Financial Report

Year Ended June 30, 2021

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KOLDER, SLAVEN & COMPANY, LLC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Donna Bertrand, Mayor and Members of the Board of Aldermen Village of Estherwood, Louisiana

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the businesstype activities, and each major fund of the Village of Estherwood, Louisiana (the "Village"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Member of: AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund of the Village of Estherwood, Louisiana, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information on page 36 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The Village of Estherwood has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village of Estherwood, Louisiana's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information on pages 39 through 44 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The comparative statements and the Justice System Funding Schedule are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, these comparative statements and the Justice System Funding Schedule are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The prior year comparative information on the comparative statements has been derived from the Village of Estherwood's 2020 financial statements, which were subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and upon which we expressed an unmodified opinion on those statements and included an emphasis of matters paragraph describing recurring operating losses from operations in the proprietary funds that led to deficit or marginal unrestricted net position in those funds, minimal unassigned fund balance in the General Fund, and overall cash flow challenges.

The various schedules, except the Justice System Funding Schedule, have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 10, 2021, on our consideration of the Village of Estherwood, Louisiana's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Village's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC

Certified Public Accountants

Lafayette, Louisiana December 10, 2021

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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GOVERNMENT - WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (GWFS)

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Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

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	Governmental	Business-Type		
	Activities	Activities	Total	
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$ 96,512	\$ 77,595	\$ 174,107	
Receivables, net	9,681	31,099	40,780	
Due from other governmental agencies	13,500	1,678	15,178	
Total current assets	119,693	110,372	230,065	
Noncurrent assets:			~	
Restricted assets -				
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	-	98, 152	98,152	
Capital assets -				
Land	10,479	37,480	47,959	
Capital assets, net	315,555	2,019,237	2,334,792	
Total noncurrent assets	326,034	2,154,869	_2,480,903	
Total assets	445,727	2,265,241	2,710,968	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS				
Retirement of sewerage treatment facility	<u> </u>	49,924	49,924	
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts and other payables	5,046	9,397	14,443	
Unearned revenue	-	25,000	25,000	
Customers' deposits	-	34,276	34,276	
Capital leases payable	2,548		2,548	
Total current liabilities	7,594	68,673	76,267	
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Capital leases payable	3,965	-	3,965	
Bonds payable	-	578,000	578,000	
Cost of retirement, sewerage treatment facility		203,500	203,500	
Total noncurrent liabilities	3,965	781,500	785,465	
Total liabilities	11,559	850,173	861,732	
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	319,521	1,478,717	1,798,238	
Restricted	130	63,876	64,006	
Unrestricted (deficit)	114,517	(77,601)	36,916	
Total net position	\$ 434,168	\$1,464,992	\$ 1,899,160	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

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Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

ActivitiesExpensesFees, Fines, and Charges for ServicesOperating Grants and ContributionsCapital Grants and ContributionsChanges in Net Position Governmental Business-TypeActivitiesExpensesExpensesCharges for ServicesContributionsContributionsGovernmental Business-TypeGeneral government\$ 89,767\$ 22,886\$ 10,356\$ -\$ (56,525)\$ -\$Public safety52,87971,37018,491-Public works43,780-3,200-(40,580)-Interest816(816)-Total governmental activities187,24294,25613,556-(79,430)-	Total (56,525) 18,491 (40,580) (816) (79,430) 12,537
ActivitiesExpensesCharges for ServicesContributionsContributionsActivitiesActivitiesGovernmental activities:\$ 89,767\$ 22,886\$ 10,356\$ -\$ (56,525)\$ -\$Public safety52,87971,37018,491-Public works43,780-3,200-(40,580)-Interest816(816)-	(56,525) 18,491 (40,580) (816) (79,430) 12,537
Governmental activities: Second s	(56,525) 18,491 (40,580) (816) (79,430) 12,537
General government \$ 89,767 \$ 22,886 \$ 10,356 \$ - \$ (56,525) \$ - \$ Public safety 52,879 71,370 - - 18,491 - - \$ Public works 43,780 - 3,200 - (40,580) -<	18,491 (40,580) (816) (79,430) 12,537
Public safety 52,879 71,370 - - 18,491 - Public works 43,780 - 3,200 - (40,580) - Interest 816 - - - (816) -	18,491 (40,580) (816) (79,430) 12,537
Public works 43,780 - 3,200 - (40,580) - Interest 816 - - (816) -	(40,580) (816) (79,430) 12,537
Interest 816 (816)	(816) (79,430) 12,537
	(79,430) 12,537
Total governmental activities 187,242 94,256 13,556 - (79,430) -	12,537
	-
Business-type activities:	-
Water 152,729 163,588 1,678 12,537	/
Gas 30,904 16,389 (14,515)	(14,515)
Sewer <u>139,846</u> 90,870 <u>1,942</u> <u>15,019</u> - <u>(32,015)</u>	(32,015)
Total business-type activities 323,479 270,847 3,620 15,019 - (33,993)	(33,993)
Total primary government \$ 510,721 \$ 365,103 \$ 17,176 \$ 15,019 (79,430) (33,993)	113,423)
General revenues:	
Taxes -	
Property taxes, levied for general purposes 13,751 -	13,751
Sales and use taxes, levied for general purposes 80,211 -	80,211
Franchise taxes 35,742 -	35,742
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs -	
State sources 10,139 -	10,139
Interest 45 -	45
Gain on sale of capital assets - 6,338	6,338
Miscellaneous 7,892 -	7,892
Transfers 14,882 (14,882)	-
Total general revenues <u>162,662</u> (8,544)	154,118
Change in net position 83,232 (42,537)	40,695
Net position - July 1, 2020 350,936 1,507,529 1	858,465
Net position - June 30, 2021 \$ 434,168 \$ 1,464,992 \$ 1	899,160

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (FFS)

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MAJOR FUND DESCRIPTIONS

General Fund

To account for all financial resources traditionally associated with governments which are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

Enterprise Funds

Water Utility Fund -

To account for the provision of water services to residents of the Village. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, financing and related debt service, and billing and collection.

Gas Utility Fund -

To account for the provision of natural gas services to residents of the Village. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, financing and related debt service, and billing and collection. The gas operation was sold to a private company during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

Sewer Utility Fund -

To account for the provision of sewer services to residents of the Village. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, financing and related debt service, and billing and collection.

Balance Sheet Governmental Fund June 30, 2021

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	General Fund
ASSETS	
Cash	\$ 96,382
Cash, restricted for police auxiliary	130
Receivables:	
Franchise fee receivable	9,681
Due from other governmental agencies	13,500
Total assets	<u>\$ 119,693</u>
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	\$ 1,691
Accrued liabilities	3,355
Total liabilities	5,046
Fund balances:	
Restricted	130
Unassigned	114,517
Total fund balances	114,647
Total liabilities and fund balances	<u>\$ 119,693</u>

Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

Total fund balance for the governmental fund at June 30, 2021		\$	114,647
Total net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources			
and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Those assets consist of:			
Land	\$ 10,479		
Buildings, net of \$121,956 accumulated depreciation	11,069		
Land improvements, net of \$343,121 accumulated depreciation	-		
Equipment, net of \$143,547 accumulated depreciation	16,762		
Infrastructure, net of \$539,514 accumulated depreciation	 287,724		326,034
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current			
period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental fund.			
Capital leases payable			(6,513)
Total net position of governmental activities at June 30, 2021		<u>\$</u>	434,168

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The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

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Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -Governmental Fund Year Ended June 30, 2021

