**SALARY FUND** 

**ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2021

#### **MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) of the Clerk of Civil District Court for the Parish of Orleans (the Clerk's) financial performance is designed to provide an overview of the financial activities as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. This information should be read in conjunction with the basic financial statements and the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The MD&A is required information that provides an overview of the Clerk's basic financial statements and financial activities. Our auditor has provided assurance in his independent auditor's report that the basic financial statements are fairly stated in all material aspects. A user of this report should read the independent auditor's report carefully to ascertain the level of assurance being provided on these reports.

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Clerk's basic financial statements consist of the following components: Government-Wide Financial Statements and Fund Financial Statements.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The Statement of Net Position reflects the financial position of the Clerk's office. The unrestricted fund balance for the Salary Fund, as reflected in this statement consists of funds available for future spending to meet the needs of the Clerk's Office.

The Statement of Activities reflects the changes in net position. Net position, the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources are one way to measure the financial health of an entity. Over time, increases or decreases in net position are one indicator of whether an entity's financial health is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on the Clerk of Court as a whole and about its activities in a way that shows the overall financial health of the office. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

Fund financial statements report detailed information on the Salary Fund maintained by the Clerk's office. This fund is established as mandated by State laws.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2021

#### **Fund Financial Statements (continued)**

The Clerk of Court uses governmental funds for basic services. Governmental funds focus on how money flows into and out of the operating accounts and reflect the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported under the modified accrual accounting method, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash.

The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Clerk of Court's programs.

#### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

The financial statements provide details of the current year's operations:

As of June 30, 2021, the Clerk of Civil District Court for the Parish of Orleans had Unrestricted Net Position of \$12,285,084 representing the portion available to maintain the continuing obligations to citizens. Unrestricted Net Position represents the net balance of all types of assets accumulated by the Clerk in excess of the amount invested in "capital assets" and any "restricted assets". Restricted assets are those that are constrained by creditors, grantors, contributors, or by laws and regulations. Although the Unrestricted Net Position of the Clerk is not constrained by any third parties, the Clerk has various assignments of fund balance that limit the use of its resources. At June 30, 2021, the Clerk had no unassigned fund balances.

Total government-wide assets as of June 30, 2021 were \$32,065,406, deferred outflows of resources were \$7,923,293, total liabilities were \$26,347,343 and deferred inflows of resources were \$1,199,757. In accordance with statutory requirements, the Clerk has no bonded indebtedness or long-term notes.

The most significant continuing revenue sources for governmental activities were court filing fees and recording fees.

#### ORLEANS PARISH CLERK OF COURT AS A WHOLE

Because the Registry of the Court Agency Fund is on a calendar year basis and is reported in a separate audit report, only the Salary Fund is included in this discussion and analysis.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CLERK OF COURT AS A WHOLE (GWFS)

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report only one type of activity - governmental activities. Most of the basic services are reported as this type. Fees charged to the public finance all of these activities.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2021

Our analysis below focuses on the net position of the governmental-type activities:

## CONDENSED STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AS OF JUNE 30, 2021 AND 2020

	2021	2020	Dollar Change	Total Percent Change
Current and other assets Capital assets, net of accumulated	\$ 31,908,891	\$ 29,559,565	\$ 2,349,326	7.95%
depreciation	156,515	187,796	(31,281)	(16.66)%
Total assets	32,065,406	29,747,361	2,318,045	7.79%
Deferred outflows of resources	7,923,293	5,389,059	2,534,234	47.03%
Current liabilities Non-current liabilities	2,095,481 24,251,862	3,046,579 20,054,207	(951,098) 4,197,655	(31.22)% 20.93%
Total liabilities	26,347,343	23,100,786	3,246,557	14.05%
Deferred inflows of resources	1,199,757	832,831	366,926	44.06%
Net invested in capital assets Unrestricted	156,515 12,285,084	187,796 11,015,007	(31,281) 1,270,077	(16.66)% 11.53%
Total net position	\$ 12,441,599	\$ 11,202,803	\$ 1,238,796	11.06%

The Clerk's net position increased by \$1,238,796 as a result of this year's operations. The increase in Current and Other Assets is due to an increase in cash and receivables. The increases in deferred outflows of resources and decreases in deferred inflows of resources are due to recognition of pension and OPEB related items in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68 and GASB Statement No. 75, respectively. The decrease in Current Liabilities is due to a decrease in amounts due to the Judicial Expense Fund at the end of the year. The increase in Non-Current Liabilities is due to the increase in the net pension liability and total OPEB liability.

Unrestricted net position, the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements decreased as a result of this year's operations. The balance in net position represents the accumulated results of all past years' operations.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2021

## CONDENSED STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 AND 2020

Total

	2021	2020	Dollar Change	Percent Change
Total program expenses Total program revenues	\$ (15,601,395) 16,737,975	\$ (15,891,718)\$ 14,072,597	(290,323) 2,665,378	(1.83)% 18.94%
Net program income	1,136,580	(1,819,121)	2,955,701	162.48%
General revenues	102,216	260,850	(158,634)	(60.81)%
Change in net position	1,238,796	(1,558,271)	2,797,067	179.50%
Net position, beginning of year	11,202,803	12,761,074	(1,558,271)	(12.21)%
Net position, end of year	\$ 12,441,599	<u>\$ 11,202,803</u> <u>\$</u>	1,238,796	11.06%

The Clerk's total revenues for the year in governmental activities were \$16,737,975 in program revenues and \$102,216 in general revenues. The total cost of all programs and services was \$15,601,395.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CLERK OF COURT'S SALARY FUND

Analyzing this fund helps to determine whether the Clerk is using her resources in a responsible manner and maintaining the financial integrity of the office.

The Salary Fund reported a fund balance increase of \$3,398,826.

## CONDENSED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

#### FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 AND 2020

	2021	2020	Dollar Change	Total Percent Change
Total revenues	\$ 16,256,438	\$ 13,754,512	\$ 2,501,926	18.19%
Expenditures: Current Capital outlay	12,798,914 58,698	13,553,782 92,072	(754,868) (33,374)	(5.57)% (36.25)%
Total expenditures	12,857,612	13,645,854	(788,242)	(5.78)%
Net change in fund balance	3,398,826	108,658	3,290,168	3028.00%
Fund balance, beginning of year	25,786,107	25,677,449	108,658	0.42%
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 29,184,933	\$ 25,786,107	\$ 3,398,826	13.18%

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2021

#### **SALARY FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

The Clerk of Civil District Court for the Parish of Orleans' budget for July 1, 2020 through June 30, 2021 was proposed and made available for public inspection by the Clerk of Civil District Court for the Parish of Orleans. There were no budget amendments during the current fiscal year.

The following table presents the variance between the final budget and the actual results for the fiscal year.

Revenues	Original Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Fees, charges, and commissions for services: Filing and recording fees for legal documents Fees for copies of documents Available fund balance FEMA stabilization project Use of money and property – interest earnings	\$ 12,350,258 468,936 1,119,704 500,000 262,607	\$ 14,132,327 606,227 - 1,415,668 	\$ 1,782,069 137,291 (1,119,704) 915,668 (160,391)
Total revenues	14,701,505	16,256,438	1,554,933
Expenditures General government: Personnel services and related benefits Operating services Capital outlay	9,237,262 4,661,533 802,710	8,544,763 4,254,151 58,698	692,499 407,382 744,012
Total expenditures	14,701,505	12,857,612	1,843,893
Excess revenues (expenditures)	-	3,398,826	3,398,826
Fund balance, beginning of year	25,786,107	25,786,107	<del>_</del>
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 25,786,107	\$ 29,184,933	\$ 3,398,826

The positive variance of \$1,554,933 in total revenues is primarily due to FEMA reimbursements and filing and recording fees being higher than expected. The positive variance of \$1,843,893 in total expenditures is primarily due to lower personnel, operations, and capital outlay costs than originally budgeted.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2021

#### **CAPITAL ASSETS**

The Clerk's investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, for governmental activities as of June 30, 2021 was \$156,515.

	2021
Computers and software	\$ 1,153,179
Equipment	596,040
Furniture and fixtures	279,806
Total costs	2,029,025
Accumulated depreciation	(1,872,510)
Net capital assets	\$ 156,515
Depreciation expense	\$ 89,979

During 2021, the Clerk had asset additions of \$58,698 which consisted mainly of various computer equipment and software.

#### **LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS**

Clerks of Court are not allowed to incur long-term indebtedness for bonds or notes payable; therefore, the Clerk had no long-term debt outstanding.

