Town of Gramercy

2022 Financial Statements



TOWN OF GRAMERCY, LOUISIANA FINANCIAL REPORT JUNE 30, 2022

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page_
Independent Auditors' Report	1 - 3
Required Supplemental Information – Part I	
Management's Discussion and Analysis	4-10
Basic Financial Statements	
GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (GWFS):	
Statement of Net Position	11
Statement of Activities	12
FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (FFS):	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	13
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	14
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Governmental Funds	15
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	16
Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds	17
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position – Proprietary Funds	18
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds	19 – 20
Notes to the Financial Statements	21 – 45
Required Supplementary Information – Part II	
Schedule of Changes in Total Post-employment Liability and Related Ratios	46
Schedule of the Town of Gramercy's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	47
Schedule of the Town of Gramercy's Contributions	48
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information	49
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund	50
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Sales Tax Fund	51

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Required Supplementary Information – Part II (continued)	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – American Rescue Plan Fund	52
Other Supplementary Information	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Schedule of Other Revenue - General Fund	53
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Schedule of Expenditures – General Fund	54 - 55
Schedule of Principal Officials and Salaries	56
Schedule of Compensation, Benefits, and Other Payments to Agency Head	57
Justice System Funding Schedule – Collecting/Disbursing Entity as Required by Act 87 of 2020 Regular Legislative Session – Cash Basis Presentation	58
Other Reports Required by Government Auditing Standards	
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	59 - 60
Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	61 – 63
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards – For the Year Ended June 30, 2022	64
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	65 - 67
Summary Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings	68
Performance and Statistical Data	
Insurance-in-Force Schedule (Unaudited)	69
Public Utility System Operations Schedule (Unaudited)	70 - 71



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A Professional Accounting Corporation

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Board of Aldermen Town of Gramercy, Louisiana

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Town of Gramercy, Louisiana, (the Town), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Town, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Town, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance wit the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.



Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements, as a whole, are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing* Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the
 Town's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedule of changes in total post-employment liability and related ratios, schedule of the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability, schedule of the Town's contributions, notes to the required supplementary information, and the budgetary comparison schedules be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.



Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements. The budgetary comparison schedules of other revenue and expenditures – general fund, the schedule of principal officials and salaries, the schedule of compensation, benefits, and other payments to agency head, the justice system funding schedule – collecting/disbursing entity as required by Act 87 of 2020 Regular Legislative Session – cash basis presentation, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the budgetary comparison schedules of other revenue and expenditures – general fund, the schedule of principal officials and salaries, the schedule of compensation, benefits and other payments to agency head, the justice system funding schedule – collecting/disbursing entity as required by Act 87 of 2020 Regular Legislative Session – cash basis presentation, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the insurance-in-force schedule (unaudited) and public utility system operations schedule (unaudited) but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 31, 2022, on our consideration of the Town's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Postlethurite & Netterville

Donaldsonville, Louisiana December 31, 2022

This section of the Town of Gramercy's (the Town) annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the Town's financial performance during the fiscal year that ended on June 30, 2022. Please read it in conjunction with the Town's financial statements, which follows this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Town exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$6,769,709 (net position). Of this amount, \$179,651 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the Town's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- During the year, the Town's governmental activities expenses were approximately \$150,000 more than the approximately \$3.3 million generated in charges for services, taxes, and other revenue. In the Town's business-type activities, expenses were approximately \$209,000 more than the approximately \$1.6 million generated in revenues and transfers.
- The general fund reported over \$3.9 million fund balance at year end.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of four parts - management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, required supplementary information, and a supplemental section that includes schedules of detailed budgetary amounts and compensation/salary schedules for principal officials and agency head. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the Town:

- The first two statements are government-wide financial statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about the Town's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the Town's government, reporting the Town's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
 - The governmental fund statements tell how general government services like public safety were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.
 - Proprietary fund statements offer *short* and *long-term* financial information about the activities that the government operates *like businesses*, such as water and sewer system.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Figure A-1 shows how the required parts of this annual report are arranged and relate to one another.

Figure A-1 summarizes the major features of the Town's financial statements, including the portion of the Town's government they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure of contents of each of the statements.

Figure A-1
Major Features of Town's Government and Fund Financial Statements

		Fund Statements	
	Government-wide Statements	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds
Scope	Entire Town government	The activities of the Town that are not proprietary, such as police, fire, and streets	Activities the Town operates similar to private businesses: the water and sewer system
Required financial statements	 Statement of net position Statement of activities 	 Balance Sheet Statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances 	 Statement of net position Statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position Statement of cash flows
Accounting basis and measurements focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payments are due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

Government-wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the Town as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the Town's net position and how they have changed. Net position - the difference between the Town's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources - is one way to measure the Town's financial health, or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the Town's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the Town you need to consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the Town's property tax base and the condition of the Town's infrastructure.

The government-wide financial statements of the Town are divided into two categories:

- Governmental activities most of the Town's basic services are included here, such as the police, fire, public works, and general administration. Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise fees, and interest finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities The Town charges fees to customers to help it cover the costs of certain services it provides. The Town's water and sewer system are included here.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the Town's most significant funds - not the Town as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the Town uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes. Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.

The Town has two kinds of funds:

- Governmental funds Most of the Town's basic services are included in its governmental fund, which focuses on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Town's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information on the subsequent page that explains the relationship (or differences) between them.
- Proprietary funds Services for which the Town charges customers a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds, like the government-wide statements, provide both long-term and short-term financial information. In fact, the Town's enterprise funds (one type of proprietary fund) are the same as its business-type activities, but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE TOWN AS A WHOLE

Net position. The Town's combined net position decreased between fiscal years 2021 and 2022 to approximately \$6.8 million. (See Table A-1.)

Table A-1
Town's Net Position

		101111 3110	t i Osition			
	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	ype Activities		
	2022	2021	2022	2021		
Current and other assets	\$ 4,983,382	\$ 4,675,885	\$ 356,641	\$ 513,165		
Capital assets	1,222,018	1,173,426	5,982,637	6,107,253		
Restricted assets	-	-	214,186	213,018		
Total assets	6,205,400	5,849,311	6,553,464	6,833,436		
Deferred outflows of resources	585,878	714,520	239,236	314,017		
Total assets and deferred						
outflows of resources	6,791,278	6,563,831	6,792,700	7,147,453		
Current liabilities	797,224	101,355	256,943	228,534		
Long term liabilities	2,224,869	3,065,481	1,736,472	2,307,948		
Total liabilities	3,022,093	3,166,836	1,993,415	2,536,482		
Deferred inflows of resources	1,250,353	728,758	548,408	150,713		
Total liabilities and deferred						
inflows of resources	4,272,446	3,895,594	2,541,823	2,687,195		
Net position						
Net investment in capital assets	1,222,018	1,173,426	4,993,613	5,051,446		
Restricted	264,153	280,666	110,534	109,366		
Unrestricted (deficit)	1,032,661	1,214,145	(853,010)	(700,554)		
Total net position	\$ 2,518,832	\$ 2,668,237	\$ 4,250,877	\$ 4,460,258		

Net position of the Town's governmental activities decreased approximately 5.6 percent to approximately \$2.5 million. Net position of the Town's business-type activities decreased approximately 4.7 percent to \$4.3 million.

Changes in net position. The Town's total revenues increased by approximately \$819,000 to approximately \$4.87 million. Approximately 27.9 percent of the Town's revenue comes from charges for services, 28.3 percent comes from tax collections, and 21.8 percent comes from operating and capital grants.

The Town's total expenses increased by approximately \$1.5 million or 40.4 percent to approximately \$5.2 million. Approximately 66.3 percent of the Town's expenses come from governmental activities and 33.7 percent come from its business-type activities. (See Table A-2)

Governmental Activities

Revenues for the Town's governmental activities increased by approximately \$898,000 or 32.7 percent, while total expenses increased approximately \$1.24 million or 56.0 percent. There was an increase of approximately \$953,000 operating and capital grants as a result of American Rescue Plan allocation, FEMA reimbursements, and parish grants for roadwork. Increases in expenses are the result of expenses related to Hurricane Ida recovery efforts.

Changes in Town's Net Position

	Governmen	ital Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities		
	2022	2021	2022	2021		
Revenues						
Program revenues						
Charges for services	\$ 282,656	\$ 289,360	\$ 1,074,332	\$ 1,125,395		
Operating grants and contributions	915,544	37,741	-	-		
Capital grants and contributions	75,000	-	70,000	35,000		
General revenues						
Taxes	1,298,145	1,269,419	80,796	133,766		
Licenses and permits	191,116	228,085	-	-		
Fines and forfeitures	13,566	29,425	-	-		
Intergovernmental	640,641	517,093	-	-		
Donated assets	-	121,395	-	10,000		
Miscellaneous	220,644	248,837	-	-		
Interest	6,530_	4,086_	45_	58_		
Total revenues	3,643,842_	2,745,441_	1,225,173	1,304,219		
Expenses						
General government	911,353	573,746	-	-		
Public safety	761,063	781,384	-	-		
Streets	962,675	551,213	-	-		
Sanitation	278,946	249,742	-	-		
Drainage	552,812	66,498	-	-		
Business-type expenses			1,760,952	1,501,958		
Total expenses	3,466,849_	2,222,583	1,760,952	1,501,958_		
Transfers						
Transfers in	-	-	326,398	222,799		
Transfers out	(326,398)_	(222,799)				
Total transfers	(326,398)	(222,799)	326,398	222,799		
Change in net position	(149,405)	300,059	(209,381)	25,060		
Beginning net position	2,668,237	2,368,178	4,460,258	4,435,198		
Ending net position	\$ 2,518,832	\$ 2,668,237	\$ 4,250,877	\$ 4,460,258		

Business-Type Activities

Revenues for the Town's business-type activities decreased by 6.1 percent to approximately \$1.2 million while total expenses increased 17.2 percent to approximately \$1.76 million. The decrease in revenue is attributed to decreases in charges for services revenue, sales taxes, and donated assets. Increase in expenses is attributable to repairs made as a result of Hurricane Ida.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE TOWN'S FUNDS

As the Town completed the year, its general fund reported fund balance of approximately \$3.9 million, a decrease of 8.6 percent from last year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the Town experienced greater revenue growth than which was budgeted by approximately \$900,000. This is a direct result of increases in federal funding and video poker revenues received. General fund operating expenditures were slightly more than budgeted, due to an in spending for Hurricane Ida recovery efforts.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

At the end of the 2022 fiscal year, the Town had invested approximately \$7.2 million in a broad range of capital assets, including police equipment, buildings, vehicles, and water and sewer systems. (See Table A-3) This amount represents a net decrease (including additions and deductions) of approximately \$76,000 or 1.0 percent, when compared to last year.

Table A-3
Town's Capital Assets
(net of depreciation)

	Governmental Activities					Business-Ty _l	pe Activities		
		2022	2021			2022		2021	
Land	\$	92,520	\$	92,520	\$	76,825		76,825	
Plant & Equipment		-		-	5	5,889,498	4	5,899,870	
Other Improvements		815,592		825,341		-		-	
Equipment		279,044		228,153		-		-	
Construction in progress		34,862		27,412		16,314		130,558	
Total	\$	1,222,018	\$ 1	1,173,426	\$ 5	5,982,637	\$ (5,107,253	

Net decrease in capital assets is a result of the current year capital asset disposals and depreciation expense exceeding the current year asset additions.

This year's major capital asset activity included:

Governmental Activities:

- David Drive and Railroad Crossing improvements of over \$57,000.
- Various street projects and other police equipment

Business-Type Activities:

- The Town began the Pond Pump Station Upgrade improvement project and incurred expenses of approximately \$16,000 during the year ended June 30, 2022.
- The Town purchased several pumps and motors for the water and sewer systems.

Outstanding debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town had bonded debt outstanding of approximately \$978,000 as compared to approximately \$1,045,000 in the prior year, a decrease of \$67,000 or 6.4 percent. (See Table A-4) More information about the Town's long-term debt is presented in Note 6 to the financial statements.

Table A-4 Town's Outstanding Debt

	Government	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities		
	2022	2021	2022	2021		
Water Improvement Bonds	-	-	978,441	1,045,441		
Compensated absences	30,806	30,616	6,081	5,564		
Total	\$ 30,806	\$ 30,616	\$ 984,522	\$ 1,051,005		

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The Town's major sources of revenue for the general fund are comprised from taxes, grants, and charges for services at 21%, 16%, and 20%, respectively. The economy is not expected to generate significant growth from the prior year.

The Town will receive approximately \$600,000 to help offset any negative impact of COVID-19 as a result of the American Rescue Plan passed by Congress and signed by the President in March 2021. The Town is also expecting additional FEMA reimbursements.

CONTACTING THE TOWN'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the Town's finances and to demonstrate the Town's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Steven T. Nosacka, Mayor, PO Drawer 340, Gramercy, LA 70052.

TOWN OF GRAMERCY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities		siness-Type Activities	Total
<u>ASSETS</u>				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,353,475	\$ 182,774	\$ 1,536,249
Investments		2,665,377	-	2,665,377
Other accounts receivable, net		272,389	173,867	446,256
Due from other governmental agencies		529,847	-	529,847
Prepaid insurance		162,294	-	162,294
Restricted assets - cash		-	214,186	214,186
Capital assets:				
Non-depreciable		127,382	93,139	220,521
Capital assets, net of depreciation		1,094,636	 5,889,498	 6,984,134
Total assets		6,205,400	 6,553,464	 12,758,864
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred amounts related to net pension liability		259,167	160,445	419,612
Deferred amounts related to total OPEB liability		326,711	78,791	405,502
Total deferred outflows of resources		585,878	239,236	825,114
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable		202,290	39,269	241,559
Due to employees' retirement systems		30,657	_	30,657
Accrued interest payable		-	10,583	10,583
Accrued salaries payable and related benefits		21,487	18,997	40,484
Unearned revenues		511,984	· -	511,984
Payable from restricted assets:				,
Customer service meter deposits		-	111,013	111,013
Long-term liabilities:				
Due within one year (compensated absences and bonds)		30,806	77,081	107,887
Due after one year (compensated absences and bonds)		-	907,441	907,441
Total other post-employment benefits liability		1,444,362	210,729	1,655,091
Net pension liability		780,507	618,302	1,398,809
Total liabilities		3,022,093	1,993,415	5,015,508
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred amounts related to net pension liability		382,347	267,474	649,821
Deferred amounts related to total OPEB liability		868,006	 280,934	1,148,940
Total deferred inflows of resources		1,250,353	548,408	1,798,761
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets		1,222,018	4,993,613	6,215,631
Restricted		264,153	110,274	374,427
Unrestricted (deficit)		1,032,661	(853,010)	179,651
Total net position	\$	2,518,832	\$ 4,250,877	\$ 6,769,709

TOWN OF GRAMERCY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Net (Expense) Revenue and

		Program Revenues			Changes in Net Position						
		Fees, Fines,	Opera	ating	(Capital					
		and Charges	Grant	s and		ants and	Go	overnmental	Bu	siness-Type	
	Expenses	for Services	Contrib	outions	Con	tributions		Activities		Activities	Total
Functions/Programs											
Governmental activities:											
General government	\$ 911,353	S -	\$ 9	95,747	\$	_	\$	(815,606)	\$	-	\$ (815,606)
Streets	962,675	=		_		75,000		(887,675)		-	(887,675)
Public safety	761,063	-	8	19,797		-		58,734		-	58,734
Sanitation	278,946	282,656		-		_		3,710		-	3,710
Drainage	552,812	-		-		=		(552,812)		-	(552,812)
Total governmental activities	3,466,849	282,656	9	15,544		75,000		(2,193,649)			(2,193,649)
Business-type activities:											
Public utility	1,097,906	668,648		_		_		_		(429,258)	(429,258)
Sewer	663,046	405,684		_		70,000		-		(187,362)	(187,362)
Total business-type activities	1,760,952	1,074,332				70,000		_		(616,620)	(616,620)
Total primary government	\$5,227,801	\$ 1,356,988	\$ 9	15,544	\$	145,000	_	(2,193,649)		(616,620)	(2,810,269)
	General Reve										
	Taxes	iues:						1,298,145		80,796	1,378,941
	Licenses at	ad narmite						191,116		60,790	191,116
	Intergoverr	-						640,641		-	640,641
	Miscellane							220,644		-	220,644
	Fines and f							13.566		-	13,566
	Interest	orientics						6,530		45	6,575
	Transfers							(326,398)		326,398	0,373
		neral revenues a	and transf	fers				2,044,244		407,239	2,451,483
	-	net position	Hallst	. ~ 1.0				(149,405)		(209,381)	(358,786)
	Net position -	-						2,668,237		4,460,258	7,128,495
	Net position -						-\$	2,518,832		4,250,877	\$6,769,709
	•										