	General Fund
Revenues:	<u> </u>
Taxes	\$ 129,704
Licenses and permits	22,886
Intergovernmental	23,695
Fines	71,370
Interest	45
Miscellaneous	7,892
Total revenues	255,592
Expenditures:	
Current -	
General government	84,056
Public safety	51,432
Public works	26,225
Debt service	3,157
Capital outlay	1,958
Total expenditures	166,828
Excess of revenues over expenditures	88,764
Other financing sources (uses):	
Transfers in	20,202
Transfers out	(5,320)
Total other financing sources (uses)	14,882
Net change in fund balance	103,646
Fund balance, beginning	11,001
Fund balance, ending	<u>\$ 114,647</u>

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance of the Governmental Fund to the Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2021

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Total net change in fund balance at June 30, 2021 per		
statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance		\$103,646
The change in net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:		
The governmental fund reports capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Capital outlay which is considered expenditures on statement		
of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances	\$ 1,958	
Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2021	(24,713)	(22,755)
Issuance of debt is reported as a financing source in the governmental fund and thus contributes to the change in fund balance. In the statement of net position, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities and does not affect the statements of activities. Similarly, repayment of principal is recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund but		
reduce the liability in the statement of activities.		2,341
Capital leases principal payments		2,341
Total changes in net position at June 30, 2021 per		
statement of activities		\$ 83,232

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Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2021

	Enterprise Funds				
	Water	Gas	Sewer		
	Utility	Utility	Utility		
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Total	
ASSETS					
Current assets:	e ce où1	1.070	e 16 706	ф 77 сос	
Cash and interest-bearing deposits Receivables, net -	\$ 58,991	1,878	\$ 16,726	\$ 77,595	
Accounts	13,951	-	5,914	19,865	
Unbilled utility receivables	7,407	-	3,827	11,234	
Due from other governmental agencies	1,678	-	-	1,678	
Total current assets	82,027	1,878	26,467	110,372	
Noncurrent assets:					
Restricted assets -					
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	81,317	-	16,835	98,152	
Capital assets -					
Land and construction in progress	-	-	37,480	37,480	
Capital assets, net	1,132,753	-	886,484	2,019,237	
Total noncurrent assets	1,214,070		940,799	2,154,869	
Total assets	1,296,097	1,878	967,266	2,265,241	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS					
Retirement of sewerage treatment facility	-		49,924	49,924	
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts and other payables	5,369	1,878	2,150	9,397	
Unearned revenue	25,000	-	-	25,000	
Payable from restricted assets -	177 4 4 1		16.036	24.076	
Customers' deposits	17,441	1.070	16,835	34,276	
Total current liabilities	47,810	1,878	18,985	68,673	
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Revenue bonds payable	578,000	-	-	578,000	
Cost of retirement, sewerage treatment facility	=	-	203,500	203,500	
Total noncurrent liabilities	578,000			781,500	
Total liabilities	625,810	1,878	222,485	850,173	
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	554,753	-	923,964	1,478,717	
Restricted	63,876	-	-	63,876	
Unrestricted (deficit)	51,658		(129,259)	(77,601)	
Total net position	<u>\$ 670,287</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 794,705</u>	<u>\$1,464,992</u>	

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position -Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2021

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	Enterprise Funds					
	Water					
	Utility	Utility	Utility			
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Total		
Operating revenues:	• • • • • • •			• • • • • • • •		
Charges for services	\$ 163,495	\$ 16,229	\$ 89,185	\$ 268,909		
Miscellaneous	93	160	1,685	1,938		
Total operating revenues	163,588	16,389	90,870	270,847		
Operating expenses:						
Salaries	29,365	9,610	32,608	71,583		
Payroll taxes	1,639	440	2,261	4,340		
Utilities	6,367	-	9,776	16,143		
Repairs and maintenance	20,739	-	28,978	49,717		
Insurance	2,874	3,163	3,034	9,071		
Operating supplies	9,557	2,998	1,840	14,395		
Office supplies and expense	4,773	764	4,648	10,185		
Inspection and testing	-	8,036	-	8,036		
Depreciation and amortization	62,915	380	48,808	112,103		
Other	3,545	885	385	4,815		
Total operating expenses	141,913	29,821	133,838	305,572		
Operating income (loss)	21,675	(13,432)	(42,968)	(34,725)		
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):						
Grant income	1,678	-	1,942	3,620		
Interest expense	(17,907)) -	-	(17,907)		
Gain on sale of capital assets		6,338		6,338		
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(16,229)	6,338	1,942	(7,949)		
Loss before contributions and transfers	5,446	(7,094)	(41,026)	(42,674)		
Capital contributions	-		15,019	15,019		
Transfers in (out):						
Transfers in	5,357	13,766	-	19,123		
Transfers out	(13,766)		(6,609)	(34,005)		
Total transfers in (out)	(8,409)		(6,609)	(14,882)		
Change in net position			f			
	(2,963)		(32,616)	(42,537)		
Net position, beginning	673,250	6,958	827,321	1,507,529		
Net position, ending	<u>\$ 670,287</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u> </u>	<u>\$1,464,992</u>		

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2021

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	Enterprise Funds			
	Water	Gas	Sewer	
	Utility	Utility	Utility	
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Total
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Receipts from customers	\$ 156,454	\$ 24,283	\$91,770	\$ 272,507
Payments to suppliers	(31,994)	(21,245)	(64,263)	(117,502)
Payments to employees	(31,004)	(10,050)	(34,869)	(75,923)
Other receipts	93	160	1,685	1,938
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	93,549	(6,852)	(5,677)	81,020
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:				
Net decrease in customer meter deposits	(2,084)	(12,375)	(1,904)	(16,363)
Cash received from (paid to) other funds	22,992	(22,992)	-	-
Transfers in	5,357	13,766	-	19,123
Transfers out	(13,766)	(13,630)	(6,609)	(34,005)
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital	r	<u></u>		
financing activities	12,499	(35,231)	(8,513)	(31,245)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:				
Principal paid on revenue bonds payable	(29,000)	-	-	(29,000)
Interest and fiscal charges paid on debt	(17,907)	-	-	(17,907)
Capital contributions	-	-	15,019	15,019
Grant revenues received	-	-	1,942	1,942
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	10,000	-	10,000
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	-	-	(15,536)	(15,536)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related				·····
financing activities		10,000	1,425	(35,482)
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Increase (decrease) in interest- bearing deposits				
in excess of 90 days	(2,785)	2,700		(85)
Net increase (decrease) in cash				
and cash equivalents	56,356	(29,383)	(12,765)	14,208
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	76,900	31,261	43,218	151,379
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 133,256	\$ 1 ,8 78	\$ 30,453	\$ 165,587

(continued)

Statement of Cash Flows (Continued) Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2021

