WINN PARISH POLICE JURY

Winnfield, Louisiana

Financial Report

Year Ended December 31, 2021

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KOLDER, SLAVEN & COMPANY, LLC

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of the Police Jury Winn Parish Winnfield, Louisiana

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Adverse and Unmodified Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Winn Parish Police Jury (Police Jury), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Police Jury's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Adverse Opinion on Aggregate Discretely Presented Component Units

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the Basis for Adverse and Unmodified Opinions section of our report, the financial statements referred to above do not present fairly the financial position of the Aggregate Discretely Presented Component Units of the Police Jury as of December 31, 2021, or the changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Unmodified Opinions on the Governmental Activities, Each Major Fund and the Aggregate Remaining Fund Information

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Police Jury, as of December 31, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Adverse and Unmodified Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Police Jury and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

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Matter Giving Rise to Adverse Opinion on Aggregate Discretely Presented Component Units

Management has not included financial data for the Police Jury's legally separate component units in the financial statements. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require the financial data of those component units to be reported with the financial data of the Police Jury's primary government unless the Police Jury also issues financial statements for the financial reporting entity that include the financial data for its component units. The Police Jury has not issued such reporting entity financial statements. The amount by which this departure would affect the assets, deferred outflow of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, net position, revenues, and expenses of the aggregate discretely presented component units financial statements has not been determined.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Police Jury's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Police Jury's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.

• Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Police Jury's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information and Pension Schedules on pages 57-62 and 63-71 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Police Jury's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, Judicial System Funding Schedules- Receiving Entity, LCDBG Program Financial Statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare to the basic financial statements themselves, and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, Judicial System Funding Schedules- Receiving Entity, LCDBG Prog

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated June 24, 2022 on our consideration of the Police Jury's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Police Jury's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Police Jury's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC

Certified Public Accountants

Alexandria, Louisiana June 24, 2022

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (GWFS)

Statement of Net Position December 31, 2021

ASSETS

ASSETS	
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$ 3,292,162
Ad valorem taxes, net	1,437,661
Sales tax receivables	673,286
Due from other governmental units	870,950
Prepaid expenses	18,537
Restricted cash	671,645
Capital assets:	,
Non-depreciable	310,242
Depreciable, net	10,314,215
-	
Net pension asset	250,354
Total assets	17,839,052
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred outflows of resources - pensions	260,833
LIABILITIES	
Accounts and other payables	390,125
Accrued interest payable	8,499
Long-term liabilities:	0,177
-	12 520
Net pension liability	13,520
Due within one year	285,000
Due in more than one year	895,000
Total liabilities	1,592,144
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred inflows of resources - pensions	577,116
Deferred revenues	791,473
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,368,589
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	9,444,507
Restricted for:),111,507
General government - judical	14,505
Public works	1,921,384
Health and welfare	962,596
Culture and recreation	2,068,201
Economic development	671,645
Debt service	124,090
Unrestricted	(67,776)
Total net position	\$ 15,139,152
	ϕ 15,157,152

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

			Program Revenues			
		Fee, Fines and Charges	Operating Grants and	Capital Grants and	Net (Expenses) Revenues and	
Activities	Expenses	for Services	Contributions	Contributions	Changes In Net Position	
Governmental activities:						
General government	\$ 2,346,035	\$ 31,479	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (2,314,556)	
Public works	4,614,605	-	261,886	3,639,451	(713,268)	
Public safety	847,106	-	-	-	(847,106)	
Sanitation and waste disposal	898,118	-	-	-	(898,118)	
Health and welfare	596,486	-	441,963	-	(154,523)	
Economic development	114,904	-	-	59,560	(55,344)	
Culture and recreation	582,619	8,841	-	-	(573,778)	
Interest on long-term debt	36,073	-	-	-	(36,073)	
Total governmental activities	\$ 10,035,946	\$ 40,320	\$ 703,849	\$ 3,699,011	(5,592,766)	
	General revenues:					
	Taxes -					
	Property taxes, lev	vied for general purposes			1,560,072	
	Sales and use taxe	es, levied for general purp	oses		3,464,443	
	Severance tax				822,135	
	Grants and contribu	tions not restricted to spe	cific programs -			
	Federal revenue s	haring			164,889	
	State revenue shar	ring			78,877	
	Fire insurance reb	oate			54,236	
	Occupational licens	es and other permits			148,978	
	Nonemployer pensi	-			17,304	
	Interest income				10,160	
	Miscellaneous				380,069	
	Gain on disposition	of capital assets			11,205	
	Total general	-			6,712,368	
	Change in net	position			1,119,602	
	Net position, beginning	ng			14,019,550	
	Net position, ending				<u>\$ 15,139,152</u>	

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (FFS)

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2021

	General	Road Fund	Health Unit Fund	Library Fund
Assets:				
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$ 291,684	\$ 59,555	\$ 679,939	\$ 1,463,063
Ad valorem tax receivable, net	289,067	318,090	237,705	592,799
Sales tax receivable	-	221,487	-	-
Due from other governmental units	285,448	65,247	9,718	23,004
Restricted cash	671,645	-	-	-
Prepaid expenses	8,020	9,639	878	
Total assets	\$ 1,545,864	\$ 674,018	\$ 928,240	\$ 2,078,866
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ 60,961	\$ -	\$ 1,374	\$ -
Accrued liabilities	10,062	15,200	2,872	10,665
Total liabilities	71,023	15,200	4,246	10,665
Deferred inflows of resources:				
Deferred revenues	791,473			
Fund balances:				
Restricted -				
General government				
Judicial	-	-	-	-
Public works	-	658,818	-	-
Health and welfare	-	-	923,994	-
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	2,068,201
Economic development	671,645	-	-	-
Debt service	-	-	-	-
Unassigned	11,723			-
Total fund balances	683,368	658,818	923,994	2,068,201
Total liabilities and fund balances	<u>\$ 1,545,864</u>	\$ 674,018	<u>\$ 928,240</u>	\$ 2,078,866

S	Sales Tax Fund	Go	Other vernmental Funds	 Total
\$	579,681 -	\$	218,240	\$ 3,292,162 1,437,661
	451,799		-	673,286
	487,533		-	870,950
	-		-	671,645
	-		-	 18,537
<u>\$</u>	1,519,013	<u>\$</u>	218,240	\$ 6,964,241
\$	256,149 298	\$	16,298 16,246	\$ 334,782 55,343
	256,447		32,544	 390,125
				 791,473

-	14,505	14,505
1,262,566	-	1,921,384
-	38,602	962,596
-	-	2,068,201
-	-	671,645
-	132,589	132,589
	-	11,723
1,262,566	185,696	5,782,643
<u>\$ 1,519,013</u>	<u>\$ 218,240</u>	<u>\$ 6,964,241</u>

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position December 31, 2021

Total fund balances for governmental funds		\$ 5,782,643
Capital assets, net		10,624,457
Long-term liabilities: Bonds payable Accrued interest payable	\$ (1,180,000) (8,499)	(1,188,499)
Pension: Net pension (liability)/asset Deferred inflows of resources Deferred outflows of resources	 236,834 (577,116) 260,833	 (79,449)
Net position at December 31, 2021		\$ 15,139,152

WINN PARISH POLICE JURY Winnfield, Louisiana Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances-Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	General	Road Fund	Health Unit Fund	Library Fund
Revenues:				
Taxes -				
Ad valorem	\$ 314,016	\$ 344,951	\$ 257,905	\$ 643,200
Sales and use	-	1,153,062	-	-
Severance taxes	822,135	-	-	-
Licenses and permits	148,978	-	-	-
Intergovernmental revenues -				
Federal grants	565,222	176,580	973	48,168
State funds				
State revenue sharing	17,310	13,634	14,235	33,698
Parish transportation funds	-	261,886	-	-
Other	113,796	-	-	-
Federal revenue sharing	164,889	-	-	-
Fees, charges and commissions	-	-	-	8,841
Interest income	6,976	301	561	1,566
Miscellaneous	253,830	100,824	156	10,411
Total revenues	2,407,152	2,051,238	273,830	745,884
Expenditures:				
Current -				
General government:				
Legislative	127,351	-	-	-
Judicial	844,091	-	-	-
Elections	32,657	34,592	-	-
Finance and administration	349,165	-	-	-
Public works	-	1,550,281	-	-
Public safety	847,015	_	-	-
Sanitation, sewerage, and waste disposal	-	-	-	-
Health and welfare	256	-	133,392	-
Economic development and assistance	49,204	65,700	_	-
Culture and recreation	-	_	_	500,121
Capital outlay	19,442	49,505	41,365	46,244
Debt service:				,
Principal retirement	_	_	-	-
Interest and fiscal charges	_	_	-	-
Total expenditures	2,269,181	1,700,078	174,757	546,365
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	137,971	351,160	99,073	199,519
Other financing sources (uses):	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
Proceeds from sale of assets		11,205		
Transfers in	-	172,217	13,244	24,204
Transfers out	(404,364)	(306,875)	13,244	24,204
	(404,364)		13,244	24,204
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u> </u>	(123,453)		
Net change in fund balances	(266,393)	227,707	112,317	223,723
Fund balance, beginning	949,761	431,111	811,677	1,844,478
Fund balances, ending	\$ 683,368	\$ 658,818	\$ 923,994	\$ 2,068,201

Sales Tax Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Totals
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,560,072
2,311,381	-	3,464,443
-	-	822,135
-	-	148,978
2,767,831	522,640	4,081,414
-	-	78,877
-	-	261,886
-	-	113,796
-	-	164,889
-	31,479	40,320
5,518	756 9,330	10,160 380,069
5,084,730	564,205	11,127,039
-	-	127,351
-	70,990	915,081
-	-	67,249
903,229	-	1,252,394
2,775,769	31,500	4,357,550
-	-	847,015
898,118	-	898,118
-	430,185	563,833
-	-	114,904
-	-	500,121
12,037	52,677	221,270
-	825,000	825,000
-	41,367	41,367
4,589,153	1,451,719	10,731,253
495,577	(887,514)	395,786
-	-	11,205
170,656	344,459	724,780
-	(13,541)	(724,780)
170,656	330,918	11,205
666,233	(556,596)	406,991
596,333	742,292	5,375,652
\$ 1,262,566	\$ 185,696	\$ 5,782,643

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Total net changes in fund balances per Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances		\$ 406,991
Capital assets:	¢ 001.050	
Capital outlay	\$ 221,270	
Depreciation expense	(455,474)	(234,204)
Long-term debt		
Repayment of debt principal		825,000
Decrease in accrued interest payable		5,294
Effect of change in net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows		
of resources		
Decrease in pension expense		99,217
Nonemployer pension contribution revenue recognized		17,304
Total changes in net position per Statement of Activities		\$ 1,119,602

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

(1) <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

The accompanying financial statements of the Winn Parish Police Jury (Police Jury) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. GAAP includes all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting policies are discussed in subsequent subsections of this note.

Louisiana Revised Statute 33:1236 gives the Police Jury various powers in regulating and directing the affairs of the parish and its inhabitants. The more notable of those are the power to make regulations for its own government; to regulate the construction and maintenance of roads, bridges, and drainage systems; to regulate the sale of alcoholic beverages; and to provide for the health and welfare of the poor, disadvantaged and unemployed in the parish. Funding to accomplish these tasks is provided by ad valorem taxes, sales and use tax, beer and alcoholic beverage permits, occupational license, state revenue sharing and various other state and federal grants.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

Winn Parish Police Jury is the governing authority for Winn Parish and is a political subdivision of the State of Louisiana. The Police Jury is governed by 7 jurors representing the various districts within the parish. The jurors serve four-year terms that expire when the first meeting is held in January of 2024.

The financial reporting entity should consist of (a) the primary government, (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which the primary government is not accountable, but for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete and (d) organizations that are closely related to, or financially integrated with the primary government.

The basic criteria for determining which entities should be considered a component unit and, as such, part of the reporting entity for financial reporting purposes are as follows:

- 1. Legal status of the potential component unit including the right to incur its own debt, levy its own taxes and charges, expropriate property in its own name, sue and be sued, and the right to buy, sell and lease property in its own name.
- 2. Whether the primary government's governing authority appoints a majority of board members of the potential component unit and is able to impose its will on the potential component unit or whether the potential component unit is fiscally dependent on the primary government.
- 3. Financial benefit/burden relationship between the primary government and the potential component unit.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

4. The nature and significance of the relationship between the potential component unit with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading.

The following component units are not presented in the accompanying financial statements:

Fire Protection District No. 3 Winn Parish 911 Communications District

Financial statements of the individual component units may be obtained from their respective administrative offices.

These primary government financial statements of the Winn Parish Police Jury do not include the financial data of the component units described above. This component unit financial data is necessary for reporting in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

Related Organizations

The Winn Parish Police Jury appoints a portion of the governing boards for the Saline Lake Commission and the El Camino Board. However, the Police Jury is not financially accountable for these organizations and therefore they are not component units.

B. <u>Basis of Presentation</u>

Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS)

The statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services. The Police Jury has no business-type activities. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the Police Jury's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Fund Financial Statements (FFS)

The accounts of the Police Jury are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a separate set of self-balancing accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds maintained is consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

The Police Jury's various funds are classified as governmental funds. The emphasis on fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Police Jury or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least ten percent (10%) of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and
- b. Total assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least five percent (5%) of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

The major funds of the Police Jury are described below:

Governmental Funds -

General Fund -

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Police Jury. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of government grants or other specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects of the Police Jury. The following are the Police Jury's major Special Revenue Funds:

The Road Fund is used to account for maintenance and upkeep of parish roads and bridges within the respective districts.

The Health Unit Fund is used to account for the receipt and use of proceeds of ad valorem taxes and state revenue sharing revenue used for the maintenance of a health unit, which provides health and welfare services to the citizens of the parish.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

The Library Fund is used to account for the receipt and use of proceeds of ad valorem taxes and state revenue sharing revenue used for the operation and maintenance of the parish library.

The Sales Tax Fund is used to account for the receipt and use of proceeds of one percent (1%) sales tax, of which, 40% is allocated to the City of Winnfield and 60% is used to provide garbage and waste collection and/or disposal for the Parish.

C. <u>Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting</u>

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

On the government-wide statement of net position and the statement of activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined in item b. below. In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate:

- a. All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- b. The government-wide financial statement utilizes an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported. Government-wide fund equity is classified as net position.

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities, governmental activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred, or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. State revenue sharing funds associated with the current fiscal period. Expenditures (including capital outlay) generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Police Jury's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Program revenues

Program revenues included in the Statement of Activities are derived directly from the program itself or from parties outside the Police Jury's taxpayers or citizenry, as a whole; program revenues reduce the cost of the function to be financed from the Police Jury's general revenues.

Allocation of indirect expenses

The Police Jury reports all direct expenses by function in the Statement of Activities. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a function. Indirect expenses of other functions are not allocated to those functions but are reported separately in the Statement of Activities. Depreciation expense is specifically identified by function and is included in the direct expense of each function. Interest on general long-term debt is considered an indirect expense and is reported separately on the Statement of Activities.

Revenues

Federal and state entitlements (unrestricted grants-in-aid, which include state revenue sharing) are recorded when available and measurable. Expenditure-driven federal and state grants, which are restricted as to the purpose of the expenditure, are recorded when the reimbursable expenditures have been incurred and the grantor has obligated the funds.

Ad valorem taxes are recorded in the year taxes are due and payable. Ad valorem taxes are assessed in November, by the Parish Assessor, based on the assessed value and become due on November 15 of each year. The taxes are collected by the Sheriff and are remitted to the Police Jury net of deductions for Pension Fund contributions. The taxes become delinquent on January 1, when an enforceable lien attaches to the property. The taxes are generally collected in December, January, and February of the fiscal year. Property tax revenues are accrued at fiscal year-end to the extent that they have been collected but not received by the Winn Parish Tax Collector's Office. Such amounts are measurable and available to finance current operations.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Interest income on interest-bearing deposits is recorded or accrued as revenues when earned. Substantially all other revenues are recorded when received.

