

MOREHOUSE COUNCIL ON AGING, INC.

Bastrop, Louisiana

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

Marsha O. Millican
A Professional Accounting Corporation
Shreveport, Louisiana

MOREHOUSE COUNCIL ON AGING, INC.

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MOREHOUSE COUNCIL ON AGING, INC.

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Marsha O. Millican

A PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTING CORPORATION

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors
Morehouse Council on Aging, Inc.
Bastrop, Louisiana

Report on the Financial Statements

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Morehouse Council on Aging, Inc., as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Council's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Council's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinion.

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Opinion

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Morehouse Council on Aging, Inc., as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 12 and the budgetary information on pages 39 through 43 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide me with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The supplementary information on pages 44 through 48 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes for additional analysis as required by *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, I have also issued my report dated March 7, 2022 on my consideration of Morehouse Council on Aging, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting and on my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contract and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance

and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Morehouse Council on Aging, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Manda O. Mellican". The signature is written in a cursive style with a large, prominent initial "M".

Certified Public Accountant
March 7, 2022

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Morehouse Council on Aging, Inc.

June 30, 2021

The following discussion and analysis of Morehouse Council on Aging's (the Council) financial performance provides an overview and analysis of the Council's performance and activities for the year ended June 30, 2021. This document focuses on the current year's activities, resulting changes, and currently known facts. This document should be read in conjunction with basic financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The Council showed an increase in overall net position of \$173,664 this year.
- Net Capital Assets of the Council increased by \$11,481 this year.
- The Council's revenue, on a modified accrual basis, increased by \$117,339 this year.
- Expenditures, on a modified accrual basis, increased by \$70,488 this year.
- The unassigned fund balance for the Council's General Fund was \$409,038 at year-end, which is an increase of \$57,678 from the prior year.
- No deficit fund balances existed at year-end.
- The Council reduced its long term by \$12,651 during the year.

HOW TO USE THIS ANNUAL REPORT

The Council's annual financial report consists of five main parts:

- (1) Management's discussion and analysis (this section)
- (2) The basic financial statements (government-wide and fund)
- (3) Supplementary information required by GASB 34
- (4) Supplementary information required by GOEA
- (5) Auditor reports.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Morehouse Council on Aging, Inc.

June 30, 2021

(Continued)

Government-wide financial statements are comprised of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. These financial statements provide information about the activities of the Council as a whole and present a long-term view of the Council's finances. In contrast, the fund financial statements, which consist of the Fund Balance Sheet and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances, tell how services were financed in the short-term, as well as what remains for future spending for governmental funds. Fund financial statements also report the Council's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements by providing information about the Council's most significant funds.

The auditor has provided assurance in her independent auditor's report, located immediately before this Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), that the Basic Financial Statements are fairly stated. The auditor has also provided assurance about Supplementary Financial Information required by GOEA follows later in this reporting package. A user of this document should read the independent auditor's carefully to ascertain the level of assurance being provided for each part of the financial section of the report.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The basic financial statements consist of the government-wide financial statements and fund financial statements, which present different views about the Council, along with notes to the financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

Management's analysis of the Council as a whole begins on page 13. When reading these financial statements, an important point to consider is whether the Council's finances as a whole, are better or worse off as a result of this year's activities. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, referred to collectively as the government-wide financial statements, report information about the Council as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps when considering this point. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting method used by most private-sector companies. Also, under the accrual basis, all current year revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The government-wide financial statements report the Council's net position and changes in net position. Council has restricted net position of \$128,721 which must be used for specific purposes, whereas \$409,038 of the net position is unrestricted, meaning that they can be used for any program at discretion. The Statement of Net Position is designed to present the financial position of the Council as of year end. Over time, increases or decreases in the Council's net position is one indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating. However, to assess the overall financial position of the Council, the reader must consider other non-financial factors, such as the condition of the Council's capital assets and facilities, the addition or termination of grants and other revenue sources, and the expansion or contraction of programs and services.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Morehouse Council on Aging, Inc.

June 30, 2021

(Continued)

The Statement of Activities provides information that shows how the Council's net position changed as a result of the year's activities. In this statement all changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will affect cash flows in future periods. All of the Council's significant activities are reported in the Statement of Activities, including an Administration function and a Health, Welfare, and Social Services function. The Health, Welfare and Social Services function is comprised of seven primary programs that include supportive social services, nutritional services, disease prevention and health promotion, family caregiver support, senior citizen activities, Medicare outreach and enrollment, and non-elderly transportation services. Subprogram activities are also presented, in some cases, to help the reader analyze the Council's operations in more detail. All activities of the Council are considered to be governmental activities. A governmental activity usually one where the Council uses money it receives from government grants and contracts, along with donations from the general public, to provide services at no charge to the general public, or a segment of general public, such as the elderly. In other words, the people benefiting from the services are not required to pay for what they receive. If the Council charged fees with the intent to cover all or most of the cost of providing a service, that activity would be classified as a business-type activity. The Council does not have any business-type activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds, not the Council as a whole entity. In the fund financial statements, there are column presentations for a General Fund, three Special Revenue Funds that have been determined to be "Major Funds," and a column for the total of all remaining Special Revenue Funds, which are deemed to be "Nonmajor Funds." Major funds are those funds whose revenues, expenditures, assets, or liabilities are at least 10% of corresponding totals for all governmental funds. In addition, a major fund could be a fund that does not meet these criteria but is believed to be important for the Council's financial statement users. This year the Council presented the General and four Special Revenue Funds as Major Funds. The General Fund is used to account for all resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. The Special Revenue Funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service of capital projects. By using separate funds to track revenues and expenditures, management can control funds for particular purposes or show that the fund is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain grants and other revenues.

The General Fund and Special Revenue Funds are considered governmental funds. Governmental funds focus on how money flows into and out of funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called the *modified* accrual basis of accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Council's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps the reader determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future for Council

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Morehouse Council on Aging, Inc.

June 30, 2021

(Continued)

programs. The difference between net position of governmental activities and fund balances of the governmental funds is reconciled at the bottom of the Balance Sheet for Governmental Funds. In addition, the difference between the change in fund balance for the governmental funds and the change in net for the governmental activities has been reconciled on a separate page that follows the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for the Governmental Funds. These two reconciliations will facilitate the comparison between governmental activities and funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to the full understanding of the data provided in government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements follow the fund financial statements and should be read before making assumptions or drawing conclusions about the Council's financial condition.

SUPPLEMENTARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION REQUIRED BY GASB 34

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 34 requires budgetary comparison schedules for the General Fund and for each major Special Revenue Fund that has a legally adopted annual budget. The schedules compare the original and final budgets to actual budget results for the Council's fiscal year. Positive and negative variances between the final budget and actual amounts are also presented.

Management's Discussion and Analysis is also required supplementary information (RSI) by GASB Statement 34. However, GASB 34 requires it to be presented as the first item in this reporting package and not with GASB's other RSI, which is included later in this reporting package.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION REQUIRED BY GOEA

The Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs (GOEA) has required the Council to present as schedules this information. This information will be used by GOEA to verify the accuracy of the information submitted the Council during the year to help GOEA monitor certain compliance requirements set forth in the grants that it has with the Council.

AN ANALYSIS OF THE COUNCIL AS A WHOLE USING GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The following table reflects condensed information on the Council's assets, liabilities, and net position for fiscal years 2021 and 2020.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Morehouse Council on Aging, Inc.

June 30, 2021

(Continued)

	2021	2020	Increase (Decrease)
Current and Other Assets:			
Current Assets	\$ 669,863	\$ 512,333	\$ 157,530
Other Assets	170	170	-
Capital Assets, net of depreciation	292,414	280,933	11,481
Total Assets	<u>962,447</u>	<u>793,436</u>	<u>169,011</u>
Current and Other Liabilities	154,084	158,737	(4,653)
Total Liabilities	<u>154,084</u>	<u>158,737</u>	<u>(4,653)</u>
Net Position:			-
Invested in Capital Assets	270,604	280,933	(10,329)
Restricted	128,721	59,920	68,801
Unrestricted	409,038	293,846	115,192
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 808,363</u>	<u>\$ 634,699</u>	<u>\$ 173,664</u>

As of June 30, 2021 the Council "as a whole" had assets greater than its liabilities of \$808,363 whereas at June 30, 2020 net position was \$634,699. This is a increase of \$173,664.

