TOWN OF GREENSBURG

Greensburg, Louisiana

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2022 with Supplemental Information Schedules

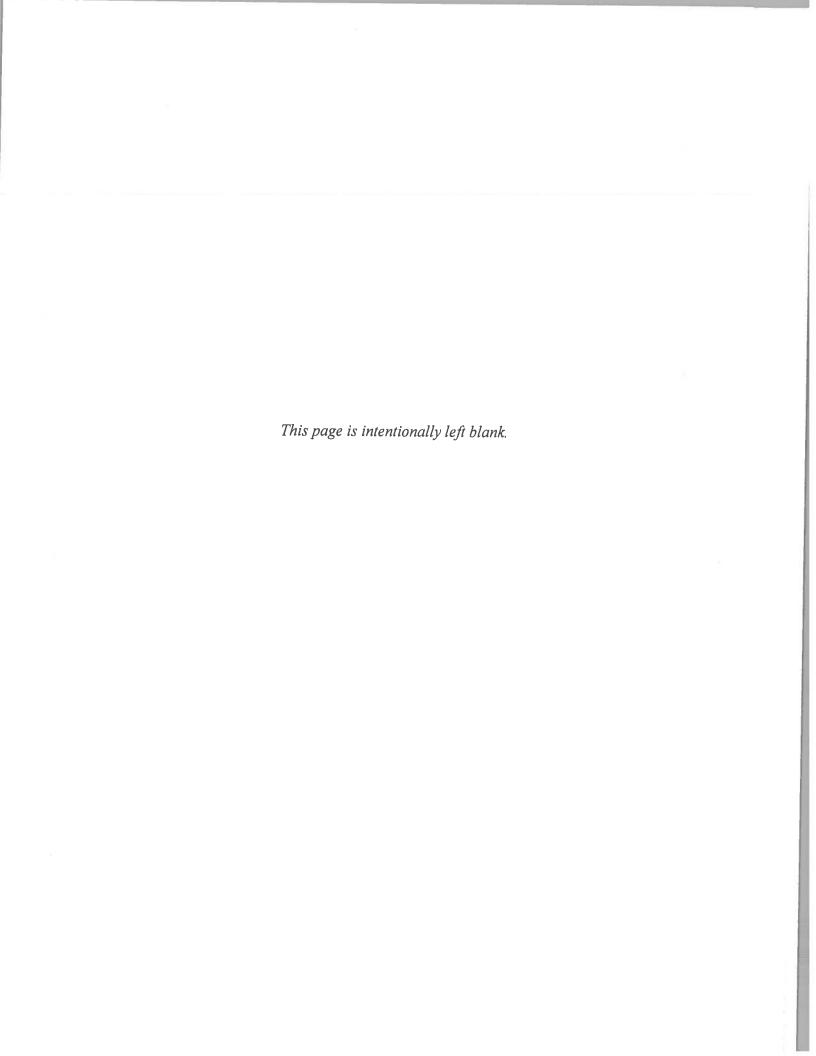
ANTHONY B. BAGLIO, CPA CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS A Professional Accounting Corporation

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Statement	Page
Independent Auditor's Report		1-4
Required Supplemental Information (Part I) Management's Discussion and Analysis		5–12
Basic Financial Statements		
Government-Wide Financial Statements: Statement of Net Position	A	13
Statement of Activities	В	14
Fund Financial Statements: Governmental Funds:		
Balance Sheet	C	15
Reconciliation of Governmental funds Balance Sheet to The Government-Wide Financial Statement of Net Position	D	16
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	Е	17
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, And Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Activities	F	18
Proprietary Funds: Statement of Net Position	G	19
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position	on H	20
Statement of Cash Flows	I	21
Notes to Financial Statements		22-39

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Statement	<u>Page</u>
Required Supplemental Information (Part II):		
Budget Comparison Schedules	1,	40
Other Supplemental Information:		
Schedule of Compensation Paid Board Members	2	41
Schedule of Compensation, Benefits, and Other Payments to Agency Heads	3	42
Other Independent Auditor's Report and Other Matters:		
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit on Financial Statements Preformed		
in Accordance with Governmental Auditing Standards		43-44
Schedule of Current Year Audit Findings		45
Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures		46-62
Management's Response to Statewide Agree-Upon Procedures		63



ANTHONY B. BAGLIO, CPA PRESIDENT

MEMBER

American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Society of Louisiana Certified Public Accountants



2011 Rue Simone Hammond, La 70403

Hammond - (985) 542-4155 Hammond (Fax) - (985) 542-4186 Slidell - (985) 641-0630 www.baglio-cpa.com

A PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTING CORPORATION

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor Paula McNabb and Members of the Board of Aldermen Town of Greensburg Greensburg, Louisiana

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Greensburg, Greensburg, Louisiana, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, financial position of the government activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Greensburg, Greensburg, Louisiana as of December 31, 2022 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of my report. I am required to be independent of the Town of Greensburg, Greensburg, Louisiana and to meet my other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to my audit. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue and auditor's report that includes my opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, I:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in my judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

I am required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that I identified during the audit.

Required Supplemental Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 5 - 12 and 40 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibly of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide me with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Greensburg, Greensburg, Louisiana's basic financial statements. The supplemental information schedules on pages 41 - 42 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Such information is the responsibility of management and is derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the supplementary information schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, I have also issued my report dated June 27, 2023 on my consideration of the Town of Greensburg, Greensburg, Louisiana's internal control over financial reporting on my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Greensburg, Greensburg, Louisiana's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town of Greensburg, Greensburg, Louisiana's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Respectfully submitted,

Anthony B. Baglio, CPA

A Professional Accounting Corporation

Hammond, Louisiana

June 27, 2023

Required Supplemental Information (Part I) Management's Discussion and Analysis

Introduction

As management of the Town of Greensburg, Greensburg, Louisiana, we offer readers of the Town of Greensburg's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town of Greensburg for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022. This management discussion and analysis ("MD&A") is designed to provide an objective and easy to read analysis of the Town of Greensburg's financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions, or conditions. It is intended to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town of Greensburg's finances. It is also intended to provide readers with an analysis of the Town of Greensburg's short-term and long-term activities based on information presented in the financial report and fiscal policies that have been adopted by the Town of Greensburg. Specifically, this section is designed to assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, provide an overview of the Town of Greensburg's financial position (its ability to address the next and subsequent year challenges), identify any material deviations from the financial plan (the approved budget), and identify individual fund issues or concerns.

As with other sections of this financial report, the information contained within this MD&A should be considered only a part of a greater whole. The readers of this statement should take time to read and evaluate all sections of this report, including the footnotes and the other Required Supplemental Information ("RSI") that is provided in addition to this MD&A.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Town of Greensburg's financial statements. The Town of Greensburg's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide* financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town of Greensburg's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the Town of Greensburg's assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, the difference between the assets and liabilities are reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town of Greensburg is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes).

Both government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Town of Greensburg that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the Town of Greensburg include general government, public safety, public works, and cultural and recreation. The Town of Greensburg's business-type activities include gas, water, and sewer services.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 13 and 14 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town of Greensburg, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Town of Greensburg can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on nearterm inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term effects of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The Town of Greensburg maintains one individual governmental fund. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, which is considered to be a major fund. There are no non-major governmental funds. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on Statements C and E of this report.

The Town of Greensburg adopts an annual budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison schedule for the General Fund has been provided herein to demonstrate compliance with those budgets.

Proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Town of Greensburg uses a proprietary fund to account for its Gas, Water, and Sewer department. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Gas, Water and Sewer department, which is considered a major fund of the Town of Greensburg. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on Statements G, H & I of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 22 - 39 of this report.

Other supplemental information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents other supplementary information. These schedules can be found on pages 41 and 42 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of government's financial position. The following table provides a summary of the Town of Greensburg's net position for the current year and prior year.

Town of Greensburg - Net Position

				`						
	Governmental					Busines	s-Type			
		Acti	vitie	es		Acti	vities	Total		
		2022		2021		2022	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	
Current and Other Assets	\$	1,151,293	\$	1,264,991	\$	1,870,015	\$ 1,603,962	\$ 3,021,308	\$ 2,868,953	
Capital Assets, Net		312,140		268,370		1,885,720	1,934,970	2,197,860	2,203,340	
Total Assets		1,463,433		1,533,361		3,755,735	3,538,932	5,219,168	5,072,293	
Other Liabilities		11,332		11,518		88,991	183,779	100,323	195,297	
Total Liabilities		11,332		11,518		88,991	183,779	100,323	195,297	
Net Investment in Captial Assets		312,140		268,370		1,885,720	1,934,970	2,197,860	2,203,340	
Restricted						62,824	58,759	62,824	58,759	
Unrestricted		1,139,961		1,253,473		1,718,200	1,361,424	2,858,161	2,614,897	
Total Net Position	\$	1,452,101	\$	1,521,843	\$	3,666,744	\$ 3,355,153	\$ 5,118,845	\$ 4,876,996	

The Town of Greensburg's assets exceeded its liabilities by \$5,118,845 at the close of the most recent fiscal year. Of this amount \$2,858,161 or 56 percent is unrestricted. The Town of Greensburg's net position is comprised of \$1,452,101 from Governmental Activities and \$3,666,744 from Business-Type Activities as shown on Statement A of this report. The Town of Greensburg's net position increased by \$241,849 over the previous year.

