BEAUREGARD PARISH SHERIFF DERIDDER. LOUISIANA ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

JUNE 30, 2023

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Mark Herford Sheriff and Ex-Officio Tax Collector Beauregard Parish Sheriff DeRidder, Louisiana

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Beauregard Parish Sheriff as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Beauregard Parish Sheriff's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Beauregard Parish Sheriff, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Beauregard Parish Sheriff and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Beauregard Parish Sheriff's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

The Honorable Mark Herford Sheriff and Ex-Officio Tax Collector Beauregard Parish Sheriff DeRidder, Louisiana Page 2

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Beauregard Parish Sheriff's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Beauregard Parish Sheriff's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of the sheriff's proportionate share of the net pension liability, schedule of the sheriff's pension contribution, and schedule of changes in net OPEB liability and related ratios on pages 41 through 48 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

The Honorable Mark Herford Sheriff and Ex-Officio Tax Collector Beauregard Parish Sheriff DeRidder, Louisiana Page 3

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Beauregard Parish Sheriff's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of non-major fund balance sheet, nonmajor fund schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances, cash on hand, taxes collected for the current year and an itemized statement of all taxes assessed and uncollected with explanations of uncollected amounts by the sheriff as the ex-officio tax collector for the Parish of Beauregard, schedule of compensation, benefits and other payments to agency head, justice system funding schedule – collecting/disbursing entity, and justice system funding schedule – receiving entity are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of non-major fund balance sheet, non-major fund schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances, cash on hand, taxes collected for the current year and an itemized statement of all taxes assessed and uncollected with explanations of uncollected amounts by the sheriff as the exofficio tax collector for the Parish of Beauregard, schedule of compensation, benefits and other payments to agency head, justice system funding schedule – collecting/disbursing entity, and justice system funding schedule – receiving entity are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 13, 2023, on our consideration of the Beauregard Parish Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Beauregard Parish Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Beauregard Parish Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

DeRidder, Louisiana November 13, 2023

John U. Windlam, CPA

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

	Governmental Activities			siness-type activities	Total		
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	14,865,289	\$	170,555	\$	15,035,844	
Receivables:							
Taxes		10.074				10.074	
Ad valorem taxes		18,974		-		18,974	
Sales and use taxes		56,270		-		56,270	
Payroll		10,558		-		10,558	
Occupational license		8,873		-		8,873	
Accounts		264,397		6,575		270,972	
Intergovernmental:		141 242				141 242	
Due from federal governments		141,342		-		141,342	
Due from state governments		765,332		1.040		765,332	
Due from other funds		27,771		1,948		29,719	
Due from others		1,514		-		1,514	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		1,065,486		-		1,065,486	
Capital assets not being depreciated, net		152,622		• •		152,622	
Capital assets being depreciated, net	_	1,558,169	-	-	-	1,558,169	
Total assets	\$	18,936,597	\$	179,078	\$	19,115,675	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred outflows:							
Prepaid insurance	\$	592	\$		\$	592	
Other post-employment benefits		360,820		-		360,820	
Pensions		5,075,989		-		5,075,989	
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	5,437,401	\$		\$	5,437,401	
Total assets and deferred outflows							
of resources	\$	24,373,998	\$	179,078	\$	24,553,076	
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	\$	872,095	\$	1,851	\$	873,946	
Payroll deductions payable		1,635		-		1,635	
Due to other funds		1		78		79	
Long term liabilities:							
Net other post-employment benefits liability		9,945,190		-		9,945,190	
Net pension liability		6,468,738		_		6,468,738	
Total liabilities	\$	17,287,659	\$	1,929	\$	17,289,588	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Pensions	\$	362,063	\$	_	\$	362,063	
Other post-employment benefits		141,502				141,502	
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	503,565	\$		\$	503,565	
		,		-		,	
Total liabilities and deferred inflows							
of resources	\$	17,791,224	\$	1,929	\$	17,793,153	
					(Continued)	

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities			Total
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	\$	1,710,791	\$	-	\$	1,710,791
Unrestricted		3,806,498		177,149		3,983,647
Restricted		1,065,485		-		1,065,485
Total net position	\$	6,582,774	\$	177,149	\$	6,759,923
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources						
and net position	\$	24,373,998	\$	179,078	\$	24,553,076
					(Concluded)

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Net (Expenses) Revenues **Program Revenues** and Changes in Net Position Fees, Fines and Operating Charges for **Capital Grants** Grants and Governmental Business-type **Program Activities** Expenses Services Contributions and Contributions Activities Activities Total Governmental activities: General government and administration 322,856 203,023 \$ 39,617 \$ \$ (80,216) \$ \$ (80,216)\$ Public safety 12,562,739 2.902.009 298,052 123,427 (9,239,251)(9,239,251)3,105,032 \$ 337,669 \$ 123,427 (9,319,467)Total governmental activities 12,885,595 \$ \$ - \$ (9,319,467)Business-type activities: Commissary sales 57,653 71,145 13,492 13,492 Total government 12,943,248 3,176,177 \$ 337,669 123,427 \$ \$ 13,492 (9,319,467)\$ (9,305,975)General revenues: Taxes: \$ Ad valorem taxes 5,739,040 5,739,040 Sales taxes 4,289,424 4,289,424 State supplemental pay 491,301 491,301 32,703 32,703 Investment earnings Nonemployer pension contributions 367,990 367,990 Opioid settlement payments 44,507 44,507 Insurance proceeds 257,425 257,425 Gain on asset disposal 23,060 23,060 Miscellaneous 931 931 Total general revenues and transfers 11.246,381 \$ \$ 11,246,381 \$ 1,926,914 13,492 1,940,406 Change in net position Net position at beginning of year 4,655,860 163,657 4,819,517 6,759,923 Net position at end of year 6.582,774 \$ 177,149 \$

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

			N	Iajor Fund						
ACCETC	_	General		Sales Tax		Other Governmental Sales Tax Fund		ernmental	G	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS										
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables: Taxes	\$	14,865,289	\$		\$	-	\$	14,865,289		
Ad valorem taxes		18,974		_		-		18,974		
Sales and use taxes		56,270		_		<u>-</u>		56,270		
Payroll		10,558		_		_		10,558		
Occupational license		8,873		-		-		8,873		
Accounts Intergovernmental:		264,397		-				264,397		
Due from federal governments		141,342		€ -		-		141,342		
Due from state governments		765,332		_		-		765,332		
Due from other funds		27,771		< <u>-</u>		-		27,771		
Due from others		1,514		-		-		1,514		
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		_		1,020,978		44,508		1,065,486		
Total assets	\$	16,160,320	\$	1,020,978	\$	44,508	\$	17,225,806		
Deferred outflows: Prepaid insurance	\$	592	\$		\$	<u> </u>	\$	592		
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	16,160,912	\$	1,020,978	\$	44,508	\$	17,226,398		
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES										
Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$	872,095	\$	-	\$	-	\$	872,095		
Payroll deductions payable		1,635		-		-		1,635		
Due to other funds	_	-	- y			1		1		
Total liabilities	\$	873,730	\$	-	\$	1	\$	873,731		
Fund Balances:										
Unassigned	\$	15,286,590	\$	-	\$	_	\$	15,286,590		
Nonspendable										
Not in spendable form		592		-				592		
Restricted		_		1,020,978		44,507		1,065,485		
Total fund balances	\$	15,287,182	\$	1,020,978	\$	44,507	\$	16,352,667		
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	16,160,912	\$	1,020,978	\$	44,508	\$	17,226,398		

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

Total fund balance - total governmental funds			\$	16,352,667
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:				
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheets.				1,710,791
Pension related changes in net pension liability that are only reported in the Statement of Net Position as deferred outflows.				5,075,989
Pension related changes in net pension liability that are only reported in the Statement of Net Position as deferred inflows.				(362,063)
Other post-employment benefit related changes in other post-employment benefit liability that are only reported in the statement of net position as deferred inflows.				(141,502)
Other post-employment benefit related changes in other post-employment benefit liability that are only reported in the statement of net position as deferred outflows.				360,820
Long-term (liabilities) assets are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	_			
Other postemployment benefits Net pension asset	\$ 	(9,945,190) (6,468,738)		(16,413,928)
Net position of governmental activities			<u>s</u>	6,582,774

Statement of Revenues. Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

			N	Major Fund		0.1		T 1
					0	Other	_	Total
		C1		C-l T-	G01	vernmental	G	overnmental
D		General		Sales Tax		Fund		Funds
Revenues								
Taxes:	471	5 530 040			dr.		dt.	5.530.040
Ad valorem	\$	5,739,040	S	-	\$	-	\$	5,739,040
Sales taxes		-		4,289,424		-		4,289,424
Intergovernmental:								
Federal grants		361,678		-		-		361,678
State grants		25,255		-		-		25,255
Local grants		74,163		-		-		74,163
State supplemental pay		491,301		-		-		491,301
Fees, charges and								
commissions for services		3,105,032		-		-		3,105,032
Opioid settlement payments		-		-		44,507		44,507
Investment income		15,693		17,010		-		32,703
Miscellaneous		931		-		-		931
Total revenues	\$	9,813,093	\$	4,306,434	\$	44,507	\$	14,164,034
Expenditures								
General government								
Tax collector	\$	285,303	\$	_	\$	-	\$	285,303
Public safety								
Administrative		760,470		_		-		760,470
Community services		239,033		_		-		239,033
Civil services		459,465		-		-		459,465
Criminal investigation		5,040,298		_		-		5,040,298
Custody of prisoners		3,076,399		-		-		3,076,399
Communications		800,480		_		-		800,480
Automotive services		681,203		_		_		681,203
Capital outlay		933,378		_		_		933,378
Total expenditures	\$	12,276,029	\$	-	\$	-	\$	12,276,029
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures	\$	(2,462,936)	S	4,306,434	\$	44,507	\$	1,888,005
1								Continued)

Statement of Revenues. Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	General	Major Fund Sales Tax	Other ernmental Fund	G	Total overnmental Funds
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in	\$ 4,267,259	\$ -	\$ -	\$	4,267,259
Transfers out	-	(4,267,000)	-		(4,267,000)
Insurance proceeds	257,425	-	-		257,425
Sale of assets	23,564	 	 		23,564
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$ 4,548,248	\$ (4,267,000)	\$ -	\$	281,248
Net change in fund balance	\$ 2,085,312	\$ 39,434	\$ 44,507	\$	2,169,253
Fund balances at beginning of year	13,201,870	981,544	-		14,183,414
Fund balances at end of year	 15,287,182	 1,020,978	\$ 44.507	*	16,352,667 Concluded)

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues. Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	2,169,253
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the government-wide statement of activities and changes in net position, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the net amount of capital assets recorded in the current period.		933,378
Depreciation expense on capital assets is reported in the government-wide statement of activities and changes in net position, but they do not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, depreciation expense is not reported as an expenditure in governmental funds.		(273,997)
Governmental funds only report the disposal of fixed assets to the extent proceeds are received from the sale. In the statement of activities, a gain or loss is reported for each disposal.		(510)
Governmental funds do not report net change in other postemployment benefits (OPEB) obligations. However, this obligation does appear in the Statement of Activities since the payable is reported on the Statement of Net Position.		(577,442)
Pension expense is based on employer contributions in the government funds, but is an actuarially calculated expense on the Statement of Activities.		(323,768)
Change in net position of governmental activities	<u> </u>	1,926,914

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Fund June 30, 2023

ASSETS	Business-type Activities Enterprise Fund Commissary Fund
Current Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 170,555
Accounts receivable	6.575
Due from other funds	1,948_
Total current assets	\$ 179,078
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities	
Accounts payable	\$ 1,851
Due to inmate fund	78_
Total current liabilities	\$ 1,929
NET POSITION	
Unrestricted	\$ 177,149
Total liabilities and net position	\$ 179,078