Expenditures

The Police Jury's primary expenditures include salaries and insurance, which are recorded when the liability is incurred. Capital expenditures and purchases of various operating supplies are regarded as expenditures at the time purchased.

Other Financing Sources (Uses)

Transfers between funds that are not expected to be repaid are accounted for as other financing sources (uses) when the transfer is authorized by the members of the Police Jury.

D. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Equity</u>

Cash and interest-bearing deposits

For purposes of the statement of net position, cash and interest-bearing deposits include all demand accounts, savings accounts, and certificates of deposits of the Police Jury, which mature in 180 days or less.

Under state law, the Police Jury may invest in United States bonds, treasury notes, or certificates.

Interfund receivables and payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Those related to goods and services type transactions are classified as "due to and from other funds." Short-term interfund loans are reported as "interfund receivables and payables."

Long-term interfund loans (noncurrent portion) are reported as "advances from and to other funds." Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the statement of net position.

Receivables

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Major receivable balances for the governmental activities include ad valorem, sales and use taxes, and federal and state grants.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the governmental activities' column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are capitalized at acquisition cost or estimated

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

acquisition cost if actual acquisition cost is not available. Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their estimated acquisition at the date of donation. The Police Jury maintains a threshold level of \$1,500 or more for capitalizing capital assets.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Prior to January 1, 2003, governmental funds' infrastructure assets were not capitalized. These assets have been valued at estimated acquisition cost.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the statement of activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Buildings and building improvements	20-40 years
Furniture and equipment	5-12 years
Vehicles and trucks	5-10 years
Library books	5 years
Infrastructure	40 years

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition.

Long-term debt

The accounting treatment of long-term debt depends on whether the assets are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term debt to be repaid from governmental resources is reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term debt consists primarily of bonds payable.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures.

Compensated Absences

Police Jury – Employees may earn from ten to fifteen days of annual leave and twelve days of sick leave per year depending on the length of service. Vacation leave does not accumulate. Sick Leave may be accumulated to a maximum of twenty-four days; however, accumulated sick leave is forfeited upon termination of employment. Employees can accumulate compensatory time up to a maximum of 240 hours (30 days) per calendar year which is payable upon termination of employment.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Registrar of Voters – The registrar of voters and the chief deputy of Winn Parish are employees of the State of Louisiana, Department of Elections and Registration, and are paid in part by the police jury. Employees accrue and accumulate annual and sick leave in accordance with state law and administrative regulations. The leave is accumulated without limitation; however, upon separation of employment, classified personnel or their heirs are compensated for accumulated annual leave not to exceed 300 hours.

Library – Employees earn from twelve to twenty-one days of vacation leave each year depending on the length of service and professional training. Vacation leave accumulates with up to ten days being carried forward at the end of the calendar year. Employees shall be paid for any accumulated annual leave upon dismissal or resignation. Employees earn twelve days of sick leave each year which may be accumulated to a maximum of thirty days. Sick leave is forfeited upon termination of employment.

Criminal Court – Employees of the Eight Judicial District Criminal Court may earn from ten to twenty days of vacation leave and fort-five days of sick leave each year depending on length of service. Vacation and sick leave do not accumulate, and employees are not paid for unused leave upon termination of employment.

Due to uncertainty of actual amounts which will be paid for vacation and sick leave, no accruals have been made at December 31, 2021 for such absences.

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position and or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Equity Classifications

In the government-wide statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

a. Net investment in capital assets - consists of net capital assets reduced by outstanding balances of any related debt obligations and deferred inflows of resources attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets and increased by balances of deferred outflows of resources related to those assets.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

- b. Restricted net position consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, of laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Restricted net position is reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to the restricted assets.
- c. Unrestricted net position consists of all other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balances for governmental funds are classified as follows:

- a. Nonspendable amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual constraints requiring they remain intact.
- b. Restricted amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors, grantors, contributors or amounts constrained due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or the laws or regulations of other governments.
- c. Committed amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the Police Jury through formal legislative action and does not lapse at year end. A committed fund balance constraint can only be established, modified, or rescinded by passage of ordinances or resolutions approved by Police Jury members.
- d. Assigned amounts that are constrained by the Police Jury's intent to be used for specific purposes, that are neither restricted nor committed. The assignment of fund balance is authorized by a directive from the Police Jury's Treasurer and approved by a resolution of the Police Jury members.
- e. Unassigned all other spendable amounts.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the Police Jury considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the Police Jury considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the jurors or the finance committee has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

E. <u>Use of Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. These estimates include net pension liability/asset and assessing the useful lives and impairment of tangible and intangible assets, among others. Estimates and assumptions are reviewed periodically, and the effects of revisions are reflected in the period they are determined to be necessary. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

F. Inventories

Inventories, consisting of office supplies and road maintenance materials are considered expenditures when purchased. Physical inventories are not taken at year end as any amount remaining at December 31, 2021 is considered immaterial and is not included in the financial statements.

G. <u>Revenue Restrictions</u>

The Police Jury has various restrictions placed over certain revenue sources from state or local requirements. The primary restricted revenue sources include:

Revenue Source	Legal Restrictions of Use
Sales taxes	See Note 2

The Police Jury uses unrestricted resources only when restricted resources are fully depleted.

H. <u>Pensions</u>

The net pension liability/asset, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, (described in more detail in Note 8), has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. Non-employer contributions are recognized as revenues in the government-wide financial statements. In the governmental fund financial statements contributions are recognized as expenditures when due.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

(2) <u>Sales and Use Tax</u>

The Police Jury has levied a one cent and a one-half cent sale and use tax in the years 2004, and 2015, respectively. The taxes are collected by the Winn Parish School Board and are remitted to the Police Jury monthly, net of any collection expenses. The proceeds of these taxes are dedicated to specific purposes as follows:

2004 one cent sales and use tax

Proceeds of this tax are dedicated for the purpose of solid waste collection and disposal of waste within the parish. Upon receipt, the Police Jury maintains 60% of the tax collected for the purpose noted above and remits the remaining 40% to the City of Winnfield.

2016 one-half cent sales and use tax

Proceeds of this tax are dedicated for the purpose of improving, maintaining, and repairing public roads and bridges throughout the Parish.

(3) <u>Cash and Interest-Bearing Deposits</u>

Under state law, the Police Jury may deposit funds within a fiscal agent bank organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, the laws of any other state in the Union, or the laws of the United States. The Police Jury may invest in certificates and time deposits of the state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having principal offices in Louisiana.

These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market. Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the Police Jury's deposits may not be covered or will not be able to recover the collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Police Jury does not have a policy for custodial credit risk; however, under state law, deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent bank. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties. The following is a summary of deposit balances (bank balances) at December 31, 2021, and the related federal insurance and pledged securities:

Bank balances	<u>\$ 4,111,872</u>
Federal deposit insurance	\$ 807,103
Uninsured and collateral held by the pledging bank, not in the Police Jury's name	3,304,769
Total	\$ 4,111,872

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

(4) Deferred Revenues

Deferred revenues of \$791,473, represents monies received from the Department of Treasury – Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds during the year ended December 31, 2021. These monies will be recognized as income when its considered earned by the Police Jury.

(5) <u>Restricted Cash</u>

Restricted cash of \$671,645, represents monies held on behalf of the Industrial Development Board of Winn Parish for the purpose of future economic development within Winn Parish. See additional information in Note 9.

(6) <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital asset activity was as follows:

	Beginning	Additions	Deletions	Ending	
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 223,67	5 \$ -	\$ -	\$ 223,675	
Construction in progress	33,89	0 52,677		86,567	
Total capital assets, not being					
depreciated	257,56	5 52,677		310,242	
Capital assets being depreciated					
Building and improvements	4,891,75	4 2,716	-	4,894,470	
Furniture and equipment	1,504,78	0 49,537	15,540	1,538,777	
Vehicles	492,89	8 74,857	48,315	519,440	
Library books	1,402,07	9 41,483	-	1,443,562	
Infrastructure:					
Road surfaces	7,983,80	6 -		7,983,806	
Total capital assets, being					
depreciated	16,275,31	7 168,593	63,855	16,380,055	
Less accumulated depreciation					
Building and improvements	1,832,75	9 95,760	-	1,928,519	
Furniture and equipment	1,253,25	1 82,579	15,540	1,320,290	
Vehicles	470,08	5 30,470	48,315	452,240	
Library books	1,261,37	5 47,070	-	1,308,445	
Infrastructure:					
Road surfaces	856,75	1 199,595		1,056,346	
Total accumulated depreciation	5,674,22	1 455,474	63,855	6,065,840	
Total capital assets, being					
depreciated, net	10,601,09	6 (286,881)		10,314,215	
Capital assets, net	<u>\$ 10,858,66</u>	<u>1 \$ (234,204)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 10,624,457	

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

General government	\$ 17,519
Public safety	91
Public works	289,788
Health and welfare	36,050
Culture and recreation	 112,026
Total depreciation expense	\$ 455,474

(7) <u>Long-Term Liabilities</u>

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities of the Police Jury:

Direct Placements	Beginning	Additions	Deletions	Ending	Due Within One Year
General Obligation Bonds Sales Tax Revenue Bonds	\$ 550,000 1,455,000	\$ - -	\$ 550,000 275,000	\$ - 1,180,000	\$ - 285,000
Total	\$ 2,005,000	\$ -	\$ 825,000	\$1,180,000	\$ 285,000

Long-term liabilities were composed of the following:

Sales Tax Revenue Bonds

The Police Jury issued \$2,500,000 of Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2016, on March 21, 2016, for the purpose of improving, maintaining, and repairing public roads and bridges within the parish. Principal payments are due in annual installments of \$250,000 to \$305,000 through September 1, 2025. The Bonds bear interest at various annual rates ranging from 1.15% to 2.40%. The Bonds are to be repaid from the levy and collection of a one-half percent sales tax dedicated for the purpose of improving, maintaining, and repairing public roads and bridges within the parish. Events of default are outlined in the official statements of the Series 2016 bond and include failure to pay principal and interest in a timely manner. In the event of default bond holders are entitled to exercise all rights and powers for which provision is made under Louisiana law. However, under no circumstances may the principal or interest of any Bond be accelerated.

Principal and interest payments on direct placement debt are due as follows:

	D	Direct Placement Debt			
Year Ending	Principal	I	nterest		
December 31,	payments	pa	ayments		Total
2022	\$ 285,000	\$	25,426	\$	310,426
2023	290,000		20,010		310,010
2024	300,000		13,920		313,920
2025	305,000		7,320		312,320
Totals	\$ 1,180,000	\$	66,676	\$	1,246,676

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

(8) <u>Operating Leases</u>

The Police Jury has entered into various lease agreements for equipment used in the operations of the Road Department. These leases expire at various time through February 2023. For the year ended December 31, 2021 lease expense amounted to \$157,339. Future minimum lease payments under the lease agreements are as follows:

Year Ending	
December 31,	Total
2022	\$ 169,059
2023	41,026
2024	21,264
2025	19,492
Totals	<u>\$ 250,841</u>

(9) <u>Employee Retirement</u>

The Police Jury participates in four cost-sharing multiple-employer, public employee retirement systems (PERS): Parochial Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana (Plan A), Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System, District Attorneys' Retirement System and Registrar of Voters Employees' Retirement System. Each system is administered and controlled by a separate board of trustees.

The employer pension schedules for the Parochial Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana, Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System, District Attorneys' Retirement System and Registrar of Voters Employees' Retirement System are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Members' earnable compensation, for which the employer allocations are based, is recognized in the period in which the employee is compensated for services performed. The member's earnable compensation is attributed to the employer for which the member is employed as of December 31, 2021.

Substantially all Police Jury employees are covered under the Parochial Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana except judges, district attorneys, and registrar of voters, who are covered under the Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System, District Attorneys' Retirement System and Registrar of Voters Employees' Retirement System, respectively. Details concerning these plans follow:

A. <u>Parochial Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana</u>

Plan Description: The Parochial Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana (the System) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established by Act 205 of the 1952 regular session of the Legislature of the State of Louisiana to provide retirement benefits to all employees of any parish in the state of Louisiana or any governing body or a parish which employs and pays persons serving the parish.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Act 765 of the year 1979, established by the Legislature of the State of Louisiana, revised the System to create Plan A and Plan B to replace the "regular plan" and the "supplemental plan". Plan A was designated for employers out of Social Security. Plan B was designated for those employers that remained in Social Security on the revision date. Employees of the Police Jury are members of Plan A.

The System is governed by Louisiana Revised Statutes, Title 11, Sections 1901 through 2025, specifically, and other general laws of the State of Louisiana.

The Parochial Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana has issued a stand-alone report on their financial statements. Access to the report can be found on the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's website, www.lla.la.gov.

The following is a description of the plan and its benefits and is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to these appropriate statutes for more complete information.

Eligibility Requirements: All permanent parish government employees (except those employed by Orleans, Lafourche and East Baton Rouge Parishes) who work at least 28 hours a week shall become members on the date of employment. New employees meeting the age and Social Security criteria have up to 90 days from the date of hire to elect to participate.

As of January 1997, elected officials, except coroners, justices of the peace, and parish presidents may no longer join the System.

Retirement Benefits: Any member of Plan A can retire providing he/she meets one of the following criteria:

For employees hired prior to January 1, 2007:

- 1. Any age with thirty (30) or more years of creditable service.
- 2. Age 55 with twenty-five (25) years of creditable service.
- 3. Age 60 with a minimum of ten (10) years of creditable service.
- 4. Age 65 with a minimum of seven (7) years of creditable service.

For employees hired after January 1, 2007:

- 1. Age 55 with 30 years of service.
- 2. Age 62 with 10 years of service.
- 3. Age 67 with 7 years of service.

Generally, the monthly amount of the retirement allowance of any member of Plan A shall consist of an amount equal to three percent of the member's final average compensation multiplied by his/her years of creditable service. However, under certain conditions, as outlined in the statutes, the benefits are limited to specified amounts.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Survivor Benefits: Upon the death of any member of Plan A with five (5) or more years of creditable service who is not eligible for retirement, the plan provides for benefits for the surviving spouse and minor children, as outlined in the statutes.

Any member of Plan A, who is eligible for normal retirement at time of death, the surviving spouse shall receive an automatic Option 2 benefit, as outlined in the statutes.

A surviving spouse who is not eligible for Social Security survivorship or retirement benefits and married not less than twelve (12) months immediately preceding death of the member, shall be paid an Option 2 benefit beginning at age 50.

Deferred Retirement Option Plan: Act 338 of 1990 established the Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP) for the Retirement System. DROP is an option for that member who is eligible for normal retirement.

In lieu of terminating employment and accepting a service retirement, any member of Plan A or B who is eligible to retire may elect to participate in the Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP) in which they are enrolled for three years and defer the receipt of benefits. During participation in the plan, employer contributions are payable, but employee contributions cease. The monthly retirement benefits that would be payable, had the person elected to cease employment and receive a service retirement allowance, are paid into the DROP Fund.

Upon termination of employment prior to or at the end of the specified period of participation, a participant in the DROP may receive, at his option, a lump sum from the account equal to the payments into the account, a true annuity based upon his account balance in that fund or roll over the fund to an Individual Retirement Account.

Interest is accrued on the DROP benefits for the period between the end of DROP participation and the member's retirement date.

For individuals who become eligible to participate in the Deferred Retirement Option Plan on or after January 1, 2004, all amounts which remain credited to the individual's subaccount after termination in the Plan will be placed in liquid asset money market investments at the discretion of the board of trustees. These subaccounts may be credited with interest based on money market rates of return or, at the option of the System, the funds may be credited to selfdirected subaccounts. The participant in the self-directed portion of this Plan must agree that the benefits payable to the participant are not the obligations of the state or the System, and that any returns and other rights of the Plan are the sole liability and responsibility of the participant and the designated provider to which contributions have been made.

