WASHINGTON PARISH ASSESSOR Franklinton, Louisiana

Annual Financial Statements
As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2024

Washington Parish Assessor Annual Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2024

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable James Stevenson Washington Parish Assessor Franklinton, LA 70438

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of the Washington Parish Assessor as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Washington Parish Assessor's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Washington Parish Assessor as of December 31, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of my report. I am required to be independent of the Washington Parish Assessor and to meet my other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to my audit. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Washington Parish Assessor's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, I:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
 due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks.
 Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and
 disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Washington Parish Assessor's internal
 control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in my judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Washington Parish Assessor's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

I am required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that I identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the management discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. My opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information and GASB required pension supplementary information be

presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide me with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Washington Parish Assessor's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of compensation, benefits, and other payments to agency head as required by LA Revised Statute 24:513 A (3) is presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the schedules listed above are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, I have also issued my report dated June 30, 2025 on my consideration of the Washington Parish Assessor's internal control over financial reporting and on my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District Attorney of the 22nd Judicial District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Washington Parish Assessor's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Robert A. Neilson, CPA, LLC

Lovert A. Nelm

Bogalusa, Louisiana June 30, 2025 **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

Washington Parish Assessor Statement of Net Position December 31, 2024

	Governmental Activities	
ASSETS	1	
Cash & Cash Equivalents	\$	193,993
Investments		2,124,064
Receivables		1,411,596
Prepaid Expenses		1
Net Pension Asset		255,755
Capital assets (net)		18,078
Total Assets	\$	4,003,486
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pension Related	\$	99,371
OPEB Related		533,643
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	633,014
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable	\$	7,577
Payroll Taxes Payable		1,440
Financing Lease Liability		2,566
Long Term Liabilities		
OPEB Obligation		3,880,664
Total Liabilities	\$	3,892,247
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pension Related	\$	376,685
OPEB Related		491,872
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	868,557
NET POSITION		
Investment in capital assets, net of related debt	\$	15,512
Unrestricted	-	(139,816)
Total Net Position	\$	(124,304)

Washington Parish Assessor Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

	Expenses	Program Revenues Charges for Services	Re Cha	t (Expenses) venues and anges in Net Position overnmental Activities
Governmental Activities: General Government	¢ 002.794	¢ 75.950	•	(027 022)
General Government	\$ 903,784	\$ 75,852	\$	(827,932)
General Revenues Taxes- Ad Valorem taxes, le Interest Non-Employer Pension Con		al purposes		1,369,241 136,047 174,147
Total General Revenues			-	1,679,435
Change in Net Position				851,503
Net Position- Beginning				(975,807)
Net Position- Ending			\$	(124,304)

Washington Parish Assessor Balance Sheet Governmental Fund December 31, 2024

ASSETS		
Cash & Cash Equivalents	\$	193,993
Investments		2,124,064
Receivables		1,411,596
Total Assets	\$	3,729,653
Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	740
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable	\$	7,577
Payroll Taxes Payable	_	1,440
Total Liabilities	_	9,017
Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	14,781
FUND BALANCE		
Unassigned	\$	3,705,855
Total Fund Balance	\$	3,705,855
Total Liabilities & Fund Balances	\$	3,729,653

Washington Parish Assessor Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position December 31, 2024

Fund	Balances-	Governmental	Fund
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\$ 3,705,855

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental fund:

Governmental Capital Assets
Accumulated Depreciation

382,720

(364,642) 18,078

Post Employment Benefits are not a use of current resources, and therefore, are not reported in the fund financial statements. Deferred outflows of resources at year end are:

Deferred Outflows related to pensions
Deferred Outflows related to OPEB obligations

99,371

533,643

633,014

Long Term Liabilities are not due and payable in the current year and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental fund:

Financing Lease Liability OPEB Obligation

Net Pension Asset

(2,566)

(3,880,664)

255,755

(3,627,475)

The deferred inflows of contributions for the Assessor's Retirement Funds and Other Post Employment Benefits are not a use of current resources, and therefore, are not reported in the fund financial statements. Deferred inflows of resources at year end are:

Deferred Inflows related to pensions
Deferred Inflows related to OPEB Obligations

(376,685)

(491,872)

(868, 557)

Certain revenues will be collected after year-end but are not available to pay current period expenditures and, therefore are deferred in the fund.

14,781

Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ (124,304)

Washington Parish Assessor Statement of Governmental Fund Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

Revenues	
Property Taxes	\$ 1,365,467
State revenue sharing	61,053
Interest Income	136,047
Other Revenues	14,799
Total Revenues	1,577,366
Expenditures	
Salaries and Related Benefits	885,348
Materials and Supplies	15,624
Operating Services	170,078
Travel	4,496
Capital Expenditures	6,770
Total Expenditures	1,082,316
Excess Revenues Over Expenditures	495,050
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	3,210,805
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 3,705,855

Washington Parish Assessor

Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

Net	Change	in	Governmental	Fund	Balance
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\$ 495,050

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; however, in the statement of activities, the cost of these assets is depreciated over their estimated useful lives:

Capital Outlay	6,770	
Depreciation Expense	(4,279)	2,491

Lease proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing lease financing increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of debt and lease principal is an expenditure in the governmental fund, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position:

Financing Lease 1,426

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds:

OPEB Expense	156,644	
Assessor's Portion of Retiree Insurance	73,175	
Pension Expense	(55,207)	174,612

Non-employer contributions received from the Assessor's Retirement Fund are reported in the statement of activities but not in the revenues of the governmental funds.

174,147

Revenues that do not provide current financial resources are not reported in the governmental fund:

Change in Unavailable Ad Valorem Taxes 3,777

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ 851,503

INTRODUCTION

As provided by Article VII, Section 24 of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974, the Assessor is elected by the voters of the parish and serves a four-year term. The Assessor assesses all real and movable property in the parish, subject to ad valorem taxation. The assessor is authorized to appoint as many deputies as may be necessary for efficient operation of the office and provide assistance to the taxpayers of the parish. The deputies are authorized to perform all functions of the office, but the assessor is officially and pecuniary responsible for the actions of the deputies.

The Assessor's office is located in the Washington Parish Courthouse in Franklinton, Louisiana. The Assessor employs nine employees including eight deputies. In accordance with Louisiana law, the Assessor bases real and movable property assessments on conditions existing on January 1 of the tax year. The Assessor completes an assessment listing by May 1 of the tax year and submits the list to the parish governing authority and to the Louisiana Tax Commission, as prescribed by law. Once the assessment listing is approved, the Assessor submits the assessment roll to the parish tax collector who is responsible for collecting and distributing taxes to the various taxing bodies.

At December 31, 2024, there were 24,886 property assessments totaling \$318,635,280.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying basic financial statements of the Washington Parish Assessor have been prepared in conformity with governmental accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

B. REPORTING ENTITY

The assessor is an independently elected official. The Washington Parish Government has determined that the Assessor is not a component unit of Parish Government utilizing criteria established by GASB Statement 14.

The accompanying financial statements present information only on the funds maintained by the assessor and do not present information on the Washington Parish Government, the general government services provided by that governmental unit, or the other governmental units that compromise the financial reporting entity.

C. FUND ACCOUNTING

The assessor uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid management by segregating transactions related to certain tax assessment functions and activities. A fund is defined as a separate fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts.

C. FUND ACCOUNTING (continued)

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds account for all of the assessor's general activities. These funds focus on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between a governmental fund's assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. In general, fund balance represents the accumulated expendable resources which may be used to finance future period programs or operations of the assessor.

The general fund is the primary operating fund of the assessor and it accounts for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in other funds. The general fund is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred in accordance with state and federal laws and according to the assessor's policy.

D. MEASUREMENT FOCUS/BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Fund Financial Statements (FFS)

The amounts reflected in the general fund are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach is then reconciled, through adjustment, to a government-wide view of the assessor's operations.