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	A	iness-type ctivities rprise Fund
	Co	mmissary
		Fund
Operating revenues		
Sales to immates	_\$	71,145
Operating expenses Purchases Medical co-payments Miscellaneous Total operating expenses	\$	46.775 10,148 730 57,653
Change in net position	\$	13,492
Net position at beginning of year		163,657
Net position at end of year	\$	177,149

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Business-type Activities Enterprise Fund			
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Cash received from customers	\$	64,656		
Cash payments to suppliers				
for goods and services		(46,242)		
Cash payments for inmate medical co-pay		(10,148)		
Net cash provided by operating activities		8,266		
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:				
Cash paid to other funds	\$	(1,186)		
Net cash used by noncapital				
financing activities		(1,186)		
Net increase (decrease) in cash				
and cash investments	\$	7,080		
and cash investments		7,000		
Cash and Cash investments, July 1, 2022		163,475		
Cash and Cash investments, June 30, 2023	\$	170,555		
Reconciliation of net operating income from operations to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Income from operations	\$	13,492		
Adjustments to reconcile net operating income from operations to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Change in assets and liabilities:				
Increase in accounts receivable	\$	(6,489)		
Increase in accounts payable		1,263		
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	8,266		

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Custodial Funds June 30, 2023

ASSETS	Sher	riff's Fund	Ta	x Collection Fund	<u>Ot</u>	her Funds		Total
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Due from others Due from other funds Total assets	\$ 	11,900 - - - - 11,900	\$ 	1,863,413 18,487 - - 1,881,900	\$ 	728.112 1.126 816 78 730,132	\$ 	2,603,425 19,613 816 78 2,623,932
LIABILITIES								
Liabilities Held for others Due to other funds Total liabilities	\$ 	11,900	\$ 	80,218 27,509 107,727	\$ 	727.923 2,209 730,132	\$ 	820,041 29,718 849,759
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Protested taxes Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	<u>\$</u> <u>\$</u>	11,900	<u>\$</u> <u>\$</u>	1,774,173 1,881,900	<u>\$</u> <u>\$</u>	730,132	<u>\$</u> \$	1,774,173 2,623,932

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Notes to the Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2023

INTRODUCTION

As provided by Article V, Section 27 of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974, the sheriff serves a four-year term as the chief executive officer of the law enforcement district and ex-officio tax collector of the parish. The sheriff administers the parish jail system and exercises duties required by the parish court system, such as providing bailiffs, executing orders of the court, and serving subpoenas.

As the chief law enforcement officer of the parish, the sheriff has the responsibility for enforcing state and local laws and ordinances within the territorial boundaries of the parish. The sheriff provides protection to the residents of the parish through on-site patrols and investigations and serves the residents of the parish through the establishment of neighborhood watch programs, anti-drug abuse programs, and other services. In addition, when requested, the sheriff provides assistance to other law enforcement agencies within the parish.

As the ex-officio tax collector of the parish, the sheriff is responsible for collecting and distributing ad valorem property taxes, local sales taxes, parish occupational licenses, state revenue sharing funds, fines, costs, and bond forfeitures imposed by the district court.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying basic financial statements of the Beauregard Parish Sheriff have been prepared in conformity with governmental accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The accompanying basic financial statements have been prepared in conformity with GASB 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments, issued in June 1999.

B. REPORTING ENTITY

Section 2100 of the GASB Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards (GASB Codification) established criteria for determining the governmental reporting entity and component units that should be included within the reporting entity. For financial reporting purposes, in conformance with GASB Codification Section 2100, the sheriff includes all funds, account groups and activities that are controlled by the sheriff as an independently elected parish official. As an independently elected parish official, the sheriff is solely responsible for the retention of employees, authority over budgeting, the responsibility for deficits, and the receipt and disbursement of funds. Other than certain operating expenditures of the sheriff's office that are paid by the parish police jury as required by Louisiana law, the sheriff's office is financially independent. Accordingly, the sheriff is a separate governmental reporting entity. Certain units of local government over which the sheriff exercises no oversight responsibility, such as the parish police jury, parish school board, other independently elected parish officials, and municipalities within the parish, are excluded from the accompanying financial statements. These units of government are considered separate reporting entities and issue financial statements separate from those of the parish sheriff.

C. FUND ACCOUNTING

The sheriff uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid management by segregating transactions relating to certain sheriff functions and activities. A fund is defined as a separate fiscal accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds account for all or most of the sheriff's general activities. These funds focus on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between a governmental fund's assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. In general, fund balance represents the accumulated expendable resources, which may be used to finance future period programs or operations of the sheriff. The following are the sheriff's governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> – The primary operating fund of the sheriff and it accounts for all financial resources, except those in other funds. The General Fund is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred in accordance with state and federal laws and according to the sheriff's policy.

Special Revenue Funds – The special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specific purposes other than debt service or capital projects. One special revenue fund is used to deposit a parish wide one-half cent sales tax. The sales tax is to be used to increase beginning salary levels for deputies, to provide for future cost of living salary adjustments and benefits for deputies. The other special revenue fund is used to deposit opioid settlement funds from the State of Louisiana to be used to combat the opioid epidemic.

The sheriff has not established a policy for use of the unrestricted fund balance, therefore it considers committed fund balances to be used first, then assigned fund balances to be used next and finally the unassigned fund balance will be used.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The only funds accounted for in this category by the sheriff are custodial funds. The custodial funds account for assets held by the sheriff as an agent for various taxing bodies (tax collections) and for deposits held pending court action. These funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. Consequently, the custodial funds have no measurement focus, but use the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Proprietary Fund

Enterprise Fund – Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenue of the sheriff's proprietary fund is sales of commissary goods to immates. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the entity's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. MEASUREMENT FOCUS/BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Fund Financial Statements (FFS)

The amounts reflected in the General Fund and Other Funds, of Statements C and E, are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach is then reconciled, through adjustment, to a government-wide view of sheriff operations.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

The amounts reflected in the General Fund and Other Funds, of Statements C and E, use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available). Measurable means the amount of the transaction can be determined and available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The sheriff considers all revenues available if they are collected within 60 days after the fiscal year. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for interest and principal payments on general long-term debt which is recognized when due and certain compensated absences and claims and judgments which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. The governmental funds use the following practices in recording revenues and expenditures:

Revenues

State revenues sharing, which is based on population and homesteads in the parish, is recorded in the year the taxes are received.

Intergovernmental revenues are recorded when the sheriff is entitled to the funds.

Expenditures and Expenses

Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred.

Other Financing Sources (Uses)

Transfers between funds that are not expected to be repaid (and any other financing source/use) are accounted for as other financing sources (uses).

Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS)

The column labeled Statement of Net Position (Statement A) and the column labeled Statement of Activities (Statement B) display information about the sheriff as a whole. These statements include all the financial activities of the sheriff. Information contained in these columns reflects the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from exchange or exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange occurs (regardless of when cash is received or disbursed). Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from nonexchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 33, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Program Revenues – Program revenues included in the column labeled Statement of Activities (Statement B) are derived directly from sheriff users as a fee for services; program revenues reduce the cost of the function to be financed from the sheriff's general fund.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the government's enterprise operations. Eliminations of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

E. BUDGET PRACTICES

The financial administrator prepares the proposed budget and submits this to the sheriff for approval. Amended budgets are prepared in the same manner and submitted to the sheriff for approval when a variance greater than five percent exists between budgeted and actual amounts. The proposed budget for 2022-2023 was made available for inspection on June 10, 2022. The proposed budget, prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting, was published in the official journal ten days prior to the public hearing, which was held at the Beauregard Parish Sheriff's office on June 10, 2022, for comments from taxpayers. The budget is legally adopted and amended, as necessary, by the sheriff.

Expenditure appropriations lapse at year-end. Unexpended appropriations and any excess of revenues over expenditures are carried forward to the subsequent year as beginning fund balance.

Neither encumbrance accounting nor formal integration of the budget into the accounting records is employed as a management control device. However, periodic comparisons of budget and actual amounts are made. Budget amounts included in the accompanying financial statements include the original adopted budget and all subsequent amendments.

EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS The following individual fund had actual expenditures over budgeted appropriations for the year ended June 30, 2023.

	Original	Final		Unfavorable
<u>Fund</u>	Budget	Budget	Actual	<u>Variance</u>
General Fund	\$ 12,308,000	\$ 12,111,000	\$ 12,276,029	\$ 165,029

F. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash includes amounts in demand deposits, interest bearing demand deposits, money market accounts and time deposits. Cash equivalents include amounts in time deposits and those other investments with original maturities of 90 days or less. Under state law, the sheriff may deposit funds in demand deposits, interest bearing demand deposits, money market accounts, or time deposits with state banks organized under Louisiana law or any other state of the United States, or under the laws of the United States. Tax collections must be deposited in a bank domiciled in the parish where the funds are collected. These cash and cash equivalents are also used in the proprietary fund's statement of cash flows.

G. INVESTMENTS

Investments are limited by Louisiana Revised Statute (R.S.) 33:2955 and the sheriff's investment policy. If the original maturities of investments exceed 90 days, they are classified as investments; however, if the original maturities are 90 days or less, they are classified as cash equivalents.

Under state law, the sheriff may invest in United States bonds, treasury notes, or certificates. These are classified as investments, if their original maturities are 90 days or less, they are classified as cash equivalents. Investments are stated at cost. At June 30, 2023 the sheriff had no investments.

H. INVENTORY

The sheriff had no inventory as of June 30, 2023.

I. SHORT-TERM INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as due from other funds or due to other funds on the balance sheet. Short-term interfund loans are classified as interfund receivables/payables.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

J. PREPAID ITEMS

Prepaid amounts consist of insurance policy premiums paid in advance.

K. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated cost if historical cost is not available. Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The sheriff maintains a threshold level of \$5,000 or more for capitalizing capital assets.

According to GASB 34 the Beauregard Parish Sheriff was not required to retroactively report infrastructure assets in its financial statements, therefore, these assets have not been reported in the financial statements.

Capital assets are recorded in the Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities. Since surplus assets are sold for an immaterial amount when declared as no longer needed for public purposes, no salvage value is taken into consideration for depreciation purposes. All capital assets, other than land, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Estimated Lives
Land improvements	40-50 years
Buildings and building improvements	40-50 years
Furniture and fixtures	5-15 years
Vehicles	5-10 years

L. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The sheriff has the following policy relating to vacation and sick leave:

Sick Leave Policy

- 1. Sick leave is available only to full-time employees.
- Sick leave is defined as absence from duty due to a full-time employee suffering from a bona fide illness or injury or other physical incapacity that prevents the performance of normal duties or being quarantined by health authorities and includes bona fide illness, injury or other incapacity of such employee's immediate family, which includes only the parents, spouse, siblings and children of the employee, as well as the employee's spouse's children, which would require the care of the employee.
- 3. Sick leave shall only be used for those reasons constituting the definition of Sick Leave hereinabove.
- 4. A maximum of ten (10) days of sick leave per calendar year will accrue at the rate of 0.833 days per month, subject to the following provisions: unused sick leave days may be carried over from one calendar year to the next, but at no time shall an employee be allowed to accumulate more than twenty (20) days of unused sick leave; therefore, once an employee accumulates a total of twenty (20) days of unused sick leave, that employee will not accrue additional sick leave until the month in which some of his/her days of accumulated sick leave is used.
- 5. If an employee uses six (6) or more consecutive days of sick leave, a certificate from a practicing physician explaining the nature of the qualifying reason for absence and confirming the need to use sick leave must be submitted to the employee's supervisor on behalf of the employee. This certificate will be routed to the Chief Deputy or the Fiscal Administrator and then be placed in the employee's personnel file.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

- 6. Employees will not be paid for any accrued or accumulated unused sick leave remaining at the time of separation from employment.
- 7. Once all accrued and accumulated sick leave has been exhausted, an employee may utilize any other accrued paid leave in the event of a qualifying reason for absence under sick leave.