About 51% and 46% of the Council's total net position is unrestricted as of June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively. Unrestricted net position is important because they provide the discretionary resources management will need so that it can quickly adapt to changes in the economy, emergencies, unexpected needs, and reductions in or termination of grant revenues by government agencies.

The Council's restricted net position represent 16% and 9% of the Council's total net position as of June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively. Net position is reported as restricted when the constraints placed upon the assets' use are either (a) externally imposed by a grantor, contributor, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

The net position that have been invested in capital assets are presented net of any related outstanding debt incurred to acquire them. For 2021, debt of \$21,810 has to be subtracted from the capital asset amount. The Council's policy is to acquire capital assets by paying cash and avoiding debt. This policy helps assure management will stay within its financial means so that future revenues will be spent for client services instead of debt service.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Morehouse Council on Aging, Inc.

June 30, 2021

(Continued)

The table presented below illustrates a condensed presentation of the revenues and expenses:

	<u>2021</u>	<u>% of Total</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>% of Total</u>
<u>Revenues</u>				
Program Revenues:				
Charges for Services	\$ -	0.00%	\$ -	0.00%
Operating Grants & Contributions	1,154,005	75.08%	1,137,117	86.08%
Capital Grants & Contributions	-	0.00%	-	0.00%
General Revenues				
Unrestricted Grants & Contributions	378,872	24.65%	141,360	10.70%
Other General Revenues	4,143	0.27%	42,467	3.21%
Total Revenues	<u>1,537,020</u>	<u>100.00%</u>	<u>1,320,944</u>	<u>100.00%</u>
Direct Program Expenses for the Health Welfare and Social Services Function:				
Supportive Services:				
Transportation for the Elderly	16,336	1.20%	46,468	3.86%
Other Supportive Services	88,254	6.47%	66,333	5.51%
Nutrition Services:				
Congregate Meals	-	0.00%	52,476	4.36%
Home-delivered Meals	207,772	15.24%	133,768	11.11%
Other Social Service Programs and Activities	22,568	1.66%	27,126	2.25%
Section 8 Housing	570,867	41.87%	576,720	47.89%
Direct Administrative Expenses	<u>457,559</u>	<u>33.56%</u>	<u>301,314</u>	<u>25.02%</u>
Total Expenses	<u>1,363,356</u>	<u>100.00%</u>	<u>1,204,205</u>	<u>100.00%</u>
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	<u>\$ 173,664</u>		<u>\$ 116,739</u>	

As illustrated by the table above, the Council gets most of its revenues from operating grants and contributions that are specifically related to a program and must be used in the programs to which they relate. Unrestricted grants and contributions make up the second largest percentage of revenues and this revenue is available to management to use at its discretion.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Morehouse Parish Council on Aging, Inc.

June 30, 2021

(Continued)

The expenses in the table have been presented by primary programs, with some additional details about the subprograms. In presenting this information, only direct program expenses are shown. The administrative expenses include all administrative expenses of the Council before any allocations were made to the programs. Percentages have been presented for the expenses associated with each program for ease of analysis and to illustrate where the Council has spent its money this year and last year. The expense allocations are a good indication of the demand for each type of service.

The Council had an increase of \$173,664 in its net position for YE 2021, whereas the decrease in net position YE 2020 was \$116,739. There is a reconciliation that follows the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances that presents an analysis of why there are differences between that particular fund financial statement and the government-wide Statement of Activities for YE 2021.

AN ANALYSIS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

When reviewing the government-wide Statement of Activities, there are relationships that are important to the understanding of the Council's operations. As you can see, the Council's largest activities are case management, transportation and nutrition services. The Council's main focus is to meet the needs of the elderly citizens of Morehouse Parish and right now, these services are in the greatest demand. However, there is a growing demand for other supportive services. As these demands increase, management will adjust its annual budget to reallocate available resources to meet the demands.

Another area of interest on the Statement of Activities relates to the total governmental activities column wherein the Council shows that most of the governmental activities have more expenses than revenues. None of the programs are expected to be truly self-supporting; and management has prepared budgets accordingly. However, on occasion, a program might "break even" or even make a slight "profit." Traditionally, general revenues are used to cover the excess of expenses over revenues in these activities. Without the unrestricted grants and contributions, the Council would have a difficult time providing at current levels. Further, the general nature of these revenues allows management discretion as to how to apply them in paying for the Council's current services as well as reallocating them to meet future demands.

Another indication of how money is used efficiently can be analyzed by comparing the amount of administrative costs from year to year as well as calculating the percentage administration expenses bears in relation to total expenses. For 2021, total administration expenses were \$457,559, or 34% of total expenses. For 2020, total administrative expenses were \$301,314, or 25% of total expenses. Administration expenses include indirect type costs, meaning these are costs that are not specifically identified with a particular program, but which benefit all programs.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Morehouse Parish Council on Aging, Inc.

June 30, 2021

(Continued)

**AN ANALYSIS OF THE COUNCIL'S FUNDS USING GOVERNMENTAL FUND
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

Fund Balances

The Council presents a combined governmental fund balance of \$537,759 as shown on the Fund Financial Statement's Balance Sheet at the end of this year, which is a increase of \$149,532 from 2020. When you look at the funds individually, you will see that the Council's General Fund increased by \$57,678 this year.

Revenues

The combined fund revenues increased by \$194,010 this year versus last year, as shown in the table below.

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Percent</u>
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,254,444	\$ 1,179,057	\$ 75,387	64.25%
Public Support	87,488	67,154	20,334	17.33%
Miscellaneous	195,088	173,470	21,618	18.42%
Total Revenues	<u>\$ 1,537,020</u>	<u>\$ 1,419,681</u>	<u>\$ 117,339</u>	<u>100.00%</u>

Most of the Council's activities were funded by federal, state, and local grants, which comprise the Council's intergovernmental revenues. The total of these types of grants was \$1,254,444 (2021) and \$1,179,057 (2020) and represent 82% and 83% of the total revenues of the Council in 2021 and 2020, respectively. Most of these grants are restricted, which means that the money can only be used in certain programs. The amount of funds available from most of the grants remains rather constant from year to year; however, some grant amounts may vary based upon the level of service provided by the Council under the terms of the particular grant award.

The Council also received donations from its clients and the general public. These revenues helped to lessen the financial burden on the Council and allow it to maintain and expand services. Public support revenues for 2021 were \$87,488, (\$67,154 for 2020) and represented about 6% and 5% of the total revenues for 2021 and 2020, respectively.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Morehouse Parish Council on Aging, Inc.

June 30, 2021

(Continued)

Expenditures

Total expenditures increased by \$89,014 this year, as shown in the table that follows.

	2021	2020	Increase/(Decrease)	
			Amount	Percent
Personnel	\$ 305,074	\$ 328,009	\$ (22,935)	-6.99%
Fringe	25,924	28,349	(2,425)	-8.55%
Travel	9,681	11,855	(2,174)	-18.34%
Operating Services	815,694	772,649	43,045	5.57%
Operating Supplies	105,625	29,378	76,247	259.54%
Other Costs	-	5,122	(5,122)	-100.00%
Meals	84,449	116,871	(32,422)	-27.74%
Utility Assistance	-	-	-	0.00%
Capital Outlay	41,041	24,767	16,274	65.71%
Total	<u>\$ 1,387,488</u>	<u>\$ 1,317,000</u>	<u>\$ 70,488</u>	<u>5.35%</u>

AN ANALYSIS OF THE GENERAL FUND BUDGET

Over the course of the past fiscal year, the budget was amended one time. The amendment effectively approves any expenditures that had already been incurred that exceeded its original budgeted amount. The primary reasons for amending the budget are to account for unanticipated changes in both revenues and expenditures and to prevent compliance violations under the Council's grants from GOEA. A schedule of the original and amended budgets for the General Fund can be found in the Supplementary Financial Information Required by GASB 34 section of this report.

All of the Council's grants and contracts from the federal and state agencies have been awarded for FY 2022. There were no significant changes to funding levels or terms of grants or contracts.

CONTACTING THE COUNCIL'S MANAGEMENT

Our financial report is designed to provide government agencies and the general public an overview of the Council's finances and to demonstrate accountability for the money that it received. If you have any questions about this report or wish to ask for more information, you should contact Mr. Reggie DeFreese, Jr., Executive Director, P O Box 1471, Bastrop, Louisiana, or by phone at (318) 283-0845.

MOREHOUSE COUNCIL ON AGING, INC.