The amounts reflected in the general fund use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available). Measurable means the amount of the transaction can be determined and available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The assessor considers all revenues available if they are collected within 60 days after the fiscal year end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for interest and principal payments on general long-term debt which is recognized when due, and certain compensated absences and claims and judgments which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. The governmental fund uses the following practices in recording revenues and expenditures:

D. MEASUREMENT FOCUS/BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (continued)

Fund Financial Statements (FFS) (continued)

Revenues

Ad valorem taxes are assessed on a calendar year basis, become due on November 15 of each year and become delinquent on December 31. The taxes are recognized as revenue in the year they are assessed, and generally are collected in December of the current year and January and February of the ensuing year. Interest earnings on time deposits are recorded when the time deposits have matured and the interest is available. State revenue sharing is appropriated by the legislature at the end of the calendar year and is recorded in the year of appropriation. Other revenues are recorded in the period received due to the nature of the transactions.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

Deferred revenue are those revenues that are measurable but not yet available, under the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, they are not recorded as revenue. The balance sheet records the receivable, but includes deferred revenue as its offset.

Expenditures

Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred.

Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS)

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities on display information about the assessor as a whole. These statements include all the financial activities of the assessor.

In the Statement of Net Position, governmental activities are presented on a consolidated basis and are presented on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long term assets and receivables as well as long term obligations. Net position are reported in three parts; invested in capital assets, net of any related debt, restricted net position; and unrestricted net position. The Assessor first uses restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The government wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from exchange or exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange occurs (regardless of when cash is received or disbursed). Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from non-exchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 33, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Non-exchange Transactions.

D. MEASUREMENT FOCUS/BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (continued)

Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS) (continued)

Program Revenues included in the Statement of Activities are derived directly from parties outside the assessor's taxpayers or citizenry. Program revenues reduce the cost of the function to be financed from the assessor's general revenues.

The Assessor reports all direct expenses by function in the Statement of Activities. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a function. Indirect expenses of other functions are not allocated to those functions but are reported separately in the Statement of Activities. Depreciation expense, which can be specifically identified by function, is included in the direct expenses of each function.

E. BUDGETS

The Washington Parish Assessor adopts an annual budget for the General Fund on the modified accrual basis of accounting for revenues and expenditures. The original proposed budget for 2024 was published in the official journal, made available for public inspection, public hearing was held and adopted all within the required timeframe. Formal budget integration is not employed as a management control device during the year. All appropriations lapse at year end. The assessor reserves all authority to make changes to the budget. There were no amendments to the original budget in 2024.

F. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash includes amounts in demand deposits, interest-bearing demand deposits and amounts on deposit with the Louisiana Asset Management Pool. Cash equivalents include amounts in time deposits. Under state law, the assessor may deposit funds in demand deposits, interest-bearing demand deposits, money market accounts, or time deposits with state banks organized under Louisiana law or any other state of the United States, or under the laws of the United States.

G. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated cost if historical cost is not available. Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The assessor maintains a threshold level of \$500 or more for capitalizing assets.

Capital assets are recorded in the Statement of Net Position and depreciation on capital assets is recorded in the Statement of Activities. Since surplus assets are sold for an immaterial amount when declared as no longer needed for public purposes, no salvage value is taken into consideration for depreciation purposes. All capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

G. CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

Description:

Building Improvements Furniture & Equipment

Vehicles

Estimated Lives:

25 years 5-20 years

5 years

H. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

All employees of the assessor's office earn from five to twenty days of vacation leave each year, depending on the length of service. Vacation leave must be taken during the year earned. However, upon resignation or retirement, employees are paid for unused vacation leave earned during the year. Employees will not be paid for unused vacation if terminated.

All full-time employees earn 12 days of sick leave each year. A total of 45 days of sick leave can be accumulated. All accumulated sick leave lapses upon termination. Based on the evaluation and interpretation of GASB 101, it was determined that there were no accumulated and vested leave benefits that were required to be reported for the period ending December 31, 2024.

I. LEASES

The Washington Parsh Assessor is a lessee for noncancellable lease agreements for equipment used for administrative functions. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, the Washington Parish Assessor recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset in the financial statements for those lease contracts with an initial individual value that is material to the financial statements and whose terms call for a lease period greater than one year. The lease liability is measured at the commencement of the lease at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its depreciable life. Key estimates and judgements related to leases include (1) the discount rate used to present value the expected lease payment, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

- The Washington Parish Assessor uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate, if provided. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the Washington Parish Assessor uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease terms include the noncancellable period of the lease and optional renewal periods.
 Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments through the noncancellable term of the lease and renewal periods that management considers reasonably certain to be exercised.

I. LEASES (continued)

The Washington Parsh Assessor monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability. Lease assets are reported with capital assets.

J. NET POSITION IN THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the government-wide statement of net position, the net position amount is classified and displayed in three components:

- Net Investment in Capital Assets This component consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those capital assets.
- Restricted Net Position This component consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, laws, regulations, of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted Net Position This component consists of all other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for uses, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as needed.

K. FUND BALANCE

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balances may be classified as follows:

- **Nonspendable** Amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in a nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of state or federal laws, or externally imposed conditions by grantors or creditors.
- Committed Amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action by the Assessor.
- Assigned Amounts that are designated by the Assessor for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed.
- Unassigned All amounts not included in other spendable classifications.

K. FUND BALANCE (continued)

When expenditures are incurred for the purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted amounts are available, the Assessor uses restricted amounts first, followed by unrestricted amounts. When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which committed, assigned, and unassigned amounts are available, it is the policy of the Assessor to reduce committed amounts first, followed by assigned amounts and then unassigned amounts.

L. ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, expenditures and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

M. PENSION PLANS

The Washington Parish Assessor's Office is a participating employer in a cost-sharing, multiple employer defined benefit plan as described in Note 7. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of each of the plans, and additions to/deductions for the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments have been reported at fair value within the plan.

N. OPEB PLAN

The Assessor's defined benefit post-employment health care plan provides OPEB to eligible retired employees. The plan provides OPEB for permanent full time employees of the Assessor. The Assessor's OPEB plan is a multi-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. Benefits are provided through the Louisiana Assessors' Retirement Fund. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75. The authority to establish and/or amend the obligation of the employer, employees, and retirees rests with the Assessor.

O. CURRENT YEAR ADOPTIONS OF NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

During the year ending December 31, 2024, the Assessor implemented the following GASB Statements:

O. CURRENT YEAR ADOPTIONS OF NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS (continued)

GASB Statement No. 99, *Omnibus 2022* provides objectives to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and accounting and financial report for financial guarantees. This Statement did not affect the Washington Parish Assessor's financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62 provides guidance to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. This Statement did not affect the Washing Parish Assessor's financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences provides guidance to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. This Statement did not affect the Washington Parish Assessor's financial statements.

P. NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

GASB Statement No. 102, Certain Risk Disclosures defines concentrations and constraints, The Statement also requires governments to assess whether a concentration or constraint makes the primary government reporting unit or other reporting units that report a liability for revenue debt vulnerable to the risk of a substantial impact and whether an event or events associated with a concentration or constraint that could cause the substantial impact have occurred, have begun to occur or are more likely than not to begin to occur within 12 months of the date the financial statements are issued. Additional disclosures are to be included if reporting criteria is not met which will provide users of government financial statements with essential information about risks related to a government's vulnerabilities due to certain concentrations or constraints. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2024, and all reporting periods thereafter. The Washington Parish Assessor is currently evaluating the impact of this Statement on its financial reporting and disclosures.

P. NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS (continued)

GASB Statement No. 103, Financial Reporting Model Improvements continues the requirement that the basic financial statements be preceded by management's discussion and analysis (MD&A), which is presented as required supplementary information (RSI). MD&A provides an objective and easily readable analysis of the government's financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions, or conditions and presents comparisons between the current year and the prior year. This Statement describes unusual or infrequent items as transactions and other events that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Furthermore, governments are required to display the inflows and outflows related to each unusual or infrequent item separately as the last presented flow(s) of resources prior to the net change in resource flows in the government-wide, governmental fund, and proprietary fund statements of resource flows. This Statement requires governments to present budgetary comparison information using a single method of communication—RSI. Governments also are required to present (1) variances between original and final budget amounts and (2) variances between final budget and actual amounts. An explanation of significant variances is required to be presented in notes to RSI. The provisions of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2025. The Washington Parish Assessor is currently evaluating the impact of this Statement on its financial reporting and disclosures.

