ST. TAMMANY PARISH FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT NO. 2 Madisonville, Louisiana

Annual Financial Statements

December 31, 2023



Contents

Independent Auditor's Report	1 - 3
Required Supplementary Information (Part I)	
Management's Discussion and Analysis	5 - 6
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-Wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	8
Statement of Activities	9
Fund Financial Statements	
Governmental Funds	
Balance Sheet	11
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	12
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and	12
Changes in Fund Balance	13 - 14
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures,	
and Changes in Fund Balance of the Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	15
to the Statement of Activities	13
Notes to Basic Financial Statements	16 - 33
Required Supplementary Information (Part II)	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -	
Budget and Actual - General Fund	35 - 36
Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of the	27
Net Pension Liability Schedule of District's Contributions	37 38
Other Supplementary Information	
Schedule of Governing Board	40
Schedules of Compensation, Benefits, and Other Payments	<u>.</u> .
to Agency Head	41

Contents (Continued)

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	42 - 43
Schedule of Findings and Responses	44
Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	45



LaPorte, APAC 8555 United Plaza Blvd. | Suite 400 Baton Rouge, LA 70809 225.296.5150 | Fax 225.296.5151 LaPorte.com

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Commissioners St. Tammany Parish Fire Protection District No. 2 Madisonville, Louisiana

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of St. Tammany Parish Fire Protection District No. 2 (the District), a component unit of St. Tammany Parish, Louisiana, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District as of December 31, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
 due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks.
 Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and
 disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
 an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion
 is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, beginning on page 5, the budgetary comparison schedule on pages 35 and 36, and the pension schedules on pages 37 and 38 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in the appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The schedule of governing board and the schedule of compensation, benefits, and other payments to agency head are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of governing board and the schedule of compensation, benefits, and other payments to agency head are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 29, 2024 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

A Professional Accounting Corporation

Baton Rouge, LA May 29, 2024

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (PART I) MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of St. Tammany Parish Fire Protection District No. 2 (the District), we offer this discussion and analysis of the District's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2023.

As with other sections of this financial report, the information contained in this management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) should be considered only a part of the greater whole. The readers of this statement should take time to read and evaluate all sections of this report, including the notes and the required and other supplementary information that are provided in addition to this MD&A.

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The statement of net position and the statement of activities on pages 8 and 9 provide information about the activities of the District as a whole and present a longer-term view of the District's finances. Fund financial statements begin on page 11. These statements tell how these services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The District is a component unit of St. Tammany Parish. Louisiana. Its operations are conducted through a general fund.

Financial Highlights

Assets and deferred outflows of resources of the District exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at December 31, 2023 by \$8,651,183 (net position). The District's net position increased by \$803,196, or 10%.

At the close of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$9,605.718, which is an increase of \$1,132,686 in comparison with the prior fiscal year. This amount includes \$430 in the 2016 Capital Projects Fund which is restricted for capital outlay. The remaining fund balance of \$9,605,288 is unassigned in the General Fund.

A summary of the basic government-wide financial statements is as follows:

Summary Statements of Net Position

		2023	2022	Change
Assets				
Current Assets	\$	9,954,212	\$ 8,852,135	\$ 1,102,077
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation		5,290,705	5,544,511	(253,806)
Total Assets		15,244,917	 14,396,646	848,271
Deferred Outflows of Resources		2,794,788	3,449,549	(654,761)
Liabilities				
Current Liabilities		549,997	594,627	(44,630)
Noncurrent Liabilities		8,616,782	9,091,998	 (475,216)
Total Liabilities		9,166,779	 9,686,625	(519,846)
Deferred Inflows of Resources		221,743	311,583	(89,840)
Net Position				
Net Investment in Capital Assets		2,909,438	2,792,388	117,050
Restricted		430	415	15
Unrestricted		5,741,315	5,055,184	686,131
Total Net Position	_\$_	8,651,183	\$ 7,847,987	\$ 803,196

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Summary Statements of Activities

		2023	2022	Change
Revenues				
General Revenues				
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$	5,809,126	\$ 5,523,648	\$ 285,478
Supplemental Pay		298,233	279,251	18,982
Other Income		165,099	117,027	48,072
Rentals		114,765	84,261	30,504
State Revenue Sharing		79,911	78,001	1,910
Interest Income		244,889	87,414	157,475
Fire Insurance Tax		140,166	105,959	34,207
Grant Income		-	1,755	(1,755)
Operating Contributions		335,162	340,235	(5,073)
Total Revenues	***************************************	7,187,351	 6,617,551	569,800
Expenses				
Fire Protection		6,318,037	5,849,409	468,628
Interest on Long-Term Debt		66,118	76,270	(10,152)
Total Expenses		6,384,155	5,925,679	458,476
Change in Net Position		803,196	691,872	111.324
Net Position, Beginning of Year		7.847,987	 7,156,115	691,872
Net Position, End of Year	\$	8.651,183	\$ 7,847,987	\$ 803,196

Capital Assets and Debt

In 2023, capital assets decreased by \$253,806, which was the result of depreciation and disposals in the current period exceeding additions. Total debt decreased by \$370,856, which was the result of making the required principal payments on certificates of indebtedness and notes payable.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

In 2023, actual revenues exceeded budget by \$1,553,388 and actual expenditures were less than budget by \$1,513,283.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances for all those with an interest in the District's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Chief Randy Hess, P.O. Box 795, Madisonville, Louisiana 70447.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

ST. TAMMANY PARISH FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT NO. 2 MADISONVILLE, LOUISIANA Statement of Net Position December 31, 2023

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 2,095,991
Investments	2,530,342
Receivables - Ad Valorem Taxes, Net	5,274,605
Receivables - State Revenue Sharing	53,274
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	1,429,824
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	3,860,881
Total Assets	15,244,917
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred Outflows on Pension Obligation	2,794,788
Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	11,049
Accrued Expenses	148,696
Accrued Interest	11,382
Noncurrent Liabilities	
Compensated Absences	142,129
Net Pension Liability	6,472,256
Certificate of Indebtedness	
Due Within One Year	290,000
Due in More than One Year	1,910,000
Notes Payable	
Due Within One Year	88,870
Due in More than One Year	92,397
Total Liabilities	9,166,779
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred Inflows on Pension Obligation	221.743
Net Position	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	2,909,438
Restricted	430
Unrestricted	5,741,315
Total Net Position	\$ 8,651,183

ST. TAMMANY PARISH FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT NO. 2 MADISONVILLE, LOUISIANA Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

			Program Revenue		Ne	t (Expense)		
				apital		perating		evenue and
		_		ants and		rants and		hanges in
Functions/Programs	<u> </u>	Expenses	Con	tributions	Col	ntributions	N	et Position
Governmental Activities								
Public Safety - Fire Protection	\$	6,318,037	\$	-	\$	335,162	\$	(5,982,875)
Interest on Long-Term Debt		66,118		_		-		(66,118)
Total Governmental Activities		6,384,155	\$	_	\$	335,162		(6,048,993)
General Revenues								
Ad Valorem Taxes								5,809,126
Supplemental Pay								298,233
Other Income								165,099
Fire Insurance Tax								140,166
Interest Income								244,889
Rentals								114,765
State Revenue Sharing								79,911
Total General Revenues								6,852,189
Change in Net Position								803,196
Net Position, Beginning of Year								7,847,987
Net Position, End of Year								8,651,183

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

ST. TAMMANY PARISH FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT NO. 2 MADISONVILLE, LOUISIANA Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2023