Government Wide Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2021

	<u>Governmental Activities</u>
Assets	
Cash	\$ 669,863
Grants and contracts receivable	-
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	292,414
Deposits	<u>170</u>
Total assets	<u>962,447</u>
Deferred outflows of resources	<u>-</u>
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	130,154
Due to funding agency	2,120
Current maturities of notes payable	13,162
Non-current maturities of note payable	<u>8,648</u>
Total liabilities	<u>154,084</u>
Deferred inflows of resources	<u>-</u>
Net position	
Invested in Capital Assets, net of debt	270,604
Restricted - Cares Act	108,460
Restricted - NSIP	20,261
Unrestricted	<u>409,038</u>
Total net position	<u><u>\$ 808,363</u></u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

MOREHOUSE COUNCIL ON AGING, INC.

GOVERNMENT WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year ended June 30, 2021

Functions/Programs	Direct Expenses	Indirect Expenses	Program Revenues			Net (Expenses) Revenues and Increases (Decreases) in Net Position Total Governmental Activities
			Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	
Governmental Activities						
Health, Welfare & Social Services:						
Supporting Services:						
Other Services	\$ 11,227	\$ 8,949	\$ -	\$ 15,948	\$ -	\$ (4,228)
Homemaker	47,778	38,445	-	68,507	-	(17,716)
Information and Assistance	13,152	10,484	-	18,684	-	(4,952)
Legal Assistance	2,157	-	-	2,157	-	-
Outreach	13,940	10,754	-	19,164	-	(5,530)
Transportation	16,336	13,023	-	23,209	-	(6,150)
Nutrition Services:	-	-	-	-	-	-
Congregate Meals	-	-	-	-	-	-
Home Delivered Meals	207,772	165,416	-	362,623	-	(10,565)
Utility Assistance	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disease Prevention and Health Promotion	4,945	1,424	-	4,945	-	(1,424)
National Family Caregiver Support	17,623	16,427	-	41,201	-	7,151
Section 8 Housing	570,867	165,937	-	570,867	-	(165,937)
Administration	457,559	(430,859)	-	26,700	-	-
Total Governmental activities	<u>\$ 1,363,356</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,154,005</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (209,351)</u>
General Revenues:						
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs						378,872
Miscellaneous						4,143
Total general revenues and special items						<u>383,015</u>
Increase (Decrease) in net position						173,664
Net position - beginning of year						634,699
Net position - end of the year						<u>\$ 808,363</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

MOREHOUSE COUNCIL ON AGING, INC.

Balance Sheet
Governmental Funds
June 30, 2021

	General Fund	Section 8	IIIB	C-1	C-2	Non-Major Funds	Total
Assets							
Cash	\$ 561,040	\$ 108,823	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 669,863
Grants and contracts receivable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Due from other Funds	-	-	-	-	-	128,721	128,721
Deposits	170	-	-	-	-	-	170
Total Assets	\$ 561,210	\$ 108,823	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 128,721	\$ 798,754
Liabilities and Fund Balances							
Liabilities							
Accounts Payable	\$ 21,331	\$ 108,823	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 130,154
Due to Funding Agency	2,120	-	-	-	-	-	2,120
Due to other funds	128,721	-	-	-	-	-	128,721
Total Liabilities	152,172	108,823	-	-	-	-	260,995
Fund Balances							
Reserved for:							
Cares IIIB	-	-	-	-	-	29,177	29,177
Cares IIIC	-	-	-	-	-	65,717	65,717
Cares IIIE	-	-	-	-	-	13,566	13,566
NSIP	-	-	-	-	-	20,261	20,261
Unassigned	409,038	-	-	-	-	-	409,038
Total Fund Balances	409,038	-	-	-	-	128,721	537,759
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 561,210	\$ 108,823	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 128,721	\$ 798,754

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:

Other revenues are not available to pay for current expenditures and are deferred in the funds	-
Notes payable are not reported as revenue in the government wide funds	(21,810)
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds	292,414
Net position of Governmental Activities	\$ 808,363

MOREHOUSE COUNCIL ON AGING, INC.
Combining Statement of Program Revenues, Expenditures
and Changes in Fund Balances

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	General	Section 8	Title IIIB	C-1	C-2	Non-Major Funds	Totals
<u>REVENUES</u>							
Intergovernmental:							
Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs	\$ 178,178	\$ -	\$ 72,197	\$ 99,696	\$ 93,041	\$ 170,865	\$ 613,977
Housing and Urban Development	69,600	570,867	-	-	-	-	640,467
Health and Hospitals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Contract Services	7,643	-	-	-	-	-	7,643
Public Support:							
Unrestricted	43,327	-	-	-	-	-	43,327
Restricted - Utility Programs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Charitable Gaming	183,302	-	-	-	-	-	183,302
Client Contributions	-	-	1,409	-	42,752	-	44,161
Miscellaneous	4,143	-	-	-	-	-	4,143
Total Revenues	486,193	570,867	73,606	99,696	135,793	170,865	1,537,020
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>							
Salaries	85,017	-	77,904	-	120,898	21,255	305,074
Fringe	9,208	-	5,617	-	9,945	1,154	25,924
Travel	802	-	7,212	-	734	933	9,681
Operating Services	144,300	570,867	23,308	-	64,493	12,726	815,694
Operating Supplies	96,403	-	2,915	-	3,832	2,475	105,625
Other Costs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Meals	-	-	-	-	80,848	3,601	84,449
Utility Assistance	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital Outlay	41,041	-	-	-	-	-	41,041
Total Expenditures	376,771	570,867	116,956	-	280,750	42,144	1,387,488
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	109,422	-	(43,350)	99,696	(144,957)	128,721	149,532
<u>OTHER FINANCING SERVICES (USES)</u>							
Operating transfers in	-	-	43,350	-	144,957	-	188,307
Operating transfers out	(51,744)	-	-	(99,696)	-	(36,867)	(188,307)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses	57,678	-	-	-	-	91,854	149,532
<u>FUND BALANCES</u>							
Beginning of year, restated (Note 16)	351,360	-	-	-	-	36,867	388,227
End of year	\$ 409,038	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 128,721	\$ 537,759

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

MOREHOUSE COUNCIL ON AGING, INC.

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures
and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental
Funds to the Statement of Activities

Year Ended June 30, 2021

Net Increase (Decrease) in fund balances total governmental funds	\$ 149,532
<p>Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay (\$ 41,041) exceeds depreciation (\$29,560)</p>	11,481
<p>Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.</p>	
<p>The repayment of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. The repayment of debt is not an expenditure in the statement of activities</p>	<u>12,651</u>
Increase (Decrease) of net position of governmental activities	<u><u>\$ 173,664</u></u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

MOREHOUSE COUNCIL ON AGING, INC.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2021

Note 1 - PURPOSE OF THE COUNCIL ON AGING AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting and reporting policies of Morehouse Council on Aging (the Council) conform to the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental and financial reporting principles. Governments are also required to follow pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued through November 30, 1989, (when applicable) that do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The following is a summary certain significant accounting policies used by the Council:

a. Purpose of the Council on Aging

The purpose of the Council is to collect facts and statistics and make special studies of conditions pertaining to the employment, financial status, recreation, social adjustment, mental and physical health of other conditions affecting the welfare of the aging people in Morehouse Parish; to keep abreast of the latest developments in these fields of activity throughout Louisiana and the United States; to interpret its findings to the citizens of the parish and state; to provide for the mutual exchange of ideas and information on the parish and state level; to conduct public meetings; to make recommendations for needed improvements and additional resources; to promote the welfare of aging people; to coordinate and monitor services with other local agencies serving the aging people of the parish; to assist and cooperate with the Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs (GOEA), and other departments of state and local government serving the elderly, and; to make recommendations relevant to the planning and delivery of services to the elderly of the parish.

The primary services provided by the Council to the elderly residents of Morehouse Parish include congregate and home-delivered meals, nutritional education, information and assistance, outreach, utility assistance, homemaker services, telephoning, personal care, wellness, medication management, family caregiver support, medical alert rentals, transportation.

Note 1 - PURPOSE OF THE COUNCIL ON AGING AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

b. Reporting Entity

In 1964, the State of Louisiana passed Act 456 authorizing the charter of a voluntary council on aging for the welfare of the aging people in each parish of Louisiana. In the Louisiana Legislature created the Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs (GOEA) (La. R.S. 46:931) with the specific intention that GOEA administer and coordinate social services and programs for the elderly population of Louisiana through sixty-four parish voluntary councils on aging.

