VILLAGE OF DRY PRONG, LOUISIANA

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022



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September 15, 2022

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Mayor and Board of Aldermen Village of Dry Prong, Louisiana

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Village of Dry Prong, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Village of Dry Prong, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Village of Dry Prong and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Village of Dry Prong's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.



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Village of Dry Prong September 15, 2022

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the
 Village of Dry Prong's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Village of Dry Prong's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information described in the accompanying table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village of Dry Prong's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Compensation, Benefits and Other Payments to the Agency Head or Chief Executive Officer, the Schedule of Per Diem Paid to Board Members, and the Justice System Funding Schedule, described as additional information in the accompanying table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The additional information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the additional information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 15, 2022 on our consideration of the Village of Dry Prong's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing,

Village of Dry Prong September 15, 2022

and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Village of Dry Prong's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Rozier, McKay & Willis Certified Public Accountants

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2022

This section of Village of Dry Prong's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the Village's financial performance during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The basic financial statements include government-wide financial statements and fund financial statements. These two types of financial statements present the Village's financial position and results of operations from differing perspectives which are described as follows:

Government – Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements report information about the Village as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. These report all revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid. Furthermore, the government-wide statements include all of the Village's assets (including infrastructure acquired after July 1, 2001) and all of the Village's liabilities (including long-term debt).

The government-wide financial statements are divided into two categories, which are described as follows:

- **Governmental Activities** Expenses incurred in connection with providing basic services including police protection, fire protection, culture, recreation, public works and general administration are reported as governmental activities. The governmental activities are financed by taxes, license fees, fines, court cost, interest, grants and contributions.
- **Business-Type Activities** Expenses associated with providing water and sewer services are recovered through fees paid by the customers that utilize these services. These activities are operated in a manner similar to commercial enterprises. Accordingly, activities associated with water and sewer services are reported as business type activities.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements provide detailed information regarding the Village's most significant activities and are not intended to provide information for the Village as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that are used to account for specific sources of funds. The Village has two types of funds that are described as follows:

- Governmental Funds These funds are used to account for essentially the same functions
 that are reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.
 However, unlike government-wide financial statements, the governmental funds use a
 modified accrual basis of accounting that provides a short-term view of the Village's
 finances. Assets reported by governmental funds are limited to amounts that are available
 for current needs. In addition, liabilities are limited to amounts that are expected to be paid
 from currently available assets.
- Proprietary Fund These funds are used to account for activities that function in a
 manner similar to commercial enterprises, including activities associated with the Village's
 water and sewer services. Proprietary fund financial statements typically provide a more

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2022

detailed presentation of the information reported in the business-type activities portion of the government-wide financial statements.

June 30, 2022

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE VILLAGE AS A WHOLE

A comparative analysis of government-wide data is presented as follows:

Net Position

A condensed version of the government-wide Statement of Net Position is presented as follows:

	Govern- mental Activities	Business- Type Activities	Total	June 30, 2021
Assets:				
Current and Other Assets	\$ 135,689	\$ 158,021	293,710	\$ 316,417
Internal Balances	347,553	(347,553)		
Capital Assets	499,589	2,564,878	3,064,467	3,062,032
Total Assets	982,831	2,375,346	3,358,177	3,378,449
Liabilities:				
Current and Other Liabilities	136,555	52,298	188,853	82,472
Long-term Liabilities		93,836	93,836	107,321
Total Liabilities	136,555	146,134	282,689	189,793
Net Position:				
Invested in Capital Assets (Net)	499,589	2,457,557	2,957,146	2,941,776
Restricted	61,109		61,109	190,210
Unrestricted	285,578	(228,345)	57,233	56,670
Total Net Position	\$ 846,276	\$ 2,229,212	\$ 3,075,488	\$ 3,188,656

As the presentation appearing above demonstrates, the largest portion of the Village's net position (96.2%) is invested in capital assets. Net Position invested in capital assets consist of land, buildings, and equipment less any debts used to acquire assets that remain outstanding. In addition, net position invested in capital assets also include any infrastructure acquired after July 1, 2001. The Village uses these capital assets to provide services to its citizens; consequently, these amounts are not available for future spending.

An additional portion of the net position (2.0%) is subject to restrictions that are imposed by revenue sources.