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	Enterprise Funds			
	Water	Gas	Sewer	
	Utility	Utility	Utility	
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Total
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash provided				
(used) by operating activities:				
Operating income (loss)	\$ 21,675	\$(13,432)	\$(42,968)	\$ (34,725)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash				
provided (used) by operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization	62,915	380	48,808	112,103
Changes in current assets and liabilities:				
Accounts receivable	(7,041)	8,054	2,585	3,598
Unbilled services receivable	(2,531)	1,386	(668)	(1,813)
Accounts and other payables	(6,469)	(3,240)	(11,492)	(21,201)
Unearned revenue	25,000		(1,942)	23,058
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	<u>\$ 93,549</u>	<u>\$ (6,852</u>)	<u>\$ (5,677</u>)	<u>\$ 81,020</u>
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents per statement of cash flows to the balance sheet:				
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period -				
Cash and interest-bearing deposits - unrestricted	\$ 22,700	\$ 21,586	\$ 27,587	\$ 71,873
Cash and interest-bearing deposits - restricted	58,467	12,375	18,739	89,581
Less: interest-bearing deposits in excess of 90 days	(4,267)	(2,700)	(3,108)	(10,075)
Total cash and cash equivalents	76,900	31,261	43,218	151,379
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period -				
Cash and interest-bearing deposits - unrestricted	58,991	1,878	16,726	77,595
Cash and interest-bearing deposits - restricted	81,317	-	16,835	98,152
Less: interest-bearing deposits in excess of 90 days	(7,052)	-	(3,108)	(10,160)
Total cash and cash equivalents	133,256	1,878	30,453	165,587
Net increase (decrease) in cash				
and cash equivalents	<u>\$ 56,356</u>	<u>\$(29,383</u>)	<u>\$(12,765</u>)	<u>\$ 14,208</u>

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

(1) <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

The accompanying financial statements of the Village of Estherwood, Louisiana (the "Village") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accountings Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting policies are discussed in subsequent subsections of this note.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The Village was incorporated in 1901, under the provisions of the Lawrason Act. The Village operates under the Mayor-Board of Aldermen form of government and provides the following services to its residents as authorized by its charter: public safety (police), highways and streets, recreation, and general administrative services. The Village also operates three enterprises activities, which provide water, gas, and sewer services.

This report includes all funds that are controlled by or dependent on the Village executive and legislative branches (the Mayor and Board of Aldermen). Control by or dependence on the Village was determined on the basis of budget adoption, taxing authority, authority to issue debt, election or appointment of governing body, and other general oversight responsibility.

Based on the foregoing criteria, the Village does not have any component units, nor is it considered to be a component unit of any other government.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS)

The statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the business-type activities of the Village and for each function of the Village's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements

The accounts of the Village are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a separate set of selfbalancing accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with financerelated legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

The various funds of the Village are classified into two categories: governmental and proprietary. The emphasis on fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Village or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and
- b. Total assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

The major funds of the Village are described below:

Governmental Fund -

General Fund

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Village. It is used to account for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund.

Proprietary Funds-

Enterprise funds

Enterprise funds are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. The Village of Estherwood's enterprise funds are the Water Utility Fund, Gas Utility Fund, and Sewer Utility Fund. The gas utility operation was sold to a private company during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Water Utility Fund

The Water Utility Fund is used to account for the provision of water services to the residents of the Village.

Gas Utility Fund

The Gas Utility Fund is used to account for the provision of natural gas services to the residents of the Village.

Sewer Utility Fund

The Sewer Utility Fund is used to account for the provision of sewer services to the residents of the Village.

C. <u>Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting</u>

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

On the government-wide statement of net position and the statement of activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined in item b. below.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate:

- a. All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- b. The proprietary fund utilizes an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net position.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred, or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures (including capital outlay) generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

The proprietary funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred, or economic asset used.

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Equity

Cash and interest-bearing deposits

For purposes of the statement of net position, cash and interest-bearing deposits include all demand accounts, savings accounts, and certificates of deposits of the Village. For the purpose of the proprietary funds' statement of cash flows, "cash and cash equivalents" include all demand and savings accounts, and certificates of deposit or short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

Under state law, the Village may invest in United States bonds, treasury notes or certificates, or other time certificates of deposit of State banks having their principal office in the State of Louisiana, or any other federally insured investment. The Village may also invest in shares of any homestead and building and loan association in any amount not exceeding the federally insured amount.

Interfund receivables and payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Those related to goods and services type transactions are classified as "due to and from other funds." Short-term interfund loans are reported as "interfund receivables and payables."

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Long-term interfund loans (noncurrent portion) are reported as "advances from and to other funds." Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the statement of net position.

Receivables

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Major receivable balances for the governmental activities include sales and use taxes. Business-type activities report customer's water and sewer utility fund services receivables as their major receivables. Uncollectible amounts due for customers' water, gas, and sewer utility fund receivables are recognized as bad debts at the time information becomes available which would indicate the uncollectibility of the particular receivable. The allowance for uncollectibles for customer's water, and sewer utility fund receivables were \$7,361 and \$1,700, respectively at June 30, 2021. Unbilled utility service receivables resulting from utility services rendered between the date of meter reading and billing and the end of the month, are recorded at year-end.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide or fund financial statements. Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated cost if historical is not available. Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The Village maintains a threshold level of \$1,000 or more for capitalizing capital assets.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Prior to July 1, 2003, some governmental funds' infrastructure assets were not capitalized. These assets have been valued at estimated historical cost.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the statement of activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the statement of net position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Buildings and improvements	20-40 years
Machinery and equipment	5-10 years
Infrastructure	20 years
Water utility system	10-25 years
Gas utility system	10-25 years
Sewer utility system	10-25 years

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide statements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Restricted Assets

Restricted assets include cash and interest-bearing deposits of the proprietary fund that are legally restricted as to their use. The restricted assets are related to the revenue bond accounts and water and sewer utility meter deposits.

Long-term debt

The accounting treatment of long-term debt depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term debts to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term debts consist primarily of the revenue bonds payable and utility meter deposits payable.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures. The accounting for proprietary fund long-term debt is the same in the fund statements as it is in the government-wide statements.

Compensated Absences

Village employees are entitled to certain compensated absences based upon their length of service.

Sick leave is credited to permanent full-time employees at a rate of 1.25 days for each month of continuous employment. Unused sick leave is not paid upon termination or separation from employment and is therefore not recorded in the financial statements.

Employees earn vacation leave at varying rates of 10 to 20 days per year, depending on length of service. Any unused vacation leave expires at the end of each calendar year. Unused vacation leave is paid upon termination or separation from employment. As of June 30, 2021, any liability for this accumulated leave is considered immaterial to the financial statements taken as a whole and is therefore not recorded.

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

In some instances, the GASB requires a government to delay recognition of decreases in net position as expenditures until a future period. In other instances, governments are required to delay recognition of increases in net position as revenues until a future period. In these circumstances, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources result from the delayed recognition of expenditures or revenues, respectively. The Village's deferred outflows at June 30, 2021 are related to estimated costs of dismantling and removal of the sewer treatment facility upon future closure of the plant's operations. The Village had no deferred inflows of resources as of June 30, 2021.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Equity Classifications

In the government-wide statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets Consists of net capital assets reduced by outstanding balances of any related debt obligations and deferred inflows of resources attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets and increased by balances of deferred outflows of resources related to those assets.
- b. Restricted net position Net position is considered restricted if the use is constrained to a particular purpose. Restrictions are imposed by external organizations such as federal or state laws or buyers of the Village's debt. Restricted net position is reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to the restricted assets.
- c. Unrestricted net position Consists of all other net position that does not meet the definition of the two components and is available for general use by the Village.

In the fund statements, governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. As such, fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

- a. Nonspendable amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- b. Restricted amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.
- c. Committed amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal decision of the Village's Mayor and Board or Aldermen, which is the highest level of decision-making authority for the Village.
- d. Assigned amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but are intended to be used for specific purposes determined by a formal decision of the Village's Mayor and Board of Aldermen.
- e. Unassigned all other spendable amounts.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

When an expenditure is incurred for the purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the Village considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the Village considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the Village has provided otherwise in his commitment or assignment actions.

