FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020



FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

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A Professional Accounting Corporation

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

St. Charles Parish Clerk Hahnville, Louisiana

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the St. Charles Parish Clerk (Clerk), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Clerk's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Clerk, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the budgetary comparison information, the schedule of changes in other post-employment benefits liability and related ratios, the schedule of proportionate share of the net pension liability, the schedule of employer contributions, and the notes to the required supplementary information as listed in the table of contents, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Clerk's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information consisting of the fiduciary fund type descriptions, the combining statement of changes in assets and liabilities for agency funds, and the schedule of compensation, benefits, and other payments to agency head as listed in the table of contents, respectively, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The fiduciary fund type descriptions, the combining statement of changes in assets and liabilities for agency funds, and the schedule of compensation, benefits, and other payments to agency head are the responsibility of management and were derived from and related directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the fiduciary fund type descriptions, the combining statement of changes in assets and liabilities for agency funds, and the schedule of compensation, benefits, and other payments to agency head is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

ostlethwaite & Netterville

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued a report dated December 14, 2020, on our consideration of the Clerk's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clerk's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Clerk's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Metairie, Louisiana December 14, 2020

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2020

This section of the St. Charles Parish Clerk's (Clerk) financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the Clerk's financial performance during the year that ended on June 30, 2020. Please read it in conjunction with the Clerk's financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the Clerk as a whole and present a longer-term view of the Clerk's finances. The governmental fund financial statements tell how the Clerk's services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending.

- Net position (deficit) of government-wide activities increased in a positive direction by \$175,772 or 6.6%.
- Subsequent to the adoption and implementation of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement
 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, a net adjustment
 of \$1,450,710 was made to the beginning deferred inflows, deferred outflows and other postemployment
 benefits liability amounts to correct errors in previous fiscal years caused by using inaccurate assumptions in
 the calculation of the OPEB liability. See Note 10.
- The liabilities and deferred inflows of the Clerk exceeded its assets and deferred out flows by \$2,484,187 at June 30, 2020. Of this amount, \$9,065 is invested in capital assets net of related debt. The Clerk has an unrestricted net deficit of (\$2,493,187) in governmental activities.
- During the year, the Clerk had expenses of \$2,525,364, which was \$33,392 less than the \$2,558,756 of revenue generated by governmental programs during the year comparable to the prior year, when program expenses exceeded program revenues by \$9,634.
- Governmental funds reported an ending unassigned fund balance of \$950,367, which is a \$307,583 increase from the prior year ending fund balance of \$642,784.
- Total governmental fund revenues were \$2,569,070 in the current year, an increase of \$74,970 from prior
 year revenues. This is primarily due to an increase in recording fees resulting from a more convenient erecording function implemented during the year. Expenditures remained relatively consistent with prior
 year.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of four parts: (1) Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section), (2) the basic financial statements, including the notes to the financial statements, (3) required supplementary information, and (4) fiduciary fund information and other supplementary schedule. The Basic Financial Statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the Clerk.

The first two statements are government-wide financial statements which provide both long-term and short-term information about the Clerk's overall financial status.

The remaining statements are the governmental fund financial statements of the Clerk, which focus on *near term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available* at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a governments near-term financial requirements.

ST. CHARLES PARISH CLERK OF COURT HAHNVILLE, LOUISIANA MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2020

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements report information about the Clerk as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Net Position includes all of the Clerk's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the Clerk's net position and how they have changed. The balance of net position is an indicator of the financial well-being of the Clerk. Increases and decreases in net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or declining.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the Clerk's most significant funds - not the entity as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that governments use to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes. The Clerk has one governmental fund, the General Fund, to account for the numerous funding sources provided annually and is presented individually in the financial statements. These statements report governmental activities on a more current basis rather than a long-term basis, indicating sources and uses of funding and resources available for spending in future periods. The governmental fund financial statements focus on how money flows in and out of those funds, the balances that are left at year-end, and the amount available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using the modified accrual basis of accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash. The relationship between governmental activities reported in the government-wide financial statements and the governmental funds reported in the fund financial statements.

The Clerk is the trustee, or fiduciary, for funds reserved by the Court as well as for advanced costs collected for court costs. All of these fiduciary activities are reported in a separate Statement of Assets and Liabilities. We exclude these activities from the other financial statements because the Clerk cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The Clerk is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information. The Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - General Fund Budget and Actual reports the original and final amended budget adopted by the Clerk as well as the actual activities and how they compare to the final budgeted numbers.

ST. CHARLES PARISH CLERK OF COURT HAHNVILLE, LOUISIANA MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2020

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The Clerk's liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded its assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$2,484,122 at June 30, 2020. (\$2,493,187) of net position is an unrestricted deficit with another \$9,065 consisting of net investment in capital assets. The Clerk uses these capital assets, which consist entirely of office equipment, furniture, fixtures, equipment, and automobiles as part of its daily operations. Consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. The following table reflects condensed information on the Clerk's net position:

	6/30/2020	6/30/2019*	Dollar Change	Percent Change
Current and other assets	\$ 1,027,166	\$ 708,677	\$ 318,489	45%
Capital assets	9,065	9,065		0%
Total assets	1,036,231	717,742	318,489	44%
Deferred outflows of				
resources - pension and OPEB	1,270,348	716,732	553,616	77%
Total assets and				
deferred outflows				
of resources	2,306,579	1,434,474	872,105	61%
Current liabilities	76,799	65,893	10,906	17%
Noncurrent liabilities	4,054,458	3,934,473	119,985	3%
Total liabilities	4,131,257	4,000,366	130,891	3%
Defered inflow of				
resources - pension and OPEB	659,444	94,002	565,442	602%
Total liabilities and		0		1.
deferred inflows				
of resources	4,790,701	4,094,368	696,333	17%
Net investment in capital assets	9,065	9,065	-	0%
Unrestricted (deficit)	(2,493,187)	(2,668,959) *	175,772	-7%
Total Net Position (deficit)	\$ (2,484,122)	\$ (2,659,894)	\$ 175,772	-7%