		General Fund		2016 Capital jects Fund	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Assets						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	2,095,561	\$	430	\$	2,095,991
Investments		2,530,342		-		2,530,342
Receivables - Ad Valorem Taxes, Net		5,274,605		-		5,274,605
Receivables - State Revenue Sharing		53,274		_		53,274
Total Assets		9,953,782	\$	430	\$	9,954,212
Liabilities						
Accounts Payable	\$	11,049	\$	-	\$	11,049
Accrued Expenses		148,696		-		148,696
Total Liabilities		159,745		-		159,745
Deferred inflows of Resources						
Unavailable Ad Valorem Taxes		188,749		-		188,749
Fund Equity						
Fund Balance						
Restricted		-		430		430
Unassigned		9,605,288		-		9,605,288
Total Fund Equity		9,605,288		430		9,605,718
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows	•	0.050.500	•			0.051.515
of Resources, and Fund Equity	<u>\$</u>	9,953,782	\$	430	\$	9,954,212

ST. TAMMANY PARISH FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT NO. 2 MADISONVILLE, LOUISIANA

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Total Fund Equity	\$	9,605,718
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		E 200 705
lunds.		5,290,705
Accrued interest on long-term liabilities is not reported in the governmental funds.		(11,382)
Deferred inflows of resources - unavailable ad valorem taxes		
are not reported on government-wide financial statements.		188,749
Deferred inflows of resources - pension used in governmental		
activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not		(004.740)
reported in the governmental funds.		(221,743)
Deferred outflows of resources - pension used in governmental		
activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not		
reported in the governmental funds.		2,794,788
Long-term liabilities, including certificates of indebtedness, are		
not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are		
not reported in the governmental funds:		
Net Pension Liability		(6,472,256)
Certificate of Indebtedness		(2,200,000)
Notes Payable		(181,267)
Compensated Absences	***************************************	(142,129)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ 8,651,183

ST. TAMMANY PARISH FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT NO. 2 MADISONVILLE, LOUISIANA Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

			20	16		Total
		General	Cap	oital	Go	vernmental
		Fund	Project	s Fund		Funds
Revenues						
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$	5,799,117	\$	-	\$	5,799,117
Supplemental Pay		298,233		-		298,233
Other Income		165,099		-		165,099
Fire Insurance Tax		140,166		-		140,166
Interest Income		244,874		15		244,889
Rentals		114,765		-		114,765
State Revenue Sharing		79,911		-		79,911
FEMA Reimbursement		44,773		-		44,773
Total Revenues		6,886,938		15		6,886,953
Expenditures						
Public Safety - Fire Protection						
Salaries and Benefits		4,374,222		-		4,374,222
Operating Expenses		375,022		-		375,022
Professional Services		51,390		-		51,390
Telephone and Utilities		49,952		-		49,952
Communications		55,345		-		55,345
Annual Renewals		69,372		-		69,372
Fuel		43,516		-		43,516
Employee Welfare		44,903		-		44,903
Education and Training		52,212		-		52,212
Fire Prevention Expenses		9,163		-		9,163
Capital Outlay		189,960		-		189,960
Debt Service						
Principal		370,857		-		370,857
Interest		68,353		-		68,353
Total Expenditures		5,754,267		-		5,754,267

ST. TAMMANY PARISH FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT NO. 2 MADISONVILLE, LOUISIANA Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	General Fund	2016 Capital Projects Fund	G	Total overnmental Funds
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,132,671	15		1,132,686
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	8,472,617	415		8,473,032
Fund Balances, End of Year	 9,605,288	\$ 430	\$	9,605,718

ST. TAMMANY PARISH FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT NO. 2 MADISONVILLE, LOUISIANA

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance of the Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Net Change in Fund Balance - Total Governmental Funds

\$ 1,132,686

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period.

(253,806)

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., certificates of indebtedness, notes payable) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas, these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.

370,856

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds:

Change in Unavailable Ad Valorem Taxes

10.009

Governmental funds report retirement contributions as expenditures, but pension expense on the statement of activities includes the change in net pension liability as well as the change in deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to pensions.

(426,689)

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:

Change in Compensated Absences Payable (32,095)
Change in Accrued Interest Payable 2,235

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ 803,196

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting and reporting policies of St. Tammany Parish Fire Protection District No. 2 (the District) conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to government entities. The following is a summary of significant accounting policies:

Reporting Entity

The District was created by St. Tammany Parish (the Parish) on January 15, 1953. The District serves the area of Ward 1 of St. Tammany Parish. The District is governed by a Board of Commissioners (the Board). Two Commissioners are appointed by the Parish and two are appointed by the Town of Madisonville. The fifth member is selected by the other appointed members and serves as Board Chairman.

The financial reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government, (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

Section 2100 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board's Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards established criteria for determining which component units should be considered part of St. Tammany Parish for financial reporting purposes. The basic criterion for including a potential component unit with the reporting entity is financial accountability.

The District is a component unit of the Parish because the Parish appoints members of the District's Board and because the Parish has determined that it would be misleading to not include the District in the Parish's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. The accompanying financial statements present information only on the funds maintained by the District and do not present information on the Parish, the general government services provided by the Parish, or the governmental units that comprise the financial reporting entity.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying basic financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with governmental accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The accompanying basic financial statements have been prepared in conformity with GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments, issued in June 1999.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Basis of Presentation (Continued) Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment. and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for the governmental funds.

Fund Financial Statements

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid management by segregating transactions related to certain district functions and activities. A fund is defined as a separate fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major funds, each displayed in a separate column. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the District or the total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures of the individual governmental fund is at least 10% of the corresponding total for all governmental funds.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the District. It accounts for all the financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in other funds.

2016 Capital Projects Fund

The 2016 Capital Projects Fund accounts for the remaining proceeds of the Series 2016 Certificate of Indebtedness which was used to build a new fire station (Station 21), to purchase a ladder truck, and to purchase new equipment.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting

The amounts reflected in the governmental fund financial statements are accounted for using the current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach is then reconciled, through adjustment, to the government-wide financial statements.

The amounts reflected in the governmental fund financial statements use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available). Measurable means the amount of the transaction can be determined, and available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The District considers all revenues available if they are collected within 60 days after the fiscal year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for interest and principal payments on general long-term debt, which are recognized when payment is due, and certain compensated absences and claims and judgments, which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

The government-wide financial statements are accounted for using the economic resources measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income and changes in net financial position.

The government-wide financial statements are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Ad valorem taxes and state revenue sharing associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. The District considers ad valorem taxes to be available when collected by the St. Tammany Parish Sheriff. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Budget and Budgetary Accounting

The Board of Commissioners adopted a budget for the General Fund. The budgetary practices include public notice of the proposed budget, public inspection of the proposed budget, and public hearings on the budget prior to adoption. Any amendment involving increases in expenditures must be approved by the Board. Budgeted amounts included in the accompanying financial statements include all amendments. All budgeted amounts which are not expended or obligated through contracts lapse at year-end. The General Fund budget is adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The state supplemental pay is excluded from the budget schedule since this amount is not part of the District's budgeted expense.

Compensated Absences

The District's policy is to allow employees vacation pay based on length of service. Sick leave is provided for by the District but is noncumulative and the employee's right to unused sick leave does not vest. Vacation pay is cumulative with any unpaid amounts paid to employees upon separation from the District's service. At December 31, 2023, the District had compensated absences of \$142,129, which is reported as a liability on the statement of net position.

Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments

Cash includes amounts in interest-bearing demand deposits. Cash equivalents include amounts in time deposits and those investments with original maturities of 90 days or less. Under state law, the District may deposit funds in demand deposits, interest-bearing demand deposits, money market accounts, or time deposits with state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having their principal offices in Louisiana.

Under state law, the District may invest in United States bonds, treasury notes, or certificates. These are classified as investments if their original maturities exceed 90 days; however, if the original maturities are 90 days or less, they are classified as cash equivalents. Investments are stated at market value.

Receivables

Ad valorem taxes receivable are reported net of estimated uncollectible amounts. The allowance for uncollectible amounts was \$120,549, which represents 2% of the total ad valorem taxes receivable at December 31, 2023. This estimate is based on the District's history of collections within this revenue stream.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Capital Assets

All capital assets are recorded at historical cost in the government-wide financial statements. Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is charged as an expense against operations.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets, as applicable. The District capitalizes equipment in excess of \$2,500. In the fund financial statements, capital assets are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures upon acquisition.

The following estimated useful lives and methods are used to compute depreciation:

Buildings and Improvements	15 - 40 Years	Straight-Line
Vehicles	5 - 15 Years	Straight-Line
Machinery and Equipment	5 - 10 Years	Straight-Line
Office Equipment	5 - 10 Years	Straight-Line

Depreciation expense amounted to \$443,766 for the year ended December 31, 2023.

Long-Term Debt

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the lives of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Firefighters' Retirement System of Louisiana (the System) and additions to/deductions from the System's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the System. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Equity Classifications

In the government-wide financial statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. Net Investment in Capital Assets Consists of capital assets including restricted assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted Net Position Consists of net position with constraints placed on its use by either external groups or law.
- c. *Unrestricted Net Position* Consists of all other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balances are classified as follows:

- 1. Restricted Fund Balance Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of the District's bond resolution, state or federal laws, or externally imposed conditions by grantors, creditors, or citizens.
- 2. Unassigned Fund Balance All amounts not included in other spendable classifications.

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available, the District's policy is to apply restricted net position first.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, expenditures, and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

During the year, the District implemented the Statement No. 96. Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements for government end users. The adoption of the Statement did not have an effect on the financial statements.

New Upcoming Accounting Pronouncements - Not Yet Adopted

The GASB issued Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62. This Statement enhances the accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections. This Statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023.

The GASB issued Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. This Statement updates the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences through aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. This Statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2024.

The GASB issued Statement No. 102, Certain Risk Disclosures. This Statement requires new disclosure requirements about concentrations and constraints to state and local governmental entities that could affect their programs and services or a government's ability to meet its obligations. This Statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023.

Management is currently determining the expected impact of implementation of the above standards on the financial statements and notes to the financial statements.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The following is a summary of cash and cash equivalents (book balances) at December 31, 2023:

 Demand Deposits
 \$ 2,095,991

 Total
 \$ 2,095,991

These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure the District's deposits may not be recovered. The District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of December 31, 2023, the District had \$2,171,887 in deposits (collected bank balances) of which \$1,921,887 was exposed to custodial credit risk. Under state law, these deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent bank. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties. As of December 31, 2023, the District's balances were fully collateralized.

Note 3. Ad Valorem Taxes

Ad valorem taxes for the operations of the District are levied each November 1st on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1st for all real property, merchandise, and movable property located in the Parish. Assessed values are established by the St. Tammany Parish Assessor's Office and the State Tax Commission at percentages of actual value as specified by Louisiana law. A reevaluation of all property is required to be completed no less than every four years. The last reevaluation was completed in 2020.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 4. Investments

At December 31, 2023, the District had investments which include \$2,530,342 invested in U.S. Treasury bills. The following table provides information on the credit ratings, maturity dates, fair value level and fair value associated with the District's investments at December 31, 2023:

Investment	Rating	Level	Maturity	Net Asset Value
Treasury Bills	AAA/Aaa/AAAm	1	2024	\$ 2,530,342

Interest Rate Risk - Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in the financial market rate of interest will adversely affect the value of an investment. The District does not have a formal investment policy but its investments are limited to short-term U.S. Treasury investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Quality Risk - Credit quality risk is the risk that the issuer or other counterparty to a debt security will not fulfill its obligation to the District.

Custodial Credit Risk - Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of a failure, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Investments are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are uninsured, are not registered in the District's name, and are held by either the counterparty to the investment purchase or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not held in the District's name.

GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, requires disclosures to be made about fair value measurements, the level of fair value hierarchy, and valuation techniques. The fair value hierarchy categorizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three levels:

- Level 1 The valuation is based on quoted market prices for identical assets or liabilities traded in active markets.
- Level 2 The valuation is based on quoted market prices for similar instruments traded in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active, and inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability.
- Level 3 The valuation is determined by using the best information available under the circumstances and might include the government's own data.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 5. 2% Fire Insurance Tax

The District is eligible for and receives a pro rata share of the fire insurance tax collected by the State of Louisiana (the State). The amounts received by the District are based on the population of the areas it serves. In accordance with Louisiana Revised Statutes, such money shall be used only for the purpose of "rendering more efficient and efficacious" fire protection, as the District shall direct.

Note 6. Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the year ended December 31, 2023 was as follows:

		Beginning Balance	Increases		creases Decreases		ses Decreases		Ending Balance	
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated										
Land	\$	1,150,485	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,150,485			
Construction in Progress		99,879		179,460		-	 279,339			
Total Capital Assets Not										
Being Depreciated		1,250,364		179,460		-	1,429,824			
Capital Assets Being Depreciated										
Buildings and Improvements		3,927,117		-		-	3,927,117			
Vehicles		3,351,492		-		-	3,351,492			
Machinery and Equipment		552,659		10,500		(7,413)	555,746			
Office Equipment		54,632		-			54,632			
Total Capital Assets Being										
Depreciated		7,885,900		10,500		(7,413)	7,888,987			
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:										
Buildings and Improvements		(1,024,064)		(103,702)		-	(1,127,766)			
Vehicles		(2,133,329)		(292,232)		-	(2,425,561)			
Machinery and Equipment		(385,079)		(47,156)		7,413	(424,822)			
Office Equipment	-	(49,281)		(676)		-	 (49,957)			
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(3,591,753)		(443,766)		7,413	(4,028,106)			
Total Capital Assets Being										
Depreciated, Net		4,294,147		(433,266)		-	3,860,881			
Capital Assets, Net	_\$_	5,544,511	\$	(253,806)	\$	-	\$ 5,290,705			

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 7. Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of debt transactions of the District for the year ended December 31, 2023:

	Certificate of Indebtedness
January 1, 2023	\$ 2,485,000
Issued Retired	(285,000)
Total	2,200,000
Less: Current Maturities	(290,000)
Total Long-Term Portion	\$ 1,910,000

Long-term debt consisted of the following at December 31, 2022:

\$4,050,000 Certificate of Indebtedness dated April 25, 2016, payable in annual principal installments of \$245,000 - \$340,000, plus semi-annual interest at 2.50%, through March 1, 2030, secured by ad valorem tax revenues.

\$ 2,200,000

The following is a schedule of future principal debt service requirements:

Year Ending	Certificate of Indebtedness				
December 31,	Р	Principal		nterest	
2024	\$	290,000	\$	51,375	
2025		300,000		44,000	
2026		305,000		36,438	
2027		315,000		28,688	
2028		320,000		20,750	
2029 - 2030	•	670,000		16,875	
Total	_\$	2,200,000	\$	198,126	

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 8. Notes Payable

In prior years, the District entered into two lease agreements for the acquisition of fire protection equipment. These lease agreements qualify as financed purchases for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of their future minimum note payments as of the inception date.