TOWN OF GRAMERCY BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

			American	Total
	General	Sales Tax	Rescue Plan	Governmental
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds
<u>ASSETS</u>				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 547,723	\$ 198,021	\$ 607,731	\$ 1,353,475
Investments	2,665,377	-	-	2,665,377
Other accounts receivable, net	272,389	-	-	272,389
Due from other governmental agencies	463,715	66,132	-	529,847
Prepaid insurance	162,294	-	-	162,294
Total assets	\$ 4,111,498	\$ 264,153	\$ 607,731	\$ 4,983,382
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$ 106,543	\$ -	\$ 95,747	\$ 202,290
Payroll taxes payable	21,487	_	- -	21,487
Due to employees' retirement systems	30,657	_	-	30,657
Unearned revenue	-	_	511,984	511,984
Total liabilities	158,687		607,731	766,418
FUND BALANCES				
Nonspendable	162,294	_	-	162,294
Restricted	-	264,153	-	264,153
Unassigned	3,790,517	_	-	3,790,517
Total fund balances	3,952,811	264,153	-	4,216,964
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 4,111,498	\$ 264,153	\$ 607,731	\$ 4,983,382

TOWN OF GRAMERCY RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

Total fund balances - governmental funds	\$	4,216,964
Deferred outflows - related to net pension liability 25	59,167	
Deferred outflows - related to total OPEB liability 32	26,711	585,878
Cost of capital assets at June 30, 2022 4,56	65,009	
Less: accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2022 (3,34)	42,991)	1,222,018
Compensated absences (3	30,806)	
Other post-employment benefits liability (1,44	14,362)	
Net pension liability (78	80,507)	
Deferred inflows - related to net pension liability (38)	82,347)	
Deferred inflows - related to total OPEB liability (86	58,006)	(3,506,028)
Total net position at June 30, 2022 - governmental activities	\$	2,518,832

TOWN OF GRAMERCY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	General Fund		Sales Tax Fund		Rese	nerican cue Plan Fund	Total Governmental Funds		
REVENUES									
Ad valorem taxes	\$	126,192	\$	-	\$	-	\$	126,192	
Sales taxes		791,460		380,493		-		1,171,953	
Garbage fees		231,731		-		-		231,731	
Dumpster fees		1,090		-		-		1,090	
Mosquito control		49,835		-		-		49,835	
Franchise taxes		110,264		-		-		110,264	
Licenses and permits		191,116		-		-		191,116	
Intergovernmental revenue:									
Federal grants		819,797		-		95,747		915,544	
State funds:									
Beer		3,344		-		-		3,344	
Video poker		637,297		-		-		637,297	
Local sources		75,000		-		-		75,000	
Fines and forfeitures		13,566		-		_		13,566	
Other revenue		88,786		-		-		88,786	
Total revenues		3,139,478		380,493		95,747		3,615,718	
EXPENDITURES									
Current operating expenditures:									
General government		864,847		-		95,747		960,594	
Streets		923,515		-		-		923,515	
Drainage		529,007		-		-		529,007	
Public safety		764,863		-		-		764,863	
Sanitation		278,946		-		-		278,946	
Capital outlay		220,577				-		220,577	
Total expenditures	3	3,581,755		-		95,747		3,677,502	
EXCESS OF REVENUES									
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(442,277)		380,493		-		(61,784)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers in		370,388		-		-		370,388	
Transfers out		(299,780)		(397,006)		-		(696,786)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		70,608		(397,006)		-		(326,398)	
Change in fund balance		(371,669)		(16,513)		-		(388,182)	
FUND BALANCE									
Beginning of year	2	4,324,480		280,666		-		4,605,146	
End of year		3,952,811	<u> </u>	264,153	\$	-	\$	4,216,964	
•									

TOWN OF GRAMERCY

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES,

EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Net change in fund balance - governmental funds	\$	(388,182)
Capital assets:		
Add: Capital outlay and other expenditures capitalized	207,696	
Less: Depreciation expense for year ended June 30, 2022	(159,104)	48,592
Long-term liabilities:		
Excess of compensated absences used		
over compensated absences earned	(190)	
Net change in total OPEB liability and		
deferred inflows/outflows of resources	(994)	
Net change in net pension liability and		
deferred inflows/outflows of resources	191,369	190,185
		7

(149,405)

Change in net position of governmental activities

TOWN OF GRAMERCY, LOUISIANA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

JUNE 30,	<u> 2022</u>		
	Public Utility	Sewer	
	Revenue	Operating	
	Fund	Fund	Total
<u>ASSETS</u>			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 70,722	\$ 112,052	\$ 182,774
Accounts receivable, net	110,532	63,335	173,867
Restricted assets - cash and cash equivalents	103,912	-	103,912
Total current assets	285,166	175,387	460,553
Noncurrent assets:			
Restricted assets - cash and cash equivalents	110,274	-	110,274
Capital assets:			
Non-depreciable	76,825	16,314	93,139
Capital assets, net of depreciation	4,313,863	1,575,635	5,889,498
Total noncurrent assets	4,500,962	1,591,949	6,092,911
Total assets	4,786,128	1,767,336	6,553,464
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred amounts related to net pension liability	105,223	55,222	160,445
Deferred amounts related to total OPEB liability	53,512	25,279	78,791
Total deferred outflows of resources	158,735	80,501	239,236
<u>LIABILITIES</u>			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	20,043	19,226	39,269
Other accrued liabilities	24,429	5,151	29,580
Payable from restricted assets:			
Customer service meter deposits	111,013	-	111,013
Debt and compensated absences due within one year	77,081	-	77,081
Total current liabilities	232,566	24,377	256,943
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Debt and compensated absences due after one year	907,441	-	907,441
Total other post-employment benefits liability	140,521	70,208	210,729
Net pension liability	405,495	212,807	618,302
Total noncurrent liabilities	1,453,457	283,015	1,736,472
Total liabilities	1,686,023	307,392	1,993,415
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred amounts related to net pension liability	175,415	92,059	267,474
Deferred amounts related to total OPEB liability	192,060	88,874	280,934
Total deferred inflows of resources	367,475	180,933	548,408
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	3,401,664	1,591,949	4,993,613
Restricted for debt retirement	110,274	· ,	110,274
Unrestricted (deficit)	(620,573)	(232,437)	(853,010)
Total net position	\$ 2,891,365	\$ 1,359,512	\$ 4,250,877
A			

TOWN OF GRAMERCY, LOUISIANA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND

CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	olic Utility Revenue	C	Sewer Operating	
	Fund		Fund	Total
OPERATING REVENUES				
Charges for services	\$ 655,215	\$	398,224	\$ 1,053,439
Tap fees	1,400		1,750	3,150
Miscellaneous revenues	12,033		5,710	17,743
Total operating revenues	668,648		405,684	1,074,332
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Salaries	401,832		185,433	587,265
Office expenses	11,139		<u>-</u>	11,139
Miscellaneous expenses	2,314		3,593	5,907
Insurance	135,126		33,451	168,577
Supplies and maintenance	115,018		151,519	266,537
Vehicle expenses	3,260		17,128	20,388
Professional fees	12,875		12,875	25,750
Retirement	88,908		36,673	125,581
Electricity	40,716		60,772	101,488
Payroll taxes	5,451		1,765	7,216
Laboratory expenses	10,580		8,995	19,575
Chemicals	61,306		11,083	72,389
Bad debt	-		1,632	1,632
Depreciation	173,096		138,127	311,223
Total operating expenses	 1,061,621		663,046	 1,724,667
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(392,973)		(257,362)	(650,335)
NONOPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSES)				
Ad valorem taxes	80,796		-	80,796
Interest revenues	10		35	45
Capital grant revenues	-		70,000	70,000
Interest expense	(36,285)		-	(36,285)
Total nonoperating revenue	44,521		70,035	114,556
Income (loss) before transfers	(348,452)		(187,327)	(535,779)
TRANSFERS				
Transfers in	389,546		331,055	720,601
Transfers out	-		(394,203)	(394,203)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 389,546		(63,148)	326,398
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	41,094		(250,475)	(209,381)
Total net position- beginning	2,850,271		1,609,987	4,460,258
Total net position- ending	\$ 2,891,365	\$	1,359,512	\$ 4,250,877

TOWN OF GRAMERCY, LOUISIANA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: \$ 676,214 \$ 405,952 \$ 1,082,166 Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services (687,591) (145,265) (832,856) Cash payments to employees for services (395,882) (185,433) (581,315) Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities (407,259) 75,254 (332,005) CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Transfers to other funds 3 389,546 331,055 720,601 Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing 389,546 (63,148) 326,398 CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Acquisition of capital assets (51,405) (135,202) (186,607) Principal paid on debt (67,000) - (67,000) Subsidy from grants - 70,000 70,000 Interest paid on indebtedness (36,285) - (36,285) Receipt of ad valorem taxes 80,796 - 80,796
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Cash received from customers \$ 676,214 \$ 405,952 \$ 1,082,166 Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services (687,591) (145,265) (832,856) Cash payments to employees for services (395,882) (185,433) (581,315) Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities (407,259) 75,254 (332,005) CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING Transfers to other funds - (394,203) (394,203) Transfers from other funds 389,546 331,055 720,601 Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing 389,546 (63,148) 326,398 CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Acquisition of capital assets (51,405) (135,202) (186,607) Principal paid on debt (67,000) - (67,000) Subsidy from grants - 70,000 70,000 Interest paid on indebtedness (36,285) - (36,285) Receipt of ad valorem taxes 80,796 -
Cash received from customers \$ 676,214 \$ 405,952 \$ 1,082,166 Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services (687,591) (145,265) (832,856) Cash payments to employees for services (395,882) (185,433) (581,315) Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities (407,259) 75,254 (332,005) CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Transfers to other funds - (394,203) (394,203) Transfers from other funds 389,546 331,055 720,601 Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing 389,546 (63,148) 326,398 CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Acquisition of capital assets (51,405) (135,202) (186,607) Principal paid on debt (67,000) - (67,000) Subsidy from grants - 70,000 70,000 Interest paid on indebtedness (36,285) - (36,285) Receipt of ad valorem taxes 80,796 - 80,796
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services (687,591) (145,265) (832,856) Cash payments to employees for services (395,882) (185,433) (581,315) Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities (407,259) 75,254 (332,005) CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Transfers to other funds - (394,203) (394,203) Transfers from other funds 389,546 331,055 720,601 Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing 389,546 (63,148) 326,398 CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Acquisition of capital assets (51,405) (135,202) (186,607) Principal paid on debt (67,000) - (67,000) Subsidy from grants - 70,000 70,000 Interest paid on indebtedness (36,285) - (36,285) Receipt of ad valorem taxes 80,796 - 80,796 Net cash used in capital and related - 80,796 - 80,796
Cash payments to employees for services (395,882) (185,433) (581,315) Net eash provided by (used in) operating activities (407,259) 75,254 (332,005) CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Transfers to other funds - (394,203) (394,203) Transfers from other funds 389,546 331,055 720,601 Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing 389,546 (63,148) 326,398 CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Acquisition of capital assets (51,405) (135,202) (186,607) Principal paid on debt (67,000) - (67,000) Subsidy from grants - 70,000 70,000 Interest paid on indebtedness (36,285) - (36,285) Receipt of ad valorem taxes 80,796 - 80,796 Net cash used in capital and related
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CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Transfers to other funds - (394,203) (394,203) Transfers from other funds 389,546 331,055 720,601 Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing 389,546 (63,148) 326,398 CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: (51,405) (135,202) (186,607) Principal paid on debt (67,000) - (67,000) (67,000) Subsidy from grants - 70,000 70,000 70,000 Interest paid on indebtedness (36,285) - (36,285) Receipt of ad valorem taxes 80,796 - 80,796 Net cash used in capital and related 80,796 - 80,796
ACTIVITIES: Transfers to other funds - (394,203) (394,203) Transfers from other funds 389,546 331,055 720,601 Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing 389,546 (63,148) 326,398 CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Acquisition of capital assets (51,405) (135,202) (186,607) Principal paid on debt (67,000) - (67,000) Subsidy from grants - 70,000 70,000 Interest paid on indebtedness (36,285) - (36,285) Receipt of ad valorem taxes 80,796 - 80,796 Net cash used in capital and related 80,796 - 80,796
Transfers to other funds - (394,203) (394,203) Transfers from other funds 389,546 331,055 720,601 Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing 389,546 (63,148) 326,398 CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Acquisition of capital assets (51,405) (135,202) (186,607) Principal paid on debt (67,000) - (67,000) Subsidy from grants - 70,000 70,000 Interest paid on indebtedness (36,285) - (36,285) Receipt of ad valorem taxes 80,796 - 80,796 Net cash used in capital and related 80,796 - 80,796
Transfers from other funds 389,546 331,055 720,601 Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing 389,546 (63,148) 326,398 CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Acquisition of capital assets (51,405) (135,202) (186,607) Principal paid on debt (67,000) - (67,000) Subsidy from grants - 70,000 70,000 Interest paid on indebtedness (36,285) - (36,285) Receipt of ad valorem taxes 80,796 - 80,796 Net cash used in capital and related 80,796 - 80,796
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing 389,546 (63,148) 326,398 CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Acquisition of capital assets (51,405) (135,202) (186,607) Principal paid on debt (67,000) - (67,000) Subsidy from grants - 70,000 70,000 Interest paid on indebtedness (36,285) - (36,285) Receipt of ad valorem taxes 80,796 - 80,796 Net cash used in capital and related 80,796 - 80,796
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Acquisition of capital assets (51,405) (135,202) (186,607) Principal paid on debt (67,000) - (67,000) Subsidy from grants - 70,000 70,000 Interest paid on indebtedness (36,285) - (36,285) Receipt of ad valorem taxes 80,796 - 80,796 Net cash used in capital and related 80,796 - 80,796
FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Acquisition of capital assets (51,405) (135,202) (186,607) Principal paid on debt (67,000) - (67,000) Subsidy from grants - 70,000 70,000 Interest paid on indebtedness (36,285) - (36,285) Receipt of ad valorem taxes 80,796 - 80,796 Net cash used in capital and related 80,796 - 80,796
Acquisition of capital assets (51,405) (135,202) (186,607) Principal paid on debt (67,000) - (67,000) Subsidy from grants - 70,000 70,000 Interest paid on indebtedness (36,285) - (36,285) Receipt of ad valorem taxes 80,796 - 80,796 Net cash used in capital and related 80,796 - 80,796
Principal paid on debt (67,000) - (67,000) Subsidy from grants - 70,000 70,000 Interest paid on indebtedness (36,285) - (36,285) Receipt of ad valorem taxes 80,796 - 80,796 Net cash used in capital and related - 80,796 - 80,796
Subsidy from grants - 70,000 70,000 Interest paid on indebtedness (36,285) - (36,285) Receipt of ad valorem taxes 80,796 - 80,796 Net cash used in capital and related
Interest paid on indebtedness (36,285) - (36,285) Receipt of ad valorem taxes 80,796 - 80,796 Net cash used in capital and related
Receipt of ad valorem taxes 80,796 - 80,796 Net cash used in capital and related
Net cash used in capital and related
7 '
financing activities (73,894) (65,202) (139,096)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:
Interest earned on investments103545
Net cash provided by investing activities103545
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents (91,597) (53,061) (144,658)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of year 376,505 165,113 541,618
Cash and cash equivalents - end of year \$ 284,908 \$ 112,052 \$ 396,960

TOWN OF GRAMERCY, LOUISIANA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		blic Utility Revenue Fund	Sewer Operating Fund		Total
RECONCILIATION OF LOSS FROM OPERATIONS TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:					
Operating loss	\$	(392,973)	\$ (257,362)	\$	(650,335)
Adjustments to reconcile loss from operations to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:					
Depreciation		173,096	138,127		311,223
		173,090	1,632		1,632
Bad debt provision Net change in assets and liabilities:		-	1,052		1,032
Accounts receivable		5,075	268		5,343
Prepaids		3,723	206		3,723
Due from other funds		3,723	205,196		205,196
Net pension liability		(232,478)	(135,075)		(367,553)
Total other postemployment benefit liability		(91,753)	(41,170)		(307,333) $(132,923)$
Deferred outflows of resources		46,227	28,554		74,781
Accounts payable		12,358	9,142		21,500
Due to other funds		(205,196)	9,142		(205,196)
Other accrued liabilities		5,433	(5,532)		(99)
Deferred inflows of resources		266,221	131,474		397,695
Compensated absences		517	131,474		517
Customer service meter deposits		2,491	-		2,491
Total adjustments		$\frac{2,491}{(14,286)}$	332,616		318,330
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	(407,259)	\$ 75,254	<u> </u>	(332,005)
Ther cush provided by (used in) operating activities	<u>Ψ</u>	(107,237)	73,231		(332,003)
Cash and cash equivalents consists of:					
Current assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	70,722	\$ 112,052	\$	182,774
Restricted assets - cash and cash equivalents		103,912	-		103,912
Noncurrent assets					
Restricted assets - cash and cash equivalents		110,274			110,274
	\$	284,908	\$ 112,052	\$	396,960

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Town of Gramercy, Louisiana (Town) was incorporated on November 27, 1947, and operates under a Mayor-Board of Aldermen form of government. As authorized by its charter, the Town is responsible for public safety, highways and streets, sanitation, public improvements, and general administrative services.