^{*} Restated to reflect the correction of error related to GASB 75, See note 10

The Clerk did not have any net position subject to restrictions in the current year. The Clerk's total revenues for the year in governmental activities were \$2,701,136 (\$2,558,756 in program revenues, \$142,380 in general revenues). This is an increase of approximately 9% from the prior year. The total cost of all programs increased by approximately \$150,000 or 6 % primarily due to OPEB and pension adjustments resulting from changes in actuarial assumptions.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2020

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, St. Charles Parish Clerk uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. Looking at funds helps in considering whether the Clerk is being accountable for the resources provided to it but may also provide insight into the overall financial health.

The focus of the Clerk's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Clerk's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Clerk's governmental fund reported ending fund balance of \$950,367, an increase of \$307,583 in comparison with the prior year. All of the total fund balance at year end was considered to be unassigned.

The General Fund is the primary fund of the Clerk and accounts for all of the Clerk's governmental activities. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare the fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 42% of total General Fund expenditures compared to 29% in the prior year.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The Clerk's budget is prepared according to Louisiana law. During the course of the year, the Clerk may revise its budget to take into consideration significant changes in revenues or expenditures. Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1311 requires a budget amendment if either expected total revenues are less, or anticipated total expenditures are in excess, of budgetary goals by 5% or more. There were no revisions made during the year. The original budget for the Clerk was adopted in June of 2019.

A statement reporting the Clerk's original and final budget compared with actual operating results is provided in the schedule on page 31.

A comparison of actual results as of June 30, 2020 and the original budget for the General Fund are as follows:

	Original		
	Budget	 Actual	Difference
Total revenues	\$ 2,375,400	\$ 2,569,070	\$ 193,670
Total expenditures	 2,282,500	 2,261,487	21,013
Net change in fund balance	\$ 92,900	\$ 307,583	\$ 214,683

CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets include office equipment, furniture, fixtures, equipment, and automobiles recorded at a historical cost of \$546,829. Accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2020 of \$537,764 recorded from the cost of assets resulted in an ending book balance of \$9,065. This year, the Clerk had no additions recorded and book values equaled residual values. Therefore, no depreciation was recorded. More detailed information about the capital assets is presented in Note 4 to the financial statements.

ST. CHARLES PARISH CLERK OF COURT HAHNVILLE, LOUISIANA MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2020

ECONOMIC AND OTHER FACTORS BEARING ON THE CLERK'S FUTURE

Historically, the Clerk's office staff and costs remain relatively stable year to year. In the current year, there was a slight increase in personnel salaries and related benefits, which can be attributed to annual raises in Clerk personnel in the current year. The Clerk's office had an increase in program revenues in the current year due to recently enacted legislation, which also led to a greater increase in fund balance in the current year. The Clerk's office anticipates for expenses and revenues to remain consistent in the subsequent year.

COVID-19 Pandemic

As described in Note 11 to the financial statements, the World Health Organization declared the outbreak of the coronavirus (COVID-19) as a global pandemic. The pandemic has negatively impacted the global economy. Locally, funding sources, vendors, and employees could be negatively impacted, all of which is uncertain and cannot be fully predicted. Based on the increasing fund balance described above, the Clerk does not expect the COVID-19 pandemic to have a materially negative impact on the Clerk's financial position going forward.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the finances and to show the accountability for the funds received. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact:

Honorable Lance Marino St. Charles Clerk P.O. Box 424 Hahnville, Louisiana 70057 985-783-6632

$\frac{\text{ST. CHARLES PARISH CLERK OF COURT}}{\text{HANHNVILLE, LOUISIANA}}$

$\frac{\textbf{STATEMENT OF NET POSITION}}{\textbf{JUNE 30, 2020}}$

<u>ASSETS</u>	Governmental Activities
Current Assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 397,389
Certificates of deposit	604,302
Accounts receivable	25,475
Total current assets	1,027,166
Noncurrent Assets:	
Capital assets, net of depreciation	9,065
Total assets	1,036,231
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred outflow amounts related to other post-employment benefit obligation	610,893
Deferred outflow amounts related to pension liability	659,455
Total deferred outflows of resources	1,270,348
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 2,306,579
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	\$ 40,204
Accrued expenses	36,595
Current portion of other post-employment benefits liability	45,840
Current portion of compensated absences	21,861
Total current liabilities	144,500
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Other post-employment benefits liability, net of current portion	1,796,070
Net pension liability	2,181,124
Compensated absences payable, net of current portion	9,563
Total liabilities	4,131,257
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred inflow amounts related to other post-employment benefits obligation	643,200
Deferred inflow amounts related to pension liability	16,244
Total deferred inflows on resources	659,444
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)	
Net investment in capital assets	9,065
Unrestricted (deficit)	(2,493,187)
Total net position (deficit)	(2,484,122)
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position	\$ 2,306,579

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Functions/Programs		Expenses		Charges for Services		erating nts and ributions	ar	et Expense nd Changes Net Position
Governmental Activities								
General government	\$	2,525,364	\$	2,558,756	\$	-	\$	33,392
Total governmental activities	\$	2,525,364	\$	2,558,756	\$		=	33,392
	Gr	eral revenues: rants and contr terest and inve Total genera	stmen	2.55	d			132,066 10,314 142,380
	Char	nge in net posi	tion					175,772
	Net	position, begin	ning o	of year, as resta	ted (Note	e 10)		(2,659,894)
	Net	position, end o	f year				\$	(2,484,122)

GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2020

	GENERAL FUND
<u>ASSETS</u>	
Cash and cash equivalents Certificates of deposit Accounts receivable	\$ 397,389 604,302 25,475
Total Assets	\$ 1,027,166
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable Accrued expenses	\$ 40,204 36,595
Total Liabilities	76,799
FUND BALANCE	
Unassigned	950,367
Total Fund Balance	950,367
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 1,027,166

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

Total fund balance - Governmental Fund	\$	950,367
Amounts reported in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. This is the amount of capital assets, net of accumulated		
depreciation (\$537,764), in the current fiscal year.		9,065
Compensated absences liability		(31,424)
Other post-employment benefits (OPEB) liability and deferrals recorded in accordance with GASB 75:		
Deferred outflow of resources - related to OPEB 610,893		
Other post-employment benefits obligation (1,841,910)		
Deferred inflow of resources - related to OPEB (643,200)		(1.074.017)
	((1,874,217)
Net pension liability and deferrals recorded in accordance with GASB 68:		
Deferred outflow of resources - related to net pension liability 659,455		
Net pension liability (2,181,124)		
Deferred inflow of resources - related to net pension liability (16,244)	3	
	((1,537,913)
Total net position - Governmental Activities	\$ ((2,484,122)

GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	GENERAL FUND
REVENUES	
Charges for services	
Court costs, fees and charges	\$ 1,436,821
Recording fees	978,469
Copy fees	143,466
Interest	10,314
Total revenues	2,569,070
EXPENDITURES	
Current	
Personnel services and benefits	1,968,735
Operating	154,820
Materials and supplies	59,029
Professional fees	76,847
Other expenses	2,056
Total expenditures	2,261,487
EXCESS OF REVENUES	
OVER EXPENDITURES	307,583
Fund balance - beginning of year	642,784
Fund balance - end of year	\$ 950,367

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Net change in fund balance - governmental fund	\$	307,583
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. These expenditures consist of:		
Excess of compensated absences earned over amounts used		(9,613)
Change in other post-employment benefits liability and deferred inflows and outflows in accordance with GASB 75.		(72,568)
Change in net pension liability and deferred inflows and outflows in accordance with GASB 68.	<u></u>	(49,630)
Change in net position - governmental activities	\$	175,772

$\frac{\text{COMBINED STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES}}{\text{JUNE } 30,2020}$

	_A	gency Funds
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,612,991
Certificates of deposit	Ø 37-32-	3,071,353
Total assets		4,684,344
LIABILITIES		
Due to others	\$	4,684,344
Total liabilities	_\$_	4,684,344

JUNE 30, 2020

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

As provided by Article V, Section 28 of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974, the St. Charles Parish Clerk (the Clerk) serves as the ex-officio notary public, the recorder of conveyances, mortgages, and other acts, and has other duties and powers provided by law. The Clerk is elected for a four-year term. The more significant of the Clerk's accounting policies are described below.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements of the Clerk have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, the Clerk's basic financial statements include all funds that are controlled by the Clerk as an independently elected Parish Official. As an independently elected official, the Clerk is solely responsible for the operations of his office. Fiscally independent means that the Clerk may, without the approval or consent of another governmental entity, determine or modify its own budget, levy its own taxes or set rates or charges, and issue bonded debt. The Clerk also has no component units as other legally separate organizations for which the Clerk is financially accountable. There are no other primary governments with which the Clerk has a significant relationship. Accordingly, the Clerk is a primary government for reporting purposes. The criteria for including organizations as component units within the Clerk's reporting entity, as set forth in Section 2100 of GASB's Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, include items such as whether the organization is legally separate.

Fund Accounting

The Clerk uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid management by segregating transactions related to certain clerk functions and activities. A fund is defined as a separate fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds account for most of the Clerk's governmental activities. These funds focus on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between a governmental fund's assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. In general, fund balance represents the accumulated expendable resources which may be used to finance future period programs or operations of the Clerk. The following is the Clerk's governmental fund:

General Fund

The General fund is the primary operating fund of the Clerk and it's considered to be the Clerk's only major fund. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in other funds. The General fund is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred in accordance with state and federal laws and according to Clerk's policy.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on resources held for other parties. The only funds accounted for in this category by the Clerk are agency funds. The agency funds are used to account for assets held by the Clerk as an agent for litigants pending court action. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. Consequently, the agency funds have no measurement focus, but use the full accrual basis of accounting. The following agency funds are utilized by the Clerk:

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Fund Accounting (continued)

Governmental Funds (continued)

Fiduciary Funds (continued)

- The Advance Deposit Fund provided for under Louisiana Revised Statute 13:842, is used to account for advance deposits in suits filed by litigants.
- The Registry of Court Fund provided for under Louisiana Revised Statute 13:475, is used to account for funds held by order of the court until judgment is rendered by the judiciary.

Basis of Accounting / Measurement Focus

Government-wide financial statements (GWFS)

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government (the Clerk). These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Governmental activities are generally financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues and other non-exchange transactions. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from non-exchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 33, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Non-Exchange Transactions.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the Clerk's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues.

The GWFS and fiduciary fund statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the Clerk gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include grants and donations. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Fund Financial Statements (FFS)

The fund financial statements provide information about the Clerk's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental and fiduciary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds. The General Fund is the Clerk's only major governmental fund.