Proprietary (water, sewer, and gas utility) fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

E. <u>Revenues, Expenditures, and Expenses</u>

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues and expenses for proprietary funds are those that result from providing services and producing and delivering goods and/or services. It also includes all revenue and expenses not related to capital and related financing, noncapital financing, or investing activities

Expenditures/Expenses

In the government-wide financial statements, expenses are classified by function for both governmental and business-type activities.

In the fund financial statements, expenditures are classified as follows:

Governmental Funds - By Character Proprietary Fund - By Operating and Nonoperating

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report expenditures of financial resources. Proprietary funds report expenses relating to use of economic resources.

Interfund Transfers

Permanent reallocations of resources between funds of the reporting entity are classified as interfund transfers. For the purposes of the statement of activities, all interfund transfers between individual governmental funds have been eliminated.

F. <u>Revenue Restrictions</u>

The Village has various restrictions placed over certain revenue sources from state or local requirements. The primary restricted revenue sources include:

Revenue SourceLegal Restrictions of UseWater, gas, and sewer revenueDebt service and utility operations

The Village uses unrestricted resources only when restricted resources are fully depleted.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

G. Capitalization of Interest Expense

It is the policy of the Village of Estherwood to capitalize material amounts of interest resulting from borrowings in the course of the construction of capital assets. For the year ending June 30, 2021, there were no borrowings for assets under construction and no capitalized interest expense was recorded on the books. Total interest incurred and expensed for the year ending June 30, 2021 for the proprietary funds and business-type activities was \$17,907. Total interest incurred and expensed for the year ended June 30, 2021 for the governmental funds and governmental activities was \$816.

H. <u>Use of Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(2) Cash and Interest-Bearing Deposits

Under state law, the Village may deposit funds within a fiscal agent bank organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, the laws of any other state in the Union, or the laws of the United States. The Village may invest in certificates and time deposits of the state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having principal offices in Louisiana. At June 30, 2021, the Village had cash and interest-bearing deposits (book balances) as follows:

Demand deposits	\$ 262,099
Time deposits	10,160
Total	<u>\$ 272,259</u>

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the Village's deposits may not be recovered. Under state law, these deposits, (or resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent bank. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank by a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties. These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market. Deposit balances (bank balances) at June 30, 2021 in the amount of \$301,373 were secured by federal deposit insurance. The Village had no custodial credit risk related to its deposits at June 30, 2021.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

(3) Ad Valorem Taxes

Ad valorem taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 of each year. Taxes are levied by the Village in September or October and are actually billed to taxpayers in November or December. Billed taxes become delinquent on January 1 of the following year. The Village bills and collects its own property taxes using the assessed values determined by the tax assessor of Acadia Parish. Village property tax revenues are budgeted in the year billed.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, taxes of 7.02 mills were levied for general corporate purposes on property with assessed valuations totaling \$2,125,900.

Total taxes levied were \$14,924. Additionally, the local housing authority paid \$7,697 in lieu of property taxes during 2021. There were no taxes receivable at June 30, 2021.

(4) <u>Sales Taxes</u>

Proceeds of a 1% sales and use tax levied by the Village of Estherwood are accounted for in the General Fund and are dedicated for any lawful corporate purpose.

(5) <u>Receivables</u>

Receivables at June 30, 2021 of \$40,780 consist of the following:

	General	Utility	Total
Accounts	\$ -	\$ 19,865	\$ 19,865
Unbilled utility	-	11,234	11,234
Franchise tax	9,681		9,681
Totals	<u>\$ 9,681</u>	<u>\$_31,099</u>	<u>\$ 40,780</u>

(6) <u>Due from Other Governmental Agencies</u>

Amounts due from other governmental agencies in the amount of \$15,178 at June 30, 2021 consisted of the following:

Governmental activities:		
General Fund -		
State of Louisiana:		
Beer taxes revenues earned for the quarter ended June 30, 2021	\$	349
Acadia Parish School Board:		
Sales tax revenues earned for the months of May and June, 2021	_1.	3,151
Total governmental activities	1	3,500
Business-type activities		
Water Utility Fund -		
Amount due from the State of Louisiana Office of Community Development		
Community Water Enrichment Fund for reimbursement of expenses for June, 2021]	,678
	<u>\$15</u>	5,178

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

(7) <u>Capital Assets</u>

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Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2021 was as follows:

	Balance 07/01/20	Additions	Deletions	Balance 06/30/21
Governmental activities:				<u> </u>
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 10,479	\$-	\$ -	\$ 10,479
Other capital assets:				
Buildings and improvements	133,025	-	-	133,025
Land improvements	343,121	-	-	343,121
Machinery and equipment	158,351	1,958	-	160,309
Infrastructure	827,238			827,238
Totals	1,472,214	1,958	-	1,474,172
Less accumulated depreciation				
Buildings and improvements	118,585	3,371	-	121,956
Land improvements	343,121	-	-	343,121
Machinery and equipment	137,966	5,581	-	143,547
Infrastructure	523,753	15,761		539,514
Total accumulated depreciation	1,123,425	24,713		1,148,138
Governmental activities,				
capital assets, net	<u>\$ 348,789</u>	<u>\$ (22,755</u>)	\$ -	\$ 326,034
Business-type activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 37,480	\$-	\$-	\$ 37,480
Other capital assets:				
Water utility system	1,548,729	693		1,549,422
Gas utility system	55,402	-	55,402	-
Sewer utility system	1,974,948	16,230	-	1,991,178
Machinery and equipment	119,690	<u> </u>	26,904	104,224
Totals	3,736,249	28,361	82,306	3,682,304
Less accumulated depreciation				
Water utility system	354,563	63,329		417,892
Gas utility system	55,402	380	55,782	-
Sewer utility system	1,060,913	43,580	-	1,104,493
Machinery and equipment	112,926	13,138	22,862	103,202
Total accumulated depreciation	1,583,804	120,427	78,644	1,625,587
Business-type activities,				
capital assets, net	<u>\$2,152,445</u>	<u>\$ (92,066</u>)	<u>\$ 3,662</u>	\$2,056,717

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

General government	\$ 5,711
Public safety	1,447
Public works	17,555
Total depreciation expense	<u>\$ 24,713</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to business-type activities as follows:

Water Gas	\$ 62,915 380
Sewer	48,808
Total depreciation expense	<u>\$ 112,103</u>

(8) <u>Restricted Assets - Proprietary Fund Type</u>

Restricted assets consisted of the following at June 30, 2021:

	Water Utility	Sewer Utility	Total
Revenue bond sinking fund	\$ 3,056	\$ -	\$ 3,056
Revenue bond reserve fund	50,621	-	50,621
Revenue bond depreciation and contingency fund	10,199	-	10,199
Customers' deposits	17,441	16,835	34,276
Total	<u>\$ 81,317</u>	<u>\$16,835</u>	<u>\$ 98,152</u>

(9) Accounts and Other Payables

The accounts and other payables in the amount of \$14,444 consisted of the following at June 30, 2021:

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Accounts Other liabilities	\$ 1,691 3,355	\$ 7,460 1,937	\$ 9,151 5,292
Totals	<u>\$ 5,046</u>	<u>\$ 9,397</u>	<u>\$ 14,443</u>

(10) <u>Unearned Revenue</u>

Unearned revenue in the business-type activities in the amount of \$25,000 represents grant revenues received from the State of Louisiana during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 which will be utilized for the purchase of a generator for utility services in the next fiscal year.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

(11) Changes in Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt activity of governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2021 was as follows:

	Balance			Balance	Current
	07/01/20	Proceeds	Reductions	06/30/21	Portion
Capital leases payable	<u>\$ 8,854</u>	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$ 2,341</u>	<u>\$ 6,513</u>	<u>\$ 2,548</u>

Long-term debt activity of business-type activities for the year ended June 30, 2021 was as follows:

	Balance 07/01/20	Proceeds	Reductions	Balance 06/30/21	Current Portion
Bonds payable	<u>\$ 607,000</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 29,000</u>	<u> </u>	<u>\$</u>

Long term debt payable at June 30, 2021 is comprised of the following:

Governmental activities:	Total	Current Portion
Capital leases -		
\$7,193 lease-purchase agreement dated January 15, 2019, due in 60 monthly installments of \$138, including interest of 5.75 percent through December 15, 2023; secured by equipment with a book value of \$3,955 (net of \$3,238 accumulated depreciation), which is included in the machinery and equipment asset class	\$ 4,074	\$ 1,454
\$4,197 lease-purchase agreement dated September 1, 2019, due in 48 monthly installments of \$117, including interest of 12.25 percent through August 1, 2023; secured by equipment with a book value of \$2,658 (net of \$1,539 accumulated depreciation), which is included in the machinery		
and equipment asset class	2,439	1,094
Total capital leases payable	<u>\$ 6,513</u>	<u>\$ 2,548</u>
Business-type activities -		
\$693,000 Taxable Utilities Revenue Bonds, Series 2014, due in annual installments ranging from \$1,000 to \$48,000 through July, 2036; interest at 2.95%; payable from revenues of the combined utilities system	<u>\$ 578,000</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

	Governmental Activities Capital Leases		Business-type Activities Revenue Bonds	
Year Ending				
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2022	\$ 2,548	\$ 508	\$-	\$ 8,526
2023	2,776	281	30,000	16,609
2024	1,189	30	31,000	15,709
2025	-	-	32,000	14,780
2026	-	-	33,000	13,821
2027-2031	-	-	185,000	53,438
2032-2036	-	+	219,000	23,674
2037	<u></u>		48,000	708
	<u>\$ 6,513</u>	<u>\$ 819</u>	<u>\$ 578,000</u>	<u>\$ 147,265</u>

Debt service requirements on the Village's long-term debt is as follows at of June 30, 2021:

During 2021, the Village incurred \$17,907 in interest expense related to the bonds payable.

(12) Flow of Fund; Restrictions on Use – Utility Revenues

Under the terms of the bond indenture on outstanding Taxable Utility Revenue Bonds, Series 2014, as long as any bonds are outstanding, the Village is required to maintain sufficient excess annual revenues available for repayment of the debts service on the bonds. As a result, the Village is required to maintain a separate "Utilities Revenue Bonds Debt Service Fund." Each month, there will be set aside into the fund an amount equal to 1/6th of the interest and administrative fee due on the next interest payment date and 1/12th of the principal on the next principal payment date. The Village is also required to maintain a "Debt Service Reserve Fund" solely for the purpose of paying the principal and interest on the bonds to which there would otherwise be default. The Village must transfer on or before the 20th day of each month 25% of the amount required to be paid into the Debt Service Fund until there has been accumulated a sum equal to the reserve fund requirement. Also, the Village must transfer 5% of the gross revenues of the utilities system collected during the previous month into a "Utilities Depreciation and Contingency Fund" to care for depreciation, extensions, additions, improvements, and replacements necessary to properly operate the system. The deposits may cease once the sum of \$100,000 has been accumulated. Pursuant to indenture, the Village shall also fix, establish, maintain, and collect rates and other charges for the services and facilities of the system to provide revenues sufficient to pay the necessary expenses of administering, operating, and maintaining the system, 120% of the principal, interest, and administrative fees due each year, all reserves or sinking funds or other payments required by the indenture and all other obligations or indebtedness payable from the revenues of the system.

The Village complied with all significant limitations and restrictions in the bond indenture during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

(13) Operating Leases

The Village has entered into a number of operating leases which contain cancellation provisions and are subject to annual appropriations. These leases are for copy machines and support government activities. Operating lease expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2021 totaled \$890.

(14) Interfund Transactions

Interfund transfers consisted of the following at June 30, 2021:

	Interfund Transfers In	Interfund Transfers Out	
Major Funds:		<u></u>	
Governmental Funds -			
General Fund	\$ 20,202	\$ 5,320	
Proprietary Fund -			
Water Utility Fund	5,357	13,766	
Gas Utility Fund	13,766	13,630	
Sewer Utility Fund		6,609	
Total	<u>\$ 39,325</u>	<u>\$ 39,325</u>	

Transfers are used to (a) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and to (b) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

(15) Compensation Paid to Elected Officials

A detail of compensation paid to elected officials for the year ended June 30, 2021 follows:

Donald Popp, Mayor (7/1/2020 - 12/16/2020)	\$ 525
Donna Bertrand, Mayor (12/17/2020 - 6/30/2021)	662
Donna Bertrand, Mayor Pro Tem (7/1/2020 - 12/16/2020)	276
Emily Mire - Mayor Pro-Tem (1/14/2021 - 6/30/2021)	300
Emily Mire - Alderwoman (7/1/2020 - 1/13/2021)	300
Jo Ann V. Trahan, Alderwoman (7/1/2020 - 6/30/2021)	600
Michael Stutes, Alderman (1/1/2021 - 6/30/2021)	300
Wayne Welsh, Chief of Police	 6,000
	\$ 8,963

The mayor receives \$100 per month. Aldermen receive \$50 per month.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

(16) Compensation, Benefits, and Other Payments to Agency Head

The schedule of compensation, benefits, and other payments to the Mayor follows:

	Donna	Donald
	Bertrand	Рорр
	(12/17/2020 -	(7/1/2020 -
	6/30/2021)	12/16/2020)
Salary	\$ 662	\$ 525

(17) <u>Retirement Commitment</u>

All employees of the Village of Estherwood are members of the Federal Social Security system. The Village and its employees contribute a percentage of each employee's salary to the system (7.65% contributed by the Village; 7.65% by the employee). Total covered wages for the year ended June 30, 2021 totaled \$120,253. The Village's contribution during the year ended June 30, 2021 amounted to \$9,199.

(18) <u>On-Behalf Payments of Salaries</u>

The State of Louisiana paid the Village's Chief of Police \$1,200 of supplemental pay during the year ended June 30, 2021. Such payments are recorded as intergovernmental revenues and public safety expense in the government-wide and General Fund financial statements.

(19) <u>Risk Management</u>

The Village is exposed to risks of loss in the areas of health care, general and auto liability, property hazards and workers' compensation. All of these risks are handled by purchasing commercial insurance coverage. There have been no significant reductions in the insurance coverage during the year, nor have settlements exceeded coverage for the past three years.

(20) Litigation and Claims

At June 30, 2021, the Village was not involved in any lawsuits.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

(21) <u>Asset Retirement Obligation – Sewer Treatment Facility</u>

The Village has a legal requirement to dismantle and remove the sewer treatment plant upon closure of the system's operations. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, engineers estimated the closeout costs to be \$203,500 and this amount has been reported as a long-term liability in the Sewer Utility Fund. A corresponding deferred outflow has been recorded and is being amortized over the facility's estimated remaining useful life of approximately 15 years. Amortization of the deferred outflow of \$4,500 has been reported in the Sewer Utility Fund for the year ended June 30, 2021. The Village has no assets restricted for payment of these liabilities at June 30, 2021.