The Town of Greensburg's net investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that was still outstanding during the year was \$2,197,860 (43 percent). The Town of Greensburg uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town of Greensburg's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the Town of Greensburg's net position one percent represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of *unrestricted net position* (56 percent or \$2,858,161) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town of Greensburg is able to report positive net position balances in both the government-wide and governmental activities. The same situation held true for the prior fiscal year.

In order to further understand what makes up the changes in net position, the following table provides a summary of the results of the Town of Greensburg's activities for the current year and prior year.

	A	ctiv	ities	Act	ivities	Total		
	2022		<u>2021</u>	2022	2021	2022	2021	
Revenue						-,-		
Program revenue:								
Charges for Services	\$ 85,058	3	\$ 90,900	\$ 1,921,744	\$ 1,417,544	\$2,006,802	\$1,508,444	
Operating Grants and Contribu	it 23,950)	23,916	-	-	23,950	23,916	
Capital Grants and Contribution			241,536	-	23,850		265,386	
General Revenue:								
Property Taxes	24,593		22,435	-	-	24,593	22,435	
Sales Taxes	187,290)	184,352	-	-	187,290	184,352	
Gaming Revenues	139,761		141,628	•	-	139,761	141,628	
Gain (Loss) on Sale of Asset	-	,	208	6,500	-	6,500	208	
Transfer In from Local Government	1,000		1,098	-	-	1,000	1,098	
Investment Earnings	4,556		5,033	4,629	5,464	9,185	10,497	
Franchise Taxes	87,070		69,904	-	-	87,070	69,904	
Other	11,935		9,999	•	-	11,935	9,999	
Total Revenue	565,213		791,009	1,932,873	1,446,858	2,498,086	2,237,867	
Expenses								
General Government	149,347		130,049	-	•	149,347	130,049	
Public Safety	305,063		275,618	-	-	305,063	275,618	
Public Works	55,050		49,290	-	-	55,050	49,290	
Cultural and Recreation	4,727		4,383	-	-	4,727	4,383	
Gas, Water and Sewer	-		-	1,735,550	1,324,203	1,735,550	1,324,203	
Total Expenses	514,187		459,340	1,735,550	1,324,203	2,249,737	1,783,543	
Change in Net Assets Before Transfers	51,026		331,669	197,323	122,655	248,349	454,324	
Transfers In/(Out)	(120,768)		(120,572)	120,768	120,572	-	-	
Transfers Out From Local Gov	-			(6,500)	-	(6,500)		
Increase in Net Position	(69,742)		211,097	311,591	243,227	241,849	454,324	
Net Position-Beginning of Year	1,521,843		1,310,746	3,355,153	3,111,926	4,876,996	4,422,672	
Net Position-End of Year	\$1,452,101	\$	1,521,843	\$ 3,666,744	\$3,355,153	\$5,118,845	\$4,876,996	

Governmental activities of the Town of Greensburg's net position decreased by \$69,742.

Business-type activities of the Town of Greensburg's net position increased by \$311,591.

Total net position of the Town of Greensburg increased by \$241,849.

The following are the governmental revenue percentages by source:

	Amount	Percentage
Charges for Services	85,058	15.05%
Operating Grants and Co	23,950	4.24%
Capital Grants	-	0.00%
Property Taxes	24,593	4.35%
Sales Tax	187,290	33.14%
Gaming Revenues	139,761	24.73%
Investment Earnings	4,556	0.81%
Franchise Taxes	87,070	15.40%
Other _	12,935	2.29%
	565.213	100.00%

The following are the governmental expenses percentages by function:

Company 1 Community	140 247	00.000/
General Government	149,347	29.05%
Public Safety	305,063	59.33%
Public Works	55,050	10.71%
Cultural and Recreation_	4,727	0.92%
_	514,187	100.00%

Business-Type Activities

The Business-Type Activities of the Town of Greensburg are those that the Town charges a fee to customers to help it cover all or most of the cost of certain services it provides. The Town of Greensburg's gas, water, and sewer services are reported here.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the Town of Greensburg uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the Town of Greensburg's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflow, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town of Greensburg's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The Town of Greensburg maintains one individual governmental fund, the General Fund. The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Town of Greensburg. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$1,125,240. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance to total fund expenditures and transfers out. The total expenditures and transfers out for 2022 was \$678,725. The unassigned fund balance represents 166 percent of total general fund expenditures and transfers out.

The fund balance of the Town of Greensburg's General Fund increased by \$7,256 during the current fiscal year.

Major Fund Budgetary Highlights

Revenues-Resources (Inflows) were less than the final budget for 2022 by \$8,812. During the year, actual expenditures were \$25,200 less than the final budgeted amounts.

Total final budget revenues increased by \$172,322 from the original budgeted revenues. The majority of the increase was due to an increase in gaming revenue and grant revenue received from the American Rescue Plan.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The Town of Greensburg's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of December 31, 2022, amounted to \$312,140 (net of accumulated depreciation). The Town's investment in capital assets for its business-type activities as of December 31, 2022, amounted to \$1,885,720 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure. The total decrease in the Town of Greensburg's capital assets net of depreciation for the current fiscal year was \$5,480.

Additional information on the Town of Greensburg's capital assets can be found in note 7 on page 35 and 36 of this report.

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town of Greensburg did not have any outstanding debt at December 31, 2022.

Additional information on the Town of Greensburg's long-term debt can be found in note 7 on page 38 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The following factors were considered in preparing the Town of Greensburg's budget for the 2023 fiscal year:

The two major revenue sources for the General Fund are gaming revenues and sales tax. These two revenues make up approximately 58% of total General Fund revenues. Gaming revenues have been budgeted at \$125,000 and sales tax have been budgeted at \$192,000 for 2023. Total revenues have been budgeted at \$549,525 and total expenditures have been budgeted at \$537,747 for 2023.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Town of Greensburg's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Paula McNabb, Mayor of the Town of Greensburg, 14516 Hwy 37, Greensburg, Louisiana, 70441.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement A

Statement of Net Position December 31, 2022

	Governmental Activities		siness-Type Activities	Total		
Assets			•			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	167,561	\$ 1,038,760	\$	1,206,321	
Investments - CD's		892,408	612,697		1,505,105	
Receivables, Net		76,603	146,142		222,745	
Prepaid Expenses		14,721	9,593		24,314	
Internal Balances		-	-		_	
Restricted Assets - Cash		-	62,823		62,823	
Capital Assets (Net)		312,140	1,885,720		2,197,860	
Total Assets		1,463,433	3,755,735		5,219,168	
Liabilities						
Accounts, Salaries, and Other		11,332	26,167		37,499	
Customer Deposits		-	62,824		62,824	
Total Liabilities		11,332	 88,991		100,323	
Net Position						
Net Investment in Capital Assets		312,140	1,885,720		2,197,860	
Restricted		-	62,824		62,824	
Unrestricted		1,139,961	1,718,200		2,858,161	
Total Net Position	\$	1,452,101	\$ 3,666,744	\$	5,118,845	

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Functions/Programs Governmental Activities	(Expenses)	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants Contributions	Net (Expense and Changes in Governmental Activities	•	Total
General Government Public Safety Public Works Cultural and Recreation Interest on Long-Term Debt Total Government Activities	\$ (149,347) (305,063) (55,050) (4,727)	\$ 64,017 21,041 \$ 85,058	18,550 5,400	-	\$ (85,330) (265,472) (49,650) (4,727)	\$ - - - -	\$ (85,330) (265,472) (49,650) (4,727)
Business-type Activities:	Ψ (314,167)	Φ 65,036	\$ 23,950	\$ -	(405,179)		(405,179)
Gas, Water & Sewer Total Business-Type Activities	(1,735,550) (1,735,550)	1,921,744 1,921,744				186,194 186,194	 186,194 186,194
Total Primary Government	(2,249,737)	2,006,802	23,950	-	(405,179)	186,194	(218,985)
	General Revenue Property Taxes Alcoholic Taxes Sales Taxes Franchise Taxes Gaming Revenu Rents & Royalt Gain (Loss) on Payments From Investment Earr Other General F Transfers In (O Total General R Change in Ne Net Position, Beg	sies les Sale of Assets /(To) Other Ge nings Revenues ut) evenues and Tr t Position ginning		nt	24,593 4,323 187,290 87,070 139,761 7,312 1,000 4,556 300 (120,768) 335,437 (69,742) 1,521,843	6,500 (6,500) 4,629 120,768 125,397 311,591 3,355,153	24,593 4,323 187,290 87,070 139,761 7,312 6,500 (5,500) 9,185 300 - 460,834 241,849 4,876,996
	Net Position, End				\$ 1,452,101	\$ 3,666,744	\$ 5,118,845

Basic Financial Statements Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Statement C

