TERREBONNE PARISH FIRE DISTRICT NO. 9
ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

TERREBONNE PARISH FIRE DISTRICT NO. 9 ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2021

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

The following narrative is presented to facilitate a better understanding of the year-end financial position and results of operations for the year. When read in conjunction with the notes to the financial statements, this section's financial highlights, overview and analysis should assist the reader to gain a more complete knowledge of the financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Our financial statements provide these insights into the results of this year's operations:

- Total net position at the end of the year was \$2,143,717 a slight increase of 3% from the prior year.
- Total net position is comprised of the following:
 - (1) Net invested in capital assets of \$1,408,649 including the cost of land, buildings & improvements, trucks and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation.
 - (2) Unrestricted of \$735,068 representing the portion available to maintain the continuing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- Total spending for all public safety activities was \$580,128 for the year, which was approximately \$10,000 more than the prior year.
- The general revenues of mainly ad valorem taxes and insurance proceeds totaled \$627,391 for the year an increase from the prior year.
- The governmental fund reported total ending fund balance of \$1,138,311 of which all was unassigned: This compares to the prior year ending fund balance of \$1,016,479, an increase of \$121,832 during the current year.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities provide information about the governmental activities as a whole and present a longer-term view of the finances. The Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Governmental Funds (Fund Financial Statements) tell how services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the most significant funds.

Our auditor has provided assurance in his independent auditor's report, located immediately following this MD&A, that the basic financial statements are fairly stated. The auditor, regarding the Required Supplemental Information and the Other Supplemental Information is providing varying degrees of assurance. A user of this report should read the independent auditor's report carefully to ascertain the level of assurance being provided for each of the other parts in the Annual Report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Government-Wide Financial Statements

These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, governmental activities, from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges, business-type activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds—not as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State laws.

The District utilizes a governmental type of fund with the following accounting approach. All of the basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in reconciliation at the bottom of the fund financial statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS AS A WHOLE (GWFS)

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report governmental activities. Our analysis below focuses on the net assets of the governmental-type activities:

Condensed Sta	Increase		
	2020	2021	(Decrease)
Current and Other Assets	\$ 1,470,684	\$ 1,546,346	\$ 75,662
Capital Assets	1,504,760	1,408,649	(96,111)
Total Assets	2,975,444	2,954,995	(20,449)
Deferred Outflows	190,502	160,554	(29,948)
Current Liabilities	-	•	-
Non-current Liabilities	529,559	395,370	(134,189)
Total Liabilities	529,559	395,370	(134,189)
Deferred Inflows	549,780	576,462	26,682
Net Invested in Capital			
Assets	1,504,760	1,408,649	(96,111)
Unrestricted	581,847	735,068	153,221
Total Net Position	\$ 2,086,607	\$ 2,143,717	\$ 57,110

Net position decreased by \$57,110 or 2.7% for the year. The balance in net position represents the accumulated results of all past years' operations. Cash and investments increased, however receivables and the amounts due from the Sheriff for ad valorem taxes collected decreased. Capital assets and the net invested in capital assets decreased because there was more depreciation recorded than assets purchased in the current year. Deferred outflows and inflows increased due to the changes in deferred ad valorem taxes and pension and other post-employment benefits.

Our analysis below focuses on the operations of the governmental-type activities:

Condensed S	Increase		
	2020	2021	(Decrease)_
Program Expenses:			
Current	433,145	419,800	(13,345)
Depreciation - unallocated	157,932	160,328_	2,396
Total program expenses	591,077	580,128	(10,949)
Program revenues	9,865	9,847	(18)
General revenues	467,584	627,391	159,807
Change in Net Position	(113,628)	57,110	170,738
Net Position:			
Beginning of the year	2,200,235	2,086,607	(113,628)
End of the year	\$ 2,086,607	\$ 2,143,717	\$ 57,110

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Total revenues generated by governmental activities for the year were \$637,238 - most in general revenues increased slightly by 33%. The total cost of all public safety services provided was \$580,128 - a slight increase of 2%.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF INDIVIDUAL FUNDS (FFS)

The District uses funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes. Looking at individual funds helps you consider whether the District is being accountable for the resources provided to it but may also give you more insight into the overall financial health.

The General Fund reported an ending fund balance of \$1,138,311, of which all is considered unassigned and available to spend. This amount represents 250% of general fund revenues. The General Fund revenues were primarily ad valorem taxes levied for maintenance and operations for fire protection in the District. These revenues were reduced by current expenditures for fire protection of \$435,761 and capital outlay of \$64,217 for station improvements and purchases of radios. The District received \$121,832 in insurance proceeds from Hurricane Ida damages.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

There were amendments necessary to the original budget for the General Fund during the year. The most significant amendments were to:

- Decrease ad valorem taxes by \$33,505 and interest by \$5,300
- Increase for capital purchases by \$128,500.

