### CITY OF NATCHITOCHES, LOUISIANA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

MAY 31, 2020

#### City of Natchitoches, Louisiana Annual Financial Report May 31, 2020

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## **CITY OF NATCHITOCHES**

Oldest Settlement in the Louisiana Purchase

#### FINANCE DEPARTMENT

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis

This section of the City of Natchitoches' annual financial report offers readers a narrative overview and analysis of the financial performance of the City for the fiscal year ended on May 31, 2020. Readers are encouraged to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information furnished in the City's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

#### Financial Highlights

- The assets of the City of Natchitoches exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$98,887,081 (net position).
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City of Natchitoches' governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$13,998,413.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$3,368,228 or 21% of the total general fund expenditures.
- The City's bond and notes payable totaled \$19,016,796.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) financial statements of individual funds, and 3) notes to the financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements - The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned, but unused, compensated absences).

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Year Ended May 31, 2020

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, streets and sanitation, water, sewer, and utilities, economic development, health and welfare, recreation and culture, and interest on long-term debt. The business-type activities of the City include utilities administration, electric, water and sewer, and interest on long-term debt. The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 12 and 13 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements - A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories - governmental funds and proprietary funds.

**Governmental Funds** - Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the governmentwide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on current sources and uses of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental statements of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provides a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains 63 governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general, capital projects sales tax, capital projects streets, utility improvements, and sports complex construction funds, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report. The basic governmental funds financial statements can be found on pages 15 through 18.

**Propriety Funds** - The City maintains only one type of propriety fund called an enterprise fund which is used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses the enterprise fund to account for its electric, water, and sewer operations.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the electric, water and sewer funds. The basic propriety fund financial statements can be found on pages 19 through 24 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Year Ended May 31, 2020

Notes to the Financial Statements - The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 28 through 68.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Analysis**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of government's financial position. In the case of the City of Natchitoches, assets exceeded liabilities by \$98,887,081 as of May 31, 2020, which is a decrease from May 31, 2019.

The largest portion of the City's net position reflects its investments in capital assets (e.g., land, building, equipment, improvements, construction in progress and infrastructure), less any debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets, themselves, cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

	A	s of May 31, 202	20	As of May 31, 2019			
	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business-Type Activities	<u>Total</u>	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business-Type <u>Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>	
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$23,086,549 <u>58,925,840</u>	\$15,470,516 <u>60,404,241</u>	\$ 38,557,065 <u>119,330,081</u>	\$31,904,279 <u>52,637,192</u>	\$15,285,230 <u>62,504,429</u>	\$ 47,189,509 <u>115,141,621</u>	
Total Assets	\$ <u>82,012,389</u>	\$ <u>75,874,757</u>	\$ <u>157,887,146</u>	\$ <u>84,541,741</u>	\$ <u>77,789,659</u>	\$ <u>162,331,130</u>	
Deferred outflows of resources	\$ <u>6,094,930</u>	\$ <u>1,750,790</u>	\$ <u>7,845,720</u>	\$ <u>5,485,536</u>	\$ <u>1,994,908</u>	\$ <u>7,480,444</u>	
Long term liabilities Other liabilities	\$45,472,267 <u>9,398,098</u>	\$ 8,926,996 <u>1,304,896</u>	\$ 54,399,263 <u>10,702,994</u>	\$45,162,627 <u>10,472,648</u>	\$ 9,063,941 <u>1,378,408</u>	\$ 54,226,568 <u>11,851,056</u>	
Total Liabilities	\$ <u>54,870,365</u>	\$ <u>10,231,892</u>	\$ <u>65,102,257</u>	\$ <u>55,635,275</u>	\$ <u>10,442,349</u>	\$ <u>66,077,624</u>	
Deferred inflows of Resources	\$ <u>1,356,460</u>	\$ <u>387,068</u>	\$ <u>1,743,528</u>	\$ <u>1,488,263</u>	\$ <u>351,216</u>	\$ <u>1,839,479</u>	
Net Position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$40,104,044 0 <u>(8,223,550</u> )	\$60,209,241 5,619,517 <u>1,177,829</u>	\$100,313,285 5,619,517 <u>(7,045,721</u> )	\$32,391,054 0 <u>512,415</u>	\$62,134,429 5,614,547 <u>1,242,026</u>	\$ 94,525,483 5,614,547 <u>1,754,441</u>	
Total Net Position	\$ <u>31,880,494</u>	\$ <u>67,006,587</u>	\$ <u>_98,887,081</u>	\$ <u>32,903,469</u>	\$ <u>68,991,002</u>	\$ <u>101,894,471</u>	

#### City of Natchitoches' Net Position

An additional portion of the City's net position represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used.

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis For Year Ended May 31, 2020

The following table provides a summary of the City's operations for year ended May 31, 2020 and May 31, 2019. For both years, the City is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position, both for the government, as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities.

	As of May 31, 2020					As of May 31, 2019			
	Governmental	Business-Type		Governmental Business-Type		-			
	Activities	Activities	Total	Activities	Activities	Total			
Program Revenues:			<u></u>		<u></u>	<u></u>			
Fees, fines and									
charges for services	\$ 3,209,953	\$28,260,353	\$ 31,470,306	\$ 2,737,823	\$30,323,938	\$ 33,061,761			
Operating grants and									
contributions	1,553,043	0	1,553,043	1,215,979	0	1,215,979			
Capital grants and									
contributions	456,507	34,046	490,553	297,295	5,069,636	5,366,931			
General Revenues:									
Taxes-									
Ad valorem taxes	2,264,471	0	2,264,471	2,134,179	0	2,134,179			
Sales and use tax	10,680,793	0	10,680,793	10,087,362	0	10,087,362			
Franchise fees	385,998	0	385,998	387,319	0	387,319			
Video bingo	410,855	0	410,855	498,552	0	498,552			
Licenses and permits	917,119	0	917,119	921,317	0	921,317			
Interest income	229,476	142,254	371,730	620,738	169,644	790,382			
Gain (loss) on sale/									
retirement of fixed asse		29,346	411,723	89,211	23,541	112,752			
Rental income	376,805	184,553	561,358	130,297	116,706	247,003			
Insurance recoveries	203,118	35,504	238,622	424,452	10,133	434,585			
Nonemployer									
Pension Revenue	514,470	85,872	600,342	496,432	89,062	585,494			
Miscellaneous	300,885	157	301,042	88,650	0	88,650			
Total Revenues	\$ <u>21,885,870</u>	\$ <u>28,772,085</u>	\$ <u>50,657,955</u>	\$ <u>20,129,606</u>	\$ <u>35,802,660</u>	\$ <u>55,932,266</u>			
Expenses:									
General government	\$ 7,469,840	\$ 0	\$ 7,469,840	\$ 7,943,269	\$ 0	\$ 7,943,269			
Public safety	10,231,398	ů 0	10,231,398	10,056,901	ů 0	10,056,901			
Streets and sanitation	4,542,093	Ő	4,542,093	8,702,887	Ő	8,702,887			
Water, sewer, and utiliti		25,439,811	26,719,244	4,039,203	27,072,367	31,111,570			
Economic development	2,607,807	0	2,607,807	2,168,921	0	2,168,921			
Health and welfare	234,499	0 0	234,499	240,351	Ő	240,351			
Recreation and cultural	1,177,980	0 0	1,177,980	1,330,924	Ő	1,330,924			
Interest on long-term de		Õ	682,484	650,208	Ő	650,208			
interest on rong term de									
Total Expenses	\$ <u>28,225,534</u>	\$ <u>25,439,811</u>	\$ <u>53,665,345</u>	\$ <u>35,132,664</u>	\$ <u>27,072,367</u>	\$ <u>62,205,031</u>			
Increases in net position									
before transfers	\$ (6,339,664)	\$ 3,332,274	\$ (3,007,390)	\$(15,003,058)	\$ 8,730,293	\$ (6,272,765)			
Transfers	<u>_5,316,689</u>	<u>(5,316,689</u> )	0	7,334,662	<u>(7,334,662</u> )	0			
Increase in net position	\$ (1,022,975)	\$ (1,984,415)	\$ (3,007,390)	\$ (7,668,396)	\$ 1,395,631	\$ (6,272,765)			
Net Position-June 1	<u>32,903,469</u>	<u>68,991,002</u>	<u>101,894,471</u>	40,571,865	<u>67,595,371</u>	<u>108,167,236</u>			
Net Position-May 31	\$ <u>31,880,494</u>	\$ <u>67,006,587</u>	\$ <u>98,887,081</u>	\$ <u>32,903,469</u>	\$ <u>68,991,002</u>	\$ <u>101,894,471</u>			

#### City of Natchitoches' Changes in Net Position

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Year Ended May 31, 2020

#### Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

**Governmental Funds** - The focus of the City of Natchitoches' governmental funds is to provide information on short-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights - During the year, the City made one revision to the original appropriations approved by the City Council.

#### Capital Assets

The City of Natchitoches' investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of May 31, 2020 amounts to \$119,330,081 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, equipment, infrastructure and construction in progress.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Improvements made to the water, sewer, and electric systems.
- Improvements made to the City airport.
- Improvements to City Parks.
- Improvements to City Streets.

#### Capital Assets at Year-end Net of Accumulated Depreciation As of May 31, 2020

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business-Type <u>Activities</u>	Total
Capital Assets, not depreciated:			
Land	\$11,412,033	\$ 850,995	\$ 12,263,028
Construction in Progress	373,525	0	373,525
Capital Assets, depreciated:			
Buildings	12,109,166	857,257	12,966,423
Other Infrastructure	28,487,491	0	28,487,491
Other Assets	59,082	0	59,082
Furniture & Fixtures	0	0	0
Machinery & Equipment	1,481,557	418,073	1,899,630
Firearms	71,032	0	71,032
Vehicles	1,323,723	110,130	1,433,853
Streets	3,275,040	0	3,275,040
Sidewalks	333,191	0	333,191
Electric System	0	15,139,448	15,139,448
Water System	0	27,469,201	27,469,201
Sewer System	0	15,559,137	15,559,137
Total	\$ <u>58,925,840</u>	\$ <u>60,404,241</u>	\$ <u>119,330,081</u>

Additional information on the City of Natchitoches' capital assets can be found on pages 40-41 of this report.

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis For Year Ended May 31, 2020

#### **Debt Administration**

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Natchitoches had total long term debt of \$53,655,740. Long-term debt of the City includes a newly recognized net pension liability based on actuarially determined amounts in accordance with GASB No. 68.

#### Outstanding Debt at Year End As of May 31, 2020

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business-Type <u>Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>
General Obligation Debt	\$ 929,796	\$ 0	\$ 929,796
Net Other Post Employment			
Obligation	4,953,760	1,479,694	6,433,454
Net Pension Liability	19,755,901	5,591,810	25,347,711
Accrued Employee Vacations	2,250,772	607,007	2,857,779
Revenue Bonds Payable	17,892,000	195,000	18,087,000
Total	\$ <u>45,782,229</u>	\$ <u>7,873,511</u>	\$ <u>53,655,740</u>

The City's current Standard and Poor's bond rating is AAA.

Additional information on the City of Natchitoches' long-term debt can be found on pages 41-43 of this report.

#### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

In the fiscal year 2020-2021 budget, general fund revenues are budgeted at a 2 percent increase from the 2019-2020 budget year. Sales taxes are budgeted at a 2 percent increase. Taxes make up about 35% of the general fund budgeted revenues, and transfers make up about 50%. The 2020-2021 utility fund operations are budgeted to break even. Economic growth and housing development are beginning to show growth.

#### **Request for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances. If you have questions about this report or need any additional information, contact the Finance Department, at P. O. Box 37, Natchitoches, Louisiana, 71458, call (318) 357-3825, or e-mail dmiley@natchitochesla.gov.

# T C B T THOMAS, CUNNINGHAM, BROADWAY & TODTENBIER

Certified Public Accountants

Eddie G. Johnson, CPA - A Professional Corporation (1927-1996)

Mark D. Thomas, CPA – A Professional Corporation Roger M. Cunningham, CPA – A Professional Corporation Jessica H. Broadway, CPA – A Professional Corporation Ryan E. Todtenbier, CPA – A Professional Corporation 321 Bienville Street Natchitoches, Louisiana 71457 (318) 352-3652 Fax (318) 352-4447 www.tcbtcpa.com

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Mayor and the City Council of Natchitoches, Louisiana

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, the fiduciary fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Natchitoches, Louisiana (City) as of and for the year ended May 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the *Louisiana Governmental Audit Guide*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Basis for Adverse Opinion on Aggregate Discretely Presented Component Units

The financial statements referred to above do not include financial data for the City's legally separate component units. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require financial data for those component units to be reported with the financial data of the City's primary government unless the City also issues financial statements for the financial reporting entity that include the financial data for its component units. The City has not issued such reporting entity financial statements. Because of this departure from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the assets, liabilities, net position, revenues and expenses of the aggregate discretely presented component units that would have been reported is unknown.

#### Adverse Opinion on Aggregate Discretely Presented Component Units – The Reporting Entity

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter described in the "Basis for Adverse Opinion on Aggregate Discretely Component Units" paragraph, the financial statements referred to above do not present fairly the financial position of the aggregate discretely presented component units of the City of Natchitoches, the reporting entity, as of May 31, 2020, or the changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended.

#### **Unmodified Opinions – The Primary Government**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, the fiduciary fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Natchitoches, the primary government, as of May 31, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 1 through 6 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the Management's Discussion and Analysis in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the City's primary government. The Budgetary Comparison Schedule, Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability, Schedule of Employer Contributions, Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios, the Schedule of Compensation, Benefits and Other Payments to Agency Head or Chief Executive Officer, the nonmajor funds combining balance sheet, and nonmajor funds combining schedule of revenues, expenditure and changes in fund balance listed as required/other supplementary information in the Table of Contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule, Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability, Schedule of Employer Contributions, Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios, the Schedule of Compensation, Benefits and Other Payments to Agency Head or Chief Executive Officer, the nonmajor funds combining balance sheet, and nonmajor funds combining schedule of revenues, expenditure and changes in fund balance, are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Budgetary Comparison Schedule, Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability, Schedule of Employer Contributions, Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios, the Schedule of Compensation, Benefits and Other Payments to Agency Head or Chief Executive Officer, the nonmajor funds combining balance sheet, and nonmajor funds combining schedule of revenues, expenditure and changes in fund balance are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have issued our report dated November 19, 2020 on our consideration of the City of Natchitoches's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of this report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Natchitoches's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Thomae Currigham Broadway + Soutenbier, CPA's

Thomas, Cunningham, Broadway & Todtenbier CPA's Natchitoches, Louisiana

November 19, 2020

## BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### City of Natchitoches, Louisiana Government-Wide Statement of Net Position May 31, 2020

Assets:	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business-Type <u>Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>
Cash & Cash Equivalents	\$21,326,120	\$ 5,435,534	\$ 26,761,654
Receivables, net	1,544,879	3,161,359	4,706,238
Other Receivables	1,5 11,075	25,520	25,520
Inventories at Cost	0	1,221,919	1,221,919
Prepaid Expenses	215,550	6,667	222,217
Restricted Assets-	215,550	0,007	222,217
Cash & Cash Equivalents	0	5,619,517	5,619,517
Capital Assets	<u>58,925,840</u>	<u>60,404,241</u>	<u>119,330,081</u>
Total Assets	\$ <u>82,012,389</u>	\$ <u>75,874,757</u>	\$157,887,146
10001105005	\$ <u>02,012,505</u>	\$ <u>15,611,151</u>	\$ <u>157,007,110</u>
Deferred Outflows of Resources:			
Pensions	\$ 5,233,918	\$ 1,493,604	\$ 6,727,522
OPEB	861,012	257,186	1,118,198
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 6,094,930	\$ <u>1,750,790</u>	\$7,845,720
Liabilities:			
Cash Overdrafts	\$ 7,323,056	\$ 0	\$ 7,323,056
Accounts Payable	399,459	1,123,919	1,523,378
Accrued Payroll	546,076	162,576	708,652
Accrued Expenses	819,545	18,401	837,946
Payable from Restricted Assets-			
Bond Principal	17,892,000	195,000	18,087,000
Customer's Deposits	0	1,053,485	1,053,485
Long-term Debt-			
Due Within One Year	309,962	0	309,962
Due in More than One Year	619,834	0	619,834
Net OPEB Obligation	4,953,760	1,479,694	6,433,454
Net Pension Liability	19,755,901	5,591,810	25,347,711
Accrued Employee Vacations	2,250,772	607,007	2,857,779
Total Liabilities	\$ <u>54,870,365</u>	\$ <u>10,231,892</u>	\$ <u>65,102,257</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources:			
Pensions	\$ 1,300,409	\$ 370,325	\$ 1,670,734
OPEB	56,051	16,743	72,794
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources	\$ <u>1,356,460</u>	\$ <u>387,068</u>	\$ <u>1,743,528</u>
Net Position:	<b>040104044</b>	<b># 60 000 0 11</b>	#100 010 007
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$40,104,044	\$60,209,241	\$100,313,285
Restricted for Debt Service	0	5,619,517	5,619,517
Unrestricted	<u>(8,223,550</u> )	1,177,829	(7,045,721)
Total Net Position	\$ <u>31,880,494</u>	\$ <u>67,006,587</u>	\$ <u>98,887,081</u>

#### City of Natchitoches, Louisiana Government-Wide Statement of Activities For the Year Ended May 31, 2020

			Program Revenue						
			Operating	Capital		Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position			
		Fees, Fines	Grants	Grants			osition		
Decompose A stighting	European	and Charges for Services	and Contributions	and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Tatal		
Program Activities	Expenses	101 Services	Contributions	Contributions	Acuvities	Acuvities	<u>Total</u>		
Governmental Activities:									
General Government	\$ 7,469,840	\$ 0	\$ 277,944	\$0	\$ (7,191,896)	\$ 0	\$ (7,191,896)		
Public Safety	10,231,398	113,098	674,573	0	(9,443,727)	0	(9,443,727)		
Streets & Sanitation	4,542,093	2,066,030	0	0	(2,476,063)	0	(2,476,063)		
Water, Sewer & Utilities	1,279,433	570,283	0	51,830	(657,320)	0	(657,320)		
Economic Development Health & Welfare	2,607,807	416,181	255,632	404,677	(1,531,317)	0	(1,531,317)		
Recreation & Culture	234,499	0	0 344,894	0 0	(234,499)	0 0	(234,499)		
Interest on Long-term Debt	1,177,980 682,484	44,361 0	344,894 0	0	(788,725) (682,484)	0	(788,725) (682,484)		
Interest on Long-term Debt	082,484	0	0	0	(082,484)	0	(082,484)		
Total Governmental									
Activities	\$ <u>28,225,534</u>	\$ <u>3,209,953</u>	\$ <u>1,553,043</u>	\$ <u>456,507</u>	\$ <u>(23,006,031</u> )	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>(23,006,031</u> )		
Business-Type Activities:	A 1 550 533	<b>^</b> •	¢ 0	¢ 0	<b>^</b>	¢ (1.550.500)	(1,550,500)		
Utilities Administration	\$ 1,578,523	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ (1,578,523)	\$ (1,578,523)		
Electric	17,491,353	22,246,031	0	34,046	0	4,788,724	4,788,724		
Water Sewer	3,602,328 2,391,530	3,873,784 2,140,538	0 0	0 0	0 0	271,456 (250,992)	271,456 (250,992)		
Information Technology	2,391,330 374,051	2,140,338	0	0	0	(374,051)	(374,051)		
Interest on Long-term Debt	2,025	0	0	0	0	(3/4,031)	(2,025)		
interest on Dong term Dest	2,023	0	0	0		(2,023)			
Total Business-Type									
Activities	\$ <u>25,439,810</u>	\$ <u>28,260,353</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>34,046</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>2,854,589</u>	\$ <u>2,854,589</u>		
Total Government	\$ <u>53,665,344</u>	\$ <u>31,470,306</u>	\$ <u>1,553,043</u>	\$ <u>490,553</u>	\$ <u>(23,006,031</u> )	\$ <u>2,854,589</u>	\$ <u>(20,151,442</u> )		
		eneral Revenues axes-	s:						
		Ad Valorem			\$ 2,264,471	\$ 0	\$ 2,264,471		
		Sales & Use			10,680,793	ů 0	10,680,793		
		Franchise			385,998	ů	385,998		
	ν	'ideo Bingo			410,855	0	410,855		
	L	icenses & Permi	its		917,119	0	917,119		
		nterest Income			229,476	142,253	371,729		
		łain (Loss) on Sa	ale of Assets		382,377	29,346	411,723		
		ental Income			376,805	184,553	561,358		
		isurance Recove			203,118	35,504	238,622		
		Ionemployer Per	ision Revenue		514,470	85,872	600,342		
		fiscellaneous			300,885	157	301,042		
	1	ransfers			<u> </u>	<u>(5,316,689</u> )	0		
		Total General I	Revenues & Trans	fers	\$ <u>21,983,056</u>	\$ <u>(4,839,004</u> )	\$ <u>17,144,052</u>		
	C	<sup>c</sup> hange in Net Po	sition		\$ (1,022,975)	\$ (1,984,415)	\$ (3,007,390)		
	Ν	let Position at Be	eginning of Year		32,903,469	<u>68,991,002</u>	<u>101,894,471</u>		
	Ν	let Position at Er	nd of Year		\$ <u>31,880,494</u>	\$ <u>67,006,587</u>	\$ <u>98,887,081</u>		

## FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### City of Natchitoches, Louisiana Balance Sheet-Governmental Funds May 31, 2020

			Major Funds			_
		Capital Projects	Capital Projects	Capital Projects	Sports Complex	Total
	General	Streets	Utility Improvements		Construction	Nonmajor Governmental
	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Funds</u> <u>Funds</u>
Assets						
Cash & Cash Equivalents	\$3,979,605	\$ 0	\$3,899,060	\$3,675,931	\$ 0	\$ 9,771,524 \$21,326,120
Revenue Receivables	495,947	0	0	166,813	0	882,119 1,544,879
Due from Other Fund	0	0	0	0	0	36,489 36,489
Prepaid Expenses	8,925	0	10,345	0	0	<u>196,280</u> <u>215,550</u>
Total Assets	\$ <u>4,484,477</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>3,909,405</u>	\$ <u>3,842,744</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>10,886,412</u> \$ <u>23,123,038</u>
<u>Liabilities</u> Cash Overdrafts	<b>\$</b> 0	¢ 4 100 01 (	<b>\$</b> 0	¢1 7/2 102	¢ 02 070	¢ 1 245 777 ¢ 7 202 057
	•	\$ 4,122,216	Ψ ů	\$1,762,193	\$ 92,870	<b>\$</b> 1,345,777 <b>\$</b> 7,323,056
Accounts Payable	68,285	0	23,447	0	6,354	301,373 399,459
Accrued Expenses	496,468	0	0	133,575	0	189,502 819,545
Due to Other Funds	16,559	0	0	0	0	19,930 36,489
Accrued Payroll	526,012	1,047			0	<u>19,017</u> <u>546,076</u>
Total Liabilities	\$ <u>1,107,324</u>	\$ <u>4,123,263</u>	\$ <u>23,447</u>	\$ <u>1,895,768</u>	\$ <u>99,224</u>	<u>\$_1,875,599</u> <u>\$_9,124,625</u>
Fund Balances						
Nonspendable	\$ 8,925	\$ 0	\$ 10,345	\$ 0	<b>\$</b> 0	\$ 196,280 \$ 215,550
Restricted	0	ů	0	0	ů	2,566,298 2,566,298
Committed	Ő	Ő	3,875,613	1,946,976	ŏ	7,617,231 13,439,820
Unassigned	3,368,228	(4,123,263)	0	0	(99,224)	(1,368,996) (2,223,255)
Total Fund Balances	\$3,377,153	\$(4,123,263)	\$3,885,958	\$1,946,976	\$(99,224)	\$ 9,010,813 \$13,998,413
	4 <u>0,077,100</u>	( <u>, ,,,,,,,,,,,,</u> )	+ <u>=,===;==</u>	\$ <u>1,1 .0,1 / 0</u>	* <u>,221</u> )	* <u></u> * <u></u>
Total Liabilities &						
Fund Balances	\$ <u>4,484,477</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>3,909,405</u>	\$ <u>3,842,744</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>10,886,412</u> \$ <u>23,123,038</u>

#### City of Natchitoches, Louisiana Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position May 31, 2020

Total Fund Balances of the Governmental Funds	\$ 13,998,413
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
The following used in Governmental Activities are not financial resources; and, therefore, are not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet-	
Capital Assets, Net	58,925,840
Deferred Outflows of Resources	6,094,930
The following are not are not due and payable in the current period; and, therefore, are not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet-	
Long-term Debt	(18,821,796)
Net OPEB Obligation	(4,953,760)
Net Pension Liability	(19,755,901)
Accrued Compensated Absences	(2,250,772)
Deferred Inflows of Resources	(1,356,460)
Total Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ <u>31,880,494</u>

#### City of Natchitoches, Louisiana Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds Year Ended May 31, 2020

			Major Funds				
		Capital Projects			Sports Complex	_	Total
	General	Streets	Utility Improvements		Construction	Nonmajor	Governmental
	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Funds</u>	<u>Funds</u>
REVENUES:			•		•		
Taxes	\$ 5,461,830		\$ 0	\$ 2,070,030	\$ 0	\$ 6,210,257	\$ 13,742,117
Licenses & Permits	917,119	0	0	0	0	0	917,119
Intergovernmental	1,220,092	0	0	35,130	0	754,329	2,009,551
Charges for Services	64,180	0	570,283	0	68,556	2,417,492	3,120,511
Fines & Forfeits Miscellaneous	55,108	0	0 15,791	•	0 200	34,136	89,244
Total Revenues	<u>287,974</u> \$ 8,006,303	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ 586.074	<u>148,952</u> \$ 2,254,112	\$ 68,756	<u>657,566</u> \$10,073,780	<u>1,110,483</u> \$ 20,989,025
Total Revenues	\$ <u>8,000,305</u>	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u></u>	\$ <u>2,234,112</u>	\$ <u>08,730</u>	\$ <u>10,075,780</u>	\$ <u>_20,989,025</u>
EXPENDITURES:							
Current-							
General Government	\$ 3,679,729	\$ 0	\$ 3,375	\$ 208,577	<b>\$</b> 0	\$ 1,235,086	\$ 5,126,767
Public Safety	9,163,977	0	0	0	0	951,147	10,115,124
Streets & Sanitation	1,312,240	745,731	0	0	0	1,923,811	3,981,782
Water, Sewer & Utilitie		0	445,671	665,029	0	168,733	1,279,433
Economic Developmen		0	0	0	7,057,303	3,437,988	10,838,625
Recreation & Culture	730,485	0	0	0	0	91,102	821,587
Health & Welfare	232,669	0	0	0	0	0	232,669
Debt Service	0	0	0	0	0	1,931,653	1,931,653
Total Expenditures	\$15,462,434	\$ 745,731	\$ 449,046	\$ 873,606	\$ 7,057,303	\$ 9,739,520	\$ 34,327,640
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	\$ (7,456,131)	\$ (745 731)	\$ 137,028	\$ 1,380,506	\$(6.988.547)	\$ 334,260	\$ <u>(13,338,615</u> )
Expenditures	\$ <u>(7,450,151</u> )	J <u>(745,751</u> )	\$ <u>157,028</u>	\$ <u>1,380,300</u>	9 <u>(0,988,947</u> )	3	\$ <u>(15,558,015</u> )
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):	<b>•</b> • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	<b>*</b> <00.000	<b>A</b>	<b>^</b>	<b>A</b>	<b>A A A A A A A A A A</b>	<b>4</b> 10 (01 005
Operating Transfers In	\$ 8,603,446		\$ 0	\$ 0	<b>\$</b> 0	\$ 3,480,581	\$ 12,684,027
Operating Transfers Out	(50,000)	0	0	(1,550,000)	0	(5,767,338)	(7,367,338)
Sale of Assets	5,582	0	0	0	0	286,794	292,376
Debt Proceeds Insurance Proceeds	0	0 0	0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0
Total Other	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Financing	\$ <u>8,559,028</u>	\$ <u>600,000</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>(1,550,000</u> )	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>(1,999,963</u> )	\$ <u>5,609,065</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Source over Expenditures and	s						
Other Uses	\$ 1,102,897	\$ (145,731)	\$ 137,028	\$ (169,494)	\$(6,988,547)	\$ (1,665,703)	\$ (7,729,550)
Fund Balances- Beginning of Year	2,274,256	<u>(3,977,532</u> )	<u>3,748,930</u>	2,116,470	6,889,323	<u>10,676,516</u>	21,727,963
Fund Balances- End of Year	\$ <u>3,377,153</u>	\$ <u>(4,123,263</u> )	\$ <u>3,885,958</u>	\$ <u>1,946,976</u>	\$ <u>(99,224</u> )	\$ <u>9,010,813</u>	\$ <u>13,998,413</u>

City of Natchitoches, Louisiana
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and
Changes in Fund Balance of the Governmental Funds
to the Statement of Activities
Year Ended May 31, 2020

Net Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	\$(7,729,550)
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental Funds report Capital Outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. The cost of capital assets recorded in the current period is	9,403,508
Depreciation Expense on Capital Assets is reported in the Government-wide financial statements, but does not require the use of current financial resources and is not reported in the Fund Financial Statements. Current year depreciation is	(3,114,855)
Some revenues reported in the Statement of Activities do not provide current financial resources and these are not reported as revenues in Governmental Funds. Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in Governmental Funds. These timing differences are summarized below:	
General Obligation Revenue Bond Debt Payments Non-Employer Pension Revenue Net OPEB Obligation Pension Expense Accrued Compensated Absences	1,424,342 514,470 (147,866) (1,376,795) <u>3,771</u>
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ <u>(1,022,975</u> )

## City of Natchitoches, Louisiana Statement of Net Position Proprietary Fund Year Ended May 31, 2020

Assets-	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Fund
Current Assets-	P. 5. 425. 524
Cash & Cash Equivalents	\$ 5,435,534
Receivables	1,795,432
Less, Allowance for Doubtful Accounts Unbilled Receivables	(300,000)
	1,665,927
Inventory at Cost Droppid Exponence	1,221,919
Prepaid Expenses Total Current Assets	$\frac{6,667}{\$.9,825,479}$
Total Current Assets	\$_9,825,479
Restricted Assets-	
Cash & Cash Equivalents	\$ <u>5,619,517</u>
	$\Psi_{-3,013,317}$
Noncurrent Assets-	
Capital Assets, Net	\$ <u>60,404,241</u>
1 /	
Other Assets-	
Other Receivables	\$ <u>25,520</u>
Total Assets	\$ <u>75,874,757</u>
Deferred Outflows of Resources-	
Pensions	\$ 1,493,604
OPEB	257,186
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ <u>1,750,790</u>
Liabilities-	
Current Liabilities-	
Accounts Payable	\$ 1,123,919
Accrued Payroll	162,576
Accrued Expenses	18,401
Accrued Employee Vacations	60,701
Total Current Liabilities	\$ <u>1,365,597</u>
	φ <u>1,000,000,</u>
Liabilities Payable from Restricted Assets-	
Current Portion of Revenue Bonds	\$ 195,000
Customer's Deposits	1,053,485
Total Payable from Restricted Assets	\$ <u>1,248,485</u>

#### City of Natchitoches, Louisiana Statement of Net Position Proprietary Fund Year Ended May 31, 2020

	<b>Business-Type</b> Activities
	Enterprise Fund
Noncurrent Liabilities-	
Revenue Bonds Payable	\$ 0
Net OPEB Obligation	1,479,694
Net Pension Liability	5,591,810
Accrued Employee Vacations	546,306
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	\$ <u>7,617,810</u>
Total Liabilities	\$ <u>10,231,892</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources-	
Pensions	\$ 370,325
OPEB	16,743
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ <u>387,068</u>
Net Position-	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$60,209,241
Restricted for-	
Debt Service	5,619,517
Unrestricted	1,177,829
Total Net Position	\$ <u>67,006,587</u>

#### City of Natchitoches, Louisiana Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Fund Year Ended May 31, 2020

	Business-Type Activities
On ometing a Derecomment	Enterprise Fund
Operating Revenues:	
Charges for Services- Electric	\$21,925,099
	\$21,835,988
Water	3,873,784
Sewer	2,140,538
Miscellaneous-	212 (04
Penalties & Charges	313,604
New Account and Reconnect Fees	93,680
Bad Debt Recovery	1,600
Other	1,159
Total Operating Revenues	\$ <u>28,260,353</u>
Operating Expenses:	
Utility Administration-	
Personnel Services	\$ 974,678
Utilities & Telephone	22,742
Supplies	380,574
Maintenance	143,249
Uncollectible Accounts	57,280
Total Administration	\$ <u>1,578,523</u>
Electric-	
Personnel Services	\$ 1,869,372
Power Purchased	14,143,649
System Maintenance	687,237
Depreciation	566,528
Supplies & Miscellaneous	224,567
Total Electric	\$ <u>17,491,353</u>
Water-	
Personnel Services	\$ 689,465
Treatment Expenses	1,120,586
System Maintenance	365,499
Utilities	161,555
Depreciation	1,112,651
Supplies & Miscellaneous	152,572
Total Water	\$ <u>3,602,328</u>
	·

#### City of Natchitoches, Louisiana Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Fund Year Ended May 31, 2020

	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Fund
Sewer-	
Personnel Services	\$ 961,627
Treatment Expenses	99,112
System Maintenance	280,904
Utilities	250,301
Depreciation	635,733
Supplies & Miscellaneous	163,853
Total Sewer	\$ <u>2,391,530</u>
Information Technology Department-	
Personnel Services	\$ 183,873
Computer Software & Maintenance	175,955
Supplies & Maintenance	14,223
Total Information Technology Department	\$ <u>374,051</u>
Total Operating Expenses	\$ <u>25,437,785</u>
Income from Operations	\$ <u>2,822,568</u>
Non-operating Revenues (Expenses):	
Interest Income	\$ 142,253
Insurance Recoveries	35,504
Gain (Loss) on Sale of Assets	29,346
Gain on Investments	157
Intergovernmental Grant	34,046
Nonemployer Pension Revenue	85,872
Rental Income	184,553
Interest Expense	(2,025)
Total Non-operating Revenues (Expenses)	\$ <u>509,706</u>
Income Before Contributions and Transfers	\$ <u>3,332,274</u>
Contributions and Transfers-	
Transfers Out	\$ (6,866,689)
Transfers In	_1,550,000
Total Contributions and Transfers	$\frac{1,550,000}{(5,316,689)}$
	+ <u></u> ,_ <u>,,</u> ,
Change in Net Position	\$ (1,984,415)
Net Position at Beginning of Year	<u>68,991,002</u>
Net Position at End of Year	\$ <u>67,006,587</u>

See independent auditors' report and notes to financial statements.

## City of Natchitoches, Louisiana Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund Year Ended May 31, 2020

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Fund
Cash Received from Customers	\$ 28,318,595
Cash Payments to Employees	(4,320,154)
Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services	(18,576,072)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$_5,422,369
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	
Rental Income	\$ 184,553
Transfers to Other Funds	(6,866,689)
Transfers from Other Funds	1,550,000
Net Cash Used by Non-capital Financing Activities	\$ <u>(5,132,136</u> )
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIE	S:
Gain on Sale of Assets	\$ 29,346
Insurance Recoveries	35,504
Acquisition of Capital Assets-	
Total Asset Additions	(214,725)
Less, Capital Contributed from Other Funds	0
Principal Paid on Capital Debt	(175,000)
Interest Paid on Capital Debt	(2,025)
Intergovernmental Grant	34,046
Net Cash Used by Capital and Related Financing Activities	\$ <u>(292,854</u> )
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:	
Interest Income	\$ 142,253
Gain on Investments	157
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	\$ <u>142,410</u>
Net Increase in Cash & Cash Equivalents	\$ 139,789
Cash & Cash Equivalents-Beginning of Year	10,915,262
Cash & Cash Equivalents-End of Year	\$ <u>11.055.051</u>

#### City of Natchitoches, Louisiana Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund Year Ended May 31, 2020

	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Fund
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME FROM OPERATIONS TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	
Operating Income	\$ <u>2,822,568</u>
ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	
Depreciation	2,314,913
Changes in Assets & Liabilities- (Increase)/Decrease in Accounts Receivable	2,762
(Increase)/Decrease in Inventory	(47,576)
(Increase)/Decrease in Prepaid Expenses	(1,184)
(Increase)/Decrease in Other Receivables	500
Increase/(Decrease) in Accounts Payable	(83,454)
Increase/(Decrease) in Accrued Payroll	9,943
Increase/(Decrease) in Accrued Expense	(1)
Increase/(Decrease) in Compensated Absences	18,667
Increase/(Decrease) in Net OPEB	44,168
Increase/(Decrease) in Net Pension Liability	286,083
Increase/(Decrease) in Customer Deposits	54,980
Total Adjustments	\$ <u>2,599,801</u>
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ <u>5,422,369</u>
RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS: Current Assets-	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 5,435,534
Restricted Assets-	· ·
Cash and Cash Equivalents	5,619,517
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ <u>11,055,051</u>

See independent auditors' report and notes to financial statements.

#### City of Natchitoches, Louisiana Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Agency Fund Cash Bond Fund Year Ended May 31, 2020

Assets	
Accounts Receivable	\$ <u>36,382</u>
<u>Liabilities</u>	
Cash Overdraft Due to Others	\$ 4,760 <u>31,622</u>
Total Liabilities	\$ <u>36,382</u>

## City of Natchitoches, Louisiana Fiduciary Fund - Agency Fund Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Year Ended May 31, 2020

	Police Bond <u>Fund</u>
Unsettled Balances-Beginning of Year	\$ 38,541
ADDITIONS: Fines & Forfeitures	308,590
DEDUCTIONS: Deposits Settled to Marshal	(315,509)
Unsettled Balances-End of Year	\$ <u>31,622</u>

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Introduction

The City of Natchitoches (the City) was founded in 1714 and incorporated in 1822. The City currently operates under a Home Rule Charter adopted on January 27, 1975. The City operates under a Mayor-Council form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: police and fire protection, streets and drainage, parks and recreation, certain social services, and general administration services. The City owns and operates one enterprise activity, a utilities system which distributes electricity and provides water and sewer services.

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the City of Natchitoches have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

#### A. <u>Reporting Entity</u>

The financial reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government, (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which the primary government is not accountable, but for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity" establishes criteria for determining which entities should be considered a component unit and, as such, part of the reporting entity for financial reporting purposes. The basic criteria is described below.

- 1. Appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and
  - a. The ability of the City of Natchitoches to impose its will on that organization and/or
  - b. The potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the City of Natchitoches.
- 2. Organizations for which the City of Natchitoches does not appoint a voting majority but are fiscally dependent on the City.
- 3. Organizations for which the reporting entity's financial statements would be misleading if data of the organization is not included because of the nature or significance of the relationship.

Based on the previous criteria, the City of Natchitoches has determined that the following component units are part of the reporting entity:

Component Unit	<u>Criteria Used</u>
Natchitoches City Court	2 and 3
Natchitoches City Marshal	2 and 3
Waterworks District No. 1	1 and 3

#### A. <u>Reporting Entity (continued)</u>

The City of Natchitoches has chosen to issue financial statements of the primary government (City) which exclude the above listed component units. Individual financial statements for the above agencies may be obtained by writing P. O. Box 37, Natchitoches, Louisiana 71458-0037.

Various other entities operate within the City of Natchitoches, and many of these include "Natchitoches" within their name. These entities are not considered as reportable component units within the City's financial statements since the City does not exercise control over them.

#### B. Basis of Presentation

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the activities of the primary government. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### Fund Financial Statements

The financial statements of the City of Natchitoches are organized into funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures, or expenses, as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in the individual funds based upon the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. Funds are classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the City or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and
- b. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

#### B. Basis of Presentation (continued)

The funds of the City are described below:

Governmental Funds-

General Fund

The general fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except for those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

Capital Projects Funds

Capital projects funds are used to account for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

Debt Service Funds

Debt service funds are used to account for accumulation of resources for and payment of general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

Proprietary Fund-

Enterprise Fund

The enterprise fund is used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprise where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods and services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided the periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating expenses for the proprietary funds include the cost of personal and contractual services, supplies and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

#### B. Basis of Presentation (continued)

Fiduciary Fund-

Agency Funds

Agency funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

#### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Sales taxes are considered as "measurable" when in the hands of the Sales Tax Collector, and are recognized as revenue at that time. Ad Valorem taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which budgeted, that is, in the year in which such taxes are billed and collected. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period.

For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Other major revenues that are considered susceptible to accrual include earned grant revenues, charges for services, and interest earned on investments. Franchise fees, licenses and permits, and court fines are recognized when received because they are not objectively measurable.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, postemployment benefit obligations, pension expense and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

- 1. <u>General Fund-</u>To account for resources traditionally associated with governments that are not required to be accounted for in another fund.
- 2. <u>Capital Projects Streets Fund</u>-To account for the repairs and rehabilitation of streets within the City.
- 3. <u>Capital Projects Utility Improvements Fund</u>-To account for revenues earned by the Utility System's electrical production plant which are used for improvements to the Utility System.

#### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

- 4. <u>Capital Projects Sales Tax Fund</u>-To account for the payment of the DEQ Bonds issued to construct a new wastewater treatment plant and to fund water and sewer fund maintenance.
- 5. <u>Sports Complex Construction Fund</u>-To account for the construction of a sports recreation complex within the City of Natchitoches.

#### D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Annual budgets are adopted and recorded in the accounting records for all governmental type funds. The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in these financial statements:

- 1. At least forty-five days prior to the beginning of each fiscal year, the Mayor submits to the City Council a proposed budget in the form required by the City's Charter.
- 2. At the meeting of the Council at which the operating budget is submitted, the Council orders a public hearing on the budget, and orders the official journal to publish at least ten days prior to such meeting, the time and place thereof, a general summary of the proposed budget, and the times and places where copies of the proposed budget are available for public inspection.
- 3. Adoption of the budget is required no later than the last regular meeting of the last month of the fiscal year prior to the fiscal year for which the budget pertains.
- 4. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control tool during the year. Funds in excess of the budgetary amounts cannot be obligated without the Finance Director's approval. Funds in excess of those budgeted for an entire department (or fund) cannot be obligated without the Mayor's approval. These procedures render control at the departmental/fund level.
- 5. The budget can be amended after adoption, by the Mayor submitting an amended budget to the Council, and the adoption of the amended budget by the Council.
- 6. All budgetary appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.
- 7. Budgets for the General, Special Revenue, Debt Service, and Capital Projects Funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles as applied to governmental units.