Disability Benefits: For Plan A, a member shall be eligible to retire and receive a disability benefit if they were hired prior to January 1, 2007 and has at least five years of creditable service or if hired after January 1, 2007, has seven years of creditable service, and is not eligible for normal retirement and has been officially certified as disabled by the State Medical Disability Board. Upon retirement caused by disability, a member of Plan A shall be paid a disability benefit equal to the lesser of an amount equal to three percent of the member's final average compensation multiplied by his years of service, not to be less than fifteen, or three percent multiplied by years of service assuming continued service to age sixty for those members

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

who are enrolled prior to January 1, 2007 and to age sixty two for those members who are enrolled January 1, 2007 and later.

Cost of Living Increases: The Board is authorized to provide a cost-of-living allowance for those retirees who retired prior to July 1973. The adjustment cannot exceed 2% of the retiree's original benefit for each full calendar year since retirement and may only be granted if sufficient funds are available from investment income in excess of normal requirements.

In addition, the Board may provide an additional cost of living increase to all retirees and beneficiaries who are over age sixty-five equal to 2% of the member's benefit paid on October 1, 1977, (or the member's retirement date, if later). Also, the Board may provide a cost of living increase up to 2.5% for retirees 62 and older. (RS 11:1937). Lastly, Act 270 of 2009 provided for further reduced actuarial payments to provide an annual 2.5% cost of living adjustment commencing at age 55.

Employer Contributions: According to state statute, contributions for all employers are actuarially determined each year. For the year ended December 31, 2020, the actuarially determined contribution rate was 11.11% of member's compensation for Plan A. However, the actual rate for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2020 was 12.25% for Plan A.

According to state statute, the System also receives one quarter of one percent of ad valorem taxes collected within the respective parishes, except for Orleans and East Baton Rouge parishes. The System also receives revenue sharing funds each year as appropriated by the Legislature. Tax monies and revenue sharing monies are apportioned between Plan A and Plan B in proportion to the member's compensation. These additional sources of income are used as additional employer contributions and are considered support from non-employer contributing entities. The Police Jury recognized \$12,004 of non-employer contributions.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions:

At December 31, 2021, the Police Jury reported an asset of \$250,354 for their proportionate share of the net pension asset, which was reported in the governmental activities. The net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2020 and the total pension asset used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Police Jury's proportion of the net pension asset was based on a projection of the Police Jury's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At December 31, 2020, the Police Jury's proportion was .142781% which was a decrease of .001601% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2019.

For the year ended December 31, 2021, the Police Jury recognized pension expense of \$1,878.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

At December 31, 2021, the Police Jury reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and		
actual experience	\$ 60,953	\$ 29,881
Change of assumptions	81,908	-
Net difference between projected and		
actual earnings on pension plan		
investments	-	488,619
Change in proportion and differences between		
Employer contributions and proportionate	2,067	26,344
share of contributions		
Employer contributions subsequent to the		
measurement date	99,783	
Total	\$244,711	\$ 544,844

Deferred outflows of resources of \$99,783 related to pensions resulting from the Police Jury's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the following fiscal year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense (benefit) as follows:

Year Ended	
December 31:	
2022	\$ (116,325)
2023	(43,464)
2024	(160,302)
2025	(79,825)
	\$ (399,916)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions: The net pension asset was measured as the portion of the present value of projected benefit payments to be provided through the pension plan to current active and inactive employees that is attributed to those employees' past periods of service, less the amount of the pension plan's fiduciary net position.

A summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used in determining the total pension liability as of December 31, 2020 are as follows:

Valuation Date	December 31, 2020
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Investment Rate of Return	6.40% (Net of investment expense)

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Expected Remaining Service Lives	4 years
Projected Salary Increases Cost of Living Adjustment	Plan A – 4.75% The present value of future retirement benefits are based on benefits currently being paid by the System and includes previously granted cost of living increases. The present values do not include provisions for potential future increase not yet authorized by the Board of Trustees.
Mortality	Pub-2010 Public Plans Mortality Table for Health Retirees multiplied by 130% for males and 125% for females using MP2018 scale for annuitant and beneficiary mortality. For employees, the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Table for General Employees multiplied by 130% for males and 125% for females using MP2018 scale. Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Table for General Disabled Retirees multiplied by 130% for males and 125% for females using MP2018 scale for disabled annuitants.

Inflation Rate

2.30%

The discount rate used to measure the total pension asset was 6.40% for Plan A, which reflects a decrease of .10% from the discount rate used in the previous year. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from participating employers and non-employer contributing entities will be made at the actuarially determined contribution rates, which are calculated in accordance with relevant statutes and approved by the Board of Trustees and the Public Retirement Systems' Actuarial Committee. Based on those assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension asset.

The investment rate of return was 6.40% for Plan A, which is a .10% decrease from the rate used in the previous year. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a triangulation method which integrated the CAPM pricing model (top-down), a treasury yield curve approach (bottom-up) and an equity building-block model (bottom-up). Risk return and correlations are projected on a forward-looking basis in equilibrium, in which best-estimates of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These rates are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation of 2.00% and an adjustment for the effect of rebalancing/diversification.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the System's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2021 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-term
	Target	Expected
	Asset	Portfolio Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
	220/	0.060/
Fixed income	33%	0.86%
Equity	51%	3.36%
Alternatives	14%	0.67%
Real assets	2%	0.11%
Totals	100%	5.00%
		2 000/
Inflation		2.00%
Expected Arithmetic Nominal Return		7.00%

The mortality rate assumption used was set based upon an experience study performed on plan data for the period January 1, 2013 through December 31, 2017. The data was assigned credibility weighting and combined with a standard table to produce current levels of mortality.

Sensitivity to Changes in Discount Rate: The following presents the net pension liability of the participating employers calculated using the discount rate of 6.40%, as well as what the employers' net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate.

			Current	
	1% Discount		1%	
	Ι	Decrease	Rate	Increase
		5.40%	6.40%	 7.40%
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	524,920	\$ (250,354)	\$ (899,630)

B. Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System

Plan description: Employees of the Police Jury are provided with pensions through a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System (LASERS). Section 401 of Title 11 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes (La. R.S. 11:401) grants to LASERS Board of Trustees and the Louisiana Legislature the authority to review administration, benefit terms, investments, and funding of the plan. LASERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.lasersonline.org.

The following is a description of the plan and its benefits and is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to the appropriate statutes for more complete information.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Retirement Benefits: The age and years of creditable service required in order for a member to retire with full benefits are established by statute, and vary depending on the member's hire date, employer, and job classification. The majority of LASERS rank and file members may retire with full benefits at any age upon completing 30 years of creditable service, at age 55 upon completing 25 years of creditable service or at age 60 upon completing five to ten years of creditable service depending on their plan. Additionally, members may choose to retire with 20 years of service at any age, with an actuarially reduced benefit. The basic annual retirement benefit for members is equal to 2.5% to 3.5% of average compensation multiplied by the number of years of creditable service.

Average compensation is defined as the member's average annual earned compensation for the highest 36 consecutive months of employment for members employed prior to July 1, 2006. For members hired July 1, 2006 or later, average compensation is based on the member's average annual earned compensation for the highest 60 consecutive months of employment. The maximum annual retirement benefit cannot exceed the lesser of 100% of average compensation or a certain specified dollar amount of actuarially determined monetary limits, which vary depending upon the member's age at retirement. Judges, court officers, and certain elected officials receive an additional annual retirement benefit equal to 1.0% of average compensation multiplied by the number of years of creditable service in their respective capacity. As an alternative to the basic retirement benefits, a member may elect to receive their retirement throughout their life, with certain benefits being paid to their designated beneficiary after their death.

Act 992 of the 2010 Louisiana Regular Legislative Session, changed the benefit structure for LASERS members hired on or after January 1, 2011. This resulted in three new plans: regular, hazardous duty, and judges. The new regular plan includes regular members and those members who were formerly eligible to participate in specialty plans, excluding hazardous duty and judges. Regular members and judges are eligible to retire at age 60 after five years of creditable service and, may also retire at any age, with a reduced benefit, after 20 years of creditable service. Hazardous duty members are eligible to retire with twelve years of creditable service at age 55, 25 years of creditable service at any age or with a reduced benefit after 20 years of creditable service. Average compensation will be based on the member's average annual earned compensation for the highest 60 consecutive months of employment for all three new plans. Members in the regular plan will receive a 2.5% accrual rate, hazardous duty plan a 3.33% accrual rate, and judges a 3.5% accrual rate. The extra 1.0% accrual rate for each year of service for court officers, the governor, lieutenant governor, legislators, House clerk, sergeants at arms, or Senate secretary, employed after January 1, 2011, was eliminated by Act 992. Specialty plan and regular members hired prior to January 1, 2011, who are hazardous duty employees have the option to transition to the new hazardous duty plan.

Act 226 of the 2014 Louisiana Regular Legislative Session established new retirement eligibility for members of LASERS hired on or after July 1, 2015, excluding hazardous duty plan members. Regular members and judges under the new plan are eligible to retire at age 62 after five years of creditable service and, may also retire at any age, with a reduced benefit, after 20 years of creditable service. Average compensation will be based on the member's average annual earned compensation for the highest 60 consecutive months of employment. Members in the regular plan will receive a 2.5% accrual rate, and judges a 3.5% accrual rate, with the extra 1.0% accrual rate based on all years of service as a judge.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

A member leaving employment before attaining minimum retirement age, but after completing certain minimum service requirements, becomes eligible for a benefit provided the member lives to the minimum service retirement age, and does not withdraw their accumulated contributions. The minimum service requirement for benefits varies depending upon the member's employer and service classification.

Deferred Retirement Benefits: The State Legislature authorized LASERS to establish a Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP). When a member enters DROP, their status changes from active member to retiree even though they continue to work and draw their salary for a period of up to three years. The election is irrevocable once participation begins. During DROP participation, accumulated retirement benefits that would have been paid to each retiree are separately tracked. For members who entered DROP prior to January 1, 2004, interest at a rate of one-half percent less than the System's realized return on its portfolio (not to be less than zero) will be credited to the retiree after participation ends. At that time, the member must choose among available alternatives for the distribution of benefits that have accumulated in the DROP account. Members who enter DROP on or after January 1, 2004, are required to participate in LASERS Self-Directed Plan (SDP) which is administered by a third-party provider. The SDP allows DROP participants to choose from a menu of investment options for the allocation of their DROP balances. Participants may diversify their investments by choosing from an approved list of mutual funds with different holdings, management styles, and risk factors.

Members eligible to retire and who do not choose to participate in DROP may elect to receive at the time of retirement an initial benefit option (IBO) in an amount up to 36 months of benefits, with an actuarial reduction of their future benefits. For members who selected the IBO option prior to January 1, 2004, such amount may be withdrawn or remain in the IBO account earning interest at a rate of one-half percent less than the System's realized return on its portfolio (not to be less than zero). Those members who select the IBO on or after January 1, 2004, are required to enter the SDP as described above.

Disability Benefits: All members with ten or more years of credited service who become disabled may receive a maximum disability retirement benefit equivalent to the regular retirement formula without reduction by reason of age.

Upon reaching retirement age, the disability retiree may receive a regular retirement benefit by making application to the Board of Trustees. For injuries sustained in the line of duty, hazardous duty personnel in the Hazardous Duty Services Plan will receive a disability benefit equal to 75% of final average compensation if the injury was the result of an intentional act of violence.

Survivor's Benefits: Certain eligible surviving dependents receive benefits based on the deceased member's compensation and their relationship to the deceased. The deceased member hired after January 1, 2011, who was in state service at the time of death, must have a minimum of five, years of service credit, at least two of which were earned immediately prior to death, or who had a minimum of twenty years of service credit regardless of when earned in order for a benefit to be paid to a minor or handicapped child. Benefits are payable to an unmarried child until age 18, or age 23 if the child remains a full-time student. The aforementioned minimum service credit requirement is ten years for a surviving spouse with no minor children, and benefits are to be paid for life to the spouse or qualified handicapped child.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

The deceased regular member hired on or after January 1, 2011, must have a minimum of five years of service credit regardless of when earned in order for a benefit to be paid to a minor child. The aforementioned minimum service credit requirements for a surviving spouse are 10 years, 2 years being earned immediately prior to death, and active state service at the time of death, or a minimum of 20 years of service credit regardless of when earned. A deceased member's spouse must have been married for at least one year before death.

Cost of Living Adjustments: As fully described in Title 11 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes, the System allows for the payment of permanent benefit increases, also known as cost-of-living adjustments (COLAs), that are funded through investment earnings when recommended by the Board of Trustees and approved by the State Legislature.

Employer Contributions: The employer contribution rate is established annually under La. R.S. 11:101-11:104 by the PRSAC, taking into consideration the recommendation of the Systems' Actuary. Each plan pays a separate actuarially determined employer contribution rate. However, all assets of LASERS are used for the payment of benefits for all classes of members, regardless of their plan membership. Rates for the year ended June 30, 2021 are as follows:

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		Employer
	Plan	Contribution
Plan	Status	Rate
Appellate Law Clerks		
Pre Act 75 (hired before 7/1/2006)	Closed	40.1%
Post Act 75 (hired after 6/30/2006)	Closed	40.1%
Optional Retirement Plan (ORP)		
Pre Act 75 (hired before 7/1/2006)	Closed	40.1%
Post Act 75 (hired after 6/30/2006)	Closed	40.1%
Regular Employees hired before 7/1/06	Closed	40.1%
Regular Employees hired on or after 7/1/06	Closed	40.1%
Regular Employees hired on or after 1/1/11	Closed	40.1%
Regular Employees hired on or after 7/1/15	Open	40.1%
Legislators	Closed	36.5%
Special Legislative Employees	Closed	38.5%
Judges hired before 1/1/2011	Closed	42.5%
Judges hired after 12/31/2010	Closed	43.6%
Judges hired after 7/1/15	Open	43.6%
Corrections Primary	Closed	38.7%
Corrections Secondary	Closed	43.0%
Wildlife Agents	Closed	50.5%
Peace Officers	Closed	40.9%
Alcohol Tobacco Control	Closed	38.1%
Bridge Police	Closed	38.5%
Bridge Police hired on or after 7/1/06	Closed	38.5%
Hazardous Duty	Open	45.0%

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions: At December 31, 2021, the employer reported a liability of \$6,825 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Police Jury's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Police Jury's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2021, the Police Jury's proportion was .00012%, which was equivalent to its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

For the year ended December 31, 2021, the Police Jury recognized pension expense of \$123.