GASB Statement No. 104 Disclosure of Certain Capital Assets – This Statement enhances disclosure requirements for specific types of capital assets, including lease assets, intangible right-to-use assets, subscription assets, and other intangible assets, by requiring separate disclosures by major class. Additionally, it establishes criteria and disclosure requirements for capital assets held for sale. The provisions of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2025. The Washington Parish Assessor is currently evaluating the impact of this Statement on its financial reporting and disclosures.

2. LEVIED TAXES

The Washington Parish Assessor is authorized to levy up to 5.37 mills in ad valorem taxes. A 5.37 mill ad valorem tax was levied for the year ended December 31, 2024. The following are the principal taxpayers for the parish:

Taxpayer	Type of Business	Assessed Valuation	% of Total Assessed Valuation
Temple Inland	Paper mill	\$52,966,200	16.62%
Entergy Louisiana, LLC	Utility	\$17,021,810	5.34%
Southern Natural Gas	Pipeline	\$8,939,370	2.81%
TOTAL:	,	\$78,927,380	24.77%

The total assessed valuation for all taxpayers at December 31, 2024 was \$318,635,280. This figure was used in calculating the percentage of the "assessed valuation of each of the largest taxpayers" to the "total assessed valuation for all taxpayers".

3. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

At December 31, 2024, the assessor had cash and cash equivalents totaling \$193,993 as follows:

Demand deposits \$22,460 Time deposits \$171,533

Total <u>\$193,993</u>

These deposits are stated at cost. Under state law, these deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties.

At December 31, 2024 the assessor had \$218,161 in deposits (collected bank balances). The bank deposits are secured from risk by federal deposit insurance.

4. INVESTMENTS

An investment of \$2,124,064, which is stated at cost and approximates market at December 31, 2024, is invested in the Louisiana Asset Management Pool, Inc. (LAMP).

LAMP is administered by LAMP, Inc., a non-profit corporation organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana. Only local government entities having contracted to participate in LAMP have an investment interest in its pool of assets. The primary objective of LAMP is to provice a safe environment for the placement of public funds in short-term, high quality investments. The LAMP portfolio includes only securities and other obligations in which local governments in Louisiana are authorized to invest in accordance with LSA – R.S. 33:2955.

GASB Statement No. 40 Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosure, requires disclosure of credit risk, custodial credit risk, concentration of credit risk interest rate risk, and foreign currency risk for all public entity investments.

LAMP is an investment pool that, to the extent practical, invest in a manner consistent with GASB Statement No. 79. The following facts are relevant for investment pools:

- Credit risk: LAMP is rated AAA by Standard & Poor's.
- <u>Custodial credit risk:</u> LAMP participants' investments in the pool are evidenced by shares of
 the pool. Investments in pools should be disclosed, but not categorized because they are
 not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book-entry form. The public entity's
 investment is with the pool, not the securities that make up the pool; therefore, no disclosure
 is required.

4. INVESTMENTS (continued)

- Concentration of credit risk: Pooled investments are excluded from the 5 percent disclosure requirement.
- Interest Rate Risk: LAMP is designed to be highly liquid to give its participants immediate
 access to their account balances. LAMP prepares its own interest rate risk disclosure using
 the weighted average maturity (WAM) method. The WAM of LAMP assets is restricted to
 not more than 90 days, and consists of no securities with a maturity in excess of 397 days
 or 762 days for US Government floating variable rate investments. The WAM for LAMP's
 total investments is 68 days as of December 31, 2024.
- Foreign currency risk: Not applicable.

The investments in LAMP are stated at fair value. The fair value is determined on a weekly basis by LAMP and the value of the position in the external investment pool is the same as the net asset value of the pool shares.

LAMP, Inc. is subject to the regulatory oversight of the state treasurer and the board of directors. LAMP is not registered with the SEC as an investment company.

If you have any questions, please feel free to contact the LAMP administrative office at 1-800-249-5267.

5. RECEIVABLES

The receivables of \$1,411,596 at December 31, 2024 are as follows:

Class of Receivable

Ad valorem taxes	\$ 1,343,970
City Taxes	6,571
State revenue sharing	<u>61,055</u>

Total <u>\$1,411,596</u>

Ad valorem taxes receivable are recorded net of any estimated uncollectible amount.

6. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets and depreciation activity as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024 are as follows:

	Building Improvements	Financing Lease Equipment	Furniture & Equipment	Vehicles	TOTAL
Capital Assets 12/31/2023	\$61,314	\$8,554	\$287,560	\$18,523	\$375,951
Additions			6,770		6,770
Deletions				0	
Capital Assets 12/31/2024	61,314	8,554	294,330	18,523	382,721
Accumulated Depreciation 12/31/2023	57,041	4,705	280,095	18,523	360,364
Additions	665	1,771	1,843	-	4,279
Deletions					
Accumulated Depreciation 12/31/2024	57,706	6,476	281,938	18,523	364,643
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation, 12/31/2024	\$3,608	<u>\$2,078</u>	<u>\$12,392</u>	<u>\$0</u>	\$18,078

For the year ended December 31, 2024, depreciation expense was \$4,279 of which accumulated amortization for capital lease equipment is included in the accumulated depreciation for all capital assets.

7. PENSION PLAN

The Louisiana Assessors' Retirement Fund (Fund) was created by Act 91 Section 1 of the 1950 regular Legislature Session. The Fund is a cost sharing, multiple employer, qualified governmental defined benefit pension plan covering assessors and their deputies employed by any parish of the State of Louisiana, under the provisions of Louisiana Revised Statutes 11:1401 through 1494. The plan is a qualified plan as defined by the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a), effective January 1, 1998. Membership in the Louisiana Assessors' Retirement Fund is a condition of employment for Assessors and their full time employees.

The following brief description of the Louisiana Assessor's Retirement Fund and Subsidiary is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to the Plan Agreement for more complete information.

7. PENSION PLAN (continued)

Pension Benefits

Members who were hired before October 1, 2013, will be eligible for pension benefits once they have either reached the age of fifty-five and have at least twelve years of service or have at least thirty years of service, regardless of age. Members who were hired on or after October 1, 2013, will be eligible for pension benefits once they have either reached the age of sixty and have at least twelve years of service or have reached the age of fifty-five and have at least thirty years of service.

Members whose first employment making them eligible for membership began prior to October 1, 2006, are entitled to annual pension benefits equal to three and one-third percent of their highest monthly average final compensation received during any 36 consecutive months multiplied by their total years of service, not to exceed 100% of monthly average final compensation. Members whose first employment making them eligible for membership began on or after October 1, 2006, but before October 1, 2013, are entitled to annual pension benefits equal to three and one-third percent of their highest monthly average final compensation received during any 60 consecutive months, multiplied by their total years of service, not to exceed 100% of monthly average final compensation. Members whose first employment making them eligible for membership began on or after October 1, 2013, but who have less than thirty years of service are entitled to annual pension benefits equal to three percent of their highest monthly average final compensation received during any 60 consecutive months, multiplied by their total years of service, not to exceed 100% of monthly average final compensation. Members whose first employment making them eligible for membership began on or after October 1, 2013, and have thirty or more years of service are entitled to annual pension benefits equal to three and one-third percent of their highest monthly average final compensation received during any 60 consecutive months, multiplied by their total years of service, not to exceed 100% of monthly average final compensation. Members may elect to receive their pension benefits in the form of a joint and survivor annuity.

Contributions

Contributions for all members are established by statute at 8.00% of earned compensation. The contributions are deducted from the member's salary and remitted by the participating agency.