Before a council on aging can begin operations in a specific parish, its application for a charter must receive approval from GOEA pursuant to Louisiana Revised Statute (La. R.S.) 46:1602. Each council on aging in Louisiana must comply with the state laws that apply to quasi-public agencies, as well as the policies and regulations established by GOEA.

Morehouse Council on Aging (the Council) is a legally separate, non-profit, quasi-public corporation. The Council incorporated under the provisions of Title 12, Chapter 2 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes on September 21, 1996.

A board of directors, consisting of 15 voluntary members, who serve three-year terms, governs the Council. The board of directors is comprised of, but not limited to, representatives of the Parish's elderly population, general public, private businesses, and elected public officials. Board members are elected in the following manner:

Membership in the Council is open at all times, without restriction, to all residents of Morehouse Parish who have reached the age of majority, and who express an interest in the Council and wish to contribute to or share in its programs. Membership fees are not charged.

Note 1 - PURPOSE OF THE COUNCIL ON AGING AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

b. Reporting Entity (Continued)

Based on the criteria set forth in GASB Statement 14, *The Financial Reporting* the Council is not a component unit of another primary government, nor does it have component units that are related to it. In addition, based on the criteria set forth in statement, the Council has presented its financial statements as a special-purpose, alone government; accordingly, it is applying the provisions of Statement 14 as if it was a primary government.

c. Basis of Presentation of the Basic Financial Statements

The Council's basic financial statements consist of "government-wide" financial on all activities of the Council, which are designed to report the Council as a whole entity, and "fund" financial statements, the purpose of which are to report individual governmental funds and combined nonmajor funds.

Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities either "governmental" or "business-type". The Council's functions and programs have been categorized as "governmental" activities. The Council does not have any type activities, fiduciary funds, or any component units that are fiduciary in nature. Accordingly, the government-wide financial statements do not include any of these activities or funds.

Government-Wide Financial Statements:

The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities for all activities of the Council. As a general rule, the effect interfund activity has been eliminated from these statements. The government-wide presentation focuses primarily on the sustainability of the Council as an entity and the change in its net assets (financial position) resulting from the activities of the current year. Intergovernmental revenues primarily support governmental activities.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, only one column of numbers has presented for total governmental activities. The numbers are presented on a basis and represent only governmental type activities.

The Statement of Net Position has been prepared on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The Council's net position are reported in three parts - invested in assets, net of related debt; restricted net position; and unrestricted net position.

Note 1 - PURPOSE OF THE COUNCIL ON AGING AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

c. Basis of Presentation of the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of Council's functions and significant programs. Many functions and programs are general government revenues such as intergovernmental revenues and unrestricted support, particularly if the function or program has a net cost. The Statement of Activities begins by presenting gross direct and indirect expenses that include depreciation and amortization, and then reduces the expenses by related program revenues, such as services, operating and capital grants, and restricted contributions, to derive the cost of each function or program. Program revenues must be directly associated with the program to be used to directly offset its cost. Operating grants include operating - specific discretionary (either operating or capital) grants, while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants.

Direct expenses reported in the Statement of Activities are those that are clearly a specific function or program, whereas, the Council allocates its indirect expenses various functions and programs in accordance with OMB Circular A-87, *Cost States, Local, and Indian Tribal Governments*. The Statement of Activities shows allocation in a separate column labeled "indirect expenses."

In the Statement of Activities, charges for services represent program revenues Council when it renders services provided by a specific function or program to people entities. Unrestricted contributions, unrestricted grants, interest income, and revenues that are not included among program revenues are reported instead as revenues in this statement. Special items, if any, are significant transactions within management that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence and are reported below general revenues. The Council did not have any material special items this year.

Fund Financial Statements:

The fund financial statements present financial information very similar to that which included in the general-purpose financial statements issued by governmental entities GASB Statement No. 34 required the format change.

The daily accounts and operations of the Council continue to be organized using funds. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management with segregating transactions relating to certain governmental functions or activities. Government resources are reported and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Note 1 - PURPOSE OF THE COUNCIL ON AGING AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

c. Basis of Presentation of the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

The Council uses governmental fund types. The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund statements) is on determination of the financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) than on net income. An additional emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental fund types. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Council or if its total assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures are at least 10% the corresponding total for all funds in that category or type. In addition, management may also choose to report any other governmental fund as a major fund if management believes the fund is particularly important to financial statement users. The nonmajor funds are summarized by category or fund type into a single column in the fund financial statements.

Governmental fund equity is called the fund balance. Fund balance is further a hierarchy that shows, from the highest to the lowest, the level or form of constraints a fund balance and accordingly, the extent to which the Council is bound to honor nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned.

The following is a description of the governmental funds of the Council:

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the Council and is used to for all the financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another. The following is a brief description of the programs or funding sources that comprise Council's General Fund:

Local Programs and Funding

The Council receives revenues that are not required to be accounted for in a specific program or fund. Accordingly, these revenues have been recorded in the local of the General Fund. These funds are mostly unrestricted, which means they may be at management's discretion. Expenditures to acquire fixed assets and expenditures for costs not allowed by another program due to budget limitations or the nature of the expenditures, are charged to the local program. Because of their unrestricted nature, local funds are often transferred to other programs to eliminate deficits in cases where expenditures of the other programs exceeded their revenues. In addition, capital expenditures are usually made with local funds to minimize restrictions on the use disposition of fixed assets.

Section 8 Fund

The Council operates a Section 8 Housing Program for low income families and the elderly to afford decent, safe, and sanitary housing for program participants.

Note 1 - PURPOSE OF THE COUNCIL ON AGING AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

c. Basis of Presentation of the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

PCOA Funding

PCOA funds are appropriated annually for the Council by the Louisiana Legislature remitted to the Council via the Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs (GOEA). The Council's management may use these "Act 735" funds at its discretion to fund any of programs provided the program is benefiting elderly people (those who are at least 60 years old). In FY 2021, the Council received this grant money into its General Fund management transferred \$23,144 of the PCOA funds to the IIIB and C-2 Funds to help pay for those fund's program expenditures.

Senior Center and Supplemental Senior Center Funding

Senior Center and Supplemental Senior Center grant funds are also appropriated annually for the Council and remitted to the Council via GOEA. These grant funds used at management's discretion to pay for costs of any program involving elderly who are at least 60 years old. To obtain supportive services and participate in activities which foster their independence, enhance their dignity, and encourage their involvement in and with the community, the elderly person will come to a "senior center". During the year, management transferred \$21,525 of its Senior Center Funds to the IIIB Fund to subsidize that program's costs of providing services to elderly persons who use the senior centers.

Audit Funding

Each year GOEA provides funds to subsidize the cost of the Council's annual audit. Council did not receive any audit funds for 2021.

Transportation Program Services

The Council provides various transportation services to the residents of Morehouse Parish who are at least 60 years old, which are accounted for in the "Elderly Transportation" program of the Title III B Fund.

Note 1 - PURPOSE OF THE COUNCIL ON AGING AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

c. Basis of Presentation of the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

NonMajor Governmental Funds:

Title III B Fund

The Title III B Fund is used to account for funds used to provide various types of supportive social services to the elderly. GOEA has established the criteria for a qualifying unit of service for each Title III program. Specific supportive services, with the number of units provided during the fiscal year, are as follows:

<u>Type of Service Provided</u>	<u>Units</u>
Information and Assistance	471
Outreach	174
Homemaker	1,782
Legal	34
Transportation for persons age 60 or older	-

There were five main sources of revenues received this year that form the basis of this fund: Special Programs for the Aging - Title III, Part B - Grants for Supportive (\$72,197) and restricted, voluntary contributions from those persons who received supportive services (\$1,409), Senior Center Funds (\$21,525), Supplemental Senior Center (\$10,912), and PCOA (\$10,912).

Title III C-1 Fund

The Title III C-1 Fund accounts for funds used to provide nutritional congregate persons age 60 or older in strategically located centers throughout Morehouse Parish. During the year, the Council provided 28,827 meals to persons eligible to participate in this program. The main source of revenues received this year that forms the basis of this fund: Special Programs for the Aging - Title III, Part C-1 - Nutrition Services grant funds (\$99,696).

Title III C-2 Fund

The Title III C-2 Fund accounts for funds that are used to provide nutritional meals to homebound persons who are age 60 or older. During the year the Council provided 14,214 home-delivered meals.