The Town's basic financial statements consist of the government-wide statements and the fund financial statements. The statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to governmental units and promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards. Such accounting and reporting procedures conform to the requirements of Louisiana Revised Statute 24:517, to the guidance set forth in the Louisiana Governmental Accounting Guide, and to the industry audit guide, Audits of State and Local Governmental Units published by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

Financial Reporting Entity

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 61, *Defining the Financial Reporting Entity*, establishes criteria for determining the governmental reporting entity and component units that should be included within the reporting entity. Since the Town is a special purpose government that has a separately elected governing body, is legally separate, and is fiscally independent of other state or local governments, it is considered a primary government under the provisions of this Statement. As used in GASB Statement No. 61, fiscally independent means that the Town may, without the approval or consent of another governmental entity, determine or modify its own budget, levy its own taxes or set rates or charges, and issue bonded debt. Additionally, the Town does not have any component units, which are defined by GASB Statement No. 61 as other legally separate organizations for which the elected officials are financially accountable. There are no other primary governments with which the Town has a significant relationship.

The following is a summary of certain significant accounting policies and practices:

Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the Town. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the Town. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the Town and for each function of the Town's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting (continued)

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the Town's funds. Separate statements for each fund category - governmental and proprietary - are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

- a. General Fund This is the Town's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- b. Sales Tax Fund The Sales Tax Fund accounts for the receipt and use of proceeds of the Town's one-half percent sales and use tax that was authorized on March 24, 2018. These taxes are dedicated for constructing, improving, extending and maintaining streets, drainage, sewer infrastructure and sewerage treatment works; police department equipment; and purchasing and acquiring the necessary equipment and land for any of the aforesaid public works, improvements and facilities.
- c. American Rescue Plan Fund The American Rescue Plan Fund accounts for the receipt and use of allocations received for Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds. This federal award has been awarded to state and local governments for certain recovery efforts following the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic.

The Town reports the following two major enterprise funds:

Public Utility Revenue Fund and Sewer Operating Fund - These funds are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing the goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered through user charges or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting

Government-wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the Town gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting (continued)

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. The governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The Town considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest are considered to be susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in the governmental fund. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the Town funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net assets available to finance the program. It is the Town's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then by general revenues.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities as of the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Pension Plans

The Town is a participating employer in two cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans as described in Note 10. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of each of the plans, and additions to/deductions for the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments have been reported at fair value within the plan.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The Town follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in these financial statements:

- 1. A proposed budget is prepared and submitted to the Mayor and Board of Aldermen prior to the beginning of each fiscal year.
- 2. The proposed budget is published in the official journal and made available for public inspection. A public hearing is held to obtain taxpayer comments.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting (continued)

- 3. The budget is adopted through the passage of an ordinance prior to the commencement of the fiscal year for which the budget is being adopted.
- 4. Budgetary amendments involving the transfer of funds from one department, program, or function to another or involving increases in expenditures resulting from revenues exceeding amounts originally estimated require the approval of the Board of Aldermen.
- 5. All budgetary appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.
- 6. Budgets for the general, special revenue, and proprietary funds are adopted on bases consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).
- 7. Louisiana R.S. 39:1310 requires budgets to be amended when revenue collections plus projected revenue collections for the remainder of a year, within a fund, are failing to meet estimated annual budgeted revenues by five percent or more or expenditures plus projected expenditures for the remainder of the year, within a fund, are exceeding estimated budgeted expenditures by five percent or more.

The level of budgetary control is total appropriations. Budgeted amounts included in the financial statements include the original adopted budget and final amended budget for the general fund, and the original adopted budget for the sales tax fund.

Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

Cash, cash equivalents, and investments include demand deposit accounts, interest-bearing demand accounts, certificates of deposit, and investments in the Louisiana Asset Management Pool (LAMP) with a maturity date within three months of the date of acquisition. Under Louisiana Revised Statutes 39:1271 and 33:2955, the Town may deposit funds in demand deposit accounts, interest-bearing demand deposit accounts, and time certificates of deposit with state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having principal offices in Louisiana. In addition, local governments in Louisiana are authorized to invest in the Louisiana Asset Management Pool, Inc., a nonprofit corporation formed by an initiative of the State Treasury and organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, which operates a local government investment pool.

Under State Law, the Town may invest in certificates of deposits. These are classified as cash equivalents if the original maturities are 90 days or less; however, if their original maturity exceed 90 days, these are classified as investments. Investments are stated at cost and approximate fair value.

Restricted Assets

Certain customer meter deposits, debt service sinking funds, and ad valorem tax collections are legally restricted as to purpose. These assets have been classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position since the use of these funds is limited by applicable deposit agreements, bond covenants, and tax millages.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets with an acquisition value greater than \$1,000 are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activity columns in the government-wide financial statements. Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their estimated acquisition value at the date of donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Capital Assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class	Estimated Useful Lives
Buildings	40
Building Improvements	15
Other Improvements	20-40
Vehicles	5-15
Equipment	3-15

The proprietary fund type operations are accounted for on a cost of services or "capital maintenance" measurement focus, and all assets and liabilities (whether current or non-current) associated with their activity are included on their balance sheets.

Depreciation of all exhaustible fixed assets used by the proprietary funds is charged as an expense against their operations. Depreciation has been provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Sewerage system	40	years
Waterworks system	40	years
Office equipment	5-10	years
Automotive equipment	3-5	years

Accounts Receivable

Uncollectible amounts due from customers for utility services are recognized through the establishment of an allowance for uncollectible accounts at the time information becomes available which indicates the uncollectibility of the particular receivable.

Accumulated Leave

Employees earn vacation leave on January 1st of each year at various rates depending upon the length of their employment. Employees must use their vacation leave in the year earned. The liability for compensated absences reported in the governmental-wide statements consists of unpaid, accumulated annual leave balances at June 30, 2022.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Long-Term Liabilities

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and in the proprietary fund types' financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities. Bond issuance costs, excluding any prepaid bond insurance, are reported as expense in the year of debt issuance. Bonded debt premiums, discounts, and gains (losses) on refundings are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable is reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Gains (losses) on refundings are reported as deferred outflows/inflows of resources.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums, discounts, and bond issuance costs during the current financial reporting period. The face amount of the debt issue is reported as "other financing sources." Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as "other financing sources" and discounts on debt are reported as "other financing uses."

Excess revenue contracts, loans, and notes are obligations of the general government and payment of these debts are normally provided by transfers from the General Fund to a debt service fund. However, if a debt is intended to be repaid by an enterprise fund it is recorded as a proprietary long-term debt.

Ad valorem tax revenue bonds are secured by ad valorem tax revenues. For those issues not associated with enterprise fund operations, payment of the debt is provided by ad valorem tax revenue recognized in the appropriate governmental fund. Ad valorem tax revenue bond issues associated with enterprise funds are accounted for in the relevant enterprise fund.

Interfund Balances / Transfers

During the course of normal operations, the Town has transactions between funds, including expenditures and transfers of resources to provide services, purchase assets and service debt. Advances between funds which are not expected to be repaid are accounted for as transfers. In those cases, where repayment is expected, the transfers are accounted for through the various due from and due to accounts.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

The statement of financial position will often report a separate section for deferred outflows and (or) deferred inflows of financial resources. *Deferred outflows* of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. *Deferred inflows* of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

The Town's deferred outflows and inflows of resources on the statement of net position are a result of deferrals concerning pensions and other post-employment benefits.

Note 10 presents detailed information concerning the amounts related to pensions reported in the deferred inflows and deferred outflows sections of the statement of net position. Note 12 presents detailed information concerning the amounts related to other post-employment benefits reported in the deferred inflows and deferred outflows sections of the statement of net position.

Statements of Cash Flows

For purposes of the statements of cash flows, the Town considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is not employed by the Town.

Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; business interruption; errors and omissions; employee injuries and illnesses; natural disasters; and employee health, dental, and accident benefits. The Town carries commercial insurance for all risks of loss.

Equity Classifications

Government-wide Statements: In the government-wide statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net position All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use for a particular project or service, it is the Town's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fund Financial Statements: In the fund financial statements, governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. As such, fund balance of the governmental funds is further classified as follows:

- a. Nonspendable amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in non-spendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- b. Restricted amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.
- c. Committed amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal decision of the Board of Aldermen, which is the highest level of decision-making authority.
- d. Assigned amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes by the Board of Aldermen.
- e. Unassigned all other spendable amounts.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Equity Classifications (continued)

When expenditures are incurred for the purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted amounts are available, the Town reduces restricted amounts first, followed by unrestricted amounts. When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which committed, assigned, or unassigned amounts are available, the Town reduces committed amounts first, followed by assigned amounts, and finally unassigned amounts, as needed, unless the Town has provided otherwise in its committed or assignment actions.

Arbitrage Liability

Section 148 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, requires that issuers of tax-exempt debt make arbitrage calculations annually on bond issues issued after August 31, 1986, to determine whether an arbitrage rebate liability exists between the issuer and the U.S. Department of Treasury. Arbitrage is the difference (or profit) earned from borrowing funds at tax-exempt rates and investing the proceeds in higher yielding taxable securities. There are no arbitrage rebate liabilities outstanding to the U.S. Department of Treasury for Town issues at June 30, 2022.

Current Year Adoption of New Accounting Standard

The Town adopted GASB 87, *Leases*. This statement requires all leases to be reported on the statement of net position under a single accounting model for both lessors and lessees. The statement requires the recognition of lease assets or liabilities for leases previously reported as operating leases. Both operating and capital leases will be reported under this single accounting method and reported by lessees as an intangible right to use asset and by lessors as a receivable with both reporting a deferred inflow of resources. The adoption of this standard did not have an effect on the Town's financial statements.

2. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

Cash and Cash Equivalents

At June 30, 2022, the carrying amounts of the Town's cash and cash equivalents were as follows:

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,536,249
Restricted cash	214,186
	\$ 1,750,435

Under state law, these deposits must be secured by either federal deposit insurance or by the pledge of securities owned by a fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent bank.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a financial institution failure, the Town's deposits may not be returned to them. To mitigate this risk, state law requires deposits to be secured by federal deposit insurance of the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent financial institution. At year-end, the Town's bank balance was \$1,831,875. Of this amount, \$604,415 was covered by federal depository insurance, and \$1,227,460 was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the Town's name.

Securities that may be pledged as collateral consist of obligations of the U.S. Government and its agencies, obligations of the State of Louisiana and its municipalities and school districts.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

2. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments (continued)

Investments

At June 30, 2022, the Town is invested in a \$40,000 18-month certificate of deposit with an interest rate of 0.35% and \$2,625,377 in an external investment pool, Louisiana Asset Management Pool.

LAMP is administered by LAMP, Inc., a non-profit corporation organized under the laws of the state of Louisiana. Only local government entities having contracted to participate in LAMP have an investment interest in its pool of assets. The primary objective of LAMP is to provide a safe environment for the placement of public funds in short-term, high quality investments. The LAMP portfolio includes only securities and other obligations in which local governments in Louisiana are authorized to invest in accordance with LA-R.S. 33:2955.

LAMP is a governmental investment pool that reports at fair value. The investments are measured at the net asset value. The following facts are relevant for investment pools:

Credit risk: LAMP is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.

Custodial credit risk: LAMP participants' investments in the pool are evidenced by shares of the pool. Investments in pools should be disclosed, but not categorized because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book-entry form. The public entity's investment is with the pool, not the securities that make up the pool; therefore, no public disclosure is required.

Concentration of credit risk: Pooled investments are excluded from the five percent disclosure requirement.

Interest rate risk: LAMP is designed to be highly liquid to give its participants immediate access to their account balances. LAMP prepares its own interest rate risk disclosure using the weighted average maturity (WAM) method. The WAM of LAMP assets is restricted to not more than 90 days and consists of no securities with a maturity in excess of 397 days or 762 days for U.S. Government floating/variable rate investments. The WAM of LAMP's total investments is 56 days (from LAMP's monthly Portfolio Holdings) as of June 30, 2022.

Foreign currency risk: Not applicable. LAMP complies with the provisions of Louisiana Law concerning permissible investments for municipalities, parishes and other political subdivisions set forth in La R.S. 33:2955 and the investment policy does not provide for investment in foreign obligations.

The investments in LAMP are stated at fair value based on quoted market prices. The fair value is determined on a weekly basis by LAMP and the value of the position in the external investment pools is the same as the net asset value of the pool shares.

LAMP, Inc. is subject to the regulatory oversight of the state treasurer and the board of directors. LAMP is not registered with the SEC as an investment company.

An annual audit of LAMP is conducted by the Louisiana Legislative Auditor. The Legislative Auditor of the State of Louisiana has full access to the records of LAMP. LAMP issues financial reports which can be obtained by writing: LAMP, Inc., 650 Poydras St., Suite 2220, New Orleans, LA 70130.

At June 30, 2022, the Town had the following investments:

LAMP	\$ 2,625,377
Investment in certificate of deposit	40,000
	\$ 2,665,377

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

3. Capital Assets

Capital assets and depreciation activity as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, are as follows:

Governmental activities:			Other		Construction	
	Land	Buildings	Improvements	Equipment	In Progress	Total
Cost of capital assets						
June 30, 2021	\$ 92,520	\$ 285,736	\$ 2,921,781	\$1,102,356	\$ 27,412	\$ 4,429,805
Additions	-	-	26,000	116,946	64,750	207,696
Disposals	-	-	-	(72,492)	-	(72,492)
Transfers			57,300		(57,300)	_
Cost of capital assets						
June 30, 2022	92,520	285,736	3,005,081	1,146,810	34,862	4,565,009
Accumulated depreciation						
June 30, 2021	-	285,736	2,096,440	874,203	-	3,256,379
Additions	-	-	93,049	66,055	-	159,104
Disposals		_		(72,492)	-	(72,492)
Accumulated depreciation						
June 30, 2022		285,736	2,189,489	867,766	- _	3,342,991
Capital assets, net of accumulated						
depreciation at June 30, 2022	<u>\$ 92,520</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 815,592	\$ 279,044	\$ 34,862	\$ 1,222,018

Capital assets above that are not being depreciated include land in the amount of \$92,520 and Construction in Progress in the amount of \$34,862.

Depreciation expense of \$159,104 for the year ended June 30, 2022 was charged to the following governmental functions:

General Government	\$ 15,422
Streets	88,300
Drainage	22,347
Public Safety	 33,035
	\$ 159,104

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

3. <u>Capital Assets</u> (continued)

Business-Type activities:

				Plant &	Co	nstruction		
		Land	I	Equipment	In	Progress		Total
Cost of capital assets								
June 30, 2021	\$	76,825	\$	13,073,455	\$	130,558	\$	13,280,838
Additions		-		168,628		17,979		186,607
Disposals		-		-		-		-
Transfers		-		132,223		(132,223)		-
Cost of capital assets June 30, 2022		76,825		13,374,306		16,314		13,467,445
Accumulated depreciation								
June 30, 2021		-		7,173,585		-		7,173,585
Additions		-		311,223		-		311,223
Disposals		-		<u>-</u>		_		
Accumulated depreciation								
June 30, 2022				7,484,808		-		7,484,808
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation at	¢	76 925	¢	5 000 400	¢.	16 214	¢	5 092 627
June 30, 2022		76,825		5,889,498		16,314		5,982,637

Capital assets above that are not being depreciated include land and construction in progress in the amount of \$76,825 and \$16,314, respectively. Construction in progress balance relates to the Pond Pump Station Upgrade project. This project is in the engineering phase.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, depreciation expense was \$311,223 and was charged to the following functions:

Public Utility	\$ 173,096
Sewer	138,127
	 311,223

Construction Commitment

The town has no signed construction contract commitments at June 30, 2022.