(22) Sale of Gas System

During the fiscal year-ended June 30,2021 the Village sold its gas system to a private company. This will allow the Village to be relieved of future costs of operations, maintenance, and improvements to the system.

(23) <u>Subsequent Event</u>

As a result of the spread of the COVID 19 coronavirus, economic uncertainties have arisen which may have and may continue to impact the Village's ongoing operations. The extent and severity of the potential impact on future operations is unknown at this time.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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VILLAGE OF ESTHERWOOD, LOUISIANA General Fund

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Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Bue	dget		Variance - Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Taxes -				
Property	\$ 15,195	\$ 12,395	\$ 13,751	\$ 1,356
Sales taxes	45,000	55,000	80,211	25,211
Franchise - electric	33,000	33,000	35,076	2,076
Franchise - telephone	800	800	666	(134)
Licenses and permits -				
Licenses	20,500	20,500	22,079	1,579
Permits	670	670	807	137
Intergovernmental revenues -				
Federal grants	5,000	8,800	10,356	1,556
State of Louisiana:				
Housing Authority payment in lieu of taxes	-	-	7,697	7,697
Beer taxes	1,000	1,000	1,242	242
Supplemental pay	1,200	1,200	1,200	-
State highway maintenance fees	-	3,200	3,200	-
Fines and forfeits	92,000	92,000	71,370	(20,630)
Interest income	45	45	45	-
Miscellaneous	9,000	9,800	7,892	(1,908)
Total revenues	223,410	238,410	255,592	17,182
Expenditures:				
Current -				
General government	86,940	78,634	84,056	(5,422)
Public safety	58,185	50,035	51,432	(1,397)
Public works	41,800	27,030	26,225	805
Debt service	1,651	3,157	3,157	-
Capital outlay	5,000	1,400	1,958	(558)
Total expenditures	193,576	160,256	166,828	(6,572)
Excess of revenues				
over expenditures	29,834	78,154	88,764	10,610
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	-	-	20,202	20,202
Transfers out	(25,000)	(5,320)	(5,320)	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	(25,000)	(5,320)	14,882	20,202
Net change in fund balance	4,834	72,834	103,646	30,812
Fund balance, beginning	11,001	11,001	11,001	-
				.
Fund balance, ending	<u>\$ 15,835</u>	<u>\$83,835</u>	\$114,647	<u>\$ 30,812</u>

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

(1) Budget and Budgetary Accounting

The Village follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to June 30, the Village Clerk submits to the Mayor and Board of Aldermen a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1.
- 2. A summary of the proposed budget is published, and the public notified that the proposed budget is available for public inspection. At the same time, a public hearing is called.
- 3. A public hearing is held on the proposed budget at least ten days after publication of the call for the hearing.
- 4. After the holding of the public hearing and completion of all action necessary to finalize and implement the budget, the budget is adopted through passage of an ordinance prior to the commencement of the fiscal year for which the budget is being adopted.
- 5. Budgetary amendments involving the transfer of funds from one department, program, or function to another or involving increases in expenditures resulting from revenues exceeding amounts estimated require the approval of the Board of Aldermen.
- 6. All budgetary appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.
- 7. Budgets for all funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted or as amended by the Board of Aldermen. Such amendments were not material in relation to the original appropriations.

(2) Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the General Fund had actual expenditures over appropriations at the functional level as follows:

Function	Budget	Actual	Excess
General government	\$ 78,634	\$ 84,056	\$(5,422)
Public safety	50,035	51,432	(1,397)
Capital outlay	1,400	1,958	(558)

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021 With Comparative Totals for June 30, 2020

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	Governmental Business-Type			2020	
	Activities	Activities Activities		Totals	
ASSETS					
Current assets:					
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$ 96,512	\$ 77,595	\$ 174,107	\$ 90,973	
Receivables, net	9,681	31,099	40,780	40,565	
Due from other governmental agencies	13,500	1,678	15,178	18,137	
Total current assets	119,693	110,372	230,065	149,675	
Noncurrent assets:					
Restricted assets:					
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	-	98,152	98,152	89,581	
Capital assets:					
Land	10,479	37,480	47,959	47,959	
Capital assets, net	315,555	2,019,237	2,334,792	2,453,275	
Total noncurrent assets	326,034	2,154,869	2,480,903	2,590,815	
Total assets	445,727	2,265,241	2,710,968	2,740,490	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS					
Retirement of sewerage treatment facility		49,924	49,924	54,424	
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts and other payables	5,046	9,397	14,443	64,516	
Unearned revenue	-	25,000	25,000	1,942	
Customers' deposits	-	34,276	34,276	50,637	
Capital leases payable	2,548	—	2,548	2,341	
Total current liabilities	7,594	68,673	76,267	119,436	
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Capital leases payable	3,965	-	3,965	6,513	
Bonds payable	-	578,000	578,000	607,000	
Cost of retirement, sewerage treatment facility		203,500	203,500	203,500	
Total noncurrent liabilities	3,965	781,500	785,465	817,013	
Total liabilities	11,559	850,173	861,732	936,449	
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	319,521	1,478,717	1,798,238	1,885,380	
Restricted	130	63,876	64,006	39,199	
Unrestricted (deficit)	114,517	(77,601)	36,916	(66,114)	
Total net position	<u>\$ 434,168</u>	\$1,464,992	<u>\$1,899,160</u>	<u>\$ 1,858,465</u>	

VILLAGE OF ESTHERWOOD, LOUISIANA General Fund

Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2021 With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2020

		dget		Positive	2020	
	Original	<u> </u>	Actual	(Negative)	Actual	
Revenues:						
Taxes -	ф 15105	• 10.005	• •• •• •• ••	A 1000	ф. 1400 <i>с</i>	
Property	\$ 15,195	\$ 12,395	\$ 13,751	\$ 1,356 25.011	\$ 14,225	
Sales taxes	45,000	55,000	80,211	25,211	55,886	
Franchise - electric	33,000	33,000	35,076	2,076	32,200	
Franchise - telephone	800	800	666	(134)	564	
Licenses and permits -	20 500	00 500	00.070	1.670	20.570	
Licenses	20,500	20,500	22,079	1,579	20,579	
Permits	670	670	807	137	854	
Intergovernmental revenues -	5 000		10.250	1 557	6.704	
Federal grants	5,000	8,800	10,356	1,556	6,794	
State of Louisiana:			7 607	7 607	9.020	
Housing Authority payment in lieu of taxes	1 000	1 000	7,697	7,697 242	8,030	
Beer taxes	1,000	1,000	1,242	242	1,160	
Supplemental pay State highway maintenance fees	1,200	1,200 3,200	1,200 3,200	-	1,200	
Fines and forfeits	- 92,000	92,000	5,200 71,370	(20,630)	3,200	
Interest income	92,000 45	92,000 45	45	(20,050)	92,838	
	43 9,000		43 7,892	- (1,908)	60 11 250	
Miscellaneous		9,800			11,359	
Total revenues	223,410	238,410	255,592	17,182	248,949	
Expenditures:						
Current -						
General government	86,940	78,634	84,056	(5,422)	86,781	
Public safety	58,185	50,035	51,432	(1,397)	47,918	
Public works	41,800	27,030	26,225	805	36,381	
Debt service	1,651	3,157	3,157	-	3,656	
Capital outlay	5,000	1,400	1,958	(558)	9,431	
Total expenditures	193,576	160,256	166,828	(6,572)	184,167	
Excess of revenues	00.001			10 610	<i></i>	
over expenditures	29,834	78,154	88,764	10,610	64,782	
Other financing sources (uses):		1				
Proceeds from capital lease	-	+	-	-	4,197	
Transfers in	-	_	20,202	20,202	-	
Transfers out	(25,000)	(5,320)	(5,320)		(65,052)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(25,000)	(5,320)	14,882	20,202	(60,855)	
Total other infallening sources (uses)	(25,000)	(3,320)	17,002		(00,000)	
Net change in fund balance	4,834	72,834	103,646	30,812	3,927	
Fund balance, beginning	11,001	11,001	11,001		7,074	
Fund balance, ending	<u>\$ 15,835</u>	<u>\$ 83,835</u>	<u>\$ 114,647</u>	\$ 30,812	<u>\$ 11,001</u>	