The Clerk entered into two non-cancellable three-year lease agreements for office and storage space on May 27, 2015. The leases commenced on July 1, 2015 and were scheduled to end on June 30, 2018. Prior to the end dates, the terms of the leases were extended through June 30, 2023. The Clerk entered into a non-cancellable four-year lease agreement for office space on December 3, 2015. The lease commenced on March 1, 2016 and was scheduled to end on February 28, 2020. On January 24, 2020, this lease was extended to February 28, 2022.

The Clerk has one lease agreement for two vehicles. The lease term is 36 months beginning May 31, 2019. Lease payments made for vehicle during the year totaled \$31,027 which is included in office operations. The monthly minimum lease rental for the lease is \$2,586.

Future minimum lease payments total \$1,703,969 at June 30, 2021.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

<u>JUNE 30, 2021</u>

#### **LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)**

As of July 1, 2017, the Clerk has implemented GASB Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions," GASB Statement No. 75 amended GASB Statement No. 45 and establishes uniform standards of financial reporting for other postemployment benefits and increases the usefulness and improves the faithfulness of representations in the financial reports. The adoption of this standard required the prospective recognition of Total Other Post-Employment Benefits Liability (OPEB) in the basic financial statements. See Note 7 to the basic financial statements for further discussion of the Other Post-employment Benefits.

The following table shows the changes in the total OPEB liability:

Balance at June 30, 2020	\$ 8,085,142
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	645,236
Interest	212,274
Differences between expected and actual experience	85,918
Changes in assumptions/inputs	733,320
Benefit payments and net transfers	 (132,238)
Net changes	 1,544,510
Balance at June 30, 2021	\$ 9,629,652

As of July 1, 2014, the Clerk has implemented GASB Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions; an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27." GASB Statement No. 68 improves accounting and financial reporting for pensions. The adoption of this standard requires the retroactive recognition of a liability for the Clerks proportionate share of the net pension liability. The Clerk is required to recognize pension expense and report deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions for its proportionate shares of collective pension expense and collective outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions. At June 30, 2021, the Clerk reported \$14,622,210 for its proportionate share of net pension liability, \$5,851,259 for deferred outflow of resources and \$707,891 for deferred inflows of resources. See Note 6 to the basic financial statements for further discussion of the pension liabilities, pension expense, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2021

#### **ECONOMIC FACTORS AFFECTING OPERATIONS**

The Clerk of Court's Office is primarily financed by filing fees and recording fees charged to the public and costs for services rendered. The setting of these fees and costs is regulated by the Louisiana Revised Statutes which gives the Judges of the Civil District Court authority to set fees. The Clerk has no authority or discretion in setting fees.

#### **CONTACTING FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Clerk of Civil District Court for the Parish of Orleans' finances and to show the Clerk of Court's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact the Honorable Chelsey Richard Napoleon, Clerk of Civil District Court for the Parish of Orleans, New Orleans, LA 70112 at phone number (504) 407-0134.



### STAGNI & COMPANY, LLC

**CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS & CONSULTANTS** 

#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

To the Honorable Chelsey R. Napoleon Clerk of Civil District Court for the Parish of Orleans New Orleans, Louisiana

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund - Salary Fund of the Clerk of Civil District Court for the Parish of Orleans, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control.

MEMBERS:AICPA • LCPA

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To the Honorable Chelsey R. Napoleon Clerk of Civil District Court for the Parish of Orleans New Orleans, Louisiana

Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

As discussed in Notes 1 and 2, the financial statements present only the activities of the Salary Fund of the Clerk of Civil District Court for the Parish of Orleans and do not purport to and do not present fairly the financial position and the changes in its financial position, as of June 30, 2021 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the major fund-Salary Fund as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion, the Analysis and Budgetary Comparison Schedule on the General Fund, the Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of Contributions-Retirement Plan, and the Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.



To the Honorable Chelsey R. Napoleon Clerk of Civil District Court for the Parish of Orleans New Orleans, Louisiana

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the financial statements as a whole. The Schedule of Compensation, Benefits, and Other Payments to Agency Head listed as Other Supplemental Schedule in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Schedule of Compensation, Benefits, and Other Payments to Agency Head is the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated December 21, 2021, on our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Stagni & Company

Thibodaux, LA December 21, 2021



# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021

	 Salary Fund
ASSETS:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 26,951,446
Receivables	3,548,029
Due from Judicial Expense Fund	899,296
Prepaid insurance	327,465
Deposits	182,655
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	 156,515
Total assets	 32,065,406
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:	
Pensions (note 6)	5,851,259
OPEB (note 7)	 2,072,034
Total deferred outflows of resources	 7,923,293
LIABILITIES:	
Accounts payable	315,565
Accrued payroll liabilities	343,501
Escrow on deposit	320,307
Due to Judicial Expense Fund	717,754
Due to others	398,354
Non-current liability - net pension liability (note 6)	14,622,210
Non-current liability - total OPEB liability (note 7)	 9,629,652
Total liabilities	 26,347,343
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:	
Pensions (note 6)	707,891
OPEB (note 7)	 491,866
Total deferred inflows of resources	 1,199,757
NET POSITION:	
Net investment in capital assets	156,515
Unrestricted	 12,285,084
Total net position	\$ 12,441,599

# STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

EXPENSES:	 Salary Fund
GENERAL GOVERNMENT:	
Personnel services and related benefits	\$ 11,347,244
Operating services	 4,254,151
Total expenses	 15,601,395
PROGRAM REVENUES:	
Fees, charges, and commissions for services:	
Filing and recording fees for legal documents	11,235,107
Fees for copies of documents and facsimiles	606,227
FEMA stabilization project	1,415,668
Remote access fees	2,461,823
Documentary tax income	178,356
Non-employer share of net pension liability contributions	643,866
UCC fees	180,481
Supreme Court civil case processing fees	12,722
Indigent legal fees	 3,725
Total program revenues	 16,737,975
Net program income	 1,136,580
GENERAL REVENUES:	
Interest earnings	 102,216
Total general revenues	 102,216
NET POSITION:	
Change in net position	1,238,796
Beginning of the year	 11,202,803
End of the year	\$ 12,441,599

# BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUND JUNE 30, 2021

#### **ASSETS**

		Salary Fund
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables Prepaid expenses Deposits	\$	26,951,446 3,548,029 327,465 182,655
Total assets	\$	31,009,595
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE		
LIABILITIES:	_	
Accounts payable	\$	315,564
Accrued payroll liabilities		77,372
Escrow on deposit		320,307 713,064
Due to Judicial Expense Fund Due to others		398,355
Total liabilities		1,824,662
FUND BALANCE:		
Nonspendable:		
Prepaid items		327,465
Deposits		182,655
Assigned for:		755.051
Unified indexing system		755,051
Post-employment benefits		9,629,652
Records preservation & stabilization  Book binding		2,212,526 9,036
Case management and efiling system		472,559
Disaster recovery and business continuance		973,779
Pension liability		14,622,210
Unassigned		-
Total fund balance		29,184,933
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	31,009,595

# RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET-GOVERNMENTAL FUND TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION $\underline{\text{JUNE 30, 2021}}$

Total fund balance - governmental funds (fund financial statements)	\$	29,184,933
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (government-wide financial statements) are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds		156,515
Certain non-current liabilities - OPEB obligations - are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds		(9,629,652)
Certain non-current liabilities - net pension liabilities - are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds		(14,622,210)
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in governmental funds		5,851,259
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB are not reported in governmental funds		2,072,034
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in governmental funds		(707,891)
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB are not reported in governmental funds		(491,866)
Accrued due from Judicial Expense Fund is not due and receivable in the current period and therefore is not reported in the funds		894,606
Accrued compensated absences are not recorded on the governmental fund financials because they are not due and payable at June 30, 2021	_	(266,129)
Total net position (government-wide financial statements)	\$	12,441,599

#### 

#### **REVENUES:**

Fees, charges, and commissions for services:	
Filing and recording fees for legal documents	\$ 11,235,107
Fees for copies of documents and facsimiles	606,227
FEMA stabilization project	1,415,668
Remote access fees	2,461,823
Documentary tax income	178,356
JEF payments on A/R	60,113
UCC fees	180,481
Supreme Court civil case processing fees	12,722
Indigent legal fees	3,725
Interest earnings	102,216
Total revenues	16,256,438
EXPENDITURES: General government:	
Personnel services and related benefits	8,544,763
Operating services	4,254,151
Total current expenditures	12,798,914
Capital outlay	58,698
Total expenditures	12,857,612
Excess of revenues over expenditures	3,398,826
FUND BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	25,786,107
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$ 29,184,933

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-GOVERNMENTAL FUND TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Change in fund balance (fund financial statements)	\$ 3,398,826
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities	

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (government-wide financial statements) are different because:

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available:

Compensated absences	(38,289)
OPEB	(916,120)
Pensions	(1,758,093)
Non-employer contributions for pensions	643,866

Current year decrease in due from Judicial Expense Fund is recorded as revenue on fund financials because under the modified accrual basis of accounting it is not accrued as receivable in the governmental funds. (60,113)

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures in the individual fund. Governmental activities report depreciation expense to allocate the cost of those capital assets over the estimated useful lives of the asset.

