, if applicable), including (1) how cards are to be controlled, (2) allowable business uses, (3) documentation requirements, (4) required approvers of statements, and (5) monitoring card usage (e.g., determining the reasonableness of fuel card purchases).
- ix. *Ethics*, including (1) the prohibitions as defined in Louisiana Revised Statute (R.S.) 42:1111-1121, (2) actions to be taken if an ethics violation takes place, (3) system to monitor possible ethics violations, and (4) a requirement that documentation is maintained to demonstrate that all employees and officials were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy.
- x. **Debt Service**, including (1) debt issuance approval, (2) continuing disclosure/EMMA reporting requirements, (3) debt reserve requirements, and (4) debt service requirements.
- xi. Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity, including (1) identification of critical data and frequency of data backups, (2) storage of backups in a separate physical location isolated from the network, (3) periodic testing/verification that backups can be restored, (4) use of antivirus software on all systems, (5) timely application of all available system and software patches/updates, and (6) identification of personnel, processes, and tools needed to recover operations after a critical event.
- xii. *Prevention of Sexual Harassment*, including R.S. 42:342-344 requirements for (1) agency responsibilities and prohibitions, (2) annual employee training, and (3) annual reporting.

### 2) Board or Finance Committee

- A. Obtain and inspect the board/finance committee minutes for the fiscal period, as well as the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or equivalent document in effect during the fiscal period, and
  - i. Observe that the board/finance committee met with a quorum at least monthly, or on a frequency in accordance with the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or other equivalent document.
    - No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.
  - ii. For those entities reporting on the governmental accounting model, observe whether the minutes referenced or included monthly budget-to-actual comparisons on the general fund, quarterly budget-to-actual, at a minimum, on proprietary funds, and semi-annual budget- to-actual, at a minimum, on all special revenue funds.
    - No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.

- iii. For governmental entities, obtain the prior year audit report and observe the unassigned fund balance in the general fund. If the general fund had a negative ending unassigned fund balance in the prior year audit report, observe that the minutes for at least one meeting during the fiscal period referenced or included a formal plan to eliminate the negative unassigned fund balance in the general fund.
  - Obtained the prior year audit report and observed the unassigned fund balance in the general fund was not negative.
- iv. Observe whether the board/finance committee received written updates of the progress of resolving audit finding(s), according to management's corrective action plan at each meeting until the findings are considered fully resolved.
  - Observed no written updates received by the council on the progress of resolving audit finding(s), according to management's corrective action plan.

## 3) Bank Reconciliations

- A. Obtain a listing of entity bank accounts for the fiscal period from management and management's representation that the listing is complete. Ask management to identify the entity's main operating account. Select the entity's main operating account and randomly select 4 additional accounts (or all accounts if less than 5). Randomly select one month from the fiscal period, obtain and inspect the corresponding bank statement and reconciliation for each selected account, and observe that:
  - Obtained a listing of bank accounts for the fiscal period from management and management's representation that the listing is complete. Management identified the main operating account, and four (4) additional accounts were randomly selected. Obtained and inspected the corresponding bank statements and reconciliations for each account.
  - i. Bank reconciliations include evidence that they were prepared within 2 months of the related statement closing date (e.g., initialed and dated or electronically logged);
    - No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.
  - ii. Bank reconciliations include written evidence that a member of management or a board member who does not handle cash, post ledgers, or issue checks has reviewed each bank reconciliation (e.g., initialed and dated, electronically logged); and
    - *No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.*
- iii. Management has documentation reflecting it has researched reconciling items that have been outstanding for more than 12 months from the statement closing date, if applicable.
  - Documentation reflecting that management has researched reconciling items that have been outstanding for more than 12 months could not be obtained for one (1) of the five (5) bank accounts selected.

### 4) Collections (excluding electronic funds transfers)

- A. Obtain a listing of deposit sites for the fiscal period where deposits for cash/checks/money orders (cash) are prepared and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 deposit sites (or all deposit sites if less than 5).
  - Obtained a listing of deposit sites for the fiscal period where deposits for cash/checks/money orders (cash) are prepared and management's representation that the listing is complete. Selected the Town's one (1) deposit site.

