Village of Doyline, Louisiana Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Village of Doyline, Louisiana Table of Contents

	Page No.
Independent Accountants' Review Report	1 – 2
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government Wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	3
Statement of Activities	4
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Fund	5
Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	6
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Governmental Fund	7
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Fund to the Statement of Activities	8
Proprietary Fund:	
Statement of Net Position	9
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position	10
Statement of Cash Flows	11
Notes to the Financial Statements	12 – 20
Required Supplementary Information:	
Budget Comparison Schedule Notes to Required Supplementary Information	21 22
Other Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of Compensation Paid to Council Members and Mayor	23
Schedule of Compensation, Benefits, and Other Payments to Agency Head	24
Schedules for Louisiana Legislative Auditor Summary Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings Summary Schedule For Current Year Audit Findings	25 26 – 27
Independent Accountants' Report on Agreed-Upon Procedures	28 – 31
Louisiana Attestation Questionnaire	

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Independent Accountants' Review Report

To the Honorable Steven Bridwell, Mayor and the Village Council Village of Doyline, Louisiana Doyline, Louisiana

We have reviewed the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, and each major fund of the Village of Doyline, Louisiana, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. A review includes primarily applying analytical procedures to management's financial data and making inquiries of management. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the financial statements as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement whether due to fraud or error.

Accountant's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to conduct the review engagement in accordance with Statements on Standards for Accounting and Review Services promulgated by the Accounting and Review Services Committee of the AICPA. Those standards require us to perform procedures to obtain limited assurance as a basis for reporting whether we are aware of any material modifications that should be made to the financial statements for them to be in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We believe that the results of our procedures provide a reasonable basis for our conclusion.

Accountant's Conclusion

Based on our review, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the accompanying financial statements in order for them to be in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information on pages 21–22 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and, although not a required part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting and for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Such information is the responsibility of management. We have not audited, reviewed, or compiled the required supplementary information and we do not express an opinion, a conclusion, nor provide any assurance on it.

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis information that the Governmental Accounting Standards Board requires to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. The results of our review of the basic financial statements are not affected by this missing information.

Supplementary Information

The supplementary information included in the accompanying Schedule of Compensation Paid to Council Members and Mayor on page 23 and the Schedule of Compensation, Benefits and Other Payments to Agency Head on page 24 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from, and relates directly to, the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The supplemental information has been subjected to the review procedures applied in our review of the basic financial statements. We are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the supplementary information. We have not audited the supplementary information and, accordingly, do not express an opinion on such information.

Cook & Morehart

Certified Public Accountants

March 30, 2021

Village of Doyline Doyline, Louisiana Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

	Governmental Business-Type Activities Activities			Total	
Assets					
Cash	\$	94,569	\$ 2,478	\$	97,047
Receivables		24,582	4,399		28,981
Prepaid items		8,859			8,859
Capital assets not being depreciated		28,015			28,015
Depreciable capital assets, net		18,142	587,154		605,296
Total Assets		174,167	 594,031		768,198
Liabilities					
Accounts payable	A	3,938	 1,275		5,213
Total liabilities	:	3,938	1,275	-	5,213
Net Position					
Net investment in capital assets		46,157	587,154		633,311
Restricted for public works		86,255			86,255
Unrestricted		37,817	 5,602		43,419
Total net position	\$	170,229	\$ 592,756	\$	762,985

Village of Doyline Doyline, Louisiana Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

				Progran	n Reven	ues	Ne	t (Expenses) F	Reven	ue and Changes	s in Ne	et Position
		Expenses		arges for ervices		ting Grants		vernmental activities		Business- Type Activities		Total
Functions/Programs: Governmental activities:												
General government	\$	167,806	\$		œ		\$	(167,806)	œ		\$	(467 906)
Public safety	Φ	57,061	Ψ	23,220	\$	10,835	Φ	(23,006)	\$		Ф	(167,806) (23,006)
Total governmental activities		224,867		23,220		10,835		(190,812)		-	-	(190,812)
Total governmental activities		22 1,007		20,220	-	10,000		(130,012)				(190,012)
Business-type activities												
Sewer	_	82,525		41,007		4,400				(37,118)		(37,118)
Total business-type activities		82,525	1	41,007		4,400				(37,118)		(37,118)
Total government	\$	307,392	\$	64,227	\$	15,235		(190,812)		(37,118)		(227,930)
				neral revenu								
				Ad Valorem ta	axes			13,520				13,520
				Sales tax				70,702				70,702
				ranchise tax				30,694				30,694
				icenses and	70			32,583				32,583
				nvestment ea						3		3
				Other miscella	aneous			13,675				13,675
				ansfers				5,600		(5,600)		
						es and transfers		166,774		(5,597)		161,177
				Changes in n				(24,038)		(42,715)		(66,753)
				et position, be		restated		194,267	-	635,471		829,738
*			Ne	et position, er	iding		\$	170,229	\$	592,756	\$	762,985

See accompanying notes and independent accountants' review report.