The remaining net position (1.8%), is unrestricted and can be used at the discretion of the governing body.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2022

Changes in Net Position

A condensed version of the government-wide Statement of Changes in Net Position is presented as follows:

	For th	For the				
	Govern- mental Activities	Business- Type Activities	Total	Year Ended June 30, 2021		
Revenues: Program Revenue:						
Charges for Services	\$ 66,44	5 \$ 202,578	\$ 269,023	\$ 250,013		
Operating Grants and	, oo,	202,8.0	÷ 203,020	4 2 20,015		
Contributions	23,77	4	23,774			
Capital Grants and	,		,			
Contributions						
General Revenue:						
Property Taxes	14,27	7	14,277	14,368		
Franchise Taxes	19,17	8	19,178	13,567		
Sales Taxes	87,87	6	87,876	82,725		
Occupational Licenses	44,20	0	44,200	42,810		
Miscellaneous	11,16	8	11,168	6,279		
Total Revenue	266,91	8 202,578	469,496	409,762		
Program Expenses:						
General Government	157,83	5	157,835	137,503		
Streets	34,41	9	34,419	34,421		
Public Safety						
Police Department	48,72	1	48,721	32,867		
Interest on Long Term Debt				1,176		
Utilities		341,689	341,689	296,100		
Total Expenses	240,97	5341,689	582,664	502,067		
Change in Net Position	25,94	3 (139,111)	(113,168)	(92,305)		
Net Position Beginning	820,33	3 2,368,323	3,188,656	3,280,961		
Net Position Ending	\$ 846,27	<u>\$ 2,229,212</u>	\$ 3,075,488	\$ 3,188,656		

Governmental activities decreased the Village's net position by \$25,943. The decrease is attributable using reserves to supplement services.

Business-type activities decreased the Village's net position by \$139,111. The decrease is attributable depreciation of assets acquired with grant funds in previous years. Changes in net position excluding capital grants, contributions and depreciation for the utility system are presented as follows:

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2022

	Current	Prior
Change in Net Position	\$ (113,168)	\$ (92,305)
Capital Grants and Contributions Depreciation	183,781	183,989
Change in Net Position Excluding Capital Grants, Contributions and Depreciation	\$ 70,613	\$ 91,684

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE VILLAGE'S FUNDS

For the year ended June 30, 2022, activity in governmental funds included the general fund and the sales tax fund. The only differences between amounts reported by the governmental funds and governmental activities reported in the government-wide financial statements are attributable to including fixed assets and debt in the government-wide presentation.

Amounts reported for business-type activities in the Village's individual funds are identical to the business-type activities reported in the government-wide presentation.

BUDGET HIGHLIGHTS

The general fund and special revenue fund are the only funds required by law to adopt a budget. Actual expenditures were consistent with appropriations and no budget revisions were necessary.

CAPITAL ASSET ADMINISTRATION

For the year ended June 30, 2022, activity was limited to depreciating existing capital assets and construction of street improvements that were nearing completion at year end.

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Activity was limited to making scheduled payments on existing outstanding debt.

FACTORS EXPECTED TO EFFECT FUTURE OPERATIONS

At the present time, management is not aware of any matters that are expected to have substantial consequences for future operations.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

		vernmental activities		siness-Type		Total
<u>ASSETS</u>						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	121,012	\$	136,055	\$	257,067
Receivables (net)		14,677		21,966		36,643
Internal balances		347,553		(347,553)		-
Land		51,883		41,369		93,252
Depreciable capital assets, net		447,706		2,523,509	************	2,971,215
Total assets		982,831		2,375,346		3,358,177
<u>LIABILITIES</u>						
Accounts payable		73,452		-		73,452
Delayed revenue		63,103		-		63,103
Accrued interest payable		-		1,438		1,438
Meter deposits		-		37,375		37,375
Liabilities payable from restricted assets						
Long-term debt						
Due within one year		-		13,485		13,485
Due in more than one year	***************************************	-		93,836		93,836
Total liabilities		136,555		146,134		282,689
NET POSITION						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		499,589		2,457,557		2,957,146
Restricted for:						
Street improvements		61,109		-		61,109
Unrestricted		285,578	, <u></u>	(228,345)		57,233
Total net position (deficit)	\$	846,276	\$	2,229,212	\$	3,075,488