Vacation Policy

8. All full-time employees shall earn vacation leave according to his/her full-time employment service with the department as outlined in the following chart:

After 6 months, but less than 1 year	5 days
l through 4 years	10 days
5 through 9 years	13 days
10 or more years	15 days

9. All vacation leave must be scheduled with the employee's supervisor prior to reaching December 31st of each year. Vacation leave may be taken in any full day increment as approved by the supervisor. The supervisor retains the authority to make adjustments or cancel vacation leave as necessary to ensure adequate personnel are on duty at all times. All vacation leave must be taken prior to the end of the calendar year. No vacation leave may be carried over to another year unless the immediate supervisor has prevented an employee from taking the time off due to scheduling problems that prevented the employee from taking the vacation leave off in a timely manner.

M. RESTRICTED NET POSITION

For government-wide statement of net position, net positions are reported as restricted when constraints placed on net position use either:

- 1. externally imposed by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or
- 2. imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

N. EXTRAORDINARY AND SPECIAL ITEMS

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events within the control of the sheriff, which are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence.

O. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures in the fund that is reimbursed. Nonrecurring or non-routine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transactions are reported as transfers.

P. SALES TAX

The Beauregard Parish Sheriff receives a parish wide one-half cent sales tax. The sales tax is to be used toward the payment of salaries and benefits of deputies. The sales tax is a ten year tax with an expiration date of October 1, 2024.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

Q. ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, expenditures, and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

R. FUND BALANCES

Nonspendable

The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash, for example, inventories and prepaid amounts. As for the Beauregard Parish Sheriff, the nonspendable fund balance consists of prepaid amounts of insurance premiums.

Restricted

Amounts that are restricted to specific purposes should be reported as *restricted fund balance*. Fund balance should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either:

- a. Externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributions, or laws or regulations of other governments; or
- b. Imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unassigned

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

S. PENSIONS

Financial reporting information pertaining to the Sheriff's participation in the Sheriff's Pension and Relief Fund is prepared in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board "GASB" Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, as amended by GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date, which have been adopted by the Sheriff for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

The fiduciary net position, as well as additions to and deductions from the fiduciary net position, of the Sheriff's Pension and Relief Fund have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Sheriff's Pension and Relief Fund. The financial statements were prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Member and employer contributions are recognized when due, pursuant to formal commitments and statutory requirements. Benefits and refunds of employee contributions are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the statutes governing the Sheriff's Pension and Relief Fund. Expenses are recognized when the liability is incurred, regardless of when payment is made. Investments are reported at fair value on a trade date basis. The fiduciary net position is reflected in the measurement of the Sheriff's proportionate share of the plans net pension liability, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense.

T. RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENT

In January 2017, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) approved Statement No. 84. "Fiduciary Activities." GASB Statement No. 84 establishes general criteria for determining when a governmental unit has a fiduciary role for managing certain types of assets. GASB No. 84 replaces *agency funds* with *custodial funds*, which generally are used to report fiduciary activities that are not held in a trust or equivalent arrangement that meets specific criteria. The provisions of GASB Statement No. 84 must be implemented by the Sheriff for periods beginning after December 15, 2018, with earlier application encouraged. The effect of implementation of this statement on the Sheriff's financial statements has not yet been determined.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

2. LEVIED TAXES

The sheriff levies taxes on real and business personal property located within the boundaries of the Parish. Property taxes are levied by the sheriff on property values assessed by the Beauregard Parish Tax Assessor and approved by the State of Louisiana Tax Commission.

The Beauregard Parish Sheriff and Ex-Officio Tax Collector bills and collects property taxes for the sheriff. Collections are remitted to the sheriff monthly. The sheriff recognizes property tax revenues when levied.

Property Tax Calendar					
Assessment date	January 1, 2022				
Levy date	June 30, 2022				
Tax bills mailed	October 15, 2022				
Total taxes are due	December 31, 2022				
Penalties & interest due	January 31, 2023				
Lien date	January 31, 2023				
Tax sale	May 15, 2023				

For the year ended June 30, 2023, taxes of 16.49 mills were levied on property with an assessed valuation totaling \$337,800,497, and were dedicated as follows:

	Authorized	Levied	Expiration
	Millage	Millage	Date
Law Enforcement	6.46	6.46	December 31, 2023
Law Enforcement	10.03	10.03	Perpetual

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. Property taxes are collected and remitted by the local sheriff, if taxes are not paid, a sheriff's sale is held and the property is sold to satisfy the taxes due on that property. Due to this, the majority, if not all property taxes are collected, any allowance account would be immaterial; therefore, one has not been established.

The following is the principal taxpayer and related ad valorem tax revenue for the sheriff:

			% of Total	A	d Valorem
		Assessed	Assessed	Ta	ıx Revenue
Taxpayer	Type of Business	Valuation	Valuation	f	or Sheriff
Boise Packaging & Newsprint, L.L.C.	Forestry and paper mill	\$ 38,853,076	11.50%	\$	640,687
Cheniere Creole Trail Pipeline	Oil and gas	22,101,210	6.54%		364,449
DTE Leap Gas Gathering	Oil and gas	19,900,157	5.89%		328,154
		\$ 80,854,443	23.93%	\$	1,333,290

3. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

At June 30, 2023, the sheriff has cash and cash equivalents (book balances) totaling \$18,704,755 as follows:

Interest bearing demand deposits	\$ 11,052
NOW accounts	13,965,772
Demand deposits	470,129
Petty cash	400
Money market investment accounts	2,784,100
Time deposits	1,473,302
Total	\$ 18,704,755

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

The cash and cash equivalents of the Beauregard Parish Sheriff are subject to the following risk:

Custodial Credit Risk: Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the government will not be able to recover its deposits. Under state law, these deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal or exceed the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties. Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1229 imposes a statutory requirement on the custodial bank to advertise and sell the pledged securities within 10 days of being notified by the Sheriff that the fiscal agent bank has failed to pay deposited funds upon demand.

Further, Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1224 states that securities held by a third party shall be deemed to be held in the Sheriff's name.

At June 30, 2022, the Sheriff has \$19,014,681 in deposits (collected bank balances). These deposits are secured from risk by \$1,072,366 of federal deposit insurance and \$17,942,315 of pledged securities held by an unaffiliated bank of the pledgor bank. These pledged securities are deemed by law to be under the control and possession and in the name of the Sheriff and deposits are therefore properly collateralized.

4. RECEIVABLES

The receivables of \$1,294,264 at June 30, 2023 are as follows:

	C	General	Pro	prietary	Fi	duciary	
Class of receivable		Fund		Fund		Funds	Total
Taxes:							
Ad valorem	\$	18,974	S	-	\$	-	\$ 18,974
Sales and use fee		56,270		-		-	56,270
Payroll		10,558		-		-	10,558
Intergovernmental - grants:							
Federal		141,342		-		-	141,342
State		765,332		-		-	765,332
Accounts		264,397		6,575		19,613	290,585
Occupational license		8,873		-		-	8,873
Others		1,514		-		816	2,330
Total	\$ 1.	,267,260	S	6,575	\$	20,429	\$ 1,294,264

5. PAYABLES

The payables of \$875,581 at June 30, 2023 are as follows:

	(General	Pro	prietary	
Class of Payable		Fund		Fund	Total
Accounts payable	\$	872,095	\$	1,851	\$ 873,946
Payroll deductions payable		1,635		-	1,635
Total	\$	873,730	\$	1,851	\$ 875,581

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

6. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets and depreciation activity as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023 for the primary government is as follows:

	1	Beginning Balance]	ncrease	D	ecrease		Ending Balance
Governmental activities:								
Capital assets not being depreciated								
Work in progress				152,622		-		152,622
Capital assets being depreciated								
Appliances	\$	30,983	\$	-	\$	-	\$	30,983
Buildings		1,104,558		2,980		-		1,107,538
Communications		667,158		356,958		-		1,024,116
Computers		862,482		58,817		-		921,299
Criminal equipment		368,539		-		-		368,539
Firearms		63,812		-		-		63,812
Furniture		154,849		-		-		154,849
Office equipment		58,549		-		-		58,549
Photography		137,259		-		-		137,259
Vehicles		2,044,465		362,001		89,548		2,316,918
Total capital assets being depreciated	S	5,492,654	\$	780,756	\$	89,548	\$	6,183,862
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Appliances	S	30,983	S	-	S	-	S	30,983
Buildings		680,441		31,776		-		712,217
Communications		663,417		3,530		-		666,947
Computers		764,889		38,477		-		803,366
Criminal equipment		341,255		1,268		-		342,523
Firearms		63,709		103		-		63,812
Furniture		154,849		-		-		154,849
Office equipment		53,245		2,448		-		55,693
Photography		72,862		17,300		-		90,162
Vehicles		1,615,090		179,095		89,044		1,705,141
Total accumulated depreciation	S	4,440,740	S	273,997	S	89,044	S	4,625,693
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$	1,051,914	<u>s</u>	506,759	_\$	(504)	<u>\$</u>	1,558,169

Depreciation expense of \$273,997 for the year ended June 30, 2023, was charged to the following governmental functions:

Public safety	\$ 266,843
General administration	 7,154
Total	 273.997

7. CONSTRUCTION COMMITMENTS

The Sheriff had active construction projects as of June 30, 2023. The Sheriff had renovations to the Training Center and the Ragley substation as follows:

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

Project		Spent to Date			Remaining Commitment	
Training Center Renovations	\$ 37,643			\$	322,600	
Ragley Substation Renovations	114,979			1,028,086		
INVESTED IN CAPITAL ASSETS - NI	ET					
Capital assets not being depreciate	ed	\$	152	.,622		
Capital assets being depreciated			6,183			
Total capital assets			6,336	5,484		
Less: Accumulated depreciation		\$	(4,625	5,693)		

9. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES

Net investment in capital assets

The following due to/from balances exists due to payments made out of one fund that relate to the other fund. The balance in each respective due to/from account is expected to be paid within the current year.

			Spe	ecial	Pro	prietary				
	Gene	ral Fund	Reven	ue Fund	I	Fund	Age	ncy Funds	•	Totals
Due to	\$	-	\$	1	\$	78	\$	29,718	\$	29,797
Due from		27,771		-		1,948		78		29,797

\$ 1,710,791

10. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

8.

	7	Transfer in		ransfer out
Sales tax fund	<u> </u>	-	S	4,267,000
General fund		4,267,259		-
Agency funds		-		259
Total	\$	4,267,259	\$	4,267,259

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, and to (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in other funds to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

11. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is a summary of the long-term obligation transactions for the year ended June 30, 2023.

	OPEB Liability		et Pension bility (Asset)		Total
	 Liability	Lia	onity (Asset)		10(a)
Long-term obligations					
at beginning of year	\$ 9,407,064	\$	(389,506)	\$	9,017,558
Additions	826,957		7,580,129		8,407,086
Reductions	 (288,831)		(721,885)		(1,010,716)
Long-term obligations				<u> </u>	_
at end of year	 9,945,190	\$	6,468,738	_\$_	16,413,928

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

The following is a summary of the current (due in one year or less) and the long-term (due in more than one year) portions of long-term obligations as of June 30, 2023.

		OPEB	N	let Pension	
	I	Liability	Lia	bility (Asset)	 Total
Current portion	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Long-term portion		9,945,190		6,468,738	16,413,928
Total	\$	9,945,190	\$	6,468,738	\$ 16,413,928

12. PENSION PLAN

Sheriffs' Pension and Relief Fund

Substantially all employees of the Beauregard Parish Sheriff's Office are members of the Louisiana Sheriffs' Pension and Relief Fund (System), a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by a separate board of trustees.