B. For each deposit site selected, obtain a listing of collection locations and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one collection location for each deposit site (e.g., 5 collection locations for 5 deposit sites), obtain and inspect written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if there are no written policies or procedures, then inquire of employees about their job duties) at each collection location, and observe that job duties are properly segregated at each collection location such that:

Obtained a listing of collection locations for the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Selected the Town's one (1) collection location.

- i. Employees responsible for cash collections do not share cash drawers/registers;
  - No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.
- ii. Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not also responsible for preparing/making bank deposits, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling collection documentation (e.g., pre-numbered receipts) to the deposit;

The employee responsible for preparing/making bank deposits also collects cash in the absence of both primary collectors with no other employee/official responsible for reconciling collection documentation.

iii. Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not also responsible for posting collection entries to the general ledger or subsidiary ledgers, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling ledger postings to each other and to the deposit; and

The employee responsible for posting collection entries to the general ledger also collects cash in the absence of both primary collectors with no other employee/official responsible for reconciling ledger postings to each other and the deposit.

iv. The employee(s) responsible for reconciling cash collections to the general ledger and/or subsidiary ledgers, by revenue source and/or agency fund additions, is (are) not also responsible for collecting cash, unless another employee/official verifies the reconciliation.

The employee responsible for reconciling cash collections to the general ledger also collects cash in the absence of both primary collectors with no other employee/official responsible for verifying the reconciliation.

C. Obtain from management a copy of the bond or insurance policy for theft covering all employees who have access to cash. Observe that the bond or insurance policy for theft was in force during the fiscal period.

Obtained from management a copy of the insurance policy for theft covering all employees who have access to cash and observed that the insurance policy for theft was enforced during the fiscal period.

- D. Randomly select two deposit dates for each of the 5 bank accounts selected for Bank Reconciliations procedure #3A (select the next deposit date chronologically if no deposits were made on the dates randomly selected and randomly select a deposit if multiple deposits are made on the same day). Obtain supporting documentation for each of the 10 deposits and:
  - i. Observe that receipts are sequentially pre-numbered.
    - No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.
  - ii. Trace sequentially pre-numbered receipts, system reports, and other related collection documentation to the deposit slip.
    - No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.
- iii. Trace the deposit slip total to the actual deposit per the bank statement.
  - No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.

iv. Observe that the deposit was made within one business day of receipt at the collection location (within one week if the depository is more than 10 miles from the collection location or the deposit is less than \$100 and the cash is stored securely in a locked safe or drawer).

One (1) of the deposits selected was made two (2) business days after collection. One (1) of the deposits selected was made four (4) business days after collection. No other exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.

v. Trace the actual deposit per the bank statement to the general ledger.

No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.

# 5) Non-Payroll Disbursements (excluding card purchases, travel reimbursements, and petty cash purchases)

- A. Obtain a listing of locations that process payments for the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 locations (or all locations if less than 5).
  - Obtained a listing of locations that process payments and management's representation that the listing is complete. Selected the Town's one (1) location.
- B. For each location selected under procedure #5A above, obtain a listing of those employees involved with non-payroll purchasing and payment functions. Obtain written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if the agency has no written policies and procedures, then inquire of employees about their job duties), and observe that job duties are properly segregated such that:
  - i. At least two employees are involved in initiating a purchase request, approving a purchase, and placing an order or making the purchase;
    - No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.
  - ii. At least two employees are involved in processing and approving payments to vendors;
    - No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.
- iii. The employee responsible for processing payments is prohibited from adding/modifying vendor files, unless another employee is responsible for periodically reviewing changes to vendor files;
  - No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.
- iv. Either the employee/official responsible for signing checks mails the payment or gives the signed checks to an employee to mail who is not responsible for processing payments; and
  - No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.
- v. Only employees/officials authorized to sign checks approve the electronic disbursement (release) of funds, whether through automated clearinghouse (ACH), electronic funds transfer (EFT), wire transfer, or some other electronic means.
  - Employees/officials authorized to sign checks do not approve the electronic disbursement (release) of funds, whether through automated clearinghouse (ACH), electronic funds transfer (EFT), wire transfer, or some other electronic means.
- C. For each location selected under procedure #5A above, obtain the entity's non-payroll disbursement transaction population (excluding cards and travel reimbursements) and obtain management's representation that the population is complete. Randomly select 5 disbursements for each location, obtain supporting documentation for each transaction, and
  - Obtained the Town's non-payroll disbursement transaction population and management's representation that the population is complete. Randomly selected five (5) disbursements for the Town's one (1) location that processes payments.