Village of Doyline Doyline, Louisiana Balance Sheet Governmental Fund June 30, 2020

Assets		General
Cash	\$	94,569
Receivables	-	24,582
Total Assets		119,151
Liabilities and Fund Balance		
Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$	3,938
Accounts payable		0,000
Total Liabilities		3,938
Fund balances:		
Restricted for public works		86,255
Unassigned	-	28,958
Total Fund Balances	_	115,213
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	119,151

Village of Doyline Doyline, Louisiana Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

Fund Balance - Governmental Fund	\$ 115,213
Amounts reported for government activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
The nonallocation method of accounting for prepayments is used in the fund statements, since the prepayment does not provide expendable financial resources.	8,859
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	 46,157
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 170,229

Village of Doyline

Doyline, Louisiana

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Revenues:		General
Taxes	•	
Sales tax	\$	70,702
Franchise tax		30,694
Ad Valorem		13,520
Intergovernmental		10,835
Licenses and permits		32,583
Fines and forfeitures		23,220
Miscellaneous		13,675
Total revenues		195,229
Expenditures: Current		
General government		164,122
Public safety		50,578
Capital outlays	0	5,844
Total expenditures		220,544
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		(25,315)
Other financing sources (uses): Transfer from sewer fund		5,600
Net change in fund balance		(19,715)
Fund balance, beginning of year	-	134,928
Fund balance, end of year	\$	115,213

Village of Doyline Doyline, Louisiana

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in the Fund Balance of the Governmental Fund to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Net change in fund balance - governmental fund	\$ (19,715)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
The nonallocation method of accounting for prepayments is used in the fund statements, since the prepayment does not provide expendable financial resources.	176
Government funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation \$(10,343) exceeds capital outlay \$(5,844) in	
the current period.	(4,499)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (24,038)

Village of Doyline Doyline, Louisiana Statement of Net Position Proprietary Fund June 30, 2020

		ss-Type Activities erprise Fund
	S	ewer Fund
Assets		
Current assets		
Cash	\$	2,478
Receivables		4,399
Total current assets		6,877
Noncurrent assets		
Sewer system		1,634,917
Less: accumulated depreciation		(1,047,763)
Total noncurrent assets		587,154
Total assets		594,031
Liabilities		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable		1,275
Total current liabilities		1,275
Net position		
Net investment in capital assets		587,154
Unrestricted		5,602
Total net position	_\$	592,756

Village of Doyline

Doyline, Louisiana

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

		ss-Type Activities erprise Fund
		ewer Fund
Operating Revenues		
Charges for services - sewer service charges	\$	41,007
Total operating revenues		41,007
Operating Expenses		
Operator expenses		12,105
Collection fee		3,300
Other		1,530
Utilities		4,004
Repair and maintenance		18,308
Depreciation		43,278
Total operating expenses	-	82,525
Operating income (loss)		(41,518)
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)		
Intergovernmental income		4,400
Interest income		3
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)		4,403
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers		(37,115)
Contributions and transfers:		
Transfer to general fund		(5,600)
Total contributions and transfers		(5,600)
Change in net position		(42,715)
Total net position, beginning of year		635,471
Total net position, end of year	\$	592,756

See accompanying notes and independent accountants' review report.

Village of Doyline Doyline, Louisiana Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Ente	s-Type Activities erprise Fund
	Se	ewer Fund
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Receipts from customers and users	\$	39,386
Payments to suppliers for goods and services		(39,248)
Net cash provided by operating activities		.138
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities		
Transfer to general fund		(5,600)
Intergovernmental revenue		4,400
Net cash (used in) non-capital financing activities	-	(1,200)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		
Interest income		3
Net cash provided by investing activities	_	3
Net (decrease) in cash		(1,059)
Cash, beginning of year	<u> </u>	3,537
Cash, end of year	\$	2,478
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:		
Operating income (loss)	\$	(41,518)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:		
Depreciation expense		43,278
Increase (decrease) in accounts receivable		(1,622)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	138

Introduction

The Village of Doyline, Louisiana (The Village) was incorporated in 1949, under the provisions of the Lawrason Act. The Village is located in the Parish of Webster. Elected officials of the Village of Doyline are a mayor and three (3) alderman who are elected every four years.

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Village of Doyline's financial statements are prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the Village of Doyline are discussed below.