4. <u>Due from Other Governmental Agencies</u>

Amounts due from other governmental units at June 30, 2022 consist of the following:

	Governmental Activities	
St. James Parish School Board	\$	198,395
Louisiana Department of Safety and Corrections		4,162
United States Department of Homeland Security		327,290
	\$	529,847

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

5. Receivables

Receivables as of June 30, 2022 for the Town's governmental and business-type funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total	
Taxes receivable						
Property	\$	4,509	\$	1,408	\$	5,917
Franchise		37,967		-		37,967
Total taxes receivable	-	42,476		1,408		43,884
Accounts receivable						
Charges for services		50,082		177,168		227,250
Other receivables						
Blighted property reimbursements		50,298		-		50,298
Video poker fees		134,298		-		134,298
Other		35,261		-		35,261
Total other receivables		219,857		-		219,857
Less: allowance for uncollectible						
accounts		(40,026)		(4,709)		(44,735)
Total receivables	\$	272,389	\$	173,867	\$	446,256

6. Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of the changes in long-term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2022:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance	Due within one year
Governmental Activities:					
Other:					
Compensated absences	\$ 30,616	\$ 44,137	\$ 43,947	\$ 30,806	\$ 30,806
Business-Type Activities:					
Direct borrowing and placement of del	ot:				
2013 Water Improvement					
bonds- general obligation bonds	768,000	-	53,000	715,000	55,000
2016 Water Improvement bonds					
general obligation bonds	277,441	-	14,000	263,441	16,000
Other:					
Compensated absences	5,564	10,080	9,563	6,081	6,081
Total business-type activities	1,051,005	10,080	76,563	984,522	77,081
	\$1,081,621	\$ 54,217	\$ 120,510	\$1,015,328_	\$ 107,887

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

6. <u>Long-Term Liabilities</u> (continued)

Direct borrowings and placements at June 30, 2022 are comprised of the following individual issues:

Business-Type Activities:

Direct borrowing and placement:

\$1,500,000 General Obligation Bond Series 2013; issued on March 1, 2014; due in various semi-annual installments, including interest at 2.95%, through March 1, 2033. The outstanding note is secured by ad valorem taxes.

\$ 715,000

\$500,000 General Obligation Bond Series 2016; issued on March 1, 2017; due in various semi-annual installments, including interest at 2.95%, through March 1, 2036. The outstanding note is secured by ad valorem taxes.

263,441

\$ 978,441

Debt service requirements on long-term debt as of June 30, 2022 is as follows:

Bonds From Direct Borrowings and Placements

Year ending					
June 30,	P	rincipal]	nterest	Total
2023	\$	71,000	\$	29,028	\$ 100,028
2024		72,000		26,934	98,934
2025		74,000		24,810	98,810
2026		77,000		22,627	99,627
2027		80,000		20,355	100,355
2028-2032		444,000		64,664	508,664
2033-2037		160,441		9,027	169,468
	\$	978,441	\$	197,445	\$ 1,175,886

As part of the various bond agreements the Town has agreed to comply with certain covenants. The covenants consist, primarily, of reporting and auditing requirements, insurance coverage, restrictions on additional debt, maintenance of various deposit accounts, and other administrative requirements. The Town has classified restricted cash within its general ledger accounting system, and has maintained separate deposit accounts required by the covenants. These bonds are payable from ad valorem taxes.

7. Ad Valorem Taxes

Ad valorem taxes attach as enforceable liens on all applicable property on February 28th of each year. Taxes are levied and are billed to the taxpayers in November of each year. Billed ad valorem taxes become delinquent on January 1st of the following calendar year.

The Town bills and collects its own property taxes using the assessed values determined by the tax assessor of St. James Parish. During the year ended June 30, 2022, taxes of 9.85 mills were levied on property with assessed valuations totaling \$20,872,263. 5.99 mills are levied for general purposes. Within the 5.99 mills are funds designated for the repayment of the \$500,000 water improvement bonds. Additional taxes of 3.86 mills for the \$1.5 million water improvement bonds were levied on the same property for the purpose of accumulating enough funds to service the annual debt requirements as they become due. Levied mills expire at the expiration of each debt requirement.

Ad valorem taxes levied during the year ended June 30, 2022, totaled approximately \$207,000.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

8. Transfers to/from Other Funds

Interfund transfers at June 30, 2022, were as follows:

	Transfers In		Transfers Ou	
General Fund	\$	370,388	\$	299,780
Sales Tax Fund		_		397,006
Public Utility Revenue Fund		389,546		-
Sewer Operating Fund		331,055		394,203
	\$	1,090,989	\$	1,090,989

9. Disaggregation of Accounts Payable and Accrued Payables

Accounts payable and accrued payables as of June 30, 2022, were as follows:

	Governmental Activities		ness-Type ctivities	Total		
Vendors	\$	202,290	\$ 39,269	\$	241,559	
Salaries and benefits		52,144	18,997		71,141	
Interest			 10,583		10,583	
Total	\$	254,434	\$ 68,849	\$	323,283	

10. Pension and Retirement Plans

The Town is a participating employer in two cost-sharing defined benefit pension plans. These plans are administered by two public employee retirement systems, the Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana (MERS) and the Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System (MPERS). Article X, Section 29(F) of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions of these plans to the State Legislature. Each system is administered by a separate board of trustees.

Each of the Systems issues an annual publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the system. These reports may be obtained by writing, calling, or downloading the reports as follows:

MERS:	MPERS:
7937 Office Park Boulevard	7722 Office Park Boulevard, Suite 200
Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70809	Baton Rouge, LA 70809
(225) 925-4810	(225) 929-7411
www.mersla.com	www.lampers.org

Plan Descriptions:

Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana (MERS)

MERS is the administrator of a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The plan provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits to eligible state employees as defined in LRS 11:1732. The age and years of creditable service required in order for a member to receive retirement benefits are established by LRS 11:1801.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

10. Pension and Retirement Plans (continued)

Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System (MPERS)

MPERS is the administrator of a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The plan provides retirement benefits for municipal police officers. The projections of benefit payments in the calculation of the total pension liability includes all benefits to be provided to current active and inactive employees through the System in accordance with benefit terms and any additional legal agreements to provide benefits that are in force at the measurement date. Benefit provisions are authorized within Act 189 of 1973 and amended by LRS 11:2211-11:2233.

Funding Policy

Article X, Section 29(E)(2)(a) of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974 assigns the Legislature the authority to determine employee contributions. Employer contributions are actuarially determined using statutorily established methods on an annual basis and are constitutionally required to cover the employer's portion of the normal cost and provide for the amortization of the unfunded accrued liability. Employer contributions are adopted by the Legislature annually upon recommendation of the Public Retirement Systems' Actuarial Committee (PRSAC).

Contributions to the plans are required and determined by State statute (which may be amended) and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The contribution rates in effect for the year ended June 30, 2022, for the Town and covered employees were as follows:

	Town	Employees
Municipal Employees' Retirement System Plan A		
Members hired prior to 01/01/2013	29.50%	10.00%
Members hired after 01/01/2013	29.50%	10.00%
Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System		
All employees hired prior to 01/01/2013 and all		
Hazardous Duty employees hired after 1/01/2013	29.75%	10.00%
Non-Hazardous Duty (hired after 01/01/2013)	29.75%	8.00%
Employees receiving compensation below poverty		
guidelines of US Department of Health	32.25%	7.50%

The contributions made to the retirement systems for the past three fiscal years, which equaled the required contributions for each of these years, were as follows:

	2022	2021	2020
Municipal Employees' Retirement System			
Plan A	\$ 205,411	\$ 193,807	\$ 199,709
Municipal Police Employees' Retirement			
System	\$ 83,523	\$ 91,939	\$ 86,695

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

10. Pension and Retirement Plans (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The following schedule lists the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability allocated by each of the pension plans based on the June 30, 2021 measurement date. The Town uses this measurement to record its net pension liability and associated amounts as of June 30, 2022 in accordance with GASB Statement 68. The schedule also includes the proportionate share allocation rate used at June 30, 2021 along with the change compared to the June 30, 2020 rate. The Town's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the Town's contributions to the pension plan relative to all participating employers.

	Liab	et Pension bility at June 30, 2021	Rate at June 30, 2021	(Decrease) on June 30, 2020 Rate
Municipal Employees' Retirement System Plan A Municipal Police Employees' Retirement	\$	922,839	0.3318%	-0.0448%
System	\$	475,970 1,398,809	0.0893%	0.0029%

The following schedule lists the pension plan's recognized pension expense of the Town for the year ended June 30, 2022:

Municipal Employees' Retirement System Plan A	\$ 67,611
Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System	 45,940
	\$ 113,551

At June 30, 2022, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 d Outflows of esources	 red Inflows of
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 335	\$ (25,210)
Changes of assumptions	86,435	(13,577)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between Employer contributions and proportionate share of	-	(482,250)
contributions	43,908	(128,784)
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement		
date	 288,934	
Total	\$ 419,612	\$ (649,821)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

10. Pension and Retirement Plans (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

Summary totals of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources by pension plan:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		_	red Inflows of Resources
Municipal Employees' Retirement System Plan A	\$	239,470	\$	(399,215)
Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System		180,142		(250,606)
		419,612	\$	(649,821)

The Town reported a total of \$288,934 as deferred outflow of resources related to pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement period of June 30, 2021 which will be recognized as a reduction in Net Pension Liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. The following schedule list the pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement period for each pension plan:

Subsequent

		tributions
Municipal Employees' Retirement System Plan A	\$	205,411
Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System	***************************************	83,523
	\$	288,934

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year	 MERS	MPERS		 Total
2023	\$ (104,592)	\$	(14,537)	\$ (119,129)
2024	(105,521)		(26,689)	(132,210)
2025	(67,032)		(36,197)	(103,229)
2026	 (88,011)		(76,564)	 (164,575)
	\$ (365,156)	\$	(153,987)	\$ (519,143)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

10. <u>Pension and Retirement Plans</u> (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

A summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used in determining the total pension liability for each pension plan as of June 30, 2021 are as follows:

	MERS MPERS				
Valuation Date	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2021			
Actuarial Cost Method Actuarial Assumptions:	Entry Age Normal Cost	Entry Age Normal cost			
Expected Remaining Service Lives	3 years	4 years			
Investment Rate of	5 years	r years			
Return	6.850% net of investment expenses, including inflation	6,750%			
Inflation Rate	2.500%	2.500%			
Mortality	For annuitant and beneficiary, mortality tables used were PubG-2010(B) Healthy Retiree Table set equal to 120% for males and females, each adjusted using their respective male and female MP2018 scales.	For healthy annuitant and beneficiaries, the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plan Mortality Table for Safety Below-Median Healthy Retirees multiplied by 115% for males and 125% for females, each with full generational projection using the MP2019 scale.			
	For employees, the PubG-2010(B) Healthy Retiree Table set equal to 120% for males and females, each adjusted using their respective male and female MP2018 scales.	For employees, the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plan Mortality Table for Safety Below-Median Employees multiplied by 115% for males and 125% for females, each with full generational projection using the MP2019 scale.			
	For disable live mortality, PubNS-2010(B) Disabled Retiree Table set equal to 120% males and females with the full generational MP2018 scale.	For disable lives, the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Table for Safety Disable Retirees multiplied by 105% for males and 115% for females, each with full generational projection using the MP2019 scale.			
Salary Increases	1-4 years of service: 6.4% - Plan A More than 4 years of service: 4.5% - Plan A	Years of Service Salary Growth Rate 1-2 12.30% Over 2 4.70%			

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

10. Pension and Retirement Plans (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

Cost of Living Adjustments

MERS

The System is authorized under state law to grant a cost of living increase to members who have been retired for at least one year. The adjustment cannot exceed 2% of the retiree's original benefit for each full calendar year since retirement and may only be granted if sufficient funds are available from investment income in excess of normal requirements. State law allows the System to grant an additional cost of living increase to all retirees and beneficiaries who are age sixty-five and above equal to 2% of the benefit being received on October 1, 1977, or the original benefit, if retirement commenced after that date.

MPERS

The present value of future retirement benefits is based on benefits currently being paid by the System and includes previously granted cost of living increases. The present values do not include provisions for potential future increases not yet authorized by the Board of Trustees

The following schedule list the methods used by each of the retirement systems in determining the long term rate of return on pension plan investments:

MERS

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation of 2.60% and an adjustment for the effect of rebalancing/diversification. The resulting expected long-term rates of return is 6.95% for the year ended June 30, 2021.

MPERS

The forecasted long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation of 2.22% and an adjustment for the effect of rebalancing/diversification. The resulting forecasted long term rate of return is 7.30% for the year ended June 30, 2021.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

10. Pension and Retirement Plans (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

The following table provides a summary of the best estimates of arithmetic/geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in each of the Retirement Systems target asset allocations as of June 30, 2021:

	Target A	llocation	Rate of Return		
Asset Class	MERS	MPERS	MERS	MPERS	
Public equity	53.0%	-	2.31%	-	
Equity	-	55.5%	-	3.47%	
Public fixed income	38.0%	-	1.65%	-	
Fixed Income	-	30.5%	-	0.59%	
Alternatives	9.0%	14.0%_	0.39%	1.02%	
Total	100.0%	100.0%	4.35%	5.08%	
Inflation			2.60%	2.22%	
Expected Arithmetic Nominal Return			6.95%	7.30%	

Discount Rate

The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that sponsor contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, each of the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability for MERS and MPERS was 6.850% and 6.750%, respectively, for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability (NPL) using the discount rate of each retirement system as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the NPL would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower or one percentage-point higher than the current rate used by each of the Retirement Systems:

	1.0	% Decrease	Curre	ent Discount Rate	1.0	% Increase
MERS						
Rates		5.850%		6.850%		7.850%
Town's Share of NPL	\$	1,366,771	\$	922,839	\$	547,876
MPERS						
Rates		5.750%		6.750%		7.750%
Town's Share of NPL	\$	829,540	\$	475,970	\$	180,858

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

10. Pension and Retirement Plans (continued)

Payables to the Pension Plan

The Town recorded accrued liabilities to each of the retirement systems for the year ended June 30, 2022 mainly due to the accrual for payroll at the end of the fiscal year. The amounts due are included in liabilities under the amounts reported as accounts, salaries and other payables. The balance due to each for the retirement systems at June 30, 2022 is as follows:

	June	30, 2022
MERS	\$	21,833
MPERS		8,824
	\$	30,657

11. Restricted Assets

Under the terms of the bond indentures for the water revenue bonds and the sewer improvement refunding bonds, certain revenues are dedicated to the retirement of said bonds and are to be set aside into special accounts after provisions have been made for the payment of the reasonable and necessary expenses of operating and maintaining the utility systems totaling \$110,274.

At June 30, 2022, the Town has \$103,912 of cash restricted for the refunding of customer meter deposits.

12. Post-employment Health Care and Life Insurance Benefits

General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan description – The Town provides certain continuing health care and life insurance benefits for its retired employees. The Town's OPEB Plan is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the Town. The authority to establish and/or amend the obligation of the employer, employees and retirees rests with the Town. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in GASB Codification Section P52 Post-employment Benefits Other Than Pensions—Reporting For Benefits Not Provided Through Trusts That Meet Specified Criteria—Defined Benefit.

Benefits Provided – Medical insurance benefits are provided through comprehensive plans and are made available to employees upon actual retirement. Employees retirement eligibility (D.R.O.P. entry) provisions are as follows: attainment of Medical benefits is provided through a self-insured medical plan and are made available to employees upon actual retirement. The employees are covered by one of two retirement systems: first, the Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana, whose retirement eligibility (D.R.O.P. entry) provisions are as follows: 25 years of service at any age; or, age 60 and 10 years of service; and second, the Municipal Police Retirement System of Louisiana, whose retirement eligibility (D.R.O.P. entry) provisions are as follows: 25 years of service at any age; age 50 and 20 years of services; or, age 55 and 12 years of service. For each system, employees hired on or after January 1, 2013 must meet the following retirement (D.R.O.P. entry) requirements: age 55 and 30 years of services; age 62 and 10 years of services; or age 67 and 7 years of services. Notwithstanding this, there is a minimum services requirement of 10 years for benefits.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

12. Post-employment Health Care and Life Insurance Benefits

General Information about the OPEB Plan (continued)

Employees covered by benefit terms – At June 30, 2022, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	2
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	-
Active employees	19
	21

The Town's total OPEB liability of \$1,655,091 was measured as of June 30, 2022 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021.