Balance Sheet, Governmental Funds December 31, 2022

	General Fund
A	A:
Assets	Φ 167.761
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 167,561
Investments - CD's	892,408
Receivables, Net	76,603
Prepaid Expenses	14,721
Total Assets	1,151,293
Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities: Accounts Payable Deferred Revenue Due to Gas & Water Fund Total Liabilities	11,332
Fund Balances:	
Nonspendable	14,721
Unassigned	1,125,240
Total Fund Balance	1,139,961
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 1,151,293
rous Maoinnes and rand Dalances	Ψ 1,101,290

Statement D

Reconciliation of The Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to The Government-Wide Statement of Net Position

December 31, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are d	ifferent beca	ause:	
Fund Balances, Total Governmental Funds (Statement C)		\$	1,139,961
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.			
Governmental Capital Assets Less Accumulated depreciation	1,019,993 (707,853)		312,140
Intergovernmental revenues collected after year-end, but not available soon enough to pay for current expenditures and, therefore, are reported as deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds.			
Net Position of Governmental Activities (Statement A)		\$	1,452,101

Statement E

Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	General Fund
Revenues	
Taxes:	
Ad Valorem	\$ 24,593
Sales and Use	187,290
Other Taxes, Penalties, Interest, Etc.	91,393
Licenses and Permits	64,017
Intergovernmental Revenues:	
Federal Grants	120,768
State funds:	
Parish Transportation Funds	5,400
Gaming Revenues	139,761
Other State Funds	-
Fines and Forfeitures	21,041
Fire Insurance Rebates	5,350
Rents and Royalities	7,312
Charges for Services	
Investment Earnings	4,556
Other Revenues	300
On Behalf of Payment	13,200
Total Revenues	684,981
Expenditures	
General Government	146,321
Public Safety	285,025
Public Works	52,722
Cultural and Recreation	3,390
Capital Outlay	70,499
Total Expenditures	557,957
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	127,024
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	
Transfers In	
Transfers Out	(120,768)
Transfers In from Local Governments	1,000
Sale of Capital Assets	-
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses	(119,768)
Net Change in Fund Balance	7,256
Fund Balance Beginning	1,132,705
Fund Balance Ending	\$ 1,139,961

Statement F

Reconciliation of The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Net Change in Fund Balances, Total Governmental Funds (Statement E)	\$	7,256
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.		
Capital Outlays 70,499)	
Depreciation expense (26,729)	<u>))</u>	43,770
The net effect of transactions involving the sale of capital assets is to decrease net assets: Proceed from Sale of Assets Cost of assets sold Accumulated Depreciation Basis in Assets Sold Gain (Loss) on Sale of Assets	-	-
When recognizing the sale of capital assets, the governmental funds report the total proceeds of the sale. Only the gain of loss on the sale is reported on the Statement of Net Position.		-
Some revenues in the Statement of Activities do not provide curent financial resources and are not reported as revenue in the governmental funds Deferred inflows of resources for intergovernmental revenues collected after year end, but not available soon enough to pay for current expenditures changed by the following		(120,768)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities (Statement B)	\$	(69,742)

Basic Financial Statements

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements

Town of Greensburg Statement of Net Position, Proprietary Funds December 31, 2022

	(Gas, Water & Sewer	
		& Sewer	
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,038,760	
Investments - CS's		612,697	
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles)		146,142	
Due From General Fund		-	
Prepaid Expenses		9,593	
Restricted Assets - Cash		62,823	
Capital Asssets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation		1,885,720	
TOTAL ASSETS		3,755,735	
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION			
Liabilities:			
Accounts payables		26,167	
Payable from Restricted Assets-Customer Deposits		62,824	
Total Liabilities		88,991	
Net Position:			
Net Investment in Capital Assets		1,885,720	
Restricted		62,824	
Unrestricted		1,718,200	
TOTAL NET POSITION		3,666,744	
TOTAL NET BOOKTON AND LLADITOTES	ф	2 555 525	
TOTAL NET POSITION AND LIABILITIES	\$	3,755,735	

Town of Greensburg Proprietary Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and and Changes in Fund Net Position For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Gas W	Gas, Water, & Sewer Fund			
	·	Gas Water Se		Proprietary	
Operating Revenues:					
Gas Sales	\$ 1,785,818	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,785,818	
Less: Cost of Gas Sold	(1,306,576)	_		(1,306,576)	
Gross Profit on Gas Sales	479,242	•		479,242	
Water Sales		71,529		71,529	
Sewer Sales			62,688	62,688	
Commissions	-	197		197	
Late Fees	1,512			1,512	
Total Operating Revenues	480,754	71,726	62,688	615,168	
Operating Expenses					
Salaries and Related Benefits	121,259			121,259	
Analytical Services	•		5,435	5,435	
Depreciation Expense	7,553	75,870	38,741	122,164	
Dues & Subscriptions	400	1,418	-	1,818	
Insurance	15,510			15,510	
Materials and Supplies	20,417	63,295		83,712	
Office Expense	7,734			7,734	
Professional Fees	5,100			5,100	
Repairs & Maintenance	-	10,419		10,419	
Utilities	43,982			43,982	
Vehicles Expense	11,841			11,841	
Bad Debts	-				
Total Operating Expenes	233,796	151,002	44,176	428,974	
Net Operating Income	246,958	(79,276)	18,512	186,194	
Nonoperating Revenues (Expense):					
Interest Income	4,629			4,629	
Sale of Capital Assets		6,500		6,500	
Interest Expense					
Total Nonoperating Income (Expenses)	4,629	6,500		11,129	
Net Income before Contributions and Transfers	251,587	(72,776)	18,512	197,323	
Contributions and Transfers					
Operating Transfers In		120,768		120,768	
Operating Transfers Out		(6,500)		(6,500)	
Operating Grant Contributions		` , ,		-	
Capital Grant Contributions					
Transfers in from Local Government			_		
Total Contributions and Transfers	•	114,268	-	114,268	
Net Change in Position	251,587	41,492	18,512	311,591	
Net Position - Beginning		,	,	3,355,153	
Net Position - Ending				\$ 3,666,744	
				# 0,000,711	

Gas,

Town of Greensburg Proprietary Fund Statement of Cash Flows

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	 Gas, Water, & Sewer
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Cash Received from Customers Cash Payment for Operations	\$ 2,141,282 (1,604,303)
Cash Payment to Employees	(1,004,303)
Other Receipts (Payments)	-
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	432,196
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Transfers Out	(6,500)
NET CASH PROVIDED FOR NONCAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCIING ACTIVITIES	 (6,500)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	
Transfer In from Local Governments	2 ±
Federal and State Grants	-
Transfers In	120,768
Construction in Progress Payments for Capital Acquisitions	(72,914)
Proceeds from Sale of Assets	6,500
NET CASH PROVIDED FOR CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCIING ACTIVITIES	54,354
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:	
Cash Payments to Purchase Investments	-
Interest Income Received	4,608
Interest Expense NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) FOR INVESTING ACTIVITIES	 4,608
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	 484,658
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	 1,229,622
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	\$ 1,714,280
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS	
Cash AND CD's	\$ 1,651,457
Restricted Cash	 62,823
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	\$ 1,714,280
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH FLOWS FROM	
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	106 104
Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Flow from Operating	\$ 186,194
Activities:	
Depreciation	122,164
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:	
Decrease (Increase) in Prepaid Expenses	(930)
Decrease (Increase) in Customer Receivables	219,556
Decrease (Increase) in Other Receivables Decrease (Increase) Due To/From	-
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Taxes Payable	(94,788)
Net Cash flows from Operating Activities	\$ 432,196

Notes to the Financial Statements

Introduction

The Town of Greensburg was incorporated under the provisions of a special charter. The Town operates under a Mayor-Board of Aldermen form of government. The Town of Greensburg provides public utilities, fire protection, and various other services to its residents. The Town provides law enforcement to the community, and maintains the streets and highways used by the residents.

The Board of Aldermen of the Town is comprised of five members, and a Mayor. Each Alderman, as well as the Mayor is elected for four year terms. The Board of Aldermen and the Mayor are compensated.

The Town of Greensburg is located in St. Helena Parish in the southeastern part of Louisiana. The estimated population of the Town is 639. The Town of Greensburg employs approximately 11 full-time employees, excluding the Board of Aldermen and the Mayor.

The Town provides natural gas, water, and sewer services for approximately 257 residential users, and 72 commercial. It also maintains approximately 6.0 miles of town streets, and 6.3 miles of state highways.

GASB Statement No. 14, *The Reporting Entity*, established criteria for determining the governmental reporting entity and component units that should be included within the reporting entity. Under provisions of this Statement, the municipality is considered a primary government, since it is a special purpose government that has a separately elected governing body, is legally separate, and is fiscally independent of other state or local governments. As used in GASB Statement No. 14, fiscally independent means that the municipality may, without the approval or consent of another governmental entity, determine or modify its own budget, levy its own taxes or set rates or charges, and issue bonded debt.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The Town implemented GASB Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows, of Resources, and Net Position. GASB 63 provides guidance for reporting deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and net position in a statement of financial position and related disclosures. The reader will note a change in terminology from "net assets" to "net position".