The lease agreements are described as follows:

Lease dated August 21, 2015 for the acquisition of a Saber FR Pumper, maturing on August 21, 2025, with ten annual payments of \$88,870 including \$ interest, secured by equipment. 168,682 Lease dated May 13, 2016 for the acquisition of an upgrade to the Saber FR Pumper, maturing on August 21, 2025, with ten annual payments of \$6,776 including interest, secured by equipment. 12,585 181,267 Less: Due in One Year (88,870)Notes Payable - Long-Term Portion 92,397

The future minimum note payable obligations and the net present value of these minimum payments as of December 31, 2023 are as follows:

Year Ending		
December 31,	Α	mount
2024	\$	95,647
2025		95,647
Total Minimum Debt Service		191,294
Less: Amount Representing Interest		(10,027)
Present Value of Minimum Note Payments	_\$	181,267

At December 31, 2023, the book value of the financed purchases was \$184.683.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 9. Louisiana Firefighters' Retirement System Pension

Plan Description and Provisions

Substantially all employees of the District are members of the Firefighters' Retirement System of Louisiana (the System), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by a separate board of trustees. Benefit provisions are authorized within Act 434 of 1979 and amended by Louisiana Revised Statutes (R.S.) 11:2251-11:2272. The following is a brief description of the plan and its benefits and is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to the appropriate statutes for more complete information. The System issues a standalone report on its financial statements. Access to the audit report can be found on the System's website: www.lafirefightersret.com.

Eligibility Requirements

Any person who becomes an employee as defined in R.S. 11:2252 on and after January 1, 1980 shall become a member as a condition of employment. No person who has attained age 50 or over shall become a member of the System, unless the person becomes a member by reason of a merger or unless the System received an application for membership before the applicant attained the age of 50. No person who has not attained the age of 18 years shall become a member of the System. Any person who has retired from service under any retirement system or pension fund maintained basically for public officers and employees of the State, its agencies, or political subdivisions, and who is receiving retirement benefits therefrom may become a member of the System, provided the person meets all other requirements for membership. Service credit from the retirement system or pension plan from which the member is retired shall not be used for reciprocal recognition of service with the System, or for any other purpose in order to attain eligibility or increase the amount of service credit in the System.

Retirement Benefits

Employees are eligible to retire at or after age 55 with at least 12 years of creditable service, at or after age 50 with at least 20 years of creditable service, or at any age with 25 years of creditable service. Upon retirement, members are entitled to a retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, equal to three and one-third percent of their final-average salary for each year of creditable service, not to exceed 100% of their final-average salary. Final-average salary is the employee's average salary over the 36 consecutive or joined months that produce the highest average. Employees who terminate with at least 12 years of service and do not withdraw their employee contributions may retire at or after age 55 (or at or after age 50 with at least 20 years of creditable service at termination) and receive the benefit accrued to their date of termination. The System also provides death and disability benefits. Benefits are established or amended by state statute.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 9. Louisiana Firefighters' Retirement System Pension (Continued)

Deferred Retirement Option Plan

After completing 20 years of creditable service and attaining the age of 50 years. or 25 years of service at any age, a member may elect to participate in the deferred retirement option plan (DROP) for up to 36 months. Upon commencement of participation in DROP, employer and employee contributions to the System cease. The monthly retirement benefit that would have been payable is paid into the member's DROP account. Upon termination of employment, a participant in the program has several options to receive their DROP benefit. A member may (1) elect to roll over all or a portion of their DROP balance into another eligible qualified plan, (2) receive a lump-sum payment from the account, (3) receive single withdrawals at the discretion of the member, (4) receive monthly or annual withdrawals, or (5) receive an annuity based on the DROP account balance. These withdrawals are in addition to the member's regular monthly benefit. If employment is not terminated at the end of 36 months, the participant resumes regular contributions to the System. No withdrawals may be made from the DROP account until the participant retires.

Initial Benefit Option Plan

Effective June 16, 1999, members eligible to retire and who do not choose to participate in DROP may elect to receive, at the time of retirement, an initial benefit option (IBO) in an amount up to 36 months of benefits, with an actuarial reduction of their future benefits. Such amounts may be withdrawn or remain in the IBO account earning interest at the same rate as the DROP account.

Employer Contributions and Non-Employer Contributions

Employer contributions are actuarially determined each year. For the plan year ended June 30, 2023, employer and employee contributions for members above the poverty line are 33.25% and 10.0%, respectively. For the plan year ending June 30, 2023, employer and employee contributions for members below the poverty line are 35.25% and 8.0%, respectively.

According to state statute, the System receives insurance premium assessments from the State of Louisiana. The assessment is considered support from a non-employer contributing entity and appropriated by the legislature each year based on an actuarial study. Non-employer contributions were recognized as revenue during the year ended December 31, 2022 and excluded from pension expense. Non-employer contributions made to the System on behalf of the District during the year ended December 31, 2023 were \$290.389.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 9. Louisiana Firefighters' Retirement System Pension (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2023, the District reported a liability of \$6,472,256 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023 and was determined by actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all governments, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2023, the District's proportion was .991642%, which was an increase of 0.0541% from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2022.

For the year ended December 31, 2023, the District recognized pension expense of \$1,578,616. At December 31, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to its pension from the following sources:

	0	Deferred utflows of esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between Expected and Actual Experience	\$	202,070	\$	221,743	
Net Difference between Projected and Actual					
Earnings on Pension Plan Investments		877,234		-	
Changes in Proportion		892,235		-	
Changes in Assumptions		391,633		-	
District Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date		431,616			
Total	\$	2,794,788	\$	221,743	

In the year ending December 31, 2024, \$431,616 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	Amount			
December 31,	Anount			
2024	\$ 565,014			
2025	368,071			
2026	983,398			
2027	105,419			
2028	51,477			
2029	68,050_			
Total	\$ 2,141,429			

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 9. Louisiana Firefighters' Retirement System Pension (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

A summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used in determining net pension liability as of December 31, 2023 are as follows:

Valuation Date June 30, 2023

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Expected Remaining Service Lives 7 years, closed period

Investment Return 6.90% per annum, net of investment

expenses, including inflation

Inflation Rate 2.50% per annum

Salary Increases 14.10% in the first two years of

service and 5.20% with 3 or

more years of service

Cost-of-Living Adjustments

Only those previously granted

Actuarial assumptions utilized in the Employer Pension Report for fiscal year 2023 are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2014 through June 30, 2019, unless otherwise specified.

For the June 30, 2023 valuation, assumptions for mortality rates were based on the following:

- For active members, mortality was set equal to the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Table for Safety Below-Median Employees.
- For annuitants and beneficiaries, mortality was set equal to the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Table for Safety Below-Median Healthy Retirees.
- For disabled retirees, mortality was set equal to the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Table for Safety Disabled Retirees.
- In all cases the base table was multiplied by 105% for males and 115% for females, each with full generational projection using the appropriate MP-2019 scale.

The June 30, 2023 estimated long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined by the System's actuary using the System's target allocation as of January 2023 and the Curran Actuarial Consulting Average Study for 2022 (the Study). The Study included projected nominal rates of return, standard deviations of returns, and correlations of returns for a list of common asset classes collected from a number of investment consultants and investment management firms.