The System issues an annual publicly available financial statement and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to the Louisiana Sheriffs' Pension and Relief Fund, PO Box 3163. Monroe, Louisiana 71220, or by calling (318) 362-3191.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

The Sheriffs' Pension and Relief Fund prepares its employer schedules in accordance with Governmental Accounting Statement No. 68 – *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No.* 27. GASB Statement No. 68 established standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expenses/expenditures. It provides methods and assumptions that should be used to project benefit payments, discount projected benefit payments to their actuarial present value, and attribute that present value to periods of employee service. It also provides methods to calculate participating employer's proportionate share of net pension liability, deferred inflows, deferred outflows, pension expense, and amortization periods for deferred inflows and deferred outflows.

Basis of Accounting

The Sheriffs' Pension and Relief Fund's employer schedules were prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Employer contributions, for which the employer allocations are based, are recognized in the period in which the employee is compensated for services performed.

Fund Employees

The Fund is not allocated a proportionate share of the net pension liability related to its employees. The net pension liability attributed to the Fund's employees is allocated to the remaining employers based on their respective employer allocation percentage.

Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Plan fiduciary net position is a significant component of the Fund's collective net pension liability. The Fund's plan fiduciary net position was determined using the accrual basis of accounting. The Fund's assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses were recorded with the use of estimates and assumptions in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Such estimates primarily relate to unsettled transactions and events as of the date of the financial statements and estimates over the determination of the fair market value of the Fund's investments. Accordingly, actual results may differ from estimated amounts.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

Pension Amount Netting

The deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources attributable to differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments recorded in different years are netted to report only a deferred outflow or a deferred inflow on the schedule of pension amounts. The remaining categories of deferred outflows and deferred inflows are not presented on a net basis.

PLAN DESCRIPTION

The Sheriffs' Pension and Relief Fund (Fund) is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established in accordance with the provisions of Louisiana Revised Statute 11:2171 to provide retirement, disability and survivor benefits to employees of sheriff's offices throughout the State of Louisiana, employees of the Louisiana Sheriffs' Association, and the Sheriffs' Pension and Relief Fund's office.

Retirement Benefits

For members who become eligible for membership on or before December 31, 2011, members with twelve years of creditable service may retire at age fifty-five; members with thirty years of service may retire regardless of age. The retirement allowance is equal to three and one-third percent of the member's average final compensation multiplied by his years of creditable service, not to exceed (after reduction for optional payment form) 100% of average final compensation. Active, contributing members with at least ten years of creditable service may retire at age sixty. The accrued normal retirement benefit is reduced actuarially for each month or fraction thereof that retirement begins prior to the member's earliest normal retirement date assuming continuous service.

For members whose first employment made them eligible for membership in the system beginning on or after January 1, 2012, members with twelve years of creditable service may retire at age sixty-two; members with twenty years of service may retire at age sixty; members with thirty years of creditable service may retire at age fifty-five. The benefit accrual rate for such members with less than thirty years of service is three percent; for members with thirty or more years of service the accrual rate is three and one-third percent. The retirement allowance is equal to the benefit accrual rate times the member's average final compensation multiplied by his years of creditable service, not to exceed (after reduction for optional payment form) 100% of average final compensation. Members with twenty or more years of service may retire with a reduced retirement at age fifty.

For members whose first employment made them eligible for membership in the system beginning on or before June 30, 2006, final average compensation is based on the average monthly earnings during the highest thirty-six consecutive months or joined months if service was interrupted. The earnings to be considered for each twelvementh period within the thirty-six month period shall not exceed 125% of the preceding twelve-month period.

For members whose first employment made them eligible for membership in the system beginning after June 30, 2006 and before July 1, 2013, final average compensation is based on the average monthly earnings during the highest sixty consecutive months or joined months if service was interrupted. The earnings to be considered for each twelve-month period within the sixty-month period shall not exceed 125% of the preceding twelve-month period.

For members whose first employment made them eligible for membership in the system beginning on or after July 1, 2013, final average compensation is based on the average monthly earnings during the highest sixty consecutive months or joined months if service was interrupted. The earnings to be considered for each twelve-month period within the sixty-month period shall not exceed 115% of the preceding twelve-month period.

Disability Benefits

Members are eligible to receive disability benefits if they have at least ten years of creditable service when a non-service related disability is incurred; there are no service requirements for a service related disability. Disability benefits shall be the lesser of 1) a sum equal to the greatest of 45% of final average compensation or the member's accrued retirement benefit at the time of termination of employment due to disability, or 2) the retirement benefit which would be payable assuming continued service to the earliest normal retirement age. Members who become partially disabled receive 75% of the amount payable for total disability.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

Survivor Benefits

Survivor benefits for death solely as a result of injuries received in the line of duty are based on the following. For a spouse alone, a sum equal to 50% of the member's final average compensation with a minimum of \$150 per month. If a spouse is entitled to benefits and has a child or children under eighteen years of age (or over said age if physically or mentally incapacitated and dependent upon the member at the time of his death), an additional sum of 15% of the member's final average compensation is paid to each child with total benefits paid to spouse and children not to exceed 100%. If a member dies with no surviving spouse, surviving children under age eighteen will receive monthly benefits of 15% of the member's final average compensation up to a maximum of 60% of final average compensation if there are more than four children. If a member is eligible for normal retirement at the time of death, the surviving spouse receives an automatic Option 2 benefit. The additional benefit payable to children shall be the same as those available for members who die in the line of duty. In lieu of receiving Option 2 benefit, the surviving spouse may receive a refund of the member's accumulated contributions. All benefits payable to surviving children shall be extended through age twenty-three, if the child is a full time student in good standing and enrolled at a board approved or accredited school, college, or university.

Deferred Benefits

The Fund does provide for deferred benefits for vested members who terminate before being eligible for retirement. Benefits become payable once the member reaches the appropriate age for retirement.

Back Deferred Retirement Option Plan (Back-DROP)

In lieu of receiving a service retirement allowance, any member of the Fund who has more than sufficient service for a regular service retirement may elect to receive a "Back-DROP" benefit. The Back-DROP benefit is based upon the Back-DROP period selected and the final average compensation prior to the period selected. The Back-DROP period is the lesser of three years or the service accrued between the times a member first becomes eligible for retirement and his actual date of retirement. For those individuals with thirty or more years, the Back-DROP period is the lesser of four years or service accrued between the times a member first becomes eligible for retirement and his actual date of retirement, the member's maximum monthly retirement benefit is based upon his service, final average compensation, and plan provisions in effect on the last day of creditable service immediately prior to the commencement of the Back-DROP period. In addition to the monthly benefit at retirement, the member receives a lump-sum payment equal to the maximum monthly benefit as calculated above multiplied by the number of months in the Back-DROP period. In addition, the member's Back-DROP account will be credited with employee contributions received by the retirement fund during the Back-DROP period. Participants have the option to opt out of this program and take a distribution, if eligible, or to rollover the assets to another qualified plan.

Cost-of-Living Adjustments

Cost-of-living provisions for the Fund allows the board of trustees to provide an annual cost of living increase of 2.5% of the eligible retiree's original benefit if certain funding criteria are met. Members are eligible to receive a cost-of-living adjustment once they have attained the age of sixty and have been retired at least one year. Funding criteria for granting cost-of-living adjustments is dependent on the funded ratio.

Funding Policy - Plan members are required by statute to contribute 10.25 percent of their annual covered salary and the Beauregard Parish Sheriff is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 11.50 percent of annual covered payroll. Contributions to the System also include one-half of one percent of the taxes shown to be collectible by the tax rolls of each parish and funds as required and available from insurance premium taxes. The contribution requirements of plan members and the Beauregard Parish Sheriff are established and may be amended by state statute. As provided by Louisiana Revised Statute 11:103, the employer contributions are determined by actuarial valuation and are subject to change each year based on the results of the valuation for the prior fiscal year. The Beauregard Parish Sheriff's contributions to the System for the years ending June 30, 2023, 2022, and 2021 were \$721,885, \$723,220, and \$701.489, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

In accordance with state statute, the Fund receives ad valorem taxes, insurance premium taxes and state revenue sharing funds. These additional sources of income are used as employer contributions and are considered support from non-employer contributing entities, but are not considered special funding situations. Non-employer contributions are recognized as revenue and excluded from pension expense for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2023, the Sheriff reported a liability of \$6,468,738 for its proportionate share of net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Sheriff's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Sheriff's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating Sheriffs, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2022 the Sheriff's proportion was .795872%, which was an increase of .009864% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the Sheriff recognized pension expense of \$1,316,148 plus employer's amortization of change in proportionate share and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions of \$97,496. At June 30, 2023, the Sheriff recognized deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual				
experience	\$	297,569	\$	321,407
Changes of assumptions		966,230		-
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on pension plan investments		2,800,556		-
Changes in proportion and differences between				
Sheriff's contributions and proportionate				
share of contributions		24,816		1,449
Differences between employer and proportionate				
share of contributions		264,933		39,207
Sheriff's contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date		721,885		-
Total	\$	5,075,989	\$	362,063

The \$721,885 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Sheriff's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2024	\$ 1,097,677
2025	886,647
2026	488,564
2027	 1,519,153
Total	\$ 3,992,041

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The net pension liability was measured as the portion of the present value of projected benefit payments to be provided through the pension plan to current active and inactive employees that is attributed to those employees' past periods of service. less the amount of the pension plan's fiduciary net position.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

The components of the net pension liability of the Sheriff as of June 30, 2022 are as follows:

Total Pension Liability	\$ 40,171,835
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	(33,703,097)
Total Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 6,468,738

A summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used in determining the total pension liability as of June 30, 2021 are as follows:

Valuation Date June 30, 2022

Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry Age Normal Method

Actuarial Assumptions:

Investment Rate of Return 6.85%, net of pension plan investment expense; including inflation

Discount Rate 6.85%

Projected Salary Increases 5.00% (2.50% Inflation, 2.50% Merit)

Mortality Rates Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Table for Safety Below-

Median Employees multiplied by 120% for males and 115% for females for active members, each with full generational projection

using the appropriate MP2019 scale.

Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Table for Safety Below-Median Healthy Retirees multiplied by 120% for males and 115% for females for annuitants and beneficiaries, each with full generational

projection using the appropriate MP2019 scale.

Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Table for Safety Disabled Retirees multiplied by 120% for males and 115% for females for disabled retirees, each with full generational projection

using the appropriate MP2019 scale.

Expected Remaining

Service Lives 2022 - 5 years

2021 – 5 years 2020 – 6 years 2019 – 6 years 2018 – 6 years 2017 – 7 years

2016 - 7 years

Cost of Living Adjustments

The present value of future retirement benefits is based on benefits

currently being paid by the Fund and includes previously granted cost of living increases. The present values do not include provisions for potential future increases not yet authorized by the Board of Trustees as they were deemed not to be substantively automatic.

The mortality rate assumptions were set after reviewing an experience study performed over the period July 1, 2014 through June 30, 2019. The data was then assigned credibility weighting and combined with a standard table to produce current levels of mortality. The mortality was then projected forward to a period equivalent to the estimated duration of the Fund's liabilities. Annuity values calculated based on this mortality were compared to

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

those produced by using a setback of standard tables. The result of the procedure indicated that these tables would produce liability values approximating the appropriate generational mortality tables used.