The amounts reflected in the General Fund are accounted for using the current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in net fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing resources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach is then reconciled, through adjustment, to a government-wide view of clerk operations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Basis of Accounting / Measurement Focus (continued)

Fund Financial Statements (FFS) (continued)

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The Clerk considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. Copies, fees, recording, and interest are considered to be susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for claims and judgments and compensated absences, which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Budgetary Accounting

Formal budgetary accounting is employed as a management control. The Clerk prepares and submits for public inspection a budget each year prior to June 15, for its general fund in accordance with Louisiana Revised Statutes. The operating budget is prepared based on prior year's revenues and expenditures and the estimated increase/decrease therein for the current year, using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The Clerk amends its budget when projected revenues are expected to be less than budgeted revenues by five percent or more and/or projected expenditures are expected to be more than budgeted amounts by five percent or more. All budget appropriations lapse at year end.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash - includes not only currency on hand but also demand deposits with banks or other financial institutions and other kinds of accounts that have the general characteristics of demand deposits in that the Clerk may deposit additional funds at any time and also effectively may withdraw funds at any time without prior notice or penalty.

Cash equivalents - includes all short term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and are so near their maturity that they present insignificant risk of changes in value because of interest rates.

Investments

Investments are limited by Louisiana R.S. 33:2955 and the Clerk's investment policy. If the original maturities of investments exceed 90 days, they are classified as investments; however, if the original maturities are 90 days or less, they are classified as cash equivalents.

Receivables

All receivables are reported at their gross value. The Clerk expects to collect all balances due.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Capital Assets

Capital assets are carried at historical costs. Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets used by the Clerk is charged as an expense against operations in the Statement of Activities. Capital assets net of accumulated depreciation are reported on the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is computed using the straight line method over the estimated useful life of the assets, generally 5 to 10 years for moveable property. Expenditures for maintenance, repairs and minor renewals are charged to expenditures as incurred. Major expenditures for renewals and betterments are capitalized. The Clerk maintains a threshold level of \$2,000 or more for capitalizing assets.

Compensated Absences

The Clerk accrues accumulated personal leave and associated employee related costs when earned (or estimated to be earned) by the employee. The compensated absence liability for governmental funds is maintained separately and represents a reconciling item between the fund and government-wide presentations.

The Clerk employees earn annual and sick leave at various rates depending on the number of years of service. Any comp-time earned due to employees working overtime is added to the personal leave time. Upon termination or retirement employees receive one day's pay for every two days of personal leave earned and not used.

Pension Plans

The Clerk is a participating employer in the Louisiana Clerks' of Court Retirement and Relief Fund (Fund) as described in Note 5. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Fund and additions to/deductions from the Fund's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Fund. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments have been reported at fair value within the Plan.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. See Note 6 for additional information on deferred outflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits and Note 5 for additional information on deferred outflows of resources related to defined benefit pension plans.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenues) until that time. See Note 6 for additional information on deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits and Note 5 for additional information on deferred inflows of resources related to defined benefit pension plans.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, expenditures and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Net Position

For the government-wide statement of net position, net position amount is classified and displayed in three components:

- Net investment in capital assets consists of net capital assets reduced by outstanding balances of any
 related debt obligations and deferred inflows of resources attributable to the acquisition, construction or
 improvement of those assets and increased by balances of deferred outflows of resources related to those
 assets.
- Restricted net position net position is considered restricted if its use is constrained to a particular purpose.
 Restricted net position is restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to the restricted assets.
- Unrestricted net position consists of all other net position that does not meet the definition of the above two components and is available for general use by the Clerk.

Fund Balance of Fund Financial Statements

Accounting standards require governmental fund balances to be reported in as many as five classifications as listed below:

- Nonspendable represents amounts that are not expected to be converted to cash because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted represents balances where constraints have been established by parties outside the Clerk's
 office or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed represents balances that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Clerk's highest level of decision-making authority.
- Assigned represents balances that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed.
- Unassigned represents balances that have not been assigned to other funds and that have not been restricted, committed or assigned to be specific purposes within the general fund.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Fund Balance of Fund Financial Statements (continued)

When expenditures are incurred for the purposes of which both restricted and unrestricted amounts are available, the Clerk's office reduces restricted amounts first, followed by unrestricted amounts. When expenditures are incurred for the purposes of which committed, assigned and unassigned amounts are available, the Clerk's office reduces committed amounts first followed by assigned amounts and then unassigned amounts.

Current Accounting Standards Scheduled to be Implemented

Following is a summary of accounting standards adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) that are scheduled to be implemented in the future that may affect the Clerk's financial report:

GASB Statement 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. This standard defines and establishes criteria for identifying and reporting fiduciary activities. The focus of the criteria is on (1) whether the Clerk controls the assets in a fiduciary activity and (2) if there are separate identifiable beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. The standard is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. The Clerk will include the requirements of this standard, as applicable, in its June 30, 2021 financial statements. The effect of this standard or its applicability to the Clerk are unknown at this time.

GASB Statement 87, Leases. This standard will require all leases to be reported on the statement of net position under a single accounting model for both lessors and lessees. The statement will require the recognition of lease assets or liabilities for leases previously reported as operating leases. Both operating and capital leases will be reported under this single accounting method and reported by lessees as an intangible right to use asset and by lessors as a receivable with both reporting a deferred inflow of resources. The standard is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021. The Clerk will include the requirements of this standard, as applicable, in its June 30, 2022 financial statements. All of the Clerk's lease agreements will need to be evaluated to determine the impact of implementing this standard; however, the effect of this standard or its applicability to the Clerk are unknown at this time.