Administrative costs of the Fund are financed through employer contributions. According to the state statute, contributions for all employers are actuarially determined each year. The actuarially-determined employer contribution rate was 1.35% for the year ended September 30, 2024. The actual employer contribution rates was 5% of members' earnings for the year ended September 30, 2024.

The fund also receives one-fourth of one percent of the property taxes assessed in each parish of the state except for Orleans Parish, which is one percent, as well as a state revenue sharing appropriation. According to state statute, in the event that contributions for ad valorem taxes and revenue sharing funds are insufficient to provide for the gross employer actuarially required contribution, the employer is required to make direct contributions as determined by the Public Retirement Systems' Actuarial Committee.

Contributions from non employer contributing entities were \$174,147. Contributions to the pension plan from the Assessor were \$25,459.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2024, the Assessor reported an asset of \$255,761 for its proportionate share of the net pension assets. The net pension asset was measured as of September 30, 2024 and the total pension asset used to calculate the net pension asset as determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Assessor's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Assessor's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At September 30, 2024, the Assessor's proportion was 1.00%, which was a decrease of 0.02% from its proportion measured as of September 30, 2023.

For the year ended December 31, 2024, the Assessor recognized pension expense of \$25,241 plus employer's amortization of change in proportionate share and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions, which was \$55,207, for a total of \$80,448 for the year ended December 31, 2024 was \$80,448.

Schedule of Employer Allocations

At December 30, 2024, the Assessor reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows Of Resources	Deferred Inflows Of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$25,249	\$28,921
Change in assumptions	64,996) 4
Change in proportion and differences between the employer's contributions and the employer's proportionate share of contributions	2,971	5,004
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	-	342,760
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	6,155	<u> </u>
TOTAL	\$99,371	\$376,685

7. PENSION PLAN (continued)

Deferred outflows of resources of \$6,155 related to pensions resulting from the Assessor's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an addition of the net pension asset in the year ended December 31, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

\$(30,239)
65,358
(179,692)
(140,823)
2,622

\$(282,774)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The current year actuarial assumptions utilized for this report are based on the assumptions used in the September 30, 2024 actuarial funding valuation, which (with the exception of mortality) were based on results of an actuarial experience study for the period October 1, 2014 through September 30, 2019. All assumptions selected were determined to be reasonable and represent the Fund's expectations of future experience for the Fund.

Additional information on the actuarial methods and assumptions used as of September 30, 2024 actuarial valuation follows:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age normal
Investment Rate of Return (discount rate)	5.50%, net position plan investment expense, including inflation
Inflation Rate	2.10%
Salary Increases	5.25%
Annuitant and beneficiary mortality	Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plan Mortality Table for General Healthy Retirees multiplied by 120% with full generational projection using the appropriate MP-2019 improvement scale.
Active Members Mortality	Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plan Mortality Table for General Healthy Retirees multiplied by 120% with full generational projection using the appropriate MP-2019 improvement scale.

7. PENSION PLAN (continued)

Disabled Annuitant Mortality

Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plan Mortality Table for General Disabled Retirees multiplied by 120% with full generational projection using the appropriate MP-2019 improvement scale.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions (continued)

Discount Rate

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation, of 2.5% and an adjustment for the effect of rebalancing/diversification. The resulting long-term expected arithmetic nominal return was 7.85% as of September 30, 2024.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Fund target asset allocation as of September 30, 2024, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic equity	7.50%
International equity	8.50%
Domestic bonds	2.50%
International bonds	3.50%
Real estate	4.50%

The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from the participating employers will be made at the actuarially-determined contribution rates, which are calculated in accordance with relevant statutes and approved by the Board of Trustees and the Public Retirement Systems' Actuarial Committee. Based on these assumptions, the Fund's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

7. PENSION PLAN (continued)

Sensitivity to Changes in Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 5.50%, as well as what the net pension liability (asset) of the participating employers would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (4.50%) or one percentage point higher (6.50%) than the current rate:

	Changes in Discount Rate		
		Current	
Net Pension Liability	1% Decrease (4.50%)	Discount Rate (5.50%)	1% Increase (6.50%)
Assessor	\$(194,752)	\$(255,761)	\$(411,767)

Retirement Fund Audit Report

The Fund has issued a stand-alone audit report on its financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2024. Access to the report can be found on the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's website, www.lla.la.gov, or by contacting the Louisiana Assessors' Retirement Fund, Post Office Box 14699, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70898.

8. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The Assessor offers its employees participation in the Louisiana Public Employees Deferred Compensation Plan administered by the Louisiana Deferred Compensation Commission. The plan, regulated under the provisions of Title 32, Part VII of the Louisiana Administrative Code, is a defined contribution plan established in accordance with the Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan is a retirement savings plan allowing eligible employees to supplement any existing retirement and pension benefits by saving and investing pre-tax and/or after-tax dollars through a voluntary salary contribution.

Contributions to Section 457 plans are determined by the US Department of the Treasury's Internal Revenue Service. In 2023, participants in the plan may contribute up to 100% of earnable compensation or \$23,000, whichever is less. Participants in the plan have two different options to catch up and contribute more near retirement.

Participant and on behalf Assessor contributions to the plan may be invested in a variety of investment options broadly diversified with distinct risk and return characteristics. Self- directed brokerage and managed account options are available. Contributions and investment earnings are always 100% vested.

8. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN (continued)

The Assessor has opted to match participating employees' elective deferrals up to 9%. The Assessor contributed \$38,537 to the plan during the year ended December 31, 2024. No amounts were payable to the plan at December 31, 2024.

9. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

Plan Description

Continuing health care and life insurance benefits are provided for those retired employees who have reached normal retirement age while employed by the Assessor. The plan is a cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit health care plan administered by the Insurance Committee of the Assessor's Insurance Fund dba Louisiana Assessor's Association. The Insurance Committee of the Assessor's Insurance Fund has the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions of the plan. The plan issued a publicly available financial report. The report can be obtained through the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's website. Effective with the year ending December 31, 2023, the Washington Parish Assessor implemented Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria of paragraph 4 of Statement No. 75.

Benefits Provided

The Assessor provides medical, dental, and life insurance coverage for eligible employees, retirees, and their dependents through the Louisiana Assessor's Association. The Assessor pays for the cost of the employee's and retiree's medical, dental, and life coverage. The retiree can also elect to cover his or her spouse and dependents but must pay the entire premium for their coverage. The Assessor recognizes the cost of providing these benefits (the Assessor's portion of premiums) as an expenditure when the monthly premiums are due. The benefits are financed on a pay as you go basis.

Relationship Between Valuation Date, Measurement Date, and Reporting Date

The Valuation Date is January 1, 2024. This is the date as of which the actuarial valuation is performed. The Measurement Date is December 31, 2024. This is the date as of which the total OPEB liability is determined. The reporting date is December 31, 2024. This is the plan's and/or employer's fiscal year ending date.

Significant Changes

None since prior valuation.

9. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (continued)

Participant Data as of January 1, 2024

Actives	8
Retirees	7
Beneficiaries	0
Spouses of Retirees	_0
TOTAL	<u>15</u>

Total OPEB Liability

The Assessor's total OPEB Liability of \$3,880,664 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of the valuation date, calculated based on the discount rate and actuarial assumptions below, and was then projected forward to the measurement date.

Actuarial Assumptions & Other Inputs

The actuarial cost method used for determining the benefit obligations is the Entry Age Normal Cost Method. Under this method, a projected retirement benefit at assumed retirement age is computed for each participant using anticipated future pay increases. The normal cost for each participant is computed as the level percentage of pay, which if paid from each participant's date of employment by the employer or any predecessor employer (thus, entry age) to his assumed retirement date, would accumulate with interest at the rate assumed in the valuation to an amount sufficient to fund his projected retirement benefit. The normal cost of the plan is the total of the individually computed normal costs for all participants including the costs for any death or disability benefits under the plan. The valuation results were developed using models intended for valuations that use standard actuarial techniques.

