FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022



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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable President and Members of the Catahoula Parish Police Jury Harrisonburg, Louisiana

#### **Adverse and Unmodified Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Catahoula Parish Police Jury, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Catahoula Parish Police Jury's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Adverse Opinion on Aggregate Discretely Presented Component Units

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the Basis for Adverse, Qualified, and Unmodified Opinions section of our report, the financial statements referred to above do not present fairly the financial position of the aggregate discretely presented component units of the Catahoula Parish Police Jury, as of December 31, 2022, or the changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Unmodified Opinions on Governmental Activities, Each Major Fund, Aggregate Remaining Fund Information

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Catahoula Parish Police Jury, as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Adverse and Unmodified Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Catahoula Parish Police Jury, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our adverse and unmodified audit opinions.

Matters Giving Rise to Adverse Opinion on the Aggregate Discretely Presented Component Units

The financial statements do not include financial data for the Catahoula Parish Police Jury's legally separate component units. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require the financial data for those component units to be reported with the financial data of the Police Jury's primary government unless the Catahoula Parish Police Jury also issues financial statements for the financial reporting entity that include the financial data for its component units. The Catahoula Parish Police Jury has not issued such reporting entity financial statements. The effects of not including the Catahoula Parish Police Jury's legally separate component units on the aggregate discretely presented component units have not been determined.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Catahoula Parish Police Jury Harrisonburg, Louisiana Independent Auditor's Report December 31, 2022

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements (continued)

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Catahoula Parish Police Jury's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
  appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the
  Catahoula Parish Police Jury's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Catahoula Parish Police Jury's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information (pages 33-39) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Catahoula Parish Police Jury Harrisonburg, Louisiana Independent Auditor's Report December 31, 2022

#### Required Supplementary Information (continued)

Management has omitted Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Schedule of Employer's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability, and the Schedule of Employer's Contributions that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

#### **Supplementary Information**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Catahoula Parish Police Jury's basic financial statements. The combining fund financial statements; the Schedule of Compensation Paid Police Jurors; the Schedule of Compensation, Benefits, Reimbursements, and Other Payments to Agency Head; and the Justice Schedule (receiving entity), are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

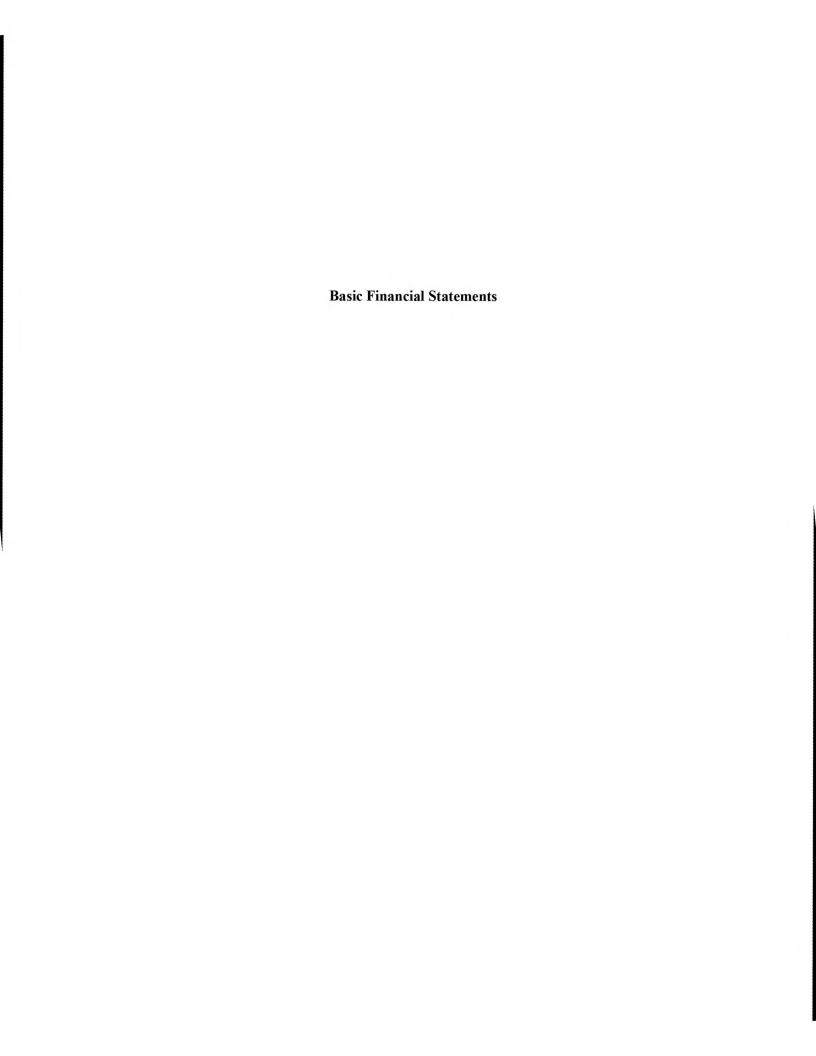
#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 30, 2023, on our consideration of the Police Jury's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Police Jury's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Police Jury's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

BOSCH & STATHAM, LLC

Bosch & Statham

Ruston, Louisiana June 30, 2023



#### GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2022

ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,303,345
Cash restricted for debt service	9,174
Receivables	1,322,823
Internal balances	333,875
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	5,732,914
Net pension asset	293,323
TOTAL ASSETS	13,995,453
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	
Deferred outflows - pension related	71,149
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts, salaries, and other payables	181,218
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Compensated absences	85,218
Net pension obligation	62,875
TOTAL LIABILITIES	329,312
DEFERRED INFLOWS	
Deferred inflows - pension related	295,631
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	5,732,914
Restricted net position	6,955,244
Unrestricted net position	753,503
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 13,441,660

#### GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			PROGRAM REVENUES						NET	(EXPENSE)
FUNCTIONS - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	E	XP ENS ES		RGES FOR ERVICES	GF	PERATING RANTS AND TRIBUTIONS	GRA	APITAL ANTS AND RIBUTIONS	CH	VENUE AND LANGES IN POSITION
General government	\$	954,603	\$	145,072	\$	1,008,542	\$	-	\$	199,011
Public safety		339,490		68,782		119,769		-		(150,939)
Flood control		-		310,302		-		-		310,302
Highways and streets		1,364,509		-		263,732		-		(1,100,777)
Sanitation		764,518		-		-		86,306		(678,212)
Utilities		13,972		3,268		13,972		-		3,268
Health and welfare		321,084		4,725		242,657		-		(73,702)
Culture-recreation		402,152		356		5,232		-		(396,564)
Economic development and assistance		1,750		-		-		-		(1,750)
Transportation		-		3,400		-	172	-		3,400
Total governmental activities	\$	4,162,077	\$	535,905	\$	1,653,904	\$	86,306		(1,885,962)
		eral revenues:								
		General prop	erty ta	ixes						1,232,934
		General sales								1,873,173
	Other taxes									343,394
	Unrestricted grants									27,039
	Investment earnings									2,096
	Contributions and donations from private sources									960,566
	Other revenue									98,241
	G	ain (loss) on d	lisposa	al of assets						34,007
	P	roceeds from i	ins urai	nce						8,920
		Total gen	eral re	venues						4,580,368
	Change in net position								2,694,406	
		position at be		g of year						10,747,254
		position at en							\$	13,441,660

### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - BALANCE SHEET AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2022

AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2022		ROAD					AMERICAN	OTHER GOVERN-	TOTAL GOVERN-
ASSETS	GENERAL	AND BRIDGE	HARD SURFACING	SANITATION	LIBRARY	HEALTH UNIT	RESCUE PLAN ACT	MENTAL FUNDS	MENTAL FUNDS
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 207,949	\$ 135,096	\$ 2,473,875	\$ 552,622	\$420,308	\$ 399,828	\$ 1,914,644	\$ 208,195	\$ 6,312,519
Receivables	656,952	14,310	4,550	20,086	441,468	109,308	<u>-</u>	76,149	1,322,823
Due from other funds	336	37,820	181,538	114,181				-	333,875
Total assets	\$ 865,237	\$ 187,227	\$ 2,659,963	\$ 686,889	\$861,776	\$ 509,136	\$1,914,644	\$ 284,344	\$ 7,969,217
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS,	AND FUND EQ	UITY							
Current liabilities:	1						_		
Accounts, salaries, and other payables	\$ 85,065	\$ 19,667	\$ 42,923	\$ 1,064	\$ 20,841	\$ 6,863	\$ -	\$ 4,797	\$ 181,218
Deferred revenues	46,409		-		35,175	8,709		8,698	98,991
Total liabilities	131,474	19,667	42,923	1,064	56,016	15,572		13,495	280,209
Fund equity - fund balances:									
Restricted	-	167,560	2,617,040	685,825	805,760	493,565	1,914,644	270,850	6,955,244
Unassigned	733,764	-	-	-	_	_	-	-	733,764
Total fund equity - fund balances	733,764	167,560	2,617,040	685,825	805,760	493,565	1,914,644	270,850	7,689,007
Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and									
fund equity	\$ 865,237	\$ 187,227	\$ 2,659,963	\$ 686,889	\$861,776	\$ 509,136	\$ 1,914,644	\$ 284,344	\$ 7,969,217

#### RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS' BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Total fund balances - governmental funds	\$	7,689,007
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of		
net position are different because:		
Assets not for financial resources:		
Capital assets		5,732,914
Net pension asset		293,323
Revenues that do not provide current financial resources are deferred in the funds,		
but are recognized for government-wide reporting.		98,991
Deferred items for pension related items are not reported in the fund statements:		
Deferred outflows		71,149
Deferred inflows		(295,631)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore		
are not reported in the fund statements.		
Compensated absences payable		(85,218)
Net pension liability	- <u> </u>	(62,875)
Net position of governmental activities	\$	13,441,660

#### ${\bf GOVERNMENTAL}\ {\bf FUNDS}\ {\bf -STATEMENT}\ {\bf OF}\ {\bf REVENUES}, {\bf EXPENDITURES}, {\bf AND}\ {\bf CHANGES}\ {\bf IN}\ {\bf FUND}\ {\bf BALANCES}$

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 3	31, 2022 GENERAL	ROAD AND BRIDGE	HARD SURFACING	SANITATION	LIBRARY	HEALTH UNIT	AMERICAN RESCUE PLAN ACT	OTHER GOVERN- MENTAL FUNDS	TOTAL GOVERN- MENTAL FUNDS
Revenues:	GLI (LICIL)	DIADOL	SCHINCH	STRUTTION	Library	Crvii	TERMET	Terus	Terus
Taxes:									
General property taxes	\$ 601,387	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 450,010	\$ 111,154	\$ -	\$ 74,585	\$ 1,237,136
General sales and use	<u>-</u>	212,860	1,021,731	638,582	-	-	-	-	1,873,173
Other taxes									
Severance taxes	343,394	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	343,394
Licenses and permits	137,838	1,275	2,125	_	-	-	-	-	141,238
Intergovernmental:									
Federal government grants	43,115	<u>-</u>	84,187	-	-	-	997,521	241,404	1,366,226
State government grants	13,972	176,017	86,306	_	-	-	-	-	276,296
State government shared revenue	24,960	3,527	-	-	15,474	3,830	<u> </u>	1,519	49,309
State government payments in lieu of taxes	70,949	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,493	76,443
Charges for services	-	-	4,725	310,302	3,268	-	-	-	318,295
Fines and forfeitures	7,234	-	-	_	356	_	-	68,782	76,372
Investment earnings	207	83	891	65	495	268	0 0 -	86	2,096
Contributions and donations from private sources	-	-	959,100	-	1,466	-	-	-	960,566
Other revenue	10,534	1,135			1,614	385	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	13,669
Total revenues	1,253,590	394,898	2,159,065	948,949	472,684	115,637	997,521	391,869	6,734,213

#### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE VEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER	31, 2022 GENERAL	ROAD AND BRIDGE	HARD SURFACING	SANITATION	LIBRARY	HEALTH UNIT	AMERICAN RESCUE PLAN ACT	OTHER GOVERN- MENTAL FUNDS	TOTAL GOVERN- MENTAL FUNDS
Expenditures:									
Current:									
General government:									
Legislative	\$ 163,012	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 163,012
Judicial	286,533	-	-	-	-	-	-	33,042	319,575
Elections	47,433	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	47,433
Financial administration	47,202	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	47,202
Other general administration	316,486	-	-	-	-	-	5,025	-	321,511
Public safety	316,097	=	-	-	-	-	-	17,899	333,995
Highways and streets	-	465,836	679,801	-	-	-	-	-	1,145,637
Sanitation	-	-		764,518	-	-	-	-	764,518
Utilities	13,972	-	-	-	-	-	· -	-	13,972
Health and welfare	7,500	-	-	Y 6€31	<u>-</u>	56,954	) ( <del>)</del>	242,355	306,809
Culture-recreation	-	-	-	,	311,122	-	-	38,079	349,201
Economic development and assistance	1,750	-		-	-	-	-	-	1,750
Capital outlay	16,333	-	171,950	8,425	53,068	34,244		-	284,021
Total expenditures	1,216,317	465,836	851,751	772,943	364,190	91,199	5,025	331,374	4,098,635
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over expenditures	37,273	(70,938)	1,307,314	176,006	108,494	24,439	992,495	60,495	2,635,578
Other sources (uses):									
Interfund transfers in	-	-	-	-	-		-	1,200	1,200
Proceeds of general capital asset dispositions	-	13,830	6,330		13,847	-	n <del>s</del>	-	34,007
Proceeds from insurance	8,920	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,920
Interfund transfers out	(1,200)		. <u>.                                   </u>			. <u></u>			(1,200)
Total other sources (uses)	7,720	13,830	6,330	-	13,847	-		1,200	42,927
Net change in fund balances	44,993	(57,108)	1,313,644	176,006	122,341	24,439	992,495	61,695	2,678,505
Fund balances at beginning of year	688,771	224,668	1,303,396	509,819	683,419	469,126	922,149	209,155	5,010,503
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 733,764	\$ 167,560	\$ 2,617,040	\$ 685,825	\$ 805,760	\$ 493,565	\$ 1,914,644	\$ 270,850	\$ 7,689,007

## RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 2,678,505
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the	
statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated	
useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Capital outlay	284,021
Depreciation expense	(374,963)
Revenues that do not provide current financial resources are deferred in the	
funds, but are recognized on the statement of activities.	
Revenue deferred in the prior year fund financial statements	(104,219)
Revenue deferred in the current year fund financial statements	98,991
Some items reported in the statement of activities, such as a net decrease or	
increase in compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial	
resources, nor do they provide any, and therefore are not reported as	
expenditures or revenues in the governmental funds.	
Change in compensated absences payable	(14,874)
Pension expense	42,374
Nonemployer contributions	84,572
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 2,694,407

#### FIDUCIARY FUNDS - AGENCY FUNDS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2022

ASSETS	<u> </u>	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	154,077
Receivables		255,844
Total assets	\$	409,921
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities		
Due to others	\$	76,046
Due to other funds		333,875
Total liabilities	\$	409,921

# FIDUCIARY FUNDS - AGENCY FUNDS COMBINING SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN UNSETTLED BALANCES DUE TO TAXING BODIES AND OTHERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Unsettled balances due to	
taxing bodies and others - beginning	\$ 173,534
Additions:	
Deposits:	
Sales taxes	2,254,592
Occupational licenses	137,744
Interest	465
Total additions	2,392,801
Reductions:	
Deposits settled to:	
Concordia Parish School Board	37,716
Jonesville Hard Surface Fund	78,438
Jonesville Sanitation Fund	184,889
Harrisonburg Sanitation Fund	39,219
Harrisonburg Hardsurface Fund	11,205
Sicily Island Sanitaiton Fund	56,027
Sicily Island Hardsurface Fund	22,411
Police Jury General Fund	133,693
Police Jury Hardsurface Fund	1,008,485
Police Jury Sanitation Fund	629,583
Police Jury Road and Bridge Fund	210,101
Other	491
Total reductions	2,412,258
Unsettled balances due to taxing bodies	
and others - ending	\$ 154,077

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### **Introduction**

Catahoula Parish Police Jury is the parish governing authority governed by an elected board referred to as the "police jury" (similar to county boards in other states) and is a political subdivision of the State of Louisiana. The police jury is governed by nine police jurors representing the various districts within the parish. The jurors are elected by the voters of their respective districts and serve four-year terms. The current terms of jurors expire in January 2024. Jurors receive compensation for their service on the police jury as provided by Louisiana Revised Statute 33:1233.

Catahoula Parish, established in 1808, is located in the east central part of the state and occupies 704 square miles with a population of 8,906 residents, based on the 2020 census. State law gives the police jury various powers and functions in regulating and directing the affairs of the parish and its inhabitants. The more notable of those are the power to make regulations for their own government; to construct and maintain roads and bridges, drainage systems, sewerage systems, water works systems, parish prisons, health units, and hospitals; to manage solid waste disposal; to provide for fire protection, recreation, and parks, road lighting and marking, and the health and welfare of the poor, disadvantaged, and unemployed; to promote economic development and tourism; and to regulate the sale of alcoholic beverages in the parish. The police jury also houses and maintains the Courts and the offices of the Assessor, Clerk of Court, Registrar of Voters, District Attorney, and the Sheriff. Funding to accomplish these tasks is provided by ad valorem taxes, sales tax, beer and alcoholic beverage permits, parish licenses, state revenue sharing, severance taxes and various other state and federal grants.

In accomplishing its objectives, the police jury employs approximately 23 employees (3 in the central office, 8 in the library, 1 in emergency preparedness, and 11 in public works). The police jury's payroll also includes portions of salaries for other offices such as the Seventh Judicial Judge and District Attorney's office. In addition to maintaining drainage and bridges in the parish, the police jury currently maintains approximately 350 miles of parish roads.

The police jury also has the authority to create special districts (component units) within the parish to help in fulfilling its functions. The districts perform specialized functions, such as fire protection, water distribution, sewerage collection and disposal, drainage control, library facilities, and health care facilities.

The accompanying basic financial statements of the police jury have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

The basic financial statements present the financial position and results of operations of the various funds by the police jury as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### **Reporting Entity**

The police jury reporting entity consists of the various departments and activities that are within the control and authority of the police jury.

As required by GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units*, a legally separate entity is considered a component unit of the police jury if at least one of the following criteria is met:

- 1. The police jury appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and is either able to impose its will on the organization or there is a potential financial benefit/burden to the police jury.
- 2. The entity is fiscally dependent on the police jury.
- 3. The nature and significant of the relationship between the police jury and the entity is such that exclusion would cause the financial statements of the police jury to be misleading or incomplete.

Based on the previous criteria, the police jury has determined that the following component units are part of the Catahoula Parish reporting entity:

	Fiscal	Criteria
Component Units:	Year End	Used
Catahoula Parish Library	December 31	1 & 3
Catahoula Parish Health Unit	December 31	2 & 3
Communications District (E-911)	December 31	1 & 3
Enterprise Recreation District	December 31	1 & 3
Fire Protection District No. 1	December 31	1 & 3
Fire Protection District No. 2	December 31	1 & 3
Fire Protection District No. 4	December 31	1 & 3
Fire Protection District No. 5	December 31	1 & 3
Jonesville Fire Protection District	December 31	1 & 3
Larto-Mayna Recreation District	December 31	1 & 3
Maitland Recreation District	December 31	1 & 3
Maitland Water District	December 31	1 & 3
Hospital Service District No. 1	December 31	1 & 3
Hospital Service District No. 2	December 31	1 & 3
Hospital District No.1 Bond Sinking	December 31	1 & 3
Recreation District No.1 Jonesville Area	December 31	1 & 3
Seventh Judicial District Criminal Court (Catahoula Parish)	December 31	2 & 3

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### **Introduction (continued)**

Considered in the determination of component units of the reporting entity was the Catahoula Parish School Board, the Catahoula Parish Sheriff, the Catahoula Parish Assessor, the Catahoula Clerk of Court, the District Attorney, and Judges for the Sixth Judicial District, and the various municipalities in the parish. It was determined that these governmental entities are not component units of Catahoula Parish reporting entity because they have separately elected governing bodies, are legally separate, and are fiscally independent of Catahoula Parish Police Jury.

GASB Statement No. 14 provides for the issuance of primary government financial statements that are separate from those of the reporting entity. However, the primary government's (police jury's) financial statements are not a substitute for the reporting entity's financial statements. The accompanying primary government financial statements have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles as applied to governmental units.

The police jury has chosen to issue financial statements of the primary government (police jury); therefore, none of the other previously listed component units, except as discussed in the following paragraph, are included in the accompanying primary government financial statements. These financial statements are not intended to and do not report on the Catahoula Parish reporting entity but rather are intended to reflect only the financial statements of the primary government (police jury).

The primary government financial statements include all funds, account groups, and organizations for which the police jury maintains the accounting records. The organizations for which the police jury maintains the accounting records are considered part of the primary government (police jury) and include the Catahoula Parish Library, the Catahoula Parish Health Unit, the Seventh Judicial District Criminal Court, the Larto-Mayna Recreation District, the Hospital District No. 1 Bond Sinking Fund, and Fire District No. 2. The financial statements also include the Maitland Recreation District.

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### **Basis of Presentation**

The financial report consists of basic financial statements, notes to basic financial statements, and required supplementary information other than the MD&A. Management has elected not to present Management's Discussion and Analysis to provide an overview of the financial activities of the police jury, which is required by GAAP. The basic financial statements include the government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and the notes to the basic financial statements.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Basis of Presentation (Continued)**

The government-wide financial statements consist of a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities. These statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Major revenues such as ad valorem taxes and sales taxes are assessed, collected and susceptible to accrual. Assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses of the government are reported in the financial statements. The statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the police jury by reporting each in a separate column.

All capital (long-lived) assets, receivables, and long-term obligations are reported in the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities reports revenues and expenses in a format that allows the reader to focus on the net cost of each function of the police jury. Both the gross and net cost per function, which is otherwise being supported by general government revenues, is compared to the revenues generated directly by the function. In the Statement of Activities, gross expenses, including depreciation, are reduced by related program revenues, which are comprised of charges for services, operating grants, and capital grants. Direct and indirect expenses are reported as program expenses for individual functions and activities. The program revenues must be directly associated with the function or a business-type activity. The types of transactions included in program revenues are licenses and permits, fines, lease income, court costs, charges for mowing, and charges for gravesites. The operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants, while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants.

The fund financial statements report the police jury as a collection of major and nonmajor funds presented on separate schedules by fund category – governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds.

- The governmental fund statements include a balance sheet and a statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances, with one column for the general fund, one for each of the other major funds, and one column combining all the nonmajor governmental funds. The statements are prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period, generally considered sixty days after the end of the fiscal year. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest payments on general long-term liabilities which are recognized when due.
- The proprietary fund statements include a statement of net position; a statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net position; and a statement of cash flows. Each statement has a column for each major enterprise fund. The proprietary fund statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting in order to make a determination of net income, financial position, and cash flows. The police jury does not currently have any proprietary funds.

Although the financial statements presented in each of these three schedules contain "total" columns, they merely combine rather than consolidate the funds. Hence, interfund transactions that generate receivables and payables or transfers from one fund to another are not eliminated.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Basis of Presentation (Continued)**

Major funds are those whose revenues, expenditures/expenses, assets, or liabilities are at least ten percent of the total for their fund category or type (governmental or enterprise) and at least five percent of the corresponding element total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

The data on the face of the three sets of financial statements must be accompanied by certain disclosures to ensure accurate information is presented in the form of a single set of notes to the basic financial statements.

The police jury's current year financial statements include the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the police jury's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Road and Bridge Fund accounts for the maintenance of the parish highways, roads, bridges, and drainage systems. Financing is provided primarily by the State of Louisiana Parish Transportation Fund, a portion of a one-cent sales tax, and transfers from the General Fund.

The Hard Surfacing Fund accounts for the construction and maintenance of hard surface roads in the parish. Financing is provided primarily by a one-cent sales and use tax. This tax is divided between the three municipalities (Jonesville -7%, Harrisonburg -1%, Sicily Island -2%) and Police Jury -90%.

The Sanitation Fund accounts for parish garbage collection and disposal operations. Financing is provided primarily by a one-cent sales and use tax. This tax is divided between the three municipalities (Jonesville -16.5%, Harrisonburg -3.5%, Sicily Island -5%) and the Police Jury (Sanitation -75% and with 25% of this to Road and Bridge fund). The latest renewal of the Health Unit ad valorem provided an allowance for excess sales tax revenues to be transferred to the Sanitation Fund until 2024. In December of 2020, the Police Jury adopted an ordinance to assess a \$12 fee per residence to supplement the sales and use tax to replace transfers from the Health Unit ad valorem.

The Library Fund accounts for the operation of the parish library. Revenue is provided primarily by ad valorem taxes, state revenue sharing, and other state grants.

The Health Unit Fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of the parish health unit. Financing is provided primarily by ad valorem taxes and state revenue sharing.

The American Rescue Fund accounts for funds received by the federal American Rescue Plan Act.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position, Equity, or Net Fund Balances

#### Cash and Investments

The Secretary-Treasurer pools those cash resources for which she is responsible and invests them accordingly. For purposes of the financial statements, the police jury considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

Investments are reported at fair value in accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools*. Cash and investment earnings are recorded in the Fund that holds the investment.

#### Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that is outstanding at the end the fiscal year is referred to as either "due to or from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances." All internal balances are eliminated in the total primary government column. Receivables include all amounts susceptible to accrual that have not been collected at December 31 but will be collected soon enough after the end of the year to pay liabilities of that year. They include all amounts earned, but not collected at December 31. Receivables (net of any uncollectible amounts) and payables are reported on separate lines.