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year Ended June 30, 2022

				P	rogra	m Revenu	es			,	-	ense) Revenu es in Net Posi	
					O	perating	C	Capital				Business-	
			Cl	narges for	Gr	ants and	Gr	ants &	Go	vernmental		Type	
	<u>F</u>	Expenses		Services	Con	tributions	Cont	tributions		Activities		Activities	Total
Governmental Activities:													
General Government	\$	157,835	\$	-	\$	23,774	\$	-	\$	(134,061)	\$	-	\$ (134,061)
Streets		34,419		-		-		-		(34,419)		-	(34,419)
Public Safety													
Law Enforcement		48,721		66,445						17,724			17,724
Total Governmental Activities		240,975		66,445		23,774		<u>-</u>		(150,756)	_	-	 (150,756)
Business-Type Activities:													
Utility Service		341,689		202,578		-		-		-		(139,111)	(139,111)
Total Business-Type Activities		341,689		202,578		_		_		_		(139,111)	(139,111)
Total Primary Government	\$	582,664	\$	269,023	\$	23,774	\$			(150,756)		(139,111)	 (289,867)
			Gener	al Revenu	es:								
			Taxes										
			Ad	Valorem						14,277		-	14,277
			Fra	nchise						19,178		-	19,178
			Sal	es						87,876		-	87,876
			Occup	ational Lic	enses					44,200		-	44,200
			Misce	llaneous						11,168			11,168
			Total (General Re	venue	es				176,699		-	176,699
			Chang	e in Net Po	sitior	ı				25,943		(139,111)	(113,168)
			Net Po	sition Begi	inning	3				820,333		2,368,323	 3,188,656
			Net Po	osition End	ing				\$	846,276	\$	2,229,212	\$ 3,075,488

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2022

						Total
		~ .	~		Gov	vernmental
		General	S	ales Tax		Funds
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	59,903	\$	61,109	\$	121,012
Accounts receivable		14,677		-		14,677
Due from other funds		347,553				347,553
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	422,133	<u>\$</u>	61,109	<u>\$</u>	483,242
Liabilities and Fund Balance						
<u>Liabilities</u>						
Accounts payable	\$	73,452	\$	-	\$	73,452
Delayed revenues		63,103				63,103
Total liabilities		136,555				136,555
Fund Balance						
Nonspendable:						
Long Term advances to other funds		189,419		-		189,419
Restricted For:				(1.100		(1.100
Street improvements		06 150		61,109		61,109
Unassigned		96,159		- (1.100		96,159
Total Fund Balances		285,578		61,109		346,687
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	<u>\$</u>	422,133	<u>\$</u>	61,109	<u>\$</u>	483,242
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds						
Balance Sheets to the Star	tement of N	et Position	_			
Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds					\$	346,687
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:						
Long term debt incurred to finance governmental activites does	s require the us	se of financial				

499,589

846,276

resources; therefore, the debt is excluded from the funds financial statements. Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are

not reported in the funds.

Net Position of Governmental Activities

Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2022

		General		Sales Tax	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Revenues:						
Taxes:						
Ad valorem	\$	14,277	\$	-	\$	14,277
Franchise		19,178		_		19,178
Sales tax		87,876		-		87,876
Occupational licenses		44,200		-		44,200
Fines and court cost		66,445		-		66,445
Intergovernmental		23,774		-		23,774
Miscellaneous		11,168				11,168
Total revenues		266,918		_		266,918
Expenditures:						
Current						
General government		153,461		-		153,461
Public safety - law enforcement		48,721		-		48,721
Capital outlay		186,214				186,214
Total expenditures		388,396				388,396
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures		(121,478)		-		(121,478)
Other sources (uses)						
Operating transfers in (out)	_	129,101		(129,101)	_	
Net Change in fund balances		7,623		(129,101)		(121,478)
Fund balance - beginning of year		277,955		190,210		468,165
Fund balance - end of year	<u>\$</u>	285,578	<u>\$</u>	61,109	<u>\$</u>	346,687

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Year i	Ended	June	<i>30,</i>	2022
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Net change in fund balances of Governmental Funds	\$	(121,478)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The effect of capital expenditures and depreciation is presented as		
follows:	06.21.4	
Capital Expenditures	.86,214	
Depreciation ((38,793)	147,421
Change in net position of governmental activities	<u>\$</u>	25,943