The accrued liability at any point in time for an active participant is the theoretical fund that would have been accumulated on his behalf from his normal cost payments and the earnings thereon for all prior years if the plan had always been in effect. For persons receiving benefits or entitled to a deferred vested retirement income, the accrued liability cost is equal to the present value of their future benefit payments. The accrued liability for the plan is the total of the individually computed accrued liability for all participants. The unfunded accrued liability for the plan is the excess of the accrued liability over the assets which have been accumulated for the plan.

It should be noted that the accrued liability as of any date is not the actuarially computed present value of accrued or accumulated plan benefits as of that date. The accrued liability is the portion of the ultimate cost assigned to prior years by the cost method being used.

In addition to the actuarial method used, actuarial cost estimates depend to an important degree on the assumptions made relative to various occurrences, such as rate of expected investment earnings by the fund, rates of mortality among active and retired employees, rates of termination from employment, and retirement rates. In the current valuation, the actuarial assumptions used for the calculation of costs and liabilities are as follows:

9. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions & Other Inputs (continued)

Other Key Actuarial Assumptions:

The plan has not had a formal actuarial experience study performed.

Valuation Date:

January 1, 2024

Measurement Date:

Benefit liabilities are valued as of December 31, 2024.

Discount Rate:

4.08% per annum, compounded annually.

Mortality Rates:

Healthy Retirement: Sex-distinct Pub-2010 General Mortality with separate employee and healthy annuitant rates, projected generationally using IRS 2024 Adjusted Scale MP-2021.

Beneficiaries:

Sex-distinct Pub-2010 General Contingent Survivors Mortality, projected generationally using IRS 2024 Adjusted Scale MP-2021.

Disability Retirement:

Sex-distinct Pub-2010 General Disabled Retirees Mortality, projected generationally using IRS 2024 Adjusted Scale MP-2021.

Withdrawal Rates:

The rates for both males and females decrease in range from 12% for participants with less than one year of service to 1% for those with 15 years or greater of service.

Disability Rates:

The rates for both males and females increase in range from 0.006% for participants aged 18 to 34 up to 0.195% for participants aged 60 or greater.

Retirement Rates:

The rates for both males and females increase in range from 22% for participants aged 46 to 49 up to 28% for those aged 63 or greater.

Participant Assumption:

100% of participants are assumed to elect retiree medical coverage upon retirement.

9. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions & Other Inputs (continued)

Marriage Assumption:

For actives, it is assumed that husbands are three years older than their wives with 40% of active participants electing spouse coverage at retirement.

Compensation Increase:

3.00% per annum, compounded annually.

Inflation Rate:

2.30% per year

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Liability
Balance at 12/31/2023	\$3,157,774
Changes for the year:	
Service Cost	113,696
Interest	105,466
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses	470,614
Changes in Assumptions/Inputs	106,289
Benefit Payments	(73,175)
Net Changes	722,890
Balance at 12/31/2024	<u>\$3,880,664</u>

Sensitivity to the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Assessor, calculated using the discount rate of 4.08%, as well as what the Assessor's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage-point higher than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease 3.08%	Discount Rate 4.08%	1% Increase 5.08%
Total OPEB Liability	\$4,443,644	\$3,880,664	\$3,419,502

9. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (continued)

Sensitivity to the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Assessor, calculated using the current healthcare cost trend rates, as well as what the Assessor's total OPEB liability would be if it were 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Current		
	1% Decrease	Trend Rate	1% Increase
Total OPEB Liability	\$3,477,533	\$3,880,664	\$4,380,510

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources related to OPEB

For the year ended December 31, 2024, the Assessor recognized an OPEB Expense of \$(156,644). At December 31, 2024, the Assessor reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of	Deferred Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$378,876	\$(35,073)
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	\$154,767	\$(456,799)
Total	\$533,643	\$(491,872)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended December 31:

2025	\$(343,186)
2026	145,425
2027	112,457
2028	112,457
2029	14,618
Thereafter	0

10. FINANCING LEASE OBLIGATIONS

The Washington Parish Assessor is a lessee for noncancelable lease agreements for equipment used for general government functions. The lease terms include the noncancelable period of the lease and the optional renewal period if applicable. The lease is payments are fixed payments. In accordance with GASB Statements No. 87, *Leases*, a liability has been recorded for the present value of lease payments over the lease term for each agreement. The lease agreements have non-appropriation exculpatory clauses that allow lease cancellation if the Washington Parish Assessor does not make an appropriation for its continuation during any future fiscal period. However, such clauses were disregarded in determining the term of the lease for the purpose of measuring the lease assets and liabilities.

As of December 31, 2024, the combined value of the lease liabilities was \$2,566. In determining the present values, the interest rate charged by the lessor was the discount rate, if provided. When the interest rate charged by the lessor was not provided, the Washington Parish Assessor used its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate of the leases. The recorded value of the right-of-use assets as of the end of the current fiscal year was \$8,554, and the accumulated amortization of these assets was \$6,476.

The Washington Parish Assessor records items under financial leases as an asset and an obligation in the accompanying financial statements.

Ending Balance 12/31/2024	<u>\$2,566</u>
Additions Reductions	(1,426)
Beginning Balance 12/31/2023	\$3,992

The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments under capital leases, together with the present value of the new minimum lease payments as of December 31, 2024:

Years Ending:	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	Total
2025	\$1,711	\$448	\$2,159
2026	<u>55</u>	_224	1,079
TOTAL	<u>\$2,566</u>	<u>\$672</u>	<u>\$3,238</u>

11. EXPENDITURES FOR THE ASSESSOR NOT INCLUDED IN THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Certain operating expenditures of the assessor's office are paid by the Washington Parish Government as required by Louisiana Revised Statute 33:4713. The Assessor's office is located in the Washington Parish Courthouse, and the upkeep and maintenance of the courthouse are paid by the Washington Parish Government. These expenditures are not reflected in the accompanying financial statements.

Washington Parish Assessor Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2024

12. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Assessor is exposed to various risks of loss related to limited torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. These risks are covered, in part, by commercial insurance. Settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage in each of the past three years.

13. INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGREEMENT

During 1994, the Washington Parish Assessor entered into an intergovernmental agreement with the Washington Parish Police Jury, now the Washington Parish Government, and other elected officials of the parish to provide security for the main courthouse building. Under the terms of the agreement, the assessor voluntarily contributes to the project its estimated share of the costs involved. The assessor paid \$0 in December 31, 2024.

14. TAX ABATEMENTS

The Washington Parish Assessor's Office is subject to certain property tax abatements granted by the Louisiana State Board of Commerce and Industry (the "State Board"), a state entity governed by board members representing major economic groups and gubernatorial appointees. Abatements to which the government may be subject include those issued for property taxes under the Industrial Tax Exemption Program ("ITEP") and the Restoration Tax Abatement Program ("RTAP").

Under the ITEP, as authorized by Article 7, Section 21(F), of the Louisiana Constitution and Executive Order Number JBE 2016-73, companies that qualify as manufacturers can apply to the State Board for a property tax exemption on all new property, as defined, used in the manufacturing process. Under the ITEP, companies are required to promise to expand or build manufacturing facilities in Louisiana, with a minimum investment of \$5 million. The exemptions are granted for a 5 year term and are renewable for an additional 5 year term upon approval by the State Board. In the case of the local government, these state-granted abatements, have resulted in reductions of property taxes, which the tax assessor administers as a temporary reduction in the assessed value of the property involved. The abatement agreements stipulate a percentage reduction of property taxes, which can be as much as 100 percent. The local government may recapture abated taxes if a company fails to expand facilities or otherwise fail to fulfill its commitments under the agreement. Taxes abated for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024 were a total of \$145,130.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Washington Parish Assessor Governmental Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget to Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