Budget amounts shown in the financial statements are as originally adopted, or as amended with procedures required by the City's Charter.

#### E. Cash and Cash Investments

The City has deposits in several types of highly liquid investment vehicles such as certificates of deposit. Since all of the City's cash is readily available, these deposits are listed in these statements as "Cash and Cash Equivalents". Under State law, the City may deposit funds in demand deposits, interest-bearing demand deposits, money market accounts, or time deposits with state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having their principal offices in Louisiana. The City may also purchase investments in securities backed by the full faith and credit of the United States Government.

#### F. Inventories

Inventories of supplies in the proprietary fund are valued at cost (moving average).

#### G. Bad Debts

Uncollectible amounts due for customer's utility receivables are recognized as bad debts through the establishment of an allowance account at the time information becomes available which would indicate the uncollectibility of the particular receivable. Allowance for bad debts at May 31, 2020 was \$300,000, which was not changed from the prior year.

#### H. Capital Assets

Capital Assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., streets, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated cost if historical cost is not available. Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The City maintains a threshold level of \$5,000 or more for capitalizing capital assets.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. All capital assets, other than land and construction in progress, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Estimated Lives
	50
Sewer System	50 years
Water & Utility	50 years
Buildings & building improvements	40-50 years
Streets & sidewalks	25 years
Furniture & fixtures	5-7 years
Vehicles	5-15 years
Equipment	5-14 years

#### I. Compensated Absences

Employees of the City earn vacation hours based on the number of years of continuous service. Accrued vacation time is only allowed for full-time employees and not permanent part-time employees. Sick leave shall be accrued by each full-time employee at a rate of 12 days per year. Vacation and sick leave may be accumulated from year to year. Upon termination/retirement, employees are entitled to be paid a maximum of 480 hours of sick leave, 480 hours vacation, and 240 hours of compensatory time. These compensated absences are recorded as a liability in each of the City's funds that have payroll expenditures.

#### J. Interfund Transactions

Legally authorized transfers are treated as interfund transfers and are included in the results of operations of both governmental and proprietary funds.

The following is a summary of interfund operating transfers:

	Operating <u>Transfers In</u>	Operating <u>Transfers Out</u>
General Fund	\$ 8,603,446	\$ 50,000
Special Revenue Funds-		
Hazard Tax	0	1,291,015
Sales Tax Police	0	1,832,000
Airport Operations	50,000	0
Employee Benefits	400,000	0
Liability Insurance	724,000	0
Workman's Compensation Fund	0	124,225
Economic Development District	3,624	186,000
Community Program	0	0
2015 Revenue Note Reserve Fund	192,885	0
Sales Tax Rededication	0	1,667,383
Cane River Green Market	50,000	0
Economic Development District TIF A	0	10,511
Capital Projects Funds-		
Capital Projects-Sales Tax	0	1,550,000
Capital Improvements-Special	300,000	656,204
Capital Improvements - Streets	600,000	0
Water Treatment Plant Fund	293,357	0
Chaplain's Lake Water Imp.	99,332	0
Debt Service-		
Sales Tax	1,367,383	0
Enterprise Fund-		
Utility	1,550,000	6,866,689
Totals	\$ <u>14,234,027</u>	\$ <u>14,234,027</u>

### J. Interfund Transactions (continued)

Transfers are primarily used to move funds:

- From the Proprietary Fund to the General Fund so that excess revenues can be used for governmental services.
- From the Proprietary Fund to the Capital Projects Funds to fund expansion of the Utility Fund.
- From the Sales Tax Police Fund to the General Fund to cover cost of police operations.
- From the Hazard Tax Fund to the General Fund to fund cost of police and fire operations.
- From the Capital Projects Sales Tax Fund to the Utility Improvements Fund for utility improvement projects.
- Other miscellaneous transfers to move operation monies to and from various funds.

#### K. Prepaid Expenses

Prepaid expense balances are for payments made by the City in the current year to provide services occurring in the subsequent fiscal year, and for bond payments which are due immediately after the fiscal year end.

#### L. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities column of the statement of net position.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize debt issued as other financing sources. Repayment of the principal and interest is shown as an expenditure.

#### M. Restricted Assets

Certain resources of the Utility Fund are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because their use is limited by bond ordinances, or because they represent customers' deposits being held by the fund.

# N. <u>Pensions</u>

For purposes of measuring the Net Pension Liability, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the retirement systems and additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the retirement systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. See note 9, for more information on the individual retirement systems.

#### O. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

The Statement of Net Position reports a separate section for deferred outflows and (or) deferred inflows of financial resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until the applicable period. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources until that time.

#### P. Fund Equity

In the fund statements, governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- a. Nonspendable fund balance amounts that are not in a spendable form (such as prepaid expenses) or are required to be maintained intact;
- b. Restricted fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation;
- c. Committed fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by a government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint;
- d. Assigned fund balance amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority;
- e. Unassigned fund balance amounts that are available for any purpose. Only the General Fund would report positive amounts in unassigned fund balance.

The General Fund has an unassigned fund balance of \$3,368,228. If applicable, the City would typically use restricted fund balances first, followed by committed resources and assigned resources as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend unassigned resources first and to defer the use of these other classified funds.

# P. Fund Equity (continued)

# The purpose of nonspendable, restricted, and committed fund balances is as follows:

	Prepaid	Debt	Acquisition of Capital	Public	Recreation	Economic <u>Development</u>	Workman's Compensation	Water, Sewer	Tatal
Nonspendable:	<u>Items</u>	<u>Service</u>	<u>Assets</u>	<u>Safety</u>	<u>&amp; Culture</u>	Development	Insurance	<u>&amp; Utilities</u>	<u>Total</u>
General Fund	\$ 8,925	\$ 0	<b>\$</b> 0	\$ 0	<b>\$</b> 0	<b>\$</b> 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 8,925
Hazard Tax	1,667	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,667
Prisoner Bond	4,113	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4,113
Water Treatment Plant	117,179	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	117,179
CR-Utility Improvements	10,345	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10,345
Sales Tax - Police	27,162	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	27,162
2015 Revenue									
Note Reserve Fund	33,884	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	33,884
Chaplain's Lake Fund	12,275	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	12,275
Total	\$ <u>215,550</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>215,550</u>
<u>Restricted</u> :	<b>^</b> •	<b>^</b>	<b>^</b>	A 1/0 100	<b>^</b> •	<b>^</b>	<b>^</b>	<b>^</b> •	A 160 100
Hazard Tax	\$ 0		\$ 0	\$ 468,493	\$ 0	<b>\$</b> 0	<b>\$</b> 0	\$ 0	\$ 468,493
Multi-Drug Task Force	0	0	0	21,035	0	0	0	0	21,035
Prisoner Bond Release	0		0	37,868	0	0	0	0	37,868
LLEBG Grant Fund	0	0	0	14,136	0	0	0	0	14,136
Sales Tax Police	0	0	0	626,061	0	0	0	0	626,061
DOTD Gateway Ph. II	0	•	0	0	0	32,250	0	0	32,250
Water Treatment Plant	0	0	0	0	0	0 22.250	0	<u>1,366,455</u>	1,366,455
Total	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>1,167,593</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>32,250</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>1,366,455</u>	\$ <u>2,566,298</u>
Committed									
<u>Committed</u> : CR-Utility Improvements	<b>\$</b> 0	<b>\$</b> 0	<b>\$</b> 0	<b>\$</b> 0	<b>\$</b> 0	<b>\$</b> 0	<b>\$</b> 0	\$3,875,613	\$ 3,875,613
Sales Tax	3 U		3 U 0	<b>3</b> 0	3 U 0	1,946,976	3 U 0	\$5,875,015 0	1,946,976
Airport Fund	0		0	0	0	224,249	0	0	224,249
1	0	0	0	0	0	224,249	343,339	0	
Workman's Compensation Drug Recovery	0	0	0	60,315	0	0	343,339 0	0	343,339 60,315
911 Grant Fire	0	0	0	100,336	0	0	0	0	100,336
Animal Shelter	0	0	0	47,391	0	0	0	0	47,391
Liability Insurance	0	0	0	157,574	0	0	0	0	157,574
Main Street Promotions	0	0	0	157,574	0	94,002	0	0	94,002
Cane River Green Market	0	ő	ő	Ő	31,806	0	Ő	ő	31,806
911-Police Grant	Ő	ő	ŏ	53,469	0	ŏ	õ	ŏ	53,469
NW Law Enforcement	ů	ů	Ő	6,050	Ő	0	0	Ő	6,050
Economic Development Dist.	ů	÷	Ő	0,050	ů	164,302	ů.	Ő	164,302
State Office of Culture Dev.	Ő	-	Ő	Ő	ŏ	8,398	ů	Ő	8,398
Garbage Service	0	-	Ő	Ő	ŏ	0,270	Ő	490,505	490,505
Miss Merry Christmas	ů	-	Ŏ	Ő	13,161	Ő	Ő	0	13,161
Keep Louisiana Beautiful	0	0	0	0	Ó 0	500	0	0	500
SWAT Fund	0	0	0	147	0	0	0	0	147
Community Program Fund	0	0	0	0	0	28,425	0	0	28,425
NHDDC Projects Fund	0	0	0	0	0	4,258	0	0	4,258
Rapides Foundation Fund	0	0	0	0	3,223	0	0	0	3,223
Equitable Sharing Program	0	0	0	0	0	22,783	0	0	22,783
Historic Preservation Fund	0	0	0	0	313	0	0	0	313
Sales Tax Rededication Fund	0	0	2,363,622	0	0	0	0	0	2,363,622
Sports Complex Operating	0	0	0	0	0	234,255	0	0	234,255
Sales Tax District A	0	0	0	0	0	11,359	0	0	11,359
Sales Tax District C	0	•	0	0	0	61,747	0	0	61,747
Economic Development Dist.			0	0	0	4,039	0	0	4,039
Economic Development Dist.		-	0	0	0	93,820	0	0	93,820
Capital Improvements	0	-	1,326,867	0	0	0	0	0	1,326,867
Texas & PAC Railway	0	-	0	0	1,223	0	0	0	1,223
Chateau St. Denis	0	-	0	0	0	10,125	0	0	10,125
Debt Service-Sales Tax	0	2.00,.2.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	388,736
Debt Service-General Oblig.	<u> </u>	<u>1,266,892</u>	ez coo 490	¢ 425.292	$\frac{0}{49,726}$	¢ <u>2,000,228</u>	£242,220	¢4.266.119	<u>1,266,892</u>
Total	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>1,655,628</u>	\$ <u>3,690,489</u>	\$ <u>425,282</u>	⊅ <u>49,720</u>	\$ <u>2,909,238</u>	\$ <u>343,339</u>	\$ <u>4,366,118</u>	\$ <u>13,439,820</u>

# Q. Net Position

In the government-wide statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted net position Consists of net resources with constraints placed on their use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provision or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net position All other net resources that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

When an expense is incurred for the purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, management applies unrestricted net position first, unless a determination is made to use restricted net position. The policy concerning which to apply first varies with the intended use and legal requirements. This decision is typically made by management at the incurrence of the expenses.

# R. Bond Issuance Costs

Bond discounts and issuance costs are shown as expenditures in the current period for both governmental and business-type activities.

# S. <u>Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, expenditures, and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

# T. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purpose of the Statement of Net Position, "cash and cash equivalents" inclues all demand, savings accounts, and certificates of deposit of the City. For the purpose of the proprietary fund Statement of Cash Flows, "cash and cash equivalents" include all demand and savings accounts, and certificates of deposit.

#### 2. Ad Valorem Taxes

The City levies taxes on real and business personal property located within the boundaries of the City. Property taxes are levied by the City on property values assessed by the Natchitoches Parish Tax Assessor and approved by the State of Louisiana Tax Commission.

The Natchitoches Tax Commission bills and collects property taxes for the City. Collections are remitted to the City monthly. The City recognizes property tax revenues when levied.

# Property Tax Calendar

Assessment date	January 1
Levy date	June 30
Tax bills mailed	October 15
Total taxes are due	December 31
Penalties & interest added	January 31
Lien date	January 31
Tax sale	May 15

For the year ended May 31, 2020, taxes of 17.03 mills were levied on property with an assessed valuation totaling \$128,662,980 and were dedicated as follows:

General Corporate Purposes	7.03 mills	indefinite
Special Taxes	10.00 mills	expires 2028

Total taxes collected were \$2,264,471 after small adjustments were made to the original tax roll. A tax sale was held on May 15, 2020, and most uncollected taxes were collected on that date. Uncollected taxes average less than 2% of total taxes levied, and no provision for uncollectibles is made.

#### 3. Lease Agreements

The City of Natchitoches has entered into the following long-term lease agreement:

Waterworks District Number 1 of Natchitoches Parish for a period of fifty years from 1980. This District was originally created to construct a water source, and furnish water to residents of Ward One of Natchitoches Parish, including those residents living within the City's boundaries. The agreement provides that the City operate the water system, including billing the consumers and collecting for services, furnishing all labor, materials, and equipment to operate and maintain the system. The agreement calls for the City to lease the water system from the Water District for an annual payment of \$3,600. The Waterworks District retains control of and responsibility for the water source.

# 4. <u>Receivables</u>

The following is a summary of receivables at May 31, 2020:

Class of Receivable	General	Special Revenue	Capital Projects	Proprietary	Agency
	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Funds</u>	<u>Funds</u>	<u>Funds</u>	<u>Funds</u>
Tax, Licenses & Permits	\$442,326	\$498,571	\$166,813	\$0	\$0
Other Receivables	_ <u>53,621</u>	<u>4,657</u>	0	<u>3,461,359</u>	<u>36,382</u>
Total	\$ <u>495,947</u>	\$ <u>503,228</u>	\$ <u>166,813</u>	\$ <u>3,461,359</u>	\$ <u>36,382</u>

All receivables for the governmental funds are considered to be collectible, and no allowance for bad debt is used. Allowance for bad debts for the proprietary funds is \$300,000.

#### 5. Capital Assets

Capital assets and depreciation activity as of and for the year ended May 31, 2020, is as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:	Datafie	<u>inter euses</u>	Deereases	Dalanee
General Fund-				
Capital Assets; not depreciated-				
Land	\$ 11,020,330	\$ 391,703	\$ 0	\$ 11,412,033
Construction in Progress	7,945,019	373,525	7,945,019	373,525
Capital Assets; depreciated-				
Buildings	17,981,047	1,153,223	0	19,134,270
Other Infrastructure	18,810,343	14,668,554	0	33,478,897
Other Assets	827,117	0	0	827,117
Furniture & Fixtures	15,104	0	0	15,104
Machinery & Equipment	3,779,551	671,734	20,000	4,431,285
Firearms	71,032	0	0	71,032
Vehicles	5,574,723	89,788	327,654	5,336,857
Streets	92,561,314	0	0	92,561,314
Sidewalks	<u> </u>	0	0	5,547,865
Total Assets	\$ <u>164,133,445</u>	\$ <u>17,348,527</u>	\$ <u>8,292,673</u>	\$ <u>173,189,299</u>
Accumulated Depreciation-				
Buildings	\$ 6,485,541	\$ 539,563	\$ 0	\$ 7,025,104
Other Infrastructure	3,676,819	1,314,587	0	4,991,406
Other Assets	757,684	10,351	0	768,035
Furniture & Fixtures	15,104	0	0	15,104
Machinery & Equipment	2,707,809	261,919	20,000	2,949,728
Vehicles	3,910,357	430,431	327,654	4,013,134
Streets	88,795,523	490,751	0	89,286,274
Sidewalks	5,147,421	67,253	0	5,214,674
Total Accumulated Depr.	\$ <u>111,496,258</u>	\$ <u>3,114,855</u>	\$ <u>347,654</u>	\$ <u>114,263,459</u>
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$ <u>52,637,187</u>	\$ <u>14,233,672</u>	\$ <u>7,945,019</u>	\$ <u>58,925,840</u>

#### 5. Capital Assets (continued)

Depreciation expense of \$3,114,855 for the year ended May 31, 2020, was charged to the following governmental functions:

General Fund-		
Finance Department	\$	27,963
Community Development Department		840,626
Planning & Zoning		8,772
Fire Department		258,430
Recreation Department		361,566
Public Works Department		637,057
Purchasing Department		13,634
Police Department		290,554
Airport Fund		372,119
Convention Center		241,626
Industrial Park South	-	62,508
Total	\$ <u>3</u>	,114,855

Total
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	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Business-type Activities:				
Utility Fund-				
Capital Assets; not depreciated-				
Land	\$ 850,995	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 850,995
Capital Assets; depreciated-				
Buildings	1,912,581	. 0	0	1,912,581
Furniture & Fixtures	310,366	0	0	310,366
Machinery & Equipment	10,840,796	88,363	237,949	10,691,210
Vehicles	2,048,770	94,322	83,876	2,059,216
Electric System	24,782,479	0	10,570	24,771,909
Water System	43,837,624	. 0	0	43,837,624
Sewer System	26,606,960	32,040	0	26,639,000
Total Assets	\$ <u>111,190,571</u>	<u>\$ 214,725</u>	\$ <u>332,395</u>	\$ <u>111,072,901</u>
Accumulated Depreciation-				
Buildings	\$ 1,017,073	\$ 38,251	\$ 0	\$ 1,055,324
Furniture & Fixtures	310,366	i 0	0	310,366
Machinery & Equipment	10,460,909	50,177	237,949	10,273,137
Vehicles	1,711,659	321,303	83,876	1,949,086
Electric System	9,181,118	461,913	10,570	9,632,461
Water System	15,848,115	520,308	0	16,368,423
Sewer System	10,156,902	922,961	0	11,079,863
Total Accumulated Depr.	\$ <u>48,686,142</u>	\$ <u>2,314,913</u>	\$ <u>332,395</u>	\$ 50,668,660
Total Net Assets	\$ <u>62,504,429</u>	\$ <u>(2,100,188</u> )	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>60,404,241</u>

#### 5. Capital Assets (continued)

Depreciation expense of \$2,314,913 for the year ended May 31, 2020, was charged to the following business-type functions:

Electric System	\$ 566,528
Water System	1,112,652
Sewer System	635,733
Total Utility Fund	\$ <u>2,314,913</u>

#### 6. Long-Term Debt

<u>General Obligation</u>- At May 31, 2020, the City had the following outstanding general obligation bond issues:

- Purchase agreement dated October 2015, with G. F. Thomas Investments, L.P., A&F Walker Limited Partnership and Mary Francis Walker for the purchase of land at 560/562 Second Street. The original purchase price was \$217,500, with annual payments to be made over five years with no interest payments. This debt is to be repaid by the Capital Improvements Special Fund.
- 2) Capital lease with option to purchase financed through Southside Bank for a fire rescue truck and payments began in December 2017. The original loan was for \$250,000 and is to be repaid over 10 years by the Hazard Tax Fund.
- 3) Capital lease with option to purchase financed through Southside Bank for a computer-aided dispatch system. The original loan was for \$349,926 and is to be repaid over four years by the Sales Tax Police Fund.
- 4) Note payable with Carbecca, LLC for the purchase of land at Rapides Drive. The original loan was for \$290,000 and is to be repaid over five years from the Hazard Tax Fund.
- 5) Note payable with BB&T Governmental Finance for the purpose of purchasing two pumper trucks for the fire department. The original loan was for \$515,824 and is to be repaid over five years from the Hazard Tax Fund.