A. Reporting Entity

As the municipal governing authority, for reporting purposes, the Village of Doyline is considered a separate financial reporting entity. The financial reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government (the Village of Doyline), (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which nature and significance of their relationship with the Village of Doyline are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

GASB established criteria for determining which component units should be considered part of the Village of Doyline for financial reporting purposes. The basic criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is financial accountability. The GASB has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. This criteria includes:

- 1. Appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and
 - a. The ability of the Village to impose its will on that organization and/or
 - The potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the Village.
- 2. Organizations for which the Village does not appoint a voting majority but are fiscally dependent on the Village.
- Organizations for which the reporting entity financial statements would be misleading if data of the organization is not included because of the nature or significance of the relationship.

In addition, the GASB states that a legally separate, tax–exempt organization should be reported as a component unit of a reporting entity if *all* of the following criteria are met:

1. The economic resources received or held by the separate organization are entirely or almost entirely for the direct benefit of the primary government, its component units, or its constituents.

- 2. The primary government is entitled to, or has the ability to otherwise access, a majority of the economic resources received or held by the separate organization.
- The economic resources received or held by an individual organization that the specific primary government, or its component units, is entitled to, or has the ability to otherwise access, are significant to that primary government.

In addition, other organizations should be evaluated as potential component units if they are closely related to, or financially integrated with, the primary government.

Based on the criteria described above, there are no component units to be included as part of the reporting entity.

B. Basic Financial Statements - Government-Wide Statements

The Village of Doyline's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the funds maintained by the Village of Doyline as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the Village of Doyline's major funds). Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business type. The Village's general fund is classified as governmental activities. The Village's sewer services are classified as business-type activities.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, both the governmental activities and business-type activities columns are presented on a consolidated basis by column and are reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables, as well as long-term debt and obligations. The Village of Doyline's net position is reported in three parts – invested in capital assets, net of related debt, restricted, and unrestricted net position.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the Village of Doyline's functions. The functions are also supported by general government revenues (sales and use taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating, and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants. Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations of providing sewer services.

The net costs (by function) are normally covered by general revenue (sales and use taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, interest income, etc.).

This government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the Village of Doyline as an entity and the change in the Village of Doyline's net assets resulting from the current year's activities.

C. Basic Financial Statements - Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the Village of Doyline are recorded in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets, liabilities, reserves, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses. The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements.

The following fund types are used by the Village of Doyline:

- Governmental Funds the focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund statements)
 is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and
 balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The following is a description of the
 governmental fund of the Village of Doyline:
 - General fund is the general operating fund of the Village of Doyline. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- 2. Proprietary Funds the focus of proprietary fund measurement is upon determination of operating income, changes in net assets, financial position, and cash flows. The generally accepted accounting principles applicable are those similar to businesses in the private sector. The following is a description of the proprietary funds of the Village:
 - a. Enterprise funds are required to be used to account for operations for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services and the activity (a) is financed with debt that is solely secured by a pledge of the net revenues, (b) has third party requirements that the cost of providing services, including capital costs, be recovered with fees and charges, or (c) establishes fees and charges based on a pricing policy designed to recover similar costs.

The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds in either the governmental or business-type activities categories. Nonmajor funds by category are summarized into a single column. GASB sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of fund category) for the determination of major funds.

The following major funds are presented in the fund financial statements:

General Fund – accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Enterprise Fund – accounts for the provision of sewer services of the Village.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues or expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurements made regardless of the measurement focus applied.

1. Accrual:

Both governmental and business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

2. Modified Accrual:

The governmental funds financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual: i.e., both measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after year end. Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred. The exception to this general rule is that principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt, if any, is recognized when due.

E. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

Cash includes amounts in petty cash, demand deposits, interest bearing demand deposits, and time deposits. Cash equivalents include amounts in time deposits and those investments with original maturities of 90 days or less. Under state law, the Village may deposit funds in demand deposits, interest bearing demand deposits, money market accounts, or time deposits with state banks organized under Louisiana law or any other state of the United States, or under the laws of the United States.

Investments are limited by R.S. 33:2955 and the Village's investment policy. If the original maturities of investments exceed 90 days, they are classified as investments; however, if the original maturities are 90 days or less, they are classified as cash equivalents.

F. Capital Assets

Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$2,500 or more are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at acquisition value as of the date received. Additions, improvements, and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and improvements 30–50 years Furniture and equipment 5–10 years Sewer systems 30–50 years

GASB requires the Village to report and depreciate new infrastructure assets effective July 1, 2003. Infrastructure assets include roads, bridges, traffic signals, etc. These infrastructure assets are likely to be the largest asset class of the Village. Neither their historical cost nor related depreciation has historically been reported in the financial statements. The retroactive reporting of infrastructure is not required.

G. Revenues

Ad valorem taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 of each year. Revenues from ad valorem taxes are budgeted in the year billed. Sales tax revenues are recorded in the period in which the underlying exchange has occurred. Fines, forfeitures, licenses, and permits are recognized in the period they are collected. Interest income on demand and time deposits is recorded when earned. Federal and state grants are recorded when the Village is entitled to the funds.

H. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. Net position invested in capital assets, net of related debt, consist of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balance of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation adopted by the Village or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. The Village's policy is to first apply restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

Sales Taxes

On November 4, 2014, the electors of the Village authorized a 1% sales and use tax effective January 1, 2015. Proceeds of the sales tax, after paying the reasonable and necessary expenses of collecting and administering the tax, to be dedicated and used for the following purposes: 75% for constructing and maintaining public streets in the Village and 25% for supporting the general operations of the Village.

J. Interfund Activity

Interfund activity is reported as either loans, reimbursements, or transfers. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances." Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. Transfers between governmental funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide financial statements.

K. Use of Estimates

Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing financial statements. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and reported revenues and expenses. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

L. Bad Debts

The Village uses the direct charge-off method of accounting for sewer system receivables. Although this method is not in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, the overall effect on the financial statements is immaterial.

(Continued)

M. Capitalized Interest

The Village capitalizes net interest costs and interest earned as part of the cost of constructing various sewer projects when material.

N. Statement of Cash Flows

For the purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, the Sewer Fund consider all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

O. Fund Balance

GASB defines the different types of fund balances that a governmental entity must use for financial reporting purposes. GASB requires the fund balance amounts to be properly reported within one of the fund balance categories listed below.

- Nonspendable fund balances are amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form, such as inventory or prepaid expenses, or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact, such as a trust that must be retained in perpetuity.
- Restricted fund balances are restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed fund balances include amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes as a
 result of constraints imposed by the Village Council (the Village's highest level of decision making
 authority). Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the board of
 aldermen removes those constraints by taking the same type of action (i.e. legislation, resolution,
 ordinance).
- 4. Assigned fund balances are amounts that are constrained by the Village's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the Mayor, an appointed body or official the Village Council has delegated the authority to assign, modify, or rescind amounts to be used for specific purposes.
- Unassigned fund balance are the residual classification for the Village's general fund and include all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications.

The Village's policy is to apply expenditures against nonspendable fund balances, restricted fund balances, committed fund balances, assigned fund balances, and unassigned fund balances, in that order.

The calculation of fund balance amounts begins with the determination of nonspendable fund balances. Then restricted fund balances for specific purposes are determined (not including non-spendable amounts). Then any remaining fund balance amounts for the non-general funds are classified as restricted fund balance. It is possible for the non-general funds to have negative unassigned fund balance when non-spendable amounts plus the restricted fund balances for specific purpose amounts exceeds the positive fund balance for the non-general fund.

P. Postretirement Benefits

The Village provides no postretirement benefits to its employees.

Q. Compensated Absences

The Village provides for leave for its employees, but does not allow any carry forward of that time not used during the year.

R. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. At this time, the Village has no transactions that meet the definition of deferred outflows of resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. At this time, the Village has no transactions that meet the definition of deferred inflows of resources.

(2) Budgets

The Village follows the following budget practices:

Formal budgetary accounting is employed as a management control. Village of Doyline prepares and adopts a budget each year for its general and utility funds in accordance with Louisiana Revised Statutes. The Village's budget is prepared based on prior year's revenues and expenditures and the estimated increase therein for the current year. Budgets are adopted on a cash basis on all funds. All budget appropriations lapse at year end. There were no budget amendments during the year ended June 30, 2020.

(3) Cash and Cash Equivalents

At June 30, 2020, the Village has cash and cash equivalents (book balances), totaling \$97,047, as detailed below.

A. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents at June 30, 2020 (book balances) totaled \$97,047. These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market. Under state law, these deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent.

B. Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. As of June 30, 2020, 100% of the Village's bank balances were secured by FDIC insurance.

(Continued)

(4) Capital Assets

Capital assets and depreciation activity as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020 is as follows:

Governmental Activities:	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 28,015	\$	\$	\$ 28,015
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	28,015			28,015
			801	
Capital assets, being depreciated				
Buildings and other improvements	54,316			54,316
Machinery and equipment	52,816	5,844		58,660
Total capital assets being depreciated	107,132	5,844		112,976
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	(53,778)	(538)		(54,316)
Machinery and equipment	(30,713)	(9,805)		(40,518)
Total accumulated depreciation	(84,491)	(10,343)		(94,834)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	22,641	(4,499)		18,142
Governmental activites capital assets, net	\$ 50,656	\$ (4,499)	\$	\$ 46,157
Business-Type Activities:				
Capital assets, being depreciated				
Sewer system	\$ 1,619,954	\$	\$	\$1,619,954
Sewer equipment	14,963			14,963
Total capital assets,	400000000000000000000000000000000000000			N
being depreciated	1,634,917			1,634,917
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Sewer system	(989,522)	(43,278)		(1,032,800)
Sewer equipment	(14,963)			(14,963)
Total accumulated depreciation	(1,004,485)	(43,278)	H	(1,047,763)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	630,432	(43,278)		587,154
Business-type activites capital assets, net	\$ 630,432	\$ (43,278)	\$	\$ 587,154

Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2020 was charged as follows:

Governmental activities:		
General	\$	3,860
Public Safety		6,483
	\$	10,343
Business-Type activities:		
Sewer	_\$_	43,278

(Continued)

(5) Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2020 are as follows:

Governmental activities:		
Sales and use taxes	\$	7,566
Franchise Tax		6,181
Intergovernmental		10,835
	-	24,582
Business-type activities:		
Sewer charges		4,399
1 <u>2</u>	\$	28,981

(6) Risk Management

The Village is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Village attempts to minimize risk from significant losses through the purchase of insurance.

(7) Subsequent Events

Subsequent events have been evaluated through March 30, 2021, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

(8) Levied Taxes

The Village levies taxes on real and business personal property located within its boundaries. The Parish Tax Assessor assesses the property values and prepares the Village's property tax roll. The Village bills and collects its own property taxes. Ad valorem taxes are levied and billed to the taxpayers in December, and are payable upon receipt of notice. Ad valorem taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of December 31, of each year. Taxes of 5.75 mills were levied and were dedicated for general operating purposes.

(9) Interfund Transfers

During the year ended June 30, 2020, the sewer fund transferred \$5,600 to the general fund for operations.

(10) Uncertainty

As a result of the COVID-19 Coronavirus, economic uncertainties have arisen which are likely to negatively impact financial resources. While the duration on the economic impact is expected to be temporary, there is considerable uncertainty around the duration. The related financial impact and duration cannot be reasonable estimated at this time.

(11) Commitments

The Village has been awarded a LCDBG contract in the amount of \$698,452 for street improvements. The Village has entered into contracts totaling \$549,063. There were no expenditures on those contracts through June 30, 2020.

Village of Doyline Doyline, Louisiana

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Cash Basis) and Actual

General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Revenues	Budgeted Amount Original & Final	Actual Amount	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Sales tax	\$ 13,750	\$ 71,526	\$ 57,776
Franchise tax	24,000	30,757	6,757
Ad valorem tax	14,400	13,520	(880)
License and permits	30,000	32,583	2,583
Fines and forfeitures	36,000	23,220	(12,780)
Miscellaneous	4,060	13,675	9,615
Total revenues	122,210	185,281	63,071
Expenditures Current General government Public safety Capital outlay Total expenditures	146,990 14,040 161,030	163,880 50,578 5,844 220,302	(16,890) (36,538) (5,844) (59,272)
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(38,820)	(35,021)	3,799
Other financing sources (uses): Transfer from sewer fund	\	5,600	5,600
Net change in fund balance	(38,820)	(29,421)	9,399
Fund balance, beginning of year	96,430	123,990	27,560
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 57,610	\$ 94,569	\$ 36,959

Village of Doyline Doyline, Louisiana Notes to Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2020

The Village's budget is adopted on a cash basis for all funds. There were no amendments to the June 30, 2020 budget. Budget comparison statements included in the accompanying financial statements include the original adopted budgets and all amendments. The schedule below reconciles excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses on the budget basis with GAAP basis:

	(General Fund
Excess of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses (budget basis)	\$	(29,421)
Adjustments: Revenue accruals – net		(242) 9,948
Excess of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses (GAAP basis)	<u>\$</u>	(19,715)

Village of Doyline Doyline, Louisiana Schedule of Compensation Paid to Council Members and Mayor For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Mayor:	
Steven T. Bridwell	\$ 3,600
Council Members:	
Carol Collier	3,000
Crystal Gates	3,000
Jakie Daniels	3,000
	\$ 12,600

Village of Doyline Doyline, Louisiana Schedule of Compensation, Benefits, and Other Payments to Agency Head For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Agency Head: Steven T. Bridwell, Mayor

Purpose	A	mount
Salary	\$	3,600

Village of Doyline Doyline, Louisiana Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings Schedule For Louisiana Legislative Auditor June 30, 2020

There were two findings for the prior year review report for the year ended June 30, 2019.

2019-1 State Audit Law - Late Submission of Report

Finding: The review report with attestation procedures for the year ended June 30,

2019, was not submitted timely in accordance with state law.

Recommendation: We recommend the Village established appropriate controls for ensuring

the required reports will be submitted timely in the future.

Current Status: Finding not repeated

2019–2 Finding - Budget

Condition: Actual expenditures and other financing uses for the General Fund exceeded

budgeted expenditures by more than 5%.