Actuarial Assumptions and other inputs – The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 3.0%

Salary increases 3.0%, including inflation

Prior Discount rate 2.16%

Discount rate 3.54% annually

Healthcare cost trend rates 5.5% annually until year 2032, then 4.5%

The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyers' 20 Year General Obligation municipal bond index as of June 30, 2022, the end of the applicable measurement period.

Mortality rates were based on the SOA RP-2014 Combined Table.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2021 valuation were based on the results of ongoing evaluations of the assumptions from July 1, 2009 to June 30, 2022.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Balance at June 30, 2021	\$ 1,968,885
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	76,829
Interest	43,358
Differences between expected and actual experience	99,992
Changes in assumptions	(524,222)
Benefit payments and net transfers	 (9,751)
Net changes	 (313,794)
Balance at June 30, 2022	\$ 1,655,091

The amount due within one year for the total OPEB liability is estimated to be \$10,000.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

12. <u>Post-employment Health Care and Life Insurance Benefits</u> (continued)

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability (continued)

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Town, as well as what the Town's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.54%) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.54%) than the current discount rate:

	1.0% Decrease	Current Discount	1.0% Increase
	(2.54%)	Rate (3.54%)	(4.54%)
Total OPEB liability	\$ 2,003,924	\$ 1,655,091	\$ 1,383,511

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Town, as well as what the Town's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (4.50%) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.50%) than the current healthcare trend rates:

	1.0% Decrease	Health Cost Trend	1.0% Increase
	(4.50%)	Rate (5.50%)	(6.50%)
Total OPEB liability	\$ 1,376,145	\$ 1,655,091	\$ 2,013,044

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Town recognized OPEB expense of \$11,476. At June 30, 2022, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows		
	of I	Resources	of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	123,738	\$	(616,413)	
Change in assumptions		281,764		(532,527)	
Total	\$	405,502	\$	(1,148,940)	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to total OPEB liability will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Years ending June 30:	
2023	\$ (108,711)
2024	(108,711)
2025	(108,711)
2026	(108,711)
2027	(108,711)
Thereafter	 (199,883)
	\$ (743,438)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

13. Tax Abatement

The local government is subject to certain property tax abatements granted by the Louisiana State Board of Commerce and Industry (the "State Board"), a state entity governed by board members representing major economic groups and gubernatorial appointees. Abatements to which the government may be subject include those issued for property taxes under the Industrial Tax Exemption Program ("ITEP") and the Restoration Tax Abatement Program ("RTAP"). In addition, the local government has the authority to grant sales tax rebates to taxpayers pursuant to the Enterprise Zone Tax Rebate Program ("EZ Program"). For the year ending June 30, 2022, the Town did not participate in any Tax Exemption Programs.

14. Detailed Restricted Net Position and Fund Balances

Details of restricted Net Position as reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position are as follows:

	Governmen Activities		iness-Type activities	Total
Net position restricted for:				
Debt service for bonds Capital infrastructure improvements and police	\$	- \$	110,274	\$ 110,274
equipment	264,1	53_		264,153
Total restricted net position	\$ 264,1	53 \$	110,274	\$ 374,427

Details of nonspendable, restricted, and unassigned fund balances at year-end are as follows:

Fund balances:	Ge	eneral Fund		lles Tax Fund		Total
Nonspendable:	ď	162 204	ď.		d)	162 204
Prepaid insurance	\$	162,294	\$	-	\$	162,294
Restricted:						
Capital infrastructure improvements and police equipment		-		264,153		264,153
Unassigned		3,790,517		-		3,790,517
Total fund balances	\$	3,952,811	\$	264,153	\$.	4,216,964

15. Subsequent Events

As a result of the American Rescue Plan Act passed by United States Congress and signed by the President in March 2021, the Town will receive approximately \$600,000 to help offset any negative financial impact of COVID-19.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

16. Current Accounting Standards Scheduled to be Implemented

Following is a summary of the accounting standards announced by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) that are scheduled to be implemented in the future that may affect the Town's financial report:

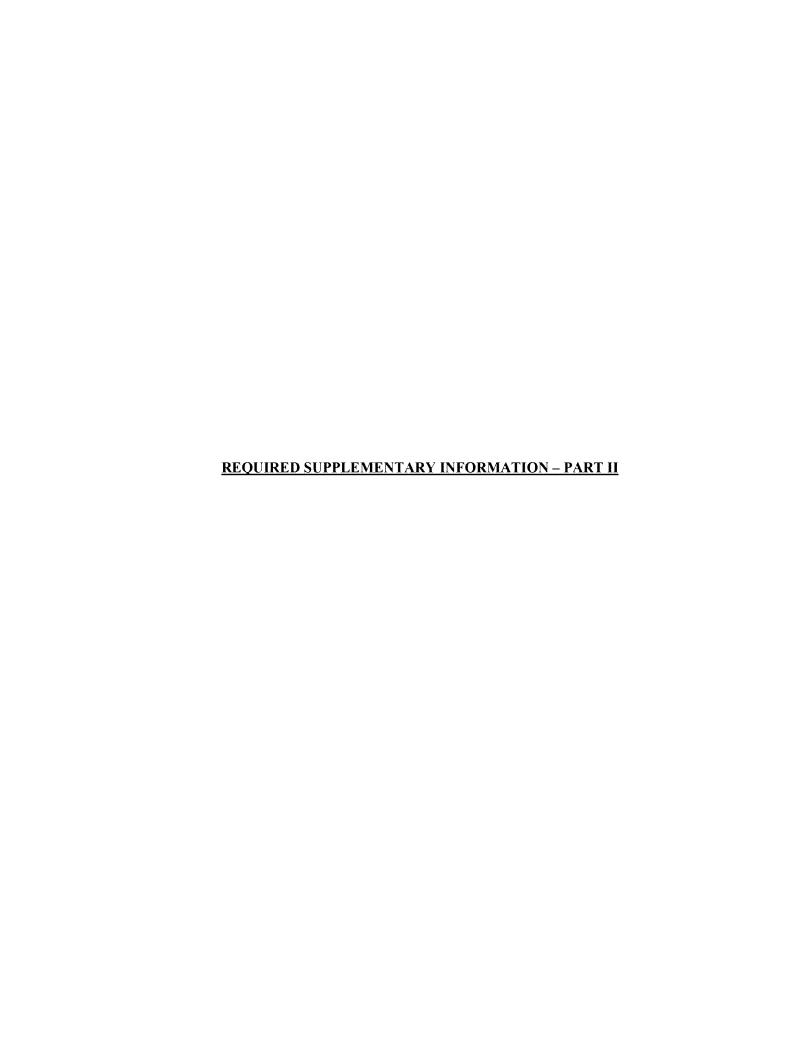
GASB Statement 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*. This Statement is intended to improve financial reporting in relation to these types of arrangements. The Town will include the requirements of this standard, as applicable, in its June 30, 2023 financial statements. The effect of this standard or its applicability to the Town are unknown at this time.

GASB Statement 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Agreements. This Statement is intended to streamline the accounting for these types of arrangements. The Town will include the requirements of this standard, as applicable, in its June 30, 2023 financial statements. The effect of this standard or its applicability to the Town are unknown at this time.

GASB Statement 99, *Omnibus 2022*. This Statement is intended to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. For the requirements related to leases, PPPs, and SBITAs, the Town will include the requirements of this standard, as applicable, in its June 30, 2023 financial statements. For the requirements related to financial guarantees, the Town will include the requirements of this standard, as applicable, in its June 30, 2024 financial statements. The effect of this standard or its applicability to the Town are unknown at this time.

GASB Statement 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62. This Statement is intended to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. The Town will include the requirements of this standard, as applicable, in its June 30, 2024 financial statements. The effect of this standard or its applicability to the Town are unknown at this time.

GASB Statement 101, Compensated Absences. This Statement is intended to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updated the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. The Town will include the requirements of this standard, as applicable, in its June 30, 2025 financial statements. The effect of this standard or its applicability to the Town are unknown at this time.



TOWN OF GRAMERCY, LOUISIANA SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL POST-EMPLOYMENT LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Financial statement reporting date		6/30/2022		6/30/2021		6/30/2020	6/30/2019	6/30/2018
Measurement date		6/30/2022		6/30/2021		6/30/2020	6/30/2019	6/30/2018
Service Cost	\$	76,829	\$	78,430	\$	202,578	\$ 134,672	\$ 138,335
Interest		43,358		43,313		80,934	73,199	71,695
Difference between actual and expected experience		99,992		(83,411)		(824,530)	39,768	13,550
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		(524,222)		18,852		256,419	143,599	(108,145)
Benefit payments		(9,751)		(8,947)		(5,865)	(4,248)	(5,570)
Net change in total OPEB liability		(313,794)		48,237		(290,464)	386,990	109,865
Total OPEB liability - beginning		1,968,885		1,920,648		2,211,112	1,824,122	1,714,257
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	1,655,091	\$	1,968,885	\$	1,920,648	\$2,211,112	\$1,824,122
Covered employee payroll	\$	964,876	\$	780,219	\$	757,494	\$ 997,110	\$ 968,068
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll		171.53%		252.35%		253.55%	221.75%	188.43%
Notes to Schedule:								
Benefit Changes:		None		None		None	None	None
Changes of Assumptions.								
Discount Rate:		3.54%		2.16%		2.21%	3.50%	3.87%
Mortality:		RP-2014		RP-2014		RP-2014	RP-2000	RP-2000
Trend:	4.	5% - 5.5%	4.	5% - 5.5%	4.	5% - 5.5%	5.50%	5.50%

There are no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria of paragraph 4 of GASB 75 for this OPEB Plan

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

See the accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

TOWN OF GRAMERCY, LOUISIANA SCHEDULE OF THE TOWN OF GRAMERCY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (*)

	Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension	Pro Sl	mployer's oportionate nare of the et Pension			Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total
	Liability		Liability	(Covered	a Percentage of its	Pension
	(Assets)		(Asset)		Payroll	Covered Payroll	Liability
MERS (Plan A	<u>A)</u>		·				
2021	0.3318%	\$	922,839	\$	656,972	140.4685%	77.82%
2020	0.3765%		1,627,897		719,673	226.1995%	64.52%
2019	0.3859%		1,612,594		714,416	225.7218%	64.68%
2018	0.3574%		1,479,912		652,526	226.7972%	63.94%
2017	0.3585%		1,499,694		651,032	230.3564%	63.49%
2016	0.3387%		1,388,053		566,456	245.0416%	62.11%
2015	0.3371%		1,204,149		575,339	209.2938%	66.18%
2014	0.3715%		953,468		555,569	171.6201%	73.99%
<u>MPERS</u>							
2021	0.0893%	\$	475,970	\$	272,412	174.7243%	84.09%
2020	0.0864%		798,205		266,753	299.2300%	70.94%
2019	0.0816%		740,956		254,786	290.8150%	71.01%
2018	0.0788%		665,960		232,472	286.4689%	71.90%
2017	0.0797%		695,448		237,804	292.4459%	70.08%
2016	0.0744%		697,000		208,309	334.5991%	66.04%
2015	0.0680%		532,873		181,960	292.8517%	70.73%
2014	0.0605%		378,380		128,238	295.0607%	75.10%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

(*) The amounts presented have a measurement date of June 30 for the year listed.

The two Retirement Systems reported in this schedule are as follows: MERS (Plan A) = Municipal Employees' Retirement System MPERS = Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System

See the accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

TOWN OF GRAMERCY, LOUISIANA SCHEDULE OF THE TOWN OF GRAMERCY'S CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	F	ntractually Required ntribution ¹	in I Co I	ontributions Relation to ntractually Required ntribution ²	Defic	ibution ciency cess)		Covered ayroll 3	Contribution as a % of Covered Payroll
	COI	itiioution	<u> </u>	iiti ioution -	(EX	(688)	1 dy1011		Faylon
MERS (Plan A	<u>4)</u>								
2022	\$	205,411	\$	205,411	\$	-	\$	696,308	29.50%
2021		193,807		193,807		-		656,972	29.50%
2020		199,709		199,709		-		719,673	27.75%
2019		185,748		185,748		-		714,416	26.00%
2018		161,500		161,500		-		652,526	24.75%
2017		148,110		148,110		-		651,032	22.75%
2016		111,875		111,875		-		566,456	19.75%
2015		113,629		113,629		-		575,339	19.75%
<u>MPERS</u>									
2022	\$	83,523	\$	83,523	\$	-	\$	280,750	29.75%
2021		91,939		91,939		-		272,412	33.75%
2020		86,695		86,695		-		266,753	32.50%
2019		82,170		82,170		-		254,786	32.25%
2018		71,485		71,485		-		232,472	30.75%
2017		75,503		75,503		-		237,804	31.75%
2016		61,451		61,451		-		208,309	29.50%
2015		57,317		57,317		-		181,960	31.50%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

For reference only:

See the accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

¹ Employer contribution rate multiplied by covered payroll

² Actual employer contributions remitted to retirement systems

³ Covered payroll amount for the fiscal year ended June 30 of each year

TOWN OF GRAMERCY, LOUISIANA NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

CHANGES IN BENEFIT TERMS AND ASSUMPTIONS RELATED TO DEFINED PENSION

Changes in benefit terms:

There were no changes in benefit terms for the two pension plans listed for the years presented.

Changes in assumptions:

Municipal Employee's Retirement System (MERS)

	Discon	int Rate:		Investment Rate of Return:						
Year End	Measurement Date	Rate	Change	Year End	Measurement Date	Rate	Change			
6/30/2022	6/30/2021	6.950%	0.000%	6/30/2022	6/30/2021	6.850%	-0.100%			
6/30/2021	6/30/2020	6.950%	-0.050%	6/30/2021	6/30/2020	6.950%	-0.050%			
6/30/2020	6/30/2019	7.000%	-0.275%	6/30/2020	6/30/2019	7.000%	-0.275%			
6/30/2019	6/30/2018	7.275%	-0.125%	6/30/2019	6/30/2018	7.275%	-0.125%			
6/30/2018	6/30/2017	7.325%	-0.175%	6/30/2018	6/30/2017	7.400%	-0.100%			
6/30/2017	6/30/2016	7.500%	0.000%	6/30/2017	6/30/2016	7.500%	-0.250%			
6/30/2016	6/30/2015	7.500%	-0.250%	6/30/2016	6/30/2015	7.750%				
6/30/2015	6/30/2014	7.750%								

	Salary	Increases:		Inflation Rate:						
Year End	Measurement Date	Rate	Change	Year End	Measurement Date	Rate	Change			
6/30/2022	6/30/2021	4.5% - 6.4%	0.000%	6/30/2022	6/30/2021	2.500%	0.000%			
6/30/2021	6/30/2020	4.5% - 6.4%	0.000%	6/30/2021	6/30/2020	2.500%	0.000%			
6/30/2020	6/30/2019	4.5% - 6.4%	0.100% - 2.400%	6/30/2020	6/30/2019	2.500%	-0.100%			
6/30/2019	6/30/2018	5.000%	0.000%	6/30/2019	6/30/2018	2.600%	-0.125%			
6/30/2018	6/30/2017	5.000%	0.000%	6/30/2018	6/30/2017	2.775%	-0.100%			
6/30/2017	6/30/2016	5.000%	-0.750%	6/30/2017	6/30/2016	2.875%	0.000%			
6/30/2016	6/30/2015	5.750%		6/30/2016	6/30/2015	2.875%				

Municipal Police Employee's Retirement System (MPERS)

	Discou	nt Rate:		Investment Rate of Return:						
Year End	Measurement Date	Rate	Change	Year End	Measurement Date	Rate	Change			
6/30/2022	6/30/2021	6.750%	-0.200%	6/30/2022	6/30/2021	6.750%	-0.200%			
6/30/2021	6/30/2020	6.950%	-0.175%	6/30/2021	6/30/2020	6.950%	-0.175%			
6/30/2020	6/30/2019	7.125%	-0.075%	6/30/2020	6/30/2019	7.125%	-0.075%			
6/30/2019	6/30/2018	7.200%	-0.125%	6/30/2019	6/30/2018	7.200%	-0.125%			
6/30/2018	6/30/2017	7.325%	-0.175%	6/30/2018	6/30/2017	7.325%	-0.175%			
6/30/2017	6/30/2016	7.500%	0.000%	6/30/2017	6/30/2016	7.500%	0.000%			
6/30/2016	6/30/2015	7.500%		6/30/2016	6/30/2015	7.500%				