Note 1 - PURPOSE OF THE COUNCIL ON AGING AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

c. Basis of Presentation of the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

There were five main sources of revenue received this year that form the basis of this fund: Special Programs for the Aging - Title III, Part C-2 - Nutrition Services grant (\$93,041); C-1 funds (\$99,696); and restricted voluntary contributions from the public(\$42,752), including those persons actually receiving home-delivered , meal services, PCOA (\$12,232), and COVID 19 (\$33,029).

Title III D Fund

The Title III D Fund is used to account for funds used for disease prevention and promotion (wellness) activities. During the year the Council provided 327 units of service of medication management to eligible participants. The main source or the revenue forming the basis for this fund is a grant the Council received from GOEA Special Programs for the Aging - Title III, Part D - Disease Prevention and Health Promotion Services (\$4,945).

Title III E Fund

The Title III E Fund is used to account for funds that are used to provide support for family caregivers and for grandparents or older individuals who are relative caregivers. During the year, the Council provided 966 units of respite under this program. The main source of the revenue forming the basis for this fund is a grant the Council received from GOEA for the Title III, Part E - National Family Caregivers Support Program (\$26,377).

Utility Assistance Fund

This fund is used to account for the administration of the utility assistance programs sponsored by local utility companies. The companies collect contributions from service customers and remit the funds to the parish councils on aging throughout the year to provide assistance to the elderly for the payment of utility bills.

Note 1 - PURPOSE OF THE COUNCIL ON AGING AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

c. Basis of Presentation of the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

EFSP Fund

The EFSP Fund is used to account for the administration of the Emergency Food and Shelter National Board Program (EFSP), the purpose of which is to supplement food and shelter assistance to individuals. Funds are provided by the U.S. Department of Homeland Security's Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) to the United Way of America, which in turn "passes through" the funds to the Council. The Council did not receive FEMA funds in 2021.

d. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

● **Government-Wide Financial Statements - Accrual Basis**

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

● **Fund Financial Statements - Modified Accrual Basis**

Governmental fund level financial statements are reported using a current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. A current financial resources measurement focus means that only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the fund balance sheet. The operating statements of the funds present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other uses) in net current assets. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., when they are both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Council considers revenues to be "available" if they are collected within sixty days of the current fiscal year end. Expenditures are generally recorded under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred, if measurable, except for the following: (1) unmatured principal and interest on long-term debt, if any, are recorded when due, and (2) claims, judgments, and compensated absences are recorded as expenditures when paid with expendable

Note 1 - PURPOSE OF THE COUNCIL ON AGING AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

d. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

available financial resources. Depreciation and amortization are costs that are not recognized in the governmental funds.

e. Interfund Activity

In the fund financial statement, interfund activity is reported as either loans or transfers. Loans between funds are reported as interfund receivables (due from) and payables (due to) as appropriate. Transfers represent a permanent reallocation of resources between funds. In other words, they are not expected to be repaid.

In the government-wide financial statements, all types of interfund transactions are eliminated when presenting the governmental activity information.

f. Cash

Cash includes not only currency on hand, but demand deposits with banks or other financial institutions.

For the purpose of the Statement of Net Position, restricted cash are amounts received earned by the Council with an explicit understanding between the Council and the resource provider that the resource would be used for a specific purpose. At year end, there was no restricted cash.

g. Receivables

The financial statements for the Council do not contain an allowance for uncollectible receivables because management believes all amounts will be collected. However, if management becomes aware of information that would change its assessment about collectability of any receivable, management would write off the receivable as a bad at that time.

h. Investments

GASB Statement 31 requires the Council to report its investments at fair value in the balance sheet, except for investments in non-participating interest-earning contracts, as non-negotiable certificates of deposit with redemption terms that do not consider market rates. This type of investment is reported using a cost-based measure, the fair market value of the contract is not significantly affected by the impairment of credit standing of the issuer or other factors. The Council did not own any of this type at year end.

Note 1 - PURPOSE OF THE COUNCIL ON AGING AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

h. Investments (Continued)

Investments, which include securities traded on a national or international exchange, valued based on their last reported sales price. Investments that do not have an established market value are reported at estimated fair value. The Council did not any investments of this type at year-end.

i. Prepaid Expenses/Expenditures

Prepaid expenses include amounts paid in advance for goods and services. Prepaid expense are shown as either current or other assets on the government-wide Statement Net Position, depending on when management expects to realize their benefits.

In the fund financial statements, management has elected not to include amounts paid future goods and services as expenditures until those services are consumed. This method of accounting for prepaid expenditures helps assure management that costs incurred will be reported in accordance with the Council's cost reimbursement grants. These types of grants do not permit the Council to obtain reimbursement for qualified expenditures until the goods and services relating to them are consumed. As a result, prepaid expenditures are shown as an asset on the balance sheet of the fund financial statements until they are consumed. In addition, a corresponding amount of the fund balance of the General Fund has been classified as nonspendable to reflect the amount fund balance not currently available for expenditure.

For purposes of presenting prepaid expenses in the government-wide statements, the Council will follow the same policy it uses to record prepaid expenditures in the fund financial statements with one exception. Disbursements made as "matching" acquire vehicles that will be titled to another government are recorded as prepaid expense and amortized in the Statement of Net Position to better present the of this type of transaction and to keep from distorting the Council's transportation expenses in the Statement of Activities. In contrast, 100% of the "matching" are reported in the fund financial statements as intergovernmental expenditures when the vehicles are received.

j. Capital Assets

The accounting and reporting treatment used for property, vehicles, and equipment (capital assets) depends on whether the capital assets are reported in the government-wide financial statements or the fund financial statements.

Note 1 - PURPOSE OF THE COUNCIL ON AGING AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

j. Capital Assets (Continued)

Government-Wide Financial Statements

Capital assets are long-lived assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of at least \$1,000 and have an estimated useful life of greater than one year. When purchased or acquired, these assets are recorded as capital assets in the government-wide Statement of Net Assets. If the asset was purchased, it is recorded in the books at its cost. If the asset was donated, then it is recorded at its estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Capital assets will also include major repairs to equipment and vehicles that significantly extend the asset's useful life. Routine repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred.

For capital assets recorded in the government-wide financial statements, depreciation is computed and recorded using the straight-line method for the assets estimated useful life. The Council follows a guideline issued by the State of Louisiana's Office of Statewide Reporting and Accounting to establish the useful lives of the various types of capital assets that are depreciated and the method used to calculate annual depreciation.

Using this guideline, the estimated useful lives of the various classes of depreciable assets are as follows:

Office equipment - other than computers	6 years
Vehicles	5 years
Computer equipment	5 years
Leasehold improvements	20 years
Nutrition equipment	10 years

When calculating depreciation, the State's guideline assumes that capital assets will not have any salvage value and that a full year's worth of depreciation will be taken in the year the capital assets are placed in service or disposed.

k. Non-Current (Long-Term) Liabilities

The accounting treatment of non-current liabilities depends on whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements. In the government-wide financial statements, all non-current liabilities that will be repaid from governmental resources are reported as liabilities. In the fund financial statements, non-current liabilities for governmental funds are not reported as liabilities or presented elsewhere in these statements.

Note 1 - PURPOSE OF THE COUNCIL ON AGING AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

l. Unpaid Compensated Absences

The Council's policy for vacation time does not allow its employees to accumulate but unused vacation leave. Accordingly, no liability for unpaid vacation leave has been recorded in the Government-Wide Statements.

m. Advances from Funding Agency

Advances from funding agency represent unexpected balances of grants awarded to the Council that are required to be returned to the funding agency at the end of the grant period. Grant funds due back to the funding agency are recorded as a liability when the amount due becomes known, normally when a final accounting is submitted to the funding agency. Advances to funding agency included in accounts payable totaled \$2,120.

n. Deferred Revenue

The Council reports deferred revenues on both the Statement of Net Position (government-wide) and the Balance Sheet (fund financial statements). Deferred revenues arise when the Council receives resources before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received before the occurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when the Council has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for deferred revenue is removed from the Statement of Net Position and the Fund Balance Sheet, whichever the case might be; and the revenue is recognized. The Council did not have any deferred revenue at year end.

o. Net Position in the Government-Wide Financial Statements

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, the net position amount is classified and displayed in three different components:

- Invested in capital assets - This component consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those capital assets.