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2022

	Business-Type Activities Utility Enterprise Fund		
ASSETS:			
Current Assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 136,055		
Receivables (net)	21,966		
Other assets	_		
Total current assets	<u>158,021</u>		
Noncurrent Assets:			
Capital Assets:			
Land	41,369		
Depreciable capital assets, net	2,523,509		
Total noncurrent assets	2,564,878		
Total assets	2,722,899		
LIABILITIES:			
Current Liabilities:			
Other Current Liabilities	1,438		
Due to other funds	347,553		
Meter deposits	37,375		
Current portion of certificate of indebtedness	13,485		
Total current liabilities	399,851		
Noncurrent Liabilities:			
Certificate of indebtedness	93,836		
Total liabilities	493,687		
NET POSITION			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	2,457,557		
Unrestricted	(228,345)		
Total net position (deficit)	\$ 2,229,212		

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Business-Type Activities Utility Enterprise Fund
Operating revenues:	
Charges for services	\$ 191,344
Other income	11,234
Total Operating Revenues	202,578
Operating expenses:	
Salaries and payroll taxes	41,645
Chemicals and supplies	27,204
Depreciation	144,986
Repairs and maintenance	92,987
Legal and professional	8,170
Utilities	19,926
Insurance	1,626
Miscellaneous	836
Total operating expenses	337,380
Operating income (loss)	(134,802)
Non-operating revenues (expenses):	
Interest expense	(4,309)
Total Non-operating	(4,309)
Income (loss) before capital	
contributions and transfers	(139,111)
Capital Contributions	
Change in net position	(139,111)
Total net position - beginning	2,368,323
Total net position - ending	\$ 2,229,212

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Business-Type Activus Enterprise F			
Cash flow from operating activities:				
Cash received from customers	\$	201,337		
Cash payments to suppliers of goods and services	Ψ	(150,748)		
Cash payments to employees for services		(41,645)		
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		8,944		
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:				
Increase (Decrease) cash advances due to other funds		103,851		
Net cash provided (used) by non-capital financing activities		103,851		
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:				
Payments for acquisition of capital assets		-		
Principle paid on debt		(12,935)		
Interest paid on debt instruments		(4,355)		
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities		(17,290)		
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Interest and other income		-		
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities				
Net increase (decrease) in cash		95,505		
Beginning cash balance		40,550		
Ending cash balance		136,055		
Restricted cash		<u>-</u>		
Unrestricted cash	\$	136,055		
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash	\$	(134,802)		
provided by operating activities:		144 007		
Depreciation (parents) degrees in accounts receivable		144,987		
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(2,366)		
(Increase) decrease in payables (Decrease) increase in meter deposits		1,125		
•	\$			
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	2	8,944		

Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:

For the year ended June 30, 2022, there were no operating, financing, or investing activities that did not result in cash receipts or payments.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Village of Dry Prong (the Village) was incorporated under the provisions of the Lawrason Act. The Village is governed by a Mayor and a Board of Alderman consisting of three (3) members. Services provided by the Village include police protection and street maintenance. The Village also operates a water distribution system and a sewer system.

The accompanying policies conform to generally accepted accounting principles for governmental units.

Financial Reporting Entity

As the municipal governing authority, for reporting purposes, the Village is considered a separate financial reporting entity. The financial reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government (the Village), (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

Governmental Accounting Standards established criteria for determining which component units should be considered part of the Village of Dry Prong for financial reporting purposes. The basic criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is financial accountability. Criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability include:

- 1. Appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and
 - a) The ability of the Village to impose its will on that organization and/or
 - b) The potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the Village.
- 2. Organizations for which the Village does not appoint a voting majority but are fiscally dependent on the Village.
- 3. Organizations for which the reporting entity financial statements would be misleading if data of the organization is not included because of the nature or significance of the relationship.

Based upon application of these criteria, there were no potential component units and all of the Village's activities were included in the primary government reporting entity.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Basic Financial Statements

The basic financial statements include both government-wide and fund financial statements. Both government-wide and fund financial statements categorize activities as either governmental activities or business-type activities, which are described as follows:

- Governmental activities involve government services that are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.
- Business-type activities rely on fees and charges for support and operate in a manner similar to private sector enterprises.

The government-wide and fund financial statements present the Village's financial position and results of operations from differing perspectives which are described as follows:

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the Village as a whole. The effect of most interfund activity is eliminated from these financial statements. Furthermore, government-wide financial statements exclude any fiduciary activities which are reported in the fund financial statements.

Program revenues reported in the Statement of Activities consist of amounts that are directly associated with a governmental service or business-type activity. Program revenues include charges for services, fines, court cost, contributions associated with a particular function and most grants.