The long-term expected real rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class based on the Fund's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2022, are summarized in the following table:

	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return						
			Long-term				
		Real Return	Expected				
	Target Asset	Arithmetic	Portfolio Real				
Asset Class	Allocation	Basis	Rate of Return				
Equity Securities	62.00%	6.61%	4.10%				
Fixed income	25.00%	4.92%	1.23%				
Alternative Investments	13.00%	6.54%	0.85%				
Totals	100.00%		6.18%				
Inflation			2.25%				
Expected Arithmetic Nominal Return			8.43%				

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.85%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and those contributions from participating employers and non-employer contributing entities will be made at the actuarially determined rates approved by PRSAC taking into consideration the recommendation of the Fund's actuary. Based on those assumptions, the Fund's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity to Changes in Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the Sheriff calculated using the discount rate of 6.85%, as well as what the Sheriff's net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower 5.85% or one percentage point higher 7.85% than the current rate, as of June 30, 2022:

	Changes in Discount Rate:							
		1.00%		Discount		1.00%		
	Decrease		Rate		Increase			
		5.85%	5% 6.85%			7.85%		
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	11,454,705	\$	6,468,738	\$	2,311,314		

State of Louisiana, Public Employees Deferred Compensation Plan

The Sheriff offers membership in the State of Louisiana, Public Employees Deferred Compensation Plan, a qualified retirement plan under section 457 of the Internal Revenue Code administered by Great West Life and Annuity Insurance Company.

The Louisiana Deferred Compensation Plan provides state, parish and municipal employees with the opportunity to invest money on a before-tax basis, using payroll deduction. Participants defer federal and state income tax on their contributions. In addition, interest or earnings on the account accumulates tax-deferred. Participants may join the plan with as little as \$10 per pay period, \$20 per month, and contribute up to 100% of taxable compensation, not to

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

exceed \$20,500 and \$20,500 per calendar years for 2022 and 2023, respectively. Additionally, if age 50 or older an additional amount may be deferred (up to \$6,500 and \$7,500 per calendar years 2022 and 2023 respectively) above the annual deferral limit.

A special "catch-up" provision may be used to invest an amount determined by using a special formula per year for three years prior to retirement. Any amount excluded from gross income through salary reduction under a 403(b) annuity, a 401(k) profit-sharing plan or a Simplified Employee Pension (SEP) is to be treated as amounts deferred under this deferred compensation plan. Participants joining the Plan may choose the amount to contribute and the investment option(s). They may revise their choice at any time, transfer monies to other available investment options and may increase, decrease or stop deferrals any time. The Plan offers both a guaranteed option and variable investment options, from which participants may select a fund or combination of funds to satisfy their personal investment objectives. Each of the funds has independent investment objectives and utilizes different investment strategies. With the exception of the Great-West Guaranteed Fund, the remaining investment options are variable in nature. Values of the variable options are not guaranteed as to a fixed dollar amount and may increase or decrease according to the investment experience of the underlying portfolio. The expense to administer the Plan is borne by all participants. The administrative fee is .85% and is assessed on each of the options selected. The variable options also have investment management fees that vary based upon the option chosen. Both the administrative and investment management fees are calculated and deducted daily on a pro-rata basis. There are no annual contract charges or transaction charges. At retirement, 100% of the account value will be applied to any of the following settlement options chosen. These options include among others:

- Periodic payment
- Payments over your lifetime
- Payments for a specific time or amount
- Joint and survivor benefits
- Lump-sum payment
- Any combination of the above options

The Plan is administered by Great-West Life and Annuity Insurance Company; 2237 South Acadian Thruway Suite 702; Baton Rouge, LA 70808; (800) 937-7604 or (225) 926-8086.

13. POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE AND LIFE INSURANCE BENEFITS

General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan description – The Beauregard Parish Sheriff's Office (the Sheriff) provides certain continuing health care and life insurance benefits for its retired employees. The Beauregard Parish Sheriff's Office's OPEB Plan (the OPEB Plan) is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the Sheriff. The authority to establish and/or amend the obligation of the employer, employees and retirees rests with the Sheriff. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification Section P52 Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions—Reporting For Benefits Not Provided Through Trusts That Meet Specified Criteria—Defined Benefit.

Benefits Provided – Benefits are provided through comprehensive plans and are made available to employees upon actual retirement. Employees retirement eligibility (D.R.O.P. entry) provisions are as follows: attainment of 30 years of service at any age, or age 55 and 12 years of service if earlier; or, for employees hired after January 1st, 2012, the earliest of age 55 and 30 years of service, age 60 and 20 years of service, and age 62 with 12 years of service. Notwithstanding this, there is a minimum service requirement of 15 years for benefits.

Life insurance coverage is provided to retirees and 100% of the blended rate (active and retired) is paid by the employer for the amount \$10,000. The amount of insurance coverage while active is continued after retirement, but insurance coverage amounts are reduced to 75% of the original amount of age 65, then to 50% at age 70, though not below amount \$10,000.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

Employees covered by benefit terms – As of the measurement date June 30, 2023, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees currently receiving benefit payments	38
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	-
Active employees	123
	161

Total OPEB Liability

The Sheriff's total OPEB liability is \$9,945,190 as of the measurement date June 30, 2023, the end of the fiscal year.

Actuarial Assumptions and other inputs – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Valuation date	July 1, 2021
Prior measurement date	June 30, 2022
Measurement date	June 30, 2023
Actuarial cost method	Individual Entry Age Normal
Amortization method	Level dollar
Amortization period	Average remaining service life of actives and retirees
Inflation	3.0%
Healthcare trend	5.5% annually until year 2032, then 4.5%
Salary increases	3.0%, annually
Prior discount rate	3.54%
Discount rate	3.65% annually which is the Bond Buyer 20-Bond General Obligation
	Index on the Measurement Date. The 20-Bond Index consists of 20
	general obligation bonds that mature in 20 years.
Retirement rates for sample ages	Retirement is assumed to occur when eligible and after 25 years of
	service, or 4 years after D.R.O.P. entry if later.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2023 valuation were based on the results of ongoing evaluations of the assumptions from July 1, 2009 to June 30, 2023.

SOA RP-2014 table Combined Mortality Table

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Mortality

Balance at June 30, 2022	\$ 9,407,064
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	233,935
Interest cost at 3.54%	337,151
Differences between expected and actual experience	420,957
Changes in assumptions	(165,086)
Benefit payments and employer retirement premiums paid	(288,831)
Net changes	\$ 538,126
Balance at June 30, 2023	\$ 9,945,190

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Sheriff, as well as what the Sheriff's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.54%) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.54%) than the current discount rate:

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

			Current			
	1.0	1.00% Decrease Discount Rate (2.65%) (3.65%)		scount Rate	1.0	00% Increase
				(3.65%)	(4.65%)	
Total OPEB liability	\$	11,760,363	<u> </u>	9,945,190	\$	8,516,085

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Sheriff, as well as what the Sheriff's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (4.5%) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.5%) than the current healthcare trend rates:

	1.00	1.00% Decrease		rrent Trend	1.00% Increase			
		(4.50%)		(5.50%)		(6.50%)		
Total OPEB liability	\$	8,647,968	\$	9,945,190	\$	11,593,731		

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the Sheriff recognized OPEB expense of \$288,831. At June 30, 2023, the Sheriff reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		red Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	-\$	360,820	\$	_	
Changes in assumptions		-		141,502	
Total	\$	360,820	\$	141,502	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2024	\$ 36,553
2025	36,553
2026	36,553
2027	36,553
2028	36,553
Thereafter	36,553

14. TAXES PAID UNDER PROTEST

The net position held for others in the agency funds at June 30, 2023, as reflected on Statement J, include \$1,774,173 of taxes paid under protest along with interest earned to date on the investment of these funds. These funds are held pending resolution of the protest and are accounted for in the Tax Collection Agency Fund.

15. RESTRICTED FUND BALANCES

The sales tax fund had \$1,020.978 of restricted fund balance as of June 30, 2023. The fund balance is restricted by a ten year sales tax proposition passed by the voters of the parish with an expiration date of October 1, 2024.

16. OPIOID FUND BALANCE

The opioid fund had \$44,507 of restricted fund balance as of June 30, 2023. The fund balance is restricted to expenditures for the training and equipment to combat the opioid crisis.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

17. EX-OFFICIO TAX COLLECTOR

The amount of cash on hand at year end was \$1,863,413. The unsettled balances of the Tax Collector Fund at June 30, 2023 consist of the following:

Ad valorem taxes	\$ 1,645,636
Refunds	1,011
Sales taxes	 235,253
Total	\$ 1,881.900

The amount of ad valorem taxes collected for the current year by taxing authority was as follows:

Beauregard Parish School Board	S	18,890,014
Beauregard Parish Police Jury		9,908,108
Beauregard Parish Library		2,665,881
Beauregard Parish Assessor		1,575,750
Beauregard Parish Sheriff		5,692,445
Louisiana Department of Agriculture and Forestry		46,156
Beauregard Parish Waterworks District No. 2		607,132
Beauregard Parish Fire District No. 1		599,747
Beauregard Parish Fire District No. 3		445,067
City of DeRidder		912,487
Town of Merryville		23,793
Beauregard Parish Waterworks District No. 5		72,346
Beauregard Parish Waterworks District No. 6		99,926
Louisiana Tax Commission		41,259
Total	\$	41,580,111

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the ad valorem taxes assessed and uncollected were due to movable property and the amounts are as follows:

					Pending		Change		
	Uncollectible		Bankruptcy		Payment		Order		Total
Beauregard Parish Police Jury	\$	3,407	\$	257	\$	-	S	-	\$ 3,664
Beauregard Parish School Board		9,520		1,285		-		-	10,805
Beauregard Parish Assessor		808		109		-		-	917
Beauregard Parish Library		1,366		184		-		-	1,550
Beauregard Parish Sheriff		2,870		387		-		-	3,257
Beauregard Parish Waterworks									
District No. 6		553		-		-		-	553
Beauregard Parish Fire District No. 1		776		-		-		-	776
Beauregard Parish Fire District No. 3		28		-		-		-	28
City of DeRidder		-		245		-		-	245
Beauregard Parish Waterworks									
District No. 2		1,893		-		-		-	1,893
Total	\$	21,221	\$	2,467	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 23,688

Notes to the Financial Statements (Concluded)

The Beauregard Parish Sheriff collects and distributes sales taxes for the following governments:

	Total Collections	Collection Cost	Final Distribution
Beauregard Parish School Board	\$ 16,782,314	\$ 48,488	\$ 16,733,826
(Outside all corporate limits 2.00%)			
(Inside DeRidder city limits 2.00%)			
(Inside Merryville city limits 1.00%)			
Beauregard Parish Policy Jury	10,794,785	27,750	10,767,035
(Outside all corporate limits 2.25%)			
(Inside DeRidder city limits .25%)			
(Inside Merryville city limits .25%)			
Beauregard Parish Sheriff (.50%)	4,269,471	12,207	4,257,264
City of DeRidder (2.25%)	9,064,008	26,990	9,037,018
Town of Merryville (3.25%)	574,708	516_	574,192
Total	\$ 41,485,286	\$ 115,951	\$ 41,369,335

The Beauregard Parish Sheriff collects and distributes occupational licenses for the following governments:

	Total		
	C	ollections	
Beauregard Parish Policy Jury	\$	297,714	
City of DeRidder		605,315	
Town of Merryville		40,118	
Total	\$	943,147	