Total revenue and expenditure variances were favorable and considered in compliance with the State Budget Law. More information on the current year budget can be found in the General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule.

CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of capital assets and accumulated depreciation for governmental activities for the current and prior year is as follows:

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	2021	2020
Land	\$ 51,000	\$ 51,000
Buildings & Improvements	838,675	789,575
Machinery & Equipment	2,482,465	 2,433,808
Total Cost	3,372,140	3,274,383
Accumulated Depreciation	1,963,491	1,769,623
Net Capital Assets	\$ 1,408,649	\$ 1,504,760
Depreciation Expense	\$ 160,328	\$ 157,932

More detailed information about the capital assets is presented in Note 5 to the basic financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

Highlights of the 2022 adopted budget for the general fund include:

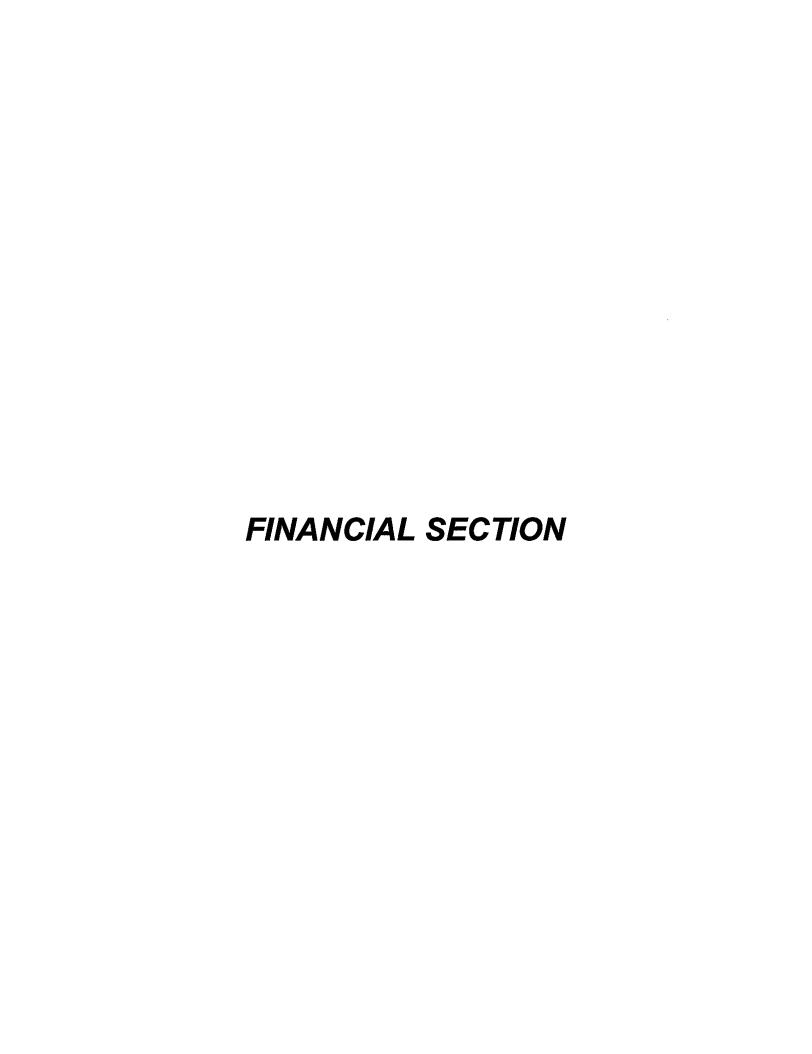
Beginning Fund Balance	\$ 994,782
Projected Revenue	681,684
Projected Expenditures	 (706,550)
Ending Fund Balance	\$ 969,916

Total expenditures include \$171,000 for capital purchases.

CONTACTING FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Terrebonne Parish Fire District No. 9 finances and to show accountability for the money it received. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact:

Board of Directors 2820 Savanne Road, Houma, LA 70360





STAGNI & COMPANY, LLC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS & CONSULTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Commissioners, Of the Terrebonne Parish Fire District No. 9 Houma, Louisiana

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Terrebonne Parish Fire Protection District No. 9 (the District), a component unit of Terrebonne Parish Consolidated Government, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the basic financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District as of December 31, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management's for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statement that are free of material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

To the Commissioners of Terrebonne Parish Fire Protection District No. 9 Page 2

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
 due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks.
 Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and
 disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
 an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, amount other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and the Required Supplementary Information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context.