Revenues Property Taxes \$ 1,200,500 \$ 1,365,467 \$ 164,967 State revenue sharing 63,500 61,053 (2,447) Interest Income 25,000 136,047 111,047 Other Revenues 7,300 14,799 7,499 Total Revenues \$ 1,296,300 \$ 1,577,366 \$ 281,066 Expenditures Salaries and Related Benefits \$ 950,000 \$ 885,348 \$ 64,652 Materials and Supplies 20,000 15,624 4,376 Operating Services 155,000 170,078 (15,078) Travel 5,000 4,496 504 Capital Expenditures 166,300 6,770 159,530 Total Expenditures \$ 1,296,300 \$ 1,082,316 \$ 213,984 Excess Revenues Over Expenditures - \$ 495,050 \$ 495,050 Fund Balance at Beginning of Year 2,206,130 3,210,805 \$ 1,004,675		5 1.	aal Budaat		Actual	Fin F	riance with nal Budget avorable
Property Taxes \$ 1,200,500 \$ 1,365,467 \$ 164,967 State revenue sharing 63,500 61,053 (2,447) Interest Income 25,000 136,047 111,047 Other Revenues 7,300 14,799 7,499 Total Revenues \$ 1,296,300 \$ 1,577,366 \$ 281,066 Expenditures Salaries and Related Benefits \$ 950,000 \$ 885,348 \$ 64,652 Materials and Supplies 20,000 15,624 4,376 Operating Services 155,000 170,078 (15,078) Travel 5,000 4,496 504 Capital Expenditures 166,300 6,770 159,530 Total Expenditures \$ 1,296,300 \$ 1,082,316 \$ 213,984 Excess Revenues Over Expenditures - \$ 495,050 \$ 495,050		- FII	iai Budget	-	ACtual	(Un	ilavorable)
State revenue sharing 63,500 61,053 (2,447) Interest Income 25,000 136,047 111,047 Other Revenues 7,300 14,799 7,499 Total Revenues \$ 1,296,300 \$ 1,577,366 \$ 281,066 Expenditures Salaries and Related Benefits \$ 950,000 \$ 885,348 \$ 64,652 Materials and Supplies 20,000 15,624 4,376 Operating Services 155,000 170,078 (15,078) Travel 5,000 4,496 504 Capital Expenditures 166,300 6,770 159,530 Total Expenditures \$ 1,296,300 \$ 1,082,316 \$ 213,984 Excess Revenues Over Expenditures - \$ 495,050 \$ 495,050	Revenues						
Interest Income Other Revenues 25,000 7,300 136,047 111,047 7,499 111,047 7,499 Total Revenues \$ 1,296,300 \$ 1,577,366 \$ 281,066 Expenditures Salaries and Related Benefits \$ 950,000 \$ 885,348 \$ 64,652 Materials and Supplies 20,000 15,624 4,376 Operating Services 155,000 170,078 (15,078) Travel 5,000 4,496 504 Capital Expenditures 166,300 6,770 159,530 Total Expenditures \$ 1,296,300 \$ 1,082,316 \$ 213,984 Excess Revenues Over Expenditures - \$ 495,050 \$ 495,050	Property Taxes	\$	1,200,500	\$	1,365,467	\$	164,967
Other Revenues 7,300 14,799 7,499 Total Revenues \$ 1,296,300 \$ 1,577,366 \$ 281,066 Expenditures Salaries and Related Benefits \$ 950,000 \$ 885,348 \$ 64,652 Materials and Supplies 20,000 15,624 4,376 Operating Services 155,000 170,078 (15,078) Travel 5,000 4,496 504 Capital Expenditures 166,300 6,770 159,530 Total Expenditures \$ 1,296,300 \$ 1,082,316 \$ 213,984 Excess Revenues Over Expenditures \$ 495,050 \$ 495,050	State revenue sharing		63,500		61,053		(2,447)
Total Revenues \$ 1,296,300 \$ 1,577,366 \$ 281,066 Expenditures Salaries and Related Benefits \$ 950,000 \$ 885,348 \$ 64,652 Materials and Supplies 20,000 15,624 4,376 Operating Services 155,000 170,078 (15,078) Travel 5,000 4,496 504 Capital Expenditures 166,300 6,770 159,530 Total Expenditures \$ 1,296,300 \$ 1,082,316 \$ 213,984 Excess Revenues Over Expenditures \$ - \$ 495,050 \$ 495,050	Interest Income		25,000		136,047		111,047
Expenditures Salaries and Related Benefits \$ 950,000 \$ 885,348 \$ 64,652 Materials and Supplies 20,000 15,624 4,376 Operating Services 155,000 170,078 (15,078) Travel 5,000 4,496 504 Capital Expenditures 166,300 6,770 159,530 Total Expenditures \$ 1,296,300 \$ 1,082,316 \$ 213,984 Excess Revenues Over Expenditures - \$ 495,050 \$ 495,050 Fund Balance at	Other Revenues		7,300		14,799		7,499
Expenditures Salaries and Related Benefits \$ 950,000 \$ 885,348 \$ 64,652 Materials and Supplies 20,000 15,624 4,376 Operating Services 155,000 170,078 (15,078) Travel 5,000 4,496 504 Capital Expenditures 166,300 6,770 159,530 Total Expenditures \$ 1,296,300 \$ 1,082,316 \$ 213,984 Excess Revenues Over Expenditures - \$ 495,050 \$ 495,050 Fund Balance at							
Salaries and Related Benefits \$ 950,000 \$ 885,348 \$ 64,652 Materials and Supplies 20,000 15,624 4,376 Operating Services 155,000 170,078 (15,078) Travel 5,000 4,496 504 Capital Expenditures 166,300 6,770 159,530 Total Expenditures \$ 1,296,300 \$ 1,082,316 \$ 213,984 Excess Revenues Over Expenditures \$ - \$ 495,050 \$ 495,050	Total Revenues	\$	1,296,300	\$	1,577,366	\$	281,066
Salaries and Related Benefits \$ 950,000 \$ 885,348 \$ 64,652 Materials and Supplies 20,000 15,624 4,376 Operating Services 155,000 170,078 (15,078) Travel 5,000 4,496 504 Capital Expenditures 166,300 6,770 159,530 Total Expenditures \$ 1,296,300 \$ 1,082,316 \$ 213,984 Excess Revenues Over Expenditures \$ - \$ 495,050 \$ 495,050							
Materials and Supplies 20,000 15,624 4,376 Operating Services 155,000 170,078 (15,078) Travel 5,000 4,496 504 Capital Expenditures 166,300 6,770 159,530 Total Expenditures \$ 1,296,300 \$ 1,082,316 \$ 213,984 Excess Revenues Over Expenditures \$ - \$ 495,050 \$ 495,050 Fund Balance at	Expenditures						
Operating Services 155,000 170,078 (15,078) Travel 5,000 4,496 504 Capital Expenditures 166,300 6,770 159,530 Total Expenditures \$ 1,296,300 \$ 1,082,316 \$ 213,984 Excess Revenues Over Expenditures \$ 495,050 \$ 495,050 Fund Balance at \$ 495,050 \$ 495,050	Salaries and Related Benefits	\$	950,000	\$	885,348	\$	64,652
Travel 5,000 4,496 504 Capital Expenditures 166,300 6,770 159,530 Total Expenditures \$ 1,296,300 \$ 1,082,316 \$ 213,984 Excess Revenues Over Expenditures \$ - \$ 495,050 \$ 495,050 Fund Balance at \$ - \$ 495,050 \$ 495,050	Materials and Supplies		20,000		15,624		4,376
Capital Expenditures 166,300 6,770 159,530 Total Expenditures \$ 1,296,300 \$ 1,082,316 \$ 213,984 Excess Revenues Over Expenditures \$ - \$ 495,050 \$ 495,050 Fund Balance at * * ** * ** * ** * **	Operating Services		155,000		170,078		(15,078)
Total Expenditures \$ 1,296,300 \$ 1,082,316 \$ 213,984 Excess Revenues Over Expenditures \$ - \$ 495,050 \$ 495,050 Fund Balance at \$ - \$ 495,050 \$ 495,050	Travel		5,000		4,496		504
Excess Revenues Over Expenditures \$ - \$ 495,050 \$ 495,050 Fund Balance at	Capital Expenditures		166,300		6,770		159,530
Excess Revenues Over Expenditures \$ - \$ 495,050 \$ 495,050 Fund Balance at							
Fund Balance at	Total Expenditures	\$	1,296,300	\$	1,082,316	\$	213,984
Fund Balance at				9			
Fund Balance at							
Fund Balance at	Excess Revenues Over Expenditures	s	_	\$	495.050	\$	495 050
	Excess Revenues Over Expenditures	<u> </u>			400,000	-	100,000
	Fund Balance of						
<u>Z,200,130</u> <u>3,210,003</u> \$\pi\$ 1,004,073			2 206 120		3 210 805	Q.	1 004 675
	Beginning of Year		2,200,130		3,210,003	-	1,004,073
Fund Balance at End of	Fund Balance at End of						
Year \$ 2,206,130 \$ 3,705,855 \$ 1,499,725	Year	\$	2,206,130	\$	3,705,855	\$	1,499,725