Fund Financial Statements

Funds are separate accounting entities that are designed to assist with demonstrating legal compliance and segregating transactions by activity. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. In addition, separate financial statements are presented for any fiduciary activities. Major individual funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. The Village's major funds are described as follows:

- Governmental Funds The Village's active major governmental funds include the general fund, sales tax fund and the debt service fund. The general fund is the primary operating fund and is used to account for all governmental activities except those required to be reported in another fund. The sales tax fund is a special revenue fund used to account for sales tax revenue designated for street improvements within the Village. The debt service fund is used accumulate resources for the repayment of sales tax revenue bonds issued to finance street construction.
- Proprietary Funds Are used to account for business type activities. The operations of
 the Village's Utility System utilize a single proprietary fund. Revenue earned in
 exchange for providing services is reported as operating income and revenue from
 other sources is reported as non-operating.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied. The basis of accounting and measurement focus used for various financial statement presentations are described as follows:

Basis of Accounting	Measurement Focus
Accrual Basis	Economic Resources
Modified Accrual Basis	Current Financial Resources
Accrual Basis	Economic Resources
	Accrual Basis Modified Accrual Basis

Under the accrual basis of accounting and the economic resources measurement focus, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred.

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting and the current financial resources measurement focus revenue is recognized when it is considered measurable and available. Revenue is considered available if it is collected within 60 days of year end. In addition, expenses are generally recorded when a liability has been incurred; however, debt service, compensated absences, claims and judgments are recorded as expenses when payment is made. Furthermore, when the current financial resources measure focus is used, amounts recorded as assets exclude capital assets and the acquisition of capital assets is treated as expenditures. In addition, long-term debts are excluded from amounts reported as liabilities. Proceeds from issuing long-term debt are reported as other financing sources and repayment of long-term debt is reported as an expenditure of funds.

Non-Exchange Transactions

Revenue from certain non-exchange transactions cannot be properly measured prior to collection. Furthermore, it is not practical to determine the probability of collection resulting from certain non-exchange transactions such as traffic citations. Consequently, revenue from franchise taxes, fines and court cost is not recognized until it is collected.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statement in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Restricted Assets

Restricted assets represent resources that must be expended in a specific manner. Restrictions of this nature are imposed by various contractual obligations including grant agreements, tax propositions, and bond covenants.

Budget Practices

The Mayor prepares annual budgets for the Village's general fund and special revenue fund. These budgets are submitted to the Board of Aldermen and the approved budgets are adopted before the beginning of

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

each fiscal year. Amended budgets are prepared prior to the conclusion of each fiscal year. The amended budgets are prepared and approved in the same manner as the original budget.

The general fund and special revenue fund budgets present revenue and expenditures on a basis which is consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The Village's remaining funds are not required to adopt budgets.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are carried at historical cost or estimated historical cost including interest incurred during construction. Prior to July 1, 1989, there were few records supporting the cost; therefore, costs related to the Village's utility system were estimated based on information furnished by the Village's consulting engineers. Cost of buildings and equipment acquired prior to July 1, 1989 were estimated based on replacement cost.

Infrastructure capital assets consisting of streets, bridges, sidewalks and drainage systems acquired before July 1, 2001 are excluded from capital assets. Depreciation associated with capital assets is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets.

Cash and Cash Equivalents:

Amounts reported as cash and cash equivalents include all cash on hand, cash in bank accounts, certificates of deposit and highly liquid investments. Credit risk associated with bank deposits is limited by requiring fiscal agent banks to pledge securities as required by State Law. Furthermore, interest rate risk associated with certificates of deposits is typically mitigated by purchasing instruments that mature in one year or less.

Delayed Revenue:

Amounts collected from grant programs are reported as delayed revenue until the Village has complied with the terms and conditions of the grant program. The amount reported as delayed revenue represents the unexpended portion of grant receipts that are required to be used for specific purposes.

Internal Balances:

All funds paid to vendors are typically disbursed from the General Fund. Amounts paid by the General Fund on behalf of other funds and any reimbursements received by the General Fund are reported as internal receivables and payables. In the government-wide Statement of Net Position internal balances are eliminated except for the presentation of net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities.