At December 31, 2021, the Police Jury reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and		
actual experience	\$ 7	\$ -
Change of assumptions	167	-
Change in proportion and		
differences between the employer's		
contributions and the employer's		
proportionate share of contributions	-	-
Net differences between projected and		
actual earnings on plan investments	-	1,593
Contributions subsequent to the		
measurement date	516	-
Total	\$ 690	\$ 1,593

Deferred outflows of resources of \$516 related to pensions resulting from Police Jury's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the following fiscal year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended	
December 31:	
2022	\$ (103)
2023	(245)
2024	(362)
2025	(709)
	<u>\$ (1,419)</u>

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Actuarial Assumptions: A summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used in determining the total pension liability as of June 30, 2021 are as follows:

Valuation Date Actuarial Cost Method Actuarial Assumptions: Expected Remaining	June 30, 2021 Entry Age Normal
Service Lives Investment Rate of Return Inflation Rate	2 years 7.40% per annum, net of investment expenses 2.30% per annum
Mortality	 Non-disabled members - Mortality rates based on the RP-2014 Healthy Mortality Table with mortality improvement projected using the MP-2018 Mortality Improvement Scale, applied on a fully generational basis. Disabled members - Mortality rates based on the RP-2000 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table, with no projection for mortality improvement.
Termination, Disability, and Retirement	Termination, disability, and retirement assumptions were projected based on a five-year (2014-2018) experience study of the System's members.
Salary Increases	Salary increases were projected based on a 2014-2018 experience study of the System's members. The salary increase ranges for specific types of members are:
	Member Type Lower Range Upper Range
	Regular 3.00% 12.80%
	Judges 2.60% 5.10%
	Corrections 3.60% 13.80%
	Hazardous Duty 3.60% 13.80%
	Wildlife 3.60% 13.80%
Cost of Living Adjustments	The present value of future retirement benefits is based on benefits currently being paid by the System and includes previously granted cost of living increases. The projected benefit payments do not include provisions for potential future increases not yet authorized by the Board of Trustees as they were deemed not to be substantively automatic.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Discount Rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.40% which was a .15% decrease from the discount rate used as of June 30, 2020. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions from participating employers will be made at the actuarially determined rates approved by PRSAC taking into consideration the recommendation of the System's actuary. Based on those assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by expected 2.30% and an adjustment the adding inflation of for effect of rebalancing/diversification. The resulting expected long-term nominal rate of return is 7.61% for 2021. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the System's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2021 are summarized in the following table:

	Long-term
	Expected
	Real Rates
Asset Class	of Return
Cash	-0.29%
Domestic Equity	4.09%
International Equity	5.12%
Domestic Fixed Income	0.49%
International Fixed Income	3.94%
Alternative Investments	6.93%
Total fund	5.81%

Sensitivity to Changes in the Discount Rate: The following presents the employer's net pension liability using the discount rate of 7.40%, as well as what the employer's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower or one percentage-point higher than the current rate:

		10/		urrent		10/
	1% Decrease <u>6.40%</u>		Discount Rate 7.40%		1% Increase 8.40%	
Net Pension Liability	\$	9,247	\$	6,825	\$	4,764

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

C. <u>Registrar of Voters Employees' Retirement System</u>

Plan Description: The System was established on January 1, 1955 for the purpose of providing retirement allowances and other benefits as stated under the provisions of R.S. Title 11:2032, as amended, for registrars of voters, their deputies and their permanent employees in each parish. The projection of benefit payments in the calculation of the total pension liability includes all benefits to be provided to current active and inactive employees through the System in accordance with the benefit terms and any additional legal agreements to provide benefits that are in force at the measurement date.

The Registrar of Voters Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana issues a stand-alone report on their financial statements. Access to the report can be found on the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's website, www.lla.la.gov.

The following is a description of the plan and its benefits and is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to these appropriate statutes for more complete information.

Retirement Benefits: Any member hired prior to January 1, 2013 is eligible for normal retirement after he has 20 years of creditable service and is age 55 or has 10 years of creditable service and is age 60. Any member with 30 years of creditable service regardless of age may retire. Regular retirement benefits for members hired prior to January 1, 2013 are calculated at 3.33% of the average annual earned compensation for the highest consecutive 60 months multiplied by the number of years of creditable service, not to exceed 100% of average annual compensation.

Any member hired on or after January 1, 2013 is eligible for normal retirement after he has attained 30 years of creditable service and is age 55; has attained 20 years of creditable service and is age 60; or has attained 10 years of creditable service and is age 62. Regular retirement benefits for members hired on or after January 1, 2013 are calculated at 3.00% of the average annual earned compensation for the highest consecutive 60 months multiplied by the number of years of creditable service, not to exceed 100% of average annual compensation. Retirement benefits for members hired on or after January 1, 2013 that have attained 30 years of creditable service with at least 20 years of creditable service in the System are calculated at 3.33% of the average annual compensation for the highest consecutive 60 months multiplied by the number of years of creditable service, not to exceed 100% of average annual compensation.

Any member whose withdrawal from service occurs prior to attaining the age of sixty years, who shall have completed ten or more years of creditable service and shall not have received a refund of his accumulated contributions, shall become eligible for a deferred allowance beginning upon his attaining the age of sixty years.

Survivor Benefits: If a member who has less than five years of credited service dies due to any cause other than injuries sustained in the performance of his official duties, his accumulated contributions are paid to his designated beneficiary. If the member has five or more years of credited service, and is not eligible to retire, automatic option 2 benefits are payable to the surviving spouse. These benefits are based on the retirement benefits accrued at the member's date of death with option 2 factors used as if the member had continued in service to earliest

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

normal retirement age. If a member has no surviving spouse and the member has five or more years of creditable service, the surviving minor children under 18 or disabled children shall be paid 80% of the accrued retirement benefit in equal shares until the age of majority or for the duration of the handicap for a handicapped child. Upon the death of any former member with 10 or more years of service, automatic option 2 benefits are payable to the surviving spouse. In lieu of periodic payments, the surviving spouse or children may receive a refund of the member's accumulated contributions.

Deferred Retirement Option Plan: In lieu of terminating employment and accepting a service retirement allowance, any member with ten or more years of service at age sixty, twenty or more years of service at age fifty-five, or thirty or more years of service at any age may elect to participate in the Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP) for up to three years and defer the receipt of benefits. Upon commencement of participation in the plan, membership in the System terminates. During participation in the plan, employer contributions are payable, but employee contributions cease. The monthly retirement benefits that would have been payable, had the person elected to cease employment and receive a service retirement allowance, are paid into the DROP fund. This fund does not earn interest. In addition, no cost-of-living increase is payable to participants until employment which made them eligible to become members of the System has been terminated for at least one full year.

Upon termination of employment prior to or at the end of the specified period of participation, a participant in the plan may receive, at his option, a lump sum from the account equal to the payments into the account, a true annuity based upon his account balance in that fund, or any other method of payment if approved by the Board of Trustees. The monthly benefits that were being paid into the Deferred Retirement Option Plan fund will begin to be paid to the retiree. If the participant dies during participation in the plan, a lump sum equal to his account balance in the plan fund shall be paid to his named beneficiary or, if none, to his estate. If employment is not terminated at the end of the three years, payments into the plan fund cease and the person resumes active contributing membership in the System.

Disability Benefits: Disability benefits are provided to active contributing members with at least 10 years of service established in the System and who have been officially certified as disabled by the State Medical Disability Board. The disabled member who has attained the age of sixty years shall be entitled to a regular retirement allowance. The disabled member who has not yet attained age sixty shall be entitled to a disability benefit equal to the lesser of three percent of his average final compensation multiplied by the number of creditable years of service (not to be less than fifteen years) or three and one third percent of average final compensation multiplied by the years of service assuming continued service to age sixty. Disability benefits may not exceed two-thirds of earnable compensation.

Cost of Living Increases: Cost of living provisions for the System allows the board of trustees to provide an annual cost of living increase of 2.0% of the eligible retiree's original benefit if certain funding criteria are met. Members are eligible to receive a cost-of-living adjustment once they have reached the age of sixty and have been retired at least one year. Funding criteria for granting cost of living adjustments is dependent on the funded ratio.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Employer Contributions: According to state statute, contribution requirements for all employers are actuarially determined each year. For the year ending June 30, 2021, the actual employer contribution rate was 18%.

In accordance with state statute, the System also receives ad valorem taxes and state revenue sharing funds. These additional sources of income are used as employer contributions and are considered support from non-employer contributing entities but are not considered special funding situations. Non-employer contributions in the amount of \$3,259 are recognized as revenue and excluded from pension expense for the year ended December 31, 2021.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions: At December 31, 2021, the Police Jury reported a liability of \$3,173 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability, which was reported in the governmental activities. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Police Jury's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Police Jury's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2021, the Police Jury's proportion was .100018% which was a decrease of .010174% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

For the year ended December 31, 2021, the Police Jury recognized pension benefit of \$603.

At December 31, 2021, the Police Jury reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and		
actual experience	\$ 1,462	\$ 1,834
Change of assumptions	3,491	-
Change in proportion and		
differences between the employer's		
contributions and the employer's		
proportionate share of contributions	650	1,992
Net differences between projected and		
actual earnings on plan investments	-	15,588
Contributions subsequent to the		
measurement date	1,344	-
Total	<u>\$ 6,947</u>	<u>\$ 19,414</u>

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Deferred outflows of resources of \$1,344 related to pensions resulting from Police Jury's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the following fiscal year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended	
December 31:	
2022	\$ (3,370)
2023	(3,693)
2024	(2,816)
2025	(3,932)
	<u>\$ (13,811)</u>

Actuarial Assumptions: A summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used in determining the total pension liability as of June 30, 2021 are as follows:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2021
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Actuarial Assumptions: Investment Rate of Return Projected Salary Increases	6.25%, net of investment expense 5.25%
Inflation Rate	2.30%
Mortality Rates	RP-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Table for general employees multiplied by 120% for males and 120% for females each with full generational projection using the appropriate MP-2019 improvement scale - Employees, Annuitant and Beneficiaries. RP-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Table for general disabled retirees multiplied by 120% for males and 120% for females each with full generational projection using the appropriate MP- 2019 improvement scale - Disabled Annuitants.
Expected Remaining Service Lives	2021- 5 years
Cost of Living Adjustments	The present value of future retirement benefits is based on benefits currently being paid by the System and includes previously granted cost of living increases. The present values do not include provisions for potential future increases not yet authorized by the Board of Trustees as they were deemed not to be substantively automatic.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

During the year ended June 30, 2021, morality assumptions were set after reviewing an experience study performed on plan data for the period from July 1, 2014, through June 30, 2019. The data was assigned credibility weightings and combined with a standard table to produce current levels of morality. The morality was then projected forward to a period equivalent to the estimated duration of the System's liabilities. The morality tables selected were set forward or set back to approximate morality improvement.

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.25%, which was a decrease of .25% from the discount rate used in the prior measurement date. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from participating employers will be made at the actuarially determined rates approved by PRSAC taking into consideration the recommendation of the System's actuary. Based on those assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The resulting long-term rate of return is 6.25% for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Asset Class	Target Asset Allocation	Real Return Arithmetic Basis	Long-term Expected Portfolio Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equities	37.5%	7.50%	2.81%
International Equities	20.0%	8.50%	1.70%
Domestic Fixed Income	12.5%	2.50%	0.31%
International Fixed Income	10.0%	3.50%	0.35%
Alternative Investments	10.0%	6.33%	0.63%
Real Estate	10.0%	4.50%	0.45%
Totals	100.0%		6.25%
Inflation Exposted Arithmetic Nominal Return			<u>2.50%</u> 8.75%
Expected Arithmetic Nominal Return			8.75%

The best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class based on the System's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2021 were as follows:

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Sensitivity to Changes in Discount Rate: The following table presents the net pension liability of the participating employers calculated using the discount rate of 6.25%, as well as what the employers' net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower, or one percentage point higher than the current rate.

			C	urrent		
		1%	D	iscount		1%
	Decrease 5.25%		Rate 6.25%		Increase 7.25%	
Net Pension Liability	\$	18,097	\$	3,173	\$	(9,530)

D. District Attorneys' Retirement System

Plan Description: The District Attorneys' Retirement System was created on August 1, 1956 by Act 56 of the 1956 session of the Louisiana Legislature, for the purpose of providing allowances and other benefits for district attorneys and their assistants in each parish. The fund is administered by a Board of Trustees. Benefits, including normal retirement, early retirement, disability retirements and death benefit, are provided as specified in the plan. The District Attorneys' Retirement System issues a stand-alone report on their financial statements. Access to the report can be found on the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's website, www.lla.la.gov.

The following is a description of the plan and its benefits and is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to these appropriate statutes for more complete information.

Eligibility Requirements: All persons who are district attorneys of the State of Louisiana, assistant district attorneys in any parish of the State of Louisiana, or employed by this retirement system and the Louisiana District Attorneys' Association except for elected or appointed officials who have retired from service under any publicly funded retirement system within the state and who are currently receiving benefits, shall become members as a condition of their employment; provided, however, that in the case of assistant district attorneys, they must be paid an amount not less than the minimum salary specified by the board for assistant district attorneys. The projection of benefit payments in the calculation of the total pension liability includes all benefits to be provided to current active and inactive employees through the System in accordance with the benefit terms and any additional legal agreements to provide benefits that are in force at the measurement date.

Members who joined the System after July 1, 1990, or who elected to be covered by the new provisions, are eligible to receive normal retirement benefits if they are age 60 and have 10 years of service credit, are age 55 and have 24 years of service credit or have 30 years of service credit regardless of age. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 3.5% of the member's final average compensation multiplied by years of membership service. A member is eligible for an early retirement benefit if he is age 55 and has 18 years of service credit. The early retirement benefit is equal to the normal retirement benefit reduced 3% for each year the member retires in advance of normal retirement age. Benefits may not exceed 100% of average final compensation.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Retirement Benefits: Members who joined the System before July 1, 1990, and who have elected not to be covered by the new provisions, are eligible to receive a normal retirement benefit if they have 10 or more years of creditable service and are at least age 62, or if they have 18 or more years of service and are at least age 60, or if they have 23 or more years of service and are at least age 55, or if they have 30 years of service regardless of age. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 3% of the member's average final compensation for each year of creditable service. Members are eligible for early retirement at age 60 if they have at least 10 years of creditable service or at age 55 with at least 18 years of creditable service. Members who retire prior to age 60 with less than 23 years of service credit, receive a retirement benefit reduced 3% for each year of age below 60. Members who retire prior to age 62 who have less than 18 years of service receive a retirement benefit reduced 3% for each year of age below 62. Retirement benefits may not exceed 100% of final average compensation.

Survivor Benefits: Upon the death of a member with less than 5 years of creditable service, his accumulated contributions and interest thereon are paid to his surviving spouse, if he is married, or to his designated beneficiary, if he is not married. Upon the death of any active, contributing member with 5 or more years of service or any member with 23 years of service who has not retired, automatic option 2 benefits are payable to the surviving spouse. These benefits are based on the retirement benefits accrued at the member's date of death with the option factors used as if the member had continued in service to earliest normal retirement age. If a member has no surviving spouse, the surviving minor children under 18 or disabled children are paid 80% of the member's accrued retirement benefit divided into equal shares. If a member has no surviving spouse or children, his accumulated contributions and interest are paid to his designated beneficiary. In lieu of periodic payments, the surviving spouse or children may receive a refund of the member's accumulated contributions with interest. Upon withdrawal from service, members not entitled to a retirement allowance are paid a refund of accumulated contributions upon request. Receipt of such a refund cancels all accrued rights in the System.

Cost of Living Adjustments: The Board of Trustees is authorized to grant retired members and widows of members who have retired an annual cost of living increase of 3% of their original benefit, (not to exceed sixty dollars per month) and all retired members and widows who are sixty-five years of age and older a 2% increase in their original benefit. In lieu of other cost of living increases the board may grant an increase to retirees in the form of "Xx(A&B)" where "A" is equal to the number of years of credited service accrued at retirement or death of the member or retiree and "B" is equal to the number of years since death of the member or retiree to June 30 of the initial year of increase and "X" is equal to any amount available for funding such increase up to a maximum of \$1.00. In order for the board to grant any of these increases, the System must meet certain criteria detailed in the statute related to funding status and interest earnings.

Deferred Retirement Option Plan: In lieu of receiving a service retirement allowance, any member who has more years of service than are required for a normal retirement may elect to receive a Back-Deferred Retirement Option Program (Back-DROP) benefit. The Back-DROP benefit is based upon the Back-DROP period selected and the final average compensation prior to the period selected. The Back-DROP period is the lesser of three years or the service accrued between the time a member first becomes eligible for retirement and his actual date of retirement. At retirement, the member's maximum monthly retirement benefit is based upon his service, final average compensation, and plan provisions in effect on the last day of creditable service

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

immediately prior to the commencement of the Back-DROP period. In addition to the monthly benefit at retirement, the member receives a lump-sum payment equal to the maximum monthly benefit as calculated above multiplied by the number of months in the Back-DROP period. In lieu of receiving the lump-sum payment, the member may leave the funds on deposit with the system in an interest-bearing account.