ST. TAMMANY PARISH FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT NO. 2 MADISONVILLE, LOUISIANA

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 9. Louisiana Firefighters' Retirement System Pension (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Using the target asset allocation for the System and the average values for expected real rates of returns, standard deviation of returns, and correlation of returns, an arithmetic expected nominal rate of return and standard deviation for the portfolio was determined. The System's long-term assumed rate of inflation of 2.50% was used in this process. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90%, no change from the prior measurement date.

Best estimates of real rates of return for each major asset class included in the System's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2023 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return			
Equity					
U.S. Equity	29.50%	6.24%			
Non-U.S. Equity	11.50%	6.49%			
Global Equity	10.00%	6.49%			
Emerging Market Equity	5.00%	8.37%			
Fixed Income					
U.S. Core Fixed Income	20.00%	1.89%			
U.S. TIPS	2.00%	1.72%			
Emerging Market Debt	2.00%	4.30%			
Multisector Fixed Income	2.00%	***			
Multi-Asset Strategies					
Global Tactical Asset Allocation	0.00%	4.02%			
Alternatives					
Private Equity	9.00%	9.57%			
Real Estate	6.00%	4.41%			
Real Assets	3.00%	6.52%			
	100.00%				

^{***} Multisector Fixed Income was added to the target asset allocation policy subsequent to the actuary's calculation of the 2023 long-term expected real rate of return.

ST. TAMMANY PARISH FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT NO. 2 MADISONVILLE, LOUISIANA

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 9. Louisiana Firefighters' Retirement System Pension (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates, and that contributions from participating employers and non-employer contributing entities will be made at the actuarially-determined rates approved by the Board of Trustees and by the Public Retirement Systems' Actuarial Committee taking into consideration the recommendation of the System's actuary. Based on these assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity to Changes in Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the District using the discount rate of 6.90% as well as what the liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.90%) or one percentage point higher (7.90%) than the current rate:

				Current		
	1% Decrease (5.90%)		Discount Rate (6.90%)		1% Increase (7.90%)	
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	_\$_	9,984,747	\$	6,472.256	\$	3.542,680

Note 10. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During the year ended December 31, 2023, the District carried insurance through various commercial carriers to cover all risks of loss. The District has no settled claims resulting from these risks that exceeded its commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 11. On-Behalf Payments by the State of Louisiana

For the year ended December 31, 2023, the State of Louisiana made on-behalf payments in the form of supplemental pay to 39 district firemen. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 24, the District has recorded \$298,233 of on-behalf payments as revenue and as salary expense.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (PART II)

ST. TAMMANY PARISH FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT NO. 2 MADISONVILLE, LOUISIANA Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Budget						Variance with Final Budget Favorable			
	Original			Final		Actual	(Ur	nfavorable)		
Revenues										
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$	5,120,000	\$	5,120,000	\$	5,799,117	\$	679,117		
Supplemental Pay		-		-		298,233		298,233		
Other Income		-		-		165,099		165,099		
Fire Insurance Tax		55,000		55,000		140,166		85,166		
Interest Income		-		-		244,874		244,874		
Rentals		83,550		83,550		114,765		31,215		
State Revenue Sharing		75,000		75,000		79,911		4,911		
FEMA Reimbursement		-		_		44,773		44,773		
Total Revenues	***************************************	5,333,550		5,333,550		6,886,938	1,553,388			
Expenditures										
Public Safety - Fire Protection										
Salaries and Benefits		4,226,384		4,226,384		4,374,222		(147,838)		
Operating Expenses		337,700		337,700		375,022		(37,322)		
Professional Services		63,200		63,200		51,390		11,810		
Telephone and Utilities		67,000		67,000		49,952		17,048		
Communications		63,000		63,000		55,345		7,655		
Annual Renewals		81,456		81,456		69,372		12,084		
Fuel		40,000		40,000		43,516		(3,516)		
Employee Welfare		81,600		81,600		44,903		36,697		
Education and Training		58,000		58,000		52,212		5,788		
Fire Prevention Expenses		10,000		10,000		9,163		837		
Capital Outlay		1,800,000		1,800,000		189,960		1,610,040		
Debt Service										
Principal		370,857		370,857		370,857		-		
Interest		68,353		68,353		68,353		_		
Total Expenditures		7,267,550		7,267,550		5,754,267		1,513,283		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues										
Over Expenditures		(1,934,000)		(1,934,000)		1,132,671		3,066,671		

ST. TAMMANY PARISH FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT NO. 2 MADISONVILLE, LOUISIANA Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -

Budget and Actual - General Fund (Continued)
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Buc	iget		Variance with Final Budget Favorable
	Original	Final	Actual	(Unfavorable)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (1,934,000)	\$ (1,934,000)	1,132,671	\$ 3,066,671
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year			8,472,617	
Fund Balance, End of Year			\$ 9,605,288	

ST. TAMMANY PARISH FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT NO. 2 MADISONVILLE, LOUISIANA Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
District's Portion of the Net Pension Liability	0 991642%	0.937486%	0.934566%	0.830433%	0.783273%	0.704902%	0.637457%	0 615279%
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 6,472,256	\$ 6,610,488	\$ 3,311,964	\$ 5,756,187	\$ 4,904,785	\$ 4,054,651	\$ 3,653,807	\$ 4,024,481
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 2,670,755	\$ 2,408,795	\$ 2,330,577	\$ 2,082,340	\$ 1,739,515	\$ 1,770,991	\$ 1,440,171	\$ 1,385,586
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	242.34%	274.43%	142 11%	276 43%	281.96%	228.95%	253.71%	290.45%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	77.69%	74.68%	86 78%	72.61%	73.96%	74.76%	73.55%	68.16%

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available

ST. TAMMANY PARISH FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT NO. 2 MADISONVILLE, LOUISIANA Schedule of District's Contributions For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019		2018	2017	2016
Contractually Required Contribution	\$	859,201	\$ 841,165	\$ 780,662	\$ 692,375	\$ 538,436	\$	490,640	\$ 404,163	\$ 363,953
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution		(859,201)	 (841,165)	 (780.662)	(692,375)	 (538,436)		(490,640)	 (404,163)	 (363,953)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	<u>\$</u>	-	\$ _	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ _
District's Covered Payroll	\$	2,584,064	\$ 2,521,399	\$ 2,361.486	\$ 2,293,755	\$ 1,983,049	s	1,851,472	\$ 1,581,412	\$ 1,385,586
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		33.25%	33.36%	33.06%	30.19%	27.15%		26.50%	25.56%	26.27%

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

ST. TAMMANY PARISH FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT NO. 2 MADISONVILLE, LOUISIANA Schedule of Governing Board December 31, 2023

Governing Board	Compensation
Myron Bourg P. O. Box 607 Madisonville, LA 70447	\$ -
Dale Shows 602 Pine Street Madisonville, LA 70447	\$ 1,250
Mike Murphy 176 Coquille Drive Madisonville, LA 70447	\$ -
Kennie Glass P. O. Box 693 Madisonville, LA 70447	\$ -
John Beyl 24 Dahlia Drive Covington, LA 70433	\$ -

ST. TAMMANY PARISH FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT NO. 2 MADISONVILLE, LOUISIANA

Schedule of Compensation, Benefits, and Other Payments to Agency Head

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Agency Head

Chief Randy Hess

Purpose	Amount
Salary⁺	\$128,827
Benefits - Insurance**	\$19,667
Benefits - Retirement***	\$42,636
Benefits - Other	\$0
Car Allowance	\$0
Vehicle Provided by Government	\$0
Per Diem	\$0
Reimbursements	\$0
Travel	\$0
Registration Fees	\$50
Conference Travel	\$0
Continuing Professional Education Fees	\$0
Housing	\$0
Unvouchered Expenses	\$0
Special Meals	\$0

^{*} This amount represents gross salary, including State supplemental pay of \$7,200.

