CALCASIEU PARISH VOLUNTARY COUNCIL ON THE AGING, INC. Lake Charles, Louisiana

Financial Statements June 30, 2021

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Board of Directors Calcasieu Parish Voluntary Council on the Aging, Inc. Lake Charles, Louisiana

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Calcasieu Parish Voluntary Council on the Aging, Inc., as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Council's financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Calcasieu Parish Voluntary Council on the Aging, Inc. as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information on pages 42 through 47 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basis financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of the financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purposes of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Calcasieu Parish Voluntary Council on the Aging, Inc.'s basic financial statements. The schedule of non-major funds and comparative schedule of general fixed assets on pages 49 and 50 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedule of non-major funds and comparative schedule of general fixed assets are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, In our opinion, the schedule of non-major funds and comparative schedule of general fixed assets are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures; including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated December 3, 2021 on our consideration of Calcasieu Parish Voluntary Council on the Aging, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Calcasieu Parish Voluntary Council on the Aging, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Broussard and Company

Lake Charles, Louisiana December 3, 2021 **GOVERNMENT WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

Government Wide Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

	Primary Government						
	-	vernmental Activities		Business Type Activities		Total	
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	121,856	\$	207,014	\$	328,870	
Accounts receivable		26,894		3,524		30,418	
Grants and contracts receivables		21,203		-		21,203	
Due from other funds		590,767		140,990		731,757	
Other Assets		-		-		-	
Construction-in-progress		146,819		-		146,819	
Capital assets, net		339,054				339,054	
Total Assets	\$	1,246,593	\$	351,528	\$	1,598,121	
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	\$	174,480	\$	-	\$	174,480	
Accrued payroll		37,300		-		37,300	
Other payables		15,784		-		15,784	
Compensated absences payable		50,728		-		50,728	
Due to other funds		140,990		590,767		731,757	
PPP loan payable		202,196		-		202,196	
Long-term liabilities:						=	
Current portion		8,425		-		8,425	
Non-current portion		129,771				129,771	
Total Liabilities		759,674		590,767		1,350,441	
NET POSITION							
Investment in capital assets, net of debt		347,677		-		347,677	
Unrestricted		139,242		(239,239)		(99,997)	
Total Net Position		486,919		(239,239)		247,680	
Total Liabilities and Net Position		1,246,593		351,528		1,598,121	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Government Wide Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2021

							Prog	gram Revenues			Net (Expense) Reve (Decreases) ir	enue and Increases Net Position	
							Opera	ting Grants and	Capital Grants and		Governmental	Business Type	
	Direct Exp	enses	Indirect Ex	penses	Charges	for Services		ntributions	Contributions		Activities	Activities	Total
Function / Programs													
Primary Government													
Government Activities													
Health, Welfare & Social Services:													
Supportive services:													
Homemaker		3,367		20,531	\$	449	\$	37,826	\$ -	\$	(25,623)	\$ -	\$ (25,623)
Information and assistance		4,581		11,637		-		21,440	-		(14,778)	-	(14,778)
Legal assistance		5,807		-		-		3,438	-		(2,369)	-	(2,369)
Outreach		8,588		8,800		-		16,213	-		(11,175)	-	(11,175)
Other sub-priority services		7,680		3,636		-		6,699	-		(4,617)	-	(4,617)
Recreation		1,275		604		-		1,112	-		(767)	-	(767)
Transportation		2,421		76,894		252		141,667	-		(97,396)	-	(97,396)
Telephoning	1	4,915		7,061		-		13,009	-		(8,967)	-	(8,967)
Nutrition services:											-		
Congregate meals	9	0,466		42,829		-		185,554	-		52,259	-	52,259
Home delivered meals		7,055	2	82,662		6,073		547,784	-		(325,860)	-	(325,860)
Disease prevention & health promotion		8,023		3,798		-		10,605	-		(1,216)	-	(1,216)
National family caregiver support	8	6,124		17,010		-		121,940	-		18,806	-	18,806
Long-term care ombudsman	7	4,334		35,191		-		82,025	-		(27,500)	-	(27,500)
Prescription assistance	9	2,445		43,766		-		94,595	•		(41,616)	-	(41,616)
Utility assistance		-		-		-		-	-		•	-	-
Multi-purpose senior centers	17	3,574		82,175		-		199,093	-		(56,656)	-	(56,656)
Administration	12	6,631		64,682		51,249		701,351	-		461,287		 461,287
Total governmental activities	1,52	7,286		01,276		58,023		2,184,350			(85,189)		 (86,189)
Business-Type Activities:													
Bingo	1,85	5,167		-		1,838,129		-	-		-	(17,038)	(17,038)
Bingeaux Café				-					-				
Total business-type activities	1,85	5,167		-		1,838,129			-		-	(17,038)	 (17,038)
Total Primary Government	\$ 3,38	32,453	\$ 8	01,276	\$	1,896,152	\$	2,184,350	\$ -	\$_	(86,189)	\$ (17,038)	\$ (103,227)
						Revenues:							
								t restricted to spe	ecific programs		-	-	-
					Paych	eck Protection	n Progran	m grant income			-	-	-
					Misce	llaneous					181,379	-	181,379
					Transf								
									181,379	-	 181,379		
									(17,038)	78,152			
						tion - beginnir		r		_	391,729	(222,201)	 169,528
					Net posi	tion - end of y	ear			<u>\$</u>	486,919	\$ (239,239)	\$ 247,680

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2021

	Gar	neral Fund	Ti+l	le III B	Ti+la	e III C-1	Titls	e III C-2	Major Inds		Total
ASSETS		ierai i aria		e iii o	- 1100	; III C-1		: III C-Z	 ilius		TOTAL
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	121,856	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	121,856
Accounts receivable	,	26,894		-		_	· ·	_	-	•	26,894
Grants and contracts receivable		21,203		-		-		-	-		21,203
Due from other funds		590,767		-		_		-	-		590,767
Other assets		-		-		-		-			
Total Assets	\$	760,720	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	760,720
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES											
LIABILITIES											
Accounts payable	\$	174,480	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	174,480
Accrued payroll		37,300		-		-		-	-		37,300
Other payables		15,784		-		-		-	-		15,784
Due to other funds		140,990		-		-		-	-		140,990
PPP loan payable		202,196		-				-	 -		202,196
Total Liabilities		570,750				-		-	 <u> </u>		570,750
FUND BALANCES											
Unassigned		189,970			.			-	 -		189,970
Total Fund Balances		189,970		-	_	-		-	 -		189,970
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	760,720	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	i	
Amounts reported for governmental activity	ties in sta	atement of ne	et assets	are differe	nce becau	se:					
· Capital assets used in governmental activi not reported as assets in the governme			esources	s and there	efore are					\$	485,873
 Long-term liabilities are not due and paya reported in the governmental funds 	ble in th	e current yea	r and the	erefore are	e not						(138,196)
·Compensated absences are not paid for o are not reported as liabilities in the gov			resource	es and the	refore						(50,728)
Net position of governmental activities										\$	486,919

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2021

	General Fu	und	Т	itle III B	Tit	ie III C-1	Tif	de III C-2	Non-l	Major Funds		Total
REVENUES												
Intergovernmental:												
Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs	\$	-	\$	241,403	\$	185,554	\$	467,529	\$	772,506	\$	1,666,992
LA Department of Insurance		-		-		-		-		1,763		1,763
LA Department of Transportation & Development	80	0,000		-		-		-		-		80,000
Calcasieu Parish Police Jury	83	3,332		-		-		-		-		83,332
City of Sulphur	24	4,750		-		-		-		=		24,750
Public Support:												-
Contributions - unrestricted	7:	1,106		-		-		-		46,254		117,360
Contributions - restricted	500	0,000		-		-		-		-		500,000
United Way of Southwest Louislana	78	8,325		-		-		-		-		78,325
Utility company assistance program		-		-		~		-		777		777
Client contributions	4:	2,704		701		-		6,073		-		49,478
Paycheck Protection Program grant income		·-		-		=		-		=		-
Program service fees:												-
Local and miscellaneous	139	9,597		_		-		-		_		139,597
Total Revenues		9,814		242,104		185,554		473,602		821,300		2,742,374
EXPENDITURES												
Health, Welfare & Social Services												
Current:												
Salaries	16	6,977		215.368		30,051		215,192		349,650		827,238
Fringe		2.055		26,067		3.637		26,046		42,321		100,126
Travel	•	46		1,808		34		1,126		323		3,337
Operating services	2:	3,558		112,551		27,608		171,144		128,688		463,549
Operating supplies		4.974		21,997		4,148		74,442		62,063		167,624
Other costs		4,588		24,199		67,817		391,766		56,079		674,449
Full service contracts	15-	-,500		5,807		0,,01.		-		50,197		56,004
Meals		2,975		5,007				_		50,157		2,975
Utility assistance	•	2,513						_				2,5,5
Debt service - principal and interest		-		-						_		
	100	5,173		407,797		133,295		879,716		689,321		2,295,302
Total Expenditures	183	5,1/3		407,797		133,233		0/3,/10		089,321		2,233,302
Evene (deficion m) of	00.	A C 11		(165,693)		52,259		(406,114)		131,979		447,072
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	834	4,641		(103,035)		32,239		(400,114)		121,979		447,072
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)												
Operating transfers in				165,693				406,114		116,653		688,460
	100	-		105,095		(53.250)		400,114				
Operating transfers out	(89:	3,956)				(52,259)				(248,632)		(1,194,847)
T-1-1-41	100	0.000		465 500		(50.350)		405.114		(124.070)		(coc aga)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(89)	3,956)		165,693		(52,259)		406,114		(131,979)		(506,387)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over	4	1										(50.005)
expenditures and other financing sources (uses)	(5)	9,315}		-		-		-		-		(59,315)
FUND BALANCES												240 205
Beginning of year		9,285			_			-			_	249,285
End of year	\$ 18	9,970	\$		\$		\$	-	\$		\$	189,970