2. CASH AND CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT

At June 30, 2020, the Clerk had the following cash and certificates of deposit as follows:

Governmental Funds	\$ 1,001,691
Fiduciary Funds	4,684,344
Total	\$ 5,686,035

Under State law, the bank balances of these deposits must be secured by federal deposit Insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The fair value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit Insurance must at all times equal or exceed the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent. At year-end, the bank balances were fully insured or collateralized.

3. RECEIVABLES

The accounts receivable in the governmental fund of \$25,475 consists of amounts due from attorneys for recording court fees and expenses related to cases in progress, and from abstractors for certified copies.

4. CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in governmental activity capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2020 is as follows:

	Balance							
	Jun	ne 30, 2019	Additions		Disposals		June 30, 2020	
Furniture, fixtures, & equipment	\$	208,873	\$	-	\$	-	\$	208,873
Office equipment		311,174		-		-		311,174
Automobile		26,782		-		-		26,782
Less: accumulated depreciation		(537,764)		-		-		(537,764)
Net Capital Assets	\$	9,065	\$	-	\$	-	\$	9,065

Depreciation expense of \$0 was charged to the general government function.

The ending balance consist of residual values estimated when the assets were placed in service.

5. PENSION PLAN

Substantially all employees of the Clerk are members of the Louisiana Clerks' of Court Retirement and Relief Fund (Fund), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by a separate board of trustees. The Louisiana Clerks' of Court Retirement and Relief Fund (the Fund) was established and provided for by R.S. 111:1501 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes (LRS). In accordance with this law, the Fund is administered by a board of trustees made up of ten members composed of the president, first vice-president, treasurer, second vice-president, and immediate past president of the Clerks' Association, one retired clerk elected by the Clerks' Association, two additional members elected by the Clerks' Association, the chairman of the Retirement Committee of the Louisiana House of Representatives, and the chairman of the Finance Committee of the Senate, or their designees.

The Fund issues an annual publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Fund. The report may be obtained by writing to the Louisiana Clerks' of Court Retirement and Relief Fund, 10202 Jefferson Highway, Bldg. A., Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70809, or by calling (225) 293-1162.

Funding Policy - The contribution requirements of plan members and the Clerk are established and may be amended by state statute. As provided by Louisiana Revised Statute 11:105, the employer contributions are determined by actuarial valuation and are subject to change each year based on the results of the valuation for the prior fiscal year. In accordance with state statute, the Fund receives ad valorem taxes and state revenue sharing funds. These additional sources of income are used as employer contributions and are considered support from non-employer contributing entities, but are not considered special funding situations.

Benefit Terms - Benefit terms are described in the Fund's publicly available financial report referred to above.

Plan members are required by state statute to contribute 8.25 percent of their annual covered salary and the Clerk is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's and employee's rate for the year ended June 30, 2020 was 19.0 and 8.25 percent, respectively of annual covered payroll. The Clerk's contributions to the Plan, for the years ending June 30, 2020 and 2019 were \$228,649, and \$221,598 respectively.

5. PENSION PLAN (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2020, the Clerk reported a liability of \$2,181,124 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability. The Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2019 and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Clerk's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on a projection of the Clerk's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2019, the Clerk's proportion was 1.20107%, which was an increase of 0.04477% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2018.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the Clerk recognized pension expense of \$410,552 including the Clerk's amortization of change in proportionate share and difference between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions.

At June 30, 2020, the Clerk reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		red Inflows esources
\$ 61,242	\$	-
168,978		~
139,425		0
61,161		(15,671) (573)
\$ 228,649 659,455	\$	(16,244)
of F	168,978 139,425 61,161 -	of Resources of R \$ 61,242 \$ 168,978 139,425 61,161 - 228,649

Deferred outflows of resources of \$228,649 related to pensions resulting from the Clerk's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

5. PENSION PLAN (continued)

Years ending June 30:	_
2021	1 \$ 168,329
2022	52,236
2023	3 120,944
2024	73,053
	\$ 414,562

Actuarial Assumptions

A summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used in determining the total pension liability as of June 30, 2020 is as follows:

Valuation Date

June 30, 2019

Actuarial Cost Method

Entry Age Normal

Actuarial Assumptions:

Expected Remaining Service Lives 5 Years

Investment Rate of Return

6.75%, net of investment expense

Inflation Rate

2.50% per annum

Projected Salary Increases

5.00%

Mortality

Active Members - RP-2000 employee mortality table (set back 4 years for males and 3 years for females)

Disabled Members - RP-2000 Disabled Lives Mortaility Table (set back 5 years for males and 3 years for females) Non-Disabeled Retiree/Inactive Members - RP-2000 Healthy Annuitant Table (set forward 1 year for males) and

projected to 2030 using Scale AA for males and females

Cost of living adjustments

The present value of future retirement benefits is based on benefits currently being paid by the

Fund and includes previously granted cost of living increases. The present values do not

include provisions for potential future increases not yet authorized by the Board of Trustees as they were

deemed not to be substantively automatic.

The actuarial assumptions used are based on the assumptions used in the 2019 actuarial funding valuation which (with the exception of mortality) were based on results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2009 - June 30, 2014 unless otherwise specified.

The mortality rate assumption used was verified by combining data from this plan with three other statewide plans which have similar workforce composition in order to produce a credible experience. The aggregated data was collected over the period July 1, 2009 through June 30, 2014. The data was then assigned credibility weighting and combined with a standard table to produce current levels of mortality. This mortality was then projected forward to a period equivalent to the estimated duration of the Fund's liabilities. Annuity values calculated based on this mortality were compared to those produced by using a setback of standard tables. The result of the procedure indicated that these tables would produce liability values approximating the appropriate generational mortality tables used.