Washington Parish Assessor Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

Total OPEB Liability	2024	<u>2023</u>	2022	<u>2021</u>	2020	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Service Cost Interest Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses Changes in assumptions or other inputs Benefit payments Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	\$ 113,696 105,466 470,614 106,289 (73,175) 722,890	\$ 79,132 109,491 - 141,655 (72,669) 257,609	\$ 128,969 101,932 (150,693) (1,962,733) (72,669) (1,955,194)	\$ 127,442 100,129 - 65,595 (66,463) 226,703	\$ 108,598 97,083 666,288 342,146 (39,818) 1,174,297	\$ 90,482 111,560 - 651,677 (59,106) 794,613	\$ 52,146 54,219 (38,814) 1,097,680 (58,446) 1,106,785
Total OPEB Liability-Beginning	3,157,774	2,900,165	4,855,359	4,628,656	3,454,359	2,659,746	1,552,961
Total OPEB Liability-End	\$ 3,880,664	\$ 3,157,774	\$ 2,900,165	\$ 4,855,359	\$ 4,628,656	\$ 3,454,359	\$ 2,659,746
Covered Employee Payroll	485,506	566,656	489,397	562,591	\$ 601,691	\$ 579,995	\$ 574,347
Total OPEB Liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	799.30%	557.26%	592.60%	863.04%	769.27%	595.58%	463.09%

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Washington Parish Assessor Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability For the Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Pro	oportionate			Proportionate Share of	Plan Fiduciary
		Employer	Sh	nare of the	the		the Net Pension	Net Position as a
		Proportion of the	Ne	et Pension	on Employer's		Liability (Asset) as a	Percentage of the
	Year	Net Pension		Liability		Covered	Percentage of its	Total Pension
	End	Liability (Asset)		(Asset)	Payroll		Covered Payroll	Liability
8	2024	1.003761%	\$	(255,761)	\$	509,445	-50.20%	104.58%
	2023	1.017019%	\$	498,298	\$	500,238	99.61%	90.91%
	2022	0.925060%	\$	612,789	\$	441,676	138.74%	87.25%
	2021	0.994910%	\$	(327,086)	\$	460,567	-71.02%	106.48%
	2020	1.080390%	\$	165,058	\$	496,651	33.23%	96.79%
	2019	1.118880%	\$	295,140	\$	497,776	59.3%	94.12%
	2018	1.128273%	\$	219,340	\$	497,326	44.1%	95.46%
	2017	1.113936%	\$	195,464	\$	489,040	40.0%	95.61%
	2016	1.048039%	\$	369,822	\$	456,290	81.0%	90.68%
	2015	1.006877%	\$	526,922	\$	429,026	122.8%	85.57%

^{*}The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year end.

Washington Parish Assessor Schedule of Employer Contributions For the Last Ten Fiscal Years

				tributions in elation to					Contributions
	Con	tractually	Co	ontractual	Co	ntribution	Er	nployer's	as a % of
	R	equired	R	Required	D	eficiency		Covered	Covered
Year End	Con	tribution 1	Con	tributions 2	(1	Excess)	F	Payroll 3	Payroll
2024	\$	25,241	\$	25,241	\$		\$	505,095	5.00%
2023	\$	19,756	\$	19,756	\$	=	\$	509,825	3.88%
2022	\$	21,011	\$	21,011	\$	-	\$	455,576	4.61%
2021	\$	32,002	\$	32,002	\$	-	\$	439,015	7.29%
2020	\$	39,818	\$	39,818	\$	-	\$	497,776	8.00%
2019	\$	39,822	\$	39,822	\$		\$	497,776	8.00%
2018	\$	39,822	\$	39,822	\$	-	\$	497,776	8.00%
2017	\$	46,892	\$	46,892	\$	-	\$	493,718	9.50%
2016	\$	59,595	\$	59,595	\$	-	\$	472,376	12.62%
2015	\$	57,384	\$	57,384	\$	-	\$	425,067	13.50%

For Reference Only:

- 1. Employer contribution rate multiplied by employer's covered payroll.
- 2. Actual employer contributions remitted to Louisiana Assessors' Retirement Fund.
- 3. Employer's covered payroll amount for the year ended December 31 of each year.

Washington Parish Assessor Notes to the Required Supplementary Information December 31, 2024

NOTE 1: Budget and Budgetary Accounting

The Assessor follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- Management prepares a proposed budget and is made available for public inspection no later than 15 days prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in accordance with state law.
- 2. The Assessor is responsible for adopting the budget in an open meeting before the end of the fiscal year in accordance with state law.
- 3. The original budget is prepared based on historical data and projections.
- 4. Due to the high cost of publications, the budget is only amended once per year, if revenues or expenditures have an unfavorable variance of 5% or greater. That determination is made based on year to date information provided by the outside accountant and any known, upcoming expenditures not yet recorded.
- 5. For the year ended December 31, 2024, the general fund did not have excess expenditures over appropriations and budgeted revenues were more than actual, both resulting in favorable variances.

NOTE 2: Pension Plan

Changes to Benefit Terms- None

Changes of Assumptions-

Plan Year	Discount	Investment Rate of	Inflation	Expected Remaining	Projected Salary
End	Rate	Return	Rate	Service Lives	Increase
2015	7.00%	7.00%	2.50%	6	5.75%
2016	7.00%	7.00%	2.50%	6	5.75%
2017	6.75%	6.75%	2.50%	6	5.75%
2018	6.25%	6.25%	2.20%	6	5.75%
2019	6.00%	6.00%	2.20%	6	5.75%
2020	5.75%	5.75%	2.10%	6	5.25%
2021	5.00%	5.00%	2.10%	6	5.25%
2022	5.00%	5.50%	2.10%	6	5.25%
2023	5.50%	5.50%	2.10%	6	5.25%
2024	5.50%	5.50%	2.10%	6	5.25%

Washington Parish Assessor Notes to the Required Supplementary Information December 31, 2024

NOTE 2: Pension Plan (continued)

The amounts presented have a measurement date of September 30th of the fiscal year.

NOTE 3: Other Post Employment Benefits

Changes to Benefit Terms- None

Changes of Assumptions-

Fiscal Year End	Inflation Rate	Discount Rate	Projected Salary Increase
2019	2.30%	2.74%	3.00%
2020	2.20%	2.12%	3.00%
2021	2.20%	2.06%	3.00%
2022	2.30%	3.72%	3.00%
2023	2.30%	3.26%	3.00%
2024	2.30%	4.08%	3.00%

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75.

SCHEDULE REQUIRED BY STATE LAW LSA RS 24:513A(1)(a)(3)

Washington Parish Assessor Schedule of Compensation, Benefits and Other Payments to Agency Head Schedule Required by State Law LSA RS 24:513A(1)(a)(3) For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

Agency Head:

James A. Stevenson, Jr.

Purpose	Amount
Salary	\$ 139,045
Expense Allowance	13,180
Car Allowance	22,834
Benefits-Insurance	15,494
Benefits-Retirement	24,356
Deferred Compensation	13,700
Meeting Expenses	2,107
TOTAL	\$ 230,716

ROBERT A. NEILSON

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT, L.L.C.