- i. Observe whether the disbursement, whether by paper or electronic means, matched the related original itemized invoice and supporting documentation indicates that deliverables included on the invoice were received by the entity, and
  - No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.
- ii. Observe whether the disbursement documentation included evidence (e.g., initial/date, electronic logging) of segregation of duties tested under procedure #5B above, as applicable.
  - Selected disbursements did not evidence that two or more employees were involved in initiating a purchase request, approving a purchase, and placing an order/making the purchase. One (1) of the five (5) disbursements was processed in accordance with the Town's policies regarding routine/recurring disbursements.
- D. Using the entity's main operating account and the month selected in Bank Reconciliations procedure #3A, randomly select 5 non-payroll-related electronic disbursements (or all electronic disbursements if less than 5) and observe that each electronic disbursement was (a) approved by only those persons authorized to disburse funds (e.g., sign checks) per the entity's policy, and (b) approved by the required number of authorized signers per the entity's policy. Note: If no electronic payments were made from the main operating account during the month selected the practitioner should select an alternative month and/or account for testing that does include electronic disbursements.

The Town does not have procedures in place requiring electronic disbursements to be approved by those persons authorized to disburse funds.

## 6) Credit Cards/Debit Cards/Fuel Cards/Purchase Cards

- A. Obtain from management a listing of all active credit cards, bank debit cards, fuel cards, and purchase cards (cards) for the fiscal period, including the card numbers and the names of the persons who maintained possession of the cards. Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete.
  - Obtained from management a listing of all active credit cards, bank debit cards, fuel cards, and purchase cards, including the card numbers, the names of the persons who maintained possession of the cards, and management's representation that the listing is complete.
- B. Using the listing prepared by management, randomly select 5 cards (or all cards if less than 5) that were used during the fiscal period. Randomly select one monthly statement or combined statement for each card (for a debit card, randomly select one monthly bank statement). Obtain supporting documentation, and
  - i. Observe whether there is evidence that the monthly statement or combined statement and supporting documentation (e.g., original receipts for credit/debit card purchases, exception reports for excessive fuel card usage) were reviewed and approved, in writing (or electronically approved) by someone other than the authorized card holder (those instances requiring such approval that may constrain the legal authority of certain public officials, such as the mayor of a Lawrason Act municipality, should not be reported); and
    - Evidence that the selected statements were reviewed and approved by someone other than the authorized cardholder could not be obtained.
  - ii. Observe that finance charges and late fees were not assessed on the selected statements.
    - No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.

C. Using the monthly statements or combined statements selected under procedure #6B above, excluding fuel cards, randomly select 10 transactions (or all transactions if less than 10) from each statement, and obtain supporting documentation for the transactions (e.g., each card should have 10 transactions subject to inspection). For each transaction, observe that it is supported by (1) an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased, (2) written documentation of the business/public purpose, and (3) documentation of the individuals participating in meals (for meal charges only). For missing receipts, the practitioner should describe the nature of the transaction and observe whether management had a compensating control to address missing receipts, such as a "missing receipt statement" that is subject to increased scrutiny.

The one (1) applicable transaction was not supported by written documentation of the business/public purpose.

# 7) Travel and Travel-Related Expense Reimbursements (excluding card transactions)

A. Obtain from management a listing of all travel and travel-related expense reimbursements during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing or general ledger is complete. Randomly select 5 reimbursements and obtain the related expense reimbursement forms/prepaid expense documentation of each selected reimbursement, as well as the supporting documentation. For each of the 5 reimbursements selected

Obtained a listing of all travel and travel-related expense reimbursements during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly selected five (5) reimbursements.