Recommendation: We recommend a proper monitoring of budget to actual comparisons

throughout the year and that budgets be appropriately amended when actual plus projected expenditures and other financing uses exceed budgeted

amounts by more than 5%.

Current Status: See repeat finding 2020-1 in current year report

Village of Doyline Doyline, Louisiana Schedule of Current Year Audit Findings Schedule For Louisiana Legislative Auditor June 30, 2020

2020-1 Finding - Budget

Condition: Actual expenditures and other financing uses for the General Fund exceeded

budgeted expenditures by more than 5%.

Criteria: The Local Government Budget Act requires the annual budgets be amended

when actual plus projected expenditures exceed budgeted amounts by more

than 5%.

Cause: The Village did not amend the budget on a timely basis.

Effect: The Village was not in compliance with the Local Government Budget Act.

Recommendation: We recommend a proper monitoring of budget to actual comparisons

throughout the year and that budgets be appropriately amended when actual plus projected expenditures and other financing uses exceed budgeted

amounts by more than 5%.

Management Response: The Village will monitor the budget to actual comparisons throughout the year

and make the appropriate amendments when needed.

Name of Contact Person: Steven T. Bridwell, Mayor

2020-2 Finding - Fraud/Misappropriation

- A general statement describing the fraud or misappropriation that occurred: The former Village Clerk was arrested and charged with felony theft. It appears the former Village Clerk has issued herself additional payroll checks that she was not authorized to receive.
- A description of the funds or assets that were the subject of the fraud or misappropriation (ex., utility receipts, petty cash, computer equipment): Payroll checks
- The amount of funds or approximate value of assets involved: Approximate amount of funds involved was \$6,075
- The department or office in which the fraud or misappropriation occurred: Village of Doyline's
 office.
- The period of time over which the fraud or misappropriation occurred: July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2020.
- The title/agency affiliation of the person who committed or is believed to have committed the act of fraud or misappropriation: Village Clerk
- 7. The name of the person who committed or is believed to have committed the act of fraud or misappropriation, if formal charges have been brought against the person and/or the matter has been adjudicated: Charges have not yet been adjudicated.

(Continued)

Village of Doyline Doyline, Louisiana Schedule of Current Year Audit Findings Schedule For Louisiana Legislative Auditor June 30, 2020 (Continued)

- 8. Is the person who committed or is believed to have committed the act of fraud still employed by the agency? No, the individual is no longer employed by the Village.
- If the person who committed or is believed to have committed the act of fraud is still employed by the agency, do they have access to assets that may be subject to fraud or misappropriation? Not applicable – no longer employed.
- Has the agency notified the appropriate law enforcement body about the fraud or misappropriation? Yes, the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's Office, the District Attorney for the 26th Judicial District and the Webster Parish Sheriff's Office have been notified.
- 11. What is the status of the investigation at the date of the auditor's/accountant's report? The investigation is on-going.
- 12. If the investigation is complete and the person believed to have committed the act of fraud or misappropriation has been identified, has the agency filed charges against that person? Not applicable – investigation is not complete.
- What is the status of any related adjudication at the date of the auditor's/accountant's report? Not yet adjudicated.
- Has restitution been made or has an insurance claim been filed? Unknown.
- 15. Has the agency notified the Louisiana Legislative Auditor and the District Attorney in writing, as required by Louisiana Revised Statute 24:523 (Applicable to local governments only): Yes, the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's Office, the District Attorney for the 26th Judicial District and the Webster Parish Sheriff's Office have been notified.
- 16. Did the agency's internal controls allow the detection of the fraud or misappropriation in a timely manner? The Town's internal controls did not detect the matter in question.
- 17. If the answer to the last question is "no," describe the control deficiency/significant deficiency/material weakness that allowed the fraud or misappropriation to occur and not be detected in a timely manner: Proper controls were not in place to monitor the Village's accounting records. The Village is a small entity and did not have proper segregation of duties.
- 18. Management's plan to ensure that the fraud or misappropriation does not occur in the future: The Village will establish proper controls over monitoring the accounting records where possible.

COOK & MOREHART

Certified Public Accountants

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SOCIETY OF LOUISIANA CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Independent Accountants' Report On Applying Agreed–Upon Procedures

To the Honorable Steven T. Bridwell, Mayor and the Village Council Village of Doyline, Louisiana

We have performed the procedures included in the *Louisiana Government Audit Guide* and enumerated below, which were agreed to by the Village of Doyline and the Legislative Auditor, State of Louisiana, solely to assist the users in evaluating management's assertions about the Village of Doyline's compliance with certain laws and regulations during the year ended June 30, 2020 included in the accompanying *Louisiana Attestation Questionnaire*. This agreed-upon procedures engagement was performed in accordance with standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and applicable standards of Government Auditing Standards. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of the specified users of the report. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose.