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are levied by the police jury in September or October, are actually billed on October 1, and are mailed to the taxpayers in November. Billed taxes become delinquent on January 1 of the following year. Revenues from ad valorem taxes are budgeted in the year they are billed. The Catahoula Parish Sheriff bills and collects the police jury's property taxes using the assessed value determined by the assessor of Catahoula Parish and approved by the State of Louisiana Tax Commission. For the year ended December 31, 2022, taxes of 36.76 mills were levied on property with assessed valuations totaling \$54,446,550, as follows:

	Authorized	Levied	
	Millage	Millage	Expiration
Parish wide taxes:			
General	1.69	1.71	Indefinite
General	3.39	3.42	Indefinite
General	8.00	8.00	2023
Library	8.36	8.36	2029
Health Unit	2.07	2.07	2024
District taxes:			
Larto-Mayna Recreation	5.20	5.20	2029
Maitland Recreation	5.00	5.00	2024
Fire District No. 2	3.00	3.00	2026

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position, Equity, or Net Fund Balances (continued)

The difference between authorized and levied millage is the result of reassessments of taxable property within the parish as required by Article 7, Section 18 of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974. The following are the principal taxpayers for the parish and their 2022 assessed valuation (amounts expressed in thousands):

		2022	Percent of		
	Assessed		Total Assessed		
	Va	aluation	Valuation		
Columbia Gulf Transmission Co.	\$	9,809	18.02%		
American Midstream		3,475	6.38%		
Concordia Electric Coop., Inc.		1,688	3.10%		
Southern Heritage Bank		855	1.57%		
CLB The Community Bank		761	1.40%		
Zen-Noh Grain Corporation		633	1.16%		
Tennessee Gas Pipeline Co.		576	1.06%		
Entergy Louisiana, LLC		554	1.02%		
Greenpoint AG Holdings, LLC		534	0.98%		
ANR Pipeline Company	-13 <u></u>	415	0.76%		
Total	\$	19,300	35.45%		

On November 6, 2018, voters of the parish approved the levy and collection of a tax of 8.36 mills, for a period of ten years beginning with the year 2020 and ending with the year 2029, for the purpose of acquiring, constructing, improving, maintaining, operating and/or supporting the Catahoula Parish Library and its branches, including purchasing books and equipment. This represents a 0.08 mill increase, due to reappraisal, over the 8.28 mills tax authorized through the year 2019.

On November 6, 2018, voters of the parish approved the rededication and continuation of the special 2.07 mills tax authorized through the year 2019 for the purpose of acquiring, constructing, improving, maintaining and/or operating the public health units of the Parish. The rededication also allows the governing authority to determine when a surplus exists. In such cases, the surplus can be used for solid waste collection and disposal and sanitation purposes. The police jury must reserve \$200,000 for public health unit purposes. The tax will expire in 2024.

On March 28, 2015, voters of the parish renewed, for a ten-year period beginning April 1, 2015, a one-percent sales tax that was dedicated to construct, acquire, extend, improve, maintain and/or operate garbage collection and disposal facilities and equipment. The proposition provides that the proceeds of the tax be allocated between the Police Jury and the incorporated municipalities of Catahoula Parish. The renewal proposition allocates seventy-five percent of the proceeds to the parish, with twenty-five percent of this allocated to Road & Bridge Fund, and the remaining twenty-five percent of the proceeds to the municipalities of Jonesville (16.5%), Sicily Island (5%), and Harrisonburg (3.5%). This tax will expire in 2025.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

On November 19, 1990, voters of the parish approved the renewal of the one-percent sales tax dedicated to hard-surfacing existing roads and maintaining hard-surfaced roads in the parish. The tax was for a period of twenty years and would have expired on January 31, 2011. However, the voters renewed the tax in 2010 to expire on January 31, 2021. On August 15, 2021, the voters again renewed this tax for a period of ten years to expire on January 31, 2031. The renewal proposition allocates ninety percent of the proceeds to the parish and the remaining ten percent of the proceeds to the municipalities of Jonesville (7%), Sicily Island (2%), and Harrisonburg (1%), for the purpose of hard-surfacing existing streets and roads within the respective municipalities.

The Police Jury entered into an agreement with the Concordia Parish School Board on March 5, 1985, whereby the school board tax department provides sales tax collection services for a fee of one and one-quarter per cent of amounts actually collected, plus the cost of travel, supplies, and postage. Taxes collected are deposited directly into the Police Jury's bank account in the month collected by the School Board.

#### Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position, Equity, or Net Fund Balances (Continued)

#### Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories consisting of office supplies and water and sewer plant supplies held for consumption are valued using the average cost method. The consumption method is used for financial reporting. Certain payments reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### Restricted Assets

Restricted assets represent primarily cash and investments held separately and restricted according to bond indenture agreements.

#### Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are recorded as expenditures in each fund and capitalized at the government-wide level; fixed assets of enterprise funds are reported in the respective funds. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. The capitalization threshold is \$5,000 for both the Police Jury and the Library.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position, Equity, or Net Fund Balances (Continued)

For reporting purposes, the police jury defines capital assets as follows:

- Land is an inexhaustible asset with no capitalization threshold and an unlimited useful life; therefore, it is not depreciated.
- Buildings are permanent structures erected above ground, while improvements are major repairs, renovations, or additions that increase the future service potential of the asset. Leasehold improvements are improvements made by the lessee to leased property. They are depreciated principally using the straight-line method with an estimated useful life typically of 40 years for structures and improvements and 20 years for depreciable land improvements. Leasehold improvements are depreciated using the straight-line method with an estimated useful life depending on the term of the lease. Construction-in-progress is not depreciated.
- Movable property (furniture, equipment, and vehicles) consists of assets that are not fixed or stationary in nature. The straight-line method of depreciation is used, which divides the historical cost by the estimated useful life of the asset, generally 5 to 10 years.
- Infrastructure assets include tunnels, drainage systems, water and sewer systems, dams, and lighting systems. Infrastructure is depreciated using the straight-line method with an estimated useful life of 20 to 40 years.
- Purchased computer software is depreciated using the straight-line method over an estimated useful life of 3 years.
- Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation.

#### Compensated absences

The following policies relating to vacation and sick leave are currently in effect:

Employees of the Police Jury earn vacation leave at rates varying from five to twenty days per year, depending on length of service. Employees may accumulate and carry forward no more than thirty days of vacation leave. Upon separation or retirement, employees are paid for any unused vacation leave. Jury employees earn twelve days of sick leave each year. Sick leave can be accumulated up to sixty days. Employees are not compensated for sick leave at termination or retirement.

Full-time employees of the Library earn from seven to twenty-one days of vacation and sick leave each year, depending on their length of service and professional status. A maximum of one fourth of the amount granted in vacation days and half of the amount granted in sick days can be accumulated and carried forward to succeeding years. Upon separation or retirement, employees are paid for any accumulated vacation leave. However, all accumulated sick leave is forfeited.

Employees of the Criminal Court earn vacation leave at rates varying from five to twenty days per year, depending on length of service. Vacation leave must be taken in the year earned and cannot be carried forward. Employees earn ten days of sick leave each year which is noncumulative.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position, Equity, or Net Fund Balances (Continued)

Employees of the District Attorney can accumulate sick leave. The Judge's employees can earn from twelve to twenty-four days of vacation and sick leave per year and the leave can be accumulated. Sick leave is forfeited upon termination of employment.

The cost of leave privileges is recognized as a current-year expenditure within the various funds when leave is actually taken or when employees are paid for accrued vacation leave upon retirement.

The entire compensated absence liability, determined in accordance with the provisions of GASB Codification Section C60, is reported on the government-wide financial statements. For governmental fund financial statements, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is the amount that is normally expected to be paid using expendable available financial resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported in the governmental funds.

#### Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental or business-type activities. In the fund financial statements, proprietary fund long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the proprietary fund type statement of net position. Individual funds have been used to liquidate other long-term liabilities such as compensated absences, claims and litigation payable, etc. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds.

Fund balances are reported under the following fund balance classifications:

Non-spendable	Includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
Restricted	Includes amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors or amounts constrained due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
Committed	Includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints that are internally imposed by the government through formal action of the police jury and does not lapse at year-end.
Assigned	Includes amounts that are constrained by the police jury's intent to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted or committed.
Unassigned	Includes amounts that have not been assigned to other funds and that have not been restricted, committed or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund. Negative fund balances in other governmental funds can also be classified as unassigned.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position, Equity, or Net Fund Balances (Continued)

#### **Fund Balance Classifications and Net Position**

The police jury has a general policy to first use restricted resources for expenditures incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available. When expenditures are incurred for which only unrestricted resources are available, the general policy of the police jury is to use committed resources first, followed by assigned, and then unassigned. The use of restricted/committed resources may be deferred based on a review of the specific transaction.

The difference between assets and liabilities is "net position" on the government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund statements. Net position is segregated into three categories on the government-wide statement of net position:

Net investment in capital assets - Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net position - Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups, such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislations. The police jury first uses restricted net position for expenses incurred when both restricted and unrestricted net position are available for use. The use of restricted net position may be deferred based on a review of the specific transaction.

Unrestricted net position – The balance of net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

#### Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation of the government-wide statements to the governmental fund financial statements. This reconciliation is necessary to bring the financial statements from the current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting to the economic measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. Major items included in the reconciliation are capital assets, inventories and prepaids, long-term debt, accrued interest, long-term liabilities, and deferred revenue, which are shown on the government-wide but not the governmental fund statements.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Fund Balance Classifications and Net Position (Continued)**

#### **Budgets**

Preliminary budgets for the ensuing year are prepared by the secretary/treasurer during October of each year. The availability of the proposed budgets for public inspection and the date of the public hearing on the proposed budgets are then advertised in the official journal. During a special December meeting, the police jury holds a public hearing on the proposed budgets in order to receive comments from residents of the parish. Changes are made to the proposed budgets based on the public hearing and the desires of the police jury as a whole. The budgets are then adopted during the special meeting, and a notice of the adoption is then published in the official journal.

The secretary/treasurer presents necessary budget amendments to the police jury during the year when, in her judgment, actual operations are differing materially from those anticipated in the original budget. During a regular meeting, the police jury reviews the proposed amendments, makes changes as it deems necessary, and formally adopts the amendments. The adoption of the amendments is included in police jury minutes published in the official journal.

The police jury exercises budgetary control at the functional level. Within functions the secretary/treasurer has the discretion to make changes as she deems necessary for proper control. Unexpended appropriations lapse at year end and must be re-appropriated in the next year's budget to be expended. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device. The police jury does not use encumbrances in its accounting system.

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the police jury adopted modified accrual-based budgets for the General Fund and all special revenue funds except the Criminal Court Special Revenue Fund, which is exempt from the requirements of the Local Government Budget Act. The budgetary comparison statements included in the accompanying financial statements include the original adopted budgets and all subsequent amendments.

#### Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### **NOTE 2 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS**

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the police jury's deposits may not be returned to it. The police jury's policy (not a formal policy but established by practice) to ensure that there is no exposure to this risk is to require each financial institution to pledge its own securities to cover any amount in excess of Federal Depository Insurance Coverage. Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1229 imposes a statutory requirement on the custodial bank to advertise and sell the pledged securities within 10 days of being notified by the Police Jury that the fiscal agent bank has failed to pay deposited funds upon demand.

At December 31, 2022, the police jury had cash and cash equivalents (book balances) totaling \$6,312,519, respectively, as follows:

Demand deposits	\$ 6,416,196
Time deposits	50,000
Petty cash	 400
Total	6,466,596
Amounts held in agency funds	(154,077)
Total	\$ 6,312,519

These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market. Under state law, these deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent.

These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties. As of December 31, 2022, \$6,068,705 of the police jury's bank balances of \$6,522,781 were exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Insured by FDIC	\$ 454,076
Uninsured and uncollateralized	-
Collateralized by pledged securities not in the police jury's name	6,068,705
Total balances exposed to custodial credit risk	6,068,705
Total bank balances	\$ 6,522,781

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### **NOTE 3 - RECEIVABLES**

The police jury's receivables of \$1,322,823 at December 31, 2022, are as follows:

		Due From Other		Acc	counts				
			Gove	rnments		and			
	Taxes	Federal			State		Other		Total
General	\$ 576,874	\$	-	\$	80,078	\$	-	\$	656,952
Hard Surfacing	-		-		4,550		-		4,550
Sanitation	-		-		-	6	55,334		65,334
Road and Bridge	-		-		14,310		-		14,310
Library	431,339		-		10,129		-		441,468
Health Unit	106,801		-		2,507		-		109,308
Other governmental	72,065		-		1,113		2,971		76,149
	1,187,079		-		112,687	6	8,305		1,368,071
Less allowance for uncollectibles			-			(4	5,248)		(45,248)
Total primary government	\$ 1,187,079	\$	-	\$	112,687	\$ 2	3,057	\$	1,322,823

#### NOTE 4 - INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

During the year ended December 31, 2022, transfers were made from the General Fund to Criminal Court Fund to supplement operations.

