Financial Report

Year Ended November 30, 2021

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KOLDER, SLAVEN & COMPANY, LLC

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Board of Commissioners Parks and Recreation Commission of Carencro, Inc. Carencro, Louisiana

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the businesstype activities, and each major fund of the Parks and Recreation Commission of Carencro, Inc. (PARC), a component unit of the City of Carencro, Louisiana, as of and for the year ended November 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the PARC's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above, present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Parks and Recreation Commission of Carencro, Inc., as of November 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison schedule on pages 26 and 27 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The PARC has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the PARC's basic financial statements. The statement of net position, individual fund statements and budgetary comparison schedule included on pages 30 through 36 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The comparative statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, these statements are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The prior year comparative information on these statements was derived from the PARC's 2020 financial statements, which was subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and, in our opinion, was fairly presented in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements from which they have been derived.

The budgetary comparison schedule on pages 32 and 33 has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued a report dated April 28, 2022, on our consideration of the PARC's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the PARC's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC
Certified Public Accountants

Lafayette, Louisiana April 28, 2022

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (GWFS)

Statement of Net Position November 30, 2021

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$ 787,766	\$ 9,200	\$ 796,966
Receivables, net	11	1,279	1,290
Inventory		14,970	14,970
Total current assets	<u> 787,777</u>	25,449	813,226
Noncurrent assets:			
Capital assets -			
Land and construction in progress	-	1,291,187	1,291,187
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	<u> </u>	4,085,511	4,085,511
Total noncurrent assets	<u> </u>	5,376,698	5,376,698
Total assets	787,777	5,402,147	6,189,924
LIABILITIES			
Cash overdraft	-	2,805	2,805
Accounts and other payables	-	4,383	4,383
Unearned revenues		9,880	9,880
Total liabilities		<u>17,068</u>	<u>17,068</u>
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	-	5,376,698	5,376,698
Restricted for recreation	787,777	-	787,777
Unrestricted		8,381	8,381
Total net position	\$ 787,777	\$5,385,079	\$6,172,856

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended November 30, 2021

		Pr	ogram Revenues		Net (Expense)) Revenues and	
			Operating	Capital	Changes in	Net Position	
		Fees and Charges	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-Type	
Activities	Expenses	for Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total
Governmental activities:							
General government	\$ 26,975	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (26,975)	\$ -	\$ (26,975)
Recreation	543,021	<u> 2,880</u>	1,417,855	_	877,714		<u>877,714</u>
Total governmental activities	569,996	2,880	1,417,855	be .	850,739		850,739
Business-type activities:							
Pelican Park	931,414	513,314	-	-	-	(418,100)	(418,100)
Carencro Sports Complex	409,618	276,849				(132,769)	(132,769)
Total business-type activities	1,341,032	790,163		WH.		(550,869)	(550,869)
Total	\$ 1,911,028	<u>\$793,043</u>	\$ 1,417,855	<u>\$ - </u>	850,739	(550,869)	299,870
	General revenu	ies:					
	Interest and i	nvestment earnings			795	62	857
Transfers			(468,843)	468,843	-		
	Total g	eneral revenues and t	transfers		_(468,048)	468,905	857
	Change	in net position			382,691	(81,964)	300,727
Net position - December 1, 2020		405,086	5,467,043	5,872,129			
	Net position - 1	November 30, 2021			<u>\$ 787,777</u>	<u>\$ 5,385,079</u>	\$6,172,856

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (FFS)

Balance Sheet Governmental Fund November 30, 2021

	General Fund
ASSETS	
Interest-bearing deposits	\$ 787,766
Receivables:	
Accrued interest	11
Total assets	<u>\$ 787,777</u>
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	
Liabilities	\$ -
Fund balance:	
Restricted for recreation	<u> 787,777</u>
Total liabilities and fund balance	<u>\$ 787,777</u>

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Change in Fund Balance -Governmental Fund For the Year Ended November 30, 2021

	General Fund	
Revenues:		_
Charges for services	\$	2,880
Intergovernmental -		
Local contribution		1,389,305
Miscellaneous		29,345
Total revenues		1,421,530
Expenditures:		
Current -		
General government		26,975
Recreation		543,021
Total expenditures		569,996
Excess of revenues		
over expenditures		851,534
Other financing uses:		
Transfers to Park Operating Fund		(468,843)
Net change in fund balance		382,691
Fund balance, beginning		405,086
Fund balance, ending	<u>\$</u>	787,777

PARKS AND RECREATION COMMISSION OF CARENCRO, INC.