	Salary Increa	ses including merit:		Inflation Rate:					
Year End	Measurement Date	Rate	Change	Year End	Measurement Date	Rate	Change		
6/30/2022	6/30/2021	2.2% - 9.8%	0.00%	6/30/2022	6/30/2021	2.500%	0.000%		
6/30/2021	6/30/2020	2.2% - 9.8%	0.45% - 2.55%	6/30/2021	6/30/2020	2.500%	0.000%		
6/30/2020	6/30/2019	1.75% - 7.25%	0.10%	6/30/2020	6/30/2019	2.500%	-0.100%		
6/30/2019	6/30/2018	1.65% - 7.15%	0.10%	6/30/2019	6/30/2018	2.600%	-0.100%		
6/30/2018	6/30/2017	1.55% - 7.05%	0.175%	6/30/2018	6/30/2017	2.700%	-0.175%		
6/30/2017	6/30/2016	1.375% - 6.875%	0.000%	6/30/2017	6/30/2016	2.875%	-0.125%		
6/30/2016	6/30/2015	1.375% - 6.875%	40	6/30/2016	6/30/2015	3.000%			

TOWN OF GRAMERCY, LOUISIANA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Original	Final		Variance
	Budget	Budget	Actual	Fav (Unfav)
REVENUES				
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 123,000	\$ 123,000	\$ 126,192	\$ 3,192
Sales taxes	760,000	720,000	791,460	71,460
Garbage fees	234,000	234,000	231,731	(2,269)
Dumpster fees	4,000	4,000	1,090	(2,910)
Mosquito control	50,000	50,000	49,835	(165)
Franchise taxes	103,300	103,300	110,264	6,964
Licenses and permits	195,000	179,000	191,116	12,116
Intergovernmental revenues:				
Federal grants	560,000	258,000	819,797	561,797
State funds:				
Beer	5,000	5,000	3,344	(1,656)
Video poker	355,000	400,000	637,297	237,297
Local funds	325,000	75,000	75,000	· -
Fines and forfeitures	30,000	14,000	13,566	(434)
Other	77,700	74,700	88,786	14,086
Total revenues	2,822,000	2,240,000	3,139,478	899,478
EXPENDITURES				
Current operating expenditures:				
General government	629,393	855,893	864,847	(8,954)
Streets	439,168	871,168	923,515	(52,347)
Public safety	719,882	765,550	764,863	687
Sanitation	248,974	278,000	278,946	(946)
Drainage	, -	460,000	529,007	(69,007)
Capital Outlay	975,000	343,000	220,577	122,423
Total expenditures	3,012,417	3,573,611	3,581,755	(8,144)
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER				
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(190,417)	(1,333,611)	(442,277)	907,622
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	300,000	315,000	370,388	55,388
Transfers out	(560,000)	, -	(299,780)	(299,780)
Bond proceeds	300,000	_	_	-
Total other financing sources	40,000	315,000	70,608	(244,392)
-			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Change in fund balance	(150,417)	(1,018,611)	(371,669)	663,230
FUND BALANCE				
Beginning of year	4,324,480	4,324,480	4,324,480	
End of year	\$ 4,174,063	\$ 3,305,869	\$ 3,952,811	\$ 663,230

TOWN OF GRAMERCY, LOUISIANA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SALES TAX FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Original	Final			ariance
	 Budget	 Budget	 Actual	<u>Fav</u>	(Unfav)
REVENUES					
Sales taxes	\$ 360,000	\$ 360,000	\$ 380,493	\$	20,493
Total revenues	 360,000	 360,000	 380,493		20,493
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	360,000	360,000	380,493		20,493
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers out	(415,000)	(415,000)	(397,006)		17,994
Total other financing uses	 (415,000)	 (415,000)	 (397,006)		17,994
Change in fund balance	(55,000)	(55,000)	(16,513)		38,487
FUND BALANCE					
Beginning of year	329,339	329,339	280,666		48,673
End of year	\$ 274,339	\$ 274,339	\$ 264,153	<u></u>	87,160

TOWN OF GRAMERCY, LOUISIANA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE AMERICAN RESCUE PLAN FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	ariance (Unfav)
REVENUES				,
Federal grants	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 95,747	\$ 95,747
Total revenues	 -	 	 95,747	 95,747
EXPENDITURES				
Current operating expenditures:				
General government	-	-	95,747	(95,747)
Total expenditures	-		95,747	(95,747)
EXCESS OF REVENUES				
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	-	-	-	-
Change in fund balance	-	-	-	-
FUND BALANCE				
Beginning of year	 		 	
End of year	\$ 	\$ _	\$ _	\$

TOWN OF GRAMERCY, LOUISIANA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SCHEDULE OF OTHER REVENUE GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	 Original Budget	 Final Budget	 Actual
OTHER REVENUE			
Interest revenues	\$ 5,000	\$ 2,000	\$ 6,530
Collection fees	300	300	244
Motor vehicle transaction fees	30,000	30,000	41,874
Rents and royalties	2,400	2,400	2,400
Miscellaneous	40,000	40,000	37,738
Total other revenue	\$ 77,700	\$ 74,700	\$ 88,786



TOWN OF GRAMERCY, LOUISIANA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Original Budget	 Final Budget	Actual	
GENERAL GOVERNMENT				
Legal and litigation fees	\$ 10,000	\$ 10,000	\$	1,921
Salaries	188,650	188,650		194,779
Professional fees	35,000	40,000		35,072
Electricity	13,500	13,500		16,378
Insurance	100,943	100,943		102,376
Supplies and maintenance	32,000	245,500		287,965
Miscellaneous	30,600	30,600		9,249
Retirement	36,000	36,000		35,241
SCPCD-building permits	26,000	26,000		28,343
Office expenses	55,000	55,000		79,845
Payroll taxes	11,000	19,000		17,414
Vehicle expenses	31,200	31,200		29,428
Dues and subscriptions	30,000	30,000		23,647
Meetings and conventions	5,000	5,000		414
Planning commission	4,500	4,500		2,775
Bad debts	20,000	20,000		-
Total general government	629,393	 855,893		864,847
<u>STREETS</u>				
Salaries	196,000	205,000		157,730
Miscellaneous	2,500	2,500		25,280
Retirement	44,000	35,000		32,563
Vehicle expenses	9,000	14,000		12,380
Uniforms	3,000	2,000		1,363
Insurance	72,368	72,368		63,086
Supplies and maintenance	40,000	468,000		564,223
Electricity	68,000	68,000		63,676
Payroll taxes	4,300	 4,300		3,214
Total streets	439,168	 871,168		923,515

TOWN OF GRAMERCY, LOUISIANA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
PUBLIC SAFETY			
Police:			
Insurance	\$ 113,7	04 \$ 123,950	\$ 130,551
Uniforms	2,0	00 1,000	222
Retirement	84,5	00 82,000	83,408
Vehicle expenses	28,0	00 39,000	40,646
Salaries	407,5	00 433,000	439,660
Supplies and maintenance	17,5	78 23,500	42,302
Training expenses	4,0	- 00	-
Electricity	6,0	00 6,000	8,984
Payroll taxes	14,0	00 14,000	14,435
Miscellaneous	42,6	00 43,100	4,655
Total public safety	719,8	82 765,550	764,863
SANITATION			
Solid waste disposal	222,9	74 249,000	253,370
Dumpster expense	6,0	9,000	8,709
Mosquito control	20,0	00 20,000	16,867
Total sanitation	248,9	74 278,000	278,946
DRAINAGE			
Supplies and maintenance		- 460,000	529,007
Total drainage department		- 460,000	529,007
CAPITAL OUTLAY			
Capital expenditures	975,0		220,577
Total capital outlay	975,0	00 343,000	220,577
Total all departments	\$ 3,012,4	<u>\$ 3,573,611</u>	\$ 3,581,755

TOWN OF GRAMERCY, LOUISIANA SCHEDULE OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS AND SALARIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Steven Nosacka, Mayor	\$	46,800
Claude Wiggins		9,600
Barbara Woods		9,600
Craig Calcagno		9,600
Darren Brack		9,600
Theron Louque		9,600
Brent Dicharry, Chief of Police		31,200
	_\$	126,000

TOWN OF GRAMERCY, LOUISIANA SCHEDULE OF COMPENSATION, BENEFITS AND OTHER PAYMENTS TO AGENCY HEAD FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Agency Head Name/Title: Mayor Steven Nosacka

Purpose		1	Amount	
	Salary	\$	46,800	
	Benefits - insurance		16,349	
	Benefits - retirement		14,957	
	Benefits - life		50	
	Conference - registration fees		250	
	Conference - travel		606	
		\$	79,012	

JUSTICE SYSTEM FUNDING SCHEDULE-COLLECTING/DISBURSING ENTITY AS REQUIRED BY ACT 87 OF 2020 REGULAR LEGISLATIVE SESSION CASH BASIS PRESENTATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	First Six Month Period Ended 12/31/21		Second Six Month Period Ended 6/30/22	
Beginning Balance of Amounts Collected	\$	430	\$	-
Add Collections:				
Criminal Court Costs/Fees		2,107		3,005
Criminal Fines - Contempt		1,000		1,112
Criminal Fines - Other		2,641		4,706
Service/Collection Fees		30		126
Subtotal Collections		5,778		8,949
Less: Disbursements To Governments & Nonprofits: Gramercy Mayors Court - La Commission on Law				
Enforcement		10		10
Gramercy Mayors Court - La Traumatic Head & Spinal Car				
Injury Trust Fund		150		220
Gramercy Mayors Court - LA Judicial College Form A		15		22
Gramercy Mayors Court - CMIS Form A		90		132
Gramercy Mayors Court - JDC Public Defender's Office				
(District Office)		300		440
Gramercy Mayors Court - JDC Public Defender's Office				
(Town)		300		440
Less Amounts Retained by Collecting Agency Amounts Self-Disbursed to Collecting Agency: Criminal Fines -				
Other		5,343		7,685
Subtotal Disbursements/Retainage		6,208		8,949
Ending Balance of Amounts Collected but Not Disbursed	\$	-	\$	

OTHER REPORTS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STAN	IDARDS



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Board of Aldermen Town of Gramercy, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Town of Gramercy, Louisiana, (the Town) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 31, 2022.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.



Report Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2022-001.

The Town's Response to Finding

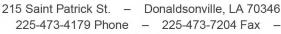
Government Auditing Standards require the auditor to perform limited procedures on the Town's response to the finding identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The Town's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Donaldsonville, Louisiana December 31, 2022

Postlothurite & Rottonvilla



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Board of Aldermen Town of Gramercy, Louisiana

Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Town of Gramercy, State of Louisiana's (the Town) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on the Town's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2022. The Town's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditors' results section in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the Town complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on the Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Town and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Town's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the Town's federal programs.



Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Town's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Town's compliance with the requirements of the major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the Town's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the Town's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed an instance of noncompliance that is required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and that is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2022-002. Our opinion on the major federal program is not modified with respect to this matter.

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the Town's response to the noncompliance finding identified in our audit described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The Town's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.



Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as discussed below, we did identify certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2022-002 to be a material weakness.

A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing and opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the Town's response to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The Town's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Postlethurite & Petterville

Donaldsonville, LA December 31, 2022

TOWN OF GRAMERCY, LOUISIANA

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Federal Grantor/Passthrough Grantor/Program Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-through Grantor's/Project Number	urrent Year enditures
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY COVID 19 - Direct Program - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds Total United States Department of the Treasury	21.027	-	\$ 95,747 95.747
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY Passed through Louisiana Governor's Office of Homeland Security and Emergency Preparedness Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters) Total United States Department of the Treasury	97.036	FEMA-DR4611	 804,789 804,789
	Totals		\$ 900,536

NOTE A - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Town of Gramercy under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2022. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operation of Town of Gramercy, it is not intended and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of Town of Gramercy.

NOTE B - RECONCILIATION OF FEDERAL EXPENDITURES

Federal Assistance expended as reported on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	\$ 900,536
Add: revenues accrued for FEMA Project Worksheets obligated after year end	 15,008
Federal Grant Revenues	\$ 915,544

NOTE C - SUBAWARDS

Town of Gramercy did not pass through any subawards during the year ended June 30, 2022.

NOTE D- INDIRECT COST RATE

Town of Gramercy has not elected to use the 10 percent de minimus indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

TOWN OF GRAMERCY, LOUISIANA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

Financial Statements	
Type of auditors' report issued:	<u>Unmodified</u>
Internal control over financial reporting:	
Material weakness identified	YesX_ No
Significant deficiency identified not considered	
to be a material weakness?	YesX_ None reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes <u>X</u> No
Federal Awards	
Internal control over financial reporting:	
Material weakness identified	X Yes No
Significant deficiency identified not considered	
to be a material weakness?	YesX_ None reported
Type of auditors' report issued:	<u>Unmodified</u>
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in Accordance with 2 CFR section 200.516(a)?	X Yes None reported
Identification of major programs:	
Name of Federal Program or Cluster	Federal Assistance Listing Number
Disaster Grants – Public Assistance	
(Presidentially Declared Disasters)	97.036
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and	
Type B programs:	\$750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee ⁹	Yes X No

TOWN OF GRAMERCY, LOUISIANA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS AND REGULATIONS

2022-001 LOCAL GOVERNMENT BUDGET ACT

Criteria: Louisiana Revised Statute 38:1303 requires each political subdivision to prepare a comprehensive budget presenting a complete financial plan for each fiscal year for the general fund and each special revenue fund. Louisiana Revised Statute 38:1308 requires each political subdivision to make the proposed budget available for public inspection no later than fifteen days prior to the beginning of the fiscal year. Louisiana Revised Statute 38:1311 requires each political subdivision to amend its budget when total projected expenditures and other uses exceed total budgeted expenditures and other uses by five percent or more.

Condition: The American Rescue Plan Fund of the Town is considered a special revenue fund. Management failed to prepare and adopt a budget for the American Rescue Plan Fund for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. Management made the proposed budget available for public inspection on June 17, 2021, which is less than fifteen days prior to the beginning of the fiscal year. Actual expenditures and other uses in the General Fund exceeded budgeted expenditures and other uses by more than five percent.

Cause: The Town failed to take necessary steps to ensure compliance with the requirements of Louisiana Revised Statutes 38:1303, 38:1308, and 38:1311.

Effect: The Town is not compliant with the requirements of Louisiana Revised Statutes 38:1303, 38:1308, and 38:1311.

Recommendation: We recommend the Town comply with all requirements of the Local Government Budget Act.

View of Responsible Official: Management of the Town concurs with the finding and will prepare all required budgets, ensure timely public inspection, and amend budgets when necessary as required by the Local Government Budget Act.

TOWN OF GRAMERCY, LOUISIANA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

SECTION III – FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

2022-002 ENHANCEMENT OF POLICIES AND PROCEDURES FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

U.S. Department of Homeland Security
Passed through Louisiana Governor's Office of Homeland Security
and Emergency Preparedness
97.036 Disaster Grants – Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)
2021-2022 Award Year
Project No. FEMA-DR4611

Criteria: The Uniform Guidance administrative requirements and cost principles apply to federal funding awards on or after December 26, 2014. 2 CFR 200, Subpart D – Post Federal Award Requirements and Subpart E – cost Principles of the Uniform Guidance require specific written policies relative to federal awards.

Condition: The written policies and procedures of the Town do not directly address all of the requirements under the Uniform Guidance for federal programs.

Cause: The Town has not taken appropriate steps to formalize policies and procedures relating to the requirements established under Uniform Guidance for compliance.

Questioned Costs: None.

Effect: The Town is susceptible to a higher risk of noncompliance with federal awarding requirements.

Identification of a repeat finding: None.

Recommendation: The Town must establish written policies and procedures to ensure compliance with Uniform Guidance requirements.

View of Responsible Official: Management will implement policies and procedures to ensure compliance with Uniform Guidance requirements.

TOWN OF GRAMERCY, LOUISIANA SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

FINDINGS – FINANACIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

None.

INTERNAL CONTROL

COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS AND REGULATIONS

None.