<u>Revenue Bonds</u>- The City has issued several series of bonds for improvements to the utility system, and also to refund other bond issues. All of these debt issues are secured by the revenues of the Utility Fund. These revenue bond issues are:

- 1) Series 2009 B Bonds
- 2) Series 2009 A Bonds
- 3) Series 2013 Revenue Refunding Bonds
- 4) Series 2015 Revenue Refunding Bonds-DWRL
- 5) Series 2015 Revenue Refunding
- 6) Series 2018 Sales Tax Revenue
- 7) Series 2020 Sales Tax Revenue

#### 6. Long-Term Debt (continued)

#### General Obligations and Revenue Bonds Outstanding at May 31, 2020, are as follows:

	Issue	Final Maturity	Interest	Balance
Issue	Date	Date	<u>Rates</u>	<u>Outstanding</u>
General Obligation-				
Thomas, Walker, Garner	12-01-2015	11-01-2020	0.00%	\$ 0
Southside Bank	12-01-2017	11-01-2026	2.99%	182,563
Southside Bank	07-01-2018	07-01-2021	3.20%	176,796
Carbecca, LLC	09-01-2018	08-31-2023	0.00%	150,000
BB&T Governmental Finance	10-15-2018	10-15-2023	3.84%	420,417
Total General Obligation Debt				\$ <u>929,796</u>
Revenue Bonds-				
Series 2009 Revolving	12-15-2009	12-01-2030	2.95%	\$ 2,536,000
Series 2013 Refunding	12-01-2013	12-01-2022	2.15%	195,000
Series 2015 Refunding-DWRL	05-07-2015	12-01-2025	2.95%	1,200,000
Series 2015 Refunding	12-01-2015	12-01-2029	4.30%	1,576,000
Series 2018 Sales Tax Revenue	02-01-2018	02-01-2033	3.29%	11,160,000
Serves 2020 Sales Tax Revenue	03-01-2019	03-01-2033	3.70%	1,420,000
Total Revenue Bonds				\$ <u>18,087,000</u>
Total General Obligation and Re	evenue Bonds Pay	able		\$ <u>19,016,796</u>
Series 2015 Refunding-DWRL Series 2015 Refunding Series 2018 Sales Tax Revenue Serves 2020 Sales Tax Revenue Total Revenue Bonds	05-07-2015 12-01-2015 02-01-2018 03-01-2019	12-01-2025 12-01-2029 02-01-2033 03-01-2033	2.95% 4.30% 3.29%	1,200,000 1,576,000 11,160,000 <u>1,420,000</u> \$ <u>18,087,000</u>

The annual debt service requirements to maturity of general obligation debt and revenue bonds outstanding at May 31, 2020, excluding interest payments of \$4,531,992 are as follows:

Year Ending	General	Revenue	T-4-1
<u>May 31</u>	<u>Obligation</u>	Bonds	<u>Total</u>
2021	\$259,963	\$ 1,229,000	\$ 1,488,963
2022	267,360	1,266,000	1,533,360
2023	182,322	1,310,000	1,492,322
2024	137,264	1,287,000	1,424,264
2025	26,818	1,330,000	1,356,818
2026-2030	56,069	7,473,000	7,529,069
2031-2035	0	4,096,000	4,096,000
2036-2040	0	96,000	96,000
Total	\$ <u>929,796</u>	\$ <u>18,087,000</u>	\$ <u>19,016,796</u>

#### 6. Long-Term Debt (continued)

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt, including accrued compensated absences, net other postemployment benefits (OPEB), and net pension liability for the year ended May 31, 2020:

	Balance <u>06-01-19</u>	Additions	Reductions	Balance 05-31-20
General Obligation	\$ 1,226,138	\$ 0	\$ 296,342	\$ 929,796
Revenue Bonds	19,390,000	0	1,303,000	18,087,000
Compensated Absences (Note 1.I)	2,842,884	14,895	0	2,857,779
Net OPEB	5,196,017	1,237,437	0	6,433,454
Net Pension Liability	<u>24,869,373</u>	478,338	0	<u>25,347,711</u>
Total	\$ <u>53,524,412</u>	\$ <u>1,730,670</u>	\$ <u>1,599,342</u>	\$ <u>53,655,740</u>

# 7. Dedication of Proceeds and Flow of Funds-Sales and Use Tax

The City of Natchitoches levies two 1%, and one .5% sales and use tax, all with indefinite expiration dates. One of the 1% sales and use tax levies is dedicated to the General Fund, to be used as operating monies. Collections for 2020 were \$4,140,060. The .5% levy is dedicated to the Police Department. Collections for 2020 were \$2,070,030.

Proceeds of the other 1% tax are dedicated to the following purposes:

- 1. To pay the reasonable cost of the collection and administration of the tax.
- 2. To pay DEQ advances and to pay interest and principal on sales tax bonds to be issued to finance sewer construction.
- 3. Any excess after the above payments are made is dedicated and can be used for any one or more of the following: construction, extending, maintaining, and improving sewers and sewerage disposal works, waterworks facilities, recreation parks/facilities, and purchasing and acquiring the necessary land, equipment and furnishings for the aforesaid public works.

#### 8. Flow of Funds, Restriction on Use-Enterprise Fund

Under the terms of the bond indentures relating to Utility Revenue Bonds, all income and revenues (hereinafter referred to as revenue) of every nature, earned or derived from operations of the Utility System are pledged and dedicated to the retirement of said bonds, and are to be set aside into the following special accounts:

- 1. Out of revenue, to the "Operations and Maintenance Account", an amount sufficient to provide for expenses of the system.
- 2. Each month, there should be set aside into an account called the "Sinking Fund", an amount constituting 1/12 of the next maturing yearly installment principal payment, and 1/6 of the next six month interest payment. These funds can only be used for payment of bond principal and interest.

# 8. Flow of Funds, Restriction on Use-Enterprise Fund (continued)

- 3. There should also be set aside into a "Bond Reserve Account", an amount equal to 20% of the principal and interest payments required during the current fiscal year until there shall have been accumulated in the Reserve Account an amount equal to the maximum principal and interest requirements in any one maturity year. These monies may be used only for the payment of maturing bonds and interest for which sufficient funds are not on deposit in the "Bond and Interest Redemption Account".
- 4. Funds must also be set aside into a "Contingency Account" at the rate of 7% of the adjusted income of the Utility Fund. Money in this account may also be used to pay principal and interest on the bonds falling due at a time when there is not sufficient money for payment in the other bond funds. This fund can be used for major repairs to the system. The amount in the account should not be reduced below \$15,000. No payment is required to be made into this fund anytime the balance equals or exceeds \$1,000,000.
- 5. All of the revenue received in any fiscal year and not required to be paid in such fiscal year into any of the above noted funds shall be regarded as surplus and may be used for any lawful purpose.
- 9. Employment Retirement Systems

Substantially all employees of the City are members of the Municipal Employees Retirement System of Louisiana (MERS), Municipal Police Employees Retirement System of Louisiana (MPERS), Firefighters' Retirement System of Louisiana (FRS), or the Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System (LASERS). These systems are cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by separate boards of trustees. Pertinent information relative to each plan follows:

A. General Information about the Plans

# Municipal Employees Retirement System of Louisiana (MERS)

# Plan Description

MERS was originally established by Act 356 of the 1954 regular session of the Legislature of the State of Louisiana to provide retirement benefits to employees of all incorporated villages, towns and cities within the state, which did not have their own retirement system and which elected to become members of MERS.

Act 569 of the year 1968 established by the Legislature of the State of Louisiana provides an optional method for municipalities to cancel Social Security and come under supplementary benefits in MERS, effective on and after June 30, 1970. Effective October 1, 1978, under Act 788, the "regular plan" and the "supplemental plan" were replaced and are now known as Plan "A" and Plan "B". Plan A combines the original plan and the supplemental plan for those municipalities participating in both plans, while Plan B participates in only the original plan.

Membership is mandatory as a condition of employment beginning on the date employed if the employee is on a permanent basis working at least 35 hours per week. Individuals paid jointly by a participating employer and the parish are not eligible for membership in MERS with exceptions as outlined in the statutes. MERS issues an annual publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System, which can be obtained at <u>www.lla.state.la.us</u>.

### A. General Information about the Plans continued

#### Benefits Provided

The following is a description of the plan and its benefits and is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to the appropriate statutes for more complete information.

#### Retirement

Any member of Plan A who commenced participation prior to January 1, 2013 can retire providing he meets one of the following criteria:

- 1. Any age with twenty-five or more years of creditable service.
- 2. Age 60 with a minimum of ten years of creditable service.
- 3. Any age with 20 years of creditable service, exclusive of military service and unused annual and sick leave, with an actuarially reduced early benefit.

Generally, the monthly amount of the retirement allowance for any member of Plan A shall consist of an amount equal to three percent of the member's monthly average final compensation multiplied by his years of creditable service. Final average compensation is the average monthly earnings during the highest sixty consecutive months, or joined months if service was interrupted. However, under certain conditions as outlined in the statutes, the benefits are limited to specified amounts. An additional regular retirement benefit can be received for any city marshal or deputy city marshal. See Plan Booklet for further details.

Any member of Plan A Tier 2 can retire providing he meets one of the following criteria:

- 1. Age 67 with seven years of creditable service.
- 2. Age 62 with ten years of creditable service.
- 3. Age 55 with thirty years of creditable service.
- 4. Any age with twenty five years of creditable service, exclusive of military service and unused annual and sick leave, with an actuarially reduced early benefit.

Generally, the monthly amount of the retirement allowance for any member of Plan A Tier 2 shall consist of an amount equal to three percent of the member's monthly average final compensation multiplied by his years of creditable service. Final average compensation is the average monthly earnings during the highest sixty consecutive months, or joined months if service was interrupted. However, under certain conditions as outlined in the statutes, the benefits are limited to specified amounts. Any city marshal or deputy city marshal shall receive an additional regular benefit computed on supplemental marshal's earnings. See Plan Booklet for further details.

#### Survivor's Benefits

Upon the death of any member of Plan A with five or more years of creditable service, not eligible for retirement, the plan provides for benefits for the surviving spouse and minor children as outlined in the statutes.

Any member of Plan A who is eligible for normal retirement at time of death and who leaves a surviving spouse will be deemed to have retired and selected Option 2 benefits on behalf of the surviving spouse on the date of death. Such benefits will begin only upon proper application and are paid in lieu of any other survivor benefits.

#### A. General Information about the Plans continued

### **Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP)**

In lieu of terminating employment and accepting a service retirement allowance, any member of Plan A who is eligible to retire may elect to participate in DROP for up to three years and defer the receipt of benefits. During participation in the plan, employer contributions are payable but employee contributions cease. The monthly retirement benefits that would be payable, had the person elected to cease employment and receive a service retirement allowance, are paid into the DROP Fund. Interest is earned when the member has completed DROP participation. Interest earnings are based upon the actual rate of return on the investments identified as DROP funds for the period. In addition, no cost-of-living increases are payable to participants until employment which made them eligible to become members of the MERS has been terminated for at least one full year.

Upon termination of employment prior to or at the end of the specified period of participation, a participant in DROP may receive, at his option, a lump sum from the account equal to the payments into the account, a true annuity based upon his account balance in that fund, or any other method of payment if approved by the board of trustees. If a participant dies during participation in DROP, a lump sum equal to the balance in his account shall be paid to his named beneficiary or, if none, to his estate. If employment is not terminated at the end of the three years, payments into the DROP fund cease and the person resumes active contributing membership in MERS.

# **Disability Benefits**

For Plan A, a member shall be eligible to retire and receive a disability benefit if they have at least five years of creditable service, is not eligible for normal retirement, and has been officially certified as disabled by the State Medical Disability Board. Upon retirement caused by disability, a member of Plan A shall be paid a disability benefit equal to the lesser of (1) an amount equal to three percent of the member's current final compensation multiplied by his/her years of creditable service, but not less than forty-five percent of his final compensation, or (2) an amount equal to what the member's normal retirement benefit would be based on the member's current final compensation, but assuming the member remained in continuous service until his earliest normal retirement age and using those retirement benefit computation factors which would be applicable to the member's normal retirement.

#### **Cost-of-Living Increases**

MERS is authorized under state law to grant a cost of living increase to members who have been retired for at least one year. The adjustment cannot exceed 2% of the retiree's original benefit for each full calendar year since retirement and may only be granted if sufficient funds are available from investment income in excess of normal requirements. State law allows MERS to grant additional cost of living increases to all retirees and beneficiaries who are age sixty-five and above equal to 2% of the benefit being received on October 1, 1977, or the original benefit, if retirement commenced after that date.

#### A. General Information about the Plans continued

#### **Deferred Benefits**

Both plans provide for deferred benefits for members who terminate before being eligible for retirement. Once the member reaches the appropriate age for retirement, benefits become payable. Benefits are based on statutes in effect at time of withdrawal.

#### Contributions

According to state statute, contribution requirements for all employers are actuarially determined each year. For the year ending June 30, 2019, the employer contribution rate was 26.00% of member's earnings for Plan A.

According to state statute, MERS also receives one-fourth (1/4) of 1% of ad valorem taxes collected within the respective parishes except for Orleans. Tax monies are apportioned between Plan A and Plan B in proportion to salaries of plan participants. MERS also receives revenue sharing funds each year as appropriated by the Legislature. These additional sources of income are used as additional employer contributions and considered support from non-employer contributing entities, but are not considered special funding situations. The non-employer contribution was \$182,707.

The City's contractually required composite contribution rate for the year ended May 31, 2020 was 27.75% of annual payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability.

Contributions to the pension plan from the City were \$1,464,641 for the year ended May 31, 2020.

# Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System (MPERS)

# Plan Description

MPERS was established by and the benefit provisions are authorized within Act 189 of 1973 and amended by Louisiana Revised Statutes 11:2211 - 11:2233. Participants should refer to the appropriate statutes for more complete information.

Membership is mandatory for any full-time police officer employed by a municipality of the State of Louisiana and engaged in law enforcement, empowered to make arrests, provided he or she does not have to pay social security and providing he or she meets the statutory criteria. MPERS issues an annual publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System, which can be obtained at <u>www.lampers.org</u> or <u>www.lla.state.la.us</u>.

# **Benefits** Provided

The following is a description of the plan and its benefits and is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to the appropriate statutes for more complete information.

#### A. General Information about the Plans continued

#### Retirement

#### Membership Prior to January 1, 2013

A member is eligible for regular retirement after he has been a member of MPERS and has 25 years of creditable service at any age or has 20 years of creditable service and is age 50 or has 12 years creditable service and is age 55. A member is eligible for early retirement after he has been a member of MPERS for 20 years of creditable service at any age with an actuarially reduced benefit.

Benefit rates are 3.33% of average final compensation (average monthly earnings during the highest 36 consecutive months or joined months if service was interrupted) per number of years of creditable service not to exceed 100% of final salary.

Upon the death of an active contributing member, or disability retiree, the plan provides for surviving spouses and minor children. Under certain conditions outlined in the statutes, the benefits range from 40% to 60% of the member's average final compensation for the surviving spouse. In addition, each child under age 18 receives benefits equal to 10% of the member's average final compensation or \$200 per month, whichever is greater.

### Membership Commencing January 1, 2013

Membership eligibility for regular retirement, early retirement, disability and survivor benefits are based on Hazardous Duty and Non Hazardous Duty sub plans. Under the Hazardous Duty sub plan, a member is eligible for regular retirement after he has been a member of MPERS and has 25 years of creditable service at any age or has 12 years creditable service at age 55. Under the Non Hazardous Duty sub plan, a member is eligible for regular retirement after he has been a member of MPERS and has 30 years of creditable service at any age, 25 years of creditable service at age 55, or 10 years of creditable service at age 60. Under both sub plans, a member is eligible for early retirement after he has been a member of MPERS for 20 years of creditable service at any age, with an actuarially reduced benefit from age 55.

Under the Hazardous and Non Hazardous Duty sub plans, the benefit rates are 3% (generally) and 2.5%, respectively, of average final compensation (average monthly earnings during the highest 60 consecutive months or joined months if service was interrupted) per number of years of creditable service not to exceed 100% of final salary.

Upon the death of an active contributing member, or disability retiree, the plan provides for surviving spouses and minor children. Under certain conditions outlined in the statutes, the benefits range from 25% to 55% of the member's average final compensation for the surviving spouse. In addition, each child under age 18 receives 10% of average final compensation or \$200 per month whichever is greater. If deceased member had less than 10 years of service, beneficiary will receive a refund of employee contributions only.

#### A. General Information about the Plans continued

#### **Cost-of-Living Increases**

The Board of Trustees is authorized to provide annual cost-of-living adjustments (COLA) computed on the amount of the current regular retirement, disability, beneficiary or survivor's benefit, not to exceed 3% in any given year. The Board is authorized to provide an additional 2% COLA, computed on the member's original benefit, to all regular retirees, disability, survivors and beneficiaries who are 65 years of age or older on the cut-off date which determines eligibility.

No regular retiree, survivor or beneficiary shall be eligible to receive a cost-of-living adjustment until benefits have been received at least one full fiscal year and the payment of such COLA, when authorized, shall not be effective until the lapse of at least one-half of the fiscal year.

A COLA may only be granted if funds are available from interest earnings in excess of normal requirements, as determined by the actuary.

# **Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP)**

A member is eligible to elect to enter DROP when he is eligible for regular retirement based on the members' sub plan participation. Upon filing the application for the program, the employee's active membership in MPERS is terminated. At the entry date into DROP, the employee and employer contributions cease. The amount to be deposited into the DROP account is equal to the benefit computed under the retirement plan elected by the participant at date of application. The duration of participation in the DROP is 36 months or less. If employment is terminated after the three-year period the participant may receive his benefits by lump sum payment or a true annuity. If employment is not terminated, active contributing membership into MPERS shall resume and upon later termination, he shall receive additional retirement benefits based on the additional service. For those eligible to enter DROP prior to January 1, 2004, DROP accounts shall earn interest subsequent to the termination of DROP participation at a rate of half of one percentage point below the percentage rate of return of MPERS' investment portfolio as certified by the actuary on an annual basis but will never lose money. For those eligible to enter DROP subsequent to January 1, 2004, an irrevocable election is made to earn interest based on MPERS' investment portfolio return or a money market investment return. This could result in a negative earnings rate being applied to the account.

If the member elects a money market investment return, the funds are transferred to a government money market account and earn interest at the money market rate.

#### **Initial Benefit Option Plan**

In 1999, the State Legislature authorized MPERS to establish an Initial Benefit Option program. Initial Benefit Option is available to members who are eligible for regular retirement and have not participated in DROP. The Initial Benefit Option program provides both a one-time single sum payment of up to 36 months of regular monthly retirement benefits, plus a reduced monthly retirement benefit for life. Interest is computed on the balance based on the same criteria as DROP.

#### A. General Information about the Plans continued

#### Contributions

Contributions for all members are actuarially determined as required by state law but cannot be less than 9% of the employees' earnable compensation excluding overtime but including state supplemental pay.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the employer and employee contribution rates for all members hired prior to January 1, 2013 and Hazardous Duty members hired after January 1, 2013 were 32.25% and 10%, respectively. The employer and employee contribution rates for all Non Hazardous Duty members hired after January 1, 2013 were 32.25% and 8%, respectively. The employer and employee contribution rates for all members whose earnable compensation is less than or equal to the poverty guidelines issued by the United States Department of Health and Human Services were 34.75% and 7.5%, respectively.

The System also receives insurance premium tax monies as additional employer contributions. The tax is considered support from a non-contributing entity and appropriated by the legislature each year based on an actuarial study. Non-employer contributions of \$175,833 are recognized as revenue, but are not considered special funding situations.

The City's contractually required composite contribution rate for the year ended May 31, 2020 was 32.50% of annual payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability.

Contributions to the pension plan from the City were \$839,539 for the year ended May 31, 2020.

# Firefighters' Retirement System of Louisiana (FRS)

FRS was established by Act 434 of 1979 to provide retirement, disability and survivor benefits to firefighters in Louisiana. The projections of benefit payments in the calculation of the total pension liability includes all benefits to be provided to current active and inactive employees through FRS in accordance with benefit terms and any additional legal agreements to provide benefits that are in force at the measurement date.

Benefit provisions are authorized within Act 434 of 1979 and amended by Louisiana Revised Statutes 11:2251 - 11:2272. The following is a brief description of the plan and its benefits and is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to the appropriate statutes for more complete information.

Any person who becomes an employee as defined in RS 11:2252 on and after January 1, 1980, shall become a member as a condition of employment. Membership in FRS consist of full-time firefighters, eligible employees of the retirement system, or any person in a position as defined in the municipal fire and police civil service system that earns at least \$375 per month, excluding state supplemental pay, and are employed by a fire department of any municipality, parish, or fire protection district of the State of Louisiana.

#### A. General Information about the Plans continued

No person who has attained age 50 or over shall become a member of FRS, unless the person becomes a member by reason of a merger or unless FRS received an application for membership before the applicant attained the age of 50. No person who has not attained the age of 18 years shall become a member of FRS.

Any person who has retired from service under any retirement system or pension fund maintained basically for public officers and employees of the state, its agencies or political subdivisions, and who is receiving retirement benefits therefrom may become a member of FRS, provided the person meets all other requirements for membership. Service credit from the retirement system or pension plan from which the member is retired shall not be used for reciprocal recognition of service with FRS, or for any other purpose in order to attain eligibility or increase the amount of service credit in FRS.

FRS issues an annual publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System, which can be obtained at <u>www.lafirefightersret.com</u> or <u>www.lla.state.la.us</u>.

# Benefits Provided

The following is a description of the plan and its benefits and is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to the appropriate statutes for more complete information.

# Retirement

Employees with 20 or more years of service who have attained age 50, or employees who have 12 years of service who have attained age 55, or 25 years of service at any age are entitled to annual pension benefits equal to 3.333% of their average final compensation based on the 36 consecutive months of highest pay multiplied by their total years of service, not to exceed 100%. Employees may elect to receive their pension benefits in the form of a joint and survivor annuity.

If employees terminate before completing 12 years of service, they forfeit the right to receive the portion of their accumulated plan benefits attributable to their employer's contributions.

Benefits are payable over the retirees' lives in the form of a monthly annuity. An employee may elect an unreduced benefit or any of seven options at retirement.

See R.S. 11:2256(A) for additional details on retirement benefits.

# **Disability Benefits**

A member who acquires a disability, and who files for disability benefits while in service, and who upon medical examination and certification as provided for in Title 11, is found to have a total disability solely as the result of injuries sustained in the performance of his official duties, or for any cause, provided the member has at least five years of creditable service and provided that the disability was incurred while the member was an active contributing member in active service, shall be entitled to disability benefits under the provisions of R.S. 11:2258(B).