Capital asset purchases capitalized 58,698
Depreciation expense (89,979)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2021

#### **INTRODUCTION**

As provided by Article V, Section 28 of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974, the Clerk of Court serves as the ex-officio notary public, the recorder of court filings, and other acts, and has other duties and powers provided by law. The Clerk of Court is elected for a four-year term.

#### (1) <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u>

#### **Basis of Presentation**

The accompanying financial statements of the Salary Fund of the Clerk of Civil District Court for the Parish of Orleans have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The accompanying basic financial statements have been prepared in conformity with GASB, Statement 34, Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments.

#### **Reporting Entity**

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, (GASB 14) as amended by GASB 39 establishes standards for defining and reporting on the financial entity. The focal point for identifying the financial reporting entity is the primary government, which is considered to be any state government or general purpose local government or a special purpose government that has a separately elected governing body, is legally separate, and is fiscally independent of other state and local governments.

The Clerk is a discrete governmental financial reporting entity under the GASB standards.

#### **Fund Accounting**

The Clerk of Court uses funds and account groups to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions relating to certain government functions or activities.

A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. On the other hand, an account group is a financial reporting device designed to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities that are not recorded in the funds because they do not directly affect net expendable available financial resources.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

<u>JUNE 30, 2021</u>

#### (1) <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)</u>

Funds of the clerk of court are classified into two categories: governmental (Salary Fund) and fiduciary (Agency Fund). These funds are described as follows:

#### Salary Fund

The Salary Fund, as provided by Louisiana Revised Statute 13:781, is the principal fund of the Clerk of Court and accounts for the operations of the Clerk's office. The various fees and charges due to the Clerk's office are accounted for in this fund. General operating expenditures are paid from this fund.

#### Agency Fund

The Registry of Court Agency Fund, as provided by Louisiana Revised Statute 13:1305, accounts for assets held as an agent for others. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

#### **Basis of Accounting**

Fund Financial Statements (FFS) - The amounts reflected in the Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Governmental Fund (FFS), are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach is then reconciled, through adjustment, to a government-wide view of operations.

The amounts reflected in these statements (FFS), use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available). Measurable means the amount of the transaction can be determined and available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The Clerk considers all revenues available if they are collected within 60 days after the fiscal year end. The governmental funds use the following practices in recording revenues and expenditures:

#### Revenues

Filing fees and recording fees are recorded in the year in which they are earned. Interest income on investments is recorded when the investments have matured and the income is available. Substantially all other revenues are recorded when received.

#### **Expenditures**

Expenditures are generally recorded under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

<u>JUNE 30, 2021</u>

#### (1) <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)</u>

#### **Basis of Accounting (Continued)**

Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS) - The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities (GWFS) display information about the Clerk of Civil District Court for the Parish of Orleans as a whole. These statements include all the financial activities of the Clerk of Civil District Court for the Parish of Orleans. Information contained in these statements reflects the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from exchange or exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange occurs (regardless of when cash is received or disbursed). Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from non-exchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 33, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Non-exchange Transactions*.

#### **Program Revenues**

Program revenues included in the Statement of Activities are derived directly from users as a fee for services; program revenues reduce the cost of the function to be financed from general revenues.

#### **Budget Practices**

The Clerk of Civil District Court for the Parish of Orleans' budget was proposed and made available for public inspection by the Clerk.

Formal budget integration (within the accounting records) is employed as a management control device. Budget amounts included in the accompanying financial statements include the original adopted budget and all subsequent amendments. There was no amendment to the budget for the 2021 fiscal year.

#### **Uncollectible Accounts Receivable**

The Clerk of Court considers all accounts receivable at June 30, 2021 to be fully collectible. Accordingly, no allowance for uncollectible accounts is required.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2021

#### (1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Cash and Cash Equivalents**

Cash includes amounts in demand deposits, interest bearing demand deposits, and money market accounts. Cash equivalents include amounts in time deposits and those investments with original maturities of 90 days or less. Under state law, the Clerk of Court may deposit funds in demand deposits, interest bearing demand deposits, money market accounts, or time deposits with state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having their principal offices in Louisiana.

#### **Capital Assets**

Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated cost if historical cost is not available. Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The Clerk maintains a threshold level of \$500 or more for capitalizing capital assets.

Capital assets are recorded in the Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities. Since surplus assets are sold for an immaterial amount when declared as no longer needed for public purposes, no salvage value is taken into consideration for depreciation purposes. No assets were sold during the current year. All capital assets, other than land, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Computers3 yearsOffice Equipment5 yearsFurniture & Fixtures5 yearsAutomobiles5 yearsLeasehold Improvements20 years

#### **Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources**

In addition to assets, the Statement of Financial Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. Currently, the Clerk has two items that qualify for reporting in this category, deferred amounts related to pensions and deferred amounts related to OPEB.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Financial Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until then.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2021

#### (1) <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)</u>

#### **Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources (Continued)**

Currently, the Clerk has two items that qualifies for reporting in this category, deferred amounts related to pensions and deferred amounts related to OPEB.

#### **Compensated Absences**

Employees of the Clerk of Court's office earn, based on years of service, from 1 to 4 weeks vacation leave per year, 3 days of personal leave per year and 4 or 5 days of sick leave per year. The vacation, personal and sick leave accrue on an employment anniversary date basis and must be used in the following year of service, otherwise it is forfeited. During the first year of service, 4 days of sick leave and 1 day of personal leave accrue after 3 months of service and a successful evaluation, and 2 additional days of personal leave accrue after 6 months of service. Overtime is compensated for as compensatory time rather than payment. Compensatory time is calculated at one and one-half hours for each hour worked in excess of forty hours per week. Employees also earn earned leave time for attendance at approved after-hours office meetings and workshops. Earned leave time is equal to the amount of time spent at the meeting or workshop. The accrued compensated absences which had been unused by employees at June 30, 2021 has been included in the government-wide financial statements.

#### **Equity Classifications**

In the government-wide financial statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. <u>Net investment in capital assets</u> consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- b. <u>Restricted net position</u> consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Constraints may be placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. <u>Unrestricted net position</u> net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in either of the other two categories of net position.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

<u>JUNE 30, 2021</u>

#### (1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Equity Classifications (Continued)**

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balances are classified as follows:

- a. <u>Nonspendable</u> amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in a nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- b. <u>Restricted</u> amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of state, local or federal awards or externally imposed conditions by grantors or creditors.
- c. <u>Committed</u> amounts that can be used for specific purposes determined by formal action by an ordinance or resolution.
- d. <u>Assigned</u> amounts that are designated by the formal action of the government's highest level of decision making authority.
- e. <u>Unassigned</u> amounts not included in other classifications.

The Clerk, as the highest level of decision-making authority, can establish, modify or rescind a fund balance commitment. For assigned fund balance the Clerk is authorized to assign amounts for a specific purpose.

When both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available for use, it is the Clerk's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted as needed. When committed, assigned or unassigned fund balances are available for use, it is the Clerk's policy to use committed resources first, then assigned resources and unassigned resources as they are needed.

#### **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### (2) REGISTRY OF COURT FUND OMISSION

The Registry of Court Agency Fund is on a calendar year basis and was separately audited by auditors who issued an unmodified opinion dated May 3, 2021 on its financial statements as of December 31, 2020. Since the Registry of Court Agency Fund is on a different fiscal year than the Salary Fund and was audited by other auditors, it is not included in the audit of the Salary Fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

<u>JUNE 30, 2021</u>

#### (3) <u>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS</u>

At June 30, 2021, the Clerk of Court – Salary Fund, has cash in checking accounts (book balances) totaling \$17,958,244 and bank balances for these accounts were \$17,905,348. The Clerk of Court – Salary Fund also held a certificate of deposit with book and bank balances of \$8,993,201.

The deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market. Under state law, the deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent bank. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties.

Custodial risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, deposits may not be returned to it. As of year-end, \$26,398,549 of the Clerk's bank balance was exposed to custodial credit risk. These deposits were collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent, but not in the Clerk's name.

These deposits are secured from risk by \$500,000 of federal deposit insurance and two Federal Home Loan Bank Letters of Credit held by the custodial bank in the name of the fiscal agent bank (GASB Category 3) with par values and market values totaling \$35,154,280 at June 30, 2021.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), which promulgates the standards for accounting and financial reporting for state and local governments, considers these securities subject to custodial credit risk. Even though the pledged securities are considered uncollateralized (Category 3) under the provisions of GASB Statement 3, R.S. 39:1229 imposes a statutory requirement on the custodial bank to advertise and sell the pledged securities within 10 days of being notified by the Clerk of Court that the fiscal agent has failed to pay deposited funds upon demand.