Fund Balance Classification:

Approval of the majority of the Board of Aldermen is required to approve the commitment of fund balances. In situations where it is permissible to spend restricted or committed resources, the Village typically depletes the available restricted or committed resources before consuming unrestricted resources.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Statement of Cash Flows:

For the purpose of reporting cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes all cash on hand, cash in banks and certificates of deposit.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash deposited in banks is stated at cost, which approximates market. Under state law, these deposits must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties. At June 30, 2022, the Village has \$257,067 in deposits (\$282,739 collected bank balance). These deposits are protected by federal deposit insurance of \$282,739 and pledged securities with a market value of \$126,880.

NOTE 3 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2022, are summarized as follows:

	 		usiness- Type	Total	
Sales Tax	\$ 14,353	\$		\$	14,353
Utility Accounts			31,216		31,216
Miscellaneous	324				324
Reserve for Doubtful Accounts			(9,250)		(9,250)
Total	\$ 14,677	\$	21,966	\$	36,643

NOTE 4 - LONG-TERM DEBT

Details related to each component of long term debt are presented as follows:

Certificates of Indebtedness

Revenue bonds by fund type are presented as follows:

	Business-Type Activities			
Certificates payable, June 30, 2021	\$	120,256		
New issues				
Retirements		12,935		
Certificates payable, June 30, 2022		107,321		
Due within one year		13,485		
Due in more than one year	\$	93,836		

Components of the Village's long-term debt are described as follows:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

\$162,000 Limited Tax Certificate of Indebtedness directly borrowed from lender September 20, 2016 due in annual installments including interest at a rate of 4.25%, with the final installment due September 1, 2028......

\$ 107,321

A schedule of maturities of long-term debt follows for the years ended June 30:

	Business-Type Activities				
Year Ended June 30 th	Principal	Interest			
2023	\$ 13,485	\$ 4,275			
2024	14,058	3,689			
2025	14,656	3,079			
2026	15,279	2,443			
2027	15,928	1,780			
2028- 2030	33,915	1,456			
Total	\$ 107,321	\$ 16,722			

NOTE 5 – TAXES:

Ad Valorem Taxes

The Village bills and collects its own property taxes using the assessed values determined by the Tax Assessor of Grant Parish. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Village levied 6.29 mills for general corporate purposes.

Ad valorem taxes are assessed on a calendar year basis and are due on or before December 31 in the year the tax is levied. Revenues from ad valorem taxes are recognized as revenue in the year billed.

Sales and Use Taxes

On December 5, 2020, voters of the Village approved a one percent sales and use tax effective January 1, 2021 and expiring December 31, 2029. The proceeds of the sales tax are available for any lawful corporate purpose. Sales and use taxes are collected on behalf of the Village by the Grant Parish Sheriff's Office. Revenues from sales taxes are reported on the accrual basis.

NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of the property and equipment reported by the Village at June 30, 2022 consists of the following:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

	I	Beginning Balance	Additions		Additions Disposals			Ending Balance
Governmental Activities								
Land	\$	51,883	\$		\$		\$	51,883
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:								
Construction in Process				186,216				186,216
Street Improvements		588,487		180,210				588,487
Buildings and Improvements		218,602						218,602
Machinery and Equipment		168,742						168,742
Total		975,831						1,162,047
Less Accumulated Depreciation		675,546		38,795				714,341
Total Net of Depreciation	\$	300,285	\$	147,421	\$		\$	447,706
D 1 7 A 2 14								
Business-Type Activities								
Land	\$	41,369	\$		\$		\$	41,369
Canital Assats Pains Danrasiated								
Capital Assets Being Depreciated: Water Distribution System	\$	2,931,869	\$		\$		\$	2,931,869
Wastewater System	Ф	2,510,967	Ф		Ф		Ф	2,510,967
•								
Equipment		290,982						290,982
Total		5,733,818		144 006				5,733,818
Less Accumulated Depreciation	Φ.	3,065,323	Ф.	144,986	Φ.		Φ.	3,210,309
Total Net of Depreciation	\$	2,668,495	\$	(144,986)	\$		\$	2,523,509

Depreciation expense reported by various functions is presented as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General Government	\$ 4,373
Streets	34,422
Police	
Total Depreciation – Governmental Activities	\$ 38,795
Business-Type Activities:	
Utility Services	\$ 144,986

NOTE 7- RISK MANAGEMENT

The Village is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft, damage or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

The Village insures against these risks by participating in a public entity risk pool that operates as a common insurance program and by purchasing commercial insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 8 – RESTRICTIONS AND COMMITMENTS

Details regarding limitations imposed on the use of various resources are summarized as follows:

Long Term Advances

A portion of the General Funds assets have been advanced to the utility funds and repayment is not anticipated in the near future. Since these resources are not available to finance current expenditures, a portion of the general fund balance is reported as non-spendable.