To the Commissioners of Terrebonne Parish Fire Protection District No. 9 Page 3

We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquires, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the Schedule of Compensation of Payments to the Agency Heads but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 14, 2022, on our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Stagni & Company

May 14, 2022 Thibodaux, Louisiana



Statement of Net Position December 31, 2021

ASSETS		
Cash	\$	90,823
Investments		1,033,471
Receivables:		
Property Taxes		352,112
Due from tax collector		55,922
Prepaid Expenses		14,018
Capital Assets, net of accumulated depreciation		1,408,649
TOTAL ASSETS		2,954,995
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Related to net pension liability		78,496
Related to net OPEB liability		82,058
Total deferred outflows		160,554
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND NET POSITION Liabilities:	ON	
Accounts Payable		_
Non-current liabilites:		_
Net Pension liability		159,144
Other postemployment benefit liability		236,226
Total liabilities		395,370
. 0.0		
Deferred Inflows of Resources-		
Related to net pension liability		126,803
Related to net OPEB liability		41,624
Property taxes - subsequent year		408,035
Total deferred inflows		576,462
Net Position:		
Net Invested in capital assets		1,408,649
Unrestricted		735,068
Total net position	\$	2,143,717

Statement of Activities - Governmental Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

				Program	Reven	ue		
	E	xpenses		ges for vices	•	erating irants		t Revenue Expense)
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS Public safety activities	\$	580,128	\$		\$	9,847	\$	(570,281)
rubiic salety activities	Ψ	360,126	Ψ	-	Ψ	3,041	Ψ	(370,201)
Total governmental activities	\$	580,128	\$	-	\$	9,847		(570,281)
G	Ad Sta Co	ERAL REVE valorem tax ite revenue : mpensation erest earned	es sharing for prop	erty dama neral Revo				420,713 11,477 192,897 2,304 627,391
С	han	ge in Net P	osition					57,110
N	ET I	POSITION:						
		ginning of ye	ear				_	2,086,607
	En	d of year					_\$	2,143,717

Balance Sheet - Governmental Fund - General Fund December 31, 2021

ASSETS			
Cash		\$	90,823
Investments			1,033,471
Receivables:			
Property Taxes			352,112
Due from tax collector			55,922
Prepaid Expenses TOTAL ASSETS		\$	14,018 1,546,346
TOTAL ASSETS		<u> </u>	1,040,040
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND I	BALANCE		
Liabilities -			
Accounts Payable and accrued expenditures		\$	-
Deferred Inflows of Resources -			
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year			408,035
Fund balance -			
Unassigned			1,138,311
Total fund balance			1,138,311
RECONCILIATION TO THE STATEMENT OF NET	POSITION:		
Capital assets used in governmental activites a	are not financial		
resources and therefore are not reported in the			
funds.	· ·		
Cost of Capital Assets	3,372,140		
Accumulated Depreciation	(1,963,491)		
Net Capital Assets			1,408,649
D.6 1 10 15 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11			
Deferred outflows of resources are not available	le resources		
and, therefore, are not reported in the funds	70.406		
Related to net pension liability Related to net OPEB liability	78,496		160,554
Related to het OPEB liability	82,058		100,554
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in			
period and therefore are not reported in the government			
Other Post Employment Benefit Liability	(236,226)		(005.070)
Net Pension Liability _	(159,144)		(395,370)
Deferred inflows of resources are not payable f	from current		
expendable resources and, therefore, are not r			
funds			
Related to net pension liability	(126,803)		
Related to net OPEB liability	(41,624)		
			(168,427)
Net position of governmental activities		-\$	2,143,717
Het position of governmental activities		<u>~</u>	2,170,717

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Fund - General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

REVENUES Property Taxes Intergovernmental - State State Revenue Sharing Fire Insurance Rebate Interest TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 420,713 11,477 9,847 2,304 444,341
EXPENDITURES General government - current:	
Ad valorem tax adjustments	15,428
Public safety - current:	044.770
Personal Services	241,779
Supplies and Materials	24,878
Other Services and Charges	129,283
Repairs and Maintenance	 39,821
Total public safety - current	 435,761
Capital expenditures	 64,217
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	 515,406
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Compensation for property damages	192,897
compensation for property damages	102,001
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	121,832
FUND BALANCE	
Beginning of year	1,016,479
End of year	1,138,311
•	