VILLAGE OF ESTHERWOOD, LOUISIANA General Fund

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Expenditures For the Year Ended June 30, 2021 With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2020

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	Budget			Variance - Positive	2020
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Current -	<u></u>				
General government:					
Salaries, wages, and taxes	\$ 6,400	\$ 5,730	\$ 2,963	\$ 2,767	\$ 5,115
Insurance	12,000	9,000	9,154	(154)	10,147
Office expense and supplies	4,200	6,500	6,760	(260)	6,829
Professional services	27,000	22,550	21,746	804	34,454
Repairs and maintenance	10,000	12,300	18,542	(6,242)	5,041
Utilities and telephone	15,840	17,180	19,997	(2,817)	16,970
Travel and training	5,000	500	42	458	4,644
Lease expense	-	890	890	-	890
Miscellaneous	6,500	3,984	3,962	22	2,691
Total general government	86,940	78,634	84,056	(5,422)	86,781
Public safety:					
Police department -					
Salaries, wages, and taxes	15,300	15,150	13,750	1,400	13,450
Insurance	11,000	8,000	7,555	445	6,421
Repairs and maintenance	5,000	5,000	7,045	(2,045)	5,948
Telephone and utilities	5,360	5,360	2,796	2,564	2,118
Materials and supplies	1 2,000	10,025	12,766	(2,741)	12,064
Court costs	6,500	6,500	7,520	(1,020)	7,737
Miscellaneous	3,025				180
Total public safety	58,185	50,035	51,432	(1,397)	47,918
Public works:					
Salaries, wages, and taxes	32,000	27,030	25,000	2,030	23,588
Materials and supplies	4,900	-	228	(228)	7,926
Professional services	2,600	-	532	(532)	2,591
Repairs and maintenance	2,300		465	(465)	2,276
Total public works	41,800	27,030	26,225	805	36,381
Debt service:					
Principal	1,374	2,341	2,341	-	2,086
Interest	277	816	816		1,570
Total debt service	1,651	3,157	3,157		3,656
Capital outlay	5,000	1,400	1,958	(558)	9,431
Total expenditures	<u>\$193,576</u>	\$160,256	<u>\$ 166,828</u>	<u>\$ (6,572</u>)	<u>\$ 184,167</u>

Comparative Statement of Net Position Enterprise Funds June 30, 2021 and 2020

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	Utility Funds		
	2021	2020	
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$ 77,595	\$71,873	
Receivables -			
Accounts, net	19,865	23,463	
Unbilled utility receivables	11,234	9,421	
Due from other governmental agencies	1,678		
Total current assets	110,372	104,757	
Noncurrent assets:			
Restricted assets -			
Cash and interest-bearing deposits Capital assets -	98,152	89,581	
Land	37,480	37,480	
Capital assets, net	2,019,237	2,114,965	
Total noncurrent assets	2,154,869	2,242,026	
Total assets	2,265,241	2,346,783	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS			
Retirement of sewerage treatment facility	49,924	54,424	
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts and other payables	9,397	30,599	
Unearned revenue	25,000	1,942	
Payable from restricted assets -			
Customers' deposits	34,276	50,637	
Total current liabilities	68,673	83,178	
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Revenue bonds payable	578,000	607,000	
Cost of retirement, sewerage treatment facility	203,500	203,500	
Total noncurrent liabilities	781,500	810,500	
Total liabilities	850,173	893,678	
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	1,478,717	1,545,445	
Restricted	63,876	38,944	
Unrestricted (deficit)	(77,601)	(76,860)	
Total net position	<u>\$1,464,992</u>	<u>\$1,507,529</u>	

VILLAGE OF ESTHERWOOD, LOUISIANA Enterprise Funds Utility Funds

Comparative Departmental Statement of Revenues and Expenses Years Ended June 30, 2021 and 2020

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	Water Ut	ility Fund	Gas Util	ity Fund	Sewer Utility Fund		Totals	
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
Operating revenue:								
Charges for services	\$163,495	\$131,386	\$16,229	\$66,293	\$ 89,185	\$83,874	\$ 268,909	\$ 281,553
Other	93	145	160	45	1,685		1,938	190
Total operating revenues	163,588	131,531	16,389	66,338	90,870	83,874	270,847	281,743
Operating expenses:								
Salaries	29,365	27,211	9,610	27,190	32,608	28,769	71,583	83,170
Payroll taxes	1,639	2,040	440	1,996	2,261	2,019	4,340	6,055
Group insurance	-	1,002	_	1,002	-	1,002		3,006
Utilities and telephone	6,367	6,761	-	1,538	9,776	9,843	16,143	18,142
Repairs and maintenance	20,739	15,212	-	687	28,978	25,778	49,717	41,677
Insurance	2,874	3,447	3,163	6,588	3,034	1,224	9,071	11,259
Operating supplies	9,557	14,954	2,998	15,210	1,840	1,103	14,395	31,267
Office supplies and expense	4,773	4,510	764	1,364	4,648	7,262	10,185	13,136
Inspection and testing	-	-	8,036	11,224	-	-	8,036	11,224
Engineering fees	139	1,827	-	1,164	1,500	_	1,639	2,991
Bad debt expense	-	3,785	3,545	-	-	-	3,545	3,785
Depreciation and amortization	62,915	62,915	380	1,140	48,808	49,049	112,103	113,104
Other	3,545	4,219	885	1,740	385	449	4,815	6,408
Total operating expenses	141,913	147,883			133,838	126,498		
r otar operating expenses	141,915	147,005	29,821	70,843	133,638		305,572	345,224
Operating income (loss)	21,675	(16,352)	(13,432)	(4,505)	(42,968)	(42,624)	(34,725)	(63,481)
Non-operating revenues (expenses):								
Grant income	1,678	-	-	-	1,942	-	3,620	-
Interest income	-		-	7	-	-	-	7
Interest expense	(17,907)	(18,728)	-	- '	_	-	(17,907)	(18,728)
Gain on sale of capital assets	-	-	6,338	-	-	-	6,338	(10,720)
Total non-operating revenues						·		<u> </u>
(expenses)	(16,229)	(10 700)	6 220	7	1.042		(7 040)	(10 701)
(expenses)	(10,229)	(18,728)	6,338	7	1,942		(7,949)	(18,721)
Loss before contributions								
and transfers	5,446	_(35,080)	(7,094)	(4,498)	(41,026)	(42,624)	(42,674)	(82,202)
	,							
Capital contributions		1 			15,019		15,019	
Transfers in (out):								
Transfers in	5,357	46,006	12 766	33 001		11 610	10.100	01 610
Transfers out		40,000	13,766	22,991	-	22,622	19,123	91,619
	(13,766)		(13,630)	<u>(22,991</u>)	(6,609)	(3,576)	(34,005)	(26,567)
Total transfers in (out)	(8,409)	46,006	136		(6,609)	19,046	(14,882)	65,052
Change in net position	(2,963)	10,926	(6,958)	(4,498)	(32,616)	(23,578)	(42,537)	(17,150)
Net position, beginning	673,250	662,324	6,958	11,456	827,321	850,899	1,507,529	1,524,679
Net position, ending	<u>\$670,287</u>	<u>\$673,250</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 6,958</u>	<u>\$794,705</u>	<u>\$827,321</u>	<u>\$1,464,992</u>	<u>\$1,507,529</u>