Street Improvements

In previous years the Village collected a sales tax that was restricted for street improvements. Resources remaining from the restricted sales tax are reported in a special revenue fund and the fund balance is reported as restricted for street improvements.

NOTE 9 – INTERFUND BALANCES

Interfund receivables and payables are described as follows:

	Ac Rec	ernmental etivities eivables iyables)	Ao Red	ness-Type ctivities ceivables ayables)
As discussed in Note 1, interfund balances arise when the general fund disburses funds on behalf of the water and sewer funds. Reimbursements are submitted periodically but no significant reimbursements are expected within the next year.				
General Fund Utility Fund	\$	347,553	\$	347,553
Government-Wide Totals	\$	347,553	\$	347,553

Interfund transfers have been completed to provide resources from the sales tax fund to the debt service fund established to repay debt issued to finance street improvements.

NOTE 10 - URAF CONTINGENCY

In order to accommodate highway improvements, the Village has been required to relocate underground utility infrastructure that was located in the State's highway right of way. Funding for the relocation was provided by the State's Utility Relocation Assistance Fund (URAF). Under the terms of the URAF arrangement, the Village is not obligated to repay the URAF funds but if voluntary

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

payments are not made, the Village may be denied access to the State's right of way when conducting future construction projects.

NOTE 11 - PAYABLES

Payables at June 30, 2022, are summarized as follows:

	 ernmental ctivities
Payables to Vendors	\$ 14,353
Payables Under Construction Contracts	57,113
Other	1,986
Total	\$ 73,452

NOTE 12 – DELAYED REVENUES

Funding has been received from the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) in the amount of \$63,103. Management does not consider these amounts to be earned until expenditures meeting certain requirements have been completed and the funding has not been declared as lost revenue. Accordingly, the amount collected has been reported as delayed revenues.

General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual

Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts				Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive		
		Original		Final	A	mounts	<u>(Ne</u>	egative)
Revenues:								
Taxes:								
Ad valorem	\$	14,000	\$	14,000	\$	14,277	\$	277
Franchise	4	18,000	Ψ	18,000	~	19,178	4	1,178
Sales Tax		76,000		76,000		87,876		11,876
		35,000		35,000		-		
Occupational licenses		•		· ·		44,200		9,200
Fines and Court Cost		60,000		60,000		66,445		6,445
Intergovernmental		-		-		23,774		23,774
Miscellaneous		7,000		7,000		11,168		4,168
Total revenues		210,000		210,000		266,918		56,918
General Government:								
Salary - mayor and aldermen		7,500		7,500		7,375		125
Salaries - other		71,508		71,508		33,831		37,677
Animal control		5,400		5,400		5,850		(450)
Community center		3,000		3,000		2,486		514
Contract Labor		1,000		1,000		756		244
Dues and publications		3,200		3,200		1,786		1,414
Equipment purchases		2,000		2,000		-		2,000
Insurance		16,000		16,000		13,908		2,092
Legal and professional		29,000		29,000		23,754		5,246
Library		3,000		3,000		2,161		839
Office supplies		4,000		4,000		4,856		(856)
Payroll taxes and benefits		8,080		8,080		6,865		1,215
Printing and advertising		1,500		1,500		544		956
Repairs and maintenance		3,000		3,000		8,414		(5,414)
Streets and parks		18,000		18,000		21,539		(3,539)
Traffic ticket assessments		2,000		2,000		3,904		(1,904)
Utilities and telephone		15,000		15,000		14,011		989
Miscellaneous		4,000		4,000		1,421		2,579
Total general government		197,188	_	197,188		153,461		43,727

Continued...