Note 1 - PURPOSE OF THE COUNCIL ON AGING AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

o. Net Position in the Government-Wide Financial Statements (Continued)

- Restricted net position - This component consists of net position with constraints on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position - This component consists of all other net position that meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital" assets.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the policy to use restricted resources first to finance its activities.

p. Fund Equity - Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Beginning with FY 2010, the Council's management implemented GASB Statement 54, *Fund Balance Reporting Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. This Statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balance more transparent. The following classifications describe relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which can be used:

- Nonspendable: This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Management has classified prepaid expenditures as being nonspendable as this item is not expected to be converted to cash.
- Restricted: This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of resources that are either:
 - Externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or
 - Imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Management has classified fund balance for utility assistance as being restricted due to constraints on the use of the money.

Note 1 - PURPOSE OF THE COUNCIL ON AGING AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

p. Fund Equity - Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

- **Committed:** This classification includes amounts that can only be used for purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action (resolution) of the Council's board of directors, which is the Council's highest level of decision-authority. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the board directors removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements. The Council did not have any committed resources as of year end.
- **Assigned:** This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent should be expressed by the Council's (1) board of directors, (2) its finance committee, or (3) an official, such as the executive director, to which the board of directors has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for a specific purpose. The Council has no assigned fund balance at year end.
- **Unassigned:** This classification is the residual fund balance for the General Fund. It also represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund.

When fund balance resources are available for a specific purpose in multiple classifications, the Council will generally use the most restrictive funds first in the following order: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned as they are needed. However, the Council's management reserves the right to selectively spend unassigned resources first and to defer the use of other classified funds.

q. Management's Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results may differ from those estimates.

Note 1 - PURPOSE OF THE COUNCIL ON AGING AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

r. Allocation of Indirect Expenses

The Council reports all direct expenses by function and programs of functions in the Statement of Activities. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a function or program. Indirect expenses are recorded as direct costs of the Administration function. The net cost of the Administration function is allocated formula based primarily on the relationship the direct cost a program bears to the cost of all programs. There are some programs that cannot absorb any indirect allocation according to their grant or contract restrictions.

s. Elimination and Reclassifications

In the process of aggregating data for the Statement of Net Position and the Statement Activities, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances in the funds were eliminated or reclassified. Interfund receivables and payables were eliminated to minimize the "grossing up" effect on assets and liabilities within the governmental activities column.

t. Accounting Pronouncement

Management has adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Statement 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. The main financial statement effects relating to this accounting standard are with how components of the Council's fund balances will be presented on the fund balance sheet and on the presentation of special revenue funds on the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances. The number of special revenue funds will be less than in previous years because of the new definition of what constitutes a special revenue fund.

Note 2 - REVENUE RECOGNITION

Revenues are recorded in the government-wide financial statements when they are earned using the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues are recorded in the fund financial statements using the modified accrual basis of accounting. In applying the susceptible to accrual concept using this basis of accounting intergovernmental grant revenues, program service fees, and interest income must be both measurable and available. However, the timing and amounts of the receipts of public and miscellaneous revenues are often difficult to measure; therefore, they are recorded as revenue in the period received.

Note 3 - CASH

The Council maintains a consolidated operating bank account at a bank, which is available for use by all funds to deposit revenues and pay expenses. The purpose of this account is to reduce administration costs and facilitate cash management. The account also allows those funds with available cash resources to temporarily cover any negative cash balances in other funds.

At year end, the carrying amount of the Council's cash balances was \$669,863, whereas, bank balances totaled \$678,738. The difference in the book and bank balances for cash balances relates primarily to outstanding deposits and checks at year end. Bank balances \$562,169 were collateralized by FDIC insurance. Balances of \$116,569 were uninsured subject to risk.

Note 4 - IN-KIND CONTRIBUTIONS

The Council received a variety of in-kind contributions during the year; but it does not record the fair value of them in its government-wide and fund financial statements, except for the donation of capital assets. In the case of a donation of a capital asset, accounting principles for governmental entities require the fair value of a donated capital asset be recorded in the Statement of Activities at the time of acquisition. However, these same principles do not permit the recording of the fair value of capital assets (or other in-kind contributions) in the fund financial statements because of the measurement focus of such statements.

Note 5 - CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS AND ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION

A summary of changes in capital assets and accumulated depreciation is as follows:

Capital Assets	Balance 6/30/2020	Increase	Decrease	Balance 6/30/2021
Building	\$ 369,101	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 369,101
Furniture and Equipment	283,143	41,041	-	324,184
Leasehold Improvements	61,644	-	-	61,644
Subtotal	<u>713,888</u>	<u>41,041</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>754,929</u>
Building	167,030	13,318	-	180,348
Furniture & Equipment	204,281	16,242	-	220,523
Leasehold Improvements	61,644	-	-	61,644
Subtotal	<u>432,955</u>	<u>29,560</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>462,515</u>
Net Assets	<u>\$ 280,933</u>	<u>\$ 11,481</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 292,414</u>

Depreciation was charged to governmental activities as follows:

Administration	\$ 13,318
Title IIIB, Supportive Services	<u>16,242</u>
Total	<u>\$ 29,560</u>

Note 6 - BOARD OF DIRECTORS' COMPENSATION

The Board of Directors is a voluntary board; therefore, no compensation has been paid to any member. However, board members are reimbursed for any out-of-pocket costs they might incur on behalf of the Council in accordance with the Council's applicable reimbursement policy.

Note 7 - INCOME TAX STATUS

The Council, a non-profit corporation, is exempt from federal income taxes under Section 501 (c) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, and as an organization that is not a private foundation as defined in Section 509 (a) of the Code. The Council is also exempt from Louisiana income tax. The Council is required to file Form 990 with the Internal Revenue Service on an annual basis. Returns for years ended June 30, 2019 and later are subject to review by the Internal Revenue Service. The Council is not aware of any uncertain tax positions that could cause future tax liabilities.

Note 8 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Council is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; job related illnesses or injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Council has purchased commercial insurance to cover or reduce the risk of loss that might arise should one of these incidents occur. There have been no significant reductions in coverage from the prior year. No settlements were made during the current or prior three fiscal years that exceeded the Council's insurance coverage.

The Council's management has not purchased commercial insurance or made provision to cover or reduce the risk of loss, as a result of business interruption and certain acts of God.

Note 9 - JUDGMENTS, CLAIMS AND SIMILAR CONTINGENCIES

As of the end of this fiscal year, the Council's management has no knowledge of any pending litigation, lawsuits or claims against the Council, except as described in the next paragraph. Furthermore, the Council's management believes that any unexpected lawsuits or claims that might be filed against the Council would be adequately covered by insurance or resolved without any material impact upon the Council's financial statements.

Note 10 - CONTINGENCIES - GRANT PROGRAMS

The Council participates in a number of state and federal grant programs, which are governed by various rules and regulations. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the Council has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money and the collectability of any related receivable at year end may be impaired. In management's opinion, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing state and federal grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements for such contingencies. Audits of prior years have not resulted in any disallowed costs or refunds. Any costs that would be disallowed would be recognized in the period agreed upon by the grantor agency and the Council.

Note 11 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Because the Council operates most of its programs under cost reimbursement type grants, it has to pay for costs using its General Fund money and then request reimbursement for the advanced costs under the grant programs. Such advances create short-term interfund loans in the Fund Financial Statements. A summary of those interfund loans at year end is as follows:

	Due from Other Funds	Due to Other Funds
General Fund	\$ -	\$ 128,721
Special Revenue	128,721	-
Total	\$ 128,721	\$ 128,721

These loans have been eliminated as a part of the consolidation process in preparing the Government-Wide Financial Statements.

Note 12 - INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers are listed by fund for the fiscal year as follows:

Transfer To	Fund Transferred From					Total
	IIB	C-2	NSIP	Supplemental Senior Ctr	Senior Center	
Special Revenue Funds	\$ 43,350	\$144,957				\$188,307
	43,350	144,957	-	-	-	188,307
Transfer From						
Special Revenue Funds:						
IIB	-	-	-	-	-	-
C-1	-	99,696	-	-	-	99,696
C-2	-	-	-	-	-	-
PCOA	10,912	12,232	-	-	-	23,144
Supple Sr Center	-	-	-	-	-	-
Senior Center	32,438	-	-	-	-	32,438
Covid 19 C-1	-	12,289	-	-	-	12,289
Covid 19 C-2	-	20,740	-	-	-	20,740
NSIP	-	-	-	-	-	-
Local	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Special Revenue	43,350	144,957	-	-	-	188,307
Total All	\$ 43,350	\$144,957	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$188,307

Note 13 - ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY

The Council receives the majority of its revenue from other governments in the form of intergovernmental revenues. Intergovernmental type revenues are appropriated each year by the federal, state, and local governments. If significant budget cuts are made at the state and/or local level, the amount of funds the Council receives could be reduced significantly and have an adverse impact on its operations. Management is not aware of actions that will adversely affect the amount of funds the Council will receive in the fiscal year 2022 relating to its usual sources of intergovernmental revenues.