#### A. General Information about the Plans continued

### **Death Benefits**

Benefits shall be payable to the surviving eligible spouse or designated beneficiary of a deceased member as specified in R.S. 11:2256(B) & (C).

# **Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP)**

After completing 20 years of creditable service and attaining the age of 50 years, or 25 years at any age, a member may elect to participate in DROP for up to 36 months.

Upon commencement of participation in DROP, employer and employee contributions to FRS cease. The monthly retirement benefit that would have been payable is paid into the member's DROP account. Upon termination of employment, a participant in the program has several options to receive their DROP benefit. A member may (1) elect to roll over all or a portion of their DROP balance into another eligible qualified plan, (2) receive a lump-sum payment from the account, (3) receive single withdrawals at the discretion of the member, (4) receive monthly or annual withdrawals, or (5) receive annuity based on the DROP account balance. These withdrawals are in addition to his regular monthly benefit.

If employment is not terminated at the end of the 36 months, the participant resumes regular contributions to FRS. No withdrawals may be made from the DROP account until the participant retires.

#### **Initial Benefit Option Plan**

Effective June 16, 1999, members eligible to retire and who do not choose to participate in DROP may elect to receive, at the time of retirement, an initial benefit option (IBO) in an amount up to 36 months of benefits, with an actuarial reduction of their future benefits. Such amounts may be withdrawn or remain in the IBO account earning interest at the same rate as the DROP account.

#### **Cost-of-Living Increases**

Under the provisions of R.S. 11:246 and 11:2260(A)(7), the board of trustees is authorized to grant retired members and widows of members who have retired an annual cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) increase of up to 3% of their current benefit, and all retired members and widows who are 65 years of age and older a 2% increase in their original benefit. In order for the board to grant either of these increases, FRS must meet certain criteria detailed in the statute related to funding status and interest earnings (R.S. 11:243). In lieu of these COLAs, pursuant to R.S. 11:241, the board may also grant an increase based on a formula equal to up to \$1 times the total number of years of credited service accrued at retirement or at death of the member or retiree plus the number of years since retirement or since dearth of the member or retiree to FRS's fiscal year end preceding the payment of the benefit increase. If there are not sufficient funds to fund the benefit at the rate of one dollar per year for such total number of years, then the rate shall be reduced in proportion to the amount of funds that are available to fund the COLA.

#### A. General Information about the Plans continued

#### **Contributions**

Employer contributions are actuarially determined each year. For the measurement date of June 30, 2019, employer and employee contributions for members above the poverty line were 26.50% and 10%, respectively. The employer and employee contribution rates for those members below the poverty line were 28.50% and 8.0%, respectively.

According to state statute, FRS receives insurance premium assessments from the State of Louisiana as additional employer contributions. The assessment is considered support from a non-contributing entity and appropriated by the legislature each year based on an actuarial study. Non-employer contributions of \$241,802 are recognized as revenue, but are not considered special funding situations.

The City's contractually required composite contribution rate for the year ended May 31, 2020 was 27.75% of annual payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the City were \$603,670 for the year ended May 31, 2020.

# Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System (LASERS)

#### Plan Description

LASERS was established for the purpose of providing retirement allowances and other benefits as stated under Section 401 of Title 11 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes (La. R.S. 11:401), as amended, for eligible state officers, employees and their beneficiaries. The projection of benefit payments in the calculation of the total pension liability includes all benefits to be provided to current active and inactive employees through LASERS in accordance with the benefit terms and any additional legal agreements to provide benefits that are in force at the measurement date. LASERS issues an annual publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information, which can be obtained at www.laseronline.org.

# Benefits Provided

The following is a description of the plan and its benefits and is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to the appropriate statutes for more complete information.

#### Retirement

The age and years of creditable service required in order for a member to retire with full benefits are established by statute, and vary depending on the member's hire date, employer, and job classification. Our rank and file members hired prior to July 1, 2006, may either retire with full benefits at any age upon completing 30 years of creditable service, at age 55 upon completing 25 years of creditable service, and at age 60 upon completing ten years of creditable service depending on their plan. Those members hired between July 1, 2006 and June 1, 2015, may retire at age 60

#### A. General Information about the Plans continued

upon completing five years of creditable service and those hired on or after July 1, 2015 may retire at age 62 upon completing five years of creditable service. The basic annual retirement benefit for members is equal to 2.5% to 3.5% of average compensation multiplied by the number of years of creditable service. Additionally, members may choose to retire with 20 years of service at any age, with an actuarially reduced benefit.

Average compensation is defined as the member's average annual earned compensation for the highest 36 consecutive months of employment for members employed prior to July 1, 2006. For members hired July 1, 2006 or later, average compensation is based on the member's average annual earned compensation for the highest 60 consecutive months of employment. The maximum annual retirement benefit cannot exceed the lesser of 100% of average compensation or a certain specified dollar amount of actuarially determined monetary limits, which vary depending upon the member's age at retirement. Judges, court officers, and certain elected officials receive an additional annual retirement benefit equal to 1.0% of average compensation multiplied by the number of years of creditable service in their respective capacity. As an alternative to the basic retirement benefits, a member may elect to receive their retirement benefits throughout their life, with certain benefits being paid to their designated beneficiary after their death.

Act 992 of the 2010 Louisiana Regular Legislative Session, changed the benefit structure for LASERS members hired on or after January 1, 2011. This resulted in three new plans: regular, hazardous duty, and judges. The new regular plan includes regular members and those members who were formerly eligible to participate in specialty plans, excluding hazardous duty and judges. Regular members and judges are eligible to retire at age 60 after five years of creditable service and, may also retire at any age, with a reduced benefit, after 20 years of creditable service. Hazardous duty members are eligible to retire with twelve years of creditable service at age 55, 25 years of creditable service at any age or with a reduced benefit after 20 years of creditable service. Average compensation will be based on the member's average annual earned compensation for the highest 60 consecutive months of employment for all three new plans. Members in the regular plan will receive a 2.5% accrual rate, hazardous duty plan a 3.33% accrual rate, and judges a 3.5% accrual rate. The extra 1.0% accrual rate for each year of service for court officers, the governor, lieutenant governor, legislators, House clerk, sergeants at arms, or Senate secretary, employed after January 1, 2011, was eliminated by Act 992. Specialty plan and regular members, hired prior to January 1, 2011, who are hazardous duty employees have the option to transition to the new hazardous duty plan.

Act 226 of the 2014 Louisiana Regular Legislative Session established new retirement eligibility for members of LASERS hired on or after July 1, 2015, excluding hazardous duty plan members. Regular members and judges under the new plan are eligible to retire at age 62 after five years of creditable service and, may also retire at any age, with a reduced benefit, after 20 years of creditable service. Average compensation will be based on the member's average annual earned compensation for the highest 60 consecutive months of employment. Members in the regular plan will receive 2.5% accrual rate, and judges a 3.5% accrual rate, with the extra 1.0% accrual rate based on all years of service as a judge.

#### A. General Information about the Plans continued

A member leaving employment before attaining minimum retirement age, but after completing certain minimum service requirements, becomes eligible for a benefit provided the member lives to the minimum service retirement age, and does not withdraw their accumulated contributions. The minimum service requirement for benefits varies depending upon the member's employer and service classification.

#### **Deferred Retirement Benefits**

The State Legislature authorized LASERS to establish a Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP). When a member enters DROP, their status changes from active member to retiree even though they continue to work and draw their salary for a period of up to three years. The election is irrevocable once participation begins. During DROP participation, accumulated retirement benefits that would have been paid to each retiree are separately tracked. For members who entered DROP prior to January 1, 2004, interest at a rate of one-half percent less than LASERS realized return on its portfolio (not to be less than zero) will be credited to the retiree after participation ends. At that time, the member must choose among available alternatives for the distribution of benefits that have accumulated in the DROP account. Members who enter DROP on or after January 1, 2004, are required to participate in LASERS Self-Directed Plan (SDP) which is administered by a third-party provider. The SDP allows DROP participants to choose from a menu of investment options for the allocation of their DROP balances. Participants may diversify their investments by choosing from an approved list of mutual funds with different holdings, management styles, and risk factors.

Members eligible to retire and who do not choose to participate in DROP may elect to receive at the time of retirement an initial benefit option (IBO) in an amount up to 36 months of benefits, with an actuarial reduction of their future benefits. For members who selected the IBO option prior to January 1, 2004, such amount may be withdrawn or remain in the IBO account earning interest at a rate of one-half percent less than LASERS realized return on its portfolio (not to be less than zero). Those members who select the IBO on or after January 1, 2004, are required to enter the SDP as described above.

# **Disability Benefits**

Generally, active members with ten or more years of credited service who become disabled may receive a maximum disability retirement benefit equivalent to the regular retirement formula without reduction by reason of age.

Upon reaching age 60, the disability retiree may receive a regular retirement benefit by making application to the Board of Trustees.

For injuries sustained in the line of duty, hazardous duty personnel in the Hazardous Duty Services Plan will receive a disability benefit equal to 75% of final average compensation or 100% of final average compensation if the injury was the result of an intentional act of violence.

#### A. General Information about the Plans continued

#### Survivor's Benefits

Certain eligible surviving dependents receive benefits based on the deceased member's compensation and their relationship to the deceased. The deceased regular member hired before January 1, 2011 who was in state service at the time of death must have a minimum of five years of service credit, at least two of which were earned immediately prior to death, or who had a minimum of twenty years of service credit regardless of when earned, in order for a benefit to be paid to a minor or handicapped child. Benefits are payable to an unmarried child until age 18, or age 23 if the child remains a full-time student. The aforementioned minimum service credit requirement is ten years for a surviving spouse with no minor children, and benefits are to be paid for life to the spouse or qualified handicapped child.

The deceased regular member hired on or after January 1, 2011, must have a minimum of five years of service credit regardless of when earned in order for a benefit to be paid to a minor child. The aforementioned minimum service credit requirements for a surviving spouse are 10 years, 2 years being earned immediately prior to death, and active state service at the time of death, or a minimum of 20 years of service credit regardless of when earned. A deceased member's spouse must have been married for at least one year before death.

# Permanent Benefit Increases/Cost-of-Living Adjustments

As fully described in Title 11 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes, FRS allows for the payment of permanent benefit increases, also known as cost-of-living adjustments (COLAs), that are funded through investment earnings when recommended by the Board of Trustees and approved by the State Legislature.

# Contributions

The employer contribution rate is established annually under R.S. 11:101-11:104 by the Public Retirement Systems' Actuarial Committee (PRSAC), taking into consideration the recommendation of the System's Actuary. Each plan pays a separate actuarially-determined employer contribution rate. However, all assets of LASERS are used for the payment of benefits for all classes of members, regardless of their plan membership. Rates for the year ended June 30, 2019 were as follows:

Plan	Plan Status	Employer Contribution Rate
Appellate Law Clerks	Closed	37.90%
Appellate Law Clerks hired on or after 7/1/06	Open	37.90%
Alcohol Tobacco Control	Closed	31.40%
Bridge Police	Closed	36.70%
Bridge Police hired on or after 7/1/06	Closed	36.70%
Corrections Primary	Closed	33.50%
Corrections Secondary	Closed	37.70%

# A. General Information about the Plans continued

Plan	Plan Status	Employer Contribution Rate
Harbor Police	Closed	7.10%
Hazardous Duty	Open	38.50%
Judges hired before 1/1/2011	Closed	40.10%
Judges hired after 12/31/2010	Closed	39.00%
Judges hired on or after 7/1/15	Open	39.00%
Legislators Optional Retirement Plan (ORP)	Closed	41.60%
Hired before 7/1/06	Closed	37.90%
Hired on or after 7/1/06	Closed	37.90%
Peace Officers	Closed	36.70%
Regular Employees		
Hired before 7/1/06	Closed	37.90%
Hired on or after 7/1/06	Closed	37.90%
Hired on or after 1/1/2011	Closed	37.90%
Hired on or after $7/1/15$	Open	37.90%
Special Legislative Employees	Closed	43.60%
Wildlife Agents	Closed	46.30%
Aggregate Rate		37.90%

The City's contractually required composite contribution rate for the year ended May 31, 2020 was 42.40% of annual payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the City were \$5,065 for the year ended May 31, 2020.

B. <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows</u> of Resources Related to Pensions

At May 31, 2020, the City reported a total of \$25,347,711 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liabilities of the Plans.

Plan	Measurement Date				
	June 30, 2019 June 30, 2018				
MERS	\$11,897,468	\$12,578,749			
MPERS	7,756,577	7,187,956			
FRS	5,648,168	5,057,929			
LASERS	45,498	44,739			
Total	\$25,347,711	\$24,869,373			

# B. <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows</u> of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

The Net Pension Liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liabilities were determined by an actuarial valuation as of those dates. The City's proportion of the Net Pension Liabilities was based on the employer's contribution effort to the plan for the current fiscal year as compared to the total of all employers' contribution effort to the plan for the current fiscal year. At the measurement dates, the City's proportions of each were as follows:

Plan	Proportionate Share				
	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018			
MERS	2.84720%	3.03785%			
MPERS	.85409%	.85024%			
FRS	.90199%	.87932%			
LASERS	.00063%	.00066%			
Total	4.60391%	4.76807%			

For the year ended May 31, 2020 and 2019, the City recognized pension expense including employer's amortization of change in proportionate share and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions as follows:

Plan	Measurement Date		
	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	
MERS	\$2,073,328	\$1,932,509	
MPERS	1,436,725	1,116,107	
FRS	1,061,206	813,188	
LASERS	4,507	3,809	
Total	\$4,575,766	\$3,865,613	

At May 31, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	MERS		MPERS		FF	RS	LAS	ERS	Tc	tal
	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Differences between expected and actual experience	74	290,286	16,275	238,635	in the	407,427	279	95	16,554	936,443
Changes in Assumptions	300,661		434,664		513,846	411	390	. <del></del>	1,249,561	411
Net Difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan	1,179,972	-	503,932	1	379,823	-	1,572	( <b>-</b> 1)	2,065,299	
Changes in employer's proportion of beg NPL	338,762	448,505	172,862	27,864	190,840	204,621	-	1,519	702,464	682,509
Differences between employer and proportionate share of contributions		49,134	373	128	3,656	2,098	9	11	4,038	51,371
Subsequent Measurement Contributions	1,358,485		766.926	ē	559,531	-	4.664	-	2,689,606	-
Total	3,177,880	787,925	1,895,032	266,627	1,647,696	614,557	6,914	1,625	6,727,522	1,670,734

# B. <u>Pension Liabilities</u>, <u>Pension Expense</u>, and <u>Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows</u> of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date in the amount of \$2,689,606, will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liabilities in the year May 31, 2020. Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended May 31:	
2021	\$1,386,106
2022	51,250
2023	464,531
2024	372,171
2025	56,121
2026	37,003
Total	\$2,367,182

#### Actuarial Assumptions

A summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used in determining the total pension liabilities for the valuation date of June 30, 2019 are as follows:

Assumptions	<u>MERS</u>	MPERS	FRS	LASERS
	Entry age	Entry age normal	Entry age normal	Entry age normal
Actuarial cost method	normal cost	cost	cost	cost
Expected remaining				
service lives	3 years	4 years	7 years	2 years
Investment rate				
of return	7.000%	7.125%	7.150%	7.600%
Inflation rate	2.500%	2.500%	2.500%	2.500%
	Varies from	Varies from	Varies from	Varies from
	4.5% to 6.4%	9.75% to 4.25%	14.75% to 4.50%	14.0% to 3.2%
	depending on	depending on	depending on	depending on type
Salary increases	years of	years of service	years of service	of member
	service			

Mortality rates for MERS were based on PubG-2010(B) Healthy Retiree Table set equal to 120% for males and females, each adjusted using their respective male and female MP2018 scales were selected for annuitants and beneficiaries. PubG-2010(B) Employee Table set equal to 120% for males and females, each adjusted using their respective male and female MP2018 scales was selected for employees. PubNS-2010(B) Disabled Retiree Table set equal to 120% for males and females, each adjusted using their respective male and female MP2018 scales was selected for employees. PubNS-2010(B) Disabled Retiree Table set equal to 120% for males and females, each adjusted using their respective male and female MP2018 scales was selected for disabled annuitants. The actuarial assumptions used were based on the results of an experience study, for the period July 2013 through June 30, 2018.

Mortality rates for MPERS were based on RP-2000 Combined Healthy with Blue Collar Adjustment Sex Distinct Tables projected to 2029 by Scale AA (set back 1 year for females) for healthy annuitants and beneficiaries. RP-2000 Disabled Lives Table set back 5 years for males and set back 3 years for

# B. <u>Pension Liabilities</u>, <u>Pension Expense</u>, and <u>Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows</u> of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

females for disabled annuitants. RP-2000 Employee Table set back 4 years for males and 3 years for females for active members. The mortality rate assumptions used was set based upon an experience study performed by the prior actuary on plan data for the period of July 1, 2009 through June 30, 2014, and review of similar law enforcement mortality.

Mortality rates for FRS were based on RP-2000 Combined Healthy with Blue Collar Adjustment Sex Distinct Tables projected to 2031 using Scale AA for employees, annuitants and beneficiaries. RP-2000 Disabled Lives Mortality Table set back five years for males and set back three years for females for disabled annuitants. Setbacks in these tables were used to approximate mortality improvement. The mortality rate assumption was based upon an experience study performed by the prior actuary on plan data for the period of July 1, 2009 through June 30, 2014.

Mortality rates for LASERS were based on RP-2014 Healthy Mortality Table with mortality improvement projected using the MP-2018 Mortality Improvement Scale, applied on a fully generational basis for non-disabled members. RP-2000 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table, with no projection for mortality improvement for disabled members. Termination, disability, and retirement assumptions were based upon an experience study performed by the prior actuary on plan data for the period of 2014-2018.

The long-term expected rate of return on MERS, MPERS, FRS, and LASERS pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

These rates are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation and an adjustment for the effect of rebalancing/diversification.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in pensions target asset allocation as of June 30, 2019 are summarized in the following table:

	М	ERS	М	PERS	F	RS	LASERS
<u>Asset Clas</u> s	Target	Long-	Target	Long-Term	Target	Long-	Long-
	Asset	Term	Asset	Expected	Asset	Term	Term
	<u>Alloc.</u>	Expected	<u>Alloc.</u>	Portfolio	<u>Alloc.</u>	Expected	Expected
		Portfolio		<u>Real Rate</u>		Portfolio	Portfolio
		<u>Real Rate</u>		<u>of Return</u>		<u>Real Rate</u>	Real Rate
		<u>of Return</u>				<u>of Return</u>	<u>of Return</u>
Public Equity							
	50%	2.15%	48.5%	3.28%	49%	20.09%	10.66%
Public Fixed							
Income	35%	1.51%	38.5%	0.80%	31%	2.17%	7.28%
Alternatives	15%	0.64%	18.0%	1.06%	10%	14.66%	8.32%
Other	0%	<u>0.00</u> %	<u>0.0</u> %	<u>0.00</u> %	<u>    10</u> %	9.04%	5.30%
Totals	<u>100</u> %	4.30%	<u>100.0</u> %	5.14%	<u>100</u> %		
Inflation		2.70%		2.75%			
Expected							
Nominal							
Return		<u>7.00</u> %		<u>7.89</u> %			

# B. <u>Pension Liabilities</u>, <u>Pension Expense</u>, and <u>Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows</u> of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.0% for MERS, 7.2% for MPERS, 7.15% for FRS, and 7.6% for LASERS. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from participating employers will be made at the actuarially determined contribution rates, which are calculated in accordance with relevant statutes and approved by the Board of Trustees and the Public Retirement Systems' Actuarial Committee. Based on those assumptions, MERS, MPERS, FRS, and LASERS fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

# Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liabilities using the discount rates as shown above, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liabilities would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower or one percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	1.0% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1.0% Increase
MERS	\$15,512,171	\$11,897,468	\$8,841,351
MPERS	\$10,807,467	\$ 7,756,577	\$5,197,185
FRS	\$ 8,178,929	\$ 5,648,168	\$3,524,039
LAMPERS	\$ 57,424	\$ 45,498	\$ 35,424

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plans' fiduciary net positions are available in the separately issued financial statements of the Plans.

# Payables to the Pension Plan

These financial statements include a payable to the pension plan of \$291,477, which is the legally required contribution due at May 31, 2020. This amount is recorded in accrued expenses.

# 10. Pending Litigation/Contingencies

Various lawsuits are presently pending against the City of Natchitoches. Attorneys for the City are of the opinion that any judgments rendered in favor of the plaintiffs or payments resulting from compromise settlements, if any, will be within the limits of the various insurance coverages carried by the City.

In March, 2020, the World Health Organization declared the outbreak of novel coronavirus disease (COVID-19) as a pandemic. Although this matter has the potential to negatively impact the results of operations and financial position of the City, the related financial impact cannot be reasonably estimated at this time.

#### 11. Cash and Investments

The cash and cash equivalents of the City are subject to the following risks:

*Custodial Credit Risk.* Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the City will not be able to recover its deposits. Under state law, these deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal or exceed the amount on deposit with the fiscal bank. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties. Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1229 imposes a statutory requirement on the custodial bank to advertise and sell the pledged securities within 10 days of being notified by the City that the fiscal agent bank has failed to pay deposited funds upon demand. Further, Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1224 states that securities held by a third party shall be deemed to be held in the City's name.