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2021

Net increase in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ (59,315)
Reconciling items:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeds capital outlay in the current period.	133.344
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of principal of long-term debt consumes current financial resources. This is the amount by which debt service principal payments exceed debt proceeds.	7,235
Compensated absences is reported as an expense in the statement of activities, but as they do not require the use of current financial resources, they are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	 13,926
Increase in net assets of governmental activities	\$ 95,190

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2021

	Busin						
	Bin	go Account	Bing	geaux Café	Total		
ASSETS							
Current assets:							
Cash	\$	207,014	\$	-	\$	207,014	
Miscellaneous receivable		3,524		-		3,524	
Due from other funds				140,990		140,990	
Total current assets		210,538		140,990		351,528	
Non-current assets:							
Capital assets							
Equipment		-		-		-	
Furniture and fixtures		-		-		-	
Building improvements		-		-		-	
Land improvements		-		-		-	
Less: accumulated depreciation		-		_			
Property and equipment, net		-		-			
Total assets	\$	210,538	\$	140,990	\$	351,528	
LIABILITIES							
Current liabilities:							
Other payables		_		_		-	
Current portion of note payable		-		-		-	
Current portion of capital lease payable		_		-		-	
Due to other funds		590,767		-		590,767	
Total current liabilities		590,767		-		590,767	
Long-term liabilities:							
Note payable		_		-		_	
Total long-term liabilities							
Total liabilities		590,767		<u></u>		590,767	
NET POSITION							
Invested in capital assets, net of debt		-		-		_	
Unrestricted		(380,229)		140,990		(239,239)	
Total Net Position	\$	(380,229)	\$	140,990	\$	(239,239)	

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Bingo /	Bingea	ux Café	Total		
OPERATING REVENUES Charges for sales and services Rental income	\$:	1,838,129 -	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	1,838,129 -
Total operating revenue		,838,129		-		1,838,129
OPERATING EXPENSE						
Cost of sales and services		1,521,283		-		1,521,283
Salaries		164,275		-		164,275
Fringe		19,883		-		19,883
Travel		63		-		63
Operating services		36,933		-		36,933
Operating supplies		15,007		-		15,007
Other costs		102,080		-		102,080
Meals		-		-		-
Depreciation		-		-		-
Total operating expenses		1,859,524		-		1,859,524
Operating income		(21,395)		-		(21,395)
NON-OPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSES)						
Interest expense		-		-		
Total non-operating expenses		-		-		-
Income before transfers		(21,395)		-		(21,395)
Transfers out		(69,299)		73,656		4,357
Net transfers		(69,299)		73,656		4,357
Change in net assets		(90,694)		73,656		(17,038)
Net position, beginning		(289,535)		67,334		(222,201)
Net position, ending	\$	(380,229)	\$	140,990	\$	(239,239)

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2021

		,, Em	nds	•		
		Proprietary		nes		
	—— Bir	ngo Account		aux Café		Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Cash received from customers	\$	1,838,129	\$	_	\$	1,838,129
Cash payments for cost of sales and prizes	7	(1,441,980)	Ÿ	_	7	(1,441,980)
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services		(136,339)		_		(136,339)
Cash payments to employees and professional contractors for services		(116,002)		_		(116,002)
The state of the s		(222/222)				(==3)==-
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		143,808				143,808
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Transfers in		(74,806)		-		(74,806)
Transfers out		(4,932)		-		(4,932)
Net cash provided (used) by non-capital financing activities		(79,738)		-		(79,738)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND CAPITAL RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Principal paid on capital debt		-		-		-
Purchase of capital assets		-		-		-
Payment of interest		-		-		
Net cash provided (used) by capital and capital related financing activities		_		_		
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		64,070		-		64,070
Cash - beginning of year		142,944		_		142,944
Cash - end of year	\$	207,014	\$	_	\$	207,014
Describer for the second						
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash						
provided by operating activities:	\$	(17,038)	Ś		Ś	(17,038)
Operating income	Ş	(17,038)	Þ	-	Þ	(17,036)
Add: depreciation expense Add: loss on disposal of assets		- 170,235		_		- 170,235
Increase (decrease) in current liabilities:		170,233		-		1/0,235
Other current liabilities		(9,389)		_		(9,389)
Other current habilities		(5,565)		-		(5,565)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	143,808	\$	-	\$	143,808

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Fund Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Progressive Jackpot		
ASSETS				
Cash	\$	134,957		
Total Assets	\$	134,957		
NET POSITION Held in trust for payment to progressive game winners	 \$	134,957		

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Fund Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Progressive Jackpot
ADDITIONS	
Deposits by session participants	\$ 39,074
Total additions	39,074
PERMITTIONS	
DEDUCTIONS	
Payments to game winners	22,317
Total deductions	22,317
Change in net assets	16,757
Net position - July 1, 2020	118,200
Net position - June 30, 2021	<u>\$ 13</u> 4,957

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

NOTE 1 - PURPOSE AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting and reporting policies of Calcasieu Parish Voluntary Council on the Aging, Inc. (the Council) conform to the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental and financial reporting principles. Governments are also required to follow the pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued through November 30, 1989 (when applicable) that do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The following is a summary of certain significant accounting polices used by the Council:

A. Purpose of the Council on Aging

The local councils on the aging were created under Act No. 456 of 1964 for the welfare of the aging people in their respective parishes. Chatters are issued by the Louisiana Secretary of State upon approval by the Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs (GOEA) and any other entity that provides the Council with federal or state funds.

The purpose of the Council is to afford an avenue for working out a more complete understanding of the problems, interests and desires of the elderly people of Calcasieu Parish, anyone who has attained the age of sixty (60) years shall be considered elderly; to develop plans for counseling the elderly about the problems of aging and to implement such plans; to develop and implement plans and programs of education whereby people who need to supplement their retirement income or those who wish to do so will be able to earn an income by their own efforts; to develop and implement plans and programs of education for the improvement of healthy, social and recreational welfare of elderly people to collect facts and statistics and make special studies of conditions pertaining to employment, health, financial status, recreation, social adjustment and other conditions affecting the welfare of the elderly of Calcasieu parish and to interpret such findings and make recommendations for improvement to the Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs.

B. Reporting Entity

In 1964, the State of Louisiana passed Act 456 authorizing the chatter of a voluntary council on aging for the welfare of the aging people in each parish of Louisiana. However, before the council on aging can begin operations in a specific parish, its application for a chatter must receive approval from the Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs pursuant to LA R.S. 46:1602. The functions of each council on aging in Louisiana must comply with the objectives of state laws and each council is governed by the policies and regulations established by GOEA.

The Calcasieu Parish Voluntary Council on the Aging, Inc. (Council) was incorporated in May 26, 1982.

A Board of Directors, consisting of 11 voluntary members that reside in Calcasieu Parish, governs the Council.

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NOTE 1 - PURPOSE AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Membership in the Council is open at all times, without restriction, to all residents of Calcasieu Parish who have reached the age of majority and who express an interest in the Council and wish to contribute to or share in its programs. Membership fees are not charged.

Based on the criteria set forth in GASB Statement 14, The Financial Reporting Entity, the Council is not a component unit of another primary government, nor does it have any component units that are related to it. In addition, based on the criteria set forth in this statement, the Council has presented its financial statements as a special purpose, standalone government; accordingly, it is applying the provisions of Statement 14 as if it were a primary government.

C. Presentation of Statements

The Council's basic financial statements consist of "government-wide" financial statements on all activities of the Council, which are designed to report the Council as a whole entity, and "fund" financial statements, which purpose are to report individual major governmental funds and combined nonmajor governmental funds.

Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either "governmental" or "business" type. The Council's functions and programs have all been categorized as "governmental" activities or "business" activities. The Council has a fiduciary fund but does not have any component units that are fiduciary in nature. Accordingly, the government-wide financial statements do not include any of these activities or funds.

D. Basic Financial Statements - Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities for all activities of the Council. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from these statements. The government-wide presentation focuses primarily on the sustainability of the Council as an entity and the change in its net position (financial position) resulting from the activities of the current fiscal year. Intergovernmental revenues primarily support governmental activities.