- i. If reimbursed using a per diem, observe that the approved reimbursement rate is no more than those rates established either by the State of Louisiana or the U.S. General Services Administration (www.gsa.gov);
  - No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.
- ii. If reimbursed using actual costs, observe that the reimbursement is supported by an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased;
  - No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.
- iii. Observe that each reimbursement is supported by documentation of the business/public purpose (for meal charges, observe that the documentation includes the names of those individuals participating) and other documentation required by Written Policies and Procedures procedure #1A(vii); and
  - One (1) of the reimbursements selected was not supported by documentation of the business purpose. One (1) of the reimbursements for meals charges did not include the names of all individuals participating. No other exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.
- iv. Observe that each reimbursement was reviewed and approved, in writing, by someone other than the person receiving reimbursement.
  - Expense reimbursements selected were not supported by documentation evidencing review and approval of the reimbursement.

#### 8) Contracts

A. Obtain from management a listing of all agreements/contracts for professional services, materials and supplies, leases, and construction activities that were initiated or renewed during the fiscal period. Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 contracts (or all contracts if less than 5) from the listing, excluding the practitioner's contract, and

Obtained management's representation that there were no agreements/contracts for professional services, materials and supplies, leases, and construction activities that were initiated or renewed during the fiscal period. Therefore, the procedures below are not applicable.

- i. Observe whether the contract was bid in accordance with the Louisiana Public Bid Law (e.g., solicited quotes or bids, advertised), if required by law;
- ii. Observe whether the contract was approved by the governing body/board, if required by policy or law (e.g., Lawrason Act, Home Rule Charter);
- iii. If the contract was amended (e.g., change order), observe that the original contract terms provided for such an amendment and that amendments were made in compliance with the contract terms (e.g., if approval is required for any amendment, the documented approval); and
- iv. Randomly select one payment from the fiscal period for each of the 5 contracts, obtain the supporting invoice, agree the invoice to the contract terms, and observe that the invoice and related payment agreed to the terms and conditions of the contract.

# 9) Payroll and Personnel

- A. Obtain a listing of employees and officials employed during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 employees or officials, obtain related paid salaries and personnel files, and agree paid salaries to authorized salaries/pay rates in the personnel files.
  - Obtained a listing of all employees and officials employed during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly selected five (5) employees or officials. Paid salaries could not be agreed to authorized salaries/pay rates in personnel files.
- B. Randomly select one pay period during the fiscal period. For the 5 employees or officials selected under procedure #9A above, obtain attendance records and leave documentation for the pay period, and
  - i. Observe that all selected employees or officials documented their daily attendance and leave (e.g., vacation, sick, compensatory);
    - No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure, as applicable.
  - ii. Observe whether supervisors approved the attendance and leave of the selected employees or officials;
    - Supervisor's approval of attendance and leave was not documented for two (2) of the five (5) employees selected.
- iii. Observe that any leave accrued or taken during the pay period is reflected in the entity's cumulative leave records; and
  - No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.

- iv. Observe the rate paid to the employees or officials agrees to the authorized salary/pay rate found within the personnel file.
  - Four (4) of the five (5) employees or officials selected did not have an authorized salary/pay rate within the personnel file. The fifth employee selected was paid at a rate other than the authorized rate maintained in the personnel file.
- C. Obtain a listing of those employees or officials that received termination payments during the fiscal period and management's representation that the list is complete. Randomly select two employees or officials and obtain related documentation of the hours and pay rates used in management's termination payment calculations and the entity's policy on termination payments. Agree the hours to the employee's or official's cumulative leave records, agree the pay rates to the employee's or official's authorized pay rates in the employee's or official's personnel files, and agree the termination payment to entity policy.
  - Obtain a listing of those employees or officials that received termination payments during the fiscal period and management's representation that the list is complete. Selected the one (1) employee and observed that the employee was paid at a rate other than the authorized rate maintained in the personnel file. No other exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.
- D. Obtain management's representation that employer and employee portions of third-party payroll related amounts (e.g., payroll taxes, retirement contributions, health insurance premiums, garnishments, workers' compensation premiums, etc.) have been paid, and any associated forms have been filed, by required deadlines.