Carencro, Louisiana

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Fund November 30, 2021

	Park
	Operating
	Fund
ASSETS	-
Current assets:	
Cash	\$ 9,200
Receivables, net	1,279
Inventory	14,970
Total current assets	25,449
Noncurrent assets:	
Capital assets -	
Land and construction in progress	1,291,187
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	4,085,511
Total noncurrent assets	5,376,698
Total assets	5,402,147
LIABILITIES	
Cash overdraft	2,805
Accounts payable	1,270
Accrued liabilities	3,113
Unearned revenues	9,880
Total liabilities	17,068
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	5,376,698
Unrestricted	8,381
Total net position	\$ 5,385,079

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Fund Net Position Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended November 30, 2021

	Par	Park Operating Fund		
	Pelican Park	Carencro Sports Complex	Total	
Operating revenues:				
Charges for services -				
Concession sales	\$ 247,217	\$ 22,435	\$ 269,652	
Lounge sales	57,805	-	57,805	
League, entry and sponsorship fees	32,511	91,470	123,981	
Gate receipts	54,299	16,287	70,586	
Membership dues	29,308	_	29,308	
Softball sales	1,693	-	1,693	
Park rental income	27,531	-	27,531	
Events	37,459	56,090	93,549	
Other	<u>25,491</u>	90,567	116,058	
Total operating revenues	513,314	276,849	790,163	
Costs of revenues:				
Purchases -				
Food	112,830	11,080	123,910	
Liquor	11,993	-	11,993	
Beer	24,954	-	24,954	
Softballs	2,867	-	2,867	
Uniforms	176	-	176	
Total cost of revenues	152,820	11,080	163,900	
Gross profit	360,494	265,769	626,263	

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Fund Net Position Proprietary Fund (Continued) For the Year Ended November 30, 2021

	Park Operating Fund		
		Carencro	
	Pelican	Sports	
	Park	Complex	Total
Operating expenses:			
Salaries	\$ 239,575	\$ 171,405	\$ 410,980
Payroll taxes	20,400	12,967	33,367
Workman's compensation	8,6 11	-	8,611
Advertising	900	1,609	2,509
Awards	1,049	1,969	3,018
Depreciation expense	155,846	104,634	260,480
Legal and accounting	5,637	5,233	10,870
Office and postage expenses	17,794	2,508	20,302
Service contracts	29,428	23,292	52,720
Sponsorship fees	4,552	424	4,976
Umpire fees	20,179	21,610	41,789
Utilities and telephone	50,683	23,409	74,092
Repairs, maintenance and supplies	139,219	24,997	164,216
Miscellaneous	10,694	4,481	15,175
Total operating expenses	704,567	398,538	1,103,105
Operating loss	\$ (344,073)	<u>\$(132,769</u>)	(476,842)
Non-operating revenues (expenses):			
Interest income			62
PARC expenses paid by Pelican Park			(74,027)
Total non-operating revenue (expenses)			(73,965)
Loss before transfers			(550,807)
Transfers from General Fund			468,843
Change in net position			(81,964)
Net position, beginning			5,467,043
Net position, ending			\$5,385,079

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

PARKS AND RECREATION COMMISSION OF CARENCRO, INC.

Carencro, Louisiana

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended November 30, 2021

	Park Operating
Cash flows from operating activities:	<u>Fund</u>
Receipts from customers	\$ 797,062
Payments to suppliers	(551,596)
Payments to employees	(448,931)
Net cash used by operating activities	(203,465)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:	
Cash received from General Fund	468,843
PARC expenses paid by Pelican Park	(74,027)
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	394,816
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:	
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	(194,274)
Cash flows from investing activities:	
Interest income	62
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(2,861)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	12,061
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 9,200
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used by operating activities:	
Operating loss	\$ (476,842)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used	
by operating activities:	.
Depreciation	260,480
Increase in receivables	(365)
Decrease in inventory	9,312
Increase in cash overdraft	2,805
Increase in accounts payable Decrease in accrued liabilities	1,270
Increase in unearned revenues	(4,584) 4,459
	<u></u>
Net cash used by operating activities	<u>\$ (203,465)</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Polices