In the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position, the governmental type activities column and business-type activities column (a) are presented on a consolidated basis by column, (b) and are reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The Council's net position is reported in three parts - invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted net position; and unrestricted net position. Invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those capital assets. Restricted net position consists of net positions with constraints placed on the use either by (I) external groups such as creditors, grantors,

NOTE 1 - PURPOSE AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Unrestricted net position includes all other net positions that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt

The Statement of Net Position has been prepared on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The Council's net position is reported in three parts - invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted net position; and unrestricted net position.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the Council's functions and significant programs. Many functions and programs are supported by general government revenues like intergovernmental revenues, and unrestricted public support, particularly if the function or program has a net cost. The Statement of Activities begins by presenting gross direct and indirect expenses that include depreciation and amortization, and then reduces the expenses by related program revenues, such as charges for services, operating and capital grants, and restricted contributions, to derive the net cost of each function or program. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function or program to be used to directly offset its cost. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants, while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants.

Direct expenses reported in the Statement of Activities are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or program, whereas the Council allocates its indirect expenses among various functions and programs in accordance with OMB Circular A-87, Cost Principles for State, Local, and Indian Tribal Governments. The Statements of Activities shows this allocation in a separate column labeled "indirect expenses."

In the Statements of Activities, charges for services represent program revenues obtained by the Council when it renders services provided by a specific function or program to people or other entities. Unrestricted contributions, unrestricted grants, interest income and miscellaneous revenues that are not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues in the statement. Special items, if any, are significant transactions within the control of management that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence and are separately reported below general revenues. The Council did not have any material special items this year.

E. Basic Financial Statements – Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements present financial information very similar to that which was included in the general-purpose financial statements issued by governmental entities before GASB Statement No. 34 required the format change.

NOTE 1 - PURPOSE AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The daily accounts and operations of the Council continue to be organized using funds. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions relating to certain governmental functions or activities. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self- balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, equity, revenues, and expenditures. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

The Council uses governmental fund types. The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund statements) is on determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) rather than on net income. An additional emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental fund types. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Council or if its total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures are at least 10% of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type. In addition, management may also choose to report any other governmental fund as a major fund if it believes the fund is particularly important to financial statement users. The nonmajor funds are summarized by category fund type into a single column in the fund financial statements.

Governmental fund equity is called the fund balance. Fund balance is fll1iher classified on a hierarchy that shows, from the highest to the lowest, the level or form of constraints on fund balance and accordingly, the extent to which the Council is bound to honor them; non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

The following is a description of the governmental funds of the Council:

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the Council and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The following is a description of the programs or funding sources that comprise the Council's General Fund:

Local Programs and Funding are revenues that are not required to be accounted for in a specific program or fund. Accordingly, these revenues have been recorded in the local program of the General Fund. These funds are mostly unrestricted, which means they may be used at management's discretion. Expenditures to acquire fixed assets, and expenditures for costs not allowed by another program due to budget limitations or the nature of the expenditures, are charged to the local program. Because of their unrestricted nature, local funds are often transferred to other programs to eliminate deficits in cases where the expenditures of the other programs exceeded their revenues. In addition, capital outlay expenditures are usually made with local funds to minimize restrictions on the used and disposition of fixed assets.

NOTE 1 - PURPOSE AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

PCOA (Act 735) funds are appropriated annually for the Council by the Louisiana Legislature and remitted to the Council via the Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs (GOEA). The Council's management may use these "Act 735" funds at its discretion to fund any of its programs provided the program is benefiting elderly people (those who are at least 60 years old). In fiscal year 2021, the Council received this grant money into its General Fund and management transferred all \$106,842 of the PCOA funds to the Title III B Supportive Services Fund to help pay for program expenditures of that fund.

The Senior Center Fund is used to account for the administration of Senior Center program funds appropriated by the Louisiana Legislature to GOEA, which in turn "passes through" the funds to the Council. The purpose of this program is to provide a community service center at which elderly people can receive supportive social services and participate in activities which foster their independence, enhance their dignity, and encourage their involvement in and with the community. The Council operates four senior centers in Calcasieu Parish, Louisiana. Senior Center funds can be used at management's discretion to support any of the Council's programs that benefit the elderly.

The Supplemental Senior Center Fund was established to account for funds that were appropriated by the Louisiana Legislature for the various councils on aging throughout Louisiana to supplement each council's primary grant for senior center operations and activities. The Calcasieu Parish Voluntary Council on the Aging, Inc. was one of the parish councils to receive a supplemental grant of \$3,100. The money received by this fund during the year was transferred to the Title III B Fund to supplement the supportive services provided by this fund. GOEA provided these funds to the Council.

The Title III-C Area Agency Administration (AAA) Fund is used to account for some of the administrative costs associated with operating the Special Programs for the Aging.

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than special assessments and major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. Most of the Council's special revenue funds are provided by GOEA. The Title III funds are provided by the United States Department of Health and Human Services-Administration on Aging through the Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs which in turn "passes through" the funds to the Council.

The Council has established several special revenue funds. The following is a brief description of each special revenue fund's purpose:

NOTE 1 - PURPOSE AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Major Special Revenue Funds

The Title III B Fund accounts for funds which are used to provide various types of supportive social services to the elderly. GOEA has established the criteria for defining a qualifying unit of service for each Title III program. Specific supportive services, along with the number of units provided during the fiscal year, are as follows:

	Units
Homemaker	470
Information and assistance	1,052
Telephoning	7,531
Transportation	1,315
Legal assistance	128
Outreach	413
Recreation	7,390
Utility assistance	225
Material aid	887

The three main sources of revenue received this year that form the basis of this fund is a grant the Council received from GOEA for Special Programs for the Aging, Title III, Part B Supportive Services \$150,602, funding received from Louisiana Department of Transportation \$80,000 and restricted, voluntary contributions from the public \$21,294), including those people who actually received transportation and homemaker services.

Title III C-1 Fund receives funding from United States Department of Health and Human Services through the Louisiana Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs, which "passes through" the funds to the Council. This fund is used to account for funds which are used to provide nutritional, congregate meals to the elderly in strategically located centers. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the Council served about 12,788 congregate meals and also provided 280 units of nutritional education to eligible participants.

There was one main source of revenue received this year that forms the basis of this fund: Grants from GOEA for Special Programs for the Aging, Title III, Part C-1 Nutrition Services \$185,554.

The Title III C-2 Fund is used to account for funds that are used to provide nutritional meals to homebound people who are age 60 or older. Using Title III C-2 funds the Council served 118,328 meals during the year to people eligible to participate in this program.

NOTE 1 - PURPOSE AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

There were three main sources of revenue received this year that form the basis of this fund: Grants from GOEA for Special Programs for the Aging - Title III, Part C-2

Nutrition Services \$249,606, grants from Calcasieu Parish Police Jury \$83,332, and restricted, voluntary contributions from the public \$42,007, including those persons actually receiving home-delivered meal services. In addition, \$217,923 was received in Covid-19 related grants.

Non-Major Special Revenue Funds

The Title III D Fund is used to account for funds used for disease prevention and health promotion (wellness) activities. During the fiscal year 20 units of Health Promotion and Disease Prevention services were provided to eligible pat1icipants in this program. The main source of the revenue forming the basis for this fund is a grant the Council received from GOEA for Special Programs for the Aging, Title III, Part D - Disease Prevention and Health Promotion Services \$10,605.

The Title III E Fund is used to account for funds used to provide services, such as; (1) information to caregivers about available services, (2) assistance to caregivers in gaining access to the services, (3) individual counseling, (4) organizational suppot1 groups, (5) caregiver training to caregivers in making decisions and solving problems relating to their caregiving roles, (6) respite care to enable caregivers to be temporarily relieved from their caregiving responsibilities, and (7) supplemental services, on a limited basis, to complement the care provided by caregivers. Then number of units provided under the Title III E is as follows:

	Units
Information and assistance	34
Outreach	38
Material aid	21
In-home respite	1943
Support group	6
Public education	16
Personal care	358
Sitter	176

The main source of the revenue forming the basis for this fund is a grant the Council received from GOEA for the Title III, Pat1 E _National Family Caregivers Support Program \$78,128.

The Title III B - Ombudsman Fund is used to account for funds used to provide people age 60 and older residing in long-term facilities a representative to ensure that such residents' rights are upheld, to resolve complaints by residents with the management of the long-term care facility, and to promote quality care at the facility.

NOTE 1 - PURPOSE AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The N.S.I.P. Fund is used to account for the administration of Nutrition Services Incentives Program Funds provided by the Administration on Aging, United States Department of Health and Human Services through the Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs, which in turn "passes through" the funds to the Council. GOEA distributes N.S.I.P. funds to each parish council on aging in Louisiana based on how many meals each council on aging served in the previous year in relation to the total meals served statewide by all councils. Using this formula, the Council receives funding from GOEA for each congregate and homedelivered meal it serves. The primary purpose of the N.S.I.P. reimbursement is to provide money to buy food that will be used in the preparation of congregate and home-delivered meals under nutrition service programs. The food that is purchased for these purposes must be of United States origin or be commodities from the United States Department of Agriculture.