TOWN OF GRAMERCY, LOUISIANA INSURANCE-IN-FORCE SCHEDULE (Unaudited) JUNE 30, 2022

Type of Coverage	Name of Insurer	Expiration Date	Coverage Limits
Automobile liability	Risk Management, Inc.	May 1, 2023	\$500,000
General liability	Risk Management, Inc.	May 1, 2023	\$500,000
Law enforcement liability	Risk Management, Inc.	May 1, 2023	\$500,000
Errors and omissions liability	Risk Management, Inc.	May 1, 2023	\$500,000
Workers' compensation	Louisiana Workers' Compensation Company	May 1, 2023	Statutory
Position fidelity schedule bond	CNA Surety Western Surety Company	October 1, 2022	\$50,000
Employment practices liability	Risk Management, Inc.	May 1, 2023	\$500,000
Commercial property	Axis Surplus Insurance Company	May 1, 2023	Various limits

TOWN OF GRAMERCY, LOUISIANA PUBLIC UTILITY SYSTEM OPERATIONS SCHEDULE (Unaudited) JUNE 30, 2022

Statistics on System Operations

- (a) As of June 30, 2022 the number of metered customers was 1,402 for the water system and 1,336 for the sewer system. There were no unmetered customers for either the water or sewer systems at June 30, 2022.
- (b) The following rate schedules were in effect during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 for water and sewer services:

1. Water:

Residential

First 2,000 gallons or less	\$ 16.62 / 1,000 gallons
2,001 to 10,000 gallons	3.52
10,001 or more	3.20

Unincorporated Residential

First 2,000 gallons or less	\$ 20.45 / 1,000 gallons
2,001 to 10,000 gallons	3.52
10,001 or more	3.20

Small Business

First 2,000 gallons or less	\$ 25.57 / 1,000 gallons
2,001 to 10,000 gallons	3.52
10,001 or more	3.52

Large commercial and Industrial customers

Flat rate	\$ 4	.47/1	000.	gallons

Unincorporated Industrial

Monthly availability charge	\$ 100.00
Usage rate	4.47/1,000 gallons

TOWN OF GRAMERCY, LOUISIANA PUBLIC UTILITY SYSTEM OPERATIONS SCHEDULE (Unaudited) JUNE 30, 2022

Statistics on System Operations (continued)

2. Sewer:	Rate per gallons
	of sewerage flow

Residential customers \$19.18/month + \$0.96 / 1,000 gallons

Small commercial customers \$27.59/month + \$0.96 / 1,000 gallons

Large commercial customers \$51.13/month + \$0.96 / 1,000 gallons

Industrial customers \$51.13/month + \$0.96 / 1,000 gallons

\$0.96 per pound of BOD in excess of allowable limits

- (c) Average monthly billing per residential customer during the year ended June 30, 2022:
 - 1. Water <u>\$ 29.78</u>
 - 2. Sewer <u>\$ 24.68</u>



Steven T. Nosacka Mayor

Town of Gramercy

"THE BEST LITTLE TOWN FOR MILES AROUND." 120 North Montz Street P. O. Drawer 340 Gramercy, Louisiana 70052

Phone 225-869-4403 • FAX 225-869-4195

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN



Brent Dicharry Police Chief

December 31, 2022

Postlethwaite & Netterville, APAC P. O. Box 1190 Donaldsonville, LA 70346

The Town of Gramercy respectfully submits the following corrective action plan for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Audit Period: July 1, 2021 – June 30, 2022

FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDING

2022-001 Local Government Budget Act

> Condition: Louisiana Revised Statute 38:1303 requires each political subdivision to prepare a comprehensive budget presenting a complete financial plan for each fiscal year for the general fund and each special revenue fund. LA RS 38:1308 requires each political subdivision to make the proposed budget available for public inspection no later than fifteen days prior to the beginning of the fiscal year. Actual expenditures and other uses in the General Fund exceeded budgeted expenditures and other uses by more than five percent.

> Management's Response: Management of the Town will prepare and adopt all required budgets and make them available for public inspection no later than fifteen days prior to the beginning of the fiscal year and amend budgets when necessary as required by the Local Government Budget Act.

2022-002 Enhancement of Policies and Procedures for Federal Awards

> Condition: The written policies and procedures of the Town do not directly address all of the requirements under the Uniform Guidance for federal programs.

Management's Response: The Town has contracted with Faulk and Winkler to compile written policies and procedures to ensure compliance with Uniform Guidance.

If you have questions regarding this plan, please call Steven T. Nosacka or Doreen Lang at 225 869 4403

Sincerely,

Steven T. Nosacka

Mayor

TOWN OF GRAMERCY

REPORT ON STATEWIDE AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022



TABLE OF CONTENTS

Independent Accountants' Report on Applying Agreed-Upon Procedures for the Year Ended April 30, 2022

1 - 15

Management's Response and Corrective Action Plan





INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 2022

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Board of Aldermen Town of Gramercy Gramercy, Louisiana

We have performed the procedures enumerated below on the control and compliance (C/C) areas identified in the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's (LLA's) Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures (SAUPs) for the fiscal period July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022. The Town of Gramercy's management is responsible for those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs.

The Town has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate to meet the intended purpose of the engagement, which is to perform specified procedures on the C/C areas identified in LLA's SAUPs for the fiscal period July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022. Additionally, LLA has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate for its purposes. This report may not be suitable for any other purpose. The procedures performed may not address all the items of interest to a user of this report and may not meet the needs of all users of this report and, as such, users are responsible for determining whether the procedures performed are appropriate for their purposes.

The procedures performed and the results thereof are set forth below. The procedure is stated first, followed by the results of the procedure presented in italics. If the item being subjected to the procedures is positively identified or present, then the results will read "no exception noted" or for step 25 "we performed the procedure and discussed the results with management". If not, then a description of the exception ensues.

A - Written Policies and Procedures

- 1. Obtain and inspect the entity's written policies and procedures and observe that they address each of the following categories and subcategories (if applicable to public funds and the entity's operations):
 - a) Budgeting, including preparing, adopting, monitoring, and amending the budget.

No exception noted.

b) **Purchasing**, including (1) how purchases are initiated; (2) how vendors are added to the vendor list; (3) the preparation and approval process of purchase requisitions and purchase orders; (4) controls to ensure compliance with the Public Bid Law; and (5) documentation required to be maintained for all bids and price quotes.

The Entity's purchasing policy does not address (2) how vendors are added to the vendor list.

c) *Disbursements*, including processing, reviewing, and approving

The Entity's policy over disbursements does not address processing or reviewing.



d) *Receipts/Collections*, including receiving, recording, and preparing deposits. Also, policies and procedures should include management's actions to determine the completeness of all collections for each type of revenue or agency fund additions (e.g., periodic confirmation with outside parties, reconciliation to utility billing after cutoff procedures, reconciliation of traffic ticket number sequences, agency fund forfeiture monies confirmation).

The Entity's policy over receipts does not address receiving, recording, or management's actions to determine the completeness of all collections for each type of revenue.

e) *Payroll/Personnel*, including (1) payroll processing, (2) reviewing and approving time and attendance records, including leave and overtime worked, and (3) approval process for employee(s) rate of pay or approval and maintenance of pay rate schedules.

The Entity's policy over payroll/personnel does not address payroll processing, or the approval process for employees rate of pay and maintenance of pay rate schedules.

f) *Contracting*, including (1) types of services requiring written contracts, (2) standard terms and conditions, (3) legal review, (4) approval process, and (5) monitoring process.

The Entity does not have a written policy for Contracting.

g) *Credit Cards (and debit cards, fuel cards, P-Cards, if applicable)*, including (1) how cards are to be controlled, (2) allowable business uses, (3) documentation requirements, (4) required approvers of statements, and (5) monitoring card usage (e.g., determining the reasonableness of fuel card purchases).

No exception noted.

h) *Travel and expense reimbursement*, including (1) allowable expenses, (2) dollar thresholds by category of expense, (3) documentation requirements, and (4) required approvers.

The Entity does not have a written policy for Travel and Expense Reimbursements.

i) *Ethics*, including (1) the prohibitions as defined in Louisiana Revised Statute (R.S.) 42:1111-1121, (2) actions to be taken if an ethics violation takes place, (3) system to monitor possible ethics violations, and (4) a requirement that documentation is maintained to demonstrate that all employees and officials were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy.

The Entity has written policies for Ethics; however, the policy does not specifically address the prohibitions as defined in Louisiana Revised Statute 42:1111-1121, a system to monitor possible ethics violations, nor a requirement that documentation is maintained to demonstrate that all employees and officials were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy according to attributes (1), (3), and (4), respectively.

j) **Debt Service**, including (1) debt issuance approval, (2) continuing disclosure/EMMA reporting requirements, (3) debt reserve requirements, and (4) debt service requirements.

The Entity does not have a written policy for Debt Service.



k) Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity, including (1) identification of critical data and frequency of data backups, (2) storage of backups in a separate physical location isolated from the network, (3) periodic testing/verification that backups can be restored, (4) use of antivirus software on all systems, (5) timely application of all available system and software patches/updates, and (6) identification of personnel, processes, and tools needed to recover operations after a critical event.

The Entity does not have a written policy for Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity.

1) **Sexual Harassment**, including R.S. 42:342-344 requirements for (1) agency responsibilities and prohibitions, (2) annual employee training, and (3) annual reporting.

The Entity's sexual harassment policy does not address (2) annual employee training or (3) annual reporting.

B - Board or Finance Committee

- 2. Obtain and inspect the board/finance committee minutes for the fiscal period, as well as the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or equivalent document in effect during the fiscal period, and:
 - a) Observe that the board/finance committee met with a quorum at least monthly, or on a frequency in accordance with the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or other equivalent document.

No exception noted.

b) For those entities reporting on the governmental accounting model, observe whether the minutes referenced or included monthly budget-to-actual comparisons on the general fund, quarterly budget-to-actual, at a minimum, on proprietary funds, and semi-annual budget- to-actual, at a minimum, on all special revenue funds. Alternately, for those entities reporting on the nonprofit accounting model, observe that the minutes referenced or included financial activity relating to public funds if those public funds comprised more than 10% of the entity's collections during the fiscal period.

No exception noted.

c) For governmental entities, obtain the prior year audit report and observe the unassigned fund balance in the general fund. If the general fund had a negative ending unassigned fund balance in the prior year audit report, observe that the minutes for at least one meeting during the fiscal period referenced or included a formal plan to eliminate the negative unassigned fund balance in the general fund.

We obtained the prior year audit report and observed the unassigned fund balance in the general fund. The unassigned fund balance was positive and therefore this step is not applicable.



C - Bank Reconciliations

3. Obtain a listing of entity bank accounts for the fiscal period from management and management's representation that the listing is complete. Ask management to identify the entity's main operating account. Select the entity's main operating account and randomly select 4 additional accounts (or all accounts if less than 5). Randomly select one month from the fiscal period, obtain and inspect the corresponding bank statement and reconciliation for each selected account, and observe that:

A listing of bank accounts was provided and included a total of 12 bank accounts. Management identified the entity's main operating account. No exceptions were noted as a result of performing this procedure.

From the listing provided, we selected 5 bank accounts (1 main operating and 4 randomly) and obtained the bank reconciliations for the month ending June 30, 2022, resulting in 5 bank reconciliations obtained and subjected to the below procedures.

a) Bank reconciliations include evidence that they were prepared within 2 months of the related statement closing date (e.g., initialed and dated, electronically logged);

No exception noted.

b) Bank reconciliations include evidence that a member of management/board member who does not handle cash, post ledgers, or issue checks has reviewed each bank reconciliation (e.g., initialed and dated, electronically logged); and

No exception noted.

c) Management has documentation reflecting that it has researched reconciling items that have been outstanding for more than 12 months from the statement closing date, if applicable.

Of the 5 bank accounts selected, 2 bank reconciliations had reconciling items that have been outstanding for more than 12 months. There was no documentation evidencing that these reconciling items were researched for proper disposition.

D - Collections (excluding electronic funds transfers)

4. Obtain a listing of <u>deposit sites</u> for the fiscal period where deposits for cash/checks/money orders (cash) are prepared and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 deposit sites (or all deposit sites if less than 5).

A listing of deposit sites was provided and included 1 deposit site. No exceptions were noted as a result of performing this procedure.



5. For each deposit site selected, obtain a listing of <u>collection locations</u> and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one collection location for each deposit site (i.e. 5 collection locations for 5 deposit sites), obtain and inspect written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if no written policies or procedures, inquire of employees about their job duties) at each collection location, and observe that job duties are properly segregated at each collection location such that:

A listing of collection locations for each deposit site selected in procedure #4 was provided and included 1 collection location. No exceptions were noted as a result of performing this procedure.

From each of the listings provided, we selected one collection location for the deposit site. Review of the Entity's written policies and procedures or inquiry with employee(s) regarding job duties was performed in order to perform the procedures below.

a) Employees that are responsible for cash collections do not share cash drawers/registers.

Two of the three employees responsible for cash collections share cash drawers/registers.

b) Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not responsible for preparing/making bank deposits, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling collection documentation (e.g. pre-numbered receipts) to the deposit.

No exception noted.

c) Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not responsible for posting collection entries to the general ledger or subsidiary ledgers, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling ledger postings to each other and to the deposit.

The Town Accountant, who is responsible for posting collection entries to the general ledger, will collect cash when the Utility Clerk is absent.

d) The employee(s) responsible for reconciling cash collections to the general ledger and/or subsidiary ledgers, by revenue source and/or agency fund additions are not responsible for collecting cash, unless another employee verifies the reconciliation.

No exception noted.

6. Obtain from management a copy of the bond or insurance policy for theft covering all employees who have access to cash. Observe the bond or insurance policy for theft was enforced during the fiscal period.



7. Randomly select two deposit dates for each of the 5 bank accounts selected for procedure #3 under "Bank Reconciliations" above (select the next deposit date chronologically if no deposits were made on the dates randomly selected and randomly select a deposit if multiple deposits are made on the same day). Alternately, the practitioner may use a source document other than bank statements when selecting the deposit dates for testing, such as a cash collection log, daily revenue report, receipt book, etc. Obtain supporting documentation for each of the 10 deposits and:

We randomly selected two deposit dates for each of the 5 bank accounts selected in procedure #3. We obtained supporting documentation for each of the 6 resulting deposits and performed the procedures below.

a) Observe that receipts are sequentially pre-numbered.

No exception noted.

b) Trace sequentially pre-numbered receipts, system reports, and other related collection documentation to the deposit slip.

No exception noted.

c) Trace the deposit slip total to the actual deposit per the bank statement.

No exception noted.

d) Observe the deposit was made within one business day of receipt at the collection location (within one week if the depository is more than 10 miles from the collection location or the deposit is less than \$100 and the cash is stored securely in a locked safe or drawer).

For the 6 deposits selected for our procedures, 2 were not deposited within one business day of receipt at the collection location.

e) Trace the actual deposit per the bank statement to the general ledger.

No exception noted.

E - Non-payroll Disbursements (excluding card purchases/payments, travel reimbursements, and petty cash purchases)

8. Obtain a listing of locations that process payments for the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 locations (or all locations if less than 5).

The listing of locations that process payments for the fiscal period was provided. No exceptions were noted as a result of performing this procedure.

From the listing provided, we selected the only location and performed the procedures below.



9. For each location selected under #8 above, obtain a listing of those employees involved with non-payroll purchasing and payment functions. Obtain written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if the agency has no written policies and procedures, inquire of employees about their job duties), and observe that job duties are properly segregated such that:

The listing of employees involved with non-payroll purchasing and payment functions for each payment processing location selected in procedure #8 was provided. No exceptions were noted as a result of performing this procedure.

Review of the Entity's written policies and procedures or inquiry with employee(s) regarding job duties was performed in order to perform the procedures below.

a) At least two employees are involved in initiating a purchase request, approving a purchase, and placing an order/making the purchase.

No exception noted.

b) At least two employees are involved in processing and approving payments to vendors.

No exception noted.

c) The employee responsible for processing payments is prohibited from adding/modifying vendor files, unless another employee is responsible for periodically reviewing changes to vendor files.

No exception noted.

d) Either the employee/official responsible for signing checks mails the payment or gives the signed checks to an employee to mail who is not responsible for processing payments.

The employee/official responsible for signing checks gives the signed checks to an employee to mail who is responsible for processing payments.

10. For each location selected under #8 above, obtain the entity's non-payroll disbursement transaction population (excluding cards and travel reimbursements) and obtain management's representation that the population is complete. Randomly select 5 disbursements for each location, obtain supporting documentation for each transaction and:

A listing of non-payroll disbursements for each payment processing location selected in procedures #8 was provided related to the reporting period. No exceptions were noted as a result of performing this procedure.