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Fund to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Net change in fund balances - governmental fund		\$	121,832
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over the useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	•		
Capital outlay	64,217		
Depreciation expense	(160,328)		(96,111)
Contractually required pension/OPEB contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net reports these amounts as deferred outflows and inflows of resource in the net pension liability and net OPEB liability are reported as extended the statement of activities. Pension	position s. Changes		
	•		
OPEB	3,025		
			31,389
Change in net assets - governmental activities		<u>\$</u>	57,110

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

The Terrebonne Parish Fire Protection District No. 9 (the District) has been organized under the provisions of the Louisiana Revised Statute 40:1492, Parish Ordinance #1561 and #5732 adopted February 5, 1997. The District provides fire protection and disaster assistance for the residents and businesses encompassing Fire District No. 9 of the Parish of Terrebonne. The District is established with a District Fire Chief and six (6) Board Members – all appointed by the Parish Council.

Note 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying basic financial statements have been prepared in conformity with governmental accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

A. Reporting Entity

As the governing authority, the Terrebonne Parish Consolidated Government is the financial reporting entity for Terrebonne Parish. Because the Terrebonne Parish Consolidated Government could by definition in statute be financially burdened by the Terrebonne Parish Fire District No. 9, the District was determined to be a component unit of the Terrebonne Parish Consolidated Government. The accompanying financial statements present information only on the funds maintained by the District and do not present information on the Terrebonne Parish Consolidated Government, the general government services provided by that governmental unit, or any other governmental reporting entity.

The accompanying financial statements will be included in the comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) of the Terrebonne Parish Consolidated Government for the year ending December 31, 2021.

B. Basis of Presentation

The accounting system is organized and operated on a fund basis whereby a separate self-balancing set of accounts is maintained for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions or limitations. The various funds in the financial statements in this report are as follows:

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Note 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, (Continued)

B. Basis of Presentation (continued)

Governmental-wide Financial Statements (GWFS):

GWFS include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities for all activities of the District. The GWFS presentation focuses primarily on the sustainability of the District as an entity and the change in aggregate financial position resulting from the activities of the fiscal period. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues and other non-exchange revenues.

Fund Financial Statements (FFS)

Governmental funds account for all or most of the general activities. These funds focus on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid.

The difference between a governmental fund's assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. In general, fund balance represents the accumulated expendable resources that may be used to finance future period programs or operations. The governmental fund of the District is the General Fund. The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources and expenditures except those required to be accounted for in other funds. The General Fund is *always* a major fund.

C. Measurement Focus / Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS)

The government-wide financial statements display information as a whole. These statements include all the financial activities. Information contained in these statements reflects the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources resulting from exchange or exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange occurs (regardless of when cash is received or disbursed).

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Note 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus / Basis of Accounting (continued)

Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources resulting from non-exchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of Section N50.

Program Revenues - Program revenues included in the column labeled Statement of Activities are derived directly from users as a fee for services; program revenues reduce the cost of the function to be financed from the general revenues.

General Revenues - Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements (FFS)

The amounts reflected in fund financial statements, are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach is then reconciled, through adjustment, to a government-wide view of operations.

The amounts reflected in the fund financial statements, use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available). Measurable means the amount of the transaction can be determined and available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. The District considers all revenues available if they are collected within 60 days after the fiscal year end.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for interest and principal payments on general long-term debt which is recognized when due, and certain compensated absences and claims and judgments which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. The governmental funds use the following practices in recording revenues and expenditures:

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Note 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus / Basis of Accounting (continued)

Revenues – Ad valorem taxes and the related state revenue sharing are recorded as revenue in the period for which levied, thus the 2020 property taxes which were levied to finance the 2021 budget are recognized as revenue in 2021. The 2021 tax levy is recorded as unavailable revenue in fund financial statements and as deferred inflow of resources in government-wide financial statements. Charges for services are recorded when earned since they are measurable and available. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenues when received in cash by the District because they are generally not measurable or available until actually received.

Expenditures – Expenditures are recorded when payable or when the fees are incurred.

D. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

D. Operating Budgets

As required by Louisiana Revised Statutes, The Board of Commissioners adopted a budget for the District's General Fund. The Board must approve any amendment involving the transfer of monies from one function to another, or increases in expenditures. The district amended its budget during the year as required. All budgeted amounts that are not expended or obligated through contracts lapse at year-end. The General Fund budget is adopted on a basis materially consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Note 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, (Continued)

F. Cash and Investments

Cash includes amounts in demand deposits, interest-bearing demand deposits, and time deposits. Under state law, the court may deposit funds in demand deposits, interest-bearing demand deposits, or time deposits with state banks organized under Louisiana law or any other state of the United States, or under the laws of the United States.