^{**} This is the employer portion of the insurance expense.

^{***} This is the employer portion of the retirement contribution.



LaPorte, APAC 8555 United Plaza Blvd. | Suite 400 Baton Rouge, LA 70809 225.296.5150 | Fax 225.296.5151 LaPorte.com

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Commissioners St. Tammany Parish Fire Protection District No. 2 Madisonville, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of St. Tammany Parish Fire Protection District No. 2 (the District), a component unit of St. Tammany Parish, Louisiana, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 29, 2024.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instance of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

A Professional Accounting Corporation

Baton Rouge, LA May 29, 2024

ST. TAMMANY PARISH FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT NO. 2 MADISONVILLE, LOUISIANA

Schedule of Findings and Responses

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Part I - Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

1. Type of auditor's report issued: Unmodified

2. Internal control over financial reporting and compliance and other matters:

a.	Material weaknesses identified?	No
b.	Significant deficiencies identified?	No
C.	Noncompliance material to the financial statements?	No
d.	Other matters identified?	No

3. Management letter comment provided?

Federal Awards

Not applicable.

Part II - Findings Related to the Financial Statements

None.

Part III - Compliance and Other Matters

None.

ST. TAMMANY PARISH FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT NO. 2 MADISONVILLE, LOUISIANA Schedule of Prior Audit Findings For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

None.



LaPorte, APAC 8555 United Plaza Blvd. | Suite 400 Baton Rouge, LA 70809 225.296.5150 | Fax 225.296.5151 LaPorte.com

AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES REPORT

St. Tammany Parish Fire Protection District No. 2

Independent Accountant's Report On Applying Agreed-Upon Procedures

For the Period January 1, 2023 - December 31, 2023

To the Board of Commissioners of St. Tammany Parish Fire Protection District No. 2 and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor:

We have performed the procedures enumerated below on St. Tammany Parish Fire Protection District No. 2's (the District) control and compliance (C/C) areas identified in the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's (LLA) Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures (SAUPs) for the fiscal year January 1, 2023 through December 31, 2023. The District's management is responsible for those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs.

The District has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate to meet the intended purpose of the engagement, which is to perform specified procedures on the C/C areas identified in the LLA's SAUPs for the fiscal year January 1, 2023 through December 31, 2023. Additionally, the LLA has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate for its purposes. This report may not be suitable for any other purpose. The procedures performed may not address all the items of interest to a user of this report and may not meet the needs of all users of this report and, as such, users are responsible for determining whether the procedures performed are appropriate for their purposes.

The procedures and results are as follows:

1) Written Policies and Procedures

- A. Obtain and inspect the entity's written policies and procedures and observe whether they address each of the following categories and subcategories if applicable to public funds and the entity's operations:
 - i. Budgeting, including preparing, adopting, monitoring, and amending the budget.
 - ii. **Purchasing**, including (1) how purchases are initiated, (2) how vendors are added to the vendor list, (3) the preparation and approval process of purchase requisitions and purchase orders, (4) controls to ensure compliance with the Public Bid Law, and (5) documentation required to be maintained for all bids and price quotes.
 - iii. **Disbursements**, including processing, reviewing, and approving.

- iv. **Receipts/Collections**, including receiving, recording, and preparing deposits. Also, policies and procedures should include management's actions to determine the completeness of all collections for each type of revenue or agency fund additions (e.g., periodic confirmation with outside parties, reconciliation to utility billing after cutoff procedures, reconciliation of traffic ticket number sequences, agency fund forfeiture monies confirmation).
- v. **Payroll/Personnel**, including (1) payroll processing, (2) reviewing and approving time and attendance records, including leave and overtime worked, and (3) approval process for employee rates of pay or approval and maintenance of pay rate schedules.
- vi. *Contracting*, including (1) types of services requiring written contracts, (2) standard terms and conditions, (3) legal review, (4) approval process, and (5) monitoring process.
- vii. *Travel and Expense Reimbursement*, including (1) allowable expenses, (2) dollar thresholds by category of expense, (3) documentation requirements, and (4) required approvers.
- viii. Credit Cards (and debit cards, fuel cards, purchase cards, if applicable), including (1) how cards are to be controlled, (2) allowable business uses, (3) documentation requirements, (4) required approvers of statements, and (5) monitoring card usage (e.g., determining the reasonableness of fuel card purchases).
- ix. *Ethics*, including (1) the prohibitions as defined in Louisiana Revised Statute (R.S.) 42:1111-1121, (2) actions to be taken if an ethics violation takes place, (3) system to monitor possible ethics violations, and (4) a requirement that documentation is maintained to demonstrate that all employees and officials were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy.
- x. **Debt Service**, including (1) debt issuance approval. (2) continuing disclosure/EMMA reporting requirements, (3) debt reserve requirements, and (4) debt service requirements.
- xi. Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity, including (1) identification of critical data and frequency of data backups. (2) storage of backups in a separate physical location isolated from the network, (3) periodic testing/verification that backups can be restored. (4) use of antivirus software on all systems. (5) timely application of all available system and software patches/updates, and (6) identification of personnel, processes, and tools needed to recover operations after a critical event.
- xii. **Prevention of Sexual Harassment**, including R.S. 42:342-344 requirements for (1) agency responsibilities and prohibitions, (2) annual employee training, and (3) annual reporting.

2) Board or Finance Committee

- A. Obtain and inspect the board/finance committee minutes for the fiscal period, as well as the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or equivalent document in effect during the fiscal period, and
 - Observe that the board/finance committee met with a quorum at least monthly, or on a frequency in accordance with the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or other equivalent document.

- ii. For those entities reporting on the governmental accounting model, observe whether the minutes referenced or included monthly budget-to-actual comparisons on the general fund, quarterly budget-to-actual, at a minimum, on proprietary funds, and semi-annual budget- to-actual, at a minimum, on all special revenue funds. Alternatively, for those entities reporting on the not-for-profit accounting model, observe that the minutes referenced or included financial activity relating to public funds if those public funds comprised more than 10% of the entity's collections during the fiscal period.
- iii. For governmental entities, obtain the prior year audit report and observe the unassigned fund balance in the general fund. If the general fund had a negative ending unassigned fund balance in the prior year audit report, observe that the minutes for at least one meeting during the fiscal period referenced or included a formal plan to eliminate the negative unassigned fund balance in the general fund.
- iv. Observe whether the board/finance committee received written updates of the progress of resolving audit finding(s), according to management's corrective action plan at each meeting until the findings are considered fully resolved.

3) Bank Reconciliations

- A. Obtain a listing of entity bank accounts for the fiscal period from management and management's representation that the listing is complete. Ask management to identify the entity's main operating account. Select the entity's main operating account and randomly select 4 additional accounts (or all accounts if less than 5). Randomly select one month from the fiscal period, obtain and inspect the corresponding bank statement and reconciliation for each selected account, and observe that:
 - i. Bank reconciliations include evidence that they were prepared within 2 months of the related statement closing date (e.g., initialed and dated or electronically logged);
 - ii. Bank reconciliations include written evidence that a member of management or a board member who does not handle cash, post ledgers, or issue checks has reviewed each bank reconciliation (e.g., initialed and dated, electronically logged); and
 - iii. Management has documentation reflecting it has researched reconciling items that have been outstanding for more than 12 months from the statement closing date, if applicable.