Note 14 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

There were no related party transactions during the fiscal year.

Note 15 - DEBT

Debt at June 30, 2021 consisted of the following:

	Balance 6/30/2020	Principal Payments	Balance 6/30/2021
USDA			
Principal payments	<u>\$ 34,461</u>	<u>\$ (12,652)</u>	<u>\$ 21,809</u>

The note payable to USDA is payable in monthly installments of \$1,159, bears interest at the rate of 4.375% and is collateralized by a building.

Maturities of notes payable are as follows:

	Principal	Interest	Total
2022	13,162	746	13,908
2023	8,648	173	8,821
Total	<u>\$ 21,810</u>	<u>\$ 919</u>	<u>\$ 22,729</u>

Note 16 - PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

General fund balance at July 1, 2020 has been increased \$23,053 and NSIP fund balance has been decreased by \$23,053 to correct the fund balance at June 30, 2021.

Note 17 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On March 13, 2020 a national emergency relating to the COVID-19 virus. As of the date of this report, the pandemic is ongoing. Future potential impacts may include disruptions or restrictions on restrictions on employees' ability to work. The future effects of this issue are unknown.

MOREHOUSE COUNCIL ON AGING, INC.

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund

June 30, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with
	Original	Final	Amounts GAAP Basis	Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental				
Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs	\$ 178,074	\$ 178,074	\$ 178,178	\$ 104
Housing & Urban Development	69,000	69,000	69,600	600
Social Services	-	-	-	-
Health & Hospitals	-	-	-	-
Contributions	40,094	40,094	43,327	3,233
Contract Services	14,347	14,347	7,643	(6,704)
Charitable Gaming	116,656	116,656	183,302	66,646
Miscellaneous	42,467	42,467	4,143	(38,324)
Total Revenues	460,638	460,638	486,193	25,555
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Personnel	94,847	94,847	85,017	9,830
Fringe	8,937	8,937	9,208	(271)
Travel	1,190	1,190	802	388
Operating Services	134,977	134,977	144,300	(9,323)
Operating Supplies	21,396	21,396	96,403	(75,007)
Meals	22,696	22,696	-	22,696
Other Costs	477	477	-	477
Capital Outlay	24,767	24,767	41,041	(16,274)
Total Expenditures	309,287	309,287	376,771	(67,484)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	151,351	151,351	109,422	(41,929)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	-	-	-	-
Transfers out	(108,590)	(108,590)	(51,744)	56,846
Total other financing sources and uses	(108,590)	(108,590)	(51,744)	56,846
Net increase (decrease) in fund balances	42,761	42,761	57,678	14,917
FUND BALANCES				
Beginning of year	351,360	351,360	351,360	-
End of year	\$ 394,121	\$ 394,121	\$ 409,038	\$ 14,917

MOREHOUSE COUNCIL ON AGING, INC.

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Section 8

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with
	Original	Final	Amounts GAAP Basis	Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental				
Department of HUD	\$ 576,720	\$ 576,720	\$ 570,867	\$ (5,853)
Public Support	-	-	-	-
Total Revenues	<u>576,720</u>	<u>576,720</u>	<u>570,867</u>	<u>(5,853)</u>
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Personnel	-	-	-	-
Fringe	-	-	-	-
Travel	-	-	-	-
Operating Services	576,720	576,720	570,867	5,853
Operating Supplies	-	-	-	-
Other Costs	-	-	-	-
Meals	-	-	-	-
Total Expenditures	<u>576,720</u>	<u>576,720</u>	<u>570,867</u>	<u>5,853</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	-	-	-	-
Transfers out	-	-	-	-
Total other financing sources and uses	-	-	-	-
Net increase (decrease) in fund balances	-	-	-	-
FUND BALANCES				
Beginning of year	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
End of year	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

MOREHOUSE COUNCIL ON AGING, INC.

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Supportive Services Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with
	Original	Final	Amounts GAAP Basis	Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental				
Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs	\$ 102,916	\$ 102,916	\$ 72,197	\$ (30,719)
Public Support	6,500	6,500	1,409	(5,091)
Total Revenues	109,416	109,416	73,606	(35,810)
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Personnel	88,165	88,165	77,904	10,261
Fringe	10,433	10,433	5,617	4,816
Travel	9,250	9,250	7,212	2,038
Operating Services	35,609	35,609	23,308	12,301
Operating Supplies	9,229	9,229	2,915	6,314
Other Costs	3,750	3,750	-	3,750
Capital Outlay	-	-	-	-
Total Expenditures	156,436	156,436	116,956	39,480
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(47,020)	(47,020)	(43,350)	3,670
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	47,020	47,020	43,350	(3,670)
Transfers out	-	-	-	-
Total other financing sources and uses	47,020	47,020	43,350	(3,670)
Net increase (decrease) in fund balances	-	-	-	-
FUND BALANCES				
Beginning of year	-	-	-	-
End of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

MOREHOUSE COUNCIL ON AGING, INC.

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Title III C-1 Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with
	Original	Final	Amounts GAAP Basis	Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental				
Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs	136,564	\$ 136,564	\$ 99,696	\$ (36,868)
Public Support	16,739	16,739	-	(16,739)
Total Revenues	153,303	153,303	99,696	(53,607)
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Personnel	59,100	59,100	-	59,100
Fringe	6,993	6,993	-	6,993
Travel	798	798	-	798
Operating Services	34,723	34,723	-	34,723
Operating Supplies	57,969	57,969	-	57,969
Meals	-	-	-	-
Other Costs	3,850	3,850	-	3,850
Total Expenditures	163,433	163,433	-	163,433
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(10,130)	(10,130)	99,696	109,826
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	10,130	10,130	-	(10,130)
Transfers out	-	-	(99,696)	(99,696)
Total other financing sources and uses	10,130	10,130	(99,696)	(109,826)
Net increase (decrease) in fund balances	-	-	-	-
FUND BALANCES				
Beginning of year	-	-	-	-
End of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

MOREHOUSE COUNCIL ON AGING, INC.

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Title III C-2 Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with
	Original	Final	Amounts GAAP Basis	Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental				
Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs	\$ 129,909	\$ 129,909	\$ 93,041	\$ (36,868)
Public Support	10,703	10,703	42,752	32,049
Total Revenues	140,612	140,612	135,793	(4,819)
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Personnel	68,839	68,839	120,898	(52,059)
Fringe	8,146	8,146	9,945	(1,799)
Travel	858	878	734	144
Operating Services	35,864	35,864	64,493	(28,629)
Operating Supplies	58,186	58,186	3,832	54,354
Meals	-	-	80,848	(80,848)
Other Costs	3,850	3,850	-	3,850
Total Expenditures	175,743	175,763	280,750	(104,987)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(35,131)	(35,151)	(144,957)	(109,806)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	35,131	35,131	144,957	109,826
Transfers out	-	-	-	-
Total other financing sources and uses	35,131	35,131	144,957	109,826
Net increase (decrease) in fund balances	-	-	-	-
FUND BALANCES				
Beginning of year	-	-	-	-
End of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

MOREHOUSE COUNCIL ON AGING, INC.