The accompanying financial statements of the Parks and Recreation Commission of Carencro, Inc. (PARC) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to state and local governments. The accounting and reporting framework, and more significant accounting policies are discussed in subsequent subsections of this note.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The PARC is a component unit of the City of Carencro, Louisiana, the primary government. The PARC is dependent on the City of Carencro for budget approval, approval of debt issuance and appointment of the majority of commission members and is therefore considered a component unit. These financial statements report only the PARC, the component unit.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS)

The statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the business-type activities of the PARC and for each function of the PARC's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Fund Accounting

The accounts of the PARC are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a separate set of self-balancing accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

The two funds of the PARC are classified into two categories: governmental and proprietary. The emphasis on fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and
- b. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

The major funds of the PARC are described below:

Governmental Fund -

General Fund

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the PARC. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Proprietary Fund -

Enterprise fund

The enterprise fund is used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. The PARC's enterprise fund is the Park Operating Fund.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

On the government-wide statement of net position and the statement of activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined in item b. below.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate:

- a. The governmental fund utilizes a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on its balance sheet. Their operating statement presents sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. This fund uses fund balance as its measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- b. The proprietary fund utilizes an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with its activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net position.

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred, or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures (including capital outlay) generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

The proprietary fund utilizes the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred, or economic asset used.

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Equity

Cash and interest-bearing deposits

For purposes of the statement of net position, cash and interest-bearing deposits include all demand accounts, savings accounts, and certificates of deposits of the PARC.

For the purpose of the proprietary fund statement of cash flows, "cash and cash equivalents" include all demand and savings accounts, and certificates of deposit with an original maturity of three months or less.

Interfund receivables and payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Those related to goods and services type transactions are classified as "due to and from other funds." Short-term interfund loans are reported as "interfund receivables and payables."

Long-term interfund loans (noncurrent portion) are reported as "advances from and to other funds."

Inventories

Inventories in the proprietary fund are accounted for at the lower of cost or market.

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

In some instances, the GASB requires an entity to delay recognition of decreases in net position as expenditures until a future period. In other instances, entities are required to delay recognition of increases in net position as revenues until a future period. In these circumstances, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources result from the delayed recognition of expenditures or revenues, respectively. There were no deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources as of November 30, 2021.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, are reported in the business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. The governmental activities have no capital. Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated cost if historical is not available. Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The PARC maintains a threshold level of \$1,000 or more for capitalizing capital assets.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the statement of activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the statement of net position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Building and improvements	40 years
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	5 - 10 years

In the fund financial statements, the governmental fund operations have no capital assets. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide statements.

Compensated Absences

Sick leave is earned at the rate of one day for each month worked, with a limit of ten days per year. Vacation leave is accumulated as follows:

1-5 years	5 days
6-10 years	10 days
Over 10 years	15 days

Thirty days of sick leave and one week of vacation may be carried over to a subsequent year. Upon termination of employment, employees are to be paid for accumulated vacation leave only. The PARC had no material accumulated leave benefits required to be reported at November 30, 2021.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Equity Classifications

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. In the government-wide statements, the PARC reports three components as follows:

- Net investment in capital assets This component consists of net capital assets reduced by the outstanding balances of any related debt obligations and deferred inflows of resources attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets and increased by balances of deferred outflows of resources related to those assets.
- Restricted net position This component is considered restricted if its
 use is constrained to a particular purpose. Restrictions are imposed by
 external organizations such as federal or state laws. Restricted net
 position is restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows
 of resources related to the restricted assets.
- 3. Unrestricted net position This component consists of all other net position that does not meet the definition of the above two components and is available for general use by the PARC.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. As such, fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows.

- a. Nonspendable amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- b. Restricted amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.
- c. Committed amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal decision of the Board of Commissioners, which is the highest level of decision-making authority for the Parc.
- d. Assigned amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. Under the PARC's adopted policy, only the Board of Commissioners may assign amounts for specific purposes.
- e. Unassigned all other spendable amounts.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

When an expenditure is incurred for the purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the PARC considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the PARC considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the PARC has provided otherwise in his commitment or assignment actions.

Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

E. Revenues, Expenditures, and Expenses

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues and expenses for proprietary funds are those that result from providing services and producing and delivering goods and/or services. It also includes all revenue and expenses not related to capital and related financing, noncapital financing, or investing activities.

Expenditures/Expenses

In the government-wide financial statements, expenses are classified by function for both governmental and business-type activities.

In the fund financial statements, expenditures are classified as follows:

Governmental Funds - By Character Proprietary Fund - By Operating and Nonoperating

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report expenditures of financial resources. Proprietary funds report expenses relating to use of economic resources.

Interfund Transfers

Permanent reallocations of resources between funds of the reporting entity are classified as interfund transfers.

F. Revenue Restrictions

The PARC has a legal restriction placed over the revenue received from the City of Carencro from the proceeds of the 1993 Sales Tax Fund due to the dedication of the use of the proceeds. See Note 4.

The PARC uses unrestricted resources only when restricted resources are fully depleted.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

G. Income Taxes

The PARC qualifies as a tax-exempt organization under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and classified by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) as other than a private foundation. The Organization's Forms 990, Return of Organization Exempt from Income Tax, for the years ending 2018, 2019, and 2020 are subject to examination by the IRS, generally for three years after they were filed.

H. Capitalization of Interest Expense

It is the policy of the PARC to capitalize material amounts of interest resulting from borrowings in the course of the construction of capital assets in the Proprietary Fund. At November 30, 2021, there were no borrowings for assets under construction and no capitalized interest expense was recorded on the books.

I. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

J. Prior Year Reclassifications

For comparative purposes, certain accounts in the prior year financial statements have been reclassified in order to conform to the presentation of the current year statements.

(2) <u>Cash and Interest-Bearing Deposits</u>

At November 30, 2021, the PARC had cash balances (book balances) totaling \$796,966 as follows:

Cash	\$ 9,200
Interest-bearing deposits	787,766
	\$ 796,966

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the PARC's deposits may not be recovered or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market. Under state law, these deposits, (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent bank. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties. Deposit balances (bank balances) in the amount of \$791,198 were fully secured by federal deposit insurance at November 30, 2021.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

(3) Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended November 30, 2021 was as follows:

	Balance 12/01/20	Additions	Deletions	Balance 11/30/21	
Business-type activities:					
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 904,893	\$ 370,302	\$ -	\$ 1,275,195	
Construction in progress	262,495	15,992	262,495	15,992	
Other capital assets:					
Building and improvements	4,868,617	9,375	-	4,877,992	
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	1,006,887	61,100	-	1,067,987	
Total	7,042,892	456,769	262,495	7,237,166	
Less: accumulated depreciation					
Building and improvements	1,089,932	181,206	- .	1,271,138	
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	510,056	79,274		589,330	
Total accumulated depreciation	1,599,988	260,480		1,860,468	
Capital assets, net	\$ 5,442,904	\$ 196,289	\$ 262,495	\$ 5,376,698	

Depreciation expense was charged to business-type activities as follows:

1275

(4) External Transactions

Most of the revenues from PARC's General Fund are derived from transfers from the City of Carencro, the primary government. The transfers are made from one-third (1/3) of the 1993 sales and use tax levied by the City. The funds are dedicated for recreational purposes. These transactions are classified as external transactions on the government-wide statement of activities. During the fiscal year ended November 30, 2021, external transactions consisted of \$1,389,305 of contributions received from the City for operating and capital expenditures, and \$372,000 paid to the City for debt service payments. The amount paid to the City is included in recreation expenditures.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

(5) Risk Management

PARC is exposed to risks of loss in the area of general liability. These risks are handled by purchasing commercial insurance coverage. There have been no significant reductions in the insurance coverage during the year, nor have settlements exceeded coverage for the past three years.

(6) <u>Litigation</u>

There was no litigation pending against PARC at November 30, 2021.