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meetings the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessment receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The Town of Greensburg reports the following major governmental funds in a single governmental fund:

The General Fund is the municipality's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Town of Greensburg reports the following major proprietary funds in a single proprietary Fund:

The Gas, Water, & Sewer Fund is used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprise, where the intent of the governing authority is that the cost (expenses, including depreciation) of providing services on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The government has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

As a general rule the effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the government's enterprise operations. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues for the Town of Greensburg's Proprietary Funds are charges for usage of gas, water, and sewer. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

C. Deposits and Investments

The municipality's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. State law and the municipality's investment policy allow the municipality to invest in collateralized certificates of deposits, government back securities, commercial paper, the state sponsored investment pool, and mutual funds consisting solely of government backed securities.

D. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. Property taxes are levied on a calendar year basis and become due on January 1 of each year. The following is a summary of authorized and levied ad valorem taxes:

	Authorized	Levied	Taxes Levied	
	Millage	Millage		
Taxes due for:				
2022	6.37	6.37	\$ 24,314	

The following are the principal taxpayers and related property tax revenue for the municipality:

		Α	ssessed	Assessed	Revenue for
<u>Taxpayer</u>	Type of Business	$\underline{\mathbf{v}}$	aluation	Valuation	Municipality
First Guaranty Bank	Bank	\$	655,550	17.18%	\$ 4,176
Dixie Electric	Public Service		569,940	14.94%	3,631
Texas Petroleum	Oil Exploration		246,390	6.46%	1,570
Southland Fabricators	Fabrication Shop		153,220	4.02%	676
Parkway Truckstop	Gaming/Fuel Station		136,440	3.58%	869

The Town assesses a 1% sales and use tax. The proceeds from the sales and use tax are used as follows:

Sales Tax - Acquiring necessary lands and capital improvements, necessary employees, fire and police protection, encouragement of industrial development, and for the general purpose of properly operating and maintaining the Town of Greensburg for its inhabitants. The proceeds of this tax are accounted for in the General Fund.

E. Inventories and Prepaid Items

All inventories are valued at cost. Inventories of the governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

F. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets applicable to the Gas, Water, and Sewer Fund consist of cash reserved from customer deposits of \$62,824 as of December 31, 2022.

G. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated cost if historical cost is not available. Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The municipality maintains a threshold level of \$500 or more for capitalizing capital assets.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Since surplus assets are sold for an immaterial amount when declared as no longer needed for public purposes, no salvage value is taken into consideration for depreciation purposes.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

All capital assets, other than land, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Estimated Lives
Roads, Bridges, and Infrastructure	40 years
Land Improvements	10-20 years
Buildings and Building Improvements	40 years
Furniture and Fixtures	5-10 years
Vehicles	5-15 years
Equipment	7-10 years

H. Compensated Absences

The Town of Greensburg recognition and measurement criteria for compensated absences follows:

GASB Statement No. 16 provides that vacation leave and other compensated absences with similar characteristics should be accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned by the employees if both of the following conditions are met:

- 1. The employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered.
- 2. It is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means, such as cash payments at termination or retirement.

GASB Statement No. 16 provides that a liability for sick leave should be accrued using one of the following termination approaches:

- 1. An accrual for earned sick leave should be made only to the extent it is probable that the benefits will result in termination payments, rather than be taken as absences due to illness or other contingencies, such as medical appointments and funerals.
- 2. Alternatively, a governmental entity should estimate its accrued sick leave liability based on the sick leave accumulated at the balance sheet date by those employees who currently are eligible to receive termination payments as well as other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. For governmental fund financial statements, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is the amount that is normally expected to be paid using expendable available financial resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported.

The Town of Greensburg has the following policy relating to vacation and sick leave: Full time employees earn annual leave based on the years of service. Sick leave begins after six months of full time employment. A full time employee earns 8 hours per month up to 480 hours and then the accumulation stops. Vacation time is earned after one year of continuous employment. After one year the employee earns two weeks, after ten years three weeks, and after 20 years four weeks. Neither sick leave nor vacation time is paid upon termination. The cost of current annual leave privileges, computed in accordance with GASB Codification Section C60, is recognized as current year expenditure when annual leave is actually taken.

I. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

J. Net Position/Fund Equity

In the government wide financial statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components as applicable. The components are as follows:

Investment in Capital Assets –This component of net position includes capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balance of any bonds, or indebtedness attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt also should be included in this component of net position. If there are significant unspent related debt proceeds or deferred inflows of resources at the end of the reporting period, the portion of the debt or deferred inflows of resources attributable to the unspent amount should not be included in the calculation of net investment in capital assets. Instead, that portion of the debt or deferred inflows or the resources should be included in the same net position component (restricted or unrestricted) as the unspent amount.

Restricted Net Positions – Net assets with constraints placed on their use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted Net Position – This component of net position consists of net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

In the Fund Financial Statements, governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Beginning with fiscal year 2011, the Town implemented GASB Statement 54 "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions." This Statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balance more transparent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used.

- a. Non-spendable fund balance amounts that are not in a spendable form (such as prepaid expenses) or are required to be maintained intact,
- b. Restricted fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation,
- c. Committed fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by a government itself using its highest level of decision-making authority, to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest-level action to remove or change the constraint,

- d. Assigned fund balance amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose, intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority,
- e. Unassigned fund balance amounts that are available for any purpose, positive amounts are reported only in the general fund.

The General Fund has an unassigned fund balance of \$1,125,240.

K. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events within the control of the municipality, which are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence.

L. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, expenditures, and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

M. Reconciliations of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net assets is presented in Statement D of the basic financial statements. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities is presented instatement F of the basic financial statements.

N. Budget and Budgetary Accounting

Budgetary procedures applicable to the Town of Greensburg are defined in state law, Louisiana Revised Statues 39:1301-1315. The Town of Greensburg used the following budget practices:

1. The Town of Greensburg must adopt a budget each year for the general fund and each special revenue fund, if applicable. The Town of Greensburg must prepare and submit the proposed budget for consideration not later than fifteen days prior to the beginning of each fiscal year. At the same time, if total proposed expenditures are \$500,000 or more, a notice of public hearing on the proposed budget must be published in the official journal in the parish. The notice of public hearing was published in the official journal on November 23, 2021 and November 30, 2021, and held on December 14, 2021.

All action necessary to adopt and implement the budget must be completed prior to the beginning of the fiscal year. The budget was adopted on December 14, 2021.

Budgetary amendments involving the transfers of funds from one program or function to another or involving increase in expenditures resulting from revenues exceeding amount estimated require the approval of the Board of Aldermen. The secretary-treasurer presents necessary budget amendments to the Aldermen during the year when actual operations are different from those anticipated in the original budget. The Town of Greensburg adopts the amendments and they are made available for public inspection.

- 2. All budgetary appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.
- 3. The Town of Greensburg does not use encumbrance accounting.
- 4. Budgets are integrated into the accounting system, and the budgetary data, as presented in the financial statements for the general fund, compare the expenditures with the amended budgets. All budgets are presented in accordance with the (GAAP) basis of accounting. Proprietary funds are not budgeted.
- 5. The Town did not have any individual funds with actual expenditures over budgeted appropriations for the year ended December 31, 2022.

O. Leases

Leases are recorded in accordance with GASB No.87, *Leases*. At the commencement of a lease, the Assessor initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of the lease payments made. The leased asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct cost. Subsequently, the leased asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over the shorter of its useful life or the lease term. Key estimates related to leases include the discount rate used to discount the expected lease payments to resent value, lease term and lease payments. As of December 31, 2022, the Town did not have any leases or financed lease liabilities.

P. Future Changes In Accounting Principles

GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription Based Information Technology Arrangements, provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). This Statement: (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in subscription assets (an intangible asset) and a corresponding liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation cost of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding SBITA. To the extent relevant, the standards for SBITAs are based on the standards established by Statement No. 87, Leases as amended. The requirements for this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022, and all reporting periods thereafter. The Town is currently evaluating the effect this standard will have on the financial statements.

2. Stewardship, Compliance Accountability, and Deficits

The Town did not have any individual funds with deficits in unassigned fund balance at December 31, 2022.

3. Cash and Cash Equivalents

At December 31, 2022, the Town of Greensburg has cash and cash equivalents (book balances) totaling \$1,206,321 and restricted cash of \$62,823 as follows:

	General Fund	Proprietary Fund	Total
Demand deposits Demand Deposits-Restricted cash	\$ 167,561	1,038,016 62,823	\$ 1,205,577 62,823
Time and Savings	 -	744	 744
Total	\$ 167,561	\$ 1,101,583	\$ 1,269,144

These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market. Under state law, these deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties.

Custodial credit rick as it relates to cash deposits is the risk than in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned. At December 31, 2022 the Town of Greensburg has \$1,281,299 in deposits (collected bank balances). These deposits are secured from risk by \$250,000 of federal deposit insurance and \$1,031,299 of pledged securities held by the custodial bank in the name of the fiscal agent bank (GASB Category 3).

Even though the pledge securities are considered uncollateralized (Category 3) under the provision of GASB Statement 3, Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1229 imposes a statutory requirement on the custodial bank to advertise and sell the pledged securities within 10 days of being notified by the Town that the fiscal agent has failed to pay deposited funds upon demand.