The SenioRx Program Fund is used to account for funds used to provide senior citizens access to medication via the Louisiana Senior Rx Program.

The Energy Fund is used to account for the administration of programs that are sponsored by local utility companies. The companies collect contributions from service customers and employees and remit the funds directly to the Council or to the Louisiana Association of Councils on Aging (LACOA), which in turn remits funds relating to the Calcasieu Parish Voluntary Council on the Aging, Inc. These funds are used to provide financial assistance to the elderly for the payment of their utility bills.

The MIPPA Fund is used to account for funds relating to supporting outreach and assistance efforts directed toward Medicare beneficiaries with limited incomes who may be eligible for Medicare Part D, Low-Income Subsidiary (LIS) and Medicare Savings Programs (MSP). The goal is to provide outreach to individuals in Calcasieu Parish, Louisiana with special emphasis on rural communities and to increase public awareness and enrollment into the benefits available under LIS and MSP.

Business-Type Funds

Proprietary Funds are accounted for on the flow of economic resources measurement focus and use the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred. The Council applies all Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements as well as the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The Council has not elected to apply those FASB pronouncements issued after November 30, 1989, for its proprietary activities. Proprietary funds included the following fund types:

CALCASIEU PARISH VOLUNTARY COUNCIL ON THE AGING NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended June 30, 2021

NOTE 1 - PURPOSE AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

<u>Enterprise funds</u> are used to account for those operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business or where management has decided that the determination of revenues earned, costs incurred and/or net income is necessary for management accountability.

The following enterprise funds are utilized by the Council:

Bingo Fund accounts for the income and expenses associated with the bingo sessions held at the Council's main location.

Bingeaux Cafe Fund accounts for the rental of the concession area during the various bingo sessions.

Fiduciary Funds account for assets held by the Council in a trustee capacity or as an agent on behalf of others. Trust funds account for assets held by the Council under the terms of a formal trust agreement.

The following funds are fiduciary funds:

The Progressive Jackpot Fund has been set up and held in trust for the bingo Session Sponsors. Amounts are deposited from each bingo session which accumulate and are disbursed when a bingo participant wins the blackout bingo game.

F. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Accrual Basis Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS):

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred. Regardless of the time of related cash flows.

NOTE 1 - PURPOSE AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Modified Accrual Basis-Fund Financial Statements (FFS):

Governmental fund level financial statements are reported using a current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. A current financial resources measurement focus means that only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the fund balance sheet. The operating statements of the funds present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other uses) in net current assets. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., when they are both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period.

For this purpose, the Council considers revenues to be "available" if they are collected within 60 days of the current fiscal year end. Expenditures are generally recorded under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred, if measurable, except for the following: (1) unmatured principal and interest on long-term debt, if any, are recorded when due, and (2) claims, judgments, and compensated absences are recorded as expenditures when paid with expendable available financial resources. Depreciation and amortization are costs that are not recognized in the governmental funds.

G. Interfund Activity

In the fund financial statements, interfund activity is reported as either loans or transfers. Loans between funds are reported as interfund receivables (due from) and payables (due to) as appropriate. Transfers represent a permanent reallocation of resources between funds. In other words, they are not expected to be repaid.

In the government-wide financial statements, all types of interfund transactions are eliminated when presenting the governmental activity information.

H. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash includes amounts in demand deposits, interest-bearing demand deposits, and petty cash. Cash equivalents include amounts in time deposits and those investments with original maturities of 90 days or less. Cash and cash equivalents are reported at their carrying amounts that equal their fair values.

NOTE 1 - PURPOSE AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

I. Receivables

The financial statements for the Council do not contain an allowance for uncollectible receivables because management believes all amounts will be collected. However, if management becomes aware of information that would change its assessment about the collectability of any receivable, management would write off the receivable as bad debt at that time.

J. Inventory

For proprietary funds, inventories are valued at cost, which approximates market, using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. The costs of governmental fund type inventories are recorded as expenditures when purchased rather than when consumed, whereas proprietary funds recorded them when consumed. The Council had no inventories at year end.

K. Prepaid Expenses / Expenditures

Prepaid expenses include amounts paid in advance for goods and services. Prepaid expenses are shown as either current or other assets on the government-wide Statement of Net Position, depending on when management expects to realize their benefits. In the fund financial statements, management has elected not to include amounts paid for future goods and services as expenditures until those services are consumed. This method of accounting for prepaid expenditures helps assure management that the costs incurred will be reported in accordance with the Council's cost reimbursement grants. These types of grants do not permit Council to obtain reimbursement for qualified expenditures until the goods and services relating to them are consumed. As a result, the prepaid expenditures are shown as an asset on the balance sheet of the fund financial statements until they are consumed. In addition, a corresponding amount of the fund balance of the General Fund has been classified as non-spendable to reflect the amount of fund balance not currently available for expenditure.

For purposes of presenting prepaid expenses in the government-wide statements, the Council will follow the same policy it uses to record prepaid expenditures in the fund financial statements with one exception. Disbursements made as "matching" payments to acquire vehicles that will be titled to another government are recorded as a prepaid expense and amortized in the Statement of Net position to better present the economies of this type of transaction and to keep from distorting the Council's transportation expenses in the Statement of Activities. In contrast, 100% of the "matching" payments are reported in the fund financial statements as intergovernmental expenditures when the vehicles are received.

NOTE 1 - PURPOSE AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

L. Capital Assets

The accounting and reporting treatment used for property, vehicles, and equipment (capital assets) depends on whether the capital assets are reported in the government-wide financial statements or the fund financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

Capital assets are long-lived assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of at least \$1,000 and have an estimated useful life of greater than one year. When purchased or acquired, these assets are recorded as capital assets in the government-wide statement of Net Position. If the asset was purchased, it is recorded in the books at its cost. If the asset was donated, then it is recorded at its estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Capital assets will also include major repairs to equipment and vehicles that significantly extend the asset's useful life. Routine repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred.

For capital assets recorded in the government-wide financial statements, depreciation is computed and recorded using the straight-line method for the asset's estimated useful life. The Council follows a guideline issued by the State of Louisiana's Office of Statewide Reporting and Accounting to establish the useful lives of the various types of capital assets that are depreciated and the method used to calculate annual depreciation.

Using this guideline, the estimated useful lives of the various classes of depreciable capital assets are as follows:

Building and improvements40 yearsEquipment5-7 yearsVehicles5 yearsComputers3 years

When calculating depreciation, the State's guidelines assumes that capital assets will not have any salvage value.

M. Non-Current (Long-Term) Liabilities

The accounting treatment of non-current liabilities depends on whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statement. In the government-wide financial statements, all non-current liabilities that will be repaid from governmental resources are repotted as liabilities. In the fund financial statements, non-current liabilities for governmental funds are not reported as liabilities or presented elsewhere in these statements.

NOTE 1 - PURPOSE AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

N. <u>Unpaid Compensated Absences</u>

The Council's policies for vacation time permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation leave. Accordingly, a liability for the unpaid vacation leave has been recorded in the Government-Wide Statements. Management has estimated the current and long-term portions of this liability based on historical trends. The amount accrued as the compensated absence liability was determined using the number of vested vacation hours for each employee multiplied by the employee's wage rate in effect at the end of the year.

In contrast, the governmental funds in the Fund Financial Statements report only compensated absence liabilities that are payable from expendable available financial resources to the extent that the liabilities mature (or come due for payment). Vacation leave does not come due for payment until an employee makes a request to use it or terminates employment with the Council. Accordingly, no amounts have been accrued as fund liabilities as of year-end in the Fund Financial Statements. The differences in the methods of accruing compensated absences create a reconciling item between the fund and government-wide financial statement presentations.

The Council's sick leave policy does not provide for the vesting of sick leave thereby requiring the employee to be paid for any unused leave upon termination of employment. Accordingly, no amounts have been accrued as unpaid compensated absences in the Government-Wide Financial Statements relative to sick leave.

O. Deferred Revenues

The Council reports deferred revenues on both the Statement of Net Position (government-wide) and the Balance Sheet (fund financial statements). Deferred revenues arise when the Council receives resources before it has a legal claim to them, subsequent periods, when the Council has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for deferred revenue is removed from the Statement of Net Position and the Fund Balance Sheet, whichever the case might be, and the revenue is recognized. The Council did not have any deferred revenue at year end.

P. Net Position in the Government-Wide Financial Statements

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, the Net Position amounts is classified and displayed in three components:

 Invested in capital assets- This component consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those capital assets. At year-end the Council had \$138,196 in borrowings that were related to capital assets.

CALCASIEU PARISH VOLUNTARY COUNCIL ON THE AGING NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended June 30, 2021

NOTE 1 - PURPOSE AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

- Restricted net position-This component consists of net position with constraints
 placed on the use either by (I) external groups such as creditors, grantors,
 contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through
 constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position This component consists of all other net positions that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets."

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Council's policy to use restricted resources first to finance its activities.