		Trai	nsfers out			
ers in		G	eneral	Total		
<b>Transfe</b>	Nonmajor	\$	1,200	\$	1,200	

						Due To			
							F	Road &	
		Ge	neral	Hardsurfacing		Sanitation	Bridge		Total
Due From	Agency Funds	\$	336	\$	181,538	\$ 114,181	\$	37,820	\$ 333,875

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### **NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS**

The police jury's capital asset and depreciation activity as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, is as follows:

	Beginning							Ending	
	Balance		Additions		D	eletions	Balance		
Capital assets not being depreciated:									
Land	\$ 12	25,385	\$	2	\$	2	\$	125,385	
Construction in progress	- <u>-                                  </u>			43,250		-		43,250	
Total capital assets not being depreciated	12	25,385		43,250				168,635	
Capital assets being depreciated:									
Infrastructure - roads and bridges	12,3	18,946		-		-		12,318,946	
Buildings	2,77	74,449		22,464		-		2,796,913	
Improvements	3,05	57,169		8,425		-		3,065,594	
Equipment	1,05	52,979		59,132		(49,400)		1,062,711	
Heavy equipment	1,0	10,628		61,644		(36,979)		1,035,293	
Vehicles	53	37,057		67,056		(126,084)		478,029	
Books and periodicals	72	25,673		22,050		(12,520)		735,203	
Total capital assets being depreciated	21,47	76,901		240,771		(224,983)		21,492,689	
Less accumulated depreciation for:									
Infrastructure - roads and bridges	9,37	78,814		135,606		-		9,514,420	
Buildings	2,47	73,484		17,357		-		2,490,841	
Improvements	90	)7,277		103,547		-		1,010,824	
Equipment	1,02	26,732		16,048		(49,400)		993,380	
Heavy equipment	84	16,388		41,373		(36,979)		850,782	
Vehicles	48	34,145		29,737		(126,084)		387,798	
Books and periodicals	60	51,590		31,295		(12,520)		680,365	
Total accumulated depreciation	15,77	78,430		374,963		(224,983)		15,928,410	
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	5,69	98,471		(134,192)		-		5,564,279	
Total capital assets, net	\$ 5,82	23,856	\$	(90,942)	\$		\$	5,732,914	

Depreciation expense for the year was charged to the following governmental functions:

General government	\$ 92,841
Public safety	4,201
Highway & Streets	210,695
Health and welfare	14,275
Culture and recreation	52,951
	\$374,963

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### **NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS**

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions for the year ended December 31, 2022:

	В	Beginning					End	ling
	Balance		Additions		<b>Deletions</b>		Balance	
Compensated absences	\$	70,343	\$	14,875	\$	-	\$ 8	5,218
Net Pension Liability (Asset) - PERS		(135,891)		-	(1:	57,432)	(29	3,323)
Net Pension Liability (Asset) - ROV		2,452		17,385		-	1	9,837
Net Pension Liability (Asset) - DA		9,408		33,630		-	4	3,038
Total	\$	(53,688)	\$	65,890	\$(1:	57,432)	\$(14	5,230)

Upon separation from service, employees are paid for accumulated leave at their then current rate of pay. Adjustments to the compensated absence liability include adjusting the ending liability to ending pay rates and to limitations on the hours for which an employee will be paid.

#### **NOTE 7 – STEWARDSHIP**

The following funds' expenditures and other uses exceeded budgeted amounts:

				Un	ıfavorable		
Fund	 Budget		Actual	Variance			
Road & Bridge	\$ 462,730	\$	465,836	\$	(3,106)		
Hard Surfacing	840,560		851,751		(11,191)		
Sanitation	762,710		772,943		(10,233)		
Library	338,278		364,190		(25,912)		
Health Unit	81,930		91,199		(9,269)		

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### **NOTE 8 - RISK MANAGEMENT**

The police jury is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; liability; and injuries to employees or others. To handle such risk of loss, the police jury maintains commercial insurance through the Louisiana Rural Parish Insurance Cooperative, a self-insurance fund. No claims were paid on any of the policies during the past three years which exceeded the policies' coverage amounts.

#### **NOTE 9 – CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS**

At December 31, 2022, the Police Jury was not involved in any lawsuits.

#### **NOTE 10 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

Management has evaluated subsequent events through June 30, 2023, the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued.

#### **NOTE 11 – NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS**

The following summaries of recently issued Statements include the Statements' original effective dates. In response to the COVID-19 global pandemic, GASB issued Statement Number 95, *Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance*, which changes effective dates for Statements 83 through 93 to June 15, 2020, through December 31, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*, was issued May 2019. The primary objectives of this Statement are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. This Statement achieves those objectives by clarifying the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishing standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations; and improving required note disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021. Earlier application is encouraged.

GASB Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020*, was issued January 2020. The objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. This Statement addresses a variety of topics and includes specific provisions about the effective date of Statement No. 87, Leases, and Implementation Guide No. 2019-3, Leases, for interim financial reports, reporting of intra-entity transfers of assets between a primary government employer and a component unit defined benefit pension plan or defined benefit other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan, the applicability of Statements No. 73,74, and 84, measurement of liabilities (and assets, if any) related to asset retirement obligations in a government acquisition, reporting by public entity risk pools for amounts that are recoverable from reinsurers or excess insurers, reference to nonrecurring fair value measurements of assets or liabilities in authoritative literature, and terminology used to refer to derivative instruments.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### NOTE 11 -NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS (CONTINUED)

GASB Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates, was issued March 2020. Some governments have entered into agreements in which variable payments made or received depend on an interbank offered rate (IBOR)—most notably, the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR). As a result of global reference rate reform, LIBOR is expected to cease to exist in its current form at the end of 2021, prompting governments to amend or replace financial instruments for the purpose of replacing LIBOR with other reference rates, by either changing the reference rate or adding or changing fallback provisions related to the reference rate.

GASB Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*, was issued March 2020. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements (PPPs). This Statement also provides guidance for accounting and financial reporting for availability payment arrangements (APAs). The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022, and all reporting periods thereafter. Earlier application is encouraged. PPPs should be recognized and measured using the facts and circumstances that exist at the beginning of the period of implementation (or if applicable to earlier periods, the beginning of the earliest period restated).

GASB Statement No. 95, *Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance*, The primary objective of this Statement is to provide temporary relief to governments and other stakeholders in light of the COVID-19 pandemic. That objective is accomplished by postponing the effective dates of certain provisions in Statements and Implementation Guides that first became effective or are scheduled to become effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2018, and later.

GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements, The primary objective of this Statement is to provide guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022, and all reporting periods thereafter. Earlier application is encouraged. Assets and liabilities resulting from SBITAs should be recognized and measured using the facts and circumstances that existed at the beginning of the fiscal year in which this Statement is implemented. Governments are permitted, but are not required, to include in the measurement of the subscription asset capitalizable outlays associated with the initial implementation stage and the operation and additional implementation stage incurred prior to the implementation of this Statement.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### NOTE 11 -NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS (CONTINUED)

GASB Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32, The primary objectives of this Statement are to (1) increase consistency and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform; (2) mitigate costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans, and employee benefit plans other than pension plans or OPEB plans (other employee benefit plans) as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements; and (3) enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 deferred compensation plans (Section 457 plans) that meet the definition of a pension plan and for benefits provided through those plans. The requirements of this Statement are effective as follows: The requirements in (1) paragraph 4 of this Statement as it applies to defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution OPEB plans, and other employee benefit plans and (2) paragraph 5 of this Statement are effective immediately. The requirements in paragraphs 6-9 of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021. All other requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

GASB Statement No. 98, *The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report was issued October 2021*. This Statement establishes the term annual comprehensive financial report and its acronym ACFR. That new term and acronym replace instances of comprehensive annual financial report and its acronym in generally accepted accounting principles for state and local governments. This Statement was developed in response to concerns raised by stakeholders that the common pronunciation of the acronym for comprehensive annual financial report sounds like a profoundly objectionable racial slur. This Statement's introduction of the new term is founded on a commitment to promoting inclusiveness. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years ending after December 15, 2021. Earlier application is encouraged.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### NOTE 11 -NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS (CONTINUED)

GASB Statement No. 99, *Omnibus 2022*, was issued April 2022. The objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. This Statement addresses a variety of topics and includes the requirements related to extension of the use of LIBOR, accounting for SNAP distributions, disclosures of nonmonetary transactions, pledges of future revenues by pledging governments, clarification of certain provisions in Statement 34, as amended, and terminology updates related to Statement 53 and Statement 63 are effective upon issuance; The requirements related to leases, PPPs, and SBITAs are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022, and all reporting periods thereafter; and the requirements related to financial guarantees and the classification and reporting of derivative instruments within the scope of Statement 53 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter.

GASB Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes And Error Corrections—An Amendment Of GASB Statement No. 62 - The requirements of this Statement will improve the clarity of the accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections, which will result in greater consistency in application in practice. In turn, more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information will be provided to financial statement users for making decisions or assessing accountability. In addition, the display and note disclosure requirements will result in more consistent, decision useful, understandable, and comprehensive information for users about accounting changes and error corrections. The requirements of this Statement are effective for accounting changes and error corrections made in fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter. Earlier application is encouraged.

GASB Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences - The unified recognition and measurement model in this Statement will result in a liability for compensated absences that more appropriately reflects when a government incurs an obligation. In addition, the model can be applied consistently to any type of compensated absence and will eliminate potential comparability issues between governments that offer different types of leave. The model also will result in a more robust estimate of the amount of compensated absences that a government will pay or settle, which will enhance the relevance and reliability of information about the liability for compensated absences. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter. Earlier application is encouraged.



### BUDGETARY COMPARISON INFORMATION - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022								RIANCE WITH
		BUDGETED				CTILL	FINAL	
Revenues	O)	RIGINAL		FINAL	P	ACTUAL	В	UDGET
Taxes:								
Ad valorem	\$	475,000	\$	481,400	\$	601,387	\$	119,987
Other taxes	Ψ	475,000	Ψ	401,400	Ψ	001,387	Ψ	117,767
Severance taxes		260,000		363,680		343,394		(20,286)
Licenses and permits		100,000		134,150		137,838		3,688
Intergovernmental funds:		100,000		13 1,130		157,050		5,000
Federal government grants		50,000		41,480		43,115		1,635
State government grants		-		13,970		13,972		2
State government shared revenue		26,800		19,300		24,960		5,660
State government payments in lieu		41,000		70,950		70,949		(1)
Fines and forfeitures		-		-		7,234		7,234
Investment earnings		300		220		207		(13)
Other revenues		10,400		10,630		10,534		(96)
Total revenues		963,500		1,135,780		1,253,590		117,810
Expenditures: Current:								
General government: Legislative		162,900		166,970		162 012		3,958
Judicial		73,410		284,160		163,012 286,533		(2,373)
Elections		18,310		46,640		47,433		(793)
Finance and administrative		68,380		48,450		47,202		1,248
Other general government		240,000		322,010		316,486		5,524
Public safety		362,260		338,980		316,097		22,884
Utilities		502,200		13,970		13,972		(2)
Health and welfare				-		7,500		(7,500)
Economic development and assistance		2,000		1,800		1,750		50
Capital outlay		2,000		-		16,333		(16,333)
Total expenditures		927,260		1,222,980		1,216,317		6,663
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		36,240		(87,200)	. <u></u>	37,273	, , ,,,,,,,	124,473
Other sources (uses):		4						8 72
Proceeds from insurance				8,920		8,920		_
Interfund transfers out		(70,000)		(1,200)		(1,200)		_
Total other sources (uses)		(70,000)		7,720		7,720		-
Net change in fund balances		(33,760)		(79,480)		44,993		124,473
Fund balances at beginning of year	75,974 157,349		688,771		531,422			
Fund balances at end of year	\$	42,214	\$	77,869	\$	733,764	\$	655,895

## BUDGETARY COMPARISON INFORMATION - ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

TOR THE TERM ENDED DECEMBER 31, 20	BUDGI	BUDGETED AMOUNTS					VARIANCE WITH FINAL	
	ORIGIN			INAL	A	CTUAL		DGET
Revenues							- 0	
Taxes:								
Sales and use	\$ 165,	000	\$	199,130	\$	212,860	\$	13,730
Licenses and permits		-		1,280		1,275		(5)
Intergovernmental funds:								
State government grants	150,	000		159,530		176,017		16,487
State government shared revenue	2,	200		4,460		3,527		(933)
Investment earnings		100		80		83		3
Other revenues		500_		1,140		1,135		(5)
Total revenues	317,	800		365,620		394,898		29,278
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Highways and streets	396,	610		461,930		465,836		(3,906)
Capital outlay	<u></u>			800		-		800
Total expenditures	396,	610_		462,730	-	465,836		(3,106)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(78,	810)	_	(97,110)		(70,938)		26,172
Other sources (uses):								
Proceeds of general capital asset dispositions				13,830	_	13,830		-
Net change in fund balances	(78,	810)		(83,280)		(57,108)		26,172
Fund balances at beginning of year	151,	988		170,956		224,668		53,712
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 73,	178	\$	87,676	\$	167,560	\$	79,884