<u>Results</u>: We performed the above procedures and noted two exceptions: One of the bank statements tested did not have written evidence of review performed by a board member who does not handle cash, post ledgers, or issue checks. One of the bank statements tested lacked documentation reflecting that management had researched reconciling items that had been outstanding for more than 12 months. No other exceptions noted.

4) Collections (excluding electronic funds transfers)

A. Obtain a listing of deposit sites for the fiscal period where deposits for cash/checks/money orders (cash) are prepared and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 deposit sites (or all deposit sites if less than 5).

- B. For each deposit site selected, obtain a listing of collection locations and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one collection location for each deposit site (e.g., 5 collection locations for 5 deposit sites), obtain and inspect written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if there are no written policies or procedures, then inquire of employees about their job duties) at each collection location, and observe that job duties are properly segregated at each collection location such that
 - i. Employees responsible for cash collections do not share cash drawers/registers;
 - ii. Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not also responsible for preparing/ making bank deposits, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling collection documentation (e.g., pre-numbered receipts) to the deposit:
 - iii. Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not also responsible for posting collection entries to the general ledger or subsidiary ledgers, unless another employee/ official is responsible for reconciling ledger postings to each other and to the deposit; and
 - iv. The employee(s) responsible for reconciling cash collections to the general ledger and/or subsidiary ledgers, by revenue source and/or agency fund additions, is (are) not also responsible for collecting cash, unless another employee/official verifies the reconciliation.
- C. Obtain from management a copy of the bond or insurance policy for theft covering all employees who have access to cash. Observe that the bond or insurance policy for theft was in force during the fiscal period.
- D. Randomly select two deposit dates for each of the 5 bank accounts selected for Bank Reconciliations procedure #3A (select the next deposit date chronologically if no deposits were made on the dates randomly selected and randomly select a deposit if multiple deposits are made on the same day). Alternatively, the practitioner may use a source document other than bank statements when selecting the deposit dates for testing, such as a cash collection log, daily revenue report, receipt book, etc. Obtain supporting documentation for each of the 10 deposits and:
 - i. Observe that receipts are sequentially pre-numbered.
 - ii. Trace sequentially pre-numbered receipts, system reports, and other related collection documentation to the deposit slip.
 - iii. Trace the deposit slip total to the actual deposit per the bank statement.
 - iv. Observe that the deposit was made within one business day of receipt at the collection location (within one week if the depository is more than 10 miles from the collection location or the deposit is less than \$100 and the cash is stored securely in a locked safe or drawer).
 - v. Trace the actual deposit per the bank statement to the general ledger.

5) Non-Payroll Disbursements (excluding card purchases, travel reimbursements, and petty cash purchases)

- A. Obtain a listing of locations that process payments for the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 locations (or all locations if less than 5).
- B. For each location selected under procedure #5A above, obtain a listing of those employees involved with non-payroll purchasing and payment functions. Obtain written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if the agency has no written policies and procedures, then inquire of employees about their job duties), and observe that job duties are properly segregated such that
 - i. At least two employees are involved in initiating a purchase request, approving a purchase, and placing an order or making the purchase;
 - ii. At least two employees are involved in processing and approving payments to vendors:
 - iii. The employee responsible for processing payments is prohibited from adding/modifying vendor files, unless another employee is responsible for periodically reviewing changes to vendor files:
 - iv. Either the employee/official responsible for signing checks mails the payment or gives the signed checks to an employee to mail who is not responsible for processing payments; and
 - v. Only employees/officials authorized to sign checks approve the electronic disbursement (release) of funds, whether through automated clearinghouse (ACH), electronic funds transfer (EFT), wire transfer, or some other electronic means.

[Note: Findings related to controls that constrain the legal authority of certain public officials (e.g., mayor of a Lawrason Act municipality) should not be reported).]

- C. For each location selected under procedure #5A above, obtain the entity's non-payroll disbursement transaction population (excluding cards and travel reimbursements) and obtain management's representation that the population is complete. Randomly select 5 disbursements for each location, obtain supporting documentation for each transaction, and
 - Observe whether the disbursement, whether by paper or electronic means, matched the related original itemized invoice and supporting documentation indicates that deliverables included on the invoice were received by the entity, and
 - ii. Observe whether the disbursement documentation included evidence (e.g., initial/date, electronic logging) of segregation of duties tested under procedure #5B above, as applicable.
- D. Using the entity's main operating account and the month selected in Bank Reconciliations procedure #3A, randomly select 5 non-payroll-related electronic disbursements (or all electronic disbursements if less than 5) and observe that each electronic disbursement was (a) approved by only those persons authorized to disburse funds (e.g., sign checks) per the entity's policy, and (b) approved by the required number of authorized signers per the entity's policy. Note: If no electronic payments were made from the main operating account during the month selected the practitioner should select an alternative month and/or account for testing that does include electronic disbursements.

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of these procedures.

6) Credit Cards/Debit Cards/Fuel Cards/Purchase Cards (Cards)

- A. Obtain from management a listing of all active credit cards, bank debit cards, fuel cards, and purchase cards (cards) for the fiscal period, including the card numbers and the names of the persons who maintained possession of the cards. Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete.
- B. Using the listing prepared by management, randomly select 5 cards (or all cards if less than 5) that were used during the fiscal period. Randomly select one monthly statement or combined statement for each card (for a debit card, randomly select one monthly bank statement). Obtain supporting documentation, and
 - i. Observe whether there is evidence that the monthly statement or combined statement and supporting documentation (e.g., original receipts for credit/debit card purchases, exception reports for excessive fuel card usage) were reviewed and approved, in writing (or electronically approved) by someone other than the authorized card holder (those instances requiring such approval that may constrain the legal authority of certain public officials, such as the mayor of a Lawrason Act municipality, should not be reported); and
 - ii. Observe that finance charges and late fees were not assessed on the selected statements.
- C. Using the monthly statements or combined statements selected under procedure #6B above, excluding fuel cards, randomly select 10 transactions (or all transactions if less than 10) from each statement, and obtain supporting documentation for the transactions (e.g., each card should have 10 transactions subject to inspection). For each transaction, observe that it is supported by (1) an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased, (2) written documentation of the business/public purpose, and (3) documentation of the individuals participating in meals (for meal charges only). For missing receipts, the practitioner should describe the nature of the transaction and observe whether management had a compensating control to address missing receipts, such as a "missing receipt statement" that is subject to increased scrutiny.

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of these procedures.

7) Travel and Travel-Related Expense Reimbursements (excluding card transactions)

- A. Obtain from management a listing of all travel and travel-related expense reimbursements during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing or general ledger is complete. Randomly select 5 reimbursements and obtain the related expense reimbursement forms/prepaid expense documentation of each selected reimbursement, as well as the supporting documentation. For each of the 5 reimbursements selected
 - If reimbursed using a per diem, observe that the approved reimbursement rate is no more than those rates established either by the State of Louisiana or the U.S. General Services Administration (www.gsa.gov);

- ii. If reimbursed using actual costs, observe that the reimbursement is supported by an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased;
- iii. Observe that each reimbursement is supported by documentation of the business/public purpose (for meal charges, observe that the documentation includes the names of those individuals participating) and other documentation required by Written Policies and Procedures procedure #1A(vii); and
- iv. Observe that each reimbursement was reviewed and approved, in writing, by someone other than the person receiving reimbursement.