Q. Fund Equity-Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. GASB Statement 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions provides fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balance more transparent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- Non-spendable: This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The Council did not have any non-spendable resources as of year-end.
- Restricted: This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of resources are either:
 - Externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or
 - Imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed: This classification includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action (resolution) of the Council's board of directors, which is the Council's highest level of decision-making authority. These amounts cannot be used for any other purposes unless the board of directors removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements. The Council did not have any committed resources as of year-end.

CALCASIEU PARISH VOLUNTARY COUNCIL ON THE AGING NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended June 30, 2021

NOTE 1 - PURPOSE AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

- Assigned: This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the Council's intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent should be expressed by the Council's (1) board of directors, (2) its finance committee, or (3) an official, such as the executive director, to which the board of directors has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for a specific purpose. The Council did not have any assigned resources as of year- end.
- Unassigned: This classification is the residual fund balance of the General Fund.
 It also represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund.

When fund balance resources are available for a specific purpose in multiple classifications, the Council will generally use the most restrictive funds first in the following order: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned as they are needed. However, the Council's management reserves the right to selectively spend unassigned resources first and to defer the use of the other classified funds.

R. Management's Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results may differ from those estimates.

S. Allocation of Indirect Expenses

The Council reports all direct expenses by function and programs of functions in the Statement of Activities. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a function or program. Indirect expenses are recorded as direct expenses of the Administration function. GOEA provides funds to partially subsidize the Council's Administration function. The unsubsidized net cost of the Administration function is allocated using a formula that is based primarily on the relationship the direct cost a program bears to the direct cost of all programs. There are some programs that cannot absorb any indirect cost allocation according to their grant or contract limitations.

T. Elimination and Reclassifications

In the process of aggregating data for the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances in the funds were eliminated or reclassified. Interfund receivables and payables were eliminated to minimize the "grossing up" effect on assets and liabilities within the governmental activities column.

NOTE 1 - PURPOSE AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

U. Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through December 3, 2021, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

V. Change in Accounting Principle

On May 28,2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606). The standard prescribes a single model for revenue recognition, with a set of principles to be used for determining when revenue should be recognized. It also requires expanded disclosures about the nature, amount, and timing of revenue and cash flows. This standard was effective beginning January 1, 2019. The adoption of this new guidance did not have a material impact on the Council's financial statements.

NOTE 2 - REVENUE RECOGNITION

Revenues are recorded in the government-wide financial statements when they are earned under the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues are recorded in the fund financial statements using the modified accrual basis of accounting. In applying the susceptible to accrual concept using this basis of accounting, intergovernmental grant revenues, program service fees, and interest income must be both measurable and available. However, the timing and amounts of the receipts of public support and miscellaneous revenues are often difficult to measure; therefore, they are recorded as revenue in the period received.

The Older American Act of 1965 Title III programs operate under a performance-based contract. Title III program revenue is earned by the Council based on units of service provided within the guidelines of the related programs.

NOTE 3 – CASH MANAGEMENT AND DEPOSITS

The Council maintains a consolidated bank account which is available for use by all funds to deposit revenues and pay expenses. The purpose of this consolidated account is to reduce administration costs and facilitate cash management. The consolidated account also allows those funds with available cash resources to temporarily cover any negative cash balances in other funds. The Council also maintains another demand deposit account to manage its EFSP funds.

As described by Louisiana law, the Council is classified as a quasi-public entity. Accordingly, the Council is not required to comply with Louisiana laws relating to the collateralization of bank deposits. However, it is the Council's policy to follow state law in an effort to minimize risks associated with bank deposits that exceed those currently covered by FDIC insurance.

NOTE 3 - CASH MANAGEMENT AND DEPOSITS (Continued)

Cash is reported at its carrying value, which equals its fair value. At year-end, the combined carrying amount of the Council's cash balances on its books was \$328,870, whereas the related bank balances totaled \$364,469. The primary difference in these amounts relates to deposits made to and checks written on demand deposits accounts that have not yet cleared the bank accounts. At year-end, all of the bank balances were insured 100% by federal depository insurance.

Cash		Cost	F	air Value	Interest Rate	Maturity	Credit Risk Category
First Federal	\$	328,870	\$	328,870	None	Demand	Category 1
Petty Cash	-	-		-	None	N/A	None
Total Cash	\$	328,870	\$	328,870			
Unrestricted Purpose	\$	193,913					
Restricted Purpose:							
Progressive Jackpot		134,957					
Total Cash	\$	328,870					

As illustrated in the above table, some of the Council's cash and investments are restricted assets for presentation in the Statement of Net Position. Restricted assets include amounts received or earned by the Council with an explicit understanding between the Council and the resource providers that the resource would be used for a specific purpose.

NOTE 4 - ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable at June 30, 2021 consist of the following:

	 General	Proprietary		
Miscellaneous	\$ 26,894	\$	3,524	
	\$ 26,894	\$	3,524	

NOTE 5 - GOVERNMENT GRANTS AND CONTRACTS RECEIVABLE

Government grants and contracts receivable represent amounts owed to the Council under a grant award or contract with a provider of federal, state, or local funds; such amounts being measurable and available as of year-end.

Government grants and contracts receivable at year-end consist of reimbursements for expenses incurred under the following programs:

CALCASIEU PARISH VOLUNTARY COUNCIL ON THE AGING NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended June 30, 2021

NOTE 5 – GOVERNMENT GRANTS AND CONTRACTS RECEIVABLE (Continued)

Governmental Fund Provider	Fund	 Amount
Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs	General	\$ 387
Calcasieu Parish Police Jury	General	16,667
Louisiana DOTD	General	 4,149
		\$ 21,203

NOTE 6 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Because the Council operates its programs under cost reimbursement type grants, it has to pay for costs using its General Fund money and then request reimbursement for the advanced costs under the grant programs. Such advances create short-term interfund loans.

A summary of these interfund loans, at year-end, is as follows:

	Due From			Due To			
	Ot	her Funds	Other Funds				
General Fund	\$	590,767	\$	140,990			
Proprietary Funds							
Bingo		**		590,767			
Bingeaux Café		140,990		+			
Total	\$	731,757	\$	731,757			

NOTE 7 – CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS AND ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION

A summary of changes in capital assets and accumulated depreciation is as follows:

Capital Assets	Balance June 30, 2020		20 Increases _			Decreases	Balance June 30, 2021		
Building	\$	568,480	\$		\$	(568,480)	\$	· war	
Building improvements		310,240				(310,240)			
Equipment		324,979		**		(277,823)		47,156	
Furniture & equipment		28,713		-		(28,713)		-	
Land improvements		136,048		-		(136,048)		**	
Vehicles		214,075		114,755		(54,918)		273,912	
Subtotals		1,582,535		114,755		(1,376,222)		321,068	
Less: accumulated depreciation		(1,200,726)		(28,904)		1,059,516		(170,114)	
Land		188,100	<u></u>	<u>.</u>				188,100	
Net capital assets - governmental activities	\$	569,909	\$	85,851	\$	(316,706)	\$	339,054	

CALCASIEU PARISH VOLUNTARY COUNCIL ON THE AGING NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended June 30, 2021

NOTE 7 - CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS AND ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION (Continued)

Depreciation was charged to governmental activities totaling \$28,904 as administration expense.

NOTE 8 – GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES – LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2021 for the governmental activities of the Council.

			Principal					Dι	ie Within	
	Jul	y 1, 2020	Ac	ditions	Rec	ductions	Jun	e 30, 2021		ne Year
Note payable		145,431		•		(7,235)		138,196		8,425
Compensated absences payable		36,802		16,643		(2,717)		50,728		50,728
Total	\$	182,233	\$	16,643	\$	(9,952)	\$	188,924	\$	59,153

The liabilities for compensated absences have been reflected as current even though management is unsure as to the eventual payment date.

The notes payable consist of the following:

Mortgage payable to First Federal Bank, original amont of \$161,643, due in 180 monthly installments of \$1,350 with a maturity date of April 2, 2023, bearing interest at 5.75%, collateralized by land and a building.

\$ 138,196

The annual requirements to amortize all debt outstanding at June 30, 2021, including interest payments of \$13,830 are as follows:

Year Ending		
June 30,	Principal	 Interest
2022	8,425	7,771
2023	129,771	 6,059
	\$ 138,196	\$ 13,830

NOTE 9 - FUND BALANCES - FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Council did not have any utility assistance contributions that were unspent as of year-end. The donors restrict these contributions for specific purposes. Accordingly, management separately accounts for them in a special revenue fund to ensure accountability. Utility assistance fund balances are common amongst council on aging entities. Utility assistance is a supportive service rendered under the Council's Title III B program. Rather than commingle the accounting of the receipts and disbursements of the utility assistance within the Title III B fund, GOEA prefers that councils on aging use a separate fund that can facilitate the monitoring of the Title III B activity separately from the utility assistance activities.