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts				Budget to Actual differences over			
		Original		Final	Ac	tual Amount		(under)
Revenues		_		_				
Taxes:								
Ad valorem	\$	5,000,000	\$	5,670,000	\$	5,739,040	\$	69,040
Intergovernmental:								
Federal grants		222,500		276,600		361,678		85,078
State grants		405,000		521,255		25,255		(496,000)
Local grants		57,000		93,000		74,163		(18,837)
State supplemental pay		-		-		491,301		491,301
Fees, charges and								
commissions for services		2,802,000		2,733,500		3,105,032		371,532
Investment income		10,000		16,000		15,693		(307)
Miscellaneous		500		36,000		931		(35,069)
Total revenues	\$	8,497,000	\$	9,346,355	\$	9,813,093	\$	466,738
Expenditures								
General government								
Tax collector	\$	305,000	\$	290,000	\$	285,303	\$	4,697
Public Safety								
Administrative		785,000		762,000		760,470		1,530
Community services		400,000		467,000		239,033		227,967
Civil services		465,000		459,000		459,465		(465)
Criminal investigation		5,469,500		5,026,000		5,040,298		(14,298)
Custody of prisoners		3,158,000		3,132,000		3,076,399		55,601
Communications		725,500		918,000		800,480		117,520
Automotive services		1,000,000		1,057,000		681,203		375,797
Capital outlay		-		- -		933,378		(933,378)
Total expenditures	\$	12,308,000	\$	12,111,000	\$	12,276,029	\$	(165,029)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures	\$	(3,811,000)	_\$_	(2,764,645)	\$	(2,462,936)	_\$	301,709
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in	\$	3,801,000	\$	4,267,000	\$	4,267,259	\$	259
Insurance proceeds		-		-		257,425		257,425
Sale of assets		10,000		23,500		23,564		64
Total other financing sources (uses)	_\$	3,811,000	_\$_	4,290,500	_\$_	4,548,248		257,748
Net change in fund balance	\$	-	\$	1,525,855	\$	2,085,312	\$	559,457
Fund balances at beginning of year		8,057,954		13,201,870		13,201,870		-
Fund balances at end of year	\$	8,057,954		14,727.725	\$	15,287,182		559,457

Special Revenue Fund Sales Tax Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Budgeted	Amou	ınts			_	et to Actual fferences
		Original		Final	Ac	tual Amount	Ove	er (Under)
Revenues Taxes:	0	2 000 000	•	4.250.000	0	4 200 424	0	20.424
Sales Investment income	\$	3,800,000 1,000	\$ 	4,250,000 17,000	\$	4.289.424 17,010	\$	39,424 10
Total revenues	_\$_	3,801,000		4,267,000		4,306,434	\$	39,434
Expenditures General government			\$		\$		\$	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		3,801,000		4,267,000	\$	4,306,434	\$	39,434
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers out	\$	(3,801,000)	_\$_	(4,267,000)	\$	4,267,000	\$	
Net change in fund balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$	39,434	\$	39,434
Fund balances at beginning of year		915,271		981,544		981,544		<u>-</u>
Fund balances at end of year	\$	915,271	\$	981,544	\$	1,020,978	\$	39,434

Schedule of the Sheriff's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019
Sheriff's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	.659117%	.661954%	.630562%	.671228%	.721692%
Sheriff's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$2,610,107	\$2,950,671	\$4,002,111	\$2,906,601	\$2,767,435
Sheriff's covered-employee payroll	\$4,356,995	\$4,306,436	\$4,649,258	\$4,966,629	\$4,644,890
Sheriff's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll	59.91%	68.52%	86.08%	58.52%	59.58%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (asset)	87.34%	86.60%	82.10%	88.48%	90.41% (Continued)

Schedule of the Sheriff's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2023
Sheriff's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	.718417%	.709793%	.786008%	.795872%
Sheriff's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$3,398,277	\$4,912,586	\$ (389,506)	\$6,468,738
Sheriff's covered-employee payroll	\$5,240,000	\$5,726,441	\$5,903,843	\$6,274,302
Sheriff's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll	64.85%	85.79%	-6,60%	103.10%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (asset)	88.91%	84.73%	101.04%	83.90%

Schedule of the Sheriff's Pension Contributions For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019
Contractually required contribution	\$ 625,413	\$ 592,135	\$ 616,026	\$ 633,319	\$ 568,999
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	625,413	592,135	616,026	633,319	568,999
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$</u> -	\$ -	\$ -	<u>\$</u> -	\$ -
Sheriff's covered-payroll	\$4,356,995	\$4,306,436	\$4,649,258	\$4,966,629	\$4,644,890
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	14.25%	13.75%	13.25%	12.75%	12.25% (Continued)

Schedule of the Sheriff's Pension Contributions For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2023
Contractually required contribution	\$ 641,900	\$ 701,489	\$ 723,220	\$ 721,885
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	641,900	701,489	723,220	721,885
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$</u>	\$ -	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Sheriff's covered-payroll	\$5,240,000	\$5,726,441	\$5,903,843	\$6,274,302
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	12.25%	12.25%	12.25%	11.50%

Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

T - LORD L' L'III	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2022
Total OPEB Liability Service cost Interest	\$ 201,646 287,217	\$ 145,516 284,726	\$ 196,977 290,012	\$ 136,520 231,664	\$ 137,371 242,019
Changes of benefit terms Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	(166,899)	92,639 148,401	(494,430) 2,478,501	521.374 89,877	220,994 (2,055,466)
Benefit payments Net change in total OPEB liability	\$ 60,060	\$ 394,973	\$ 2,226,708	\$ 721.644	\$ (1,728,855)
Total OPEB liability - beginning	\$ 7,732,534	\$ 7,792,594	\$ 8,187,567	\$ 10,414,275	\$ 11,135,919
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ 7,792,594	\$ 8,187,567	\$ 10,414,275	\$ 11,135,919	\$ 9,407,064
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 3,954,761	\$ 4,073,404	\$ 4,213,478	\$ 4,339,882	\$ 5,140,877
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	197.04%	201.00%	247.16%	256.59%	182.99%
Notes to Schedule:					
Benefit Changes	None	None	None	None	None
Changes of Assumptions:					
Discount Rate	3.62%	3.50%	2.21%	2.16%	3.54%
Mortality	RP-2000	RP-2000	RP-2014	RP-2014	RP-2014
Trend	5.50%	5.50%	4.50% to 5.50%	4.50% to 5.50%	4.50% to 5.50% (Continued)

Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		June 30, 2023
Total OPEB Liability		
Service cost	\$	233,935
Interest, cost at 3.54%		337,151
Changes of benefit terms		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		420,957
Changes of assumptions		(165,086)
Benefit payments - Employee retirement premiums paid		(288,831)
Net change in total OPEB liability	\$	538,126
Total OPEB liability - beginning	\$	9,407,064
Total OPEB liability - ending		9,945,190
Covered-employee payroll	\$	5,295,103
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		187.82%
Notes to Schedule:		
Benefit Changes		None
Changes of Assumptions:		
Discount Rate		3,65%
Mortality		RP-2014
Trend	4.5	0% to 5.50%

(Concluded)

OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

Non-major Special Revenue Fund

Opioid Fund – The Opioid Fund is used to deposit funds received from nationwide settlements with manufacturers and pharmacies who participated in the opioid production and distribution. The funds will be used for training and equipment to combat the opioid crisis.

Balance Sheet Non-major Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Op	ioid Fund
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	44,508
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES		
Liabilities: Due to general fund	\$	1
Fund Balances: Restricted	\$	44,507
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	44,508

Statement of Revenues. Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Non-major Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Op	ioid Fund
Revenues Opioid settlement payments	\$	44,507
Expenditures Training and supplies	\$	
Net change in fund balances	\$	44,507
Fund balances at beginning of year		
Fund balances at end of year	\$	44,507

Schedule of Cash on Hand. Taxes Collected for the Current Year and an Itemized Statement of All Taxes Assessed and Uncollected with Explanations of Uncollected Amounts by the Sheriff as the Ex-Officio Tax Collector for the Parish of Beauregard For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Taxes collected as of June 30, 2023

Type of Taxes	Amount	
Ad valorem taxes	\$	41,304,207
Interest on delinquent taxes		26,002
Tax notices/adv/cost		78,330
La Tax Commission Assessment fees		41,259
Prior year taxes		525,613
Payments in lieu of taxes		17,650
State revenue sharing		734,076
Redemptions received		15,128
Sales taxes		41,483,087
Occupational licenses		943,497

Uncollected ad valorem taxes as of June 30, 2023

Parcel Number	Assessed Amount	Reason for failure to collect
1403190200AM	2,437	Uncollectible
160440555OA	3,254	Uncollectible
085614200	170	Uncollectible
0302724390B	124	Uncollectible
1337501040	2,467	Uncollectible
1101065718	310	Uncollectible
1101128642	5,547	Uncollectible
1101065717	6,620	Uncollectible
1201931095	2,759	Uncollectible

STATE OF LOUISIANA, PARISH OF BEAUREGARD

AFFIDAVIT

Mark Herford, Sheriff of Beauregard Parish

BEFORE ME, the undersigned authority, personally came and appeared, Mark Herford, the sheriff of Beauregard Parish, State of Louisiana, who after being duly sworn, deposed and said:

The following information is true and correct:

\$ 1,863,413 is the amount of cash on hand in the tax collector account on June 30, 2023;

He further deposed and said:

All itemized statements of the amount of taxes collected for tax year 2022, by taxing authority, are true and correct.

All itemized statements of all taxes assessed and uncollected, which indicate the reasons for the failure to collect, by taxing authority, are true and correct.

Signature Sheriff of Beauregard

(Commission)

Schedule of Compensation, Benefits and Other Payments to Agency Head For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Agency Head Name - Mark Herford

Purpose	Amount	
Salary	\$	189,811
Benefits - insurance		10,794
Benefits - retirement		48,916
Deferred compensation		14,182
Benefits - other		3,280
Car allowance		-
Vehicle provided by government		Yes
Cell phone		-
Dues		-
Vehicle rental		-
Per diem		285
Reimbursements		-
Travel		-
Registration fees		415
Conference travel		-
Housing		2,020
Unvouchered expenses		-
Special meals		-
Other		-

Beauregard Parish Sheriff LLA Entity ID # 3070 Justice System Funding Schedule -Collecting/Disbursing Entity For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Cash Basis Presentation	First Six Month Period Ended 12/31/2022		Second Six Month Period Ended 6/30/2023	
Beginning Balance of Amounts Collected	\$	484,550	\$	323,749
Collections:				
Civil Fees	\$	646,089	\$	1,639,048
Bond Fees		53,595		65,081
Restitution		2,421		5,323
Criminal Court Costs/Fees		318,096		417,983
Criminal Fines - Other		247,429		331,092
Probation/Parole/Supervision Fees		46,054		42,773
Interest Earned on Collected Balances		129		130
Subtotal Collections	\$	1,313,813	\$	2,501,430
Disbursements to Governments & Nonprofits:				
BPPJ Criminal Court Cost	\$	38,224	\$	60,443
BPPJ Criminal Court Fines	4,	188,105		250,955
BPPJ Probations Fees		46,054		42,773
BPPJ Bond Fees		10,383		12,048
36th Judicial District Indigent Defender Fund-Criminal Court Costs		83,668		101,890
36th Judicial District Indigent Defender Fund-Bond Fees		11,187		13,174
36th Judicial District Chief Judge Criminal Court Costs		9,225		11,340
Brian Lestage Clerk Of Court-Criminal Court Costs		32,928		43,466
Brian Lestage Clerk Of Court-Bond Fees		804		1,126
City Of Deridder-Criminal Court Costs		100		275
Crimestoppers Criminal Court Costs		3,699		4,522
Department Of Public Safety Criminal Court Costs		450		1,216
Dhh/Th/Sci Criminal Court Costs		7,200		8,935
La Commission On Law Enforcement Criminal Court Costs		5,676		7,767
Louisiana Supreme Court-Criminal Court Costs		862		1,025
District Attorney Criminal Court Costs		47,692		60,911
District Attorney Criminal Court Fines		29,625		40,040
District Attorney Restitution		2,421		5,323
District Attorney Bond Fees		13,198		15,989
Southwest Louisiana Criminalistics Lab Criminal Court Costs		70,895		93,030
Southwest Louisiana Criminalistics Lab Bond Fees		804		1,126
Treasurer State Of La-Cmis-Criminal Court Costs		5,547		6,776
Beauregard Parish Clerk Of Court-Civil Fees		15,949		18,091
Allen Parish Sheriff's Office-Civil Fees		360		-
Calcasieu Parish Sheriff's Office-Civil Fees		751		979
Calcasieu Parish Clerk of Court-Civil Fees		-		179
			(0	Continued)