5. PENSION PLAN (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

The long-term expected real rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The long term expected rate of return was 6.38% for the year ended June 30, 2019.

The rate of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2019 is summarized in the following table:

Asset class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Portfolio Real Rate of Return
Fixed income:		
Domestic bonds	20.00%	2.50%
International bonds		3.50%
Domestic equity	33.00%	7.50%
International equity	27.00%	8.50%
Real estate	10.00%	4.50%
Hedge funds	10.00%	6.60%
Total	100.00%	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from participating employers will be made at the actuarially determined rates approved by the Board of Trustees and the Public Retirement System's Actuary Committee (PRSAC) taking into consideration the recommendation of the Fund's actuary. Based on those assumptions, Fund's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table presents the Clerk's proportionate share of the net pension liability (NPL) using the discount rate of 6.75% as well as what the Clerk's proportionate share of the NPL would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower or one percentage-point higher than the current rate used by the Fund:

	1.0% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1.0% Increase		
Discount rates	5.75%	6.75%	7.75%		
Proportionate share of the NPL	\$3,240,788	\$2,181,124	\$1,282,160		

5. PENSION PLAN (continued)

Support of Non-Employer Contributing Entities

Contributions received by a pension plan from non-employer contributing entities that are not in a special funding situation are recorded as revenue by the respective pension plan. The Clerk recognizes revenue in an amount equal to their proportionate share of the total contributions to the pension plan from these non-employer contributing entities. During the year ended June 30, 2020, the Clerk recognized revenue as a result of support received from non-employer contributing entities of \$132,066 for its participation in the Clerks' Pension and Relief Fund.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Clerks' Retirement and Relief Fund Audit Report at www.lla.la.gov. The Clerks' Retirement and Relief Fund issues a publicly available audit report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information.

Payables to the Pension Plan

Payables to the Pension Plan for contractually required contributions were \$25,068 as of June 30, 2020. Outstanding balances will be applied to the Clerk's required monthly contribution.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

6. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN

General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan description

The St. Charles Parish Clerk (the Clerk) provides certain continuing health care and life insurance benefits for its retired employees. The St. Charles Parish Clerk's OPEB Plan (the OPEB Plan) is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the Clerk. The authority to establish and/or amend the obligation of the employer, employees and retirees rests with the Clerk. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification Section P52 Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions-Reporting For Benefits Not Provided Through Trusts That Meet Specified Criteria—Defined Benefit.

Benefits Provided

Medical, dental, vision and life insurance benefits are provided through a comprehensive medical plan and are made available to employees upon actual retirement. Upon retirement, the Clerk pays 50% of the premium cost for the retiree and dependent. Employees are covered by the Louisiana Clerks' of Court Retirement and Relief Fund, whose retirement eligibility (D.R.O.P. entry) provisions are as follows: If a member is hired on or before December 31, 2010 then the member is eligible to receive regular retirement benefits once he or she has attained age 55 and completed 12 years of service. If a member is hired on or after January 1, 2011 then the member will be eligible to receive regular retirement benefits once he or she has attained age 60 and has at least 12 years of service.

Life insurance coverage is provided to retirees and 100% of the blended rate (active and retired) is paid by the employer. The amount of insurance coverage while active is continued after retirement, but insurance coverage amounts are reduced to 50% of the original amount at age 70.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At June 30, 2020, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	13
Active employees	28
	41

Total OPEB Liability

The Clerk's total OPEB liability of \$1,841,910 was measured as of June 30, 2020 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2019.

Actuarial Assumptions and other inputs

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases 3.0% including inflation

Discount Rate 2.21% annually, Prior discount rate 3.5% annually

Heathcare cost trend rates Flat 5.5% annually until year 2030, then 4.5%

Mortality SOA RP-2014 Combined Table

6. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions and other inputs (continued)

The discount rate was based on the average of the Bond Buyers' 20 Year General Obligation municipal bond index as of June 30, 2020, the end of the applicable measurement period.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of ongoing evaluations of the assumptions from July 1, 2008 to June 30, 2020.

Balance at June 30, 2019	\$ 1,989,393
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	55,434
Interest	70,599
Differences between expected and actual experience	(735,086)
Changes in assumptions	507,410
Benefit payments and net transfers	(45,840)
Net changes	 (147,483)
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$ 1,841,910

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Clerk, as well as what the Clerk's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current discount rate:

	1.09	% Decrease	Curr	ent Discount	1.0% Increase		
Total OPEB liability	\$	2,175,833	\$	1,841,910	\$	1,581,308	

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Clerk, as well as what the Clerk's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare trend rates:

	1.09	% Decrease	Curre	ent Discount	1.0% Increase			
Total OPEB liability	\$	1,666,176	\$	1,841,910	\$	2,063,196		

6. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN (continued)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the Clerk recognized OPEB expense of \$118,408. At June 30, 2020, the Clerk reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	red Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected an actual experience	\$ 63,396	\$	(643,200)	
Changes in Assumptions	547,497			
Total	\$ 610,893	\$	(643,200)	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ending June 30	
2021	\$ (7,624)
2022	(7,624)
2023	(7,624)
2024	(7,624)
2025	(7,624)
Thereafter	5,813
	\$ (32,307)

7. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The following is a summary of long-term liabilities of the Clerk for the year ended June 30, 2020:

	-	ance June 80, 2019			Reductions		Balance June 30, 2020		Due within one year	
Compensated absences	\$	21,811	\$	48,279	\$	(38,666)	\$	31,424	\$	21,861
Net pension liability		1,923,269		257,855		-		2,181,124		-
Total OPEB liability		1,989,393 *	-	633,443		(780,926)		1,841,910		45,840
Total long-term liabilities	\$	3,934,473	\$	939,577	\$	(819,592)	\$	4,054,458	\$	67,701

^{*} As restated from the originally reported OPEB liability as of June 30, 2019 of \$3,592,797 less the prior period adjustment of \$1,603,404. See Note 10.

8. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The Clerk employees have the option of becoming participants in the State of Louisiana Deferred Compensation Plan. This Plan was established pursuant to IRC Section 457 and Louisiana R.S. 42:1301-1308. The Plan provides state, parish, and municipal employees with the opportunity to invest money on a before-tax basis, using payroll deduction. Participants defer federal or state income tax on their contributions. In addition, interest or earnings on the participant's account accumulate tax-deferred.

Participants can contribute up to a maximum of 100% of compensation, not to exceed \$19,000 for the 2019 calendar year. Additionally, if age 50 or older, participants may elect the Age 50+ provision to defer an additional \$6,000 above the annual deferral limit.

The Clerk agreed to match each participant's contribution up to a maximum of 6% for the year ended June 30, 2020. Total contributions made by the Clerk on behalf of the employees for the year ended June 30, 2020 were \$58,744. Withdrawals from the Plan occur at retirement, separation from service, death, or proven financial hardship (unforeseeable emergency as defined by the Plan).

9. EXPENDITURES PAID BY ST. CHARLES PARISH COUNCIL

The Clerk's office is located in the St. Charles Parish courthouse. The expenditures for maintenance and operation of the courthouse and Clerk's office are paid by the Parish and are not included in the accompanying financial statements.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the amount of these expenditures were:

Professional Services	\$	250,748
Office supplies		24,306
Printing, duplication and typing		13,371
Maintenance of property and equipment	No. of Contract of	5,456
	\$	293,881

10. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

The Clerk reported a prior period adjustment in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 as follows:

	Governmental Activities	
Total Net Position, June 30, 2019 as previously reported	\$	(4,110,604)
OPEB deferred outflow		(188,536)
OPEB deferred inflow		35,842
OPEB liability		1,603,404
Total Net Position, June 30, 2019, Restated	\$	(2,659,894)

As explained in Footnote 6, the estimated total Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) and related deferred inflows and outflows of resources are based on assumptions, census data and the estimated cost of benefits to be provided. In prior years, the estimated OPEB and related deferred inflows and outflows were based on the assumption that the Clerk paid 100% of the healthcare premiums for retirees. During the fiscal years 2017 through present the Clerk's policy was and continues to be to pay 50% of healthcare premiums for retirees. As a result, the adjustments above were made to the beginning balance of net position.

11. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In March, 2020, the World Health Organization declared the outbreak of a novel coronavirus (COVID-19) as a global pandemic, which continues to spread throughout the United States. The COVID-19 pandemic has negatively impacted the global economy and created significant volatility and disruption of financial markets. The extent of the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on the Clerk's operational and financial performance will depend on certain developments, including the duration and spread of the outbreak and the impact on the jurisdictional parishes and other governmental entities, vendors and employees, all of which are uncertain and cannot be predicted. The extent to which the COVID-19 pandemic may directly or indirectly impact the Clerk's financial condition or results of operations cannot be reasonably estimated at this time.

Management has evaluated subsequent events through the date that the financial statements were available to be issued, December 14, 2020 and determined no other events occurred that required additional disclosure. No subsequent events occurring after this date have been evaluated for inclusion in these financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEM	TION	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF THE GENERAL FUND - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable	
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Unfavorable)	
REVENUES					
Charges for services					
Court costs, fees and charges	\$ 1,413,600	\$ 1,413,600	\$ 1,436,821	\$ 23,221	
Recording fees	813,200	813,200	978,469	165,269	
Copy fees	128,000	128,000	143,466	15,466	
Miscellaneous					
Interest	1,900	1,900	10,314	8,414	
Other	18,700	18,700		(18,700)	
Total revenues	2,375,400	2,375,400	2,569,070	193,670	
EXPENDITURES Current: Personnel services and benefits Operating Materials and supplies	1,937,700 162,000 72,000	1,937,700 162,000 72,000	1,968,735 154,820 59,029	(31,035) 7,180 12,971	
Professional fees	95,600	95,600	76,847	18,753	
Other expenses	15,200	15,200	2,056	13,144	
Total expenditures	2,282,500	2,282,500	2,261,487	21,013	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	92,900	92,900	307,583	214,683	
FUND BALANCE					
Beginning of year	427,665	427,665	642,784	215,119	
End of year	\$ 520,565	\$ 520,565	\$ 950,367	\$ 429,802	

ST. CHARLES PARISH CLERK OF COURT HAHNVILLE, LOUISIANA

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

Financial statement reporting date	Measurement date	Sei	rvice cost	ost Inter		Differences between expected and actual experience		Changes of assumptions		Benefit payments		Net change in total OPEB liability		Total OPEB liability - beginning	Total OPEB liability - ending	Covered- employee payroll	Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	
6/30/2020	6/30/2020	\$	55,434	\$	70,599	\$	(735,086)	\$:	507,410	\$	(45,840)	\$	(147,483)	\$ 1,989,393	\$ 1,841,910	\$ 1,249,449	147.42%	
6/30/2019 *	6/30/2019	\$	33,073	\$	68,355	\$	76,692	\$	129,390	\$	(67,861)	\$	239,649	\$ 1,749,744	\$ 1,989,393	\$ 1,168,070	170.31%	
6/30/2018 *	6/30/2018	\$	32,109	\$	67,487	\$	2,724	\$	-	\$	(64,323)	\$	37,997	\$ 1,711,747	\$ 1,749,744	\$ 1,134,049	154.29%	

Notes to Schedule:

Benefit Changes. There were no changes of benefit terms for the year ended June 30, 2020.