#### (4) **RECEIVABLES**

The receivables of \$3,548,029 at June 30, 2021, are for court filing and recording fees (\$1,078,767), documentary tax fees (\$48,230), NSF and other chargeback fees (\$15,247), certificate of deposit interest (\$39,345) and FEMA stabilization (\$2,366,440).

#### (5) <u>DUE TO JUDICIAL EXPENSE FUND</u>

During fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, 100% of the filing fees collected were deposited into the Clerk's bank account and a portion of those fees were disbursed by the Clerk to the Orleans Parish Civil Judicial Expense Fund at the close of each month. Employee benefits are paid by the Judicial Expense Fund and billed back to the Clerk each month. As of June 30, 2021, the Clerk had a net balance due to the Judicial Expense Fund of \$717,754. Such amount is represented as Due to Judicial Expense Fund on the Clerk's financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2021

#### (6) PENSION PLANS

#### **Plan Descriptions**

The majority of employees of the Clerk of Civil District Court for the Parish of Orleans are members of the Louisiana Clerks of Court Retirement and Relief Fund (LCCRRF), a cost-sharing multiple-employer, public employee retirement system (PERS), controlled and administered by a separate Board of Trustees. The LCCRRF system provides retirement, survivor, disability and terminated benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The Louisiana Clerks' of Court Retirement and Relief Fund of Louisiana has issued a standalone audit report on their financial statements. Access to the report can be found on the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's website, www.lla.la.gov, or www.laclerksofcourt.org.

On January 1, 2009, three new divisions were consolidated into the Clerk's office. Employees of those divisions who were participants in one of the following plans, continued to participate in those plans. As of January 1, 2009, all new hires are required to participate in the LCCRRF. Those additional plans in which the employees of the Clerk participate are the Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System (LASERS) and the Employees' Retirement System of the City of New Orleans (Orleans).

The Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan. Section 401 of Title 11 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes (La. R.S. 11:401) grants to LASERS Board of Trustees and the Louisiana Legislature the authority to review administration, benefit terms, investments, and funding of the plan. LASERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <a href="https://www.lasersonline.org">www.lasersonline.org</a>

The Employees' Retirement System of the City of New Orleans is a defined benefit pension plan established under the laws of the State of Louisiana. The City Charter provided that the Retirement Ordinance (Chapter 114 of the Code) continues to govern and control the retirement system under the management of the Board of Trustees, and also for changes in the retirement system by council action, subject to certain limitations for the purpose of providing retirement allowances, death, and disability benefits to all officers and employees of the parish, except those officers and employees who are already or may hereafter be included in the benefits of any other pension or retirement system of the City of New Orleans, the state, or any political subdivision of the state. The report may be obtained by writing to the City of New Orleans Employees' Retirement System, 1300 Perdido Street, Room 1E12, New Orleans, LA 70112. See page 36 for the Orleans System, or the website, www.nola.gov/nomers.

The Clerk of Civil District Court for the Parish of Orleans does not guarantee the benefits granted by any of the systems.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2021

#### (6) PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

The following is a description of the LCCRRF and LASERS systems and its benefits and is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to the appropriate statutes for more complete information.

#### Funding Policy

For the LCCRRF system, A member or former member shall be eligible for regular retirement benefits upon attaining 12 or more years of credited service, attaining the age of 55 years (age 65 if hired on or after January 1, 2011), and terminating employment. Regular retirement benefits, payable monthly for life, is equal to 3% percent of the member's monthly average final compensation multiplied by the number of years of credited service, not to exceed 100% of the monthly average final compensation. The retirement benefit accrual rate is increased to 31/3% for all service credit accrued after June 30, 1999 (for members hired prior to January 1, 2011). For members hired before July 1, 2006 and who retire prior to January 1, 2011, monthly average final compensation is based on the highest 36 consecutive months, with a limit increase of 10% in each of the last three years of measurement. For members hired after July 1, 2006, monthly average final compensation is based on the highest compensated 60 consecutive months, or successive joined months if service was interrupted, with a limit increase of 10% in each of the last five years of measurement. For members who were employed prior to July 1, 2006 and who retire after December 31, 2010, the period of final average compensation is 36 months plus the number of whole months elapsed since January 1, 2011, not to exceed 60 months.

For the LASERS system, the age and years of creditable service required in order for a member to retire with full benefits are established by statute, and vary depending on the member's hire date, employer, and job classification. The majority of LASERS rank and file members may either retire with full benefits at any age upon completing 30 years of creditable service or at age 60 upon completing five to ten years of creditable service depending on their plan. The basic annual retirement benefit for members is equal to 2.5% to 3.5% of average compensation multiplied by the number of years of creditable service. Additionally, members may choose to retire with 20 years of service at any age, with an actuarially reduced benefit.

#### Contributions – LCCRRF and LASERS

According to state statute, for the LCCRRF system, contribution requirements for all employees are actuarially determined each year. State statute requires covered employees to contribute a percentage of their salaries to the System. For the year ending June 30, 2020, the actual employer contribution rate and the actuarially determined employer contribution rate is listed below. The actual rate differs from the actuarially required rate due to state statutes that require the contribution rate be calculated and set two years prior to the year effective. LCCRRF payables at June 30, 2021 were \$152,365.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

<u>JUNE 30, 2021</u>

#### (6) <u>PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)</u>

Contributions – LCCRRF and LASERS, (Continued)

	Required by Statute	Actual Contribution
Contributions: Employees Employers	8.25% \$ 394,061 21.00% 1,026,121	-% \$ - 29.25% 1,420,182
	<u>29.25%</u> <u>\$1,420,182</u>	<u>29.25%</u> <u>\$1,420,182</u>

For the LASERS system, contribution requirements of active employees are governed by Section 401 of Title 11 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes (La. R.S. 11:401) and may be amended by the Louisiana Legislature. Under the terms of the plan, employees contribute a specified percentage of their gross earnings and the Clerk also contributes a specified percentage. For the year ending June 30, 2021, the actual employer contribution rate and the actuarially determined employer contribution rate are listed below.

	Required by Statute	Actual Contribution
Contributions: Employees Employers	8.00% \$ 25,333 40.10% 134,477	-% \$ - 48.10% 159,810
	<u>48.10%</u> <u>\$ 159,810</u>	<u>48.10%</u> <u>\$ 159,810</u>

The Clerk's contributions to the LCCRRF system for the years ended June 30, 2021, 2020, 2019, were approximately \$1,420,000, \$1,360,000, and \$1,400,000, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year. The Clerk's contributions to the LASERS system for the years ended June 30, 2021, 2020, 2019, were approximately \$160,000, \$172,000 and \$157,000, respectively, equal to the required contribution for each year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2021

#### (6) <u>PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)</u>

# <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions – LCCRRF and LASERS</u>

At June 30, 2021, the Clerk reported a liability totaling \$14,622,210, of which \$13,384,422 was for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for the LCCRRF system and \$1,237,788 for the LASERS System. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020 and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Clerk's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on a projection of the Clerk's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2020, the Clerk's proportion was 5.563247% for the LCCRRF system, which was a decrease of .315790% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019. At June 30, 2020, the Clerk's proportion was .014966% for the LASERS system, which was a decrease of .002878% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Clerk recognized pension expense for the LCCRRF and LASERS systems totaling \$3,358,017, of which \$3,256,499 was for the LCCRRF system and \$101,518 for the LASERS System. Added to pension expense is the employer's amortization of change in proportionate share and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions totaling \$126,497, of which \$212,878 was for the LCCRRF and \$(86,381) was for the LASERS System.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Clerk recognized revenue for the support provided by non-employer contributing entities totaling \$643,866, all from the LCCRRF system.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

<u>JUNE 30, 2021</u>

#### (6) <u>PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)</u>

# <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions – LCCRRF and LASERS (Continued)</u>

At June 30, 2021, the Clerk reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows			Deferred Inflows			
	of Resources			of Resources			
	LCCRRF	LASERS	Total	LCCRRF	LASERS	Total	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 1,673	\$ -	\$ 1,673	\$ -	\$ 11,887	\$ 11,887	
Change in assumptions	1,187,083	3,961	1,191,044	-	-	-	
Net difference betwee projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	2,868,619	180,941	3,049,560	-	-	-	
Changes in proportion and differences between ployer contribution and proportionate shoof contributions	reen ons	8,469	448,385	596,666	99,338	696,004	
Employer contribution subsequent to the measurement date	ons	134,477	1,160,597				
Total	\$5,523,411	\$ 327,848	\$5,851,259	\$ 596,666	<u>\$ 111,225</u>	<u>\$ 707,891</u>	

Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date totaling \$1,160,597 and reported as deferred outflows of resources will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:	LCCRRF	 LASERS	Total
2022	\$ 1,067,277	\$ (67,824) \$	\$ 999,453
2023	1,261,377	52,180	1,313,557
2024	923,763	55,915	979,678
2025	 648,208	 41,875	690,083
Total	\$ 3,900,625	\$ 82,146	\$ 3,982,771

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

<u>JUNE 30, 2021</u>

#### (6) <u>PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)</u>

#### Actuarial Assumptions – LCCRRF System

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation for the LCCRRF System was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation Date: June 30, 2020

Actuarial Cost Method: Entry Age Normal

Actuarial Assumptions:

Investment Rate of Return 6.75%, net of investment expense, including inflation

Inflation rate 2.5%

Mortality Rates Pub- 2010 Public Retirement Plans multiplied by 120%.