Beauregard Parish Sheriff LLA Entity ID # 3070 Justice System Funding Schedule -Collecting/Disbursing Entity For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Cash Basis Presentation	First Six Month Period Ended 12/31/2022		od Ended Period Ended		
Lafayette Parish Sheriff's Office-Civil Fees		68		-	
Grant Parish Sheriff's Office-Civil Fees		-		47	
Orleans Parish Sheriff's Office-Civil Fees		-		90	
Vernon Parish 30th Judicial Court-Civil Fees		300		31	
Vernon Parish Sheriff's Office-Civil Fees		163		646	
East Baton Rouge Parish Sheriff-Civil Fees		39		_	
Ouachita Parish Sheriff's Office-Civil Fees		66			
Less: Amounts Retained by Collection Agency:					
Mark Herford Sheriff, Criminal Court Costs		9,840	11,974		
Mark Herford Sheriff, Criminal Court Fines		29,699	40,096		
Mark Herford Sheriff-Bond Fees		17,219	21.618		
Mark Herford Sheriff-Interest Earned On Cash Bond Fund		129		130	
Mark Herford Sheriff-Civil Fees		145,255		165,652	
Less: Disbursements to Individuals/3rd Party Collection Processing Agencies:					
Refunds		2,091		4.414	
Other Disbursements To Individuals		643,938		1,449,841	
Subtotal Disbursements/Retainage	\$	1,474,614	\$	2,497,938	
Ending Balance of Amounts Collected but not Disbursed/Retained	\$	323,749	\$	327,241	
Ending Balance of "Partial Payments" Collected but not Disbursed	\$	-	s	-	
•	***************************************		((Concluded)	

Beauregard Parish Sheriff LLA Entity ID # 3070 Justice System Funding Schedule Receiving Entity For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	First Six Month Period Ended 12/31/2022		Second Six Month Period Ended 6/30/2023	
Receipts From:				
Beauregard Parish Sheriff's Office - Criminal Court Costs	\$	9,840	\$	11,974
Beauregard Parish Sheriff's Office - Criminal Court Fines		29,699		40,096
Beauregard Parish Sheriff's Office - Bond Fees		17,219		21,619
Beauregard Parish Sheriff's Office - Civil Fees		145,255		165,652
Beauregard Parish Sheriff's Office - Interest on Collected Deposits		129		130
Subtotal Receipts	\$	202,142	\$	239,471
Ending Balance of Amounts Assessed but not Received	<u> </u>	-	\$	

OTHER REPORTS

Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings Year Ended June 30, 2023

There were no prior year audit findings reported as of June 30, 2022.

Schedule of Current Year Audit Findings and Management's Response Year Ended June 30, 2023

There were no current year audit findings reported as of June 30, 2023.

Windham & Reed, L.L.C.

A Professional Corporation

1620 North Pine Street DeRidder, LA 70634 Tel: (337) 462-3211 Fax: (337) 462-0640 John A. Windham, CPA Charles M. Reed, Jr., CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Mark Herford Sheriff and Ex-Officio Tax Collector Beauregard Parish Sheriff DeRidder, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Beauregard Parish Sheriff as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Beauregard Parish Sheriff's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 13, 2023.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Beauregard Parish Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Beauregard Parish Sheriff's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Beauregard Parish Sheriff's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Beauregard Parish Sheriff's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

John U. Windlam, CPA

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the sheriff's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

DeRidder, Louisiana November 13, 2023

Windham & Reed, L.L.C.

Certified Public Accountants

1620 North Pine Street DeRidder, LA 70634 Tel: (337) 462-3211 Fax: (337) 462-0640 John A. Windham, CPA Charles M. Reed, Jr., CPA

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES

The Honorable Mark Herford Sheriff and Ex-Officio Tax Collector Beauregard Parish Sheriff DeRidder, Louisiana

To the Governing Board of Beauregard Parish Sheriff and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor:

We have performed the procedures enumerated below on the control and compliance (C/C) areas identified in the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's (LLA's) Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures (SAUPs) for the fiscal period July 1, 2022 through June 30, 2023. Beauregard Parish Sheriff's management is responsible for those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs.

Beauregard Parish Sheriff has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate to meet the intended purpose of the engagement, which is to perform specified procedures on the C/C areas identified in LLA's SAUPs for the fiscal period July 1, 2022 through June 30, 2023. Additionally, LLA has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate for its purposes. This report may not be suitable for any other purpose. The procedures performed may not address all the items of interest to a user of this report and may not meet the needs of all users of this report and, as such, users are responsible for determining whether the procedures performed are appropriate for their purposes.

The procedures and associated findings are as follows:

Written Policies and Procedures

- 1. Obtain and inspect the entity's written policies and procedures and observe whether they address each of the following categories and subcategories if applicable to public funds and the entity's operations:
 - a) **Budgeting**, including preparing, adopting, monitoring, and amending the budget.
 - b) **Purchasing**, including (1) how purchases are initiated; (2) how vendors are added to the vendor list; (3) the preparation and approval process of purchase requisitions and purchase orders; (4) controls to ensure compliance with the Public Bid Law; and (5) documentation required to be maintained for all bids and price quotes.
 - c) *Disbursements*, including processing, reviewing, and approving.
 - d) Receipts/Collections, including receiving, recording, and preparing deposits. Also, policies and procedures should include management's actions to determine the completeness of all collections for each type of revenue or agency fund additions (e.g., periodic confirmation with outside parties, reconciliation to utility billing after cutoff procedures, reconciliation of traffic ticket number sequences, agency fund forfeiture monies confirmation).
 - e) *Payroll/Personnel*, including (1) payroll processing. (2) reviewing and approving time and attendance records, including leave and overtime worked, and (3) approval process for employee rates of pay or approval and maintenance of pay rate schedules.
 - f) *Contracting*, including (1) types of services requiring written contracts, (2) standard terms and conditions, (3) legal review, (4) approval process, and (5) monitoring process.

- g) *Travel and Expense Reimbursement*, including (1) allowable expenses. (2) dollar thresholds by category of expense, (3) documentation requirements, and (4) required approvers.
- h) *Credit Cards (and debit cards, fuel cards, purchase cards, if applicable)*, including (1) how cards are to be controlled, (2) allowable business uses, (3) documentation requirements, (4) required approvers of statements, and (5) monitoring card usage (e.g., determining the reasonableness of fuel card purchases).
- i) *Ethics*, including (1) the prohibitions as defined in Louisiana Revised Statute (R.S.) 42:1111-1121, (2) actions to be taken if an ethics violation takes place. (3) system to monitor possible ethics violations, and (4) a requirement that documentation is maintained to demonstrate that all employees and officials were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy.
- j) **Debt Service**, including (1) debt issuance approval, (2) continuing disclosure/EMMA reporting requirements. (3) debt reserve requirements, and (4) debt service requirements.
- k) *Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity*, including (1) identification of critical data and frequency of data backups, (2) storage of backups in a separate physical location isolated from the network, (3) periodic testing/verification that backups can be restored, (4) use of antivirus software on all systems, (5) timely application of all available system and software patches/updates, and (6) identification of personnel, processes, and tools needed to recover operations after a critical event.
- 1) **Prevention of Sexual Harassment**, including R.S. 42:342-344 requirements for (1) agency responsibilities and prohibitions, (2) annual employee training, and (3) annual reporting.
 - Written policies and procedures obtained and address the functions listed above.

Board or Finance Committee – Not applicable

- 2. Obtain and inspect the board/finance committee minutes for the fiscal period, as well as the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or equivalent document in effect during the fiscal period, and:
 - a) Observe that the board/finance committee met with a quorum at least monthly, or on a frequency in accordance with the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or other equivalent document.
 - b) For those entities reporting on the governmental accounting model, observe whether the minutes referenced or included monthly budget-to-actual comparisons on the general fund, quarterly budget-to-actual, at a minimum, on proprietary funds, and semi-annual budget- to-actual, at a minimum, on all special revenue funds.

 Alternately, for those entities reporting on the nonprofit accounting model, observe that the minutes referenced or included financial activity relating to public funds if those public funds comprised more than 10% of the entity's collections during the fiscal period.
 - c) For governmental entities, obtain the prior year audit report and observe the unassigned fund balance in the general fund. If the general fund had a negative ending unassigned fund balance in the prior year audit report, observe that the minutes for at least one meeting during the fiscal period referenced or included a formal plan to eliminate the negative unassigned fund balance in the general fund.
 - d) Observe whether the board/finance committee received written updates of the progress of resolving audit finding(s), according to management's corrective action plan at each meeting until the findings are considered fully resolved.

Bank Reconciliations

3. Obtain a listing of entity bank accounts for the fiscal period from management and management's representation that the listing is complete. Ask management to identify the entity's main operating account. Select the entity's main operating account and randomly select 4 additional accounts (or all accounts if less than 5). Randomly select one month from the fiscal period, obtain and inspect the corresponding bank statement and reconciliation for each selected account, and observe that:

a) Bank reconciliations include evidence that they were prepared within 2 months of the related statement closing date (e.g., initialed and dated or electronically logged);

No exceptions noted.

b) Bank reconciliations include written evidence that a member of management or a board member who does not handle cash, post ledgers, or issue checks has reviewed each bank reconciliation (e.g., initialed and dated, electronically logged); and

No exceptions noted.

c) Management has documentation reflecting it has researched reconciling items that have been outstanding for more than 12 months from the statement closing date, if applicable.

No exceptions noted.

Collections (excluding electronic funds transfers)

- 4. Obtain a listing of deposit sites for the fiscal period where deposits for cash/checks/money orders (cash) are prepared and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 deposit sites (or all deposit sites if less than 5).
- 5. For each deposit site selected, obtain a listing of collection locations and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one collection location for each deposit site (i.e., 5 collection locations for 5 deposit sites), obtain and inspect written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if no written policies or procedures, then inquire of employees about their job duties) at each collection location, and observe that job duties are properly segregated at each collection location such that:
 - a) Employees responsible for cash collections do not share cash drawers/registers;
 - b) Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not also responsible for preparing/making bank deposits, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling collection documentation (e.g., pre-numbered receipts) to the deposit;
 - c) Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not also responsible for posting collection entries to the general ledger or subsidiary ledgers, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling ledger postings to each other and to the deposit; and
 - d) The employee(s) responsible for reconciling cash collections to the general ledger and/or subsidiary ledgers, by revenue source and/or agency fund additions, is (are) not responsible for collecting cash, unless another employee/official verifies the reconciliation.

No exceptions noted to the listed procedures above.

6. Obtain from management a copy of the bond or insurance policy for theft covering all employees who have access to cash. Observe that the bond or insurance policy for theft was in force during the fiscal period.

No exceptions noted.

- 7. Randomly select two deposit dates for each of the 5 bank accounts selected for Bank Reconciliations procedure #3 (select the next deposit date chronologically if no deposits were made on the dates randomly selected and randomly select a deposit if multiple deposits are made on the same day). Alternately, the practitioner may use a source document other than bank statements when selecting the deposit dates for testing, such as a cash collection log, daily revenue report, receipt book, etc. Obtain supporting documentation for each of the 10 deposits and:
 - a) Observe that receipts are sequentially pre-numbered.
 - b) Trace sequentially pre-numbered receipts, system reports, and other related collection documentation to the deposit slip.
 - c) Trace the deposit slip total to the actual deposit per the bank statement.