*Interest Rate Risk.* This is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity is its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The City does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. However, as a means of offsetting exposure to interest rate risk, the City diversifies its investments by security type and institution.

*Credit Risk:* Generally, credit risk is the risk that the issuer of a debt type investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. U.S. government securities or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government are not considered to have credit risk exposure. The City's investments comply with Louisiana Statutes (LSA R.S. 33:2955). Under state law, the City may deposit funds with a fiscal agent organized under the laws of Louisiana, the laws of any other state in the union, or the laws of the United States. The City may invest in United States bonds, treasury notes and bills, government-backed agency securities, or certificates and time deposits of state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having principal offices in Louisiana.

Cash and investments are held separately by each of the City's funds. At May 31, 2020, cash and investments totaled \$25,058,115 (book balances), including \$4,435 cash on hand. Bank account and investment balances at May 31, 2020, totaled \$27,418,783, and of this amount \$4,234,321 was secured by government securities. The remaining amount was secured as follows: \$443,102 with FDIC insurance and \$22,741,360 with pledged securities.

11. Compensation of City Councilmen

A detail of compensation paid to individual council members for the year ended May 31, 2020 follows:

Don Mims	\$10,741
Charles Harrington	8,341
Sylvia Morrow	8,341
Dale A. Nielsen	8,341
Lawrence Batiste, Jr.	8,341
Total	\$44,105

### 12. Fund Deficits

The following individual funds have deficits in unassigned fund balances at May 31, 2020:

<u>Fund</u>	Deficit Amount
Special Revenue Funds-	
Employee Benefits	\$ 57,907
Events Center	169,963
BJA-Byme JAG	416
Knock-Knock Grant	5,282
LAC Traffic Enforcement	709
BJA-Byrne JAG-Police & NPSO	32,204
Domestic Violence Fund	1,167
2015 Revenue Note Reserve Fund	25,896
Capital Projects Funds-	
Capital Improvements-Streets	4,123,263
Pilgrim's Industrial Park	74,034
Airport Maintenance	338,335
Sports Complex Construction Fund	99,224
Airport Hangar	94,106
Parking Lot	40,898
LCDBG Sibley Lake Fund	240,558
Community Water Enrichment	20,236
Chaplain's Lake Water System	25,067
LWCF-Parc Natchitoches	28,742
Rue Beauport Riverfront	213,251
Eagle Building Project	225
Total	\$ <u>5.591.483</u>

Special Revenue Funds - These deficits will be funded by transfers from other funds in future years.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - These deficits are caused by ongoing construction and will be funded in the next fiscal year by grant revenues and by transfers from other funds.

In addition to deficit fund balances, the City has various funds which have cash overdrafts. The cash deficits totaling \$7,323,056 will be funded by interfund transfers in future years.

#### 13. On-Behalf Payments

Certain City employees of the City Police Department, City Fire Department and the City Marshal's Office receive supplemental pay from the State. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 24, the City has recorded revenues and expenditures for these payments in the General Fund. Revenues under this arrangement totaled \$555,194 and the related expenditures are as follows:

City Marshal's Office	\$ 12,000
City Police Department	300,348
City Fire Department	<u>221,753</u>
Total	\$ <u>554,101</u>

### 14. Postemployment Health Care and Life Insurance Benefits

#### General Information about the OPEB Plan

*Plan description* – The City of Natchitoches (the City) provides certain continuing health care and life insurance benefits for its retired employees. The City of Natchitoches's OPEB Plan (the OPEB Plan) is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the City. The authority to establish and/or amend the obligation of the employer, employees and retirees rests with the City. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification Section P52 Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions—Reporting For Benefits Not Provided Through Trusts That Meet Specified Criteria—Defined Benefit.

*Benefits Provided* – Medical benefits are provided through a self-insured comprehensive medical plan and are made available to employees upon actual retirement. The employees are covered by a retirement system whose retirement eligibility (D.R.O.P. entry) provisions are as follows: 25 years of service at any age; or, age 60 and 10 years of service. There is the additional requirement for retiree medical benefits that the retiree have at least twenty years of service with the City of Natchitoches.

*Employees covered by benefit terms* – At May 31, 2020, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	15
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	-
Active employees	215
	230

# **Total OPEB Liability**

The City's total OPEB liability of \$6,433,454 was measured as of May 31, 2020 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions and other inputs – The total OPEB liability in the May 31, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.5%
Salary increases	4.0%, including inflation
Discount rate	3.56% annually (Beginning of Year to Determine ADC)
	2.48%, annually (As of End of Year Measurement Date)
Healthcare cost trend rates	Flat 4.0% annually

# 14. Postemployment Health Care and Life Insurance Benefits, (continued)

The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyers' 20 Year General Obligation municipal bond index as of May 31, 2020, the end of the applicable measurement period.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Table.

The actuarial assumptions used in the May 31, 2020 valuation were based on the results of ongoing evaluations of the assumptions from October 1, 2009 to May 31, 2020.

# Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Balance at May 31, 2019	\$5,196,017
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	126,907
Interest	182,144
Differences between expected and actual experience	318,928
Changes in assumptions	768,511
Benefit payments and net transfers	(159,053)
Net changes	1,237,437
Balance at May 31, 2020	\$6,433,454

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.48%) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.48%) than the current discount rate:

	1.0% Decrease (1.48%)	Current Discount Rate (2.48%)	1.0% Increase (3.48%)
Total OPEB liability	\$7,784,718	\$6,433,454	\$5,387,084

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (3.0%) or 1-percentage-point higher (5.0%) than the current healthcare trend rates:

	1.0% Decrease (4.5%)	Current Trend (5.5%)	1.0% Increase (6.5%)
Total OPEB liability	\$5,369,433	\$6,433,454	\$7,790,324

# 14. Postemployment Health Care and Life Insurance Benefits, (continued)

# OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended May 31, 2020, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$452,207. At May 31, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 279,061	\$(72,794)
Changes in assumptions	839,137	0
Total	\$1,118,198	\$(72,794)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

# Years ending May 31:

2021	\$ 143,152
2022	143,152
2023	143,152
2024	143,152
2025	143,152
Thereafter	329,644
Total	\$ <u>1,045,404</u>

# 15. Taxable Revenue Bonds

1) The City, for the year ended May 31, 2006, authorized the issuance of revenue bonds, not to exceed \$25,000,000, to provide financial assistance to Pilgrim's Pride, a private sector entity for the acquisition of land and construction of a feed mill. The bonds are secured by the property financed and commercial facilities built and are payable solely by the entity, Pilgrim's Pride Corporation. Upon repayment of the bonds, ownership of the property and facilities transfer to the private-sector entity served by the bond issuance. Neither the City, the State, nor any political subdivision thereof is obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. At May 31, 2008, the taxable revenue bonds, not to exceed \$25,000,000 had been issued and bear an interest rate of 4%. The full amount of the principal \$25,000,000 is due December 15, 2021. Therefore, the outstanding principal balance at May 31, 2020, is \$25,000,000.

#### 15. Taxable Revenue Bonds (continued)

2) The City, for the year ended May 31, 2016, authorized the issuance of revenue bonds, not to exceed \$2,000,000, to provide financial assistance to Industrial Development Board (IDB), a private sector entity for the acquisition, construction, and equipping of an approximately 87-room hotel facility and parking facilities to be located within the geographical boundaries of the City, and to pay the costs of issuance of the note. The bonds are secured by pledge of IDB annual payment, the Economic Development District tax, and excess revenues and are payable solely by IDB.

Upon repayment of the bonds, ownership of the property and facilities transfer to the private-sector entity served by the bond issuance. Neither the City, the State, nor any political subdivision thereof is obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds.

- 3) The City, for the year ended May 31, 2018, authorized the issuance of sales tax bonds, in the amount of \$12,500,000 to construct, acquire, and improve recreation facilities. The bonds are to be repaid with the existing one percent sales and use tax.
- 4) The City, for the year ended May 31, 2020, authorized the issuance of sales tax bonds Series 2020 in the amount of \$1,500,000 for the purposes of 1) 50% for constructing, acquiring, improving, operating and maintaining sewers and sewerage disposal works, and 2) 50% for constructing, acquiring and improving public streets, drainage, parks and recreation facilities and buildings.

# 17. Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated events through November 19, 2020, the date which the financial statements were available for issue. There were no items to be reported in subsequent events.

# OTHER REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## City of Natchitoches, Louisiana Major Funds

#### General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual Year Ended May 31, 2020

	<u>Budgeted</u> Original	Amounts Final	2020 Actual	Variance- Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES:	onginar	<u>1 114/1</u>	<u></u>	<u>(ennavoraoloj</u>
Taxes	\$ 5,415,275	\$ 5,415,275	\$ 5,461,830	\$ 46,555
Licenses & Permits	925,200	925,200	917,119	(8,081)
Intergovernmental	1,221,280	1,257,530	1,220,092	(37,438)
Charges for Services	104,700	128,200	64,180	(64,020)
Fines & Forfeits	97,496	97,496	55,108	(42,388)
Miscellaneous	238,700	213,200	<u>    287,974</u>	<u> </u>
Total Revenues	\$ <u>8,002,651</u>	\$ <u>8,036,901</u>	\$ <u>8,006,303</u>	\$_(30,598)
EXPENDITURES:				
Current-				
General Government	\$ 4,278,963	\$ 4,259,861	\$ 3,679,729	\$ 580,132
Public Safety	9,335,955	9,405,933	9,163,977	241,956
Streets & Sanitation	1,475,259	1,459,189	1,312,240	146,949
Economic Development Health & Welfare	407,201	348,701	343,334	5,367
Recreation & Culture	266,158 834,030	273,993 748,158	730,485 232,669	(456,492) 515,489
Total Expenditures	<u>834,030</u> \$16,597,566	\$16,495,835	\$15,462,434	\$1,033,401
Total Experiences	\$ <u>10,597,500</u>	\$ <u>10,435,655</u>	\$ <u>15,402,454</u>	\$ <u>1,055,401</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over Expenditures	\$ <u>(8,594,915</u> )	\$ <u>(8,458,934</u> )	\$ <u>(7,456,131</u> )	\$ <u>1,002,803</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Operating Transfers In	\$ 8,773,015	\$ 8,773,015	\$ 8,603,446	\$ (169,569)
Operating Transfers Out	(182,300)	(270,800)	(50,000)	220,800
Sale of Assets	2,000	2,000	5,582	3,582
Total Other Financing	\$ <u>8,592,715</u>	\$ <u>8,504,215</u>	\$ <u>8,559,028</u>	\$ <u>54,813</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources over				
Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ (2,200)	\$ 45,281	\$ 1,102,897	\$1,057,616
Fund Balance-Beginning of Year	2,274,256	2,274,256	2,274,256	0
Fund Balance-End of Year	\$ <u>2,272,056</u>	\$ <u>2,319,537</u>	\$ <u>3,377,153</u>	\$ <u>1,057,616</u>

#### City of Natchitoches, Louisiana Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability For the Year Ended May 31, 2020

Year	Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension <u>Liability (Asset)</u>	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net <u>Pension Liability (Asset)</u>	Employer's Covered <u>Employee Payroll</u>	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its <u>Covered Payroll</u>	Plan Fiduciary Net Pension as a Percentage of the <u>Total Pension Liability</u>
Municipal	Employees' Retirement	t System			
2015	3.09799%	\$ 7,950,809	\$5,203,681	162%	76.0%
2016	3.06552%	10,950,507	5,320,472	205%	99.0%
2017	2.96389%	12,148,126	5,000,995	243%	68.0%
2018	2.73870%	11,457,141	5,183,740	221%	62.5%
2019	3.03785%	12,578,749	5,258,704	239%	63.9%
2020	2.84720%	11,897,468	5,303,733	224%	64.7%
Municipal	Police Employees' Reti	irement System			
2015	0.82564%	\$ 5,165,265	\$2,128,064	243%	76.0%
2016	0.80252%	6,286,906	2,288,592	275%	99.0%
2017	0.82607%	7,742,566	2,403,928	322%	68.0%
2018	0.81145%	7,084,284	2,511,282	282%	70.1%
2019	0.85024%	7,187,956	2,639,447	272%	71.9%
2020	0.85409%	7,756,577	2,584,691	300%	71.0%
Firefighter	rs' Retirement System				
2015	0.94139%	\$ 4,189,091	\$1,984,426	211%	76.0%
2016	0.93739%	5,059,199	1,972,602	256%	99.0%
2017	0.87280%	5,708,921	1,995,627	286%	68.0%
2018	0.85679%	4,910,985	2,084,942	236%	74.0%
2019	0.87932%	5,057,929	2,190,804	231%	74.8%
2020	0.90199%	5,648,168	2,182,891	259%	74.0%
LA State E	mployees' Retirement S	lystem			
2015	0.00067%	\$ 41,707	\$ 12,000	348%	65.0%
2016	0.00065%	44,074	12,000	367%	62.7%
2010	0.00068%	53,162	12,000	443%	57.7%
2018	0.00068%	47,934	12,000	399%	62.5%
2019	0.00066%	44,739	12,000	373%	64.3%
2019	0.00063%	45,498	12,000	379%	62.9%
2020	0.0000570	10,120	12,000	2,2,7	02.270

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

#### City of Natchitoches, Louisiana Schedule of Employer Contributions For the Year Ended May 31, 2020

Year	Contractually Required <u>Contributions</u>	Contributions in Relation to Contractually <u>Required Contributions</u>	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Employer's <u>Covered Payroll</u>	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Employee <u>Payroll</u>
Municipal Em	ployees' Retirement Syste	m			
2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020	\$ 952,580 1,050,139 1,114,803 1,277,497 1,361,044 1,464,641	\$ 952,580 1,050,139 1,114,803 1,277,497 1,361,044 1,464,641	\$0 0 0 0 0 0 0	\$5,203,681 5,320,472 5,000,995 5,183,740 5,258,704 5,307,733	18,3% 19.7% 22.3% 24.6% 25.9% 27.6%
Municipal Pol	ice Employees' Retiremer	at System			
2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 <i>Firefighters</i> ' <i>F</i> 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020	\$ 616,246 688,039 760,372 776,220 848,524 839,539 Retirement System \$ 537,080 540,653 506,380 550,900 580,563 603,670	<ul> <li>\$ 616,246</li> <li>688,039</li> <li>760,372</li> <li>776,220</li> <li>848,524</li> <li>839,539</li> <li>\$ 537,080</li> <li>540,653</li> <li>506,380</li> <li>550,900</li> <li>580,563</li> <li>603,670</li> </ul>	\$0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	\$2,128,064 2,288,592 2,403,928 2,511,282 2,639,447 2,584,691 \$1,984,426 1,972,602 1,995,627 2,084,942 2,190,804 2,182,891	29.0% 30.1% 31.6% 30.9% 32.1% 32.5% 27.1% 27.4% 25.4% 26.4% 26.5% 27.7%
LA State Empl	oyees' Retirement System				
2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020	\$ 4,157 4,594 4,813 4,770 4,812 5,065	\$ 4,157 4,594 4,813 4,770 4,812 5,065	\$0 0 0 0 0 0	\$ 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000	34.6% 38.3% 40.1% 39.8% 40.1% 42.2%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Changes of Assumptions:

• There were no changes of benefit assumptions for the year ended May 31, 2020.

## City of Natchitoches, Louisiana Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios For the Year Ended May 31, 2020

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
Total OPEB Liability		
Service cost	\$ 117,694	\$ 126,907
Interest	189,383	182,144
Differences between expected and actual experience	(83,992)	318,928
Changes of assumptions	192,335	768,511
Benefit Payments	<u>(150,761</u> )	
Net change in total OPEB liability	\$ 264,659	\$1,237,437
Total OPEB Liability-Beginning of Year	<u>4,931,358</u>	<u>5,196,017</u>
Total OPEB Liability-End of Year (a)	\$ <u>5,196,017</u>	\$ <u>6,433,454</u>
Covered-employee payroll	\$ <u>9,086,471</u>	\$ <u>9,449,930</u>
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	57.18%	68.08%
Notes to Schedule:		
Benefit Change:	None	None
Changes of Assumptions:		
Discount Rate	3.45%	2.48%
Mortality	RP-2000	RP-2000
Trent	4.0%	4.0%

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

## City of Natchitoches, Louisiana Schedule of Compensation, Benefits and Other Payments to Agency Head or Chief Executive Officer For the Year Ended May 31, 2020

Agency Head Name: Lee Posey, Mayor

Purpose	Amount
Salary	\$ 95,221
Benefits-Insurance	6,521
Benefits-Retirement	26,157
Deferred Compensation	0
Benefits-Other (Expense Allowance)	8,000
Car allowance	0
Vehicle provided by government	12,445
Cell phone	2,146
Dues	3,937
Vehicle rental	0
Per Diem	0
Reimbursements (fuel & auto)	1,725
Travel	0
Registration fees	0
Conference travel	0
Housing	0
Unvouchered expenses	0
Special meals	1,405
Other	0
Total	\$157 557

Total

\$<u>157,557</u>

# OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES

	Special Revenue Funds					
	Event Center	Hazard		Employee		
	Operations	Tax	Airport	Benefits	Compensation	
	Fund	<u>Fund</u>	Fund	<u>Fund</u>	Fund	
Assets						
Cash & Cash Equivalents	<b>\$</b> 0	\$460,623	\$232,644	\$ 84,091	\$344,492	
Revenue Receivables	194	7,870	1,463	618	0	
Due from Other Funds	0	0	0	0	0	
Prepaid Expenses	0	1,667	0	0	0	
Total Assets	\$ <u>194</u>	\$ <u>470,160</u>	\$ <u>234,107</u>	\$ <u>84,709</u>	\$ <u>344,492</u>	
Lishilitian & Frend Dalamaan						
<u>Liabilities &amp; Fund Balances</u> Liabilities-						
Cash Overdraft	\$ 67,806	<b>\$</b> 0	<b>\$</b> 0	\$142,616	<b>\$</b> 0	
Accounts Payable	\$ 07,800 92,420	<b>3</b> 0	<b>3</b> ,730	\$142,010 0	۵ 1,153	
Accrued Expenses	92,420	0	3,730	0	1,155	
Due to Other Funds	0	0	0	0	0	
Accrued Payroll	9,931	Ő	6,128	0	0	
Total Liabilities	\$ <u>170,157</u>	\$ 0	\$ 9.858	\$ <u>142,616</u>	\$ 1.153	
10tal Liabilities	\$ <u>170,157</u>	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u>142,010</u>	$\phi 1,155$	
Fund Balances-						
Nonspendable	\$ 0	\$ 1,667	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	
Restricted	0	468,493	0	0	0	
Committed	0	0	224,249	0	343,339	
Unassigned	<u>(169,963</u> )	0	0	<u>(57,907</u> )	0	
Total Fund Balances	\$ <u>(169,963</u> )	\$ <u>470,160</u>	\$ <u>224,249</u>	\$ <u>(57,907</u> )	\$ <u>343,339</u>	
Total Liabilities &						
Fund Balances	\$ 194	\$ <u>470,160</u>	\$234,107	\$ <u>84,709</u>	\$344,492	
Fund Datances	φ <u>124</u>	φ <u>470,100</u>	φ <u>234,107</u>	\$ <u>07,709</u>	Ф <u>Э44,472</u>	

			Special Re	venue Funds	5		
Drug	Multi-Drug	Prisoner	911 Grant	Animal	Liability	Main Street	Cane River
Recovery	Task Force	Bond	Fire	Shelter	Insurance	Promotions	Green Market
<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	Fund	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>
\$61,191	\$22,534	\$37,868	\$100,336	\$47,391	\$157,574	\$92,342	\$34,158
0	0	0	0	0	0	3,000	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	4,113	0	0	0	0	0
\$ <u>61,191</u>	\$ <u>22,534</u>	\$ <u>41,981</u>	\$ <u>100,336</u>	\$ <u>47,391</u>	\$ <u>157,574</u>	\$ <u>95,342</u>	\$ <u>34,158</u>
<b>\$</b> 0	<b>\$</b> 0	<b>\$</b> 0	<b>\$</b> 0	<b>\$</b> 0	<b>\$</b> 0	<b>\$</b> 0	<b>\$</b> 0
876	1,042	ů	ů	ů	ů	1,340	147
0	1,0 12	õ	ŏ	Ő	Ő	1,5 10	0
ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	õ	ŏ
ŏ	457	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	Ő	2,205
\$ 876	\$ 1,499	\$	\$	\$ 0	\$	\$ <u>1,340</u>	\$ <u>2,352</u>
¢ <u> </u>	4 <u>1,122</u>	* <u> </u>	* <u> </u>	¢ <u> </u>	Ψ	\$ <u>1,510</u>	4 <u>3,502</u>
<b>^</b>	<b>.</b>		<b>•</b>	<b>•</b> •	<b>•</b>	<b>•</b> •	<b>•</b> •
\$ 0	\$ O	\$ 4,113	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
0	21,035	37,868	0	0	0	0	0
60,315	0	0	100,336	47,391	157,574	94,002	31,806
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
\$ <u>60,315</u>	\$ <u>21,035</u>	\$ <u>41,981</u>	\$ <u>100,336</u>	\$ <u>47,391</u>	\$ <u>157,574</u>	\$ <u>94,002</u>	\$ <u>31,806</u>
\$ <u>61,191</u>	\$ <u>22,534</u>	\$ <u>41,981</u>	\$ <u>100,336</u>	\$ <u>47,391</u>	\$ <u>157,574</u>	\$ <u>95,342</u>	\$ <u>34,158</u>
$\Psi \underline{OI, I > I}$	Ψ <u>ΔΔ,JJT</u>	$\Psi = 1, 201$	\$ <u>100,550</u>	Ψ <u>ΗΙ, υνι</u>	Ψ <u>157,57</u>	Ψ <u>23,272</u>	φ <u>υπ,100</u>