Mortality Table with full generational projection using the

appropriate MP-2019 improvement scale.

**Expected Remaining** 

Service Lives 2020 – 5 years

2019 – 5 years 2018 – 5 years 2017 – 5 years 2016 – 5 years

Cost of Living Adjustments The present value of future retirement benefits is based on

benefits currently being paid by the Fund and includes previously granted cost of living increases. The present values do not include provisions for potential future increases not yet authorized by the Board of Trustees as they were deemed not to be substantively automatic.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

<u>JUNE 30, 2021</u>

#### (6) <u>PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)</u>

#### Actuarial Assumptions – LCCRRF System (Continued)

#### **Mortality Rate**

The mortality rate assumption used was verified by combining data from this plan with three other statewide plans which have similar workforce composition in order to produce a credible experience. The aggregated data was collected over the period July 1, 2009 through June 30, 2014. The data was then assigned credibility weighting and combined with a standard table to produce current levels of mortality. This mortality was then projected forward to a period equivalent to the estimated duration of the Fund's liabilities. Annuity values calculated based on this mortality were compared to those produced by using a setback of standard tables. The result of the procedure indicated that these tables would produce liability values approximating the appropriate generational mortality tables used.

#### Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The long-term expected rate of return was 6.18% as of June 30, 2020. The best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Fund's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2020 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected
	Target	Portfolio Real Rate
Asset Class	Asset Allocation	of Return
Fixed Income:	20.00%	
Domestic bonds		2.50%
International bonds		3.50%
Domestic Equity	33.0%	7.50%
International Equity	22.0%	8.50%
Real Estate	15.00%	4.50%
Hedge Funds	10.00%	6.59%
Total	100.00%	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

<u>JUNE 30, 2021</u>

#### (6) <u>PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)</u>

#### <u>Actuarial Assumptions – LCCRRF System (Continued)</u>

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from participating employers will be made at actuarially determined rates approved by Public Retirement Systems' Actuarial Committee taking into consideration the recommendation of the Fund's actuary. Based on these assumptions, the Fund's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

## Sensitivity of the Clerk's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Clerk's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the Clerk's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower, or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

	LCCRRF System				_	
	Current					
	1% Decrease 5.75%	Γ	Discount Rate 6.75%	1	% Increase 7.75%	
Clerk's proportionate share	_		_			
of the Net Pension Liability\$	18,677,767	\$	13,384,422	\$	8,922,792	

The Louisiana Clerks' of Court Retirement and Relief Fund of Louisiana has issued a stand-alone audit report on their financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2020. Access to the report can be found on the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's website, www.lla.la.gov.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

<u>JUNE 30, 2021</u>

#### (6) <u>PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)</u>

#### <u>Actuarial Assumptions – LASERS System</u>

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation for the LASERS System was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation Date: June 30, 2020

Actuarial Cost Method: Entry Age Normal

Actuarial Assumptions:

Investment Rate of Return 7.55% per annum

Inflation 2.30% per annum

**Expected Remaining** 

Service Lives 2 years

Mortality Rates Non-disabled members – Mortality rates based

on the RP-2014 Healthy Mortality Table with mortality improvement projected using the MP-2018 Mortality Improvement Scale applied on a fully generational basis.

Disabled members – Mortality rates based on the RP-2000 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table, with no

projection for mortality improvement

Termination, Disability,

and retirement

Termination, disability, and retirement assumptions were projected based on a five-year (2014-2018) experience

study of the System's members.

Salary increases Salary increases were projected based on a 2014-2018

experience study of the System's members. The salary increase ranges for specific types of members are:

Member Type	Lower Rang	e Upper Range
Regular	3.0%	12.8%
Judges	2.6%	5.1%
Corrections	3.6%	13.8%
Hazardous Duty	y 3.6%	13.8%
Wildlife	3.6%	13.8%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

#### **(6)** PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

#### <u>Actuarial Assumptions – LASERS System (Continued)</u>

Cost of Living Adjustments The present value of future retirement benefits is based on benefits currently being paid by the System and includes previously granted cost of living increases. The projected benefit payments do not include provisions for potential future increases not yet authorized by the Board of Trustees as they were deemed not to be substantively automatic.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the longterm expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation and an adjustment for the effect of rebalancing/diversification. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2020 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected Real
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Rate of Return
Cash	1%	-0.59%
Domestic equity	31%	4.79%
International equity	22%	5.83%
Domestic fixed income	3%	1.76%
International fixed income	18%	3.98%
Alternative investments	18%	6.69%
Risk parity	7%	5.81%
Total	100%	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

<u>JUNE 30, 2021</u>

#### (6) <u>PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)</u>

#### <u>Actuarial Assumptions – LASERS System (Continued)</u>

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.55%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions from participating employers will be made at the contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Clerk's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Clerk's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability using the discount rate of 7.55%, as well as what the Clerk's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower, or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

		L	ASERS Systen	1	
			Current		
	1% Decrease	D	iscount Rate	1%	6 Increase
	6.55%		7.55%		8.55%
Clerk's proportionate share					
of the Net Pension Liability\$	1,521,049	\$	1,237,788	\$	997,410

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued stand-alone audit report on their financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2020. Access to the report can be found on the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's website, www.lla.la.gov.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2021

#### (6) <u>PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)</u>

#### City of New Orleans Employees' Retirement System

The system does not make separate measurements of assets and pension benefit obligations for individual employers therefore Net Pension Liability for the City of New Orleans Employees' Retirement System has not been recorded.

For the Orleans system, employer contributions are a percentage of earnable compensation of each member, known as "normal contributions," determined on the basis of regular interest and mortality tables adopted by the Board of Trustees, and additional percentage of earnable compensation, known as "Accrued Liability contributions," determined by actuary on basis of the amortization period adopted by the Board from time to time. Effective January 1, 2013, employee contributions are 6% of earnable compensation over \$1,200 per year. For the year ending June 30, 2021, the average actual employer contribution rate and the average actuarially determined employer contribution rate are listed below.

	Require by Sta			ctual ribution
Contributions:				
Employees	6.00% \$	13,952	-%	\$ -
Employers	18.82%	44,061	<u>24.82%</u>	58,013
	<u>24.82%</u> \$	58,013	24.82%	\$ 58,013

#### Annual Pension Cost

The Clerk's contribution to the Orleans system for the year ending June 30, 2021, 2020 and 2019 were approximately \$58,000, \$58,000, and \$59,000, respectively, equal to the required contribution for each year. The required contribution was determined as part of the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation (last available).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2021

## (6) <u>PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)</u>

## City of New Orleans Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

Required supplemental information – Schedule of Funding Program of PERS

		Actuarial				UAAL as a
		Accrued				Percentage
	Actuarial	Liability	Unfunded			Of
Actuarial	Value of	(AAL)-	AAL	Funded	Covered	Covered
Valuation	Assets	Entry	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
Date	(a)	Age (b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	(b-a)/(c)
12/31/2012	\$ 372,049,545	\$545,394,780	\$ 173,345,235	68.22%	\$ 92,881,497	186.6%
12/31/2013	\$ 365,102,483	\$544,535,710	\$ 179,433,227	67.05%	\$ 92,440,354	194.1%
12/31/2014	\$ 352,915,906	\$540,175,678	\$ 187,259,772	65.34%	\$ 97,243,872	192.6%
12/31/2015	\$ 367,274,453	\$562,686,405	\$ 195,411,952	65.27%	\$ 105,691,915	184.9%
12/31/2016	\$ 377,748,008	\$609,079,637	\$ 231,331,629	62.02%	\$ 115,504,517	200.3%
12/31/2017	\$ 388,233,310	\$629,766,451	\$ 241,533,141	61.65%	\$ 120,808,711	199.9%
12/31/2018	\$ 403,015,342	\$658,352,626	\$ 255,337,284	61.22%	\$ 128,530,078	198.7%
12/31/2019	\$ 425,079,078	\$723,145,441	\$ 304,174,110	58.78%	\$ 149,538,039	203.4%
12/31/2020	\$ 439,149,127	\$746,340,322	\$ 285,698,287	58.84%	\$ 135,779,772	226.2%

The following provides certain additional disclosures for the Clerk and the City of New Orleans Employees' Retirement System:

Clerk of Civil District Court for the Parish of Orleans		ar Ended e 30, 2021
Total current-year payroll	\$	232,544
Total current-year covered payroll – employer Total current-year covered payroll – employees (excluding DROP wages)	\$ \$	232,544 232,544
Actuarially required contribution	\$	44,061
Percentage of total actuarially required contribution of all participating employers and employees		.14%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

<u>JUNE 30, 2021</u>

#### (6) <u>PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)</u>

#### City of New Orleans Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

Actuarial information about the system for its most recent year available, the year ended December 31, 2020, is presented below.