## BUDGETARY COMPARISON INFORMATION - HARD SURFACING FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

TOR THE TEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 20	BUDGETED AMOUNTS						,	RIANCE WITH FINAL
	OR	IGINAL		FINAL	A	CTUAL	BI	UDGET
Revenues						7 97		
Taxes:								
Sales and use	\$	800,000	\$	963,840	\$	1,021,731	\$	57,891
Licenses and permits		-		2,130		2,125		(5)
Intergovernmental funds:								
Federal government grants		-		-		84,187		84,187
State government grants	60,000 141,7		141,760		86,306		(55,454)	
Charges for services		_		4,720		4,725		5
Investment earnings		500		820		891		71
Contributions and donations from private sources		-		959,100		959,100		-
Total revenues		860,500		2,072,370		2,159,065		86,695
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Highways and streets		947,850		683,740		679,801		3,939
Capital outlay		-		156,820		171,950		(15,130)
Total expenditures		947,850		840,560		851,751		(11,191)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(87,350)		1,231,810		1,307,314		75,504
Other sources (uses):								
Proceeds of general capital asset dispositions				6,330		6,330		
Net change in fund balances		(87,350)		1,238,140		1,313,644		75,504
Fund balances at beginning of year		853,024		940,511		1,303,396		362,885
Fund balances at end of year	\$	765,674	\$	2,178,651	\$	2,617,040	\$	438,389

# BUDGETARY COMPARISON INFORMATION - SANITATION FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	BUDGETED AMOUNTS ORIGINAL FINAL				CTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET		
Revenues								
Taxes:								
Sales and use	\$ 500,000	\$	612,400	\$	638,582	\$	26,182	
Charges for services	-		<u>-</u>		310,302		310,302	
Investment earnings	 -		80		65		(15)	
Total revenues	 500,000		612,480		948,949		336,469	
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Sanitation	611,000		760,910		764,518		(3,608)	
Capital outlay	 		1,800		8,425		(6,625)	
Total expenditures	 611,000		762,710	_	772,943		(10,233)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	 (111,000)	_	(150,230)		176,006		326,236	
Other sources (uses):								
Interfund transfers in	 		60,000	_	-		(60,000)	
Net change in fund balances	(111,000)		(90,230)		176,006		266,236	
Fund balances at beginning of year	 126,842		145,583		509,819		364,236	
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 15,842	\$	55,353	\$	685,825	\$	630,472	

# BUDGETARY COMPARISON INFORMATION - LIBRARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

FOR THE TEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 20		BUDGETED AMOUNTS							
		<u>UDGETEI</u> RIGINAL		FINAL	Δ	CTUAL		FINAL UDGET	
Revenues	<u> </u>	donville			11	CIOIL	ъ,	DOEI	
Taxes:									
Ad valorem	\$	245,000	\$	309,803	\$	450,010	\$	140,207	
Intergovernmental funds:									
State government shared revenue		16,000		10,409		15,474		5,065	
Charges for services		1,730		3,544		3,268		(276)	
Fines and forfeitures		60		356		356		-	
Investment earnings		600		477		495		18	
Contributions and donations from private sources		1,000		1,467		1,466		(1)	
Other revenues		510		1,630		1,614	2	(16)	
Total revenues	_	264,900		327,686		472,684	_	144,998	
Expenditures:									
Current:		215 000		201 (27		211.122		(80.40.5)	
Culture and recreation		317,000		281,627		311,122		(29,495)	
Capital outlay		83,000		56,651		53,068	_	3,583	
Total expenditures	-	400,000	_	338,278	_	364,190	_	(25,912)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(135,100)		(10,592)	_	108,494		170,910	
Other sources (uses):									
Proceeds of general capital asset dispositions	-	10,100		13,861	_	13,847		(14)	
Net change in fund balances		(125,000)		3,269		122,341		170,896	
Fund balances at beginning of year		-		368,549		683,419		314,870	
Fund balances at end of year	\$	(125,000)	\$	371,818	\$	805,760	\$	485,766	

# BUDGETARY COMPARISON INFORMATION - HEALTH UNIT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

		<u>DGETED</u> IGINAL			CTUAL	V F	RIANCE VITH INAL	
Revenues	UK	IGINAL	<u> </u>	INAL	A	CIUAL	DU	JDGET_
Taxes:								
Ad valorem	\$	90,000	\$	88,800	\$	111,154	\$	22,354
Intergovernmental funds:	•	,,,,,,	•	00,000	9	111,10	4	,==.
State government shared revenue		4,300		2,970		3,830		860
Investment earnings		300		270		268		(2)
Other revenues		-		-		385		385
Total revenues		94,600		92,040		115,637		23,597
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Health and welfare		45,500		53,990		56,954		(2,964)
Capital outlay				27,940	6 <u>1</u>	34,244		(6,304)
Total expenditures		45,500		81,930	_	91,199		(9,269)
Net change in fund balances		49,100		10,110		24,439		14,329
Fund balances at beginning of year		394,942		405,719		469,126		63,407
Fund balances at end of year	\$	444,042	\$	415,829	\$	493,565	\$	77,736

### NOTES TO BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES FOR MAJOR FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Preliminary budgets for the ensuing year are prepared by the secretary/treasurer during October of each year. The availability of the proposed budgets for public inspection and the date of the public hearing on the proposed budgets are then advertised in the official journal. During a special December meeting, the police jury holds a public hearing on the proposed budgets in order to receive comments from residents of the parish. Changes are made to the proposed budgets based on the public hearing and the desires of the police jury as a whole. The budgets are then adopted during the special meeting, and a notice of the adoption is then published in the official journal.

The secretary/treasurer presents necessary budget amendments to the police jury during the year when, in her judgment, actual operations are differing materially from those anticipated in the original budget. During a regular meeting, the police jury reviews the proposed amendments, makes changes as it deems necessary, and formally adopts the amendments. The adoption of the amendments is included in police jury minutes published in the official journal.

The police jury exercises budgetary control at the functional level. Within functions the secretary/treasurer has the discretion to make changes as she deems necessary for proper control. Unexpended appropriations lapse at year end and must be re-appropriated in the next year's budget to be expended. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device. The police jury does not use encumbrances in its accounting system.

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the police jury adopted modified accrual-based budgets for the General Fund and all special revenue funds except the Criminal Court Special Revenue Fund, which is exempt from the requirements of the Local Government Budget Act. The budgetary comparison statements included in the accompanying financial statements include the original adopted budgets and all subsequent amendments.



### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	<b>SPECIAL</b>	DEBT	
ASSETS	REVENUE	<b>SERVICE</b>	TOTAL
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 199,021	\$ 9,174	\$208,195
Receivables	76,149	_	76,149
Total assets	\$ 275,170	\$ 9,174	\$284,344
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND FUND EQUI	TY		
Current liabilities			
Accounts, salaries, and other payables	\$ 4,797	\$ -	\$ 4,797
Deferred revenues	8,698	<u> </u>	8,698
Total liabilities	13,495		13,495
Fund equity - fund balances:			
Restricted	261,676	9,174	270,850
Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and fund equity	\$ 275,170	\$ 9,174	\$284,344

### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	SPECIAL REVENUE	DEBT SERVICE	TOTAL
Revenues			
Taxes:			
Ad valorem	\$ 74,585	\$ -	\$ 74,585
Intergovernmental funds:			
Federal government grants	241,404	9 ( <u>-</u> 4	241,404
State government shared revenue	1,519	2	1,519
State government payments in lieu	5,493	1 -	5,493
Fines and forfeitures	68,782	-	68,782
Investment earnings	86	. <u> </u>	86
Total revenues	391,869	-	391,869
Expenditures:			
Current:			
General government:			
Judicial	33,042	-	33,042
Public safety	17,899	-	17,899
Health and welfare	242,355		242,355
Culture and recreation	38,079	-	38,079
Total expenditures	331,374		331,374
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	60,495		60,495
Other sources (uses):			
Operating transfers in	1,200		1,200
Net change in fund balances	61,695	<u> </u>	61,695
Fund balances at beginning of year	199,981	9,174	209,155
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 261,676	\$ 9,174	\$270,850

#### SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION SCHEDULES AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### **Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds**

#### **Criminal Court Fund**

This fund was created by Section 571.11 of title 15 of the Louisiana revised Statutes of 1950 which provides that fines and forfeitures imposed by district courts and district attorney conviction fees in criminal cases be transferred to the parish treasurer and deposited in a special Criminal Court Fund account to be used for the operations of the criminal court of the parish. Expenditures are made from the fund on motion of the district attorney and approval of the district judge. The Statute also requires that one-half of the fund balance remaining in the Criminal court fund at December 31 of each year be transferred to the parish General Fund.

#### Larto-Mayna Recreation Fund

This fund accounts for operations of the recreation district. Financing is provided by ad valorem taxes and state revenue sharing funds.

#### **Maitland Recreation Fund**

This fund accounts for operations of the recreation district. Financing is provided by ad valorem taxes and state revenue sharing funds.

#### **Section 8 Fund**

This fund accounts for the operations of the lower income housing assistance program, which provides aid to very low-income families in obtaining decent, safe, and sanitary rental housing. Financing is provided by a federal grant.

#### Fire District No. 2 Maintenance Fund

This fund accounts for operations of the fire district. Financing is provided by ad valorem taxes and state revenue sharing funds.

### NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2022

			]	LARTO-						FIRE	
	(	CRIMINAL		MAYNA	M	IAITLAND			DIS	TRICT NO. 2	
ASSETS	2.5	COURT	RE	CREATION	RE	CREATION	SEC	CTION 8	MA	INTENANCE	TOTAL
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	35,657	\$	58,832	\$	36,176	\$	115	\$	68,241	\$ 199,021
Receivables		2,971		28,187		17,906		-		27,085	76,149
Total assets	\$	38,628	\$	87,019	\$	54,082	\$	115	\$	95,326	\$ 275,170
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND FUND EQ	UITY										
Current liabilities											
Accounts, salaries, and other payables	\$	-	\$	2,518	\$	650	\$	-	\$	1,629	\$ 4,797
Deferred revenues		-		2,497	T. <u>1</u>	3,448	. <u> </u>	-		2,753	8,698
Total liabilities	_	-		5,015		4,098			_	4,382	13,495
Fund equity - fund balances:											
Restricted		38,628		82,005		49,984		115		90,944	261,676
Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and fund equity	\$	38,628	\$	87,019	\$	54,082	\$	115	\$	95,326	\$ 275,170

### NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

		LARTO-			FIRE		
	CRIMINAL	MAYNA	MAITLAND		DISTRICT NO. 2		
<u>n</u>	COURT	RECREATION	RECREATION	SECTION 8	MAINTENANCE	TOTAL	
Revenues							
Taxes:							
General property taxes	\$ -	\$ 30,399	\$ 14,906	\$ -	\$ 29,281	\$ 74,585	
Intergovernmental funds:							
Federal government grants	-	-	=	241,404	-	241,404	
State government shared revenue	_	510	366	-	643	1,519	
State government payments in lieu	_	-	-	-	5,493	5,493	
Fines and forfeitures	68,782	-	-	-	<u>-</u>	68,782	
Investment earnings	<u> </u>	43	<u> </u>		43	86	
Total revenues	68,782	30,952	15,271	241,404	35,460	391,869	
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General government:							
Judicial	33,042	-	_	-	<u>-</u>	33,042	
Public safety	_	-		<u>-</u>	17,899	17,899	
Health and welfare	_	-	-	242,355	<u>-</u>	242,355	
Culture and recreation	<u>-</u>	28,624	9,454	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	38,079	
Total expenditures	33,042	28,624	9,454	242,355	17,899	331,374	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	35,740	2,327	5,817	(951)	17,561	60,495	
Other sources (uses):							
Operating transfers in	1,200					1,200	
Net change in fund balances	36,940	2,327	5,817	(951)	17,561	61,695	
Fund balances at beginning of year	1,687	79,677	44,167	1,066	73,383	199,981	
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 38,628	\$ 82,005	\$ 49,984	\$ 115	\$ 90,944	\$ 261,676	

#### SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION SCHEDULES AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### **Nonmajor Debt Service Funds**

#### **Hospital District No. 1 Bond Sinking Fund**

The Hospital District No. 1 Sinking Fund accumulated monies for the payment of \$800,000 in bonds issued April 1, 1967. The bonds were issued to construct, equip, and furnish a parish hospital. Financing was provided by ad valorem taxes.

#### Fire District No. 2 Bond Sinking Fund

The Fire District No. 2 Bond Sinking Fund accumulated monies for the payment of \$250,000 in bonds issued March 1, 1987. The bonds were issued to acquire buildings, machinery, and equipment, including both real and personal property, to be used for fire protection within the district.

### NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2022

ASSETS	DIST	OSPITAL RICT NO. 1 BOND INKING	FIRE RICT NO. 2 BOND INKING	TOTAL
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,443	\$ 3,732	\$ 9,174
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY Liabilities	_\$	-	\$ 	\$ -
Fund equity - fund balances: Restricted			2.522	
Restricted		5,443	3,732	9,174

### NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	DISTRI BC	HOSPITAL DISTRICT NO. 1 BOND SINKING			TOTAL		
Revenues	\$		\$	-	\$	-	
Expenditures:							
Debt service				-			
Net change in fund balances		_		-		-	
Fund balances at beginning of year	• ( <u></u>	5,443		3,732	<u>.</u>	9,174	
Fund balances at end of year	\$	5,443	\$	3,732	\$	9,174	

### SCHEDULE OF COMPENSATION PAID POLICE JURORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

The schedule of compensation paid to police jurors is presented in compliance with House Concurrent Resolution No. 54 of the 1979 Session of the Louisiana Legislature. Compensation of the police jurors is included in the legislative expenditures of the General Fund. In accordance with Louisiana Revised Statute 33:1233, the police jury has elected the monthly payment method of compensation. Under this method, jurors receive \$1,200 per month. The president receives an additional \$400 for expenses incurred in fulfilling the responsibilities.

Harold Sones, President	\$ 19,200
Jerel Evans, Vice President	14,400
Johnnie Adams	14,400
Rickie Crumpton	14,400
Jeffery Estes	4,800
Johnie C. Estes	9,200
Debra Hawkins	14,400
Deborah McCormack	14,400
Brady Nelson	14,400
Rodney Sones	14,400
Total	\$ 134,000

### SCHEDULE OF COMPENSATION, BENEFITS, REIMBURSEMENTS AND OTHER PAYMENTS TO AGENCY HEAD

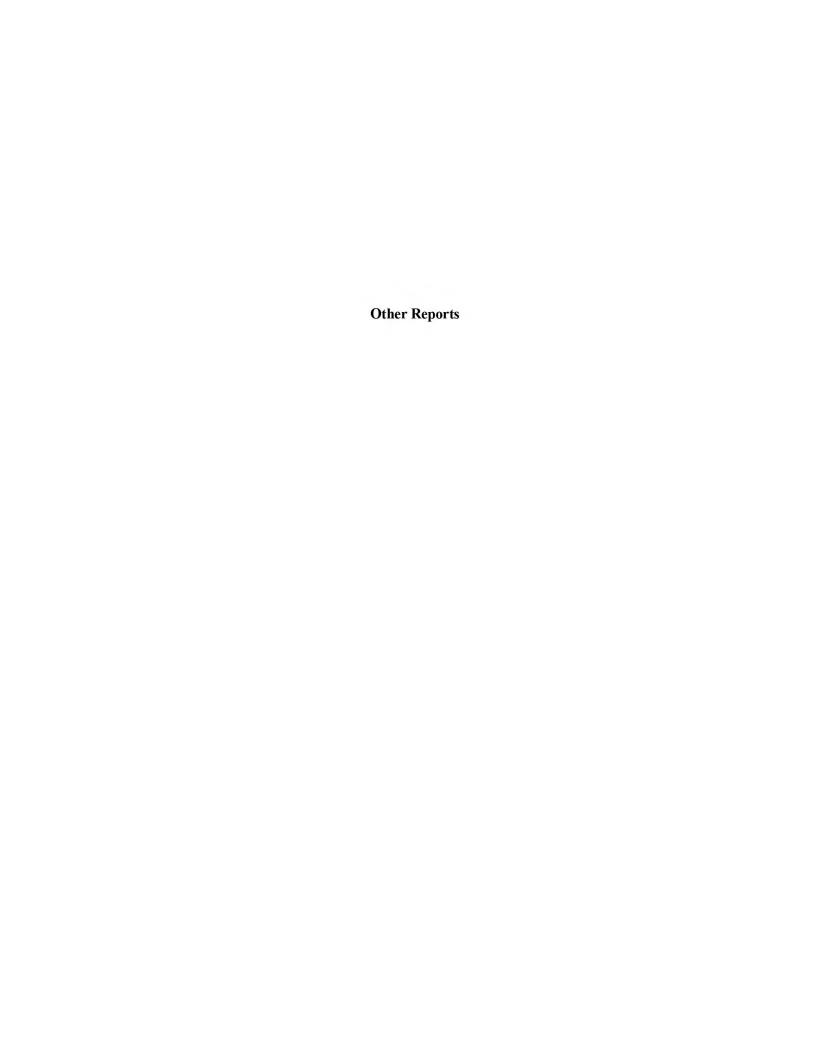
#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

The schedule of compensation, benefits, reimbursements, and other payments to agency head is presented in compliance with Act 706 of the 2015 Session of the Louisiana Legislature. Compensation and benefits of the secretary-treasurer is included in the general government - finance and administrative expenditures of the General Fund.

Patti Mizell, Secretary-Treasurer		
Salary	\$	34,560
Benefits:		
Medicare		491
Retirement	79 <u>-1</u>	3,974
Total	\$	39,025
Wayne Spence, Librarian		
Salary	\$	53,900
Benefits:		
Medicare		782
Retirement		6,198
Travel		
Mileage		989
Conference	<u>-</u>	710
Total	\$	62,579

# JUSTICE SYSTEM FUNDING SCHEDULE - RECEIVING ENTITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Mor	rirst Six onth Period Ended /30/2022	Mor	cond Six onth Period Ended /31/2022
Receipts From:				
Catahoula Sheriff, Criminal Fines - Other	\$	37,640	\$	36,297
District Attorney for the 7th Judicial District, Asset Forfeiture/Sale		1,968		-
Total Receipts	\$	39,608		36,297





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable President and Members of the Catahoula Parish Police Jury Harrisonburg, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Catahoula Parish Police Jury, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Catahoula Parish Police Jury's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 30, 2023.

#### Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Catahoula Parish Police Jury's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Catahoula Parish Police Jury's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Catahoula Parish Police Jury's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

#### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Catahoula Parish Police Jury's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matter that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as item 2022-001.

Catahoula Parish Police Jury Harrisonburg, Louisiana Independent Auditor's Report - GAGAS December 31, 2022

#### Catahoula Parish Police Jury's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the Catahoula Parish Police Jury's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Catahoula Parish Police Jury's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response

### **Purpose of This Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. Although the intended use of this report may be limited under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, it is issued by the Louisiana Legislative Auditor as a public document.

**BOSCH & STATHAM, LLC** 

**Bosch & Statham**, **LLC** Ruston, Louisiana June 30, 2023

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### A. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

- 1. The auditor's report expresses unqualified opinions on the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Catahoula Parish Police Jury. Due to the omission of most of the component units listed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the auditor's report expresses an adverse opinion on the aggregate discretely presented component units. The financial statements include component units for which the Police Jury maintains the accounting records and some component units that have elected to be included in the financial statements. The other component units issue separate financial statements.
- 2. No material weaknesses are reported in the Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.
- 3. One instance of noncompliance material to the financial statements of the Catahoula Parish Police Jury was disclosed during the audit.

#### B. FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDIT

#### 2022-001 Late Report Submission

#### First Reported

2022

#### Condition

The report was submitted after the statutory due date.

#### **Criteria**

State law requires the Police Jury to submit to the Louisiana Legislative Auditor reviewed financial statements within six months of year end or June 30, 2023, for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022.

#### **Effect**

When an entity is late filing its report, the entity is placed on the LLA's noncompliance list. Being placed on the list results in an entity receiving no funds from the State until the entity is removed from the list. However, the Police Jury was granted a nonemergency extension to submit the report by July 31, 2023, without being placed on the noncompliance list.

#### Cause

Bosch & Statham regrets the failure to submit the report in a timely manner. Factors that contributed to the late audit report include: an untimely change in accounting and auditing software that was unavoidable, new accounting standards, and new audit standards. All of these things increased the time required and caused a backlog.

#### Recommendation

Bosch & Statham will evaluate its policies and procedures and implement changes to strive to issue all reports in a timely manner.

#### Management's Response

Management agrees with the recommendation.

# SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

No prior year audit findings were presented.

June 30, 2023

Bosch & Statham, LLC Post Office Box 2377 Ruston, LA 71273-2377

In connection with your engagement to apply agreed-upon procedures to certain control and compliance (C/C) areas identified in the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures (SAUPs), for the fiscal period

	ary 1, 2022, through December 31, 2022, we confirm, to the best of our knowledge and belief, the following
repres	sentations made to you during your engagement.
1.	We acknowledge that we are responsible for the C/C areas identified in the SAUPs, including written policies and procedures; board or finance committee; bank reconciliations; collections; non-payroll disbursements; credit/debit/fuel/purchasing cards; travel and travel-related expense reimbursement; contracts; payroll and personnel; ethics; debt service; and other areas ( <u>should be customized by entity, as applicable</u> ).
	Yes ☑ No □
2.	For the fiscal period <u>January 1, 2022, through December 31, 2022</u> , the C/C areas were administered in accordance with the best practices criteria presented in the SAUPs.
	Yes ☑ No □
3.	We are responsible for selecting the criteria and procedures and for determining that such criteria and procedures are appropriate for our purposes.
	Yes □ No □
4.	We have provided you with access to all records that we believe are relevant to the C/C areas and the agreed-upon procedures.
	Yes ♥ No □
5.	We have disclosed to you all known matters contradicting the results of the procedures performed in C/C areas.
	Yes □ No □
6.	We have disclosed to you any communications from regulatory agencies, internal auditors, other independent practitioners or consultants, and others affecting the C/C areas, including communications received between <u>December 31, 2022</u> , and <u>June 30, 2023</u> .
	Yes □ No □
7.	We represent that the listing of bank accounts for the fiscal period that we provided to you is complete. We also represent that we have identified and disclosed to you our main operating account.
	Yes □ No □
8.	We represent that the listing of deposit sites for the fiscal period that we provided to you is complete.

	Yes ☐ No ☐
9.	We represent that the listing of collection locations for the fiscal period that we provided to you is complete.
	Yes ☑ No □
10.	We represent that the listing of locations that process payments for the fiscal period that we provided to you is complete.
	Yes ☑ No □
11.	We represent that the non-payroll disbursement transaction population for each location that processes payments for the fiscal period that we provided to you is complete.
	Yes ☑ No □
12.	We represent that the listing of all active credit cards, bank debit cards, fuel cards, and P-cards (cards) for the fiscal period, including the card numbers and the names of the persons who maintained possession of the cards, that we provided to you is complete.
	Yes ☑ No □
13.	We represent that the listing of all travel and travel-related expense reimbursements during the fiscal period that we provided to you is complete.
	Yes ☑ No □
14.	We represent that the listing of all agreements/contracts (or active vendors) for professional services, materials and supplies, leases, and construction activities that were initiated or renewed during the fiscal period that we provided to you is complete.
	Yes ☑ No □
15.	We represent that the listing of employees/elected officials employed during the fiscal period that we provided to you is complete.
	Yes ☑ No □
16.	We represent that the listing of employees/officials that received termination payments during the fiscal period that we provided to you is complete.
	Yes □ No □
17.	We represent that the employer and employee portions of payroll taxes, retirement contributions, health insurance premiums, and workers' compensation premiums have been paid, and associated forms have been filed, by required deadlines during the fiscal period.
	Yes d No □

We represent that the listing of bonds/notes issued during the fiscal period that we provided to you is

18.

complete.

	Yes La No L
19.	We represent that the listing of bonds/notes outstanding at the end of the fiscal period that we provided to you is complete.
	Yes ☑ No □
20.	We represent that the listing of misappropriations of public funds and assets during the fiscal period that we provided to you is complete.
	Yes □ No □
21.	We are not aware of any material misstatements in the C/C areas identified in the SAUPs.
	Yes 🖸 No 🗆
22.	We have disclosed to you [list other matters as you have deemed appropriate].
	Yes ☑ No □
23.	We have responded fully to all inquiries made by you during the engagement.
	Yes □ No □
24.	We have disclosed to you all known events that have occurred subsequent to <u>December 31, 2022</u> , that would have a material effect on the C/C areas identified in the SAUPs, or would require adjustment to or modification of the results of the agreed-upon procedures.
	Ves El No D

The previous responses have been made to the best of our belief and knowledge.

Title

Signature



#### Independent Accountant's Report on Applying Agreed-Upon Procedures

To the Catahoula Parish Police Jury and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor

We have performed the procedures enumerated below on the control and compliance (C/C) areas identified in the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's (LLA's) Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures (SAUPs) for the fiscal period January 1, 2022 through December 31, 2022. The Entity's management is responsible for those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs.

The Entity has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate to meet the intended purpose of the engagement, which is to perform specified procedures on the C/C areas identified in LLA's SAUPs for the fiscal period January 1, 2022 through December 31, 2022. Additionally, LLA has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate for its purposes. This report may not be suitable for any other purpose. The procedures performed may not address all the items of interest to a user of this report and may not meet the needs of all users of this report and, as such, users are responsible for determining whether the procedures performed are appropriate for their purposes.

The procedures and associated findings are as follows:

#### 1) Written Policies and Procedures

1. Obtain and inspect the entity's written policies and procedures and observe whether they address each of the following categories and subcategories if applicable to public funds and the entity's operations:

#### We obtained and inspected the written policies.

a) **Budgeting**, including preparing, adopting, monitoring, and amending the budget.