Combining Balance Sheet May 31, 2020

	Special Revenue Funds					
	LLEBG	911-Police	NW Law	Knock-Knock	Economic	
	Grant	Grant	Enforcement	Grant	Development	
	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	District	
Assets						
Cash & Cash Equivalents	\$14,136	\$53,469	\$6,050	<b>\$</b> 0	\$ 25,690	
Revenue Receivables	0	0	0	0	138,612	
Due from Other Funds	0	0	0	0	0	
Prepaid Expenses	0	0	0	0	0	
Total Assets	\$ <u>14,136</u>	\$ <u>53,469</u>	\$ <u>6,050</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>164,302</u>	
<u>Liabilities &amp; Fund Balances</u> Liabilities-						
Cash Overdraft	<b>\$</b> 0	<b>\$</b> 0	\$ 0	\$ 4,986	\$ 0	
Accounts Payable	0	0	0	0	0	
Accrued Expenses	0	0	0	0	0	
Due to Other Funds	0	0	0	0	0	
Accrued Payroll	0	0	0	296	0	
Total Liabilities	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>5,282</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	
Fund Balances-						
Nonspendable	\$ 0	<b>\$</b> 0	\$ 0	<b>\$</b> 0	\$ 0	
Restricted	14,136	0	0	0	0	
Committed	0	53,469	6,050	0	164,302	
Unassigned	0	0	0	<u>(5,282</u> )	0	
Total Fund Balances	\$ <u>14,136</u>	\$ <u>53,469</u>	\$ <u>6,050</u>	\$ <u>(5,282</u> )	\$ <u>164,302</u>	
Total Liabilities &						
Fund Balances	\$ <u>14,136</u>	\$ <u>53,469</u>	\$ <u>6,050</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>164,302</u>	

		Spe	cial Revenue Fun	ds		
State Office	Garbage	Sales Tax	Miss Merry	Keep		LAC/Traffic
of Culture	Service	Police	Christmas	Louisiana	SWAT	Enforcement
<u>Development</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	Fund	<u>Beautiful</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>
<b>#9.209</b>	\$200 F74	<b>#526 026</b>	¢12.1 <i>C</i> 1	¢500	ф14 <b>7</b>	¢ 0
\$8,398	\$288,574	\$526,036	\$13,161	\$500	\$147	\$ O
0	361,705	166,813	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	27,162		$\frac{0}{500}$	$\frac{0}{1+7}$	0
\$ <u>8,398</u>	\$ <u>650,279</u>	\$ <u>720,011</u>	\$ <u>13,161</u>	\$ <u>500</u>	\$ <u>147</u>	\$ <u>0</u>
<b>\$</b> 0	<b>\$</b> 0	<b>\$</b> 0	<b>\$</b> 0	<b>\$</b> 0	<b>\$</b> 0	<b>\$ 7</b> 09
ů Ő	159,774	ů	ů 0	ů Ŭ	ů	¢,,,,,
Ő	0	66,788	Õ	ŏ	Õ	Õ
ŏ	ŏ	0	õ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ
Ő	Ő	Ő	Ő	Ő	Õ	Ő
\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>159,774</u>	\$ <u>66,788</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$	\$	\$ <u>709</u>
♥Ŭ	\$ <u>157,771</u>	\$ <u>00,700</u>	¥ <u> </u>	<u> </u>	♥ <u></u>	\$ <u>107</u>
<b>\$</b> 0	<b>\$</b> 0	\$ 27,162	<b>\$</b> 0	<b>\$</b> 0	<b>\$</b> 0	<b>\$</b> 0
0	0	626,061	0	0	0	0
8,398	490,505	0	13,161	500	147	0
0,050	0	Ő	0	0	0	(709)
\$ <u>8,398</u>	\$ <u>490,505</u>	\$ <u>653,223</u>	\$ <u>13,161</u>	\$ <u>500</u>	\$ <u>147</u>	\$ <u>(709</u> )
Ψ <u>0,520</u>	\$ <u>120,202</u>	\$ <u>000,220</u>	$\Psi_{12,101}$	4 <u>300</u>	$\Psi$ <u>1   / /</u>	φ <u>(102</u> )
\$ <u>8,398</u>	\$ <u>650,279</u>	\$ <u>720,011</u>	\$ <u>13,161</u>	\$ <u>500</u>	\$ <u>147</u>	\$ <u>0</u>

	Special Revenue Funds				
	Community	BJA Byrne	BJA Byrne	NHDDC	2015 Revenue
	Program	Jag-Police	Jag-Tech	Projects	Note Reserve
	<u>Fund</u>	<u>&amp; NPSO</u>	<u>Upgrade</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>
Assets					
Cash & Cash Equivalents	\$28,445	\$ 0	<b>\$</b> 0	\$4,258	\$ 92,500
Revenue Receivables	0	0	0	0	0
Due from Other Funds	0	0	0	0	0
Prepaid Expenses	0	0	0	0	33,884
Total Assets	\$ <u>28,445</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>4,258</u>	\$ <u>126,384</u>
Liabilities & Fund Balances					
Liabilities-					
Cash Overdraft	<b>\$</b> 0	\$ 32,204	\$ 416	<b>\$</b> 0	\$118,396
Accounts Payable	20	0	0	0	0
Accrued Expenses	0	0	0	0	0
Due to Other Funds	0	0	0	0	0
Accrued Payroll	0	0	0	0	0
Total Liabilities	\$ <u>20</u>	\$ <u>32,204</u>	\$ <u>416</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>118,396</u>
Fund Balances-					
Nonspendable	<b>\$</b> 0	\$ 0	<b>\$</b> 0	<b>\$</b> 0	\$ 33,884
Restricted	0	0	0	0	0
Committed	28,425	0	0	4,258	0
Unassigned	0	<u>(32,204</u> )	<u>(416</u> )	0	<u>(25,896</u> )
Total Fund Balances	\$ <u>28,425</u>	\$ <u>(32,204</u> )	\$ <u>(416</u> )	\$ <u>4,258</u>	\$ <u>7,988</u>
Total Liabilities &					
Fund Balances	\$ <u>28,445</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>4,258</u>	\$ <u>126,384</u>

		Special Re	venue Funds		
Domestic	Rapides	Equitable	Historic	Sales Tax	Sports Complex
Violence	Foundation	Sharing Program	Preservation	Rededication	Sponsorship
Fund	<u>Fund</u>	Fund	Fund	<u>Fund</u>	Fund
<b>\$</b> 0	\$3,223	\$22,783	\$313	\$2,196,809	\$236,165
\$ U 0	\$ <i>3,223</i> 0	φ22,705 0	0	166,813	φ250,105 0
0	0	0	Ő	0	0
0	0	0	Ő	Ő	0
\$	\$ <u>3,223</u>	\$ <u>22,783</u>	\$ <u>313</u>	\$ <u>2,363,622</u>	\$ <u>236,165</u>
Ψ	Φ <u>υ,222</u>	¢ <u>22,705</u>	\$ <u>515</u>	\$ <u>2,505,022</u>	4 <u>230,105</u>
\$ 1,167	\$ O	<b>\$</b> 0	<b>\$</b> 0	\$ O	\$ 0
0	0	0	0	0	1,910
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
\$ <u>1,167</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>1,910</u>
<b>\$</b> 0	\$ O	<b>\$</b> 0	<b>\$</b> 0	\$ 0	<b>\$</b> 0
\$ 0 0	<b>\$</b> 0	<b>\$</b> 0	<b>\$</b> 0	\$ U 0	\$ U 0
0	ě	22,783	313	2,363,622	234,255
	3,223	22,783	0	2,303,022	234,233
<u>(1,167)</u> \$ <u>(1,167)</u>	\$ <u>3,223</u>	\$ <u>22,783</u>	\$ <u>313</u>	\$ <u>2,363,622</u>	\$ <u>234,255</u>
\$ <u>(1,107</u> )	Ф <u>Э,44Э</u>	φ <u>22,105</u>	φ <u>212</u>	\$ <u>2,303,022</u>	Ф <u>237,233</u>
\$ O	\$ <u>3,223</u>	\$ <u>22,783</u>	\$ <u>313</u>	\$ <u>2,363,622</u>	\$ <u>236,165</u>
*	4 <u>2,222</u>	*	* <u>****</u>	- <u></u>	* <u>=====</u>

		Special	Revenue Funds		
	Sales Tax	Sales Tax Sales Tax Economic Econ			
	District	District	Development	Development	
	<u>A</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>District TIF A</u>	<u>District TIF B</u>	
Assets					
Cash & Cash Equivalents	\$ 8,244	\$61,273	<b>\$</b> 0	\$49,858	
Revenue Receivables	1,888	20,404	850	11,889	
Due from Other Funds	1,227	0	3,189	32,073	
Prepaid Expenses	0	0	0	0	
Total Assets	\$ <u>11,359</u>	\$ <u>81,677</u>	\$ <u>4,039</u>	\$ <u>93,820</u>	
<u>Liabilities &amp; Fund Balances</u> Liabilities-					
Cash Overdraft	<b>\$</b> 0	<b>\$</b> 0	<b>\$</b> 0	<b>\$</b> 0	
Accounts Payable	0	0	0	0	
Accrued Expenses	0	0	0	0	
Due to Other Funds	0	19,930	0	0	
Accrued Payroll	0	0	0	0	
Total Liabilities	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>19,930</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	
Fund Balances-					
Nonspendable	<b>\$</b> 0	<b>\$</b> 0	<b>\$</b> 0	\$ 0	
Restricted	0	0	0	0	
Committed	11,359	61,747	4,039	93,820	
Unassigned	0	0	0	0	
Total Fund Balances	\$ <u>11,359</u>	\$ <u>61,747</u>	\$ <u>4,039</u>	\$ <u>93,820</u>	
Total Liabilities &		*** <b>*</b>		<b></b>	
Fund Balances	\$ <u>11,359</u>	\$ <u>81,677</u>	\$ <u>4,039</u>	\$ <u>93,820</u>	

		Capital Projec	ets Funds		
Capital	DOTD Gateway	Water	Pilgrim's	Airport	Airport
Improvements	Phase II	Treatment	Industrial Park	Hangar	Maintenance
Fund	Fund	<u>Plant Fund</u>	Fund	Fund	Fund
\$1,340,025	\$32,250	\$1,416,997	\$ 0	<b>\$</b> 0	<b>\$</b> 0
0	0	0	0	0	
0	0	0	0	0	
0	0	117,179	0	0	0
\$ <u>1,340,025</u>	\$ <u>32,250</u>	\$ <u>1,534,176</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>0</u>
	\$ 0 0 0 0 0		\$ 24,034 0 50,000 0 0 74,034	\$ 94,106 0 0 0 0	\$ 312,532 25,803 0 0 0
\$ <u>13,158</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>50,542</u>	\$ <u>74,034</u>	\$ <u>94,106</u>	\$ <u>338,335</u>
<b>\$</b> 0	\$ O	\$ 117,179	\$ 0	\$ O	\$ 0
0	32,250	1,366,455	0	0	0
1,326,867	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	<u>(74,034</u> )	<u>(94,106</u> )	<u>(338,335</u> )
\$ <u>1,326,867</u>	\$ <u>32,250</u>	\$ <u>1,483,634</u>	\$ <u>(74,034</u> )	\$ <u>(94,106</u> )	\$ <u>(338,335</u> )
\$ <u>1,340,025</u>	\$ <u>32,250</u>	\$ <u>1,534,176</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ 0	\$ 0

	Capital Projects Funds										
	Parking	3	LCDI	3G	Comn	unity	Texas a	& PAC	Chap	lain's	
	Lot	S	Sibley I	Lake	Wa	ıter	Rail	way	La	ıke	
	Fund		Fun	<u>d</u>	<u>Enric</u>	<u>nment</u>	De	pot	Fu	<u>ınd</u>	
Assets											
Cash & Cash Equivalents	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$1,2	223	\$	0	
Revenue Receivables		0		0		0		0		0	
Due from Other Funds		0		0		0		0		0	
Prepaid Expenses		0		0		0		0	12	<u>,275</u>	
Total Assets	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$ <u>1,2</u>	<u>223</u>	\$ <u>12</u>	<u>,275</u>	
Liabilities & Fund Balances											
Liabilities-											
Cash Overdraft	\$ 40,89	8	\$ 240,	558	\$ 20	.236	\$	0	\$ 2	,895	
Accounts Payable		0		0		0		0		0	
Accrued Expenses		0		0		0		0	22	,172	
Due to Other Funds		0		0		0		0		0	
Accrued Payroll		0		0		0		0		0	
Total Liabilities	\$ <u>40,89</u>	8	\$ <u>240,</u>	<u>558</u>	\$ <u>20</u>	,236	\$	0	\$ <u>25</u>	,067	
Fund Balances-											
Nonspendable	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 12	,275	
Restricted	•	0		0		0		0		0	
Committed		0		0		0	1,2	223		0	
Unassigned	(40,89	8)	(240,	5 <u>58</u> )	(20	,236)		0	(25	,067)	
Total Fund Balances	\$ <u>(40,89</u>	<u>8</u> )	\$ <u>(240,</u>	<u>558</u> )	\$ <u>(20</u>	<u>,236</u> )	\$ <u>1,2</u>	223	\$ <u>(12</u>	<u>,792</u> )	
Total Liabilities &											
Fund Balances	\$	<u>0</u>	\$	0	\$	0	\$ <u>1,2</u>	2 <u>23</u>	\$ <u>12</u>	<u>.275</u>	

	Capital Projects Funds											
Chateau	LWCF-PARC	Rue Beauport	Eagle	Debt Service	Debt Service							
St. Denis	Natchitoches	Riverfront	Building	Sales Tax	General Obligations							
<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund Project</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>						
<b></b>	<b>^</b>	<b>•</b> •	<b>•</b> •	<b>**</b> ***		<b>*</b> • <b></b> •						
\$10,125	\$ O	\$ O	\$ O	\$388,736	\$1,266,892	\$ 9,771,524						
0	0	0	0	0	0	882,119						
0	0	0	0	0	0	36,489						
0	0	0	0	0	0	196,280						
\$ <u>10,125</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>388,736</u>	\$ <u>1,266,892</u>	\$ <u>10,886,412</u>						
<b>\$</b> 0	\$ 28,742	\$ 213,251	\$ 225	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 1,345,777						
0	0	0	0	0	0	301,373						
0	0	0	0	0	0	189,502						
0	0	0	0	0	0	19,930						
0	0	0	0	0	0	19,017						
\$ 0	\$ 28,742	\$ 213,251	\$ <u>225</u>	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ <u>1,875,599</u>						
¥ <u> </u>	\$ <u>20,712</u>	4 <u>210,201</u>	4 <u>-220</u>	• <u> </u>	¥	¢ <u>1,070,099</u>						
<b>\$</b> 0	\$ 0	<b>\$</b> 0	<b>\$</b> 0	<b>\$</b> 0	\$ 0	\$ 196,280						
0	0	0	0	0	0	2,566,298						
10,125	0	0	0	388,736	1,266,892	7,617,231						
0	(28,742)	(213,251)	(225)	0	0	(1,368,996)						
\$ <u>10,125</u>	\$ <u>(28,742</u> )	\$ <u>(213,251</u> )	\$ <u>(225</u> )	\$ <u>388,736</u>	\$1,266,892	\$ <u>9,010,813</u>						
*10,120	4 <u>120,712</u> )	\$ <u>1212,221</u> )	\$ <u>1225</u> )	4 <u>200,720</u>	\$ <u>1,200,072</u>	\$ <u></u>						
\$ <u>10,125</u>	<b>\$</b> 0	<b>\$</b> 0	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>388,736</u>	\$ <u>1,266,892</u>	\$ <u>10,886,412</u>						
·	·	T	- <u> </u>	· <u></u>	*							

#### Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Year Ended May 31, 2020

			Sr	becial Re	evenue	Funds			
	Event		Hazard			Emp	loyee	Work	
	Opera		Tax	Airp			efits	Compe	
	<u>Fu</u>	nd	<u>Fund</u>	Fur	<u>Fund</u>		ind	<u>Fu</u>	nd
REVENUES:	¢	0	<b>6 1 000 7</b> 01	¢	0	¢ 0		¢	0
Taxes	\$	0	\$ 1,328,701	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0
Intergovernmental		0	0	245	0		0		0
Charges for Services Fines & Forfeits		0	0	345	,366 0		0		0
Miscellaneous		0	10,000	121	,738		1,522	117	7,808
Total Revenues	\$	0	\$ 1,338,701	\$477			1,522 1,522		7,808
i otal Revenues	Φ		\$ <u>1,556,701</u>	Φ <u>Η//</u>	,104	φ	1,322	φ <u>11</u>	7,000
EXPENDITURES:									
Current-									
General Government	\$	0	\$ 0	\$	0	\$ 389	9,203	\$	0
Public Safety		0	293,825		0		0		0
Streets & Sanitation		0	0		0		0		0
Water, Sewer & Utilities		0	0		0		0		0
Economic Development	163		0	473	,962		0		0
Recreation & Culture		0	0		0		0		0
Health & Welfare		0	0		0		0		0
Debt Service	ф <u>1 (2</u>	0	144,878	ф <u>472</u>	0	¢ 20/	0	φ	0
Total Expenditures	\$ <u>163</u>	,313	\$ <u>438,703</u>	\$ <u>473</u>	,962	\$ <u>385</u>	9,203	\$	0
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
over Expenditures	\$(163.	313)	\$ 899,998	\$3	142	\$(38)	7,681)	\$ 117	7,808
over Experiences	$\Psi_{(100)}$	<u>,515</u> )	\$ <u>055,550</u>	\$ <u>_</u>	<u>, 1 12</u>	\$ <u>(50</u>	<u>,,,,,,</u> ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Ψ <u>-11</u>	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (U	JSES):								
Insurance Proceeds	\$	0	\$ 0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0
Debt Proceeds		0	0		0		0		0
Sales of Property		0	0		0		0		0
Operating Transfers In		0	0	50	,000	400	0,000		0
Operating Transfers Out		0	<u>(1,291,015</u> )	¢	0	<u> </u>	0		<u>1,225)</u>
Total Other Financing	\$	0	\$ <u>(1,291,015</u> )	\$ <u>50</u>	,000	\$ <u>400</u>	0 <u>,000</u>	\$ <u>(124</u>	4,225)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
and Other Sources over									
Expenditures and Other Uses	\$(163.	313)	\$ (391,017)	\$ 53	142	\$ 12	2,319	\$ (6	5,417)
Experiences and other open	Ψ(105	,515)	φ (351,017)	Ψ 55	,112	Ψ 12	2,212	Ψ (	,,,,,,
Fund Balances-Beginning of Year	(6.	,650)	861,177	171	,107	(70	0,226)	349	9,756
Fund Balances-End of Year	\$ <u>(169</u>	<u>.963</u> )	\$ <u>470,160</u>	\$ <u>224</u>	,249	\$ <u>(5</u> 2	7 <u>,907</u> )	\$ <u>343</u>	<u>3,339</u>

			Special Re	evenue Fund	s		
Drug	Multi-Drug	Prisoner	911 Grant	Animal	Liability	Main Street	Cane River
Recovery Fund	Task Force Fund	Bond Fund	Fire <u>Fund</u>	Shelter Fund	Insurance Fund	Promotions Fund	Green Market Fund
<u>runa</u>	<u>r una</u>	<u>runu</u>	<u>runa</u>	<u>runa</u>	<u>Funa</u>	<u>runa</u>	<u>runu</u>
<b>\$</b> 0	<b>\$</b> 0	<b>\$</b> 0	<b>\$</b> 0	<b>\$</b> 0	<b>\$</b> 0	<b>\$</b> 0	\$ 0
7,368	22,320	0	38,000	0	0	500	7,375
0	0	0	0	15,119	0	0 0	0 0
0 _28,789	0 343	34,136 _1,629	0	0 0	0 43,086	0 8,460	12,669
\$ <u>36,157</u>	\$22,663	\$35,765	\$ 38,000	\$ <u>15,119</u>	\$ 43,086	\$ 8,960	\$ 20,044
+ <u></u>	* <u>,</u>	+ <u>,,</u>	+	+ <u></u>	+	+	*
\$ 0	<b>\$</b> 0	<b>\$</b> 0	<b>\$</b> 0	<b>\$</b> 0	\$ 843,738	<b>\$</b> 0	\$ 0
48,207	25,261	38,197	29,577	9,924	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 44,747
0	0	0	0	0	0	18,443	44,747
Ő	Ő	Ő	ŏ	Ő	Ő	0	Ő
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
\$ <u>48,207</u>	\$ <u>25,261</u>	\$ <u>38,197</u>	\$ <u>29,577</u>	\$ <u>9,924</u>	\$ <u>843,738</u>	\$ <u>18,443</u>	\$ <u>44,747</u>
\$ <u>(12,050</u> )	\$ <u>(2,598</u> )	\$ <u>(2,432</u> )	\$8,423	\$ <u>5,195</u>	\$ <u>(800,652</u> )	\$ <u>(9,483</u> )	\$ <u>(24,703</u> )
\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	<b>\$</b> 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
0	0 0	0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0
0 0	0	0 0	0	0	0 724,000	0	50,000
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$	\$ <u>724,000</u>	\$0	\$ <u>50,000</u>
\$(12,050)	\$ (2,598)	\$ (2,432)	\$ 8,423	\$ 5,195	\$ (76,652)	\$ (9,483)	\$ 25,297
72,365	23,633	<u>44,413</u>	91,913	<u>42,196</u>	234,226	<u>103,485</u>	6,509
\$ <u>60,315</u>	\$ <u>21,035</u>	\$ <u>41,981</u>	\$ <u>100,336</u>	\$ <u>47,391</u>	\$ <u>157,574</u>	\$ <u>94,002</u>	\$ <u>31,806</u>

#### Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Year Ended May 31, 2020

					Special	l Revenı	ie Funds	5		
	LLE	BG	911-F	olice	NW	Law		k-Knock	Econ	omic
	Gra		Gra			cement	-	rant	Develc	
	Fu	nd	<u>Fu</u>	nd	<u>Fu</u>	<u>ınd</u>	<u>F</u>	und	Dist	rict
REVENUES:	¢	0	¢	0	¢	0	¢	0	<b>614</b>	1.4
Taxes	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 149	· _
Intergovernmental		0		0		0		226		0
Charges for Services		0		0		0		0		0
Fines & Forfeits Miscellaneous		0	27	0	2	0		0	220	0
Total Revenues	\$	0		<u>198</u>		<u>250</u> 250	r	$\frac{0}{226}$		9,748 2 012
1 otal Revenues	ֆ	0	\$ <u>27</u> ,	198	\$ <u>2,</u>	<u>250</u>	<b>⊅</b> _	220	\$ <u>378</u>	5,912
EXPENDITURES:										
Current-										
General Government	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0
Public Safety		0	45.	234		0		5,332	·	0
Streets & Sanitation		0	-	0		0		0		0
Water, Sewer & Utilities		0		0		0		0		0
Economic Development		0		0		0		0	440	),576
Recreation & Culture		0		0		0		0		0
Health & Welfare		0		0		0		0		0
Debt Service		0		0		0	_	0		0
Total Expenditures	\$	0	\$ <u>45</u>	<u>234</u>	\$	0	\$ <u> </u>	5 <u>,332</u>	\$ <u>440</u>	) <u>,576</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues										
over Expenditures	\$	0	\$(18,	036)	\$2	250	\$(4	5,106)	\$ (61	664)
over Experimitates	Ψ		$\Phi(10,$	<u>(150</u> )	Ψ <u>Ζ,</u>	250	Φ <u>((</u>	<u>5,100</u> )	φ <u>(01</u>	<u>,004</u> )
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (US	ES):									
Insurance Proceeds	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0
Debt Proceeds		0		0		0		0		0
Sale of Property		0		0		0		0		0
Operating Transfers In		0		0		0		0	3	3,624
Operating Transfers Out		0		0		0	_	0		5 <u>,000</u> )
Total Other Financing	\$	0	\$ <u> </u>	0	\$	0	\$_	0	\$ <u>(182</u>	2 <u>,376</u> )
European (Defining out) of Devenues and										
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources over Expenditures										
and Other Uses	\$	0	\$(18,	036)	\$2	250	\$4	5,106)	\$(22)	1,040)
and Other Oses	φ	U	<b>Ф</b> (10,	030)	Φ <i>2</i> ,	230	φ(i	5,100)	\$\ZZ <sup>2</sup>	,040)
Fund Balances-Beginning of Year	14.	136	71.	<u>505</u>	3.	800		824	408	3,342
	,				<u></u> ,		_			,
Fund Balances-End of Year	\$ <u>14</u> ,	<u>136</u>	\$ <u>53</u>	<u>469</u>	\$ <u>6,</u>	<u>050</u>	\$ <u>(</u> :	<u>5,282</u> )	\$ <u>164</u>	<u>1,302</u>

		Spec	ial Revenue Fun	ds		
State Office	Garbage	Sales Tax	Miss Merry	Keep		LAC/Traffic
of Culture	Service	Police	Christmas	Louisiana	SWAT	Enforcement
<u>Development</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Beautiful</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>
<b>\$</b> 0	<b>\$</b> 0	\$ 2,070,030	<b>\$</b> 0	<b>\$</b> 0	<b>\$</b> 0	<b>\$</b> 0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	2,056,047	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	21,500	2,635	0	0	0
\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>2,056,047</u>	\$ <u>2,091,530</u>	\$ <u>2,635</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>0</u>
<b>\$</b> 0	<b>\$</b> 0	\$ 0	<b>\$</b> 0	<b>\$</b> 0	<b>\$</b> 0	\$ 2,145
ů ů	ů 0	416,813	ů 0	ů 0	ů 0	• <b>_</b> ,1 10
0	1,923,811	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	8,230	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<u>0</u>	¢ <u>1.022.911</u>	0	0	O	<u>0</u>	$\frac{0}{0.145}$
\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>1,923,811</u>	\$ <u>416,813</u>	\$ <u>8,230</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>2,145</u>
\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>132,236</u>	\$ <u>1,674,717</u>	\$ <u>(5,595</u> )	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>(2,145</u> )
<b>\$</b> 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	<b>\$</b> 0	<b>\$</b> 0	<b>\$</b> 0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	1,294 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0
0	0	<u>(1,832,000</u> )	0	0	0	0
\$0	\$ 0	\$(1,830,706)	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
φ	Ψ	\$ <u>(1,050,700</u> )	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u></u>	Ψ <u>υ</u>	φ <u>υ</u>
<b>\$</b> 0	\$ 132,236	\$ (155,989)	\$ (5,595)	<b>\$</b> 0	<b>\$</b> 0	\$(2,145)
<u>8,398</u>	358,269	809,212	<u>18,756</u>	<u>500</u>	<u>147</u>	<u>1,436</u>
\$ <u>8,398</u>	\$ <u>490,505</u>	\$ <u>653,223</u>	\$ <u>13,161</u>	\$ <u>500</u>	\$ <u>147</u>	\$ <u>(709</u> )

#### Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Year Ended May 31, 2020

	Special Revenue Funds											
-	Community	BJA Byrne	BJA Byrne	NHDDC	2015 Revenue							
	Program	Jag-Police	Jag-Tech	Projects	Note Reserve							
	<u>Fund</u>	<u>&amp; NPSO</u>	<u>Upgrade</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>							
REVENUES:												
Taxes	<b>\$</b> 0	<b>\$</b> 0	\$ O	<b>\$</b> 0	\$ 0							
Intergovernmental	15,757	442	0	0	0							
Charges for Services	960	0	0	0	0							
Fines & Forfeits	0	0	0	0	0							
Miscellaneous	1,800	0	0		0							
Total Revenues	\$ <u>18,517</u>	\$ <u>442</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>0</u>							
EXPENDITURES:												
Current-												
General Government	<b>\$</b> 0	<b>\$</b> 0	<b>\$</b> 0	\$ O	\$ 0							
Public Safety	0	32,646	0	0	0							
Streets & Sanitation	0	0	0	0	0							
Water, Sewer & Utilities	0	0	0	0	0							
Economic Development	44,936	0	0	0	0							
Recreation & Culture	0	0	0	0	0							
Health & Welfare	0	0	0	0	0							
Debt Service	0	0			185,627							
Total Expenditures	\$ <u>44,936</u>	\$ <u>32,646</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>185,627</u>							
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues												
over Expenditures	\$ <u>(26,419</u> )	\$ <u>(32,204</u> )	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>(185,627</u> )							
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (US	SES):											
Insurance Proceeds	\$ O	\$ 0	<b>\$</b> 0	\$ O	\$ 0							
Debt Proceeds	0	0	0	0	0							
Sale of Property	0	0	0	0	0							
Operating Transfers In	0	0	0	0	192,885							
Operating Transfers Out	0	0	0	0	0							
Total Other Financing	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>192,885</u>							
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and												
Other Sources over Expenditures												
and Other Uses	\$(26,419)	\$(32,204)	<b>\$</b> 0	<b>\$</b> 0	\$ 7,258							
Fund Balances-Beginning of Year	54,844	0	<u>(416</u> )	<u>4,258</u>	<u> </u>							
Fund Balances-End of Year	\$ <u>28,425</u>	\$ <u>(32,204</u> )	\$ <u>(416</u> )	\$ <u>4,258</u>	\$ <u>7,988</u>							

			venue Funds		
Domestic	Rapides	Equitable	Historic	Sales Tax	Sports Complex
Violence	Foundation	Sharing Program	Preservation	Rededication	Sponsorship
<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	Fund	Fund
\$ 0	<b>\$</b> 0	<b>\$</b> 0	<b>\$</b> 0	\$ 2,070,030	\$ O
3,964	50,000	0	0	0	187,000
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0		0	385
\$ <u>3,964</u>	\$ <u>50,000</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>2,070,030</u>	\$ <u>187,385</u>
<b>\$</b> 0	<b>\$</b> 0	<b>\$</b> 0	<b>\$</b> 0	\$ 0	<b>\$</b> 0
5,131	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	146,805	18,130
0	64,429	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	\$ <u>64420</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	0 \$ 146,805	\$ <u>18,130</u>
\$ <u>5,131</u>	\$ <u>64,429</u>	\$ <u>      0</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>146,805</u>	\$ <u>16,130</u>
\$ <u>(1,167</u> )	\$ <u>(14,429</u> )	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>1,923,225</u>	\$ <u>169,255</u>
\$ 0	<b>\$</b> 0	<b>\$</b> 0	<b>\$</b> 0	\$ 0	<b>\$</b> 0
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0 0
\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	<u>(1,667,383</u> ) \$ <u>(1,667,383</u> )	\$ <u>0</u>
\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u>(1,007,383</u> )	\$ <u> </u>
\$(1,167)	\$(14,429)	<b>\$</b> 0	<b>\$</b> 0	\$ 255,842	\$169,255
0	<u>17,652</u>	22,783	<u>313</u>	2,107,780	_65,000
\$ <u>(1,167</u> )	\$ <u>3,223</u>	\$ <u>22,783</u>	\$ <u>313</u>	\$ <u>2,363,622</u>	\$ <u>234,255</u>

#### Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance May 31, 2020

		Spec	ial Revenue Funds	
	Sales Tax		Economic	Economic
	District	District	Development	Development
	<u>A</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>District TIF A</u>	District TIF B
REVENUES:	¢11.250	Ф <i>С</i> 1 747	¢ 14550	¢02.920
Taxes	\$11,359	\$61,747	\$ 14,550 0	\$93,820
Intergovernmental Charges for Services	0	0	0	0 0
Fines & Forfeits	0	0	0	0
Miscellaneous	0	0	0	0
Total Revenues	\$ <u>11,359</u>	\$ <u>61,747</u>	\$ <u>14,550</u>	\$ <u>93,820</u>
EXPENDITURES:				
Current-				
General Government	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Public Safety	0	0	0	0
Streets & Sanitation	0	0	0	0
Water, Sewer & Utilities	0	0	0	0
Economic Development	0	0	0	0
Recreation & Culture	0	0	0	0
Health & Welfare	0	0	0	0
Debt Service	0	0	<u>0</u>	0
Total Expenditures	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>0</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over Expenditures	\$ <u>11,359</u>	\$ <u>61,747</u>	\$ <u>14,550</u>	\$ <u>93,820</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (U	SES):			
Insurance Proceeds	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Debt Proceeds	0	0	0	0
Sale of Property	0	0	0	0
Operating Transfers In	0	0	0	0
Operating Transfers Out	0	0	<u>(10,511</u> )	0
Total Other Financing	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>(10,511</u> )	\$ <u>0</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources over Expenditures				
and Other Uses	\$11,359	\$61,747	\$ 4,039	\$93,820
Fund Balances-Beginning of Year	0	0	0	0
Fund Balances-End of Year	\$ <u>11,359</u>	\$ <u>61,747</u>	\$ <u>4,039</u>	\$ <u>93,820</u>

	Capital Projects Funds											
Capital	DOTD Gateway	Water	Pilgrim's	Airport	Airport							
Improvements	Phase II	Treatment	Industrial Park	Hangar	Maintenance							
Fund	Fund	<u>Plant Fund</u>	Fund	<u>Fund</u>	Fund							
\$ 410,856	<b>\$</b> 0	<b>\$</b> 0	<b>\$</b> 0	<b>\$</b> 0	<b>\$</b> 0							
16,700	0	0	0	0	388,358							
0	0	0	0	0	0							
0	0	0	0	0	0							
9,000	0	3,975	\$ <u>0</u>	2,858	0							
\$ <u>436,556</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>3,975</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>2,858</u>	\$ <u>388,358</u>							
\$ 0	<b>\$</b> 0	\$ 0	<b>\$</b> 0	<b>\$</b> 0	\$ 0							
0	0	0	0	0	0							
0	0	0	0	0	0							
0	0	0	0	0	0							
1,666,232	0 0	0 0	0	0	435,302 0							
0 0	0	0	0 0	0 0	0							
0	0	_293,357	0	0	0							
\$ <u>1,666,232</u>	\$0	\$ <u>293,357</u>	\$0	\$ 0	\$ 435,302							
\$ <u>1,000,202</u>	·	·		·	·							
\$ <u>(1,229,676</u> )	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>(289,382</u> )	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>2,858</u>	\$ <u>(46,944</u> )							
\$ 0	<b>\$</b> 0	\$0	<b>\$</b> 0	\$ O	<b>\$</b> 0							
0	0	0	0	0	0							
285,500	0	0	0	0	0							
300,000	0	293,357	0	0	0							
<u>(656,204</u> ) \$ (70,704)	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>293,357</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>0</u>							
\$ <u>(70,704</u> )	φ	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u> </u>	φ <u>υ</u>							
\$(1,300,380)	\$ 0	\$ 3,975	<b>\$</b> 0	\$ 2,858	\$ (46,944)							
2,627,247	<u>32,250</u>	<u>1,479,659</u>	<u>(74,034</u> )	<u>(96,964</u> )	<u>(291,391</u> )							
\$ <u>1,326,867</u>	\$ <u>32,250</u>	\$ <u>1,483,634</u>	\$ <u>(74,034</u> )	\$ <u>(94,106</u> )	\$ <u>(338,335</u> )							

#### Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Year Ended May 31, 2020

				C	apital P	rojects	Funds			
_	Parki		LCD	BG	Comn	unity	Texas & PAC Railway		Chap	
	Lot		Sibley		Wa Euri-1			-	La	
REVENUES:	<u>Fun</u>	<u>a</u>	Fu	na	<u>Enricl</u>	iment	De	<u>pot</u>	<u>Fu</u>	na
Taxes	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0
Intergovernmental	16,3		Ψ	0	Ψ	0	Ψ	Ő	Ψ	ŏ
Charges for Services	10,1	0		ŏ		ŏ		ŏ		ŏ
Fines & Forfeits		0		0		0		0		0
Miscellaneous		0		0		0		0		0
Total Revenues	\$ <u>16,3</u>	319	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0
EXPENDITURES:										
Current-	æ	0	٩	0	٩	0	۵	0	¢	0
General Government	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0
Public Safety Streets & Sanitation		0		0		0 0		0 0		0 0
Water, Sewer & Utilities		0	169	3,733		0		0		0
Economic Development		0	100	0		0		0		0
Recreation & Culture		0		0		0		0		0
Health & Welfare		0		ŏ		0		Ő		ŏ
Debt Service		0		ŏ		Ő		ŏ	99	.332
Total Expenditures	\$	0	\$ <u>168</u>		\$	0	\$	0	\$ <u>99</u>	<u> </u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues										
over Expenditures	\$ <u>16,3</u>	<u>319</u>	\$ <u>(168</u>	3 <u>,733</u> )	\$	0	\$	0	\$ <u>(99</u>	<u>,332</u> )
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):										
Insurance Proceeds	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0
Debt Proceeds		0		0		0		0		0
Sale of Property		0		0		0		0		0
Operating Transfers In		0		0		0		0	99	,332
Operating Transfers Out		0		0		0		0	<u> </u>	0
Total Other Financing	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$ <u>99</u>	<u>,332</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and										
Other Sources over Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ 16,3	319	\$(168	3,733)	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0
Fund Balances-Beginning of Year	<u>(57,2</u>	2 <u>17</u> )	_(71	,825)	<u>(20</u>	<u>,236</u> )	<u>1,</u>	<u>223</u>	<u>(12</u>	<u>,792</u> )
Fund Balances-End of Year	\$ <u>(40,8</u>	<u>398</u> )	\$ <u>(240</u>	) <u>,558</u> )	\$ <u>(20</u>	<u>,236</u> )	\$ <u>1,</u>	<u>223</u>	\$ <u>(12</u>	<u>,792</u> )

Capital Projects Funds						
Chateau	LWCF-PARC	Rue Beauport	Eagle	Debt Service	Debt Service	
St. Denis	Natchitoches	Riverfront	Building	Sales Tax	General Obligations	m . 1
<u>Fund</u>	Fund	Fund Project	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>
<b>\$</b> 0	<b>\$</b> 0	<b>\$</b> 0	<b>\$</b> 0	<b>\$</b> 0	\$ 0	\$ 6,210,257
0	0	0	0	0	0	754,329
0	0	0	0	0	0	2,417,492
0	0	0	0	0	0	34,136
173	0	0		0	0	657,566
\$ <u>173</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$0	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$0	\$ <u>10,073,780</u>
\$ 0	\$ 0	<b>\$</b> 0	<b>\$</b> 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 1,235,086
0	0	0	0	0	0	951,147
0	0	0	0	0	0	1,923,811
0	0	0	0	0	0	168,733
0	0	3,760	225	0	0	3,437,988
0	0	0	0	0	0	91,102
0	0	0	0	0	0	0
\$ <u>0</u>	2,623	\$ <u>3,760</u>	¢ 225	1,205,836	\$ <u>0</u>	<u>1,931,653</u>
\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>2,623</u>	\$ <u>3,760</u>	\$ <u>225</u>	\$ <u>1,205,836</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>9,739,520</u>
\$ <u>173</u>	\$ <u>(2,623</u> )	\$(3,760)	\$ <u>(225</u> )	\$ <u>(1,205,836</u> )	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>334,260</u>
<b>\$</b> 0	<b>\$</b> 0	<b>\$</b> 0	<b>\$</b> 0	\$ O	\$ 0	\$ 0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	286,794
0	0	0	0	1,367,383	0	3,480,581
0	0	0		0	0	<u>(5,767,338)</u>
\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>1,367,383</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>(1,999,963</u> )
<b>•</b> • • = ~	. (s)	A (5			<b>•</b> -	• /• · · · · · · ·
\$ 173	\$ (2,623)	\$ (3,760)	\$(225)	\$ 161,547	\$ 0	\$ (1,665,703)
<u>   9,952</u>	<u>(26,119</u> )	<u>(209,491</u> )	0	227,189	1,266,892	<u>10,676,516</u>
\$ <u>10,125</u>	\$ <u>(28,742</u> )	\$ <u>(213,251</u> )	\$ <u>(225</u> )	\$ <u>388,736</u>	\$ <u>1,266,892</u>	\$ <u>9,010,813</u>

# OTHER REPORTS/SCHEDULES

# 

Certified Public Accountants

Eddie G. Johnson, CPA - A Professional Corporation (1927-1996)

Mark D. Thomas, CPA – A Professional Corporation Roger M. Cunningham, CPA – A Professional Corporation Jessica H. Broadway, CPA – A Professional Corporation Ryan E. Todtenbier, CPA – A Professional Corporation 321 Bienville Street Natchitoches, Louisiana 71457 (318) 352-3652 Fax (318) 352-4447 www.tcbtcpa.com

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Mayor and the City Council of Natchitoches, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the *Louisiana Governmental Audit Guide*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, the fiduciary fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information as of and for the year ended May 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Natchitoches, Louisiana's (City) basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 19, 2020.

#### **Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Natchitoches' financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 25:513, this report is distributed by the Louisiana Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Shomae, Curringham, Broadway + Sodtenbier, CPA's

Thomas, Cunningham, Broadway & Todtenbier CPA's Natchitoches, Louisiana

November 19, 2020

City of Natchitoches, Louisiana Schedule of Audit Results Year Ended May 31, 2020

#### I. SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

The following summarize the audit results in accordance with the Government Auditing Standards:

- 1. Since the City did not present all of its component units, an adverse opinion was issued for the City of Natchitoches as a reporting entity; however, an unmodified opinion was issued on the primary government financial statements of the City of Natchitoches as of and for the year ended May 31, 2020.
- 2. The audit disclosed no material weaknesses in internal control.
- 3. The audit disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.
- II. FINDINGS IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

None Noted.

III. PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

None Noted.

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