General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual

Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Public Safety:				
Police department				
Salaries and payroll taxes	29,065	29,065	40,612	(11,547)
Fuel	1,700	1,700	3,421	(1,721)
Parts and supplies	2,000	2,000	2,869	(869)
Rapairs and maintenance	-	-	1,669	, ,
Miscellaneous			150	(150)
Total police department	32,765	32,765	48,721	(14,287)
Capital Expenditures			186,214	(186,214)
Total expenditures	229,953	229,953	388,396	(156,774)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(19,953)	(19,953)	(121,478)	(101,525)
Other sources (uses)				
Operating transfers in (out)	19,953	19,953	129,101	109,148
operating transfers in (out)				
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	-	7,623	7,623
-				
Fund balance - beginning of year	277,955	277,955	277,955	
Fund balance - end of year	\$ 277,955	\$ 277,955	\$ 285,578	\$ 7,623

Schedule of Compensation, Benefits and Other Payments to Agency Head or Chief Executive Officer For the year ended June 30, 2022

Agency Head (Mayor) - Shane Davis

Purpose:	
Compensation	\$ 3,000
Benefits	-
Reimbursements	-
Total	\$ 3,000

SCHEDULE OF PER DIEM PAID TO BOARD MEMBERS For the year ended June 30, 2022

Shane Davis, Mayor	\$ 3,000
Della Barbee, Alderman	1,500
Daryl Bryant, Alderman	1,500
Elisa Holton, Alderman	 1,500
Total	\$ 7,500

Justice System Funding Schedule - Collecting / Disbursing Entity
As Required by Act 87 of the 2020 Regular Legislative Session Cash Basis Presentation

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	First Six Month Period Ended December 31, 2021	
Beginning Balance of Amounts Collected	\$ -	\$ -
Add: Collections		
Criminal Criminal/Costs/Fees	26,341	40,104
Subtotal Collections	26,341	40,104
Less: Disbursements to Governments & Nonprofits		
Central Louisiana Juvenille Detention Center	735	757
Dept. of Health and Hospitals - Head Injury Fund	490	505
Louisiana Commission on Law Enforcement - Court Cost	196	226
Louisiana Supreme Court	25	51
State of Louisiana - CMIS Assessment	4	101
Less: Amounts Retained by the Village of Dry Prong		
Self Disbursed Court Cost	24,891	38,464
Subtotal Disbursements / Retainage	26,341	40,104
Ending Balance of Amounts Collected but not Disbursed	\$ -	\$ -



September 15, 2022

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Mayor and Board of Aldermen Village of Dry Prong, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village of Dry Prong's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 15, 2022.

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Village of Dry Prong's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village of Dry Prong's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village of Dry Prong's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.



REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Village of Dry Prong's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2022-001.

THE VILLAGE OF DRY PRONG'S RESPONSE TO FINDINGS

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the Village of Dry Prong's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The Village of Dry Prong's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

PURPOSE OF THIS REPORT

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Rozier, McKay & Willis Certified Public Accountants

Regier, McLay & Willi

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

PART I - SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS:

- The Independent Auditors' Report on the financial statements of the Village of Dry Prong as of June 30, 2022 and for the year then ended expressed an unmodified opinion.
- The audit did not disclose any audit findings which are required to be reported as reportable conditions or material weaknesses.
- The results of the audit disclosed an instance of noncompliance that are considered to be material to the financial statements of the Village of Dry Prong. The instance of noncompliance is described more fully in Part II appearing below.

<u>PART II - FINDINGS RELATING TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WHICH ARE REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GENERALLY ACCEPTED GOVERNMENTAL AUDITING STANDARDS:</u>

2022-001	Unfavorable Budget Variances
Condition	The Village of Dry Prong has reported unfavorable budget variances for the general fund and the sales tax fund.
Criteria	State Law places limits on unfavorable budget variances.
Cause	Budgets were not amended to provide appropriations for a large street improvement project that was initiated during the year. As a result, variances exceeded limits imposed by State Law.
Effect	Noncompliance with State Law.
Recommendation	Review financial results near year and amend budgets when necessary to limit unfavorable budget variances.

MANAGEMENT'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

SECTION I INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE MATERIAL TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.				
2022-001: Unfavorable Budget Variances Budget variances exceeded limits imposed by State Law.	2022-001: Response In the future, we will review financial results near year end and make amendments as necessary.			
SECTION II INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE MATERIAL TO FEDERAL AWARDS No findings were reported in the schedule of findings. Response – N/A				
SECTION III MANAGEMENT LETTER				
No management letter was issued.	Response – N/A			

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

SECTION I INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE MATERIAL TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.				
No findings were reported in the schedule of findings.	Response – N/A			
SECTION II INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE MATERIAL TO FEDERAL AWARDS				
No findings of this nature were reported as a result of the previous audit.	Response – N/A			
SECTION III MANAGEMENT LETTER				
No management letter was issued.	Response – N/A			