(7) <u>Interfund Transactions</u>

Transfers of \$468,843 were made from the General Fund to the Park Operating Fund in order to properly charge the expenditures of the monies to the fund to which they were applicable in accordance with budgetary authorizations and to properly transfer capital assets to the Park Operating Fund.

(8) Schedule of Compensation, Benefits, and Other Payments to Agency Head

The schedule of compensation, benefits, and other payments to Tom Meyers, Parks and Recreation Chairman from December 1, 2020 through November 30, 2021 follows:

		Tom
		Meyers
Salary	•	<u>\$ 15,600</u>

(9) Subsequent Event

As a result of the spread of the Covid-19 coronavirus, economic uncertainties have arisen which may have and may continue to impact PARC's ongoing operations. The extent and severity of the potential impact on future operations in unknown at this time.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended November 30, 2021

FOT UR	ne Year Ended November 30, 2021						Vai	iance -
	Budget						sitive	
	Or	iginal		Final	,	Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues:		Ignai		1 11141			(4.15	Башто
Charges for services -								
Registration fees	\$	3,500	\$	2,880	\$	2,880	\$	-
Intergovernmental -								
Local contribution	1,0	14,633	1	,389,800	1,	389,305		(495)
Miscellaneous -								
Sponsor income		13,250		3,500		3,500		-
Interest income		1,000		504		795		291
Other		50		25,000		25,050		50
Total revenues	1,0	32,433	1	,421,684	1,	421,530	·	(154)
Expenditures:						<u> </u>	******	
Current -								
General government:								
Parc per diem		26,350		26,375		26,975		(600)
Recreation:								
Salaries		22,240		21,080		21,080		_
CAYSI appropriation		12,000		-		-		_
Appropriation to City - for bond payments	3	72,000		372,000		372,000		-
Other park appropriations - boxing		2,000		1,050		1,020		30
Summer recreation program expenditures		2,500		-		-		-
Total		110,740		394,130		394,100		30
Pelican Park North expenditures:			-		********			
Legal and accounting		30,000		14,049		12,498		1,551
Office expenditures and supplies		1,200		3,326		3,812		(486)
Park insurance		26,000		23,983		21,930		2,053
Utilities		8,300		9,187		9,448		(261)
Park concert program		-		52,918		48,563		4,355
Repairs and maintenance		50,000		31,811		32,223		(412)
Travel and meetings		5,000		50		52		(2)
Outside service contracts		5,000		6,281		5,603		678
Miscellaneous		5,000		12,325		14,792		(2,467)
Total Pelican Park North expenditures	1	130,500		153,930		148,921		5,009
Total recreation		541,240		548,060		543,021		5,039
Total expenditures		567,590		574,435	_	569,996		4,439
Excess of revenues								
over expenditures	4	164,843		847,249		851,534		4,285

(continued)

General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule (Continued) For the Year Ended November 30, 2021

	Bud	get		Variance - Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Other financing uses:	(522 200)	(507 701)	(469 942)	50 050
Transfers to Park Operating Fund	(523,300)	(527,701)	(468,843)	58,858
Change in fund balance	(58,457)	319,548	382,691	63,143
Fund balance, beginning	405,086	405,086	405,086	
Fund balance, ending	\$346,629	\$724,634	<u>\$787,777</u>	\$ 63,143

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

(1) Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The PARC follows these procedures in establishing budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a. The treasurer prepares a proposed budget and submits it to the Parks and Recreation Commission for the fiscal year no later than fifteen days prior to the beginning of each fiscal year
- b. A summary of the proposed budget is published and the public is notified that the proposed budget is available for public inspection. At the same time, a public hearing is called.
- c. A public hearing is held on the proposed budget at least ten days after publication of the call for the hearing.
- d. After the holding of the public hearing and completion of all action necessary to finalize and implement the budget, the budget is adopted through passage of a resolution prior to the commencement of the fiscal year for which the budget is being adopted.
- e. Budgetary amendments involving the transfers of funds from one department, program or function to another or involving increases in expenditures resulting from revenues exceeding amounts estimated require the approval of the Commission.
- f. All budgetary appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.
- g. Budgets for all funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted or as finally amended by the Commission.