VILLAGE OF ESTHERWOOD, LOUISIANA Justice System Funding Schedule - Collecting/Disbursing Entity Year Ended June 30, 2021

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-	First Six Month Period Ended 12/31/2020	Second Six Month Period Ended 6/30/2021
Beginning Balance of Amounts Collected	<u>\$ 2,752</u>	<u>\$ 3,256</u>
Add: Collections -		
Civil Fees	-	-
Bond Fees	-	-
Asset Forfeiture/Sale	-	-
Pre-Trial Diversion Program Fees	-	-
Criminal Court Costs/Fees	7,876	7,579
Criminal Fines - Contempt	-	-
Criminal Fines - Other	28,214	24,404
Restitution	-	-
Probation/Parole/Supervision Fees	-	-
Service/Collection Fees	-	-
Interest Earnings on Collected Balances	-	-
Other	-	-
Subtotal Collections	36,090	31,983
Less: Disbursements to Governments and Nonprofits -		
Crime Stoppers Of Acadia, Inc - Criminal Fines	292	615
Acadiana Criminalistics Laboratory - Criminal Fines	1,450	4,370
Louisiana Commission on Law Enforcement - Criminal Fines	329	819
Louisiana State Treasurer CMIS - Criminal Fines	181	346
LA Dept of Health & Hospitals THI/SCI - Criminal Fines	500	855
Less: Amounts Retained by Collecting Agency		
Amounts "Self-Disbursed" to Collecting Agency - Criminal Court Costs/Fee	s 4,620	3,660
Amounts "Self-Disbursed" to Collecting Agency - Criminal Fines Other	28,214	24,404
Subtotal Disbursements/Retainage	35,586	35,069
Ending Balance of Amounts Collected but not Disbursed/Retained	<u>\$ 3,256</u>	<u>\$ 170</u>

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INTERNAL CONTROL, COMPLIANCE

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OTHER MATTERS

KOLDER, SLAVEN & COMPANY, LLC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

C. Burton Kolder, CPA* Brad E, Kolder, CPA, JD* Gerald A. Thibodeaux, Jr., CPA* Robert S. Carter, CPA* Arthur R. Mixon, CPA* Stephen J. Anderson, CPA* Christine C. Doucet, CPA Wanda F. Arcement, CPA, CVA Bryan K. Joubert, CPA Matthew E. Margaglio, CPA Casey L. Ardoin, CPA, CFE

Victor R. Slaven, CPA* - retired 2020

* A Professional Accounting Corporation

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

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WWW.KCSRCPAS.COM

The Honorable Donna Bertrand, Mayor and Members of the Board of Aldermen Village of Estherwood, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Village of Estherwood, Louisiana (the "Village") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 10, 2021.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Village's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies, and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did identify a deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying summary schedule of current and prior year audit findings and management's corrective action plan as item 2021-001, that we consider to be a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Village's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

The Village of Estherwood, Louisiana's Response to Findings

The Village's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying summary schedule of current and prior year audit findings and management's corrective action plan. The Village's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

This report is intended solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Louisiana Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC

Certified Public Accountants

Lafayette, Louisiana December 10, 2021

Summary Schedule of Current and Prior Year Findings And Management's Corrective Action Plan (Continued)

Part I. Current Year Findings and Management's Corrective Action Plan

A. Internal Control Findings -

2021-001 Inadequate Segregation of Accounting Functions

Fiscal year finding initially occurred: 2011

CONDITION: The Village did not have adequate segregation of functions within the accounting system.

CRITERIA: The Village should have a control policy according to which no person should be given responsibility for more than one related function.

CAUSE: Due to the size of the Village, there are a small number of available employees.

EFFECT: The Village has employees that are performing more than one related function.

RECOMMENDATION: The Village should establish and monitor mitigating controls over functions that are not completely segregated.

MANAGEMENT'S CORRECTION ACTION PLAN: Due to the size of the operations and the cost-benefit of additional personnel, it may not be feasible to achieve complete segregation of duties.

B. Compliance Findings --

There were no compliance findings during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

C. Management Letter -

A management letter was issued related to operating deficits in the Sewer Enterprise Fund.

Part II. Prior Year Findings

A. Internal Control Findings -

2020-001 Inadequate Segregation of Accounting Functions

Fiscal year finding initially occurred: Unknown

CONDITION: The Village did not have adequate segregation of functions within the accounting system.

RECOMMENDATION: The Village should establish and monitor mitigating controls over functions that are not completely segregated.

CURRENT STATUS: Unresolved. See finding 2021-001.

Summary Schedule of Current and Prior Year Findings And Management's Corrective Action Plan (Continued)

2020-002 Reserves and Financial Monitoring

Fiscal year finding initially occurred: 2017

CONDITION: The Village did not monitor performance of its financial activity and ensure that operating reserves are monitored at a level to sustain the Village's operations and any potential unexpected events.

RECOMMENDATION: The Village should establish a formal, written plan of action on how to increase its operating reserves.

CURRENT STATUS: Resolved.

2020-003 Reconciliation of Police Citations

Fiscal year finding initially occurred: 2019

CONDITION: The Village does not have policies and procedures established to track police citations issued as compared to cash collections of citation receipts.

RECOMMENDATION: The police chief, or other assigned employee, should monitor ticket citation books to ensure police officers are issuing citations. Additionally, the Village should implement policies and procedures to track police citations sequentially, once issued, and compare cash collections of citations to the general ledger.

CURRENT STATUS: Resolved.

B. Compliance Findings -

2020-004 Bond Covenants

Fiscal year finding initially occurred: 2019

CONDITION: The Village's payments into the Debt Service Reserve Fund were not in compliance with the debt covenants.

RECOMMENDATION: The Village should periodically review all bond covenants and ensure that the Village is in compliance. Additionally, the Village should develop a plan, in coordination with the holder of the bonds, to review utility rates and operating costs and make appropriate adjustments to come into compliance with the covenants.

CURRENT STATUS: Resolved.

C. Management Letter –

A management letter was issued related to operating deficits in the Water, Gas, and Sewer Enterprise Funds.

KOLDER, SLAVEN & COMPANY, LLC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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MANAGEMENT LETTER

The Honorable Donna Bertrand, Mayor and Members of the Board of Aldermen Village of Estherwood, Louisiana

We have completed our audit of the basic financial statements of the Village of Estherwood, Louisiana for the year ended June 30, 2021, and submit the following recommendation for your consideration:

The Sewer Enterprise Fund experienced an operating loss of \$42,968 during the current year. The Village should evaluate operations to determine methods to increase revenues and/or reduce expenses in order to operate at a surplus.

In conclusion, we express our appreciation to you and your staff, particularly to your office staff for the courtesies and assistance rendered to us during the performance of our audit. Should you have any questions or need assistance in implementing our recommendation, please feel free to contact us.

Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC

Certified Public Accountants

Lafayette, Louisiana December 10, 2021