Prior to January 1, 2009, eligible members could elect to participate in the Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) for up to three years in lieu of terminating employment and accepting a service benefit. During participation in the DROP, employer contributions were payable and employee contributions were reduced to ½ of one percent. The monthly retirement benefits that would have been payable to the member were paid into a DROP account, which did not earn interest while the member was participating in the DROP. Upon termination of participation, the participant in the plan received, at his option, a lump sum from the account equal to the payments into the account or systematic disbursements from his account in any manner approved by the board of trustees. The monthly benefits that were being paid into the DROP would then be paid to the retiree. All amounts which remain credited to the individual's sub-account after termination of participation in the plan were invested in liquid money market funds. Interest was credited thereon as actually earned.

Disability Benefits: Disability benefits are awarded to active contributing members with at least 10 years of service who are found to be totally disabled as a result of injuries incurred while in active service. The member receives a benefit equal to three percent (three and one-half percent for members covered under the new retirement benefit provisions) of his average final compensation multiplied by the lesser of his actual service (not to be less than fifteen years) or projected continued service to age sixty.

Employer Contributions: According to state statute, contribution requirements for all employers are actuarially determined each year. For the year ending June 30, 2021, the actual employer contribution rate was 4.00%.

Non-Employer Contributions: In accordance with state statute, the System receives ad valorem taxes and state revenue sharing funds. These additional sources of income are used as employer contributions and are considered support from non-employer contributing entities. Non-employer contributions in the amount of \$2,041 are recognized as revenue and excluded from pension expense for the year ended December 31, 2021.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions: At December 31, 2021, the Police Jury reported a liability of \$3,522 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability, which was reported in the governmental activities. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Police Jury's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Police Jury's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2021, the Police Jury's proportion was .019783% which was a .000200% decrease from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

For the year ended December 31, 2021, the Police Jury recognized pension expense of \$1,617.

At December 31, 2021, the Police Jury reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and		
actual experience	\$ 1,130	\$ 1,081
Change of assumptions	6,646	-
Change in proportion and		
differences between the employer's		
contributions and the employer's		
proportionate share of contributions	120	605
Net differences between projected and		
actual earnings on plan investments	-	9,579
Contributions subsequent to the		
measurement date	589	
Total	\$ 8,485	\$ 11,265

Deferred outflows of resources of \$589 related to pensions resulting from the Police Jury's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the following fiscal year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended	
December 31:	
2022	\$ (670)
2023	(218)
2024	(1,083)
2025	(1,398)
	\$ (3,369)

Actuarial Assumptions: A summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used in determining the total pension liability as of June 30, 2021 are as follows:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2021
Actuarial Cost Method Actuarial Assumptions:	Entry Age Normal Cost
Investment Rate of Return	6.10%, net of investment expense
Projected Salary Increases	5.0%

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Mortality Rates	Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Table for General Above-Median Employees multiplied by 115% for males and females for current employees, each with full generational projection using the MP2019 scale.
	Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Table for General Above-Median Healthy Retirees multiplied by 115% for males and females for annuitants and beneficiaries, each with full generational projection using the MP2019 scale.
	Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Table for General Disabled Retirees multiplied by 115% for males and females for disabled retirees, each with full generational projection using the MP2019 scale.
Expected Remaining Service Lives	5 years – June 30, 2021.
Cost of Living Adjustments	Only those previously granted.

The mortality rate assumption used was set based upon an experience study performed on plan data for the period July 1, 2014 through June 30, 2019. The data was then assigned credibility weighting and combined with a standard table to produce current levels of mortality. This mortality was then projected forward to a period equivalent to the estimated duration of the System's liabilities. Annuity values calculated based on this mortality were compared to those produced by using a setback of standard tables. The result of the procedure indicated that the tables used would produce liability values approximating the appropriate generational mortality tables.

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.10%, which is a .15% decrease from the discount rate used in the prior measurement date. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from participating employers will be made at the actuarially determined rates approved by PRSAC taking into consideration the recommendation of the System's actuary.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The resulting long-term rate of return is 6.10% for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

The best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class based on the System's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2021 were as follows:

	Target Asset	Rates of	<u>Return</u>
Asset Class	Allocation	Real	Nominal
Equities	57.11%	6.43%	
Fixed Income	30.19%	0.94%	
Alternatives	12.67%	0.89%	
Cash	<u>0.03%</u>	0.00%	
System Total	<u>100%</u>		5.80%
Inflation Expected Arithmetic Nominal Return			<u>2.45%</u> <u>8.25%</u>

Sensitivity to Changes in Discount Rate: The following table presents the net pension liability of the participating employers calculated using the discount rate of 6.10%, as well as what the employers' net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower, or one percentage point higher than the current rate.

			C	urrent			
	1%		Discount			1% Increase 7.10%	
		Decrease 5.10%		Rate 6.10%			
Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$ 1	7,269	\$	3,522	\$	(7,995)	

(10) Criminal Court Fund

Louisiana Revised Statute 15:571.11 requires the transfer of one-half of any balance remaining in the Criminal Court Fund at year-end to the parish General Fund. For the period January 1, 2021 through December 31, 2021, the Criminal Court Fund transferred \$5,190 to the General Fund.

(11) <u>Litigation and Claims</u>

As of December 31, 2021, the Winn Parish Police Jury was involved in various lawsuits. The Police Jury's legal counsel has reviewed the claims and lawsuits in order to evaluate the likelihood of an unfavorable outcome to the Police Jury and to arrive at an estimate, if any, of the amount of range of potential loss to the Police Jury not covered by insurance. As a result of the review, the various claims and lawsuits have been categorized as "remote," as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. It is the opinion of the Police Jury that the liability, if any, which might arise from these lawsuits would not have a material adverse effect on the Police Jury's financial position.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

(12) Grant Compliance Contingencies

The Police Jury receives grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by governmental agencies. Such audits could result in a request for reimbursement by the grantor for expenditures disallowed under the terms and conditions of the appropriate agency. In the opinion of the Police Jury, such disallowances, if any, will not be significant.

(13) <u>Risk Management</u>

The Police Jury is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the Police Jury carries commercial insurance. There have been no significant reductions in the insurance coverage during the previous three years.

(14) Compensation, Benefits and Other Payments to the Agency Head

A detail of compensation, benefits, and other payments paid to Joshua C McAllister, Police Jury President, for the year ended December 31, 2021.

Purpose	Amount
Salary	\$ 12,000
Travel	121
Registration Fees	725
Hotels	566
Conference travel	503
Special meals	50
	\$ 13,965

(15) <u>Compensation of Police Jurors</u>

A summary of compensation paid to police jurors for the year ended December 31, 2021, follows:

Joshua C McAllister	\$ 12,000
Kirk D. Miles	10,800
Francis G McLaren	10,248
Deionne C. Carpenter	10,800
Phillip R. Evans	10,800
Tammy M. Griffin	10,800
Author J. Robinson	 10,800
	\$ 76,248

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

(16) <u>On-behalf Payments</u>

The Winn Parish Police Jury has recognized \$17,187 as a revenue and an expenditure for onbehalf salary payments regarding Justices of the Peace and Constables made by the State of Louisiana.

(17) Interfund Transactions

A. Transfers consisted of the following:

	Transfers In		Transfers Out	
General Fund	\$ -	\$	404,364	
Road Fund	172,217		306,875	
Sales Tax Fund	170,656		-	
Health Unit Fund	13,244		-	
Library Fund	24,204		-	
Total major funds	380,321		711,239	
Other governmental funds	344,459		13,541	
Total	<u>\$ 724,780</u>	\$	724,780	

Transfers are used to (a) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and to (b) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorization.

(18) <u>Tax Abatements/PILOT</u>

The Parish is subject to tax abatements granted by the Louisiana Department of Economic Development. This program has the stated purpose of increasing business activity and employment in the Parish and the State. Under the program, companies commit to expand or maintain facilities or employment in the Parish, establish a new business in the Parish, or relocate an existing business to the Parish. Agreements include an abatement of ad valorem taxes for a period of 10 years and 5 years from the initial assessment date. State-granted abatements have resulted in reductions of property taxes, which the Parish administers as a temporary reduction in the assessed value of the property involved. The abatement agreements stipulate a percentage reduction of property taxes, which can be up to 100 percent. Tax abatements for the Police Jury totaled \$23,053 at December 31, 2021.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Jeld-Wen, Inc., is a manufacturing facility located within the boundaries of Winn Parish. Jeld-Wen, Inc., qualified for the State of Louisiana's industrial ad valorem tax abatement program beginning in the year Jeld-Wen, Inc. began operations. As a result of this abatement, in June 2008, the Industrial Development Board of the Parish of Winn, Louisiana, Inc. entered into a Payment in Lieu of Tax Agreement with Jeld-Wen, Inc to receive payments in the amount of \$50,000 every February 1, commencing on February 1, 2009. These payments and tax abatements are valid for the life of the agreement which is expected to mature in July 2028. Payments received to date under this agreement are restricted for the purpose described in Note 4.

Future minimum payments to be received under this agreement are as follows:

Year Ending	
December 31,	Total
2022	\$ 50,000
2023	50,000
2024	50,000
2025	50,000
2026	50,000
2027 and therafter	100,000
Totals	\$ 350,000

(19) <u>New Accounting Pronouncements</u>

In June 2017, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 87, Leases. The statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. The provisions of GASB Statement No. 87 are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2021. The effect of implementation on the Police Jury's financial statements has not yet been determined.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Buc	get		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues:					
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 260,000	\$ 298,291	\$ 314,016	\$ 15,725	
	¢ 200,000 690,000	⁽¹⁾ 775,251	\$ 914,010 822,135	46,884	
Severance taxes					
Licenses and permits	140,000	148,768	148,978	210	
Intergovernmental revenues		565 222	565 222		
Federal grants State funds -	-	565,222	565,222	-	
State revenue sharing	19,000	17,310	17,310		
Other	19,000 97,000	111,236	113,796	2,560	
Federal revenue sharing	140,000	164,889	164,889	2,500	
Interest income	3,000	3,300	6,976	3,676	
Miscellaneous	123,600	174,986	253,830	78,844	
Total revenues	1,472,600	2,259,253	2,407,152	147,899	
	1,472,000	2,239,235	2,407,152	147,099	
Expenditures:					
Current -					
General government:					
Legislative	138,114	136,397	127,351	9,046	
Judicial	793,195	804,953	844,091	(39,138)	
Elections	47,038	35,532	32,657	2,875	
Finance and administration	263,413	337,456	349,165	(11,709)	
Public safety	502,552	811,101	847,015	(35,914)	
Health and welfare	200	250	256	(6)	
Economic development and assistance	32,220	49,153	49,204	(51)	
Culture and recreation	600	-	-	-	
Capital outlay	-	62,576	19,442	43,134	
Total expenditures	1,777,332	2,237,418	2,269,181	(31,763)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	(304,732)	21,835	137,971	116,136	
Other financing sources (uses)					
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in	250.000				
Transfers out	350,000	- (404,364)	- (404,364)	-	
	-				
Total other financing sources (uses)	350,000	(404,364)	(404,364)		
Net change in fund balances	45,268	(382,529)	(266,393)	116,136	
Fund balance, beginning	949,761	949,761	949,761		
Fund balance, ending	\$ 995,029	\$ 567,232	\$ 683,368	\$ 116,136	

Road Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Bud	get		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	ф оод (10	• • • • • • • • • •	• 1 5 220
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 270,000	\$ 327,613	\$ 344,951	\$ 17,338
Sales and use taxes	1,000,000	1,109,354	1,153,062	43,708
Intergovernmental revenues				
Federal grants	650,000	182,035	176,580	(5,455)
State Funds -				
State revenue sharing	10,500	13,634	13,634	-
Parish transportation funds	265,000	265,000	261,886	(3,114)
State grants	-	85,315	-	(85,315)
Investment income	110	313	301	(12)
Miscellaneous	5,000	105,452	100,824	(4,628)
Total revenues	2,200,610	2,088,716	2,051,238	(37,478)
Expenditures:				
Current -				
General government:	27 000	20 (1)	24.502	
Elections	27,000	30,646	34,592	(3,946)
Public works	1,838,570	1,531,238	1,550,281	(19,043)
Economic development and assistance	-	65,700	65,700	-
Capital outlay	-	38,413	49,505	(11,092)
Total expenditures	1,865,570	1,665,997	1,700,078	(34,081)
Excess of revenues over				
expenditures	335,040	422,719	351,160	(71,559)
1				
Other financing sources (uses):				
Proceeds from sales of assets	-	11,205	11,205	-
Transfers in	-	172,217	172,217	-
Transfers out	(305,100)	(305,100)	(306,875)	(1,775)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(305,100)	(121,678)	(123,453)	(1,775)
Net change in fund balances	29,940	301,041	227,707	(73,334)
Fund balance, beginning	431,111	431,111	431,111	
Fund balance, ending	<u>\$ 461,051</u>	\$ 732,152	\$ 658,818	<u>\$ (73,334)</u>

Health Unit Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

		Buc	lget			Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	(Original		Final	 Actual	(N	egative)
Revenues: Ad valorem taxes	\$	215,000	\$	245,301	\$ 257,905	\$	12,604
Intergovernmental revenues							
Federal grants		-		-	973		973
State funds -							
State revenue sharing		15,000		14,235	14,235		-
Interest income		200		461	561		100
Miscellaneous		-		1,128	 156		(972)
Total revenues		230,200		261,125	 273,830		12,705
Expenditures: Current -							
Health and welfare		146,468		171,138	133,392		37,746
Capital outlay		-		-	41,365		(41,365)
Total expenditures	_	146,468	_	171,138	 174,757		(3,619)
Excess of revenues over expenditures		83,732		89,987	99,073		9,086
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in				13,244	 13,244		-
Net change in fund balances		83,732		103,231	112,317		9,086
Fund balance, beginning		811,677		811,677	 811,677		-
Fund balance, ending	\$	895,409	\$	914,908	\$ 923,994	\$	9,086

Library Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

		Buc	lget				Fina	ance with al Budget ositive	
		Original		Final		Actual	(N	(Negative)	
Revenues: Sales and use taxes	\$	520,000	\$	611,772	\$	643,200	\$	31,428	
Intergovernmental revenues - Federal grants State funds	Ψ	-	Φ	57,728	Φ	48,168	ψ	(9,560)	
State revenue sharing		27,000		33,698		33,698		-	
Fees, charges, and commission		7,000		8,522		8,841		319	
Interest income		1,200		1,200		1,566		366	
Miscellaneous		4,280		25,035		10,411		(14,624)	
Total revenues		559,480		737,955		745,884		7,929	
Expenditures: Current -									
Culture and recreation		493,245		506,269		500,121		6,148	
Capital outlay		54,800		59,149		46,244		12,905	
Total expenditures		548,045		565,418		546,365		19,053	
Excess of revenues over expenditures		11,435		172,537		199,519		26,982	
Other financing sources:									
Transfers in		-		-		24,204		24,204	
Net change in fund balances		11,435		172,537		223,723		51,186	
Fund balance, beginning		1,844,478		1,844,478		1,844,478		-	
Fund balance, ending	\$	1,855,913	<u>\$</u>	2,017,015	\$	2,068,201	\$	51,186	

Sales Tax Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Bu	dget		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues: Sales and use taxes Intergovernmental revenues - Federal grants	\$2,000,000 2,200,000	\$ 2,221,831 2,462,819	\$ 2,311,381 2,767,831	\$ 89,550 305,012
Miscellaneous	-	-	5,518	5,518
Total revenues	4,200,000	4,684,650	5,084,730	400,080
Expenditures: Current - General government -				
Finance and administration	859,600	933,721	903,229	30,492
Public works	234,572	172,506	2,775,769	(2,603,263)
Sanitation and waste disposal	3,005,000	3,667,628	898,118	2,769,510
Capital outlay			12,037	(12,037)
Total expenditures	4,099,172	4,773,855	4,589,153	184,702
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures Other financing sources:	100,828	(89,205)	495,577	584,782
Transfers in			170,656	170,656
Net change in fund balances	100,828	(89,205)	666,233	755,438
Fund balance, beginning,	596,333	596,333	596,333	
Fund balance, ending	\$ 697,161	\$ 507,128	\$ 1,262,566	\$ 755,438

Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedules

(1) <u>Budget and Budgetary Accounting</u>

The Police Jury follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a. The Secretary-Treasurer prepares and submits the proposed budget to the finance committee, who reviews the budget and presents it to the Members of the Police Jury.
- b. A summary of the proposed budget is published, and the public notified that the proposed budget is available for public inspection. At the same time, a public hearing is called.
- c. A public hearing is held on the proposed budget at least ten days after publication of the call for the hearing.
- d. After the holding of the public hearing and completion of all action necessary to finalize and implement the budget, the budget is adopted through passage of a resolution prior to the commencement of the fiscal year for which the budget is being adopted.
- e. All budgetary appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.
- f. The budget is adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Budgeted amounts included in the accompanying financial statements are as originally adopted or as finally amended by the Winn Parish Police Jury.