(2) Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations

For the year ended November 30, 2021, the following fund had actual expenditures over appropriations, at the fund level, as follows:

Fund/Function	1	Budget	 Actual	Excess		
General Fund:						
General Government	\$	26,375	\$ 26,975	\$	(600)	

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Statement of Net Position November 30, 2021 With Comparative Totals for November 30, 2020

	Governmental	Business-Type		2020
	Activities	Activities	Total	Total
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$ 787,766	\$ 9,200	\$ 796,966	\$ 417,136
Receivables, net	11	1,279	1,290	925
Inventory		14,970	14,970	24,282
Total current assets	<u> 787,777</u>	25,449	813,226	442,343
Noncurrent assets:				
Capital assets -				
Land and construction in progress	-	1,291,187	1,291,187	1,167,388
Other capital assets, net	_	4,085,511	4,085,511	4,275,516
Total noncurrent assets		5,376,698	5,376,698	5,442,904
Total assets	787,777	5,402,147	6,189,924	5,885,247
LIABILITIES				
Cash overdraft	-	2,805	2,805	-
Accounts and other payables	-	4,383	4,383	7,697
Unearned revenues		9,880	9,880	5,421
Total liabilities	<u></u>	17,068	17,068	13,118
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	-	5,376,698	5,376,698	5,442,904
Restricted for recreation	787,777	-	787,777	405,086
Unrestricted	<u>-</u>	8,381	8,381	24,139
Total net position	\$ 787,777	\$ 5,385,079	\$6,172,856	\$ 5,872,129

General Fund Comparative Balance Sheet November 30, 2021 and 2020

	2021	2020
ASSETS		
Interest-bearing deposits	\$787,766	\$ 405,075
Receivables:		
Accrued interest	11	11
Total assets	<u>\$787,777</u>	\$ 405,086
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE		
Fund balance:		
Restricted for recreation	787,777	_405,086
Total liabilities and fund balance	<u>\$787,777</u>	\$ 405,086

General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended November 30, 2021 With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended November 30, 2020

	2021				
	Budget			Variance - Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Revenues:					
Charges for services -					
Registration fees	\$ 3,500	\$ 2,880	\$ 2,880	\$ -	\$ 6,050
Intergovernmental -					
Local contribution	1,014,633	1,389,800	1,389,305	(495)	972,766
Miscellaneous -					
Sponsor income	13,250	3,500	3,500	-	2,500
Interest income	1,000	504	795	291	701
Other	50	25,000	25,050	50	
Total revenues	1,032,433	1,421,684	1,421,530	(154)	982,017
Expenditures:					
Current -					
General government:					
Parc per diem	<u>26,350</u>	<u>26,375</u>	26,975	<u>(600)</u>	<u>26,975</u>
Recreation:					
Salaries	22,240	21,080	21,080	-	-
CAYSI appropriation	12,000	-	-	-	814
Appropriation to City - for bond payments	372,000	372,000	372,000	-	372,000
Other park appropriations - boxing	2,000	1,050	1,020	30	1,043
Summer recreation program	2,500				
Total	410,740	394,130	394,100	30	373,857
Pelican Park North expenditures:					
Legal and accounting	30,000	14,049	12,498	1,551	20,907
Office expenditures and supplies	1,200	3,326	3,812	(486)	308
Park insurance	26,000	23,983	21,930	2,053	18,801
Utilities	8,300	9,187	9,448	(261)	8,089
Park concert program	-	52,918	48,563	4,355	2,434
Repairs and maintenance	50,000	31,811	32,223	(412)	18,845
Maintenance - inmates	-	-	-	-	984
Travel and meetings	5,000	50	52	(2)	2,364
Outside service contracts	5,000	6,281	5,603	678	4,056
Miscellaneous	5,000	12,325	14,792	(2,467)	2,136
Total Pelican Park North expenditures	130,500	153,930	<u>148,921</u>	5,009	78,924
Total recreation	541,240	548,060	_543,021	5,039	452,781
Total expenditures	567,590	574,435	569,996	4,439	479,756
Excess of revenues					
over expenditures	464,843	847,249	851,534	4,285	502,261
					(continued)

General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule (Continued) For the Year Ended November 30, 2021 With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended November 30, 2020