Public Bid Law

 Obtain documentation for all expenditures made during the year for material and supplies exceeding \$30,000, or public works exceeding \$154,450. Compare the documentation for these expenditures to Louisiana Revised Statue (R.S.) 39:1551-39:1775 (the state procurement) or R.S. 38:221-2296 (the public bid law), whichever is applicable; report whether the expenditures were made in accordance with these laws.

There were no expenditures made during the year ended June 30, 2020 exceeding the limits previously described.

Code of Ethics for Public Officials and Public Employees

Obtain from management a list of the immediate family members of each board member as defined by LSA-RS 42:1101-1124 (the code of ethics).

The Village provided us with the required list including the noted information.

- 3. Obtain from management a listing of all employees paid during the period under examination.
 - The Village provided us with the required list.
- 4. Determine whether any of those employees included in the listing obtained from the Village in agreed-upon procedure (3) were also included on the listing obtained from the Village in agreed-upon procedure (2) as immediate family members.

None of the employees included on the list of employees provided by the Village [agreed-upon procedures (3)] appeared on the list provided by the Village in agreed-upon procedure (2).

Obtain a list of all disbursement made during the year; and a list of outside business interests of board members, employees, and board members' and employees' immediate families. Report whether any vendors appear on both lists.

Obtained listings, no vendors appeared on both lists.

Budgeting

6. Obtain a copy of the legally adopted budget and all amendments.

The Village provided us with a copy of the original budget. There were no amendments to the budget during the year ended June 30, 2020.

7. Trace documentation for the adoption of the budget and approval of any amendments to the minute book, and report whether there are any exceptions.

We traced the adoption of the original budget to the minutes of a meeting held on June 10, 2019, which indicated that the budget had been adopted by the Council. No exceptions were noted.

 Compare the revenues and expenditures of the final budget to actual revenues and expenditures to determine if actual revenues fail to meet budgeted revenues by 5% or more or if actual expenditures exceed budgeted amounts by 5% or more.

We compared the revenues and expenditures of the final budget to actual revenues and expenditures.

- 1) Revenues met budgeted revenues by 5% or more.
- 2) Expenditures, see Finding 2020-1, exceeded budgeted amounts by greater than 5%.

Accounting and Reporting

- 9. Obtain the list of all disbursements made during the fiscal year. Randomly select 6 disbursements and obtain documentation from management for those disbursements. Compare the selected disbursements to the supporting documentation, and:
 - (a) report whether the six disbursements agree to the amount and payee in the supporting documentation.

We examined supporting documentation for each of the six selected disbursements and found that payment was for the proper amount and made to the correct payee.

(b) report whether the six disbursements are coded to the correct fund and general ledger account;

All six disbursements were properly coded to the correct fund and general ledger account.

(c) report whether the six disbursements were approved in accordance with management's policies and procedures.

Inspection of documentation supporting each of the six selected disbursements indicated the six disbursements were approved in accordance with management's policies and procedures.

Meetings

 Obtain evidence from management indicating that agendas for meetings recorded in the minute book were posted or advertised as required by LSA-RS 42:1 through 42:12 (the open meetings law).

The Village posted its meetings and agendas as required by LSA-RS 42:1 through 42:12 (the open meetings law).

Debt

11. Obtain bank deposit slips for the fiscal year, and scan the deposit slips in order to identify and report whether there were any deposits that appear to be proceeds of bank loans, bonds, or like indebtedness. If any such proceeds are identified, obtain from management evidence of approval by the State Bond Commission, and report any exceptions.

We inspected copies of all bank deposits slips for the period under examination and noted no deposits which appeared to be proceeds of bank loans, bonds, or like indebtedness.

Advances and Bonuses

12. Obtain the list of payroll disbursements and meeting minutes of the governing board, if applicable. Scan these documents to identify and report whether there are any payments or approval of payments to employees that may constitute bonuses, advances, or gifts.

A reading of the minutes of the Village for the year ended June 30, 2020 indicated no approval for the payments noted that constituted bonuses, advances, or gifts.

We also inspected payroll records for the year and noted instances which would indicate payments to employees which would constitute bonuses, advances, or gifts.

See Finding 2020–2.

State Audit Law

13. Report whether the agency provided for a timely report in accordance with R.S. 24:513.

The required report for the year ended June 30, 2020 was submitted timely.

14. Inquire of management and report whether the agency entered into any contracts that utilized state funds as defined in R.S. 39:72.1 A.; and that were subject to public bid law (R.S. 38:2211, et seq), while the agency was not in compliance with R.S. 24:513 (the audit law).

We inquired and management stated that the Village did not enter into any contracts that utilize state funds that were subject to public bid law while the Village was not incompliance with R.S. 24:513.