The Council has assets that are restricted in their application by virtue of the donor's intention or commitments already entered into by the Council. These amounts are also reported as restricted fund balance. Other restricted assets arise because of gifts solicited and collected for a specific purpose by the Council. Other assets are restricted by the terms and nature of the grant. Finally, some assets represent "deposits" pledged to confirm the Council's intentions with respect to certain projects. Related accumulated income is included in some of the restricted balances

NOTE 10 - IN-KIND CONTRIBUTIONS

The Council received various in-kind contributions during the year. These amounts have been valued at their estimated fair market value for disclosure purposes. However, these amounts have not been reported in the financial statements.

A summary of the in-kind contribution and their respective assigned values is as follows:

Governmental Funds	 ialaries	perating Services	perating Supplies	 Rent	To	tal In-Kind
Senior Centers III C-1 Congregate Meals	\$ 84,324	\$ 30,732	\$ 15,192 -	\$ 214,500 169,800	\$	344,748 169,800
III B Supportive Services	 5,707	 346.	 ***	-		5,707
	\$ 90,031	\$ 30,732	\$ 15,192	\$ 384,300	\$	520,255

The Council received additional support through services contributed by volunteers that does not meet the criteria for recognition under generally accepted accounting principles because the Council would not hire additional paid employees to perform these services if volunteers were not available.

NOTE 11 - BOARD OF DIRECTORS' COMPENSATION

The Board of Directors is a voluntary board; therefore, no compensation has been paid to any member. However, board members are reimbursed for any out-of-pocket costs they might incur on behalf of the Council in accordance with the Council's applicable reimbursement policy.

NOTE 12 – INCOME TAX STATUS

The Council, a non-profit corporation, is exempt from federal income taxation under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, and as an organization that is not a private foundation as defined in Section 509(a) of the Code. It is also exempt from Louisiana income tax.

While the Council is exempt from federal income taxes, it is still subject to tax on unrelated business taxable income (UBTI) that is generated. The Council is liable for UBTI that was generated from instant bingo games (i.e. pull tabs), dauber sales, video bingo commissions, a portion of bingo session fees, video bingo operations, the operation of Bingeaux Cafe and unrelated debt financed income from the rental of the Bingo Hall.

Accounting Standards Codification 740 (ASC 740) requires that a tax position be recognized or derecognized based on a "more than not" threshold. This applies to positions taken or expected to be taken in a tax return where there is uncertainty about whether a tax position will ultimately be sustained upon examination. The Council has evaluated its tax position and determined that it does not have any uncet1ain tax positions that meet the requirements of ASC 740. Accordingly, implementation of ASC 740 did not have any impact on the accompanying financial statements.

NOTE 13 – CONTINGENCIES – GRANT PROGRAMS

The Council participates in a number of state and federal grant programs, which are governed by various rules and regulations. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the Council has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received and the collectability of any related receivable at year end may be impaired. In management's opinion, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing state and federal grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements for such contingencies. Audits of prior years have not resulted in any disallowed costs or refunds. Any costs that would be disallowed would be recognized in the period agreed upon by the grantor agency and the Council.

NOTE 14 – JUDGMENTS, CLAIMS AND SIMILAR CONTINGENCIES

As of the end of this fiscal year, the Council's management has no knowledge of any pending litigation, lawsuits, or claims against the Council. Furthermore, the Council's management believes that any unexpected lawsuits or claims that might be filed against the Council would be adequately covered by insurance or resolved without any material impact upon the Council's financial statements.

NOTE 15 - ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY

The Council receives the majority of its revenue through grants administered by the Louisiana Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs (GOEA). The grant amounts are appropriated each year by the federal, state and local governments. If significant budget cuts are made at the federal, state and/or local level, the amount of funds the Council receives could be reduced significantly and have an adverse impact on its operations. Management is not aware of any actions that will adversely affect the amount of funds the Council will receive in the next fiscal year.

While the funds presented as Proprietary Funds will serve to reduce the dependency by the Council on federal and state grants, the Council is still deemed to be primarily dependent on the above grants to provide the basic operating funds.

NOTE 16 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The Council is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; job related illnesses or injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Council has purchased commercial insurance to cover or reduce the risk of loss that might arise should one of these incidents occur. There have been no significant reductions in coverage from the prior year. No settlements were made during the current or prior three fiscal years that exceeded the Council's insurance coverage.

The Council's management has not purchased commercial insurance or made provision to cover or reduce the risk of loss, as a result of business interruption and certain acts of God, like floods or earthquakes.

NOTE 17 – CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Progressive Jackpot

Balance at June 30, 2020	\$ 116,800
Additions	20,000
Reductions	 (7,700)
Balance at June 30, 2021	\$ 129,100

NOTE 18 - OPERATING AND CAPITAL LEASES

The Council has entered into long-term leases for several vehicles. These leases do not meet the criteria established for capitalized lease reporting; therefore, the leases are reflected as operating leases. Terms of these leases are as follows:

	Mo	nthly	Number	Date Lease
	Pay	ments	of Months	Originated
(1) Vehicle	\$	518	38	12/15/2019
(1) Vehicle	\$	518	38	12/15/2019
(1) Vehicle	\$	664	38	12/15/2019

NOTE 18 - OPERATING AND CAPITAL LEASES (Continued)

Future minimum payments by year and in the aggregate, under these operating leases consist of the following at June 30, 2021:

Year Ending	
June 30,	Totals
2022	\$ 20,392
2023	1,196
Total	\$ 21,588

Lease expense totaled \$53,184 for the year ended June 30, 2021, which includes other incidental lease payments.

NOTE 19 - INTERFUND TRANSFERS

These amounts represent interfund transfers between funds to supplement current year programs:

				Funds tra	nsferr	ing in:						
	Ge	neral	Title	Title		Title						
	f	und	 111 B	 III C-2		III D	Om	budsman	5	SenioRx		Totals
Funds transferring of Governmental Funds: General Fund			\$ 165,693	\$ 406,114	\$	1,216	\$	29,149	\$	86,288	\$	688,460
Special Revenue:												
Title III C-1		æ	-	*		*		*		+		-
NSIP		*	-			at						•
MIPPA			-	*				•		•		
SenioRx		-	-	-		-		-		-		-
Proprietary Funds:												
Bingo		-	 -	 -			***************************************	-		-	***************************************	-
ר	Total <u>\$</u>	_	\$ 165,693	\$ 406,114	\$	1,216	\$	29,149	\$	86,288	\$	688,460

CALCASIEU PARISH VOLUNTARY COUNCIL ON THE AGING NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended June 30, 2021

NOTE 20 – RETIREMENT COMMITMENTS

Employees of the Council are participants in the Social Security system and retirement benefits are provided by that system.

Additionally, the Council established a 403(b) tax sheltered annuity plan effective September 1, 2001.

Any eligible employee shall be eligible to participate in salary reduction contributions hereunder on the date of such employee's employment with the employer. However, with respect to non-salary reduction contributions, any eligible employee who has completed one (1) year of service shall be eligible to participate hereunder as of the date such employee has satisfied such requirements.

For each plan year the employer shall contribute to the plan:

- a) The amount of the total salary reduction elections of all participants made shall be deemed an employer elective contribution.
- b) On behalf of each participant who is eligible to share in matching contributions for the Plan Year, a discretionary matching contribution equal to a uniform percentage of each such Participant's Deferred Compensation, the exact percentage, if any, to be determined each year by the Employer, which amount, if any, shall be deemed an Employer Non-Elective Contribution.
- c) All contributions by the Employer shall be made in cash.

Retirement expense totaled \$11,713 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

NOTE 21 - DEFICIT FUND BALANCES

The Bingo Account had a deficit fund balance of (\$239,239). The Council has implemented a number of strategies to reduce the deficit, including cost cutting measures and pursuing additional revenues from local sources.

NOTE 22 – COMPENSATION, BENEFITS AND OTHER PAYMENTS TO DIRECTOR

A detail of compensation, benefits, and other payments made to director Jackie Green for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Purpose	
Salary	\$ 103,721
Benefits - retirement	 2,905
Total	\$ 106,626

NOTE 23 - COVID-19 PANDEMIC

In December 2019, a novel strain of coronavirus (Covid-19) was reported to have surfaced in China. The World Health Organization has characterized Covid-19 as a pandemic. The extent of the impact of Covid-19 on the operational and financial performance of the Council will depend on certain developments, including the duration and spread of the outbreak, impact on donors, employees and vendors, all of which are uncertain and cannot be predicted. At this point, the extent to which Covid-19 may impact the Council's financial condition is uncertain.