(2) <u>Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations</u>

The General, Road and Health Unit Funds incurred expenditures in excess of appropriations.

Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability/Asset -Parochial Employees' Retirement System - Plan A For the Year Ended December 31, 2021*

Year Ended December 31	Employer Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Pro Sł Ne	Employer Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)		mployer's Covered Payroll	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability (Asset)
2015	0.195331%	\$	53,405	\$	713,143	7.5%	99.15%
2016	0.152378%	\$	401,103	\$	734,673	54.6%	92.23%
2017	0.148462%	\$	305,759	\$	707,764	43.2%	94.15%
2018	0.141290%	\$	(104,872)	\$	730,659	14.4%	101.98%
2019	0.141637%	\$	628,636	\$	731,732	85.9%	88.86%
2020	0.144382%	\$	6,797	\$	776,496	0.9%	99.89%
2021	0.142781%	\$	(250,354)	\$	814,640	30.7%	104.00%

* The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year.

Schedule of Employer Contributions -Parochial Employees' Retirement System - Plan A For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

				tributions in elation to					Contributions
Year	Cor	ntractually	С	ontractual	Cont	ribution	Eı	nployer's	as a % of
Ended	R	Required	F	Required	Deficiency		Covered		Covered
December 31	Co	ntribution	Co	Contribution		xcess)		Payroll	Payroll
2015	\$	106,528	\$	106,528	\$	-	\$	713,143	14.94%
2016	\$	92,009	\$	92,009	\$	-	\$	707,764	13.00%
2017	\$	91,332	\$	91,332	\$	-	\$	730,659	12.50%
2018	\$	83,893	\$	83,893	\$	-	\$	731,732	11.50%
2019	\$	89,024	\$	89,024	\$	-	\$	776,496	11.50%
2020	\$	99,494	\$	99,494	\$	-	\$	814,640	12.25%
2021	\$	99,783	\$	99,783	\$	-	\$	814,556	12.25%

Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability/Asset Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System For the Year Ended December 31, 2021*

Year Ended December 31	Employer Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Proj Sha Ne L	nployer portionate are of the t Pension iability Asset)	С	ployer's overed ayroll	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability (Asset)
2015	0.00013%	\$	8,842	\$	2,400	368.4%	65.0%
2016	0.00014%	\$	10,601	\$	2,400	441.7%	57.7%
2017	0.00014%	\$	9,573	\$	2,400	398.9%	62.5%
2018	0.00013%	\$	8,934	\$	2,400	372.3%	64.3%
2019	0.00013%	\$	9,129	\$	2,400	380.4%	62.9%
2020	0.00012%	\$	10,008	\$	2,400	417.0%	58.0%
2021	0.00012%	\$	6,825	\$	2,400	284.4%	72.8%

* The amounts presented have a measurement date of June 30.

Schedule of Employer Contributions Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Year Ended December 31	Re	tractually equired tribution	Contributions in Relation to Contractual Required Contribution		Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		С	ployer's overed 'ayroll	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll
2015	\$	955	\$	955	\$	-	\$	2,400	39.8%
2016	\$	913	\$	913	\$	-	\$	2,400	38.0%
2017	\$	938	\$	938	\$	-	\$	2,400	39.1%
2018	\$	962	\$	962	\$	-	\$	2,400	40.1%
2019	\$	990	\$	990	\$	-	\$	2,400	41.3%
2020	\$	1,019	\$	1,019	\$	-	\$	2,400	42.5%
2021	\$	1,036	\$	1,036	\$	-	\$	2,400	43.2%

Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability/Asset Registrar of Voters Employees' Retirement System For the Year Ended December 31, 2021*

Year Ended December 31	Employer Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Prop Sha Net L	nployer portionate are of the t Pension iability Asset)	C	nployer's Covered Payroll	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability (Asset)
2015	0.110076%	\$	26,958	\$	20,155	133.8%	76.9%
2016	0.108683%	\$	30,839	\$	14,930	206.6%	74.0%
2017	0.109011%	\$	23,929	\$	14,930	160.3%	80.5%
2018	0.107604%	\$	25,399	\$	14,930	170.1%	80.6%
2019	0.105185%	\$	19,670	\$	14,446	136.2%	84.8%
2020	0.110192%	\$	23,738	\$	14,930	159.0%	83.3%
2021	0.100018%	\$	3,173	\$	14,930	21.3%	97.7%

* The amounts presented have a measurement date of June 30.

Schedule of Employer Contributions Registrar of Voters Employees' Retirement System For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Year Ended December 31	Re	tractually equired tribution	Re Cor Re	ibutions in lation to ntractual equired ttribution	Def	ribution iciency xcess)	C	nployer's Covered Payroll	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll
2015 2016 2017	\$ \$ \$	4,535 3,173 2,762	\$ \$ \$	4,535 3,173 2,762	\$ \$ \$	- - -	\$ \$ \$	20,155 14,930 14,930	22.5% 21.3% 18.5%
2018 2019 2020 2021	\$ \$ \$ \$	2,456 2,538 2,687 2,687	\$ \$ \$ \$	2,456 2,538 2,687 2,687	\$ \$ \$ \$	- - -	\$ \$ \$ \$	14,446 14,930 14,930 14,930	17.0% 17.0% 18.0% 18.0%

Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability/Asset District Attorneys' Retirement System For the Year Ended December 31, 2021*

Year Ended December 31	Employer Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Prop Sha Net L	Employer Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)		nployer's overed Payroll	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability (Asset)
2015	0.021705%	\$	1,169	\$	12,400	9.4%	98.6%
2016	0.020444%	\$	3,913	\$	12,400	31.6%	95.1%
2017	0.020261%	\$	5,465	\$	12,400	44.1%	93.6%
2018	0.019622%	\$	6,314	\$	12,200	51.8%	92.9%
2019	0.021089%	\$	6,784	\$	12,400	54.7%	93.1%
2020	0.019989%	\$	15,837	\$	12,400	127.7%	84.9%
2021	0.019783%	\$	3,522	\$	12,400	28.4%	96.8%

* The amounts presented have a measurement date of June 30.

Schedule of Employer Contributions District Attorneys' Retirement System For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

				butions in ation to					Contributions						
Year	Cont	ractually	Con	tractual	Cont	tribution	En	nployer's	as a % of						
Ended	Re	quired	Re	quired	Def	Deficiency		Covered	Covered						
December 31	Cont	ribution	Cont	tribution	(Excess)		(Excess)		(Excess)		(Excess)		Payroll		Payroll
2015	\$	651	\$	651	\$	-	\$	12,400	5.25%						
2016	\$	434	\$	434	\$	-	\$	12,400	3.50%						
2017	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	12,200	0.00%						
2018	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	12,400	0.00%						
2019	\$	326	\$	326	\$	-	\$	12,400	2.63%						
2020	\$	496	\$	496	\$	-	\$	12,400	4.00%						
2021	\$	837	\$	837	\$	-	\$	12,401	6.75%						

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Notes to Retirement System Schedules

(1) <u>Retirement Systems</u>

1) Changes of benefit terms –

There were no changes of benefit terms.

2) Changes of assumptions –

Year ended December 31,	Discount Rate	Investment Rate of Return	Inflation Rate	Expected Remaining Service Lives	Projected Salary Increase
*Parochial Em	ployees Retireme	nt System - Plan A:			
2015	7.25%	7.25%	3.00%	4	5.75%
2016	7.00%	7.00%	2.50%	4	5.25%
2017	7.00%	7.00%	2.50%	4	5.25%
2018	6.75%	6.75%	2.50%	4	5.25%
2019	6.50%	6.50%	2.40%	4	4.75%
2020	6.50%	6.50%	2.40%	4	4.75%
2021	6.40%	6.40%	2.30%	4	4.75%
**Louisiana Sta	ate Employees' Ro	etirement System:			
2015	7.75%	7.75%	3.00%	3	4.00% - 14.50%
2016	7.75%	7.75%	3.00%	3	5.50% - 14.50%
2017	7.70%	7.70%	2.80%	3	2.80% - 14.30%
2018	7.65%	7.65%	2.75%	3	3.40% - 14.30%
2019	7.60%	7.60%	2.50%	2	2.80% - 14.00%
2020	7.55%	7.55%	2.30%	2	2.60% - 13.80%
2021	7.40%	7.40%	2.30%	2	2.60% - 13.80%
**District Attor	rneys' Retirement	System:			
2015	7.00%	7.00%	2.50%	6	5.50%
2016	7.00%	7.00%	2.50%	7	5.50%
2017	6.75%	6.75%	2.50%	7	5.50%
2018	6.50%	6.50%	2.40%	6	5.50%
2019	6.50%	6.50%	2.40%	6	5.50%
2020	6.25%	6.25%	2.30%	6	5.00%
2021	6.10%	6.10%	2.20%	5	5.00%
**Registrar of `	Voters Retiremen	t System:			
2015	7.00%	7.00%	2.50%	5	3.50%
2016	7.00%	7.00%	2.50%	5	3.50%
2017	6.75%	6.75%	2.50%	5	6.00%
2018	6.50%	6.50%	2.40%	5	6.00%
2019	6.50%	6.50%	2.40%	5	6.00%
2020	6.40%	6.40%	2.30%	5	5.25%
2021	6.25%	6.25%	2.30%	5	5.25%

*The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year end.

**The amounts presented have a measurement date of the June 30.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

OTHER FINANCIAL INFORMATION

WINN PARISH POLICE JURY Winnfield, Louisiana Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Combining Balance Sheet December 31, 2021

	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Total
Assets:				
Cash and interest bearing deposits	<u>\$ 85,651</u>	<u>\$ 132,589</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 218,240</u>
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ 16,298	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 16,298
Accrued liabilities	16,246			16,246
Total liabilities	32,544			32,544
Fund balances:				
Restricted				
General government				
Judicial	14,505	-	-	14,505
Health and welfare	38,602	-	-	38,602
Debt service	-	132,589	-	132,589
Total fund balances	53,107	132,589		185,696
Total liabilities and fund balances	<u>\$ 85,651</u>	<u>\$ 132,589</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 218,240</u>

WINN PARISH POLICE JURY Winnfield, Louisiana Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Total
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental revenues -				
Federal grants	\$ 441,963	\$ -	\$ 80,677	\$ 522,640
Fees, charges and commissions	31,479	-	-	31,479
Interest income	61	695	-	756
Miscellaneous	5,830		3,500	9,330
Total revenues	479,333	695	84,177	564,205
Expenditures:				
Current -				
General government:				
Judicial	70,990	-	-	70,990
Public works	-	-	31,500	31,500
Health and welfare	430,185	-	-	430,185
Capital outlay	-	-	52,677	52,677
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	-	825,000	-	825,000
Interest and fiscal charges	-	41,367		41,367
Total expenditures	501,175	866,367	84,177	1,451,719
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	(21,842)	(865,672)		(887,514)
Other financing sources:				
Transfers in	37,584	306,875	-	344,459
Transfers out		(13,541)	-	(13,541)
Total other financing sources	37,584	293,334		330,918
Net change in fund balances	15,742	(572,338)	-	(556,596)
Fund balances, beginning	37,365	704,927		742,292
Fund balances, ending	\$ 53,107	<u>\$ 132,589</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 185,696

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Criminal Court Fund

To account for the receipt of court fees and fines and the subsequent disbursement of these receipts for salaries and operating expenses of the criminal court.

Witness Fee Fund

To account for court costs used to pay witness for their testimony in court cases.

Section 8 HUD - Program Fund

To account for funds provided under the Section 8 Housing Voucher Program by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development. The monies are used to aid low income families in obtaining decent, safe and sanitary housing through a system of rental subsidies.

WINN PARISH POLICE JURY Winnfield, Louisiana Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Combining Balance Sheet December 31, 2021

		riminal Court		ness Fee Find		ection 8 Iousing		Total
Assets: Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$	10,318	\$	4,187	\$	71,146	\$	85,651
Cush and interest bearing deposits	Ψ	10,510	Ψ	1,107	Ψ	/1,110	Ψ	05,051
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	16,298	\$	16,298
Accrued liabilities		-		-		16,246		16,246
Total liabilities		-		-		32,544		32,544
Fund balances:								
Restricted -								
General government - Judicial		10,318		4,187		-		14,505
Health and welfare		-		-		38,602		38,602
Total fund balances		10,318		4,187		38,602		53,107
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	10,318	\$	4,187	\$	71,146	\$	85,651

WINN PARISH POLICE JURY Winnfield, Louisiana Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Criminal Court	Witness Fee Find	Section 8 Housing	Total	
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental revenues -					
Federal grants	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 441,963	\$ 441,963	
Fees, charges, and commissions	31,479	-	-	31,479	
Interest income	-	-	61	61	
Other revenues		5,830		5,830	
Total revenues	31,479	5,830	442,024	479,333	
Expenditures:					
Current -					
General government:					
Judicial	61,850	9,140	-	70,990	
Health and welfare			430,185	430,185	
Total expenditures	61,850	9,140	430,185	501,175	
Excess (deficiency) of					
revenues over expenditures	(30,371)	(3,310)	11,839	(21,842)	
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in	37,584			37,584	
Net change in fund balances	7,213	(3,310)	11,839	15,742	
Fund balances, beginning	3,105	7,497	26,763	37,365	
Fund balances, ending	<u>\$ 10,318</u>	\$ 4,187	\$ 38,602	\$ 53,107	

NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUND

Library Debt Service

To accumulate monies for repayment of \$2,435,000 of bonds which were issued in 2012 for the purpose of constructing a public library building, including acquiring furniture, fixtures, and equipment. Payments are due in various annual amounts through 2022, with interest accruing at various rates, ranging from 2.02% to 2.03%. These bonds are financed by a dedication of proceeds of a 4.50 mill property tax. Note these bonds were paid in fully during the year ended December 31, 2021.

Road Debt Service

To accumulate monies for repayment of \$2,500,000 of bonds which were issued in 2016 for the purpose of improving, maintaining and repairing public roads and bridges within the parish. Payments are due in various annual amounts through 2025, with interest accruing at various rates, ranging from 1.15% to 2.4%. These bonds are financed by a dedication of proceeds from a one-half of one percent (1/2%) sales and use tax for a period of ten (10) years commencing July 1, 2015.