- d) Observe the deposit was made within one business day of receipt at the collection location (within one week if the depository is more than 10 miles from the collection location or the deposit is less than \$100 and the cash is stored securely in a locked safe or drawer).
- e) Trace the actual deposit per the bank statement to the general ledger.

No exceptions noted to the listed procedures above.

Non-Payroll Disbursements (excluding card purchases, travel reimbursements, and petty cash purchases)

- 8. Obtain a listing of locations that process payments for the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 locations (or all locations if less than 5).
- 9. For each location selected under procedure #8 above, obtain a listing of those employees involved with non-payroll purchasing and payment functions. Obtain written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if the agency has no written policies and procedures, then inquire of employees about their job duties), and observe that job duties are properly segregated such that:
 - a) At least two employees are involved in initiating a purchase request, approving a purchase, and placing an order or making the purchase;
 - b) At least two employees are involved in processing and approving payments to vendors;
 - c) The employee responsible for processing payments is prohibited from adding/modifying vendor files, unless another employee is responsible for periodically reviewing changes to vendor files;
 - d) Either the employee/official responsible for signing checks mails the payment or gives the signed checks to an employee to mail who is not responsible for processing payments; and
 - e) Only employees/officials authorized to sign checks approve the electronic disbursement (release) of funds, whether through automated clearinghouse (ACH), electronic funds transfer (EFT), wire transfer, or some other electronic means.

[Note: Findings related to controls that constrain the legal authority of certain public officials (e.g., mayor of a Lawrason Act municipality) should not be reported.]

No exceptions noted to the procedures listed above.

- 10. For each location selected under #8 above, obtain the entity's non-payroll disbursement transaction population (excluding cards and travel reimbursements) and obtain management's representation that the population is complete. Randomly select 5 disbursements for each location, obtain supporting documentation for each transaction, and:
 - Observe whether the disbursement, whether by paper or electronic means, matched the related original itemized invoice and supporting documentation indicates that deliverables included on the invoice were received by the entity, and
 - b) Observe whether the disbursement documentation included evidence (e.g., initial/date, electronic logging) of segregation of duties tested under #9, as applicable.

No exceptions noted.

11. Using the entity's main operating account and the month selected in Bank Reconciliations procedure #3, randomly select 5 non-payroll-related electronic disbursements (or all electronic disbursements if less than 5) and observe that each electronic disbursement was (a) approved by only those persons authorized to disburse funds (e.g., sign checks) per the entity's policy, and (b) approved by the required number of authorized signers per the entity's policy. Note: If no electronic payments were made from the main operating account during the month selected the practitioner should select an alternative month and/or account for testing that does include electronic disbursements.

No exceptions noted.

Credit Cards/Debit Cards/Fuel Cards/P-Cards

- 12. Obtain from management a listing of all active credit cards, bank debit cards, fuel cards, and purchase cards (cards) for the fiscal period, including the card numbers and the names of the persons who maintained possession of the cards. Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete.
- 13. Using the listing prepared by management, randomly select 5 cards (or all cards if less than 5) that were used during the fiscal period. Randomly select one monthly statement or combined statement for each card (for a debit card, randomly select one monthly bank statement). Obtain supporting documentation, and:
 - a) Observe whether there is evidence that the monthly statement or combined statement and supporting documentation (e.g., original receipts for credit/debit card purchases, exception reports for excessive fuel card usage) were reviewed and approved, in writing (or electronically approved), by someone other than the authorized card holder (those instances requiring such approval that may constrain the legal authority of certain public officials, such as the mayor of a Lawrason Act municipality, should not be reported); and:
 - b) Observe that finance charges and late fees were not assessed on the selected statements.

No exceptions noted.

14. Using the monthly statements or combined statements selected under #13 above, excluding fuel cards, randomly select 10 transactions (or all transactions if less than 10) from each statement, and obtain supporting documentation for the transactions (e.g., each card should have 10 transactions subject to testing). For each transaction, observe it is supported by (1) an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased, (2) written documentation of the business/public purpose, and (3) documentation of the individuals participating in meals (for meal charges only). For missing receipts, the practitioner should describe the nature of the transaction and observe whether management had a compensating control to address missing receipts, such as a "missing receipt statement" that is subject to increased scrutiny.

No exceptions noted.

Travel and Travel-Related Expense Reimbursements (excluding card transactions)

- 15. Obtain from management a listing of all travel and travel-related expense reimbursements during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing or general ledger is complete. Randomly select 5 reimbursements and obtain the related expense reimbursement forms/prepaid expense documentation of each selected reimbursement, as well as the supporting documentation. For each of the 5 reimbursements selected:
 - a) If reimbursed using a per diem, observe that the approved reimbursement rate is no more than those rates established either by the State of Louisiana or the U.S. General Services Administration (www.gsa.gov);
 - b) If reimbursed using actual costs, observe that the reimbursement is supported by an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased;
 - c) Observe that each reimbursement is supported by documentation of the business/public purpose (for meal charges, observe that the documentation includes the names of those individuals participating) and other documentation required by Written Policies and Procedures procedure #1h; and
 - d) Observe that each reimbursement was reviewed and approved, in writing, by someone other than the person receiving reimbursement.

No exceptions noted to the procedures listed above.

Contracts

16. Obtain from management a listing of all agreements/contracts for professional services, materials and supplies, leases, and construction activities that were initiated or renewed during the fiscal period. *Alternately, the practitioner may use*

an equivalent selection source, such as an active vendor list. Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 contracts (or all contracts if less than 5) from the listing, excluding the practitioner's contract, and:

- a) Observe whether the contract was bid in accordance with the Louisiana Public Bid Law (e.g., solicited quotes or bids, advertised), if required by law;
- b) Observe whether the contract was approved by the governing body/board, if required by policy or law (e.g., Lawrason Act, Home Rule Charter):
- c) If the contract was amended (e.g., change order), observe the original contract terms provided for such an amendment and that amendments were made in compliance with the contract terms (e.g., if approval is required for any amendment, the documented approval); and
- d) Randomly select one payment from the fiscal period for each of the 5 contracts, obtain the supporting invoice, agree the invoice to the contract terms, and observe that the invoice and related payment agreed to the terms and conditions of the contract.

No exceptions noted to the procedures listed above.

Payroll and Personnel

17. Obtain a listing of employees and officials employed during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 employees or officials, obtain related paid salaries and personnel files, and agree paid salaries to authorized salaries/pay rates in the personnel files.

No exceptions noted.

- 18. Randomly select one pay period during the fiscal period. For the 5 employees or officials selected under #17 above, obtain attendance records and leave documentation for the pay period, and:
 - a) Observe that all selected employees or officials documented their daily attendance and leave (e.g., vacation, sick, compensatory);
 - b) Observe whether supervisors approved the attendance and leave of the selected employees or officials;
 - c) Observe that any leave accrued or taken during the pay period is reflected in the entity's cumulative leave records; and
 - d) Observe the rate paid to the employees or officials agrees to the authorized salary/pay rate found within the personnel file.

No exceptions noted to the procedures listed above.

19. Obtain a listing of those employees or officials that received termination payments during the fiscal period and management's representation that the list is complete. Randomly select two employees or officials and obtain related documentation of the hours and pay rates used in management's termination payment calculations and the entity's policy on termination payments. Agree the hours to the employee's or officials' cumulative leave records, agree the pay rates to the employee's or officials' authorized pay rates in the employee's or officials' personnel files, and agree the termination payment to entity policy.

No exceptions noted.

Obtain management's representation that employer and employee portions of third-party payroll related amounts (e.g., payroll taxes, retirement contributions, health insurance premiums, garnishments, workers' compensation premiums, etc.) have been paid, and any associated forms have been filed, by required deadlines.

No exceptions noted.

Ethics

- 21. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from Payroll and Personnel procedure #17 obtain ethics documentation from management, and:
 - a. Observe whether the documentation demonstrates that each employee/official completed one hour of ethics training during the calendar year as required by R.S. 42:1170; and
 - b. Observe whether the entity maintains documentation which demonstrates that each employee and official was notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy during the fiscal period, as applicable.
 - No exceptions noted to the procedures listed above.
- 22. Inquire and/or observe whether the agency has appointed an ethics designee as required by R.S. 42:1170.

The agency has appointed an ethics designee.

Debt Service – Not applicable

- 23. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes and other debt instruments issued during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all debt instruments on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that State Bond Commission approval was obtained for each debt instrument issued as required by Article VII, Section 8 of the Louisiana Constitution.
- 24. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes outstanding at the end of the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one bond/note, inspect debt covenants, obtain supporting documentation for the reserve balance and payments, and agree actual reserve balances and payments to those required by debt covenants (including contingency funds, short-lived asset funds, or other funds required by the debt covenants).

Fraud Notice

25. Obtain a listing of misappropriations of public funds and assets during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all misappropriations on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that the entity reported the misappropriation(s) to the legislative auditor and the district attorney of the parish in which the entity is domiciled as required by R.S. 24:523.

Not applicable.

26. Observe the entity has posted, on its premises and website, the notice required by R.S. 24:523.1 concerning the reporting of misappropriation, fraud, waste, or abuse of public funds.

No exceptions noted.

Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity

- 27. Perform the following procedures, verbally discuss the results with management, and report "We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management."
 - a) Obtain and inspect the entity's most recent documentation that it has backed up its critical data (if there is no written documentation, then inquire of personnel responsible for backing up critical data) and observe evidence that such backup (a) occurred within the past week, (b) was not stored on the government's local server or network, and (c) was encrypted.
 - b) Obtain and inspect the entity's most recent documentation that it has tested/verified that its backups can be restored (if there is no written documentation, then inquire of personnel responsible for testing/verifying backup restoration) and observe evidence that the test/verification was successfully performed within the past 3 months.

c) Obtain a listing of the entity's computers currently in use and their related locations, and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 computers and observe while management demonstrates that the selected computers have current and active antivirus software and that the operating system and accounting system software in use are currently supported by the vendor.

No exceptions noted to the procedures listed above.

28. Randomly select 5 terminated employees (or all terminated employees if less than 5) using the list of terminated employees obtained in procedure #19. Observe evidence that the selected terminated employees have been removed or disabled from the network.

No exceptions noted.

Prevention of Sexual Harassment

29. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from Payroll and Personnel procedure #17, obtain sexual harassment training documentation from management, and observe that the documentation demonstrates each employee/official completed at least one hour of sexual harassment training during the calendar year as required by R.S. 42:343.

No exceptions noted.

30. Observe that the entity has posted its sexual harassment policy and complaint procedure on its website (or in a conspicuous location on the entity's premises if the entity does not have a website).

No exceptions noted.

- 31. Obtain the entity's annual sexual harassment report for the current fiscal period, observe that the report was dated on or before February 1, and observe that the report includes the applicable requirements of R.S. 42:344:
 - a) Number and percentage of public servants in the agency who have completed the training requirements; 130/100%
 - b) Number of sexual harassment complaints received by the agency;

None

c) Number of complaints which resulted in a finding that sexual harassment occurred;

Not applicable.

- d) Number of complaints in which the finding of sexual harassment resulted in discipline or corrective action; and Not applicable.
- e) Amount of time it took to resolve each complaint.

Not applicable.

We were engaged by Beauregard Parish Sheriff to perform this agreed-upon procedures engagement and conducted our engagement in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and applicable standards of *Government Auditing Standards*. We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination or review engagement, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion or conclusion, respectively, on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion or conclusion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

We are required to be independent of Beauregard Parish Sheriff and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements related to our agreed-upon procedures engagement.

This report is intended solely to describe the scope of testing performed on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs, and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on control or compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the LLA as a public document.

Windham & Reed CPA, L.L.C. DeRidder, Louisiana November 13, 2023