#### City of New Orleans Employees' Retirement System

Estimated payroll for current year	\$ 135,779,772
Total actuarially required contribution Percent of estimated payroll	\$ 23,890,640 17.66%
Net assets, fair value	460,642,035
Actuarial accrued liability	 746,340,322
Unfunded benefit obligation	\$ 285,698,287

The pension benefit obligation is a standardized measure of the present value of pension benefits, adjusted for the effects of projected salary increases and step-rated benefits, estimated to be payable in the future as a result of employee service to date. The measure, which is the actuarial present value of credited projected benefits, is intended to help users assess the System's funding status on a going-concern basis, assess progress made in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due, and make comparisons among PERS and employers. The system does not make separate measurements of assets and pension benefit obligations for individual employers.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

<u>JUNE 30, 2021</u>

#### (7) <u>OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS</u>

#### **Plan Description**

The Clerk of Court provides certain medical, prescription drug, dental and life insurance benefits for its eligible retirees and their dependents. All of the benefits are provided through the Louisiana Office of Group Benefits (OGB), with the exception of dental benefits. To be eligible to continue coverage under the Clerk's plan, an employee must retire from the Clerk, have coverage in effect immediately prior to retirement, and receive retirement funds under one of the state retirement systems—Louisiana Clerks of Court Retirement and Relief Fund ("LCCRRF"), the Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System ("LASERS"), or the City of New Orleans Municipal Employees' Retirement System ("NOMERS"). No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification Section P52 Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions—Reporting For Benefits Not Provided Through Trusts That Meet Specified Criteria—Defined Benefit.

#### **Benefits Provided**

Retirees under the age of 65 have a choice between four fully-insured medical benefit options. At Medicare eligibility, retirees have four additional plans to choose from. Depending on the number of years of participation and whether the employee began participation prior to January 1, 2002, retirees are required to contribute between 25% and 81% of the OGB published premium rates. Retirees are also eligible to continue their OGB-sponsored life insurance coverage, both basic and supplemental for retirees and dependents. The Clerk pays 50% of the life insurance premium. Retirees are required to contribute the full premium for spouse and dependent child premiums.

#### **Employees Covered by Benefit Terms**

At June 30, 2021, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	16
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	-
Active employees	153
	169

#### **Total OPEB Liability**

The Clerk of Civil District Court's total OPEB liability of \$9,629,652 was measured as of June 30, 2021 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

<u>JUNE 30, 2021</u>

#### (7) <u>OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)</u>

#### **Actuarial Assumptions and other inputs**

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2020 measurement was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 3.00%

Salary increases 3.00%, including inflation

Discount rate 1.92%, net of OPEB plan investment expense,

including inflation

Prior year discount rate 2.45%

Claim Cost Trend: Medical, Medicare Advantage and dental premiums

are assumed to increase at the following annual

rates:

Projection	Loca	l Plus	Open	Access	Medicare	
Year	Pre-65	Post-65	Pre-65	Post-65	Advantage	<b>Dental</b>
1	5.71%	5.76%	5.26%	5.26%	$0.00\%^{-}$	0.00%
2	6.75%	5.25%	6.75%	5.25%	5.25%	3.00%
3	6.50%	5.00%	6.50%	5.00%	5.00%	3.00%
4	6.25%	4.75%	6.25%	4.75%	4.75%	3.00%
5	6.00%	4.50%	6.00%	4.50%	4.50%	3.00%
6	5.75%	4.50%	5.75%	4.50%	4.50%	3.00%
7	5.50%	4.50%	5.50%	4.50%	4.50%	3.00%
8	5.25%	4.50%	5.25%	4.50%	4.50%	3.00%
9	5.00%	4.50%	5.00%	4.50%	4.50%	3.00%
10	4.75%	4.50%	4.75%	4.50%	4.50%	3.00%
11	4.50%	4.50%	4.50%	4.50%	4.50%	3.00%
12	4.50%	4.50%	4.50%	4.50%	4.50%	3.00%
13+	4.50%	4.50%	4.50%	4.50%	4.50%	3.00%

The discount rate was based on the June 30, 2021 Fidelity General Obligation AA 20-Year Yield.

Mortality rates for active employees were based on the PubG.H-2010 Employee Mortality Table, Generational with Projection Scale MP-2020 for males or females, as appropriate. Mortality rates for retirees were based on the PubG.H-2010 Healthy Retiree Mortality Table, Generational with Projection Scale MP-2020 for males or females, as appropriate.

Calculations are based on the types of benefits provided under the terms of the substantive plan at the time of each valuation and on the pattern of sharing of costs between the employer and plan members to that point.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

<u>JUNE 30, 2021</u>

#### (7) <u>OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)</u>

#### **Changes in the Total OPEB Liability**

Balance at June 30, 2020	\$ 8,085,142
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	645,236
Interest	212,274
Differences between expected and actual experience	85,918
Changes in assumptions/inputs	733,320
Benefit payments and net transfers	 (132,238)
Net changes	 1,544,510
Balance at June 30, 2021	\$ 9,629,652

#### Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Clerk of Court, as well as what the Clerk of Court's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (0.92%) or 1-percentage-point higher (2.92%) than the current discount rate:

	Current				
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase		
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 12,021,629	\$ 9,629,652	\$ 8,110,433		

#### Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Clerk of Court, as well as what the Clerk of Court's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare trend rates:

	Current				
	1% Decrea	se Trend Rate	1% Increase		
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 7,586,5	\$ 9,629,652	\$ 13,029,416		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2021

#### (7) <u>OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)</u>

# OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Clerk of Court recognized OPEB expense of \$1,048,359. At June 30, 2021, the Clerk of Court reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	604,210	\$	491,866
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		1,467,824		<u>=</u>
Total	\$	2,072,034	\$	491,866

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Years ending June 30:		
2022	\$	190,848
2023		190,848
2024		190,848
2025		190,848
2026		190,848
Thereafter		625,928
	\$ 1	,580,168

#### (8) <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u>

A schedule of changes in capital assets follows:

	Balance			Balance
	6/30/2020	Additions	Reductions	6/30/2021
Equipment	1,970,327	58,698	-	2,029,025
Accumulated Depreciation	(1,782,531)	(89,979)		(1,872,510)
Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$ 187,796</u>	<u>\$ (31,281)</u>	\$ -	<u>\$ 156,515</u>

Included in Equipment assets above is \$711,013 of software that is an intangible asset. As of June 30, 2021 and 2020, the net book value of intangibles was \$0.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

<u>JUNE 30, 2021</u>

# (9) <u>FACILITIES, FURNITURE, FIXTURES AND EQUIPMENT OWNED BY</u> <u>OTHER ENTITIES</u>

The office space occupied by the Clerk of Civil District Court for the Parish of Orleans is owned by the City of New Orleans, which is statutorily required to provide office space for the Clerk.

#### (10) COMPENSATED ABSENCES

A summary of compensated absences is as follows:

	F	Balance at				Balance at		
		June 30,	Nε	et Increase	J.	une 30,		
		2020		Decrease)		2021		
Compensated absences	\$	227,840	\$	38,289	\$	266,129		

#### (11) LEASE COMMITMENTS

The Clerk has various month to month leases during the year. Lease payments made during the year totaled \$1,352,629 which is included in office operations.

The Clerk entered into two non-cancellable three-year lease agreements for office and storage space on May 27, 2015. The leases commenced on July 1, 2015 and were scheduled to end on June 30, 2018. Prior to the end dates, the terms of the leases were extended through June 30, 2023. The Clerk entered into a non-cancellable four-year lease agreement for office space on December 3, 2015. The lease commenced on March 1, 2016 and was scheduled to end on February 28, 2020. On January 24, 2020, this lease was extended to February 28, 2022.