4. Investments

Investments are categorized into three categories of credit risk:

- 1. Insured or registered, or securities held by the Town or its agent in the Town's name.
- 2. Uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counter party's trust department of agent in the Town's name.
- 3. Uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counter party, or by Its trust department or agent, but not in the Town's name.

In accordance with GASB 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools, all investments, when held, are carried at fair market value, with the estimated fair market value based on quoted market prices.

All investments held by the Town fall into category 1 credit risk, defined as: insured or registered, or securities held by the Town or its agent in the Town's name. In accordance with GASB-31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pool, all investments are carried at fair value, with the estimate of fair value based on quoted market prices. At December 31, 2022, the Town's investment balances are as follows:

	General	I	Proprietary	
	<u>Fund</u>		<u>Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>
Certificates of Deposits	\$ 892,408	\$	612,697	\$ 1,505,105

The deposits as listed above are stated at cost with approximates market value. These deposits totaling \$1,505,105 are secured from risk by \$1,457,165 of federal deposit insurance and \$47,940 of pledged securities held by the custodial bank in the name of the fiscal agent bank (GASB Category 3).

Even though the pledged securities are considered uncollateralized (Category 3) under the provisions of GASB Statement 3, Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1229 imposes statutory requirement on the custodial bank to advertise and sell the pledged securities within 10 days of being notified by the Town that the fiscal agent has failed to pay deposited funds upon demand.

Interest Rate Risk: The Town does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value arising from increasing interest rates.

5. Receivables

The receivables of \$222,745 at December 31, 2022, are as follows:

	General	Proprietary	
Class of Receivable	 Fund	Funds	 Total
Taxes:			
Ad valorem	\$ 24,314	\$	\$ 24,314
Sales and use	11,745		11,745
Beer Taxes	1,101		1,101
Franchise Tax	\$ 21,754		\$ 21,754
Other:			
Gaming Revenues	12,645		12,645
Rents and Royalities	1,344		1,344
State Grants			_
Federal Grants	_	-	-
Other	3,700		3,700
Interest Receivable	-		-
Gas, Water, and Sewer		157,597	157,597
Less: Allowance for uncollectables		(11,455)	(11,455)
Total _	\$ 76,603	\$ 146,142	\$ 222,745

6. Inter-fund Receivables/Payables/Transfers

Interfund Transfers						
	Tran	sfers In	Tran	sfers Out		
General Fund		-	\$	120,768		
Proprietary Fund	\$	120,768		-		
Total Interfund Transfers	\$	120,768	\$	120,768		

The primary reason for the transfer between the General Fund and the Proprietary Fund is to transfer American Rescue Plan grant revenues received by the Town to fund capital outlays for water projects.

7. Capital Assets

Capital assets and depreciation activity as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, for the primary government is as follows:

85,975 85,975	Increases -	<u>Decreases</u>	Balance 85,975
	-		85,975
85,975			-
	-	-	85,975
211,095	62,200		273,295
652,424	8,299		660,723
863,519	70,499	-	934,018
	-		128,437
			579,416
681,124	26,729	-	707,853
268,370	43,770	-	312,140
4,000	-	-	4,000
248,826			248,826
252,826	-	-	252,826
	62,200	-	86,091
			3,247,024
			567,697
3,840,904	72,914	(13,006)	3,900,812
12,190	899		13,089
1,867,088	89,477		1,956,565
279,482	31,788	(13,006)	298,264
2,158,760	122,164	(13,006)	2,267,918
1,934,970	(49,250)	-	1,885,720
2,203,340	(5,480)		2,197,860
	211,095 652,424 863,519 122,660 558,464 681,124 268,370 4,000 248,826 252,826 23,891 3,247,024 569,989 3,840,904 12,190 1,867,088 279,482 2,158,760 1,934,970	211,095 62,200 652,424 8,299 863,519 70,499 122,660 5,777 558,464 20,952 681,124 26,729 268,370 43,770 4,000 - 248,826 252,826 - 23,891 62,200 3,247,024 569,989 10,714 3,840,904 72,914 12,190 899 1,867,088 89,477 279,482 31,788 2,158,760 122,164 1,934,970 (49,250)	211,095 62,200 652,424 8,299 863,519 70,499 - 122,660 5,777 558,464 20,952 681,124 26,729 - 268,370 43,770 - 4,000 248,826 252,826 23,891 62,200 - 3,247,024 - 569,989 10,714 (13,006) 3,840,904 72,914 (13,006) 12,190 899 1,867,088 89,477 279,482 31,788 (13,006) 2,158,760 122,164 (13,006)

Depreciation expense of \$26,729 for the year ended December 31, 2022, was charged to the following governmental functions:

General Government	\$ 3,026
Public Safety	20,038
Public Works	2,328
Cultural and Recreation	1,337
Total	\$ 26,729

8. Construction Commitments

The Town is in the process of constructing wastewater collection on Taylor Road. Construction in progress in the amount of \$8,133 has been recorded in the Gas, Water, and Sewer fund as of December 31, 2022 related to that project.

The Town is in the process of constructing an Oxidation Pond. Construction in progress in the amount of \$230,489 has been recorded in the Gas, Water, and Sewer fund as of December 31, 2022 related to that project.

The Town is in the process of constructing a Warehouse. Construction in progress in the amount of \$10,204 has been record in the recorded in the Gas, Water, and Sewer fund as of December 31, 2022 related to that project.

9. Accounts, Salaries, and Other Payables

The payables of \$100,323 at December 31, 2022, are as follows:

	General	Proprietary	
	Fund	Fund	Total
Withholdings	600	-	600
Accounts	10,732	88,991	99,723
Total	\$ 11,332	\$ 88,991	\$ 100,323

10. Short-Term Debt

The Town of Greensburg did not have any short-term debt during the fiscal year December 31, 2022.

11. Leases

In June 1989 the Town of Greensburg entered into a lease agreement with the St. Helena Babe Ruth Association whereby the Town Leases a parcel of land to them for a period of 50 years for a sum of \$1.

12. Long-Term Obligations

The Town of Greensburg did not have any long-term debt during the fiscal year December 31, 2022.

13. Retirement Systems

Employees of the Town of Greensburg are members of the social security system. The employee payroll deductions and the Town's matching contributions are remitted to the system. Employer amounts contributed to social security for the year ended December 31, 2022 were \$19,485.

14. Restricted Net Position

At December 31, 2022, the statement of Net Position for the Proprietary fund has restricted net position in the amount of \$62,824 as, which are restricted deposits from customers.

15. Risk Management

The Town of Greensburg is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts: theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town of Greensburg attempts to minimize risk form significant losses through the purchase of insurance.

16. On-Behalf Payments For Fringe Benefits and Salaries

For the year ended December 31, 2022, on behalf payments in the form of supplemental payments were paid to employees of the police department. The town recorded \$13,200 on behalf payments in revenues and expenditures in the general fund.

17. Contracts

The Town as of December 31, 2022 had a contract with an energy company who furnishes natural gas for the Greensburg community. The utility company manages all aspects for the purchase, transportation, and delivery of the gas. The initial term of the contract began on October 1, 2003, and expired on September 30, 2004. At the conclusion of the initial term, the contract will automatically extend for successive one-year periods, provided however that either party may terminate this agreement at the end of any term, by giving the other party ninety days advance written notice of termination.

18. Litigation

The Town has two lawsuits pending against them. The Town has referred the suits to its liability insurance carrier. No accrual for gain of loss contingencies has been recorded in the financial statements for any legal actions.

19. Subsequent Events

There are no subsequent events as of the date of this report that would alter or materially affect the financial data disclosed in this report.

Required Supplemental Information (Part II)

Town of Greensubrg Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund BalancesBudget and Actual (GAAP Basis)-General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

			Actual Amounts	Variance with
	Budgeted Amount	S	Budgetary	Final Budget
	Original	Final	Basis	Favorable (Unfavorable)
Budgetrary Fund Balances, Beginning	\$1,108,026	\$1,132,705	\$1,132,705	-
Resources (Inflows)				
Taxes:				
Ad valorem	22,000	22,625	24,593	1,968
Sales and use	179,600	192,600	187,290	(5,310)
Other taxes, penalties, interest, etc.	72,000	83,450	91,393	7,943
Licenses and permits	73,150	66,700	64,017	(2,683)
Intergovernmental revenues:			ŕ	-
Federal grants	-	120,768	120,768	-
State funds:	-	_	_	
Parish transportation funds	5,400	5,400	5,400	-
Gaming Revenues	117,000	149,600	139,761	(9,839)
Other State Funds	25,000	-	-	-
Intergovernmental transfer of assets	-	_	-	
Fines and forfeitures	24,000	23,000	21,041	(1,959)
Fire Insurance Rebates	3,000	5,350	5,350	-
Rents and Royalities	3,000	7,800	7,312	(488)
Investment earnings	11,000	4,000	4,556	556
Sale of Assets	-	-	_	-
Other revenues	-	300	300	-
Transfers In from Other Funds	-	_	-	-
Transfers In from Other Governments	-	-	1,000	1,000
Supplemental Pay	12,000	13,200	13,200	-
Amounts available for Appropriations	1,655,176	1,827,498	\$1,818,686	(8,812)
Charges to Appropriations (outflows)				
General government	209,449	151,184	146,321	4,863
Public safety	256,973	291,974	285,025	6,949
Public works	46,600	53,580	52,722	858
Cultural and recreation	3,000	3,120	3,390	(270)
Capital outlay	5,500	83,299	70,499	12,800
Paymnets to Other Governments	-	-	70,477	12,000
Transfers to Other Funds	_	120,768	120,768	_
Total Charges to Appropriations	521,522	703,925	678,725	25,200
Budgetary Fund Balances, Ending	\$1,133,654	\$1,123,573	\$1,139,961	\$ 16388
Budgetary Fund Balances, Ending	\$1,133,654	\$1,123,573	\$1,139,961	\$ 16,38

See Independent Autitor's Report.