8) Contracts

- A. Obtain from management a listing of all agreements/contracts for professional services, materials and supplies, leases, and construction activities that were initiated or renewed during the fiscal period. Alternatively, the practitioner may use an equivalent selection source, such as an active vendor list. Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 contracts (or all contracts if less than 5) from the listing, excluding the practitioner's contract, and
 - i. Observe whether the contract was bid in accordance with the Louisiana Public Bid Law (e.g., solicited quotes or bids, advertised), if required by law;
 - ii. Observe whether the contract was approved by the governing body/board, if required by policy or law (e.g., Lawrason Act, Home Rule Charter):
 - If the contract was amended (e.g., change order), observe that the original contract terms provided for such an amendment and that amendments were made in compliance with the contract terms (e.g., if approval is required for any amendment, the documented approval); and
 - iv. Randomly select one payment from the fiscal period for each of the 5 contracts, obtain the supporting invoice, agree the invoice to the contract terms, and observe that the invoice and related payment agreed to the terms and conditions of the contract.

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of these procedures.

9) Payroll and Personnel

- A. Obtain a listing of employees and officials employed during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 employees or officials, obtain related paid salaries and personnel files, and agree paid salaries to authorized salaries/pay rates in the personnel files.
- B. Randomly select one pay period during the fiscal period. For the 5 employees or officials selected under procedure #9A above, obtain attendance records and leave documentation for the pay period, and
 - i. Observe that all selected employees or officials documented their daily attendance and leave (e.g., vacation, sick, compensatory);

- ii. Observe whether supervisors approved the attendance and leave of the selected employees or officials;
- iii. Observe that any leave accrued or taken during the pay period is reflected in the entity's cumulative leave records; and
- iv. Observe whether the rate paid to the employees or officials agrees to the authorized salary/pay rate found within the personnel file.
- C. Obtain a listing of those employees or officials that received termination payments during the fiscal period and management's representation that the list is complete. Randomly select two employees or officials and obtain related documentation of the hours and pay rates used in management's termination payment calculations and the entity's policy on termination payments. Agree the hours to the employee's or official's cumulative leave records, agree the pay rates to the employee's or official's authorized pay rates in the employee's or official's personnel files, and agree the termination payment to entity policy.
- D. Obtain management's representation that employer and employee portions of third-party payroll related amounts (e.g., payroll taxes, retirement contributions, health insurance premiums, garnishments, workers' compensation premiums, etc.) have been paid, and any associated forms have been filed, by required deadlines.

10) Ethics

- A. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from Payroll and Personnel procedure #9A obtain ethics documentation from management, and
 - Observe whether the documentation demonstrates that each employee/official completed one hour of ethics training during the calendar year as required by R.S. 42:1170; and
 - ii. Observe whether the entity maintains documentation which demonstrates that each employee and official were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy during the fiscal period, as applicable.
- B. Inquire and/or observe whether the agency has appointed an ethics designee as required by R.S. 42:1170.

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of these procedures.

11) Debt Service

A. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes and other debt instruments issued during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all debt instruments on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that State Bond Commission approval was obtained for each debt instrument issued as required by Article VII, Section 8 of the Louisiana Constitution. B. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes outstanding at the end of the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one bond/note, inspect debt covenants, obtain supporting documentation for the reserve balance and payments, and agree actual reserve balances and payments to those required by debt covenants (including contingency funds, short-lived asset funds, or other funds required by the debt covenants).

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of these procedures.

12) Fraud Notice

- A. Obtain a listing of misappropriations of public funds and assets during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all misappropriations on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that the entity reported the misappropriation(s) to the Legislative Auditor and the district attorney of the parish in which the entity is domiciled as required by R.S. 24:523.
- B. Observe that the entity has posted, on its premises and website, the notice required by R.S. 24:523.1 concerning the reporting of misappropriation, fraud, waste, or abuse of public funds.

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of these procedures.

13) Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity

- A. Perform the following procedures, verbally discuss the results with management, and report "We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management."
 - i. Obtain and inspect the entity's most recent documentation that it has backed up its critical data (if there is no written documentation, then inquire of personnel responsible for backing up critical data) and observe evidence that such backup (a) occurred within the past week, (b) was not stored on the government's local server or network, and (c) was encrypted.
 - ii. Obtain and inspect the entity's most recent documentation that it has tested/verified that its backups can be restored (if there is no written documentation, then inquire of personnel responsible for testing/verifying backup restoration) and observe evidence that the test/verification was successfully performed within the past 3 months.
 - iii. Obtain a listing of the entity's computers currently in use and their related locations, and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 computers and observe while management demonstrates that the selected computers have current and active antivirus software and that the operating system and accounting system software in use are currently supported by the vendor.

- B. Randomly select 5 terminated employees (or all terminated employees if less than 5) using the list of terminated employees obtained in procedure #9C. Observe evidence that the selected terminated employees have been removed or disabled from the network.
- C. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from Payroll and Personnel procedure #9a, obtain cybersecurity training documentation from management, and observe that the documentation demonstrates that the following employees/officials with access to the agency's information technology assets have completed cybersecurity training as required by R.S. 42:1267.

Results: We performed the procedures and discussed the results with management.

14) Prevention of Sexual Harassment

- A. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from Payroll and Personnel procedure #9A, obtain sexual harassment training documentation from management, and observe that the documentation demonstrates each employee/official completed at least one hour of sexual harassment training during the calendar year as required by R.S. 42:343.
- B. Observe that the entity has posted its sexual harassment policy and complaint procedure on its website (or in a conspicuous location on the entity's premises if the entity does not have a website).
- C. Obtain the entity's annual sexual harassment report for the current fiscal period, observe that the report was dated on or before February 1st, and observe that the report includes the applicable requirements of R.S. 42:344:
 - i. Number and percentage of public servants in the agency who have completed the training requirements;
 - ii. Number of sexual harassment complaints received by the agency;
 - iii. Number of complaints which resulted in a finding that sexual harassment occurred;
 - iv. Number of complaints in which the finding of sexual harassment resulted in discipline or corrective action; and
 - v. Amount of time it took to resolve each complaint.

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of these procedures.

We were engaged by the District to perform this agreed-upon procedures engagement and conducted our engagement in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and applicable standards of *Government Auditing Standards*. We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination or review engagement, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion or conclusion, respectively, on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion or conclusion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements related to our agreed-upon procedures engagement.

This report is intended solely to describe the scope of testing on those C/C areas identified in Louisiana Legislative Auditor's Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures, and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on control or compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Louisiana Legislative Auditor as a public document.

A Professional Accounting Corporation

Baton Rouge, LA May 29, 2024 Mr. Michael J. Waguespack Louisiana Legislative Auditor 1600 N 3rd Street P.O. Box 94397 Baton Rouge, LA 70804-9397

RE: Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures

The management of St. Tammany Parish Fire Protection District No. 2 wishes to provide the following responses relative to the results of the 2023 Statewide agreed-upon procedures engagement:

In response to the results of the Bank Reconciliations section, we will implement
procedures to ensure that all bank statements are reviewed and signed off on by a board
member. We will also implement procedures to ensure that outstanding items greater
than 12 months old are investigated.

Sincerely,

Board Representative

Fire Chief

Mr. Michael J. Waguespack Louisiana Legislative Auditor 1600 N 3rd Street P.O. Box 94397 Baton Rouge, LA 70804-9397

RE: Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures

The management of St. Tammany Parish Fire Protection District No. 2 wishes to provide the following responses relative to the results of the 2023 Statewide agreed-upon procedures engagement:

In response to the results of the Bank Reconciliations section, we will implement
procedures to ensure that all bank statements are reviewed and signed off on by a board
member. We will also implement procedures to ensure that outstanding items greater
than 12 months old are investigated.

Sincerely,

Board Representative

Fire Chief