The Clerk has one lease agreement for two vehicles. The lease term is 36 months beginning May 31, 2019. Lease payments made for vehicle during the year totaled \$31,027 which is included in office operations. The monthly minimum lease rental for the lease is \$2,586.

Future minimum lease payments under these leases at June 30, 2021 are as follows:

2022	\$ 953,774
2023	 750,195
	\$ 1,703,969

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2021

#### (12) <u>DUE FROM JUDICIAL EXPENSE FUND</u>

The bank account balances as of December 31, 2008, of the Mortgage and Conveyance offices were required to be transferred from the Judicial Expense Fund to the Clerk of Court upon consolidation of Mortgage and Conveyance into the Clerk of Court pursuant to Act 621 of the 2006 regular legislative session. The initial balance of the transfer and amount to be received from the Judicial Expense Fund was \$1,435,539 and was recorded in the Government-Wide Financial Statements. As of June 30, 2012, the Judicial Expense Fund agreed to transfer one percent per month of its share of filing fees to the Clerk of Court. These payments began on September 9, 2012 and reduce the amounts owed to the Clerk of Court upon receipt. The balance due at June 30, 2020 was \$965,245. The Clerk received \$65,949 of this amount during 2021, leaving a balance due of \$899,296 at June 30, 2021.

## REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Original Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:			
Fees, charges, and commissions for services:			
Filing and recording fees for legal documents	\$ 11,226,178	\$ 11,235,107	\$ 8,929
Fees for copies of documents and facsimiles	468,936	606,227	137,291
FEMA stabilization project	500,000	1,415,668	915,668
Remote access fees	971,649	2,461,823	1,490,174
Documentary tax income	-	178,356	178,356
JEF payments on A/R	-	60,113	60,113
UCC fees	148,376	180,481	32,105
Supreme Court civil case processing fees	-	12,722	12,722
Indigent legal fees	4,055	3,725	(330)
Available fund balance	1,119,704	-	(1,119,704)
Interest earnings	262,607	102,216	(160,391)
Total revenues	14,701,505	16,256,438	1,554,933
<b>EXPENDITURES:</b>			
General government:			
Personnel services and related benefits	9,237,262	8,544,763	692,499
Operating services	4,661,533	4,254,151	407,382
1 0			
Total current expenditures	13,898,795	12,798,914	1,099,881
Computers, equipment, furniture & supplies	802,710	58,698	744,012
Total expenditures	14,701,505	12,857,612	1,843,893
Excess revenues over expenditures	_	3,398,826	3.398.826
		- ,- , c , c <b>- c</b>	- ,- > <b>- ,- 2</b>
FUND BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	25,786,107	25,786,107	
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$ 25,786,107	\$ 29,184,933	\$ 3,398,826
	) )	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	) )

# SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021\*

	6/30/2021	6/30/2020	6/30/2019	6/30/2018	6/30/2017	6/30/2016	6/30/2015
Louisiana Clerks' of Court Retirement and Relief Fund Clerk's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	5.563247%	5.879037%	5.817014%	5.363142%	4.922200%	4.422629%	4.450706%
Clerk's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 13,384,422	\$ 10,676,283	\$ 9,675,444	\$ 8,114,080	\$ 9,105,941	\$ 6,634,083 \$	6,003,387
Clerk's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 5,013,354	\$ 5,150,790	\$ 4,761,965	\$ 4,188,623	\$ 3,827,116	\$ 3,268,388 \$	3,165,518
Clerk's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll	266.98%	207.27%	203.18%	193.72%	237.93%	202.98%	189.65%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	72.09%	77.93%	80.33%	79.69%	74.17%	78.13%	79.37%
<u>LASERS System</u> Clerk's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.014966%	0.017844%	0.017553%	0.017844%	0.014179%	0.01671%	0.02621%
Clerk's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 1,237,788	\$ 1,292,782	\$ 1,197,102	\$ 1,256,009	\$ 1,113,413	\$ 1,136,260 \$	1,638,652
Clerk's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 355,689	\$ 345,669	\$ 331,883	\$ 317,431	\$ 334,822	\$ 389,953 \$	540,849
Clerk's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll	348.00%	373.99%	360.70%	395.68%	332.54%	291.38%	302.98%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	58.00%	62.90%	64.30%	62.54%	57.73%	62.66%	65.02%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

<sup>\*</sup>The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year end.

# SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - RETIREMENT PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	6/30/2021	6/30/2020	6/30/2019	6/30/2018	6/30/2017	6/30/2016	6/30/2015
Louisiana Clerks' of Court Retirement and Relief Fund Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 1,026,121	\$ 952,537	\$ 978,651	\$ 904,773	\$ 796,120	\$ 1,035,441	\$ 886,592
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(1,026,121)	(952,537)	(978,651)	(904,773)	(796,120)	(1,035,441)	(886,592)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	<u>\$</u>	\$ -	<u>\$</u>	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	<u>\$</u>
Clerk's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 4,933,342	\$ 5,013,354	\$ 5,150,790	\$ 4,761,965	\$ 4,188,623	\$ 3,827,116	\$ 3,268,388
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	20.80%	19.00%	19.00%	19.00%	19.01%	27.06%	27.13%
LASERS System Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 134,477	\$ 144,765	\$ 131,009	\$ 125,783	\$ 113,576	\$ 149,779	\$ 173,739
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(134,477)	(144,765)	(131,009)	(125,783)	(113,576)	(149,779)	(173,739)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Clerk's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 335,344	\$ 355,689	\$ 345,669	\$ 331,883	\$ 317,431	\$ 334,822	\$ 389,953
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	40.10%	40.70%	37.90%	37.90%	35.78%	44.73%	44.55%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

# SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	6/30/2021	(	6/30/2020	(	6/30/2019		6/30/2018
Total OPEB Liability:				-			
Service cost	\$ 645,236	\$	460,218	\$	431,432	\$	418,867
Interest	212,274		217,438		199,682		212,239
Changes of benefit terms	-		-		-		<del>-</del>
Differences between expected and actual experience	85,918		645,348		(786,985)		19,089
Changes of assumptions	733,320		348,763		846,122		-
Benefit payments	 (132,238)		(133,321)	_	(171,262)	_	(133,155)
Net change in total OPEB liability	1,544,510		1,538,446		518,989		517,040
Total OPEB liability - beginning	 8,085,142		6,546,696	_	6,027,707		5,510,667
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ 9,629,652	\$	8,085,142	\$	6,546,696	\$	6,027,707
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 6,168,676	\$	5,989,006	\$	5,448,558	\$	5,289,862
NI (ODED I: 1:1)							
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered	156 110/		125 000/		120 150/		112 050/
employee payroll	156.11%		135.00%		120.15%		113.95%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2021

#### (1) <u>PENSION PLAN SCHEDULES</u>

#### **Changes of Benefit Terms**

For the Louisiana Clerks' of Court Retirement and Relief Fund, there were no changes of benefit terms during any of the years presented.

For LASERS, a 1.5% COLA, effective July 1, 2016, provided by Acts 93 and 512 of the 2016 Louisiana Regular Legislative Session, and, added benefits for members of the Harbor Police Retirement System which was merged with LASERS effective July 1, 2015 by Act 648 of 2014.

#### **Changes of Assumptions**

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the Louisiana Clerks' of Court Retirement and Relief Fund's (LCCRF) adjusted its mortality rate tables and the raised the projected salary increases for one to five years of service from 5% to 6.2%. For the year ended June 30, 2018, the LCCRF expected long-term rate of return assumption was lowered from 7.60% to 7.10%, a decrease of .50%. For the year ended June 30, 2017, the LCCRF's expected rate of return assumption was raised from 7.20% to 7.60%, an increase of .40%. For the year ended June 30, 2016, the LCCRF's expected rate of return assumption was lowered from 7.90% to 7.20%, a decrease of .70%. For the year ended June 30, 2015, the LCCRF lowered its projected salary increase percentage from 5.75% to 5.00%, a decrease of .75%.

During the year ended June 30, 2019, the Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System (LASERS) decreased the investment rate of return from 7.60% to 7.55%. The inflation rate was also decreased from 2.5% to 2.3%. The remaining expected service lives assumption was reduced from 3 years to 2 years. During the year ended June 30, 2019, LASERS adjusted its assumption of the investment rate of return and the discount rate from 7.65% to 7.60%. LASERS lowered its inflation rate assumption from 2.75% to 2.50%. Additionally, LASERS adjusted its expected remaining service lives from 3 years to 2 years. Mortality rates used changed from RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table with mortality improvement projected to 2015 to RP-2014 Healthy Mortality Table with mortality improvement projected using the MP-2018. The adjusted the ranges of its salary increase assumptions from 3.4% - 14.3% to 3.2% - 14.0%. During the year ended June 30, 2018, LASERS adjusted its assumption of the investment rate of return and the discount rate from 7.70% to 7.65%. During the year ended June 30, 2017, the LASERS adjusted its assumption of the investment rate of return and the discount rate from 7.75% to 7.70%. LASERS lowered its inflation rate assumption from 3.0% to 2.75%. Additionally, LASERS adjusted the ranges of its salary increase assumptions from 3.6% -14.5% to 3.4% - 14.3%.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION  $\underline{\text{JUNE 30, 2021}}$ 

## (2) SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY

## **Changes of Benefit Terms**

There were no changes of benefit terms in the year presented.