Other Supplemental Information

Town of Greensburg

Schedule of Compensation Paid Board Members For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Mayor and Board Meml	bers		Term	Total Amount
Paula McNabb 725 Taylor St, Greensburg	(985) 351-7280 g, LA 70441	Mayor	12/01/20 - 11/30/24	6,960
Amanda Ficklin-Mixon 66 College Stree, Greensb	(985) 517-9147 urg, LA 70441	Board Member	12/01/20 - 11/30/24	3,960
Nicholas Carruth 13820 Hwy 37, Greensbur	(985) 247-1239 rg, LA 70441	Board Member	12/01/20 - 11/30/24	3,960
Aron E. Burton 331 S. Third Street, Greens	(985) 514-1929 sburg,LA 70441	Board Member	12/01/20 - 11/30/24	3,960
JoEllen Carrruth 246 Timberlane Street, Gre	(985) 517-9147 eensburg, LA 70441	Board Member	12/01/20 - 11/30/24	3,960
Huey B. Travis P.O. Box 727, Greensburg	(958) 517-0218 , LA 70441	Board Member	12/01/20 - 11/30/24	3,960
Total				26,760

See Independent Auditor's Report.

Town of Greensburg

Schedule of Compensation, Benefits, and Other Payments to Agency Head For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Agency Head Name: Paul McNabb, Mayor

Purpose	Amount
Salary	\$ 6,960
Employer Paid Medicare & Social Security	532
Total	\$ 7,492

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Governmental Auditing Standards*

ANTHONY B. BAGLIO, CPA PRESIDENT

MEMBER

American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Society of Louisiana Certified Public Accountants



2011 Rue Simone Hammond, La 70403

Hammond - (985) 542-4155 Hammond (Fax) - (985) 542-4186 Slidell - (985) 641-0630 www.baglio-cpa.com

A PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTING CORPORATION

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor, Paula McNabb and Members of the Board of Aldermen Town of Greensburg Greensburg, Louisiana

I have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Greensburg, Greensburg, Louisiana, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Greensburg, Greensburg, Louisiana's basic financial statements and have issued my report thereon dated June 27, 2023.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements, I considered the Town of Greensburg, Greensburg, Louisiana's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Greensburg, Greensburg, Louisiana's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Greensburg, Greensburg, Louisiana's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

To the Honorable Mayor Paula McNabb, and Members of the Board of Aldermen Greensburg, Louisiana

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during my audit I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town of Greensburg, Greensburg, Louisiana's financial statements are free from material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit, and accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standard*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purposes. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Respectfully submitted,

Anthony B. Baglio, CPA

A Professional Accounting Corporation

Hammond, Louisiana

June 27, 2023

TOWN OF GREENSBURG GREENSBURG, LOUISIANA

SCHEDULE OF CURRENT YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS

TOWN OF GREENSBURG Greensburg, Louisiana

SCHEDULE OF CURRENT YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS Year Ended December 31, 2022

SECTION I – SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

I have audited the financial statements of the Town of Greensburg, Greensburg, Louisiana as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022 and have issued my report thereon dated June 27, 2023. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. My audit of the financial statements as of December 31, 2022 resulted in an unqualified opinion.

Report on Internal Control and Compliance Material to the Financial Statements

Internal Control		
Material weaknesses identified?	Yes	<u>X</u> No
Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses?	Yes	X No
Compliance Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes	_XNo
SECTION II – FINANCIAL ST.	ATEMENT FINDI	NGS

No financial statement findings were noted during the audit for the year ended December 31, 2022.

ANTHONY B. BAGLIO, CPA PRESIDENT

MEMBER

American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Society of Louisiana Certified Public Accountants



2011 Rue Simone Hammond, La 70403

Hammond - (985) 542-4155 Hammond (Fax) - (985) 542-4186 Slidell - (985) 641-0630 www.baglio-cpa.com

A PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTING CORPORATION

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES

To the Honorable Mayor Paula McNabb and Members of the Board of Aldermen Town of Greensburg and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor

I have performed the procedures enumerated below on the control and compliance (C/C) areas identified in the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's (LLA's) Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures (SAUPs) for the fiscal period January 1, 2022 through December 31, 2022. Town of Greensburg's management is responsible for those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs.

Town of Greensburg has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate to meet the intended purpose of the engagement, which is to perform specified procedures on the C/C areas identified in LLA's SAUPs for the fiscal period January 1, 2022 through December 31, 2022. Additionally, LLA has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate for its purposes. This report may not be suitable for any other purpose. The procedures performed may not address all the items of interest to a user of this report and may not meet the needs of all users of this report and, as such, users are responsible for determining whether the procedures performed are appropriate for their purposes.

The procedures and associated findings are as follows:

1) Written Policies and Procedures

- A. Obtain and inspect the entity's written policies and procedures and observe whether they address each of the following categories and subcategories if applicable to public funds and the entity's operations:
 - i. Budgeting, including preparing, adopting, monitoring, and amending the budget.

Budgeting is address in the Town's Administrative Policy and Procedures Manual.

ii. **Purchasing**, including (1) how purchases are initiated, (2) how vendors are added to the vendor list, (3) the preparation and approval process of purchase requisitions and purchase orders, (4) controls to ensure compliance with the Public Bid Law, and (5) documentation required to be maintained for all bids and price quotes.

Purchasing is addressed in the Town's Administrative Policy and Procedures Manual.

iii. Disbursements, including processing, reviewing, and approving.

Disbursements are addressed in the Town's Administrative Policy and Procedures Manual

iv. *Receipts/Collections*, including receiving, recording, and preparing deposits. Also, policies and procedures should include management's actions to determine the completeness of all collections for each type of revenue or agency fund additions (e.g., periodic confirmation with outside parties, reconciliation to utility billing after cutoff procedures, reconciliation of traffic ticket number sequences, agency fund forfeiture monies confirmation).

Receipts/Collections are address in the Town's Administrative Policy and Procedures Manual.

v. **Payroll/Personnel**, including (1) payroll processing, (2) reviewing and approving time and attendance records, including leave and overtime worked, and (3) approval process for employee rates of pay or approval and maintenance of pay rate schedules.

Payroll/Personnel is addressed in the Town's Administrative Policy and Procedures Manual.

vi. *Contracting*, including (1) types of services requiring written contracts, (2) standard terms and conditions, (3) legal review, (4) approval process, and (5) monitoring process.

Contracting is addressed in the Town's Administrative Policy and Procedures Manual..

vii. *Travel and Expense Reimbursement*, including (1) allowable expenses, (2) dollar thresholds by category of expense, (3) documentation requirements, and (4) required approvers.

Travel and Expense Reimbursement are addressed in the Town's Administrative Policy and Procedures Manual.

viii. *Credit Cards (and debit cards, fuel cards, purchase cards, if applicable)*, including (1) how cards are to be controlled, (2) allowable business uses, (3) documentation requirements, (4) required approvers of statements, and (5) monitoring card usage (e.g., determining the reasonableness of fuel card purchases).

Credit cards (and debit cards, fuel cards, purchase cars, if applicable) are addressed in the Town's Administrative Policy and Procedures Manuel.

Ethics, including (1) the prohibitions as defined in Louisiana Revised Statute (R.S.) 42:1111-1121, (2) actions to be taken if an ethics violation takes place, (3) system to monitor possible ethics violations, and (4) a requirement that documentation is maintained to demonstrate that all employees and officials were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy.

Ethics is addressed in the Town's Administrative Policy and Procedures Manual.

x. **Debt Service**, including (1) debt issuance approval, (2) continuing disclosure/EMMA reporting requirements, (3) debt reserve requirements, and (4) debt service requirements.

Not applicable since the Town has no long-term debt.

identification of critical data and frequency of data backups, (2) storage of backups in a separate physical location isolated from the network, (3) periodic testing/verification that backups can be restored, (4) use of antivirus software on all systems, (5) timely application of all available system and software patches/updates, and (6) identification of personnel, processes, and tools needed to recover operations after a critical event.

Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity are addressed in the Town's Administrative Policy and Procedures Manual.

xii. **Prevention of Sexual Harassment**, including R.S. 42:342-344 requirements for (1) agency responsibilities and prohibitions, (2) annual employee training, and (3) annual reporting.

Prevention of Sexual Harassment is addressed in the Town's Administrative Policy and Procedures Manual.

2. Board or Finance Committee

- A. Obtain and inspect the board/finance committee minutes for the fiscal period, as well as the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or equivalent document in effect during the fiscal period, and:
 - i. Observe that the board/finance committee met with a quorum at least monthly, or on a frequency in accordance with the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or other equivalent document.