WINN PARISH POLICE JURY Winnfield, Louisiana Nonmajor Debt Service Fund Combining Balance Sheet

December 31, 2021

	Library Debt Service	Road Debt Service	Total
Assets: Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$ 28,403	<u>\$ 104,186</u>	\$ 132,589
Total assets	\$ 28,403	<u>\$ 104,186</u>	<u>\$ 132,589</u>
Fund balance: Restricted Debt service	\$ 28,403	\$ 104,186	\$ 132,589
Total fund balance	\$ 28,403	\$ 104,186	\$ 132,589

WINN PARISH POLICE JURY Winnfield, Louisiana Nonmajor Debt Service Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Library Debt Service	Road Debt Service	Total	
Revenues:				
Interest income	<u>\$ 554</u>	<u>\$ 141</u>	\$ 695	
Expenditures:				
Debt service -				
Principal retirement	550,000	275,000	825,000	
Interest and fiscal charges	11,267	30,100	41,367	
Total expenditures	561,267	305,100	866,367	
Deficiency of revenues				
over expenditures	(560,713)	(304,959)	(865,672)	
Other financing sources:				
Transfers in	-	306,875	306,875	
Transfers out	(13,541)		(13,541)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(13,541)	306,875	293,334	
Net change in fund balances	(574,254)	1,916	(572,338)	
Fund balance, beginning	602,657	102,270	704,927	
Fund balance, ending	\$ 28,403	\$ 104,186	<u>\$ 132,589</u>	

NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUND

LCDBG Fund

To account for costs associated with the purchase, construction and improvements made with respect to sewer lines withhin the parish. These costs are being paid through a Community Development Block Grant.

WINN PARISH POLICE JURY Winnfield, Louisiana Nonmajor Capital Project Fund

Balance Sheet December 31, 2021

	LCDBG Fund		
Assets: Due from other governmental units	<u>\$</u>		
Liabilities: Contracts payable			
Fund balances: Restricted Capital outlay		-	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$		

WINN PARISH POLICE JURY Winnfield, Louisiana Nonmajor Capital Project Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended December 31, 2021

	LCDBG Fund		
Revenues:			
Intergovernmental -			
Federal grant	\$	80,677	
Local sources		3,500	
Total revenues		84,177	
Expenditures:			
Public works		31,500	
Capital outlay		52,677	
Total expenditures		84,177	
Net change in fund balance		-	
Fund balance, beginning		-	
Fund balance, ending	<u>\$</u>	-	

Justice System Funding Schedule - Receiving Entity As Required by ACT 87 of the 2020 Regular Legislative Session Cash Basis Presentation Year Ended December 31, 2021

Criminal Court Fund #300		Six Month od Ended 30/2021	Second Six Month Period Ended 12/31/2021	
Receipts From: Winn Parish Sheriff, Criminal Court Costs/Fees	\$	25,588	\$	19,469
Total Receipts	<u>\$</u>	25,588	<u>\$</u>	<u>19,469</u>
Ending Balance of Amounts Assessed but Not Received (only applies to agencies that assess on behalf of themselves, such as courts)	<u>\$</u>	-	<u>\$</u>	-

Justice System Funding Schedule - Receiving Entity As Required by ACT 87 of the 2020 Regular Legislative Session Cash Basis Presentation Year Ended December 31, 2021

Witness Fees Fund #310		Six Month od Ended 0/2021	Second Six Month Period Ended 12/31/2021	
Receipts From:				
Winn Parish Sheriff, Criminal Court Costs/Fees	<u>\$</u>	3,260	<u>\$</u>	1,865
Total Receipts	<u>\$</u>	3,260	<u>\$</u>	<u>1,865</u>
Ending Balance of Amounts Assessed but Not Received (only applies to agencies that assess on behalf of themselves, such as courts)	\$	-	\$	

LCDBG Program -Balance Sheet December 31, 2021

			Project #535794		Project #535795	
Cash	ASSETS	<u>\$</u>	-	<u>\$</u>	-	
FUN	D BALANCE					
Unrestricted		<u>\$</u>	-	\$	-	

LCDBG Program - Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance December 31, 2021

	Project #535794		Project #535795	
ASSETS				
Revenues:				
LCDBG Program	\$	49,177	\$	31,500
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Administration services		7,700		-
Engineering		41,477		31,500
Total expenditures		49,177		31,500
Net change in fund balance		-		-
Fund balance, beginning		-		-
Fund balance, ending	\$	-	\$	-

INTERNAL CONTROL, COMPLIANCE, AND OTHER MATTERS

KOLDER, SLAVEN & COMPANY, LLC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Members of the Police Jury Winn Parish Winnfield, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Winn Parish Police Jury (the Police Jury), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Police Jury's, basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 24, 2022.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Police Jury's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Police Jury's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Police Jury's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Police Jury's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of current and prior year audit findings and management's corrective action plan as item 2021-001 that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Police Jury's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Winn Parish Police Jury's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the Police Jury's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The Police Jury's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. However, under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC

Certified Public Accountants

Alexandria, Louisiana June 24, 2022 **KOLDER, SLAVEN & COMPANY, LLC**

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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Victor R. Slaven, CPA* - retired 2020 Christine C. Doucet, CPA – retired 2022

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Members of the Police Jury Winn Parish Winnfield, Louisiana

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Winn Parish Police Jury's (Police Jury) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Police Jury's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2021. The Police Jury's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the Winn Parish Police Jury complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2021.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Police Jury and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Police Jury's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Police Jury's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Police Jury's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Police Jury's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the Police Jury's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the Police Jury's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Police Jury's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency or a combination of deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance to the prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. Although the intended use of this report may be limited, under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Louisiana Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC Certified Public Accountants

Alexandria, Louisiana June 24, 2022

Winn Parish Police Jury Winnfield, Louisiana

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended December 31, 2021

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Name	Assistance Listing Number(s)	Pass-Through Identifying No.	_	Federal Expenditures	Amounts Passed Through to Subrecipients
United States Department of Community Planning ar	nd Developmen	<u>nt, </u>			
Department of Housing and Urban Development -					
Section 8 Housing Choice Vouchers - Housing					
Voucher Cluster	14.871	N/A		<u>\$ 441,963</u>	<u>s -</u>
Total Housing Voucher Cluster				441,963	
Total Department of Community Planning		441,963			
United States Department of Interior					
Payment in Lieu of Taxes	15.226	N/A		164,889	-
Passed through Louisiana State Treasurer					
National Forest Acquired Lands	15.438	N/A		144,026	
Total Department of Interior				308,915	
United States Department of Housing and Urban Dev	elopment				
Passed through State of Louisiana Division					
of Administration Office of Support Services					
Community Development Block Grant	14.228	B-20-DC-22-0001		80,677	
United States Department of the Treasury					
Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery					
Funds	21.027	N/A	558,872		
Passed through State Library Fund					
Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal	21.027	N/A	47,065		
Recovery Funds					
Total CFDA #21.027 - Unites States					
Department of the Treasury				605,937	
United States Department of Homeland Security					
Passed through State of Louisiana Military					
Department of Homeland Security and					
Emergency Preparedness Disaster Grants					
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance					
(Presidentially Declared Disasters)	97.036	PA-06-LA-4559-PW-00324	876,647		
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance					
(Presidentially Declared Disasters)	97.036	PA-06-LA-4559-PW-00523	5,736		
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance					
(Presidentially Declared Disasters)	97.036	PA-06-LA-4559-PW-00812	1,649,319		
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance					
(Presidentially Declared Disasters)	97.036	PA-06-LA-4559-PW-00856	235,982		
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance					
(Presidentially Declared Disasters)	97.036	PA-06-LA-4559-PW-01080	3,058		
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance					
(Presidentially Declared Disasters) Covid-19	97.036	PA-06-LA-4484-PW-00110	8,582		
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance					
(Presidentially Declared Disasters)	97.036	PA-06-LA-4611-PW-00028	3,485		
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance					
(Presidentially Declared Disasters)	97.036	PA-06-LA-4570-PW-00257	26,002	2,808,811	
Total CFDA #97.036 - Department of Homeland Security					
Total Federal Awards				\$ 4,246,303	\$ -
				. ,	<u>. </u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

(1) <u>General</u>

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Winn Parish Police Jury (Police Jury) under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2021. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Police Jury, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, or changes in net assets of the Police Jury.

(2) <u>Basis of Accounting</u>

Expenditures reported on the accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented using the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is described in Note 1 to the Police Jury's financial statements. Such expenditures are recognized following the principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

(3) <u>Indirect Cost Rate</u>

The Police Jury has elected not to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

(4) <u>Department of the Treasury – Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds – 21.027</u>

For the year ended December 31, 2021, a total of \$1,350,345 was received from the Department of Treasury– Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds. Of this amount, \$558,872 was expensed and reported on the SEFA during the current year end. The remainder of the monies, \$791,473, were deferred and will be recognized as income and on the SEFA when expended.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended December 31, 2021

Part I. Summary of Auditor's Results:

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued: Unmodified Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? Yes <u>x</u>No Significant deficiencies identified? <u>x</u> Yes None reported Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? ____Yes ___X No **Federal Awards** Internal control over major programs: Material weakness(es) identified? Yes Significant deficiencies identified? Yes x None reported Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR section 200.516(a)? ____Yes <u>x</u>No Major programs: Assistance Listing Number Name of Federal Program or Cluster 97.036 Disaster Grants – Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters) Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$750,000. Auditee qualified as low risk auditee. Yes x No

Part II. <u>Findings which are required to be reported in accordance with generally accepted</u> <u>Governmental Auditing Standards:</u>

A. Internal Control Findings -

See internal control finding 2021-001 on the schedule of current and prior year audit findings and management's corrective action plan.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended December 31, 2021

B. Compliance Findings –

None reported.

Part III. Findings and questioned costs – Federal Award Programs

A. Internal Control Findings –

None reported.

B. Compliance Findings -

None reported.

Schedule of Current and Prior Year Audit Findings and Management's Corrective Action Plan Year Ended December 31, 2021

Part I: Current Year Findings and Management's Corrective Action Plan:

A. Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

2021-001 Application of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP)

Fiscal year finding initially occurred: Unknown

CONDITION: Management and staff lack the expertise and/or experience in the selection and application of generally accepted accounting principles, as applicable to governmental entities in the financial statement preparation process.

CRITERIA: The Police Jury's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that pertain to its ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial data consistent with the assertions embodied in the financial statement, including the ability of its management and staff to detect potential misstatements that may exist in the financial statements and related disclosures.

CAUSE: The cause of the condition results from a reliance on the external auditor as part of the internal control process.

EFFECT: Financial statements and related supporting transactions may reflect a departure from generally accepted accounting principles.

RECOMMENDATION: Management should evaluate the additional costs required to achieve the desired benefit and determine if it is economically feasible in relation to the benefit received.

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN: We evaluated the cost vs. benefit of establishing enhanced controls over financial reporting and determined that it would not be cost effective to enhance these controls. Currently, our financial staff receive annual training related to their job duties. Additionally, we carefully review the financial statements, related notes and all proposed journal entries. All questions are adequately answered by our auditors to allow us to appropriately supervise these functions. We feel that we have taken appropriate steps to reduce the financial statement risk caused by this finding.

Schedule of Current and Prior Year Audit Findings and Management's Corrective Action Plan Year Ended December 31, 2021

B. <u>Compliance</u>

No findings to be reported.

Part II: Prior Year Findings:

A. Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

2020-001 Application of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP)

CONDITION: The Winn Parish Police Jury did not have adequate internal controls over recording the entity's financial transactions or preparing its financial statements, including related notes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

RECOMMENDATION: Management should evaluate the additional costs required to achieve the desired benefit and determine if it is economically feasible in relation to the benefit received.

CURRENT STATUS: Unresolved. See item 2021-001.

B. Compliance

No findings to be reported.



WINN PARISH POLICE JURY

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Winn Parish Police Jury respectfully submits the following schedule of prior audit findings for the for the year ended December 31, 2021.

Joshua McAllister President

Karen Tyler Secretary-Treasurer

Alexandria, LA 71301 FINDING – FINANCIAL AUDIT

Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC

Audit conducted by:

1428 Metro Dr.

Kirk Miles Vice-President

Internal Controls

District One Phillip Evans

2020 -001 Application of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) Fiscal year finding initially occurred: Unknown

District Two Deionne Carpenter

District Three Joshua McAllister

District Four Tammy Griffin

District Five Kirk Miles

District Six Author Robinson

District Seven Frank McLaren CONDITION: Management and staff lack the expertise and/or experience in the selection and application of generally accepted accounting principles, as applicable to governmental entities in the financial statement preparation process.

CORRECTIVE ACTION TAKEN: See 2021-001. We evaluated the cost vs. benefit of establishing enhanced controls over financial reporting and determined that it would not be cost effective to enhance these controls. Currently, our financial staff receive annual training related to their job duties. Additionally, we carefully review the financial statements, related noted and all proposed journal entries. All questions are adequately answered by our Auditors to allow us to appropriately supervise these functions. We feel that we have taken appropriate steps to reduce the financial statement risk cause by this finding.



WINN PARISH POLICE JURY

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Winn Parish Police Jury respectfully submits the following corrective action plan for the year ended December 31, 2021.

Joshua McAllister President

Kirk Miles Vice-President

District One

Phillip Evans

Karen Tyler Secretary-Treasurer Audit conducted by: Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC 1428 Metro Drive Alexandria, LA 71301

Audit Period: Fiscal year ended December 31, 2021.

The findings from the December 31, 2021, schedule of findings and questioned costs are discussed below. The finding is numbered consistently with the number assigned in the schedule.

District Two Deionne Carpenter

District Three Joshua McAllister

District Four Tammy Griffin

District Five Kirk Miles

District Six Author Robinson

District Seven Frank McLaren FINDING - FINANCIAL AUDIT

Significant Deficiency

2021-001 RECOMMENDATION: Management should evaluate the additional costs required to achieve the desired benefit and determine if it is economically feasible in relation to the benefit received.

MANAGEMENT'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN: We evaluated the cost vs. benefit of establishing enhanced controls over financial reporting and determined that it would not be cost effective to enhance these controls. Currently, our financial staff receive annual training related to their job duties. Additionally, we carefully review the financial statements, related noted and all proposed journal entries. All questions are adequately answered by our Auditors to allow us to appropriately supervise these functions. We feel that we have taken appropriate steps to reduce the financial statement risk cause by this finding.

If there are questions regarding the plan, please call Karen Tyler, Secretary/Treasurer, at 318-628-5824.

HOME OF THE LOUISIANA FOREST FESTIVAL

Sincerely,

Karen Tyler Secretary/Treasurer Winn Parish Police Jury Winnfield, Louisiana

Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures Report

Fiscal Period January 1, 2021 through December 31, 2021

KOLDER, SLAVEN & COMPANY, LLC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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* A Professional Accounting Corporation

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES

To the Board of the, Winn Parish Police Jury, and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor

We have performed the procedures enumerated below on the control and compliance (C/C) areas identified in the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's (LLA's) Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures (SAUPs) for the fiscal period January 1, 2021, through December 31, 2021. The Winn Parish Police Jury's management is responsible for those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs.

The Police Jury has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate to meet the intended purpose of the engagement, which is to perform specified procedures on the C/C areas identified in LLA's SAUPs for the fiscal period January 1, 2021 through December 31, 2021. Additionally, LLA has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate for its purpose. This report may not be suitable for any other purpose. The procedures performed may not address all the items of interest to a user of this report and may not meet the needs of all users of this report and, as such, users are responsible for determining whether the procedures performed are appropriate for their purpose.

The procedures and associated findings are as follows:

Written Policies and Procedures

- 1. Obtained and inspected the entity's written policies and procedures and observed that they address each of the following categories and subcategories if applicable to public funds and the entity's operations:
 - a) *Budgeting*, including preparing, adopting, monitoring, and amending the budget.
 - b) *Purchasing*, including (1) how purchases are initiated; (2) how vendors are added to the vendor list; (3) the preparation and approval process of purchase requisitions and purchase orders; (4) controls to ensure compliance with the Public Bid Law; and (5) documentation required to be maintained for all bids and price quotes.