Obtained management's representation that all amounts have been paid, and any associated forms have been filed, by required deadlines.

### 10) Ethics

- A. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from Payroll and Personnel procedure #9A obtain ethics documentation from management, and
  - i. Observe whether the documentation demonstrates that each employee/official completed one hour of ethics training during the calendar year as required by R.S. 42:1170; and
    - No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.
  - ii. Observe whether the entity maintains documentation which demonstrates that each employee and official were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy during the fiscal period, as applicable.
    - *N/A* The Town has not formally adopted an ethics policy.
- B. Inquire and/or observe whether the agency has appointed an ethics designee as required by R.S. 42:1170.

The Town has not appointed an ethics designee as required by R.S. 42:1170.

# 11) Debt Service

- A. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes and other debt instruments issued during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all debt instruments on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that State Bond Commission approval was obtained for each debt instrument issued as required by Article VII, Section 8 of the Louisiana Constitution.
  - Obtained management's representation that there were no bonds/notes and other debt instruments issued during the fiscal period.
- B. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes outstanding at the end of the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one bond/note, inspect debt covenants, obtain supporting documentation for the reserve balance and payments, and agree actual reserve balances and payments to those required by debt covenants (including contingency funds, short-lived asset funds, or other funds required by the debt covenants).
  - Obtained management's representation that there were no bonds/notes and other debt instruments outstanding at the end of the fiscal period.

## 12) Fraud Notice

- A. Obtain a listing of misappropriations of public funds and assets during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all misappropriations on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that the entity reported the misappropriation(s) to the legislative auditor and the district attorney of the parish in which the entity is domiciled as required by R.S. 24:523.
  - Obtained management's representation that there were no misappropriations of public funds and assets during the fiscal period.
- B. Observe that the entity has posted, on its premises and website, the notice required by R.S. 24:523.1 concerning the reporting of misappropriation, fraud, waste, or abuse of public funds.
  - The Town does have a website. No other exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.

### 13) Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity

- A. Perform the following procedures:
  - i. Obtain and inspect the entity's most recent documentation that it has backed up its critical data (if there is no written documentation, then inquire of personnel responsible for backing up critical data) and observe evidence that such backup (a) occurred within the past week, (b) was not stored on the government's local server or network, and (c) was encrypted.
    - We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management.
  - ii. Obtain and inspect the entity's most recent documentation that it has tested/verified that its backups can be restored (if there is no written documentation, then inquire of personnel responsible for testing/verifying backup restoration) and observe evidence that the test/verification was successfully performed within the past 3 months.
    - We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management.

iii. Obtain a listing of the entity's computers currently in use and their related locations, and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 computers and observe while management demonstrates that the selected computers have current and active antivirus software and that the operating system and accounting system software in use are currently supported by the vendor.

We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management.

B. Randomly select 5 terminated employees (or all terminated employees if less than 5) using the list of terminated employees obtained in procedure #9C. Observe evidence that the selected terminated employees have been removed or disabled from the network.

We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management.

# 14) Prevention of Sexual Harassment

A. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from Payroll and Personnel procedure #9A, obtain sexual harassment training documentation from management, and observe that the documentation demonstrates each employee/official completed at least one hour of sexual harassment training during the calendar year as required by R.S. 42:343.

Documentation demonstrating completion of at least one hour of sexual harassment training during the calendar year was not provided for the five (5) employees selected.

- B. Observe that the entity has posted its sexual harassment policy and complaint procedure on its website (or in a conspicuous location on the entity's premises if the entity does not have a website).
  - Not Applicable The Town has not formally adopted a sexual harassment policy.
- C. Obtain the entity's annual sexual harassment report for the current fiscal period, observe that the report was dated on or before February 1, and observe that the report includes the applicable requirements of R.S. 42:344:

The Town did not prepare the annual sexual harassment report in accordance with R.S. 42:344. Therefore, the procedures below are not applicable.