From each of the listings provided, we randomly selected 5 disbursements and performed the procedures below.



a) Observe that the disbursement matched the related original itemized invoice, and that supporting documentation indicates that deliverables included on the invoice were received by the entity.

No exception noted.

b) Observe that the disbursement documentation included evidence (e.g., initial/date, electronic logging) of segregation of duties tested under #9, as applicable.

For 1 of the 5 disbursements selected for our procedures, there was no purchase requisition/order provided to initiate or approve the disbursement.

For the 5 disbursements selected for our procedures, the employee mailing the signed checks is responsible for processing payments.

F - Credit Cards/Debit Cards/Fuel Cards/P-Cards

11. Obtain from management a listing of all active credit cards, bank debit cards, fuel cards, and P-cards (cards) for the fiscal period, including the card numbers and the names of the persons who maintained possession of the cards. Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete.

A listing of cards was provided. No exceptions were noted as a result of performing this procedure.

12. Using the listing prepared by management, randomly select 5 cards (or all cards if less than 5) that were used during the fiscal period. Randomly select one monthly statement or combined statement for each card (for a debit card, randomly select one monthly bank statement), obtain supporting documentation, and:

From the listing provided, we randomly selected 5 cards (1 credit card, 1 store card, and 3 fuel cards) used in the fiscal period. We randomly selected one monthly statement for each of the 5 cards selected and performed the procedures noted below.

a) Observe that there is evidence that the monthly statement or combined statement and supporting documentation (e.g., original receipts for credit/debit card purchases, exception reports for excessive fuel card usage) was reviewed and approved, in writing, by someone other than the authorized card holder. [Note: Requiring such approval may constrain the legal authority of certain public officials (e.g., mayor of a Lawrason Act municipality); these instances should not be reported.)]

No exception noted.

b) Observe that finance charges and late fees were not assessed on the selected statements.



13. Using the monthly statements or combined statements selected under #12 above, excluding fuel cards, randomly select 10 transactions (or all transactions if less than 10) from each statement, and obtain supporting documentation for the transactions (i.e., each card should have 10 transactions subject to testing). For each transaction, observe it is supported by (1) an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased, (2) written documentation of the business/public purpose, and (3) documentation of the individuals participating in meals (for meal charges only). For missing receipts, the practitioner should describe the nature of the transaction and note whether management had a compensating control to address missing receipts, such as a "missing receipt statement" that is subject to increased scrutiny.

We randomly selected 10 transactions for the only credit card and all (2) transactions for the only store card selected in procedure #12 (3 fuel cards excluded) and performed the specified procedures.

For the 12 transactions selected for our procedures, 2 did not include an original itemized receipt identifying what was purchased according to attribute (1) above, and 4 did not include written documentation of the business/public purpose according to attribute (2) above.

G - Travel and Travel-Related Expense Reimbursements (excluding card transactions)

14. Obtain from management a listing of all travel and travel-related expense reimbursements during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing or general ledger is complete. Randomly select 5 reimbursements, obtain the related expense reimbursement forms/prepaid expense documentation of each selected reimbursement, as well as the supporting documentation. For each of the 5 reimbursements selected:

The listing of travel and travel-related expense reimbursements was provided for the fiscal period. No exceptions were noted as a result of performing this procedure.

From the listing provided, we selected all (4) reimbursements and performed the procedures below.

a) If reimbursed using a per diem, agree the reimbursement rate to those rates established either by the State of Louisiana or the U.S. General Services Administration (www.gsa.gov).

No exception noted.

b) If reimbursed using actual costs, observe that the reimbursement is supported by an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased.

No exception noted.

c) Observe that each reimbursement is supported by documentation of the business/public purpose (for meal charges, observe that the documentation includes the names of those individuals participating) and other documentation required by written policy (procedure #1h).



d) Observe that each reimbursement was reviewed and approved, in writing, by someone other than the person receiving reimbursement.

No exception noted.

H - Contracts

15. Obtain from management a listing of all agreements/contracts for professional services, materials and supplies, leases, and construction activities that were initiated or renewed during the fiscal period. *Alternately, the practitioner may use an equivalent selection source, such as an active vendor list.* Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 contracts (or all contracts if less than 5) from the listing, excluding the practitioner's contract, and:

An active vendor list for the fiscal period was provided. No exceptions were noted as a result of performing this procedure.

From the listing provided, we randomly selected 5 contracts and performed the procedures below.

a) Observe that the contract was bid in accordance with the Louisiana Public Bid Law (e.g., solicited quotes or bids, advertised), if required by law.

No exception noted.

b) Observe that the contract was approved by the governing body/board, if required by policy or law (e.g. Lawrason Act, Home Rule Charter).

No exception noted.

c) If the contract was amended (e.g., change order), observe the original contract terms provided for such an amendment and that amendments were made in compliance with the contract terms (e.g., if approval is required for any amendment, was approval documented).

No exception noted.

d) Randomly select one payment from the fiscal period for each of the 5 contracts, obtain the supporting invoice, agree the invoice to the contract terms, and observe that the invoice and related payment agreed to the terms and conditions of the contract.



I - Payroll and Personnel

16. Obtain a listing of employees and officials employed during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 employees or officials, obtain related paid salaries and personnel files, and agree paid salaries to authorized salaries/pay rates in the personnel files.

A listing of employees/elected officials employed during the fiscal year was provided. No exceptions were noted as a result of performing this procedure.

From the listing provided, we randomly selected 5 employees/officials and performed the specified procedures. No exceptions noted.

17. Randomly select one pay period during the fiscal period. For the 5 employees/officials selected under #16 above, obtain attendance records and leave documentation for the pay period, and:

We randomly selected 1 pay period during the fiscal period and performed the procedures below for the 5 employees/officials selected in procedure #16.

a) Observe that all selected employees/officials documented their daily attendance and leave (e.g., vacation, sick, compensatory). (Note: Generally, an elected official is not eligible to earn leave and does not document his/her attendance and leave. However, if the elected official is earning leave according to policy and/or contract, the official should document his/her daily attendance and leave.).

No exception noted.

b) Observe that supervisors approved the attendance and leave of the selected employees or officials.

No exception noted.

c) Observe that any leave accrued or taken during the pay period is reflected in the entity's cumulative leave records.

No exception noted.

d) Observe that the rate paid to the employees or officials agree to the authorized salary/pay rate found within the personnel file.



18. Obtain a listing of those employees or officials that received termination payments during the fiscal period and management's representation that the list is complete. Randomly select two employees or officials, obtain related documentation of the hours and pay rates used in management's termination payment calculations and the entity's policy on termination payments. Agree the hours to the employee or officials' cumulative leave records, agree the pay rates to the employee or officials' authorized pay rates in the employee or officials' personnel files, and agree the termination payment to entity policy.

This step is not applicable to the Town because no employees or officials received termination payments during the fiscal period.

19. Obtain management's representation that employer and employee portions of third-party payroll related amounts (e.g., payroll taxes, retirement contributions, health insurance premiums, garnishments, workers' compensation premiums, etc.) have been paid, and any associated forms have been filed, by required deadlines.

No exception noted.

J - Ethics

- 20. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from procedure #16 under "Payroll and Personnel" above obtain ethics documentation from management, and:
 - a) Observe that the documentation demonstrates each employee/official completed one hour of ethics training during the fiscal period.

No exception noted.

b) Observe whether the entity maintains documentation which demonstrates each employee and official were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy during the fiscal period, as applicable.

For the 5 employees/officials selected for our procedures, there was no written documentation showing employees/officials were notified of changes to the ethics policy during the fiscal year.

K - Debt Service

21. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes and other debt instruments issued during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all debt instruments on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that State Bond Commission approval was obtained for each debt instrument issued.

This step is not applicable to the Town because there was no new debt issued in the current year.



22. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes outstanding at the end of the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one bond/note, inspect debt covenants, obtain supporting documentation for the reserve balance and payments, and agree actual reserve balances and payments to those required by debt covenants (including contingency funds, short-lived asset funds, or other funds required by the debt covenants).

A listing of bonds/notes outstanding at the end of the fiscal period was provided. No exceptions were noted as a result of performing this procedure.

From the listing provided, we randomly selected 1 bond/note and performed the specified procedures. No exceptions noted.

L - Fraud Notice

23. Obtain a listing of misappropriations of public funds and assets during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all misappropriations on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that the entity reported the misappropriation(s) to the legislative auditor and the district attorney of the parish in which the entity is domiciled.

A listing of misappropriations of public funds and assets during the fiscal period was provided. No exceptions were noted as a result of performing this procedure.

The Town had one allegation during the reporting period. The Town reported this allegation to the Ethics Board and are awaiting their investigation. The Town did not report this to the Louisiana Legislative Auditor.

24. Observe that the entity has posted on its premises and website, the notice required by R.S. 24:523.1 concerning the reporting of misappropriation, fraud, waste, or abuse of public funds.

No exception noted.

M - Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity

- 25. Perform the following procedures, verbally discuss the results with management, and report "We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management."
 - a) Obtain and inspect the entity's most recent documentation that it has backed up its critical data (if no written documentation, inquire of personnel responsible for backing up critical data) and observe that such backup occurred within the past week. If backups are stored on a physical medium (e.g., tapes, CDs), observe evidence that backups are encrypted before being transported.

We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management.



b) Obtain and inspect the entity's most recent documentation that it has tested/verified that its backups can be restored (if no written documentation, inquire of personnel responsible for testing/verifying backup restoration) and observe evidence that the test/verification was successfully performed within the past 3 months.

We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management.

c) Obtain a listing of the entity's computers currently in use and their related locations, and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 computers and observe while management demonstrates that the selected computers have current and active antivirus software and that the operating system and accounting system software in use are currently supported by the vendor.

We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management.

N - Sexual Harassment

26. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from procedure #16 under "Payroll and Personnel" above, obtain sexual harassment training documentation from management, and observe the documentation demonstrates each employee/official completed at least one hour of sexual harassment training during the calendar year.

No exception noted.

27. Observe the entity has posted its sexual harassment policy and complaint procedure on its website (or in a conspicuous location on the entity's premises if the entity does not have a website).

No exception noted.

28. Obtain the entity's annual sexual harassment report for the current fiscal period, observe that the report was dated on or before February 1, and observe it includes the applicable requirements of R.S. 42:344:

We obtained the annual sexual harassment report for the current fiscal period and observed that the report was not dated until March 9, 2022.

a) Number and percentage of public servants in the agency who have completed the training requirements;

No exception noted.

b) Number of sexual harassment complaints received by the agency;

No exception noted.

c) Number of complaints which resulted in a finding that sexual harassment occurred;



d) Number of complaints in which the finding of sexual harassment resulted in discipline or corrective action; and

No exception noted.

e) Amount of time it took to resolve each complaint.

No exception noted.

We were engaged by the Town of Gramercy to perform this agreed-upon procedures engagement and conducted our engagement in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and applicable standards of *Government Auditing Standards*. We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination or review engagement, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion or conclusion, respectively, on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion or conclusion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

We are required to be independent of the Town and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements related to our agreed-upon procedures engagement.

This report is intended solely to describe the scope of testing performed on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs, and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on control or compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the LLA as a public document.

Postlethurite & Petterville

Donaldsonville, LA December 31, 2022



Steven T. Nosacka Mayor

Town of Gramercy

"THE BEST LITTLE TOWN FOR MILES AROUND."

120 North Montz Street
P. O. Drawer 340
Gramercy, Louisiana 70052
Phone 225-869-4403 • FAX 225-869-4195



Brent Dicharry
Police Chief

December 31, 2022

Postlethwaite & Netterville, APAC

P O Box 1190

Donaldsonville, LA 70346

The purpose of this communication is to respond to issues included in the Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures (SAUPs) letter for the audit period which ended June 30, 2022.

A. Written Policies and Procedures

Corrective Action: Management has contracted with Faulk and Winkler to compile written policies and procedures to cover all categories where exceptions were noted.

C. Bank Reconciliations

Management will closely monitor bank reconciliations to ensure that outstanding items are handled in a timely manner.

D. Collections

5a We do not have the facilities for 3 cash drawers/windows. We try to minimize the times the drawer is shared and balance at the end of the day.

5c The Town Clerk will usually collect cash when the Utility Clerk is absent and the Town Accountant would only fill in on rare occasions and for lunch break.

7d Deposits will be made within one business day of receipt. We plan to migrate to a new utility billing system and it should help with posting date conflicts.

E. Non-payroll Disbursements

9d &10b The employee or official responsible for signing checks will give the checks to the utility clerk for mailing.

F. Credit Cards/Debit Cards/Fuel Cards

13 We will ensure that all receipts are attached to the credit card bills.

J. Ethics

We will implement a procedure to obtain written documentation showing employees/officials are notified of changes to the ethics policy during the fiscal year.

N. Sexual Harassment

28 We will ensure that the annual sexual harassment report is dated before February 1st.

If you have questions regarding this plan, please call Doreen Lang at 225.869.4403.

Sincerely,

Doreen Lang

Town Accountant







To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Board of Aldermen Town of Gramercy, Louisiana.

We have audited the financial statements of the Town of Gramercy for the year ended June 30, 2022, and have issued our report thereon dated December 31, 2022. As part of our audit, we made a study and evaluation of internal accounting control to the extent we considered necessary to evaluate the system as required by auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Under these standards, the purposes of such evaluation are to establish a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control.

The objective of internal control is to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance as to the safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and the reliability of the financial records for preparing financial statements and maintaining accountability for assets. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of a system of internal accounting control should not exceed the benefits derived and also recognizes that the evaluation of these factors necessarily requires estimates and judgments by management.

No matter how good a system, there are inherent limitations that should be recognized in considering the potential effectiveness of internal accounting. In the performance of most control procedures, errors can result from misunderstanding of instructions, mistakes of judgment, carelessness, or other personal factors. Control procedures whose effectiveness depends upon segregation of duties can be circumvented by collusion. Similarly, control procedures can be circumvented intentionally by management either with respect to the execution and recording of transactions or with respect to the estimates and judgments required in the preparation of financial statements. Further, projection of any evaluation of internal accounting control to future periods is subject to the risk that the degree of compliance with the procedures may deteriorate. We say this simply to suggest that any system needs to be constantly reviewed and improved where necessary.

However, during the course of our audit, we became aware of several matters that are opportunities for strengthening internal controls or operating efficiency. Our comments and suggestions regarding those matters are set forth below. This letter does not affect our reports dated December 31, 2022, on the financial statements of the Town of Gramercy or the Town's internal control over financial reporting.

ML-22-001 Financial Reconciliations and Review

Condition: The Town's capital asset activity was not reconciled timely at year end. Additionally,

review and approvals are not being consistently documented.

Recommendations: The Town should perform, at minimum, an annual inventory count. Any discrepancies

should be investigated and resolved. These reconciliations, along with any other account reconciliations performed, should be reviewed by someone independent of the employee performing the reconciliation. Journal entries should be reviewed monthly by someone without access to create journal entries. All reviews should be documented (signed/dated) as evidence that it was performed, and performed timely.



This information is intended solely for the use of the Mayor, Board of Aldermen, and management of the Town of Gramercy and should not be used for any other purpose.

Postlethurite & Netterville

Donaldsonville, Louisiana December 31, 2022

Status of Prior Year Management Letter Comments

ML-21-001 Financial Reconciliations

Condition: The accounts payable sub ledger should be timely reconciled to the general ledger at

year end.

Current Status: Resolved.

ML-21-002 Information Technology

Condition: The Town is not aware of when successful system backups have been completed by

information technology consultants. Additionally, the Town's employees do not

participate in any cybersecurity trainings.

Current Status: Resolved.



Steven T. Nosacka Mayor

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Phone 225-869-4403 • FAX 225-869-4195



Brent Dicharry Police Chief

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN

December 31, 2022

Postlethwaite & Netterville, APAC P. O. Box 1190 Donaldsonville, LA 70346

The Town of Gramercy respectfully submits the following corrective action plan for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Audit Period: July 1, 2021 – June 30, 2022

MANAGEMENT LETTER COMMENTS

ML-22-001 Financial Reconciliations and Review

Condition: The Town's capital asset activity was not reconciled timely at year end. Additionally, review and approvals are not being consistently documented.

Management's Response: Management of the Town will implement procedures to establish an annual asset inventory count to include investigation of any discrepancies. Reconciliations and journal entries will be reviewed by someone independent of the process on a monthly basis. All reviews will be signed and dated as evidence that it was performed timely.

If you have questions regarding this plan, please call Steven T. Nosacka at (225) 869-4403.

Sincerely,

Steven T. Nosacka

Mayor