Combining Statement of Program Revenues, Expenditures
and Changes in Fund Balances
Non-Major Special Revenue Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	<u>Cares IIIB</u>	<u>Cares IIIC</u>	<u>Cares IIIE</u>	<u>NSIP</u>	<u>Title IIID</u>	<u>C-1 COVID 19</u>
<u>REVENUES</u>						
Intergovernmental:						
Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs	\$ 30,723	\$ 73,735	\$ 14,824	\$ 20,261	\$ 4,945	\$ -
FEMA	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public Support:						
Restricted - Utility Programs	-	-	-	-	-	-
Client Contributions	-	-	-	-	-	-
 Total Revenues	 <u>30,723</u>	 <u>73,735</u>	 <u>14,824</u>	 <u>20,261</u>	 <u>4,945</u>	 <u>-</u>
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>						
Salaries	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fringe	-	-	-	-	-	-
Travel	-	-	-	-	-	-
Operating Services	1,546	2,535	1,258	-	4,945	-
Operating Supplies	-	1,882	-	-	-	-
Other Costs	-	-	-	-	-	-
Meals	-	3,601	-	-	-	-
Utility Assistance	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital Outlay	-	-	-	-	-	-
 Total Expenditures	 <u>1,546</u>	 <u>8,018</u>	 <u>1,258</u>	 <u>-</u>	 <u>4,945</u>	 <u>-</u>
 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	 29,177	 65,717	 13,566	 20,261	 -	 -
<u>OTHER FINANCING SOURCES</u>						
<u>(USES)</u>						
Operating transfers in	-	-	-	-	-	-
Operating transfers out	-	-	-	-	-	(12,289)
 Excess (deficiency) of revenues and over sources over expenditures and other uses	 29,177	 65,717	 13,566	 20,261	 -	 (12,289)
<u>FUND BALANCES</u>						
Beginning of year, restated	-	-	-	-	-	12,289
 End of year	 <u>\$ 29,177</u>	 <u>\$ 65,717</u>	 <u>\$ 13,566</u>	 <u>\$ 20,261</u>	 <u>\$ -</u>	 <u>\$ -</u>

C-2 COVID	Title IIIE	Utility Assistance	Totals
\$ -	\$26,377	\$ -	\$ 170,865
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
-	26,377	-	170,865
-	21,255	-	21,255
-	1,154	-	1,154
-	933	-	933
-	2,442	-	12,726
-	593	-	2,475
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	3,601
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
-	26,377	-	42,144
-	-	-	128,721
-	-	-	-
(24,578)	-	-	(36,867)
(24,578)	-	-	91,854
24,578	-	-	36,867
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 128,721

MOREHOUSE COUNCIL ON AGING, INC.

Statement of Fixed Assets
and Changes in Fixed Assets

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Balance June 30, 2020	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2021
General Fixed Assets, at cost:				
Building	\$ 369,101	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 369,101
Furniture and equipment	283,141	41,041	-	324,182
Leasehold Improvements	61,645	-	-	61,645
	<u>713,887</u>	<u>41,041</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>754,928</u>
Total	<u>\$ 713,887</u>	<u>\$ 41,041</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 754,928</u>
Investment in General Fixed Assets:				
Property with no reflection				
of source and general fund acquisitions	\$ 79,817	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 79,817
Title IIIC-1	7,511	-	-	7,511
Title III C-2	2,890	-	-	2,890
Senior Center	4,690	-	-	4,690
Title III B Supportive Services	604	-	-	604
Title III D	1,120	-	-	1,120
Supplemental Senior Center	3,818	-	-	3,818
Local	613,437	41,041	-	654,478
	<u>713,887</u>	<u>41,041</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>754,928</u>
Total	<u>\$ 713,887</u>	<u>\$ 41,041</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 754,928</u>

MOREHOUSE COUNCIL ON AGING, INC.
Schedule of Compensation, Reimbursements, Benefits, and Other Payments
to Agency Head
For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Agency Head: Reggie DeFreese, Jr.

Salary	<u>\$ 32,600</u>
Payroll Taxes	<u>\$ 7,539</u>
Insurance	<u>\$ 2,903</u>
Reimbursements	<u>\$ -</u>
Travel	<u>\$ -</u>

MOREHOUSE COUNCIL ON AGING, INC.

Schedule of Expenditure of Federal Awards
For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

FEDERAL GRANTOR/ PROGRAM TITLE	FEDERAL CFDA NUMBER	PROGRAM OR AWARD AMOUNT	REVENUE RECOGNIZED	EXPENDITURES
<u>U. S. Department of Health and Human Services</u>				
Passed through the Louisiana Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs: Special programs for the aging:				
Title III, Part B - Grant for Supportive Services and Senior Centers	93.044	\$ 50,015	\$ 50,015	\$ 50,015
Title III, Part C - Area Agency Administration	93.045	20,025	20,025	20,025
Title C-1 - Congregate Meals	93.045	55,300	55,300	55,300
COVID-19 - C-1 Congregate Meals	93.045	12,289	12,289	12,289
Title C-2- Home Delivered Meals	93.045	38,918	38,918	38,918
COVID-19 C-2 Home Delivered Meals	93.045	24,578	24,578	24,578
Subtotal CFDA# 93.045		<u>151,110</u>	<u>151,110</u>	<u>151,110</u>
Title III, Part D - Preventive Health	93.043	4,945	4,945	4,945
Title III, Part E - Caregiver	93.052	21,372	21,372	21,372
Nutritional Services Incentive Program	93.053	20,261	-	-
Total for U. S. Department of Health and Human Services		<u>247,703</u>	<u>227,442</u>	<u>227,442</u>
<u>Department of Housing and Urban Development</u>				
Section 8 Housing Voucher	14.871	570,867	570,867	570,867
Total for Housing and Urban Development		<u>570,867</u>	<u>570,867</u>	<u>570,867</u>
United States Treasury				
Cares Act	21.17	119,282	10,822	10,822
Total - All Federal Awards		<u>\$ 937,852</u>	<u>\$ 809,131</u>	<u>\$ 809,131</u>

MOREHOUSE COUNCIL ON AGING, INC.

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Year Ended June 30, 2021

Note 1 - General

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal grant activity of Morehouse Council on Aging, Inc. and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting, which is the same basis of accounting used for the presentation of the general purpose financial statements. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*.

Morehouse Council on Aging, Inc. did not pass through any of its federal awards to a subrecipient during the fiscal year, nor did it expend any federal awards in the form of noncash assistance.

Morehouse Council on Aging, Inc. has elected not to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.



Marsha O. Millican

A PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTING CORPORATION

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

Board of Directors
Morehouse Council on Aging, Inc.
Bastrop, Louisiana

I have audited the financial statements of Morehouse Council on Aging, Inc. as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and have issued my report thereon dated March 7, 2022. I conducted my audit in accordance with accounting standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit, I considered Morehouse Council on Aging, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing my auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing my opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Council's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Council's internal control over financial reporting.

My consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the second paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings, I identified a certain deficiency in internal control that I consider to be a material weakness.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. *A material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Council's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. *A significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

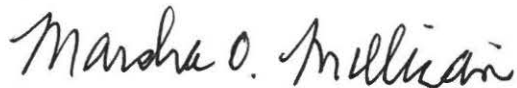
My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during my audit I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that I consider to be a material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Council's financial statements are free of material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit and, accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Council's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Council's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.



Certified Public Accountant
March 7, 2022



Marsha O. Millican

A PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTING CORPORATION

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Directors
Morehouse Council on Aging, Inc.
Bastrop, Louisiana

Report on Compliance for Each Major Program

I have audited the Morehouse Council on Aging, Inc.'s compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Morehouse Council on Aging, Inc.'s major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021. The Council's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Morehouse Council on Aging, Inc.'s major federal programs based on my audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. I conducted my audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of *Title 2 U. S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance)*. Those standards and Uniform Guidance require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Council's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as I considered necessary in the circumstances.

I believe that my audit provides a reasonable basis for my opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, my audit does not provide a legal determination on the Council's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In my opinion, Morehouse Council on Aging, Inc. complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

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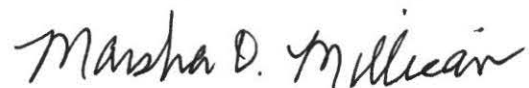
Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of Morehouse Council on Aging, Inc. is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing my audit of compliance, I considered the Council's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program in order to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Council's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. *A material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. *A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.



Certified Public Accountant
March 7, 2022

MOREHOUSE COUNCIL ON AGING, INC.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

A. Summary of Audit Results

1. The auditor's report expresses an unmodified opinion on the financial statements.
2. No material weaknesses relating to the audit of the basic financial statements are reported.
3. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements were disclosed during the audit.
4. No material weaknesses relating to the audit of major federal award programs are reported.
5. The auditor's report on compliance for the major federal award programs for Morehouse Council on Aging, Inc. expresses an unmodified opinion.
6. There are no findings relative to the major federal award programs for Morehouse Council on Aging, Inc.
7. The programs tested as major programs included:

Section 8 Housing Voucher 14.871

The threshold for distinguishing Types A and B programs was \$750,000.

Morehouse Council on Aging, Inc. was not determined to be a low-risk auditee.

B. Findings - Financial Statement Audit

None.

C. Findings and Questioned Costs - Major Federal Award Programs

None.

MOREHOUSE COUNCIL ON AGING, INC.

Corrective Action Taken on Prior Year Findings

Year Ended June 30, 2021

There were no findings for the year ended June 30, 2020.