- i. Number and percentage of public servants in the agency who have completed the training requirements;
- ii. Number of sexual harassment complaints received by the agency:
- iii. Number of complaints which resulted in a finding that sexual harassment occurred;
- iv. Number of complaints in which the finding of sexual harassment resulted in discipline or corrective action; and
- v. Amount of time it took to resolve each complaint.

### Management's Response

The Town concurs with the exceptions and is working to address the deficiencies identified.

Town of Baldwin Page 12

We were engaged by the Town to perform this agreed-upon procedures engagement and conducted our engagement in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and applicable provisions of *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the United States Comptroller General. We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination or review engagement, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion or conclusion, respectively, on those control and compliance areas identified in the SAUPs. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion or conclusion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

We are required to be independent of the Town and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements related to our agreed-upon procedures engagement.

This report is intended solely to describe the scope of testing performed on those control and compliance areas identified in the SAUPs, and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on control or compliance. This report is intended solely for the information of and use by the Town's management and the LLA and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. In accordance with Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the LLA as a public document.

Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC
Certified Public Accountants

Morgan City, Louisiana December 28, 2023

# **KOLDER, SLAVEN & COMPANY, LLC**

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## MANAGEMENT LETTER

The Honorable Clarence Vappie, Mayor and Members of the Board of Aldermen Town of Baldwin, Louisiana

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the Town of Baldwin, Louisiana (hereinafter "Town"), in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Town's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control or on its compliance with provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control or on compliance.

During our audit we became aware of matters involving internal control or compliance that is summarized below for your consideration. Communication of the matters presents an opportunity for strengthening the Town's internal control or improving its compliance with laws, regulations, contracts, or grant agreements or other matters. Our opinions dated December 28, 2023 on the Town's financial statements are not affected by these matters. Our comments are not intended to reflect upon the ability or integrity of the Town's personnel.

#### 2023-ML-1 Ordinance Book

The ordinance book is neither complete nor up to date.

Louisiana Revised Statute (RS) 33:406(D)(1) states "The municipal clerk shall keep a book entitled "Ordinances, City (or Town, or Village) of ......" In which he shall file the original of every ordinance which has been adopted by the board immediately after its passage and attach a note to the ordinance stating the date of its enactment and a reference to the book and page of the board's minutes containing the record of its adoption."

We recommend that the Town continue with efforts to recreate the ordinance books and timely file all newly adopted ordinances in accordance with state statute.

Town of Baldwin Management Letter

Our audit procedures are designed primarily to enable us to form an opinion on the financial statements and therefore may not identify all weaknesses in policies and procedures or incidents of noncompliance that may exist. We aim, however, to use our knowledge of the Town's operations gained during our work to make comments and suggestions that we hope will be useful to you.

We will review the status of this comment during our next audit engagement. We have already discussed the comment and suggestion with various Town personnel, and we will be pleased to discuss them in further detail at your convenience.

This communication is intended solely for the information and use of the Town's management and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We would like to express our appreciation to you for the courtesies and assistance rendered to us in the performance of our audit. Should you have any questions or need additional assistance, please feel free to contact us.

KOLDER, SLAVEN & COMPANY, LLC
Certified Public Accountants

Morgan City, Louisiana December 28, 2023

December 28, 2023

Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC 1201 David Dr. Morgan City, LA 70380

The following is in response to the management letter resulting from the Town of Baldwin's audit for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

## 2023-ML-1 Ordinance Book not Maintained

The ordinance book is neither complete nor up to date. Louisiana Revised Statute (RS) 33:406(D)(1) states "The municipal clerk shall keep a book entitled "Ordinances, City (or Town, or Village) of ......" In which he shall file the original of every ordinance which has been adopted by the board immediately after its passage and attach a note to the ordinance stating the date of its enactment and a reference to the book and page of the board's minutes containing the record of its adoption".

We recommend that the Town continue with efforts to recreate the ordinance books and timely file all newly adopted ordinances in accordance with state statute.

It has come to our attention that an Ordinance book from a previous administration is missing and cannot be located. The town has begun revamping the ordinance books and is currently recreating (without signatures) the missing ordinances.

Sincerely,

Clarence Vappie, Mayor