No exceptions noted. The board met with a quorum on a monthly basis as observed in the minutes.

ii. For those entities reporting on the governmental accounting model, observe whether the minutes referenced or included monthly budget- to-actual comparisons on the general fund, quarterly budget-to-actual, at a minimum, on proprietary funds, and semi-annual budget- to- actual, at a minimum, on all special revenue funds. Alternatively, for those entities reporting on the not-for-profit accounting model, observe that the minutes referenced or included financial activity relating to public funds if those public funds comprised more than 10% of the entity's collections during the fiscal period.

No exceptions noted. The minutes referenced monthly financial reports and budget comparisons.

iii. For governmental entities, obtain the prior year audit report and observe the unassigned fund balance in the general fund. If the general fund had a negative ending unassigned fund balance in the prior year audit report, observe that the minutes for at least one meeting during the fiscal period referenced or included a formal plan to eliminate the negative unassigned fund balance in the general fund.

Not applicable. The general fund did not have negative unassigned fund balance.

iv. Observe whether the board/finance committee received written updates of the progress of resolving audit finding(s), according to management's corrective action plan at each meeting until the findings are considered fully resolved.

No prior audit findings.

3) Bank Reconciliations

A. Obtain a listing of entity bank accounts for the fiscal period from management and management's representation that the listing is complete. Ask management to identify the entity's main operating account. Select the entity's main operating account and randomly select 4 additional accounts (or all accounts if less than 5). Randomly select one month from the fiscal period, obtain, and inspect the corresponding bank statement and reconciliation for each selected account, and observe that:

Obtained a listing of client bank accounts from management and management's representation that the listing is complete and made the selections.

i. Bank reconciliations include evidence that they were prepared within 2 months of the related statement closing date (e.g., initialed and dated or electronically logged);

No exceptions noted.

ii. Bank reconciliations include written evidence that a member of management or a board member who does not handle cash, post ledgers, or issue checks has reviewed each bank reconciliation (e.g., initialed and dated, electronically logged); and

No exceptions noted.

iii. Management has documentation reflecting it has researched reconciling items that have been outstanding for more than 12 months from the statement closing date, if applicable.

No exceptions noted.

4) Collections (excluding electronic funds transfers)

A. Obtain a listing of deposit sites for the fiscal period where deposits for cash/checks/money orders (cash) are prepared and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 deposit sites (or all deposit sites if less than 5).

The Town only has one deposit site, which is at the town hall and obtained management's representation that the listing is complete.

B. For each deposit site selected, obtain a listing of collection locations and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one collection location for each deposit site (e.g., 5 collection locations for 5 deposit sites), obtain and inspect written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if there are no written policies or procedures, then inquire of employees about their job duties) at each collection location, and observe that job duties are properly segregated at each collection location such that:

The Town only has one collection location which is at the town hall and obtained management's representation that the listing is complete.

i. Employees responsible for cash collections do not share cash drawers/registers;

No exceptions noted.

ii. Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not also responsible for preparing/making bank deposits, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling collection documentation (e.g., pre- numbered receipts) to the deposit;

The town clerk is responsible for collecting cash is also responsible for making bank deposits. However, an outside CPA firm reconciles documentation to the deposits.

iii. Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not also responsible for posting collection entries to the general ledger or subsidiary ledgers, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling ledger postings to each other and to the deposit; and

The town clerk collecting cash is responsible for putting collection entries to the general ledger. However, this is all reviewed by an outside CPA firm.

iv. The employee(s) responsible for reconciling cash collections to the general ledger and/or subsidiary ledgers, by revenue source and/or agency fund additions, is (are) not also responsible for collecting cash, unless another employee/official verifies the reconciliation.

No exceptions needed.

C. Obtain from management a copy of the bond or insurance policy for theft covering all employees who have access to cash. Observe that the bond or insurance policy for theft was in force during the fiscal period.

Copy obtained. The employees who have access to cash are covered by an insurance policy for theft.

- D. Randomly select two deposit dates for each of the 5 bank accounts selected for Bank Reconciliations procedure #3A (select the next deposit date chronologically if no deposits were made on the dates randomly selected and randomly select a deposit if multiple deposits are made on the same day). Alternatively, the practitioner may use a source document other than bank statements when selecting the deposit dates for testing, such as a cash collection log, daily revenue report, receipt book, etc. Obtain supporting documentation for each of the 10 deposits and:
 - i. Observe that receipts are sequentially pre-numbered.

No exceptions noted.

ii. Trace sequentially pre-numbered receipts, system reports, and other related collection documentation to the deposit slip.

The pre-numbered receipts were traced to the deposit slips.

iii. Trace the deposit slip total to the actual deposit per the bank statement.

No exceptions noted.

iv. Observe that the deposit was made within one business day of receipt at the collection location (within one week if the depository is more than 10 miles from the collection location or the deposit is less than \$100 and the cash is stored securely in a locked safe or drawer).

No exceptions noted.

v. Trace the actual deposit per the bank statement to the general ledger.

No exceptions noted.

5) Non-Payroll Disbursements (excluding card purchases, travel reimbursements, and petty cash purchases)

A. Obtain a listing of locations that process payments for the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 locations (or all locations if less than 5).

There is only one location that processes payments and obtained management's representation that the listing is complete.

- B. For each location selected under procedure #5A above, obtain a listing of those employees involved with non-payroll purchasing and payment functions. Obtain written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if the agency has no written policies and procedures, then inquire of employees about their job duties), and observe that job duties are properly segregated such that:
 - i. At least two employees are involved in initiating a purchase request, approving a purchase, and placing an order or making the purchase.

The department head initiates the purchase request, which must be approved by the mayor. Purchase requests are presented to board at monthly meeting for approval. Checks are written by clerk and signed by mayor or authorized board member. The Clerk is responsible for distributing the check.

ii. At least two employees are involved in processing and approving payments to vendors.

No exceptions noted.

iii. The employee responsible for processing payments is prohibited from adding/modifying vendor files unless another employee is responsible for periodically reviewing changes to vendor files.

No exceptions noted.

iv. Either the employee/official responsible for signing checks mails the payment or gives the signed checks to an employee to mail who is not responsible for processing payments.

No exceptions noted.

v. Only employees/officials authorized to sign checks approve the electronic disbursement (release) of funds, whether through automated clearinghouse (ACH), electronic funds transfer (EFT), wire transfer, or some other electronic means.

No exceptions noted.

C. For each location selected under procedure #5A above, obtain the entity's non-payroll disbursement transaction population (excluding cards and travel reimbursements) and obtain management's representation that the population is complete. Randomly select 5 disbursements for each location, obtain supporting documentation for each transaction, and

Obtained the year-to-date general ledger and obtained management's representation that the population is complete.

i. Observe whether the disbursement, whether by paper or electronic means, matched the related original itemized invoice and supporting documentation indicates that deliverables included on the invoice were received by the entity.

No exceptions noted.

ii. Observe whether the disbursement documentation included evidence (e.g., initial/date, electronic logging) of segregation of duties tested under procedure #5B above, as applicable.

No exceptions noted.

D. Using the entity's main operating account and the month selected in Bank Reconciliations procedure #3A, randomly select 5 non-payroll-related electronic disbursements (or all electronic disbursements if less than 5) and observe that each electronic disbursement was (a) approved by only those persons authorized to disburse funds (e.g., sign checks) per the entity's policy, and (b) approved by the required number of authorized signers per the entity's policy. Note: If no electronic payments were made from the main operating account during the month selected the practitioner should select an alternative month and/or account for testing that does include electronic disbursements.

No exceptions noted.

6) Credit Cards/Debit Cards/Fuel Cards/Purchase Cards (Cards)

A. Obtain from management a listing of all active credit cards, bank debit cards, fuel cards, and purchase cards (cards) for the fiscal period, including the card numbers and the names of the persons who maintained possession of the cards. Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete.

Obtained list for all fuel cards and the two (2) credit cards by employee and management's representation that the listing is complete.

- B. Using the listing prepared by management, randomly select 5 cards (or all cards if less than 5) that were used during the fiscal period. Randomly select one monthly statement or combined statement for each card (for a debit card, randomly select one monthly bank statement). Obtain supporting documentation, and
 - i. Observe whether there is evidence that the monthly statement or combined statement and supporting documentation (e.g., original receipts for credit/debit card purchases, exception reports for excessive fuel card usage) were reviewed and approved, in writing (or electronically approved) by someone other than the authorized card holder (those instances requiring such approval that may constrain the legal authority of certain public officials, such as the mayor of a Lawrason Act municipality, should not be reported); and

No exceptions noted.

ii. Observe that finance charges and late fees were not assessed on the selected statements.

No late fees were incurred on the selected statements.

C. Using the monthly statements or combined statements selected under procedure #7B above, excluding fuel cards, randomly select 10 transactions (or all transactions if less than 10) from each statement, and obtain supporting documentation for the transactions (e.g., each card should have 10 transactions subject to inspection). For each transaction, observe that it is supported by (1) an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased, (2) written documentation of the business/public purpose, and (3) documentation of the individuals participating in meals (for meal charges only). For missing receipts, the practitioner should describe the nature of the transaction and observe whether management had a compensating control to address missing receipts, such as a "missing receipt statement" that is subject to increased scrutiny.