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- c) *Disbursements*, including processing, reviewing, and approving.
- d) *Receipts/Collections*, including receiving, recording, and preparing deposits. Also, policies and procedures should include management's actions to determine the completeness of all collections for each type of revenue or agency fund additions (e.g. periodic confirmation with outside parties, reconciliation to utility billing after cutoff procedures, reconciliation of traffic ticket number sequences, agency fund forfeiture monies confirmation).
- e) *Payroll/Personnel*, including (1) payroll processing, (2) reviewing and approving time and attendance records, including leave and overtime worked, and (3) approval process for employee(s) rate of pay or approval and maintenance of pay rate schedules.
- f) *Contracting*, including (1) types of services requiring written contracts, (2) standard terms and conditions, (3) legal review, (4) approval process, and (5) monitoring process.
- g) Credit Cards (and debit cards, fuel cards, P-Cards, if applicable), including (1) how cards are to be controlled, (2) allowable business uses, (3) documentation requirements, (4) required approvers of statements, and (5) monitoring card usage (e.g., determining the reasonableness of fuel card purchases).
- h) *Travel and expense reimbursement*, including (1) allowable expenses, (2) dollar thresholds by category of expense, (3) documentation requirements, and (4) required approvers.
- i) *Ethics*, including (1) the prohibitions as defined in Louisiana Revised Statute (R.S.) 42:1111-1121, (2) actions to be taken if an ethics violation takes place, (3) system to monitor possible ethics violations, and (4) a requirement that document is maintained to demonstrate that all employees and officials were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy.
- j) *Debt Service*, including (1) debt issuance approval, (2) continuing disclosure/EMMA reporting requirements, (3) debt reserve requirements, and (4) debt service requirements.
- k) Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity, including (1) identification of critical data and frequency of data backups, (2) storage of backups in a separate physical location isolated from the network, (3) periodic testing/verification that backups can be restored, (4) use of antivirus software on all systems, (5) timely application of all available system and software patches/updates, and (6) identification of personnel, processes, and tools needed to recover operations after a critical event.
- 1) *Sexual Harassment*, including R.S. 42:342-344 requirements for (1) agency responsibilities and prohibitions, (2) annual employee training, and (3) annual reporting.

Board or Finance Committee

- 2. Obtained and inspected the board/finance committee minutes for the fiscal period, as well as the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or equivalent document in effect during the fiscal period, and:
 - a) Observed that the board/finance committee met with a quorum at least monthly, or on a frequency in accordance with the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or other equivalent document.
 - b) For those entities reporting on the governmental accounting model, we observed that the minutes referenced or included monthly budget-to-actual comparisons on the general fund, quarterly budget-to-actual, at a minimum, on proprietary funds, and semi-annual budget-to-actual, at a minimum, on all special revenue funds. *Alternately, for those entities reporting on the non-profit accounting model, observe that the minutes referenced or included financial activity relating to public funds if those public funds comprised more than 10% of the entity's collections during the fiscal period.*
 - c) For governmental entities, we obtained the prior year audit report and observed the unassigned fund balance in the general fund. If the general fund had a negative ending unassigned fund balance in the prior year audit report, we observed that the minutes for at least one meeting during the fiscal period referenced or included a formal plan to eliminate the negative unrestricted fund balance in the general fund.

Bank Reconciliations

- 3. Obtained a listing of client bank accounts for the fiscal period from management and management's representation that the listing is complete. Asked management to identify the entity's main operating account. Selected the entity's main operating account and randomly selected 4 additional accounts (or all accounts if less than 5). Randomly selected one month from the fiscal period, obtained and inspected the corresponding bank statement and reconciliation for selected each account, and observed that:
 - a) Bank reconciliations included evidence that they were prepared within 2 months of the related statement closing date (e.g., initialed and dated, electronically logged);
 - b) Bank reconciliations included evidence that a member of management/board member who does not handle cash, post ledgers, or issue checks has reviewed each bank reconciliation (e.g., initialed and dated, electronically logged); and
 - c) Management has documentation reflecting that it has researched reconciling items that have been outstanding for more than 12 months from the statement closing date, if applicable.

- 4. Obtained a listing of <u>deposit sites</u> for the fiscal period where deposits for cash/checks/money orders (cash) are prepared and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly selected 5 deposit sites (or all deposit sites if less than 5).
- 5. For each deposit site selected, obtained a listing of <u>collection locations</u> and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly selected one collection location for each deposit site (i.e. 5 collection locations for 5 deposit sites), obtained and inspected written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if no written policies or procedures, inquire of employees about their job duties) at each collection location, and observed that job duties are properly segregated at each collection location such that:
 - a) Employees that are responsible for cash collections do not share cash drawers/registers.
 - b) Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not responsible for preparing/making bank deposits, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling collection documentation (e.g. pre-numbered receipts) to the deposit.
 - c) Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not responsible for posting collection entries to the general ledger or subsidiary ledgers, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling ledger postings to each other and to the deposit.
 - d) The employee(s) responsible for reconciling cash collections to the general ledger and/or subsidiary ledgers, by revenue source and/or agency fund additions are not responsible for collecting cash, unless another employee/official verifies the reconciliation.
- 6. Obtained from management a copy of the bond or insurance policy for theft covering all employees who have access to cash. Observed the bond or insurance policy for theft was enforced during the fiscal period.
- 7. Randomly selected two deposit dates for each of the 5 bank accounts selected for procedure #3 under "Bank Reconciliations" above (selected the next deposit date chronologically if no deposits were made on the dates randomly selected and randomly selected a deposit if multiple deposits are made on the same day). Alternately, the practitioner may use a source document other than bank statements when selecting the deposit dates for testing, such as a cash collection log, daily revenue report, receipt book, etc. Obtained supporting documentation for each of the 10 deposits and:
 - a) Observed that receipts are sequentially pre-numbered.
 - b) Traced sequentially pre-numbered receipts, system reports, and other related collection documentation to the deposit slip.
 - c) Traced the deposit slip total to the actual deposit per the bank statement.
 - d) Observed that the deposit was made within one business day of receipt at the collection location (within one week if the depository is more than 10 miles from the collection

location or the deposit is less than \$100 and the cash is stored securely in a locked safe or drawer).

e) Traced the actual deposit per the bank statement to the general ledger.

Non-Payroll Disbursements (excluding card purchases/payments, travel reimbursements, and petty cash purchases)

- 8. Obtained a listing of locations that process payments for the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly selected 5 locations (or all locations if less than 5).
- 9. For each location selected under #8 above, obtained a listing of those employees involved with non-payroll purchasing and payment functions. Obtained written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if the agency has no written policies and procedures, inquired of employees about their job duties), and observed that job duties are properly segregated such that:
 - a) At least two employees are involved in initiating a purchase request, approving a purchase, and placing an order/making the purchase.
 - b) At least two employees are involved in processing and approving payments to vendors.
 - c) The employee responsible for processing payments is prohibited from adding/modifying vendor files, unless another employee is responsible for periodically reviewing changes to vendor files.
 - d) Either the employee/official responsible for signing checks mails the payment or gives the signed checks to an employee to mail who is not responsible for processing payments.
- 10. For each location selected under #8 above, obtained the entity's non-payroll disbursement transaction population (excluding cards and travel reimbursements) and obtained management's representation that the population is complete. Randomly selected 5 disbursements for each location, obtained supporting documentation for each transaction and:
 - a) Observed whether the disbursement matched the related original itemized invoice and supporting documentation indicates deliverables included on the invoice were received by the entity.
 - b) Observed that the disbursement documentation included evidence (e.g., initial/date, electronic logging) of segregation of duties tested under #9, as applicable.

Credit Cards/Debit Cards/Fuel Cards/P-Cards

11. Obtained from management a listing of all active credit cards, bank debit cards, fuel cards, and P-cards (cards) for the fiscal period, including the card numbers and the names of the persons who maintained possession of the cards. Obtained management's representation that the listing is complete.

- 12. Using the listing prepared by management, randomly selected 5 cards (or all cards if less than 5) that were used during the fiscal period. Randomly selected one monthly statement or combined statement for each card (for a debit card, randomly select one monthly bank statement), obtained supporting documentation, and:
 - a) Observed that there is evidence that the monthly statement or combined statement and supporting documentation (e.g., original receipts for credit/debit card purchases, exception reports for excessive fuel card usage) were reviewed and approved, in writing (or electronically approved), by someone other than the authorized card holder. [Note: Requiring such approval may constrain the legal authority of certain public officials (e.g., mayor of a Lawrason Act municipality); these instances should not be reported.]
 - b) Observed that finance charges and late fees were not assessed on the selected statements.
- 13. Using the monthly statements or combined statements selected under #12 above, <u>excluding fuel cards</u>, randomly selected 10 transactions (or all transactions if less than 10) from each statement, and obtained supporting documentation for the transactions (i.e. each card should have 10 transactions subject to testing). For each transaction, observed that it is supported by (1) an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased, (2) written documentation of the business/public purpose, and (3) documentation of the individuals participating in meals (for meal charges only). For missing receipts, the practitioner should describe the nature of the transaction and note whether management had a compensating control to address missing receipts, such as a "missing receipt statement" that is subject to increased scrutiny.

Travel and Travel-Related Expense Reimbursements (excluding card transactions)

- 14. Obtained from management a listing of all travel and travel-related expense reimbursements during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing or general ledger is complete. Randomly selected 5 reimbursements, obtained the related expense reimbursement forms/prepaid expense documentation of each selected reimbursement, as well as the supporting documentation. For each of the 5 reimbursements selected:
 - a) If reimbursed using a per diem, observed the approved reimbursement rate is no more than those rates established either by the State of Louisiana or the U.S. General Services Administration (www.gsa.gov).
 - b) If reimbursed using actual costs, observed that the reimbursement is supported by an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased.
 - c) Observed that each reimbursement is supported by documentation of the business/public purpose (for meal charges, observe that the documentation includes the names of those individuals participating) and other documentation required by written policy (procedure #1h).
 - d) Observed each reimbursement was reviewed and approved, in writing, by someone other than the person receiving reimbursement.

Contracts

- 15. Obtained from management a listing of all agreements/contracts for professional services, materials and supplies, leases, and construction activities that were initiated or renewed during the fiscal period. *Alternately, the practitioner may use an equivalent selection source, such as an active vendor list.* Obtained management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly selected 5 contracts (or all contracts if less than 5) from the listing, excluding the practitioner's contract, and:
 - a) Observed that the contract was bid in accordance with the Louisiana Public Bid Law (e.g., solicited quotes or bids, advertised), if required by law.
 - b) Observed whether the contract was approved by the governing body/board, if required by policy or law (e.g. Lawrason Act, Home Rule Charter).
 - c) If the contract was amended (e.g. change order), observed that the original contract terms provided for such an amendment and that amendments were made in compliance with the contract terms (e.g., if approval is required for any amendment, was approval documented).
 - d) Randomly selected one payment from the fiscal period for each of the 5 contracts, obtain the supporting invoice, agreed the invoice to the contract terms, and observe the invoice and related payment agreed to the terms and conditions of the contract.

Payroll and Personnel

- 16. Obtained a listing of employees and officials employed during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly selected 5 employees or officials, obtain related paid salaries and personnel files, and agreed paid salaries to authorized salaries/pay rates in the personnel files.
- 17. Randomly selected one pay period during the fiscal period. For the 5 employees or officials selected under #16 above, obtained attendance records and leave documentation for the pay period, and:
 - a) Observed all selected employees/officials documented their daily attendance and leave (e.g., vacation, sick, compensatory). (Note: Generally, an elected official is not eligible to earn leave and do not document their attendance and leave. However, if the official is earning leave according to policy and/or contract, the official should document his/her daily attendance and leave.)
 - b) Observed whether supervisors approved the attendance and leave of the selected employees or officials.
 - c) Observed any leave accrued or taken during the pay period is reflected in the entity's cumulative leave records.

- d) Observed the rate paid to the employees or officials agree to the authorized salary/pay rate found within the personnel file.
- 18. Obtained a listing of those employees or officials that received termination payments during the fiscal period and management's representation that the list is complete. Randomly selected two employees or officials, obtained related documentation of the hours and pay rates used in management's termination payment calculations and the entity's policy on termination payments. Agreed the hours to the employee or officials' cumulate leave records, agreed the pay rates to the employee or officials' authorized pay rates in the employee or officials' personnel files, and agree the termination payment to entity policy.
- 19. Obtained management's representation that employer and employee portions of third-party payroll related amounts (e.g., payroll taxes, retirement contributions, health insurance premiums, garnishments, workers' compensation premiums, etc.) have been paid, and any associated forms have been filed, by required deadlines.

Ethics

- 20. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from procedure #16 under "Payroll and Personnel" above obtained ethics documentation from management, and:
 - a. Observed whether the documentation demonstrates each employee/official completed one hour of ethics training during the fiscal period.
 - b. Observed whether the entity maintains documentation which demonstrates each employee and official were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy during the fiscal period, as applicable.

Debt Service

- 21. Obtained a listing of bonds/notes issued during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Selected all debt instruments on the listing, obtained supporting documentation, and observed State Bond Commission approval was obtained for each debt instrument issued.
- 22. Obtained a listing of bonds/notes outstanding at the end of the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly selected one bond/note, inspected debt covenants, obtained supporting documentation for the reserve balance and payments, and agreed actual reserve balances and payments to those required by debt covenants (including contingency funds, short-lived asset funds, or other funds required by the debt covenants).

Fraud Notice

23. Obtained a listing of misappropriations of public funds and assets during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Selected all misappropriations on the listing, obtained supporting documentation, and observed that the entity reported the

misappropriation(s) to the legislative auditor and the district attorney of the parish in which the entity is domiciled.

24. Observed the entity has posted on its premises and website, the notice required by R.S. 24:523.1 concerning the reporting of misappropriation, fraud, waste, or abuse of public funds.

Information Technology Disaster Recovery/ Business Continuity

- 25. Performed the following procedures, verbally discussed the results with management, and report "We performed the procedures and discussed the results with management."
 - a) Obtained and inspected the entity's most recent documentation that it has backed up its critical data (if no written documentation, inquire of personnel responsible for backing up critical data) and observed that such backup occurred within the past week. If backups are stored on a physical medium (e.g., tapes, CDs), observed evidence that backups are encrypted before being transported.
 - b) Obtained and inspected the entity's most recent documentation that it has tested/verified that its backups can be restored (if no written documentation, inquired of personnel responsible for testing/ verifying backup restoration) and observed evidence that the test/verification was successfully performed within the past 3 months.
 - c) Obtained a listing of the entity's computers currently in use and their related locations, and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly selected 5 computers and observed while management demonstrated that the selected computers have current and active antivirus software and that the operating system and accounting system software in use are currently supported by the vendor.

We performed the procedures and discussed the results with management.

Sexual Harassment

- 26. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from procedure #16 under "Payroll and Personnel" above, obtained sexual harassment training documentation from management, and observed the documentation demonstrated each employee/official completed at least one hour of sexual harassment training during the calendar year.
- 27. Observed the entity has posted its sexual harassment policy and compliant procedure on its website (or in a conspicuous location on the entity's premises if the entity does not have a website).
- 28. Obtained the entity's annual sexual harassment report for the current fiscal period, observed that the report was dated on or before February 1, and observed it includes the applicable requirements of R.S. 42:344:
 - a) Number and percentage of public servants in the agency who have completed the training requirements.

- b) Number of sexual harassment complaints received by the agency.
- c) Number of complaints which resulted in a finding that sexual harassment resulted in discipline or corrective action; and
- d) Amount of time it took to resolve each compliant.

Findings:

No exceptions were found as a result of applying procedures listed above except:

Bank Reconciliations

One out of five bank reconciliations did not contain evidence that management researched reconciling items that had been outstanding for more than 12 months from statement closing date.

Travel and Expense Reimbursement

One out of five reimbursements did not contain an itemized receipt detailing the items purchased.

Management's Response:

We were engaged by the Police Jury to perform this agreed-upon procedures engagement and conducted our engagement in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and applicable standards of *Government Auditing Standards*. We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination or review engagement, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion or conclusion, respectively, on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion or conclusion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

We are required to be independent of the Police Jury and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements related to our agreed-upon procedures engagement.

This report is intended solely to describe the scope of testing performed on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs, and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on control or compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the LLA as a public document.

Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC

Certified Public Accountants

Alexandria, Louisiana June 24, 2022