NOTE 24 - PAYCHECK PROTECTION PROGRAM FUNDS

On April 28, 2021, the Council received loan proceeds in the amount of \$202,196 under the Paycheck Protection Program ("PPP"). The PPP established as part of the Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security Act ("CARES Act"), provided for loans for qualifying entities for amounts up to 2.5 times of the average monthly payroll expenses of the qualifying entity. The loans and accrued interest are forgivable as long as the borrower uses the loan proceeds for eligible purposes, including payroll benefits, rent and utilities, and maintains its payroll levels. The amount of loan forgiveness will be reduced if the borrower terminates employees or reduces salaries during the prescribed period. The loan was forgiven in full on October 25, 2021.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION REQUIRED BY GASB STATEMENT 34

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2021

							Varia	nce with Final	
		Budgeted A	\moui	nts	Actu	al Amounts	Budį	get - Positive	
	Original			Final	Budg	getary Basis	(Negative)		
Budgetary fund balance, July 1	\$	249,285	\$	249,285	\$	249,285	\$	-	
Resources (inflows):									
Intergovernmental		272,480		272,480		188,082		(84,398)	
Local and miscellaneous		76,219		76,161		831,732		755,571	
Transfers in		538,358		538,358				(538,358)	
Amounts available for appropriation		1,136,342		1,136,284		1,269,099		132,815	
Charges to appropriations (outflows):									
Personnel		3,187		3,187		16,977		(13,790)	
Fringe		362		362		2,055		(1,693)	
Travel		4		4		46		(42)	
Operating services		3,809		3,809		23,558		(19,749)	
Operating supplies		681		681		4,974		(4,293)	
Other costs		24,584		24,584		134,588		(110,004)	
Meals		1,500		1,500		2,975		(1,475)	
Debt service - principal and interest		7,594		7,594		-		7,594	
Transfers out		845,336		845,278		893,956		(48,678)	
Total charges to appropriations		887,057		886,999		1,079,129		(192,130)	
Budgetary fund balance, June 30	\$	249,285	\$	249,285	\$	189,970	\$	(59,315)	

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Title III B Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Budgeted A	\moun	ts	Actua	al Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive		
	Original			Final	Budg	getary Basis	(Negative)		
Budgetary fund balance, July 1	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Resources (inflows):									
Intergovernmental		150,602		150,602		150,602		-	
Local and miscellaneous		1,200		-		701		701	
Transfers in		274,726		314,463		256,494		(57,969)	
Amounts available for appropriation		426,528		465,065		407,797		(57,268)	
Charges to appropriations (outflows):							'		
Personnel		259,707		222,027		215,368		6,659	
Fringe		23,152		25,224		26,067		(843)	
Travel		1,359		1,863		1,808		55	
Operating services		95,202		145,644		112,551		33,093	
Operating supplies		38,916		17,789		21,997		(4,208)	
Other costs		8,192		52,518		30,006		22,512	
Full service contracts		-		-		-		-	
Capital outlay						-		-	
Total charges to appropriations	<u> </u>	426,528		465,065		407,797		57,268	
Budgetary fund balance, June 30	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$		

See notes to required supplementary information.

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Title III C-1 Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Budgeted A	moun		l Amounts	Budget	with Final - Positive		
	Original			Final	Budg	etary Basis	(Negative)		
Budgetary fund balance, July 1	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Resources (inflows):									
Intergovernmental		185,554		185,554		185,554		-	
Local and miscellaneous		-		-		-		-	
Transfers in		1,376		-		-		.	
Amounts available for appropriation		186,930		185,554		185,554		-	
Charges to appropriations (outflows):									
Personnel		71,144		33,309		30,051		3,258	
Fringe		6,135		3,784		3,637		147	
Travel		352		18		34		(16)	
Operating services		15,588		27,848		27,608		240	
Operating supplies		8,247		3,215		4,148		(933)	
Other costs		85,464		66,649		67,817		(1,168)	
Full service contracts		-		-				4	
Transfers out		-		50,731		52,259		(1,528)	
Total charges to appropriations		186,930		185,554		185,554			
Budgetary fund balance, June 30	\$	_	\$		\$		\$	<u>-</u>	

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Title III C-2 Year Ended June 30, 2021

							Variand	e with Final	
		Budgeted A	Amoun	ts	Actua	l Amounts	Budge	t - Positive	
		Original		Final	Budg	etary Basis	(Negative)		
Budgetary fund balance, July 1	\$ -				\$ -		\$	-	
Resources (inflows):									
Intergovernmental		249,606		249,606		249,606		-	
Local and miscellaneous		21,500		-		6,073		6,073	
Transfers in		527,609		648,791		624,037		(24,754)	
Amounts available for appropriation		798,715		898,397		879,716		(18,681)	
Charges to appropriations (outflows):									
Personnel		185,904		236,226		215,192		21,034	
Fringe		16,229		26,836		26,046		790	
Travel		14,249		924		1,126		(202)	
Operating services		68,931		173,212		171,144		2,068	
Operating supplies		29,109		72,359		74,442		(2,083)	
Other costs		484,293		388,840		391,766		(2,926)	
Full service contracts		-		-		-		-	
Total charges to appropriations		798,715		898,397		879,716		18,681	
Budgetary fund balance, June 30	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

NOTE I BUDGETARY REPORTING

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 34 requires budgetary comparison schedules for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund that has a legally adopted annual budget. The schedules compare the original and final appropriated budgets to actual budget results for the Council's fiscal year. Positive and negative variances between the final budget and actual amounts are also presented.

The budget information presented in this section of required supplementary information applies to "major" governmental funds for which annual budgets were adopted. Budgetary information for "Nonmajor" funds has not been included anywhere in these financial statements.

The Council follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data that has been presented as required supplementary information in these financial statements.

- GOEA notifies the Council each year as to the funding levels for each of its programs.
- Management makes revenue projections based on the revenue information provided by GOEA, grants from other agencies, program service fees, public support (including client contributions), interest income, and other miscellaneous sources.
- Management develops expenditure projections using historical information and changes to the upcoming year that management is aware of at the time of budget preparation.
- Once the information has been obtained to project revenues and expenditures, the Council's Executive Director and Chief Operating Officer prepare a proposed budget based on the projections. The proposed budget is submitted to the Board of Directors for final approval.
- The Board of Directors reviews and adopts the budget for the next fiscal year at a regularly scheduled board of directors meeting before May 31 of the cu!Tent fiscal year.
- The adopted budget is forwarded to the Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs (GOEA) for compliance approval.
- Unused budgeted amounts lapse at the end of each fiscal year (June 30). However, if a grant or contract is not completed by June 30, the Council will automatically budget funds in the next fiscal year to complete the grant or contract. An example where this might occur is when vehicles are acquired under federal matching programs. The "match" might be made in one year and the vehicles delivered in another year.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

NOTE 1 BUDGETARY REPORTING (Continued)

- The budget is prepared on a modified accrual basis, consistent with the basis of accounting, for comparability of budgeted and actual revenues and expenditures.
- Budgeted amounts included in the accompanying financial statements include the
 original adopted budget amounts and all subsequent amendments. During the fiscal
 year, management amended the Council's budget once at a board meeting in May
 2021, using a similar procedure to the one used to approve the original budget. The
 adopted budget was rejected by GOEA because the budget packet failed to reflect
 efforts to reduce and eliminate the existing debt.
- Actual amounts are compared to budgeted amounts periodically during the fiscal year as a management control device.
- The Council may transfer funds between line items as often as required but must obtain compliance approval from the Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs for funds received under grants from this state agency. As part of its grant awards, GOEA requires the Council to amend its budget in cases where actual costs for a particular line item exceed the budgeted amount by more than 10%, unless unrestricted funds are available to "cover" the overrun.
- Expenditures cannot exceed budgeted revenues on an individual fund level, unless a large enough fund balance exists to absorb the budgeted operating deficit.
- The Council is not required by state or local law to prepare a budget for every program or activity it conducts. Accordingly, some General Fund activities are not budgeted, particularly if they are deemed to be immaterial by management.

SUPPLEMENTARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION REQUIRED BY GOEA

CALCASIEU PARISH VOLUNTARY COUNCIL ON THE AGING, INC. Schedule of Non-Major Special Revenue Funds Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Title III D	Title III E	AAA	Ombudsman	N.S.I.P.	SeniorRx	Senior Center	Supplemental Senior Center	PCOA	Energy	SHIIP	MIPPA	Total
REVENUES	THE IN S		- Froi	Ombaasman		Scholler	Schiol Center	Bernor Berner	10011	Literal			15161
Intergovernmental:													
Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs	\$ 10,605	\$ 121,940	\$ 72,881	\$ 82,025	\$ 80,256	\$ 94,595	\$ 188,180	\$ 10,913	\$ 106,842	\$ -		\$ 4,269	\$ 772,506
Lousiana Department of Insurance	÷ 10,003	7 222,540	J 72,002	Ţ DE,023	, ,,,,,,,,,,	J 54,252	2 100,100	J 10,515	-	-	1,763	,203	1,763
Public Support:											1,703		2,7 43
Contributions - unrestricted	_		_	_		-	46,254	_	_	_		_	46,254
Utility company assistance programs	_	_	_	_	_	_		_	_	777			777
Other company assistance programs													
Total Revenues	10,605	121,940	72,881	82,025	80,256	94,595	234,434	10,913	106,842	777	1,763	4,269	821,300
EXPENDITURES													
Health, Welfare & Social Services													
Current:													
Salaries	8,259	35,335	21,135	71,399	-	89,962	123,560	-	-	-		-	349,650
Fringe	1,000	4,277	2,558	8,642	-	10,889	14,955	-	-	-		-	42,321
Travel	3	13	57	152	-	34	64	-	-	-		-	323
Operating services	1,529	6,845	29,329	15,418	-	17,612	57,955	-	-	-		-	128,688
Operating supplies	322	3,291	6,192	7,343	-	5,445	39,470	-	-	-			62,063
Other costs	708	3,176	13,610	6,571	=.	12,269	19,745	-	=			-	56,07 9
Full service contracts	-	50,197	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	50,197
Meals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-
Utility assistance													
Total Expenditures	11,821	103,134	72,881	109,525		136,211	255,749			<u> </u>			689,321
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues													
over Expenditures	(1,216)	18,806		(27,500)	80,256	(41,616)	(21,315)	10,913_	105,842	777	1,763	4,269	131,979
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)													
Operating transfers in	1,216	25,006		27,500	-	41,616	21,315	-	-	-		-	116,653
Operating transfers out		(43,812)			(80,256)			(10,913)	(106,842)	(777)	(1,763)	(4,269)	(248,632)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,216	(18,806)		27,500	(80,256)	41,616	21,315	(10,913)	(106,842)	(777)		(4,269)	(131,979)
Net Increase in Fund Balances	-	-	-	-	-			-	-	-		-	-
FUND BALANCES Beginning of Year		-		. <u> </u>									
End og Year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		\$ -	\$ -