		2021				
	Budget			Variance - Positive	2020	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Actual	
Other financing uses: Transfers to Park Operating Fund	(523,300)	(527,701)	(468,843)	58,858	(322,454)	
Change in fund balance	(58,457)	319,548	382,691	63,143	179,807	
Fund balance, beginning	405,086	405,086	405,086		_225,279	
Fund balance, ending	\$ 346,629	\$ 724,634	\$ 787,777	\$ 63,143	\$ 405,086	

Park Operating Fund Comparative Statement of Net Position November 30, 2021 and 2020

		2021		2020
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash	\$	9,200	\$	6,000
Interest-bearing deposits		_		6,061
Receivables, net		1,279		914
Inventory		14,970		24,282
Total current assets		25,449		37,257
Noncurrent assets:				
Capital assets -				
Land and construction in progress	1	1,291,187	1	,167,388
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	_4	1,085,511	_4	,275,516
Total noncurrent assets	5	5,376,698	5	,442,904
Total assets	5	5,402,147	5	,480,161
LIABILITIES				
Cash overdraft		2,805		-
Accounts payable		1,270		-
Accrued liabilities		3,113		7,697
Unearned revenues		9,880		5,421
Total liabilities		17,068		13,118
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	5	,376,698	5	,442,904
Unrestricted		8,381		24,139
Total net position	\$ 5	3,385,079	\$ 5	,467,043

Park Operating Fund Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position For the Years Ended November 30, 2021 and 2020

	Carencro						
	Pelica	an Park	Sports C	Complex	Total		
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	
Operating revenues:	···						
Charges for services -							
Concession sales	\$ 247,217	\$ 183,672	\$ 22,435	\$11,519	\$ 269,652	\$ 195,191	
Lounge sales	57,805	54,951	-	-	57,805	54,951	
League, entry and							
sponsorship fees	32,511	27,397	91,470	47,122	123,981	74,519	
Gate receipts	54,299	69,587	1 6,28 7	6,340	70,586	75,927	
Membership dues	29,308	11,355	-	-	29,308	11,355	
Pro-shop sales	-	2	-	-	-	2	
Softball sales	1,693	1,562	-	-	1,693	1,562	
Park rental income	27,531	6,209	-	-	27,531	6,209	
Events	37,459	-	56,090	32,708	93,549	32,708	
Other	25,491	521	90,567	69,488	_116,058	70,009	
Total operating							
revenues	_513,314	355,256	276,849	167,177	790,163	522,433	
Costs of revenues:							
Purchases -							
Food	112,830	71,979	11,080	5,249	123,910	77,228	
Liquor	11,993	9,979	-	-	11,993	9,979	
Beer	24,954	11,034	_		24,954	11,034	
Softballs	2,867	2,119	-	-	2,867	2,119	
Uniforms	176	351			176	351	
Total cost of							
revenues	152,820	95,462	11,080	5,249	163,900	100,711	
Gross profit	360,494	259,794	265,769	161,928	626,263	421,722	

Park Operating Fund Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position (Continued) For the Years Ended November 30, 2021 and 2020

			Care	ncro		
	Pelica	n Park	Sports C	Complex	tal	
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
Operating expenses:						
Salaries	\$ 239,575	\$ 167,393	\$ 171,405	\$ 120,717	\$ 410,980	\$ 288,110
Payroll taxes	20,400	17,962	12,967	9,213	33,367	27,175
Workman's compensation	8,611	11,043	-	2,811	8,611	13,854
Advertising	900	2,031	1,609	1,388	2,509	3,419
Awards	1,049	3,111	1,969	288	3,018	3,399
Depreciation expense	155,846	148,948	104,634	106,562	260,480	255,510
Legal and accounting	5,637	7,663	5,233	7,663	10,870	15,326
Office and postage	17,794	2,461	2,508	2,185	20,302	4,646
Service contracts	29,428	24,365	23,292	21,227	52,720	45,592
Sponsorship fees	4,552	2,215	424	_	4,976	2,215
Umpire fees	20,179	24,384	21,610	11,525	41,789	35,909
Utilities and telephone	50,683	30,850	23,409	21,291	74,092	52,141
Repairs and supplies	139,219	18,839	24,997	24,594	164,216	43,433
Miscellaneous	10,694	2,491	4,481	12,056	15,175	14,547
Total operating expenses	704,567	463,756	398,538	341,520	1,103,105	805,276
Operating loss	<u>\$ (344,073)</u>	\$ (203,962)	<u>\$ (132,769)</u>	<u>\$ (179,592</u>)	(476,842)	(383,554)
Non-operating income (expen	ses):					
Interest income					62	64
PARC expenses paid by Pel	ican Park				(74,027)	(56,771)
Total non-operating exper	ises				(73,965)	(56,707)
Loss before transfers					(550,807)	(440,261)
Transfers from General Fund					468,843	322,454
Change in net position					(81,964)	(117,807)
Net position, beginning					5,467,043	5,584,850
Net position, ending					\$ 5,385,079	\$ 5,467,043