# **Changes of Assumptions**

The following are the discount rates that were used in each period:

2018	3.62%
2019	3.13%
2020	2.45%
2021	1.92%

#### Mortality Rates

2018	RPH-2014 Employee and Healthy Annuitant Generational with MP-2018
2019	PubG.H-2010 Employee and Healthy Retiree Generational with Scale MP-2018.
2020	PubG.H-2010 Employee and Healthy Retiree Generational with Scale MP-2019.
2021	PubG.H-2010 Employee and Healthy Retiree Generational with Scale MP-2020.

## SCHEDULE OF COMPENSATION, BENEFITS, AND OTHER PAYMENTS TO AGENCY HEAD FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Chelse	y R. Napoleon
Time period	7/1/2020 - 6/30/202	
Salary	\$	135,189
Expense warrant		16,979
Clerk supplemental		24,600
Benefits - health insurance		9,903
Benefits - deferred compensation		9,499
Benefits - retirement		51,705
Conventions and seminars (registration fees)		600
Membership dues		2,627
Travel - airfare and lodging (conventions)		603
Total compensation, benefits, and other payments	\$	251,705



# STAGNI & COMPANY, LLC

**CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS & CONSULTANTS** 

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* 

To the Honorable Chelsey R. Napoleon Clerk of Civil District Court for the Parish of Orleans New Orleans, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund - Salary Fund of the Clerk of Civil District Court for the Parish of Orleans, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 21, 2021.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

13110 Hwy 90 (PO Box 524) • BOUTTE, LA 70039 (985) 785-2928

To the Honorable Chelsey R. Napoleon Clerk of Civil District Court for the Parish of Orleans New Orleans, Louisiana

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management and the Legislative Auditor and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Stagni & Company

Thibodaux, Louisiana December 21, 2021



# Schedule of Current Year Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

#### **Section I** - Summary of Auditor's Reports

- 1. The independent auditor's report expresses an unmodified opinion on the financial statements.
- 2. No significant deficiencies in internal control was disclosed during the audit of the financial statements. No material weaknesses are reported.
- 3. No instances of noncompliance, required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, was disclosed during the audit.

#### **Section II - Financial Statement Findings**

None noted

#### **Section III Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs**

*Not Applicable* 



# STATUS OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Fiscal Year		
	Finding		Corrective
Reference	Initially		Action Taken
Number	Occurred	Description of Finding	(Yes, No, Partially)

Section I - Internal Control and Compliance Material to the Financial Statements:

#### THERE WERE NO PRIOR FINDINGS

Section II - Internal Control and Compliance Material to Federal Awards:

THERE WERE NO PRIOR FINDINGS

Section III - Management Letter:

THERE WERE NO PRIOR FINDINGS

# Luther Speight & Company, LLC Certified Public Accountants and Consultants

# CLERK OF CIVIL DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS

SINGLE AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

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# Luther Speight & Company, LLC Certified Public Accountants and Consultants

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

To the Honorable Chelsey Richard Napoleon Clerk of Civil District Court for the Parish of Orleans New Orleans, Louisiana

We have audited the accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (SEFA) of the Clerk of Civil District Court for the Parish of Orleans (the Clerk) for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the SEFA.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the SEFA in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the SEFA that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the SEFA based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the SEFA is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the SEFA. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risk of material misstatement on the SEFA, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the SEFA in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the SEFA.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the SEFA referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the expenditures of federal awards for the Public Assistance Grant – Katrina 1603 of the Clerk for the year ended June 30, 2021 in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

The basic financial statements of the Clerk as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021 were audited by other auditors whose opinion dated December 21, 2021 expressed an unmodified opinion on those basic financial statements.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 28, 2021, on our consideration of the Clerk's internal control over financial reporting and on our test of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clerk's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Clerk's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Luther Speight & Company CPAs

New Orleans, Louisiana December 28, 2021

# CLERK OF CIVIL DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through or Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Assistanc Listing Number	Grant Number	Federal Expenditures	
U.S. Department of Homeland Security  Pass - Through Louisiana Governor's Office of Homeland Security  Emergency Preparedness:	v and			
Public Assistance Grant - Katrina 1603 FEMA Stabilization Project	97.036	DR - LA 1603	\$ 1,413	3,458
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 1,413	3,458

# CLERK OF CIVIL DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 1 – SCOPE OF AUDIT PURSUANT TO GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS AND TITLE 2 U.S. CODE OF FEDERAL REGULUATIONS PART 200, UNIFORM ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS, COST PRINCIPLES, AND AUDIT REQUIREMENTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS (UNIFORM GUIDANCE)

All federal grant operations of the Clerk of Civil District Court for the Parish of Orleans (the "Clerk of Court") are included in the scope of the single audit. The program which was a major grant and selected for specific testing was:

Public Assistance Grant – Katrina 1603 (AL No. 97.036)

#### NOTE 2 - FISCAL PERIOD AUDIT

Single audit testing procedures were performed for program transactions occurring during the year ended June 30, 2021.

#### NOTE 3 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### **Basis of Presentation**

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards has been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. Grant expenditures are recorded for financial reporting purposes when the Clerk of Court has met the qualifications for the respective grants.

#### **Accrued and Deferred Reimbursement**

Various reimbursement procedures are used for federal awards received by the Clerk of Court. Consequently, timing differences between expenditures and program reimbursements can exist at the beginning and end of the year. Accrued balances at year end represent an excess of reimbursable expenditures over cash reimbursements.

#### **Pass-Through Entity Information**

Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where applicable.

# CLERK OF CIVIL DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

## Payments to Subrecipients

There were no payments to subrecipients for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

#### **NOTE 4 – INDIRECT COST RATE**

The Clerk of Court uses the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.



# Luther Speight & Company, LLC Certified Public Accountants and Consultants

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR THE MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Honorable Chelsey Richard Napoleon Clerk of Civil District Court for the Parish of Orleans New Orleans, Louisiana

#### Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Programs

We have audited the Clerk of Civil District Court for the Parish of Orleans' (the Clerk) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the Clerk's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2021. The Clerk's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statues, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal award applicable to its federal program.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for the Clerk's major federal program based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Clerk's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Clerk's compliance.

#### **Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

In our opinion, the Clerk complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2021.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Clerk's SEFA are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of the SEFA amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the organization's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the organization's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Luther Speight & Company CPAs

New Orleans, Louisiana December 28, 2021



# Luther Speight & Company, LLC Certified Public Accountants and Consultants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Chelsey Richard Napoleon Clerk of Civil District Court for the Parish of Orleans New Orleans, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (SEFA) of the Clerk of Civil District Court for the Parish of Orleans (the Clerk) for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the SEFA, and have issued our report thereon dated December 28, 2021.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the SEFA, we considered the Clerk's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the SEFA, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clerk's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clerk's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of the Clerk is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Clerk's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clerk's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Luther Speight & Company CPAs

New Orleans, Louisiana

# CLERK OF CIVIL DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

#### PART I – SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

## **Financial Statements**

An unmodified opinion was issued on the Schedule of Exper	nditures of Feder	al Aw	ards.
Internal Control Over Financial Reporting:  Material weaknesses identified?  Significant deficiencies identified	yes	X	_no
not considered to be material weaknesses?	yes	X	_no
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	yes	X	_no
Federal Awards			
An unqualified opinion was issued on compliance.			
Internal control over major programs:  Material weaknesses identified?  Significant deficiencies identified	yes	X	_no
not considered to be material weaknesses?	yes	X	_no
Other matters or instances on noncompliance required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance?	yes	X	no
The major programs for the year ended June 30, 2020 were a	as follows:		
Public Assistance Grant - Katrina 1603, AL #97.0	36		
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Ty	pe B programs:	\$750	,000
Auditee did not qualify as a low-risk auditee.			

# CLERK OF CIVIL DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

#### PART II – FINANCIAL REPORTING FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

We noted no findings during the year ended June 30, 2021.

## PART III – FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

We noted no findings during the year ended June 30, 2021.

# CLERK OF CIVIL DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR'S AUDIT FINDINGS

A single audit was not performed during the year ended June 30, 2020. As a result, there are no prior year audit findings.