CALCASIEU PARISH VOLUNTARY COUNCIL ON THE AGING, INC. Comparative Schedule of General Fixed Assets and Changes in General Fixed Assets Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Bala	А	.dditions		Deletions	Balance June 30, 2021		
General fixed assets, at cost:								
Building	\$	568,480	\$	-	\$	(568,480)	\$	-
Building Improvements		310,240			\$	(310,240)		-
Euipment		324,979			\$	(277,823)		47,156
Furniture and equipment		28,713			\$	(28,713)		-
Land Improvements		136,048			\$	(136,048)		-
Land		188,100		-				188,100
Vehicles		214,075		114,755	_	(54,918)		273,912
Totals	\$	1,770,635	\$	114,755	\$	(1,376,222)	\$	509,168
Investment in general fixed assets: Property acquired with funds from:								
Local funds	\$	937,523	\$		\$	(610,318)	\$	227 200
DOTD	ş	181,963	Þ	-	ş	(610,516)	Þ	327,205 181,963
SeniorRx		18,443		_		(18,443)		101,903
Title III-B Ombudsman		3,350		_				-
THE III-B OMOUGHAN		3,330				(3,350)		
Totals	\$	1,141,279	\$	-	\$	(632,111)	\$	509,168



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANT WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Board of Directors Calcasieu Parish Voluntary Council on the Aging, Inc. Lake Charles, Louisiana

We have audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Calcasieu Parish Voluntary Council on the Aging, Inc. as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Calcasieu Parish Voluntary Council on the Aging, Inc.'s basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 3, 2021.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Calcasieu Parish Voluntary Council on the Aging, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Calcasieu Parish Voluntary Council on the Aging, Inc.'s internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Calcasieu Parish Voluntary Council on the Aging, Inc.'s internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2021-001 that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Calcasieu Parish Voluntary Council on the Aging, Inc.'s financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instance of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Calcasieu Parish Voluntary Council on the Aging, Inc.'s Response to Finding

Calcasieu Parish Voluntary Council on the Aging, Inc.'s response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The Council's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, others within the organization and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than those specified parties. However, under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Broussard and Company

Lake Charles, Louisiana December 3, 2021

CALCASIEU PARISH VOLUNTARY COUNCIL ON THE AGING, INC., STATE OF LOUISIANA

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2021

We have audited the financial statements of Calcasieu Parish Voluntary Council on the Aging, Inc., State of Louisiana, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and have issued our report thereon dated December 3, 2021. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United State of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our audit of the financial statements as of June 30, 2021 resulted in an unmodified opinion.

Section I – Summary of Auditor's Reports

1. Internal Control		
Significant Deficiencies	<u>X</u> Yes	No
Material Weaknesses	Yes	<u>X</u> No
Compliance Material to Financial Statements	Yes	X No

A. Report on Internal Control and Compliance Material to the Financial Statements

2. Federal Awards – See pages 56 through 60.

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

2021-001 Reconciliation of Interfund Activity

Condition:

Interfund activity was not properly recorded and reconciled throughout the year.

Criteria:

Interfund activity should be recorded through the use of transfers and due to/from accounts

Cause

The Council did not reconcile interfund accounts on a regular basis.

Effect:

Failure to reconcile interfund accounts leaves the funds out of balance.

Recommendation:

The Council should reconcile the inter fund accounts during its monthly close out process.

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

See page 56 through 60.

CALCASIEU PARISH VOLUNTARY COUNCIL ON THE AGING, INC., STATE OF LOUISIANA

Schedule of Prior Year Findings Year Ended June 30, 2021

Section I – Internal Control and Compliance Material to the Financial Statements

2020-001	Budget Variances
	Status: This finding is resolved.
2020-002	Credit Card Finance Charges Incurred
	Status: This finding is resolved.
2020-003	Reconciliation of Fund Balances and Interfund Activity
	Status: The reconciliation of fund balances is resolved. Interfund activity is unresolved. See
	current year finding 2021-001.
2020-004	Internal Controls Over Reconciliations
	Status: This finding is resolved.

Section II – Internal Control and Compliance Material to Federal Awards – Not applicable.

Section III – Management Letter. The prior year did include a management letter.

CALCASIEU PARISH VOLUNTARY COUNCIL ON THE AGING, INC., STATE OF LOUISIANA

Management's Corrective Action Plan Year Ended June 30, 2021

2021-001 Reconciliation of Interfund Activity

Management intends to reconcile the transfer and due to/from accounts on a monthly basis.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Directors and Management Calcasieu Parish Voluntary Council on the Aging, Inc.

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Calcasieu Parish Voluntary Council on the Aging, Inc.'s compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of Calcasieu Parish Voluntary Council on the Aging, Inc.'s major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021. Calcasieu Parish Voluntary Council on the Aging, Inc.'s major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Calcasieu Parish Voluntary Council on the Aging, Inc.'s major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America: the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Reguirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Calcasieu Parish Voluntary Council on the Aging, Inc.'s compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Calcasieu Parish Voluntary Council on the Aging, Inc.'s compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Calcasieu Parish Voluntary Council on the Aging, Inc. complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Calcasieu Parish Voluntary Council on the Aging, Inc. is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Calcasieu Parish Voluntary Council on the Aging, Inc.'s internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Calcasieu Parish Voluntary Council on the Aging, Inc.'s internal control over compliance.



A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Broussard and Company

Lake Charles, Louisiana December 3, 2021

Calcasieu Parish Voluntary Council on the Aging, Inc. Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Summary of Auditor's Results

- 1. The auditor's report expresses an unmodified opinion on whether the financial statements of the Calcasieu Parish Voluntary Council on the Aging, Inc. were prepared in accordance with GAAP.
- 2. No material weaknesses are reported during the audit of the financial statements. One significant deficiency was reported on page 53.
- 3. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of the Calcasieu Parish Voluntary Council on the Aging, Inc. are reported.
- 4. No material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over major federal award programs are reported.
- 5. The auditor's report on compliance for the major federal award program for the Calcasieu Parish Voluntary Council on the Aging, Inc. expresses an unmodified opinion on the major federal award program.
- 6. There were no audit findings required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR Section 200.516(a).
- 7. The program tested as a major program was a cluster: Special Programs for the Aging 93.045, 93.044 and 93.053.
- 8. The threshold for distinguishing Types A and B programs was \$750,000.
- 9. Calcasieu Parish Voluntary Council on the Aging, Inc. was determined to be a high-risk auditee.

Calcasieu Parish Voluntary Council on the Aging, Inc. Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Federal Grantor	Federal CFDA Number	Contract Number	Total Federal Expenditures	
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services:				petrareares
Passed through Louisiana Department				
of Office of Elderly Affairs				
Nutrition Services Incentive and CARES Act	93.045	4400018698	\$	540,162
Grants for Supportive Services	93.044	4400018698		233,079
Nutrition Services Incentive Program	93.053	4400018667		80,255
Total Special Programs for the Aging Cluster				853,496
Passed through Louisiana Department				
of Office of Elderly Affairs				
Disease Prevention	93.043	4400019977		10,605
National Family Caregiver Support	93.052	4400019401		102,408
Total U. S, Department of Health and Human Servi	ces			966,509
U.S. Department of the Treasury				
Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019	4400018732		13,268
U.S. Department of the Transportation				
Passed through Louisiana Department				
of Transportation				
Enhanced Mobility of Seniors	20.513			80,000
Total Expenditures				
of Federal Awards			\$	1,059,777

See accompanying notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

Calcasieu Parish Voluntary Council on the Aging, Inc. Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Note A - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Calcasieu Parish Voluntary Council on the Aging, Inc. under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2021. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Calcasieu Parish Voluntary Council on the Aging, Inc., it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of the Calcasieu Parish Voluntary Council on the Aging, Inc.

Note B - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

Note C - Indirect Cost Rate

Calcasieu Parish Voluntary Council on the Aging, Inc. has elected not to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.