INTERNAL CONTROL,

COMPLIANCE

AND

OTHER MATTERS

KOLDER, SLAVEN & COMPANY, LLC

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE

WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

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Board of Commissioners
Parks and Recreation Commission, Inc.
Carencro, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Parks and Recreation Commission of Carencro, Inc. (PARC), a component unit of the City of Carencro, Louisiana, as of and for the year ended November 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the PARC's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated April 28, 2022.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the PARC's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the PARC's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the PARC's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying summary schedule of current and prior year audit findings and management's corrective action plan, we identified certain deficiencies in internal controls that we consider to be material weaknesses.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying summary schedule of current and prior year audit findings and management's corrective action plan as items 2021-001 and 2021-002 to be material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the PARC's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

PARC's Response to the Finding

The PARC's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying summary schedule of current and prior year audit findings and management's corrective action plan. PARC's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements, and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. Although the intended use of this report may be limited, under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC
Certified Public Accountants

Lafayette, Louisiana April 28, 2022

Summary Schedule of Current and Prior Year Audit Findings and Management's Corrective Action Plan Year Ended November 30, 2021

Part I. Current Year Findings and Management's Corrective Action Plan

A. Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

2021-001 Inadequate Segregation of Accounting Functions

Fiscal year finding initially occurred: 1994

CONDITION: The Commission did not have adequate segregation of functions within the accounting system.

CRITERIA: The Commission should have a control policy according to which no person should be given responsibility for more than one related function.

CAUSE: Due to the small number of employees, the bookkeeper handles accounts payable, disbursements, and performs bank reconciliations.

EFFECT: Failure to adequately segregate these duties increases the risk that errors and/or irregularities, including fraud and/or defalcations, may occur and not be prevented and/or detected.

RECOMMENDATION: Based upon the size of the operation and the cost benefit of additional personnel, it may not be feasible to achieve complete segregation of duties.

MANAGEMENT'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN: No response is considered necessary.

2021-002 Inadequate Controls Over Financial Statement Preparation

Fiscal year finding initially occurred: 2021

CONDITION: The Commission does not have a staff person who has the qualifications and training necessary to apply generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in recording the Commission's financial transactions or preparing its financial statements, including the related notes.

CRITERIA: The Commission should be able to record financial transactions and prepare financial statements in accordance with GAAP.

CAUSE: The Commission does not have personnel with the qualifications needed to perform this function,

EFFECT: The Commission's financial transactions and financial statements may not be prepared in accordance with GAAP.

RECOMMENDATION: The Commission should outsource this task to ensure the financial statements and transactions are in accordance with GAAP.

MANAGEMENT'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN: The Commission has evaluated the cost vs benefit of establishing internal controls over the preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP and determined that is in the best interest of the Commission to outsource this task to the independent auditors, and to carefully review the draft financial statements and notes prior to approving them and accepting responsibility for their contents and presentation.

Summary Schedule of Current and Prior Year Audit Findings and Management's Corrective Action Plan Year Ended November 30, 2021

Part II. Prior Year Findings

A. Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

2020-001 Inadequate Segregation of Accounting Functions

Fiscal year finding initially occurred: 1994

CONDITION: Due to the small number of employees, the Commission did not have adequate segregation of functions withing the accounting system.

RECOMMENDATION: Based upon the size of the operation and the cost benefit of additional personnel, it may not be feasible to achieve complete segregation of duties.

CURRENT STATUS: Unresolved. See finding 2021-001.