ROBERT A. NEILSON

MEMBER

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable James Stevenson Washington Parish Assessor Franklinton, LA 70438

I have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Washington Parish Assessor, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Washington Parish Assessor's basic financial statements, and have issued my report thereon dated June 30, 2025.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements, I considered Washington Parish Assessor's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Washington Parish Assessor's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Washington Parish Assessor's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during my audit I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Washington Parish Assessor's financial statements are free from material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit, and accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Robert A. Neilson, CPA, LLC

West A. Nelson

Bogalusa, Louisiana

June 30, 2025

Washington Parish Assessor Schedule of Findings and Responses For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

Unmodified

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

Type of Auditor's Report Issued

Material Weakness Identifie	Yes	X	_No					
Significant Deficiency identif	Yes	X	_No					
Noncompliance material to f	Yes	X	_No					
Section II - Findings Affect	ting the Financial Statements							
Compliance								
2024-1	Ethics - Assistance to Certain Persons After Termina	tion of Public S	ervice					
Criteria	Louisiana Revised Statue 42:1121(B)(1) states, in part, that "No former public employee shallfor a period of two years following termination of his public employment, render, any service which former public employee had rendered to the agency during the term of his public employment on a contractual basis, regardless of the parties to the contract, to, for, or on behalf of the agency which he was formerly employed."							
Condition	The Washington Parish Assessor contracted with a former employee immediately after leaving public employment to perform the same services provided during the term of public employment.							
Cause	This condition appears to be an oversight by management	nt.						
Effect	Violation of Louisiana Revised Statute 42:1121(B)(1)							
Recommendation	The Washington Parish Assessor should consult with legal counsel and the Louisiana Board of Ethics to ensure compliance with the state's ethics laws regarding transactions with former employees.							
Management's Response	Management will take corrective action regarding the for with legal counsel regarding such matters going forward.		and will cor	nsult				

Washington Parish Assessor Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

None

Section II - Findings Affecting the Financial Statements

None

Section III - Compliance and Other Matters

None

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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES

June 30, 2025

The Honorable James Stevenson Washington Parish Assessor Franklinton, LA 70438

I have performed the procedures enumerated below on the control and compliance (C/C) areas identified in the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's (LLA's) Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures (SAUPs) for the fiscal period ending December 31, 2024. The Washington Parish Assessor (Assessor) is responsible for those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs.

The Assessor has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate to meet the intended purpose of the engagement, which is to perform specified procedures on the C/C areas identified in LLA's SAUPs for the fiscal period ending December 31, 2024. Additionally, LLA has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate for its purposes. This report may not be suitable for any other purpose. The procedures performed may not address all the items of interest to a user of this report and may not meet the needs of all users of this report and, as such, users are responsible for determining whether the procedures performed are appropriate for their purposes.

The procedures and associated findings are as follows:

1) Bank Reconciliations

A. Obtain a listing of entity bank accounts for the fiscal period from management and management's representation that the listing is complete. Ask management to identify the entity's main operating account. Select the entity's main operating account and randomly select 4 additional accounts (or all accounts if less than 5). Randomly select one month from the fiscal period, obtain and inspect the corresponding bank statement and reconciliation for each selected account, and observe that:

- i. Bank reconciliations include evidence that they were prepared within 2 months of the related statement closing date (e.g., initialed and dated or electronically logged);
- ii. Bank reconciliations include written evidence that a member of management or a board member who does not handle cash, post ledgers, or issue checks has reviewed each bank reconciliation within 1 month of the date the reconciliation was prepared (e.g., initialed and dated or electronically logged); and
- Management has documentation reflecting it has researched reconciling items that have been outstanding for more than 12 months from the statement closing date, if applicable.

Exceptions: There is no evidence that the bank reconciliations were reviewed by a member of management.

Management's Response: The Assessor will review the bank reconciliations once they are received and indicate so by initialing and dating the reports.

2) Collections (excluding electronic funds transfers)

- A. Obtain a listing of deposit sites for the fiscal period where deposits for cash/checks/money orders (cash) are prepared and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 deposit sites (or all deposit sites if less than 5).
- B. For each deposit site selected, obtain a listing of collection locations and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one collection location for each deposit site (e.g., 5 collection locations for 5 deposit sites), obtain and inspect written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if there are no written policies or procedures, then inquire of employees about their job duties) at each collection location, and observe that job duties are properly segregated at each collection location such that
 - i. Employees responsible for cash collections do not share cash drawers/registers;
 - ii. Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not also responsible for preparing/making bank deposits, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling collection documentation (e.g., pre-numbered receipts) to the deposit;

- iii. Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not also responsible for posting collection entries to the general ledger or subsidiary ledgers, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconc ling ledger postings to each other and to the deposit; and
- iv. The employee(s) responsible for reconciling cash collections to the general ledger and/or subsidiary ledgers, by revenue source and/or custodial fund additions, is (are) not also responsible for collecting cash, unless another employee/official verifies the reconciliation.
- C. Obtain from management a copy of the bond or insurance policy for theft covering all employees who have access to cash. Observe that the bond or insurance policy for theft was in force during the fiscal period.
- D. Randomly select two deposit dates for each of the 5 bank accounts selected for Bank Reconciliations procedure #3A (select the next deposit date chronologically if no deposits were made on the dates randomly selected and randomly select a deposit if multiple deposits are made on the same day). Alternatively, the practitioner may use a source document other than bank statements when selecting the deposit dates for testing, such as a cash collection log, daily revenue report, receipt book, etc. Obtain supporting documentation for each of the 10 deposits and
 - i. Observe that receipts are sequentially pre-numbered.
 - ii. Trace sequentially pre-numbered receipts, system reports, and other related collection documentation to the deposit slip.
 - iii. Trace the deposit slip total to the actual deposit per the bank statement.
 - iv. Observe that the deposit was made within one business day of receipt at the collection location (within one week if the depository is more than 10 miles from the collection location or the deposit is less than \$100 and the cash is stored securely in a locked safe or drawer).
 - v. Trace the actual deposit per the bank statement to the general ledger.

No exceptions found as a result of applying these procedures.

3) Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity

Perform the following procedures, verbally discuss the results with management, and report "We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management":

- A. Obtain and inspect the entity's most recent documentation that it has backed up its critical data (if there is no written documentation, then inquire of personnel responsible for backing up critical data) and observe evidence that such backup (a) occurred within the past week, (b) was not stored on the government's local server or network, and (c) was encrypted.
- B. Obtain and inspect the entity's most recent documentation that it has tested/verified that its backups can be restored (if there is no written documentation, then inquire of personnel responsible for testing/verifying backup restoration) and observe evidence that the test/verification was successfully performed within the past 3 months.
- C. Obtain a listing of the entity's computers currently in use and their related locations, and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 computers and observe while management demonstrates that the selected computers have current and active antivirus software and that the operating system and accounting system software in use are currently supported by the vendor.
- D. Randomly select 5 terminated employees (or all terminated employees if less than 5) using the list of terminated employees obtained in Payroll and Personnel procedure #9C. Observe evidence that the selected terminated employees have been removed or disabled from the network.
- E. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from Payroll and Personnel procedure #9A, obtain cybersecurity training documentation from management, and observe that the documentation demonstrates that the following employees/officials with access to the agency's information technology assets have completed cybersecurity training as required by R.S. 42:1267. The requirements are as follows:
 - Hired before June 9, 2020 completed the training; and
 - Hired on or after June 9, 2020 completed the training within 30 days of initial service or employment.

We performed the procedures and discussed the results with management.

I was engaged by the Washington Parish Assessor to perform this agreed-upon procedures engagement and conducted our engagement in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and applicable standards of *Government Auditing Standards*. I was not engaged to and did not conduct an examination or review engagement, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion or conclusion, respectively, on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs. Accordingly, I do not express such an opinion or conclusion. Had I performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to my attention that would have been reported to you.

I am required to be independent of the Washington Parish Assessor and to meet my other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements related to my agreed-upon procedures engagement.

This report is intended solely to describe the scope of testing performed on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs, and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on control or compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the LLA as a public document.

Robert A. Neilson, CPA, LLC

Bogalusa, LA June 30, 2025