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Changes in assumptions -

Discount rate as of 6/30/2017 was 3.58%.

Discount rate as of 6/30/2018 was 3.87%.

Discount rate as of 6/30/2019 was 3.50%.

Discount rate as of 6/30/2020 was 2.21%.

^{*}Restated from previous reporting.

ST. CHARLES PARISH CLERK OF COURT HAHNVILLE, LOUISIANA

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY LOUISIANA CLERKS' OF COURT RETIREMENT AND RELIEF FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (*)

Year	Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Propo of th	Employer's ortionate Share to Net Pension bility (Asset)	Empl	oyer's Covered Payroll	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	
2020	1.201065%	\$	2,181,124	\$	1,167,836	186.77%	77.93%	
2019	1.156297%		1,923,269		1,073,591	179.14%	79.07%	
2018	1.164632%		1,762,011		1,050,656	167.71%	79.69%	
2017	1.179296%		2,181,667		1,076,394	202.68%	74.17%	
2016	1.145631%		1,718,483		1,036,731	165.76%	78.13%	
2015	1.312241%		1,770,032		851,075	207.98%	79.37%	

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

(*) The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year end.

No changes in assumptions - 2020

ST. CHARLES PARISH CLERK OF COURT HAHNVILLE, LOUISIANA

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS LOUISIANA CLERKS' OF COURT RETIREMENT AND RELIEF FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Contributions in Relation to Contractually Contractually Contributions as a Required Required Employer's Covered Contribution % of Covered Contribution² Payroll³ Year Contribution 1 Deficiency (Excess) Payroll \$ \$ 228,649 \$ 228,649 \$ 1,218,535 18.76% 2020 2019 221,598 221,598 1,167,836 18.98% 203,771 18.98% 2018 203,771 1,073,591 199,625 199,625 1,050,656 19.00% 2017 1,076,394 18.97% 2016 204,160 204,160 18.99% 196,911 196,911 1,036,731 2015

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

For reference only:

¹ Employer contribution rate multiplied by employer's covered employee payroll

² Actual employer contributions remitted to the Clerks' of Court Retirement and Relief Fund

³ Employer's covered payroll amount for the fiscal year ended June 30

ST. CHARLES PARISH CLERK OF COURT HAHNVILLE, LOUISIANA NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

NOTE 1: BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Budgets for the General Fund are legally adopted by the Clerk on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).



ST. CHARLES PARISH CLERK OF COURT HAHNVILLE, LOUISIANA FIIDUCIARY FUND TYPE DESCRIPTIONS

Agency Funds

Advance Deposit Fund - Accounts for advance deposits on suits filed by litigants.

Registry of the Court Fund - Accounts for funds which have been ordered by the court to be held until judgment has been rendered in court litigation.

ST. CHARLES PARISH CLERK OF COURT HAHNVILLE, LOUISIANA

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Advance Deposit Fund		Registry of the Court Fund			Total
ADDITIONS						
Suits and successions Interest income	\$	1,278,933	\$	410,360 1,237	\$	1,689,293 1,237
Total additions		1,278,933		411,597		1,690,530
DEDUCTIONS						
Clerk's costs (paid to general fund) Settlements to litigants Sheriff's fees Other deductions	sī	761,837 214,602 74,916 91,618		403,838		761,837 618,440 74,916 91,618
Total deductions	3	1,142,973		403,838	0 	1,546,811
Changes in assets and liabilities		135,960		7,759		143,719
Assets and liabilities - beginning of year		1,282,285		3,258,340		4,540,625
Assets and liabilities - end of year	\$	1,418,245	\$	3,266,099	\$	4,684,344

ST. CHARLES PARISH CLERK OF COURT HAHNVILLE, LOUISIANA

SCHEDULE OF COMPENSATION, BENEFITS AND OTHER PAYMENTS TO THE CLERK OF COURT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Agency Head: Lance Marino, Clerk of Courth

Purpose		Amount		
Salary	\$	161,999		
Benefits - insurance		15,672		
Benefits - retirement		44,145		
Benefits - deferred compensation		9,720		
Benefits - other		2,640		
Car allowance		19,635		
Continuing education - fees		525		
Continuing education - travel	-	1,085		
	_\$	255,421		

OTHER REPORTING REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS



A Professional Accounting Corporation

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

St. Charles Parish Clerk Hahnville, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the St. Charles Parish Clerk (the Clerk), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Clerk's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 14, 2020.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Clerk's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clerk's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clerk's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Clerk's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.



Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clerk's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Clerk's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

ostlethwaite & Netterville

Metairie, Louisiana December 14, 2020

ST. CHARLES PARISH CLERK OF COURT HAHNVILLE, LOUISIANA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES JUNE 30, 2020

A. SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

- 1. The auditors' report expressed an unmodified opinion on the financial statements of the St. Charles Parish Clerk as of and for the year June 30, 2020.
- 2. No significant deficiencies or material weaknesses in internal controls were reported relating to the audit of the financial statements.
- 3. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of the St. Charles Parish Clerk were reported.

B. FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

None noted

C. FINDINGS – NON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

None noted

ST. CHARLES PARISH CLERK OF COURT HAHNVILLE, LOUISIANA SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS JUNE 30, 2020

A. FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

None noted.

B. FINDINGS - NON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATION

None noted.