The policy includes all required elements.

Exceptions: None

b) **Purchasing**, including (1) how purchases are initiated, (2) how vendors are added to the vendor list, (3) the preparation and approval process of purchase requisitions and purchase orders, (4) controls to ensure compliance with the Public Bid Law, and (5) documentation required to be maintained for all bids and price quotes.

The policy does not include (1) how purchases are initiated or (3) the preparation process of purchase orders.

Exceptions: See above.

Management's Response: See Management's Corrective Action Plan

c) *Disbursements*, including processing, reviewing, and approving.

The policy includes all required elements.

d) **Receipts/Collections**, including receiving, recording, and preparing deposits. Also, policies and procedures should include management's actions to determine the completeness of all collections for each type of revenue or agency fund additions (e.g., periodic confirmation with outside parties, reconciliation to utility billing after cutoff procedures, reconciliation of traffic ticket number sequences, agency fund forfeiture monies confirmation).

The policy includes all required elements.

Exceptions: None

e) **Payroll/Personnel**, including (1) payroll processing, (2) reviewing and approving time and attendance records, including leave and overtime worked, and (3) approval process for employee rates of pay or approval and maintenance of pay rate schedules.

The policy does not include reviewing and approving leave and overtime worked or (3) approval process for employee(s) rate of pay or approval and maintenance of pay rate schedules.

Exceptions: See above.

Management's Response: See Management's Corrective Action Plan

f) *Contracting*, including (1) types of services requiring written contracts, (2) standard terms and conditions, (3) legal review, (4) approval process, and (5) monitoring process.

The policy includes all required elements.

Exceptions: None

g) *Travel and Expense Reimbursement*, including (1) allowable expenses, (2) dollar thresholds by category of expense, (3) documentation requirements, and (4) required approvers.

The policy includes all required elements.

Exceptions: None

h) *Credit Cards (and debit cards, fuel cards, purchase cards, if applicable)*, including (1) how cards are to be controlled, (2) allowable business uses, (3) documentation requirements, (4) required approvers of statements, and (5) monitoring card usage (e.g., determining the reasonableness of fuel card purchases).

The policy includes all required elements.

Exceptions: None

i) *Ethics*, including (1) the prohibitions as defined in Louisiana Revised Statute (R.S.) 42:1111-1121, (2) actions to be taken if an ethics violation takes place, (3) system to monitor possible ethics violations, and (4) a requirement that documentation is maintained to demonstrate that all employees and officials were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy.

The policy includes all required elements.

Exceptions: None

j) **Debt Service**, including (1) debt issuance approval, (2) continuing disclosure/EMMA reporting requirements, (3) debt reserve requirements, and (4) debt service requirements.

The policy includes all required elements.

k) Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity, including (1) identification of critical data and frequency of data backups, (2) storage of backups in a separate physical location isolated from the network, (3) periodic testing/verification that backups can be restored, (4) use of antivirus software on all systems, (5) timely application of all available system and software patches/updates, and (6) identification of personnel, processes, and tools needed to recover operations after a critical event.

The policy does not include (1) identification of critical data and frequency of data backups, (2) storage of backups in a separate physical location isolated from the network, (4) use of antivirus software on all systems, (5) timely application of all available system and software patches/updates, or (6) identification of personnel, processes, and tolls needed to recover operations after a critical event.

Exceptions: See above.

Management's Response: See Management's Corrective Action Plan

1) **Prevention of Sexual Harassment**, including R.S. 42:342-344 requirements for (1) agency responsibilities and prohibitions, (2) annual employee training, and (3) annual reporting.

The policy does not include elements (2) and (3).

Exceptions: See above.

Management's Response: See Management's Corrective Action Plan

#### 2) Board or Finance Committee

1. Obtain and inspect the board/finance committee minutes for the fiscal period, as well as the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or equivalent document in effect during the fiscal period, and

We obtained and inspected the minutes of the meetings of the police jury and the finance committee.

i. Observe that the board/finance committee met with a quorum at least monthly, or on a frequency in accordance with the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or other equivalent document.

We observed the police jury met at least monthly and finance committee met ten times in 2022.

Exceptions: None

ii. For those entities reporting on the governmental accounting model, observe whether the minutes referenced or included monthly budget-to-actual comparisons on the general fund, quarterly budget-to-actual, at a minimum, on proprietary funds, and semi-annual budget- to-actual, at a minimum, on all special revenue funds. Alternatively, for those entities reporting on the not-for-profit accounting model, observe that the minutes referenced or included financial activity relating to public funds if those public funds comprised more than 10% of the entity's collections during the fiscal period.

We observed the police jury's minutes referenced monthly budget to actuals and financial statements during the first meeting of each month.

#### CATAHOULA PARISH POLICE JURY STATEWIDE AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES DECEMBER 31, 2022

iii. For governmental entities, obtain the prior year audit report and observe the unassigned fund balance in the general fund. If the general fund had a negative ending unassigned fund balance in the prior year audit report, observe that the minutes for at least one meeting during the fiscal period referenced or included a formal plan to eliminate the negative unassigned fund balance in the general fund.

We obtained the prior year audit report and observed a positive fund balance in the general fund.

Exceptions: None

iv. Observe whether the board/finance committee received written updates of the progress of resolving audit finding(s), according to management's corrective action plan at each meeting until the findings are considered fully resolved.

No findings were reported for the prior year.

Exceptions: None

#### 3) Bank Reconciliations

1. Obtain a listing of entity bank accounts for the fiscal period from management and management's representation that the listing is complete. Ask management to identify the entity's main operating account. Select the entity's main operating account and randomly select 4 additional accounts (or all accounts if less than 5). Randomly select one month from the fiscal period, obtain and inspect the corresponding bank statement and reconciliation for each selected account, and observe that:

We obtained a listing from management with management's identification of the main operating account. We selected additional bank accounts for testing along with a testing month. We obtained and inspected the bank statements and reconciliation for each account.

i. Bank reconciliations include evidence that they were prepared within 2 months of the related statement closing date (e.g., initialed and dated or electronically logged);

Noted no exceptions.

Exceptions: None

ii. Bank reconciliations include written evidence that a member of management or a board member who does not handle cash, post ledgers, or issue checks has reviewed each bank reconciliation (e.g., initialed and dated, electronically logged); and

Noted no exceptions.

Exceptions: None

iii. Management has documentation reflecting it has researched reconciling items that have been outstanding for more than 12 months from the statement closing date, if applicable.

All bank reconciliations showed reconciling items older than 12 months with no documentation of research.

Exceptions: See above.

#### 4) Collections (excluding electronic funds transfers)

A. Obtain a listing of deposit sites for the fiscal period where deposits for cash/checks/money orders (cash) are prepared and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 deposit sites (or all deposit sites if less than 5).

We obtained a listing of deposit sites for the fiscal period from management. We noted two deposit sites and selected both sites.

#### Exceptions: None

B. For each deposit site selected, obtain a listing of collection locations and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one collection location for each deposit site (e.g., 5 collection locations for 5 deposit sites), obtain and inspect written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if there are no written policies or procedures, then inquire of employees about their job duties) at each collection location, and observe that job duties are properly segregated at each collection location such that

We obtained a listing of collection locations from management. We selected one collection location for each deposit site and obtained the relevant policies and procedures.

i. Employees responsible for cash collections do not share cash drawers/registers;

The Police Jury does not collect cash. All checks received or mailed in are opened by the Assistant Secretary-Treasurer. The Secretary-Treasurer prepares the deposit and takes it to the bank. At the Library branches, up to two employees could be using the cash register at the same time.

Exceptions: See above.

### Management's Response: See Management's Corrective Action Plan

ii. Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not also responsible for preparing/making bank deposits, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling collection documentation (e.g., prenumbered receipts) to the deposit;

#### We noted no exceptions.

iii. Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not also responsible for posting collection entries to the general ledger or subsidiary ledgers, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling ledger postings to each other and to the deposit; and

#### We noted no exceptions.

iv. The employee(s) responsible for reconciling cash collections to the general ledger and/or subsidiary ledgers, by revenue source and/or agency fund additions, is (are) not also responsible for collecting cash, unless another employee/official verifies the reconciliation.

#### We noted no exceptions.

C. Obtain from management a copy of the bond or insurance policy for theft covering all employees who have access to cash. Observe that the bond or insurance policy for theft was in force during the fiscal period.

#### We noted no exceptions.

D. Randomly select two deposit dates for each of the 5 bank accounts selected for Bank Reconciliations procedure #3A (select the next deposit date chronologically if no deposits were made on the dates randomly selected and randomly select a deposit if multiple deposits are made on the same day). Alternatively, the practitioner may use a source document other than bank statements when selecting the deposit dates for testing, such as a cash collection log, daily revenue report, receipt book, etc. Obtain supporting documentation for each of the 10 deposits and:

We selected two deposit dates for each of the bank accounts selected in procedure #3A and obtained the supporting documentation for the deposits selected.

i. Observe that receipts are sequentially pre-numbered.

We noted no receipts being used for the funds collected.

Exceptions: See above.

Management's Response: See Management's Corrective Action Plan

ii. Trace sequentially pre-numbered receipts, system reports, and other related collection documentation to the deposit slip.

We noted no exceptions.

iii. Trace the deposit slip total to the actual deposit per the bank statement.

We noted no exceptions.

iv. Observe that the deposit was made within one business day of receipt at the collection location (within one week if the depository is more than 10 miles from the collection location or the deposit is less than \$100 and the cash is stored securely in a locked safe or drawer).

We noted eight exceptions.

Exceptions: See above.

Management's Response: See Management's Corrective Action Plan.

v. Trace the actual deposit per the bank statement to the general ledger.

We noted no exceptions.

#### 5) Non-Payroll Disbursements (excluding card purchases, travel reimbursements, and petty cash purchases)

A. Obtain a listing of locations that process payments for the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 locations (or all locations if less than 5).

We obtained a listing of locations that process payments from management and management's representation that the listing is complete. There was only one location on the list.

B. For each location selected under procedure #5A above, obtain a listing of those employees involved with non-payroll purchasing and payment functions. Obtain written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if the agency has no written policies and procedures, then inquire of employees about their job duties), and observe that job duties are properly segregated such that

We obtained a listing of employees involved with non-payroll purchasing and payment functions. We obtained written policies and procedures relating to those employees' job duties.

i. At least two employees are involved in initiating a purchase request, approving a purchase, and placing an order or making the purchase;

We noted no exceptions.

ii. At least two employees are involved in processing and approving payments to vendors;

We noted no exceptions.

iii. The employee responsible for processing payments is prohibited from adding/modifying vendor files, unless another employee is responsible for periodically reviewing changes to vendor files;

The employee responsible for processing payments is also allowed to add/modify vendor files.

Exceptions: See above.

Management's Response: See Management's Corrective Action Plan.

iv. Either the employee/official responsible for signing checks mails the payment or gives the signed checks to an employee to mail who is not responsible for processing payments; and

We noted the Secretary-Treasurer, who is responsible for signing checks, mails checks most of the time. In the event the Secretary-Treasurer is not available, the Assistant Secretary-Treasurer mails the checks.

Exceptions: The Assistant Secretary-Treasurer is responsible for processing payments.

Management's Response: See Management's Corrective Action Plan.

v. Only employees/officials authorized to sign checks approve the electronic disbursement (release) of funds, whether through automated clearinghouse (ACH), electronic funds transfer (EFT), wire transfer, or some other electronic means.

The Secretary-Treasurer and Assistant Sec/Payroll clerk can authorize electronic disbursements related to payroll.

Exceptions: Per the policy, the Assistant Sec/Payroll clerk is not an authorized signer.

#### CATAHOULA PARISH POLICE JURY STATEWIDE AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES DECEMBER 31, 2022

C. For each location selected under procedure #5A above, obtain the entity's non-payroll disbursement transaction population (excluding cards and travel reimbursements) and obtain management's representation that the population is complete. Randomly select 5 disbursements for each location, obtain supporting documentation for each transaction, and

For the location selected, we obtained the entity's non-payroll disbursement transaction population and management's representation that the population is complete. We randomly selected five disbursements for the location and obtained the supporting documentation for each transaction.

 Observe whether the disbursement, whether by paper or electronic means, matched the related original itemized invoice and supporting documentation indicates that deliverables included on the invoice were received by the entity, and

We noted no exceptions.

ii. Observe whether the disbursement documentation included evidence (e.g., initial/date, electronic logging) of segregation of duties tested under procedure #5B above, as applicable.

We noted no exceptions.

D. Using the entity's main operating account and the month selected in Bank Reconciliations procedure #3A, randomly select 5 non-payroll-related electronic disbursements (or all electronic disbursements if less than 5) and observe that each electronic disbursement was (a) approved by only those persons authorized to disburse funds (e.g., sign checks) per the entity's policy, and (b) approved by the required number of authorized signers per the entity's policy. Note: If no electronic payments were made from the main operating account during the month selected the practitioner should select an alternative month and/or account for testing that does include electronic disbursements.