Prior Comments and Recommendations

15. Obtain and report management's representation as to whether any prior-year suggestions, recommendations, and/or comments have been resolved.

See attached Summary Schedule of Prior Year Findings.

We were not engaged to, and did not, perform an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on management's assertions. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the use of management of the Village of Doyline and the Legislative Auditor, State of Louisiana, and should not be used by those who have not agreed to the procedures and taken responsibility for the sufficiency of the procedures for their purposes. Under Louisiana Revised Statue 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Cook & Morehart

Certified Public Accountants

March 30, 2021

LOUISIANA ATTESTATION QUESTIONNAIRE (For Attestation Engagements of Governmental Agencies)

<u> </u>
COOK + Morehart, CPAS (CPA Firm Name)
(CPA Firm Address)
(City, State Zip)
In connection with your engagement to apply agreed-upon procedures to the control and compliance matters identified below, as of 6-30-20 (date) and for the year then ended, and as required by Louisiana Revised Statute (R.S.) 24:513 and the Louisiana Governmental Audit Guide, we make the following representations to you.
Public Bid Law
It is true that we have complied with the public bid law, R.S. Title 38:2211-2296, and, where applicable, the regulations of the Division of Administration and the State Purchasing Office. Yes [X] No []
Code of Ethics for Public Officials and Public Employees
It is true that no employees or officials have accepted anything of value, whether in the form of a service,
loan, or promise, from anyone that would constitute a violation of R.S. 42:1101-1124. Yes [X] No []
It is true that no member of the immediate family of any member of the governing authority, or the chief executive of the governmental entity, has been employed by the governmental entity after April 1, 1980, under circumstances that would constitute a violation of R.S. 42:1119.
Yes [X] No []
Budgeting
We have complied with the state budgeting requirements of the Local Government Budget Act (R.S. 39:1301-15), R.S. 39:33, or the budget requirements of R.S. 39:1331-1342, as applicable. Yes [X] No []
Accounting and Reporting
All non-exempt governmental records are available as a public record and have been retained for at least three years, as required by R.S. 44:1, 44:7, 44:31, and 44:36.
Yes [X] No []
We have filed our annual financial statements in accordance with R.S. 24:514, and 33:463 where
applicable. Yes [X] No []
We have had our financial statements reviewed in accordance with R.S. 24:513. Yes [X] No []
the second control of
We did not enter into any contracts that utilized state funds as defined in R.S. 39:72.1 A. (2); and that were subject to the public bid law (R.S. 38:2211, et seq.), while the agency was not in compliance with R.S. 24:513 (the audit law).
Yes [X] No []
We have complied with R.S. 24:513 A. (3) regarding disclosure of compensation, reimbursements, benefits and other payments to the agency head, political subdivision head, or chief executive officer.

Yes [X] No []

Meetings

We have complied with the provisions of the Open Meetings Law, provided in R.S. 42:11 through 42:28.

Yes [X] No []

Debt

It is true we have not incurred any indebtedness, other than credit for 90 days or less to make purchases in the ordinary course of administration, nor have we entered into any lease-purchase agreements, without the approval of the State Bond Commission, as provided by Article VII, Section 8 of the 1974 Louisiana Constitution, Article VI, Section 33 of the 1974 Louisiana Constitution, and R.S. 39:1410.60-1410.65.

Yes [X] No []

Advances and Bonuses

It is true we have not advanced wages or salaries to employees or paid bonuses in violation of Article VII, Section 14 of the 1974 Louisiana Constitution, R.S. 14:138, and AG opinion 79-729.

See Finding 2000-2 Yes [] No [X]

Prior-Year Comments

We have resolved all prior-year recommendations and/or comments.

Yes[] No[X]

General

We are responsible for our compliance with the foregoing laws and regulations and the internal controls over compliance with such laws and regulations.

Yes No[]

We have evaluated our compliance with these laws and regulations prior to making these representations.

Yes [] No []

We have disclosed to you all known noncompliance of the foregoing laws and regulations, as well as any contradictions to the foregoing representations.

Yes [X No []

We have made available to you all records that we believe are relevant to the foregoing agreed-upon procedures.

Yes [X] No []

We have provided you with any communications from regulatory agencies, internal auditors, other independent practitioners or consultants or other sources concerning any possible noncompliance with the foregoing laws and regulations, including any communications received between the end of the period under examination and the issuance of your report.

Yes [] No[]

We will disclose to you, the Legislative Auditor, and the applicable state grantor agency/agencies any known noncompliance that may occur up to the date of your report.

Yes [X] No[]

The previous responses have been made to the best of our belief and knowledge.

Steve Bridwell	MAYOR 3-	-30-21 Date
	Treasurer	Date
	President	Date

...