No exceptions noted.

7) Travel and Travel-Related Expense Reimbursements (excluding card transactions)

A. Obtain from management a listing of all travel and travel-related expense reimbursements during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing or general ledger is complete. Randomly select 5 reimbursements and obtain the related expense reimbursement forms/prepaid expense documentation of each selected reimbursement, as well as the supporting documentation. For each of the 5 reimbursements selected:

i. If reimbursed using a per diem, observe that the approved reimbursement rate is no more than those rates established either by the State of Louisiana or the U.S. General Services Administration (www.gsa.gov);

No exceptions noted.

ii. If reimbursed using actual costs, observe that the reimbursement is supported by an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased;

No exceptions noted.

iii. Observe that each reimbursement is supported by documentation of the business/public purpose (for meal charges, observe that the documentation includes the names of those individuals participating) and other documentation required by Written Policies and Procedures procedure #1A(vii); and

No exceptions noted.

iv. Observe that each reimbursement was reviewed and approved, in writing, by someone other than the person receiving reimbursement.

No exceptions noted.

8) Contracts

A. Obtain from management a listing of all agreements/contracts for professional services, materials and supplies, leases, and construction activities that were initiated or renewed during the fiscal period. Alternatively, the practitioner may use an equivalent selection source, such as an active vendor list. Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 contracts (or all contracts if less than 5) from the listing, excluding the practitioner's contract, and

The Town has two (2) contracts.

i. Observe whether the contract was bid in accordance with the Louisiana Public Bid law (e.g., solicited quotes or bids, advertised), if required by law;

No exceptions noted.

ii. Observe whether the contract was approved by the governing body/board, if required by policy or law (e.g., Lawrason Act, Home Rule Charter);

No exceptions noted.

iii. If the contract was amended (e.g., change order), observe that the original contract terms provided for such an amendment and that amendments were made in compliance with the contract terms (e.g., if approval is required for any amendment, the documented approval); and

Not applicable.

iv. Randomly select one payment from the fiscal period for each of the 5 contracts, obtain the supporting invoice, agree the invoice to the contract terms, and observe that the invoice and related payment agreed to the terms and conditions of the contract.

No exceptions noted.

9) Payroll and Personnel

A. Obtain a listing of employees and officials employed during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 employees or officials, obtain related paid salaries and personnel files, and agree paid salaries to authorized salaries/pay rates in the personnel files.

Obtained a listing of employees during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete.

- B. Randomly select one pay period during the fiscal period. For the 5 employees or officials selected under procedure #9A above, obtain attendance records and leave documentation for the pay period, and
 - i. Observe that all selected employees or officials documented their daily attendance and leave (e.g., vacation, sick, compensatory);

No exceptions noted.

ii. Observe whether supervisors approved the attendance and leave of the selected employees or officials;

No exceptions noted.

iii. Observe that any leave accrued or taken during the pay period is reflected in the entity's cumulative leave records; and

No exceptions noted.

iv. Observe the rate paid to the employees or officials agrees to the authorized salary/pay rate found within the personnel file.

No exceptions noted.

C. Obtain a listing of those employees or officials that received termination payments during the fiscal period and management's representation that the list is complete. Randomly select two employees or officials and obtain related documentation of the hours and pay rates used in management's termination payment calculations and the entity's policy on termination payments. Agree the hours to the employee's or official's cumulative leave records, agree the pay rates to the employee's or official's authorized pay rates in the employee's or official's personnel files, and agree the termination payment to entity policy.

The Town had no termination payments during the fiscal year.

D. Obtain management's representation that employer and employee portions of third-party payroll related amounts (e.g., payroll taxes, retirement contributions, health insurance premiums, garnishments, workers' compensation premiums, etc.) have been paid, and any associated forms have been filed, by required deadlines.

No exceptions noted.

10) Ethics

- A. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from Payroll and Personnel procedure #9A obtain ethics documentation from management, and
 - i. Observe whether the documentation demonstrates that each employee/official completed one hour of ethics training during the calendar year as required by R.S. 42:1170; and

Two of the five selected did not complete the ethics training.

ii. Observe whether the entity maintains documentation which demonstrates that each employee and official were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy during the fiscal period, as applicable.

No exceptions noted.

B. Inquire and/or observe whether the agency has appointed an ethics designee as required by R.S. 42:1170.

No exceptions noted.

11). Debt Service

A. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes and other debt instruments issued during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all debt instruments on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that State Bond Commission approval was obtained for each debt instrument issued as required by Article VII, Section 8 of the Louisiana Constitution.

No debt issues. .

B. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes outstanding at the end of the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one bond/note, inspect debt covenants, obtain supporting documentation for the reserve balance and payments, and agree actual reserve balances and payments to those required by debt covenants (including contingency funds, short-lived asset funds, or other funds required by the debt covenants).

Not applicable. No bond/notes outstanding at year end.

12). Fraud Notice

A. Obtain a listing of misappropriations of public funds and assets during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all misappropriations on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that the entity reported the misappropriation(s) to the legislative auditor and the district attorney of the parish in which the entity is domiciled as required by R.S. 24:523.

No exceptions noted.

B. Observe that the entity has posted on its premises and website, the notice required by R.S. 24:523.1 concerning the reporting of misappropriation, fraud, waste, or abuse of public funds.

No exceptions noted.

- 13). Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity
- A. Perform the following procedures, verbally discuss the results with management, and report "We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management."
 - i. Obtain and inspect the entity's most recent documentation that it has backed up its critical data (if there is no written documentation, then inquire of personnel responsible for backing up critical data) and observe evidence that such backup (a) occurred within the past week, (b) was not stored on the government's local server or network, and (c) was encrypted.

No exceptions noted.

ii. Obtain and inspect the entity's most recent documentation that it has tested/verified that its backups can be restored (if there is no written documentation, then inquire of personnel responsible for testing/verifying backup restoration) and observe evidence that the test/verification was successfully performed within the past 3 months.

No exceptions noted. Restoration of backup was successfully tested.

Obtain a listing of the entity's computers currently in use and their related locations, and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 computers and observe while management demonstrates that the selected computers have current and active antivirus software and that the operating system and accounting system software in use are currently supported by the vendor.

No exceptions noted, all computers have current and active antivirus software.

B. Randomly select 5 terminated employees (or all terminated employees if less than 5) using the list of terminated employees obtained in procedure #9C. Observe evidence that the selected terminated employees have been removed or disabled from the network.

No terminated employees.

14). Prevention of Sexual Harassment

A. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from Payroll and Personnel procedure #9A, obtain sexual harassment training documentation from management, and observe that the documentation demonstrates each employee/official completed at least one hour of sexual harassment training during the calendar year as required by R.S. 42:343.

One of the five (5) employees did not receive the sexual harassment training.

B. Observe that the entity has posted its sexual harassment policy and complaint procedure on its website (or in a conspicuous location on the entity's premises if the entity does not have a website).

No exceptions noted.

- C. Obtain the entity's annual sexual harassment report for the current fiscal period, observe that the report was dated on or before February 1, and observe that the report includes the applicable requirements of R.S. 42:344:
 - i. Number and percentage of public servants in the agency who have completed the training requirements;
 - ii. Number of sexual harassment complaints received by the agency;
 - iii. Number of complaints which resulted in a finding that sexual harassment occurred;
 - iv. Number of complaints in which the finding of sexual harassment resulted in discipline or corrective action; and
 - v. Amount of time it took to resolve each complaint.

The annual sexual harassment report was dated December 31, 2022. There were no sexual harassment complaints received in 2022.

I am engaged by Town of Greensburg to perform this agreed-upon procedures engagement and conducted my engagement in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and applicable standards of *Government Auditing Standards*. I am not engaged to and did not conduct an examination or review engagement, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion or conclusion, respectively, on those C/C areas identified in the SAUP's. Accordingly, I do not express such an opinion or conclusion. Had I performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to my attention that would have been reported to you.

I am required to be independent of the Town of Greensburg and to meet my other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements related to my agreed-upon procedures engagement.

This report is intended solely to describe the scope of testing performed on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs, and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on control or compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the LLA as a public document.

Anthony B. Baglio, CPA Hammond, Louisiana

June 27, 2023

TOWN OF GREENSBURG For the Year ended December 31, 2022

Management's responses to the following agreed-upon procedure sections:

10) Ethics

- A. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from Payroll and Personnel procedure #9A obtain ethics documentation from management, and
 - i. Observe whether the documentation demonstrates that each employee/official completed one hour of ethics training during the calendar year as required by R.S. 42:1170; and

Two of the five employees selected did not receive the ethics training.

14). Prevention of Sexual Harassment

A. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from Payroll and Personnel procedure #9A, obtain sexual harassment training documentation from management, and observe that the documentation demonstrates each employee/official completed at least one hour of sexual harassment training during the calendar year as required by R.S. 42:343.

One of the five (5) employees did not receive the sexual harassment training.

Management's response to the above two (2) agreed-upon procedures: In the future the ethics and sexual harassment training will be obtained.