Using the month selected under procedure #3A, we noted the only electronic disbursements were payroll related.

Exceptions: None

#### 6) Credit Cards/Debit Cards/Fuel Cards/Purchase Cards (Cards)

A. Obtain from management a listing of all active credit cards, bank debit cards, fuel cards, and purchase cards (cards) for the fiscal period, including the card numbers and the names of the persons who maintained possession of the cards. Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete.

We obtained a listing of active cards from management and management's representation the listing is complete.

B. Using the listing prepared by management, randomly select 5 cards (or all cards if less than 5) that were used during the fiscal period. Randomly select one monthly statement or combined statement for each card (for a debit card, randomly select one monthly bank statement). Obtain supporting documentation, and

We selected both cards listed and selected the statements dated in April for testing.

a) Observe whether there is evidence that the monthly statement or combined statement and supporting documentation (e.g., original receipts for credit/debit card purchases, exception reports for excessive fuel card usage) were reviewed and approved, in writing (or electronically approved) by someone other than the authorized card holder (those instances requiring such approval that may constrain the legal authority of certain public officials, such as the mayor of a Lawrason Act municipality, should not be reported); and

We noted both statements included evidence of review and approval; however, both statements were approved by the card holders.

Exceptions: See above.

Management's Response: See Management's Corrective Action Plan.

b) Observe that finance charges and late fees were not assessed on the selected statements.

We noted no such charges.

Exceptions: None

C. Using the monthly statements or combined statements selected under procedure #7B above, excluding fuel cards, randomly select 10 transactions (or all transactions if less than 10) from each statement, and obtain supporting documentation for the transactions (e.g., each card should have 10 transactions subject to inspection). For each transaction, observe that it is supported by (1) an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased, (2) written documentation of the business/public purpose, and (3) documentation of the individuals participating in meals (for meal charges only). For missing receipts, the practitioner should describe the nature of the transaction and observe whether management had a compensating control to address missing receipts, such as a "missing receipt statement" that is subject to increased scrutiny.

Using the statements from the procedure above, we selected ten transactions for one card and all transactions from the second card totaling 19 transactions tested.

- (1) We noted no such charges.
- (2) We noted no such charges.
- (3) Not applicable.

#### 7) Travel and Travel-Related Expense Reimbursements (excluding card transactions)

A. Obtain from management a listing of all travel and travel-related expense reimbursements during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing or general ledger is complete. Randomly select 5 reimbursements and obtain the related expense reimbursement forms/prepaid expense documentation of each selected reimbursement, as well as the supporting documentation. For each of the 5 reimbursements selected

We obtained a listing of all travel and travel-related expenses reimbursements and management's representation that the listing is complete. We selected our sample and obtained the related documentation. Upon further inspection we noted two payments selected were not true reimbursements but rather payments made on behalf of the employee.

i. If reimbursed using a per diem, observe that the approved reimbursement rate is no more than those rates established either by the State of Louisiana or the U.S. General Services Administration (www.gsa.gov);

We noted no exceptions.

ii. If reimbursed using actual costs, observe that the reimbursement is supported by an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased;

Not applicable.

iii. Observe that each reimbursement is supported by documentation of the business/public purpose (for meal charges, observe that the documentation includes the names of those individuals participating) and other documentation required by Written Policies and Procedures procedure #1A(vii); and

We noted no exceptions.

 Observe that each reimbursement was reviewed and approved, in writing, by someone other than the person receiving reimbursement.

We noted 1 of the 3 reimbursements was reviewed and approved by the person receiving the reimbursement.

Exceptions: See above.

#### 8) Contracts

A. Obtain from management a listing of all agreements/contracts for professional services, materials and supplies, leases, and construction activities that were initiated or renewed during the fiscal period. *Alternatively, the practitioner may use an equivalent selection source, such as an active vendor list.* Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 contracts (or all contracts if less than 5) from the listing, excluding the practitioner's contract, and

We obtained a listing of agreements/contracts from management. We selected five agreements/contracts to test and obtained the related documentation. Upon inspection, one of the selected contracts was not initiated/renewed in the current year. Management was also unable to provide one of the contracts selected.

i. Observe whether the contract was bid in accordance with the Louisiana Public Bid Law (e.g., solicited quotes or bids, advertised), if required by law;

Of the three contracts that were tested, only one was subject to bid law and complied with the law.

Exceptions: None

ii. Observe whether the contract was approved by the governing body/board, if required by policy or law (e.g., Lawrason Act, Home Rule Charter);

We noted no exceptions.

iii. If the contract was amended (e.g., change order), observe that the original contract terms provided for such an amendment and that amendments were made in compliance with the contract terms (e.g., if approval is required for any amendment, the documented approval); and

Not applicable.

iv. Randomly select one payment from the fiscal period for each of the 5 contracts, obtain the supporting invoice, agree the invoice to the contract terms, and observe that the invoice and related payment agreed to the terms and conditions of the contract.

For the three contracts tested, we selected one payment and obtained the related documentation. We noted one payment did not agree to the contract terms as well as the terms and conditions of the associated contract.

Exceptions: See above.

#### 9) Payroll and Personnel

A. Obtain a listing of employees and officials employed during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 employees or officials, obtain related paid salaries and personnel files, and agree paid salaries to authorized salaries/pay rates in the personnel files.

We obtained a listing of employees and officials and management's representation the listing is complete. We selected five employees. We noted one employee's paid rate appeared to be higher than the authorized noted in the personnel file.

Exceptions: See above.

Management's Response: See Management's Corrective Action Plan.

B. Randomly select one pay period during the fiscal period. For the 5 employees or officials selected under procedure #9A above, obtain attendance records and leave documentation for the pay period, and

We selected one pay period for testing and obtained the related documentation.

i. Observe that all selected employees or officials documented their daily attendance and leave (e.g., vacation, sick, compensatory);

We noted no exceptions.

ii. Observe whether supervisors approved the attendance and leave of the selected employees or officials;

We noted no exceptions.

iii. Observe that any leave accrued or taken during the pay period is reflected in the entity's cumulative leave records; and

We noted no exceptions.

iv. Observe the rate paid to the employees or officials agrees to the authorized salary/pay rate found within the personnel file.

See procedure #9A.

C. Obtain a listing of those employees or officials that received termination payments during the fiscal period and management's representation that the list is complete. Randomly select two employees or officials and obtain related documentation of the hours and pay rates used in management's termination payment calculations and the entity's policy on termination payments. Agree the hours to the employee's or official's cumulative leave records, agree the pay rates to the employee's or official's authorized pay rates in the employee's or official's personnel files, and agree the termination payment to entity policy.

We obtained a listing from management and management's representation the listing is complete. We selected two employees. Upon further inspection one of the payments selected was not a termination payment but rather payment for time worked. For the second payment tested, we noted paid rates agreed to authorized; however, it appears the termination payment may have been an hour short. We agreed the payment to policy.

Exceptions: See above.

D. Obtain management's representation that employer and employee portions of third-party payroll related amounts (e.g., payroll taxes, retirement contributions, health insurance premiums, garnishments, workers' compensation premiums, etc.) have been paid, and any associated forms have been filed, by required deadlines.

We obtained management's representation that employer and employee portions of payroll taxes, retirement contributions, health insurance premiums, and workers' compensation premiums have been paid, and associated forms have been filed, by required deadlines.

Exceptions: None

#### 10) Ethics

A. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from Payroll and Personnel procedure #9A obtain ethics documentation from management, and

Using the employees/officials selected under procedure #9A, we obtained the ethics documentation from management noting the following.

i. Observe whether the documentation demonstrates that each employee/official completed one hour of ethics training during the calendar year as required by R.S. 42:1170; and

1 of the 5 did not have the required training documentation.

Exceptions: See above.

Management's Response: See Management's Corrective Action Plan.

ii. Observe whether the entity maintains documentation which demonstrates that each employee and official were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy during the fiscal period, as applicable.

2 of the 5 did not have the required documentation demonstrating the notification of changes to the policy.

Exceptions: See above.

Management's Response: See Management's Corrective Action Plan.

B. Inquire and/or observe whether the agency has appointed an ethics designee as required by R.S. 42:1170.

We noted no exceptions.

#### 11) Debt Service

A. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes and other debt instruments issued during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all debt instruments on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that State Bond Commission approval was obtained for each debt instrument issued as required by Article VII, Section 8 of the Louisiana Constitution.

Management listed none.

#### CATAHOULA PARISH POLICE JURY STATEWIDE AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES DECEMBER 31, 2022

B. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes outstanding at the end of the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one bond/note, inspect debt covenants, obtain supporting documentation for the reserve balance and payments, and agree actual reserve balances and payments to those required by debt covenants (including contingency funds, short-lived asset funds, or other funds required by the debt covenants).

Management listed none.

#### 12) Fraud Notice

A. Obtain a listing of misappropriations of public funds and assets during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all misappropriations on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that the entity reported the misappropriation(s) to the legislative auditor and the district attorney of the parish in which the entity is domiciled as required by R.S. 24:523.

#### Management listed none.

B. Observe that the entity has posted, on its premises and website, the notice required by R.S. 24:523.1 concerning the reporting of misappropriation, fraud, waste, or abuse of public funds.

We observed the required notice posted within the office. The police jury does not own or operate a website. We noted no exceptions.

#### 13) Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity

A. Perform the following procedures, verbally discuss the results with management, and report "We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management."

### We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management.

- i. Obtain and inspect the entity's most recent documentation that it has backed up its critical data (if there is no written documentation, then inquire of personnel responsible for backing up critical data) and observe evidence that such backup (a) occurred within the past week, (b) was not stored on the government's local server or network, and (c) was encrypted.
- ii. Obtain and inspect the entity's most recent documentation that it has tested/verified that its backups can be restored (if there is no written documentation, then inquire of personnel responsible for testing/verifying backup restoration) and observe evidence that the test/verification was successfully performed within the past 3 months.
- Obtain a listing of the entity's computers currently in use and their related locations, and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 computers and observe while management demonstrates that the selected computers have current and active antivirus software and that the operating system and accounting system software in use are currently supported by the vendor.
- B. Randomly select 5 terminated employees (or all terminated employees if less than 5) using the list of terminated employees obtained in procedure #9C. Observe evidence that the selected terminated employees have been removed or disabled from the network.

We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management.

#### 14) Sexual Harassment

A. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from Payroll and Personnel procedure #9A, obtain sexual harassment training documentation from management, and observe that the documentation demonstrates each employee/official completed at least one hour of sexual harassment training during the calendar year as required by R.S. 42:343.

Using the selected employees/officials under procedure #9A, we obtained the sexual harassment documentation noting 1 of the 5 selected did not have the required training.

Exceptions: See above.

Management's Response: See Management's Corrective Action Plan.

B. Observe that the entity has posted its sexual harassment policy and complaint procedure on its website (or in a conspicuous location on the entity's premises if the entity does not have a website).

We noted no exceptions.

- C. Obtain the entity's annual sexual harassment report for the current fiscal period, observe that the report was dated on or before February 1, and observe that the report includes the applicable requirements of R.S. 42:344:
  - i. Number and percentage of public servants in the agency who have completed the training requirements;
  - ii. Number of sexual harassment complaints received by the agency;
  - iii. Number of complaints which resulted in a finding that sexual harassment occurred;
  - Number of complaints in which the finding of sexual harassment resulted in discipline or corrective action;
     and
  - v. Amount of time it took to resolve each complaint.

We obtained the entity's annual reports for 2022. We noted a completion date of 1/14/2023 and observed the report included all required elements.

We were engaged by the Entity to perform this agreed-upon procedures engagement and conducted our engagement in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and applicable standards of *Government Auditing Standards*. We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination or review engagement, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion or conclusion, respectively, on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion or conclusion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

We are required to be independent of the Entity and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements related to our agreed-upon procedures engagement.

This report is intended solely to describe the scope of testing performed on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs, and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on control or compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the LLA as a public document.

BOSCH & STATHAM, LLC

Bosch & Statham

Ruston, Louisiana June 30, 2023

### CATAHOULA PARISH POLICE JURY

P.O. BOX 258 HARRISONBURG, LOUISIANA 71340

### MANAGEMENT'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN

HAROLD SONES PRESIDENT

2022

**JEREL A. EVANS** VICE-PRESIDENT STATEWIDE AGREED UPON PROCEDURES

STACEY LEFEBVRE SECRETARY - TREASURER

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The auditor's comments will be taken under

**BRADY NELSON** WARD 1

Advisement and action will be taken.

P.O. BOX S SICILY ISLAND, LA. 71368 (318) 918-3577

All Best Practices will be implemented.

**JEREL A. EVANS** WARD 2 P.O. BOX 411

Stacey S. LeFebvre

SICILY ISLAND, LA. 71368 (318) 439-7847

Secretary/Treasurer

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JOHNNIE ADAMS WARD 9 **538 BLUE CANE ROAD** JONESVILLE, LA. 71343 (318) 403-4828

Regular Monthly Meetings 2nd & 4th Mondays of each Month at 6:00 p.m.

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