Investments are limited by Louisiana Revised Statute (R.S.) 33:2955. Investments are stated at fair value as established by open market, except for the Louisiana Asset Management Pool (LAMP). LAMP is an external pool which is operated in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Rule 2a7 allows SEC-registered mutual funds to use amortized cost rather than fair value to report net position to compute share prices if certain conditions are met.

G. Receivables

The financial statements for the District contain no allowance for uncollectible accounts. Uncollectible amounts due for ad valorem taxes are recognized as bad debts at the time information becomes available which would indicate the uncollectibility of the particular receivable. These amounts are not considered to be material in relation to the financial position or operations of the funds.

H. Prepaid Insurance

The District has recorded prepaid insurance in the General Fund. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

I. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

The District reports decreases (increases) in net position that relate to future periods as deferred outflows (inflows) of resources in separate sections of its Statement of Net Position. The District reports deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to its net pension and OPEB liability. These amounts are being amortized over a period of five years.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Note 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, (Continued)

J. Capital Assets

In the government-wide financial statements, additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are recorded and depreciated (capitalized). Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$500 or more are recorded at historical cost or estimated if historical cost is not available. Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded in the GWFS. All capital assets, other than land, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

CATEGORY	LIFE
BUILDINGS AND	10-40
IMPROVEMENTS	YEARS
MACHINERY &	5-20
EQUIPMENT	YEARS

In the fund financial statements, capital assets purchased in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition.

K. Vacation and Sick Leave

Full time employees are entitled to eighteen days of vacation after one year of service. Each year the employee must take their vacation time before their anniversary date (day they first began working). If not taken by their anniversary date, the vacation time is forfeited. The vacation period shall be increased one day for each year of service over ten years, up to a maximum period of thirty days. There is no material accumulated vacation at year end.

Every firefighter in the employ of a fire protection district shall be entitled to full pay during sickness or incapacity not brought about by his own negligence or culpable indiscretion for a period of no less than fifty-two weeks. A firefighter employed by any fire protection district who draws full pay during sickness or incapacity shall have such pay decreased by the amount of workers' compensation benefits actually received by the employee. A firefighter is entitled to sick leave benefits even though the injury or illness may have occurred while he was off duty. Firefighters are not prohibited from engaging in part-time employment while receiving sick leave.

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Note 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, (Continued)

K. Vacation and Sick Leave (continued)

A probationary firefighter who is not a regular or permanent fireman is not entitled to sick leave benefits provided by the District. Sick leave does not accumulate for District employees. Accordingly, there is no accumulated sick leave at year end.

L. Fund Equity

For government-wide financial statements net assets are classified and displayed in three components:

- Net invested in capital assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets, if any.
- Restricted net assets Consists of assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflow of resources with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributions or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net assets All other net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets."

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned, or unassigned.

- Non-spendable fund balance cannot be spent because of its form.
- Restricted fund balance has limitations imposed by creditors, grantors, or contributors or by enabling legislation or constitutional provisions.
- Committed fund balance is a limitation imposed by the Board through approval in minutes
- Assigned fund balances is a limitation imposed by a designee of the Board.
- Unassigned fund balance in the General Fund is the net resources in excess of what can be properly classified in one of the above four categories.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Note 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, (Continued)

L. Fund Equity (continued)

Negative unassigned fund balance in other governmental funds represents excess expenditures incurred over the amounts restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes.

Note 2 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposit balances at year end are as follows:

	Per Bank	Reported
Cash	\$105,273	\$90,823

State law requires that deposits be fully collateralized at all times. Acceptable collateralization includes FDIC insurance and the securities purchased and pledged to the political subdivision. Obligations of the United States, the State of Louisiana and certain political subdivisions are allowed as security for deposits. Obligations furnished, as security must be held by the District or with an unaffiliated bank or trust company for the account of the Terrebonne Parish Fire District No. 9. Under the provision of GASB, pledged securities, which are not in the name of the governmental unit, are considered uncollateralized.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, deposits may not be returned to it. At year end none of the bank balance was exposed to custodial credit risk.

Even though the pledged securities are considered subject to custodial credit risk under the provisions of GASB Statement 40, Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1229 imposes a statutory requirement on the custodial bank to advertise and sell the pledged securities within 10 days of being notified by the depositor that the fiscal agent has failed to pay deposited funds upon demand.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Note 2 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Investments:

Investment balances and maturities at year end are as follows:

Investment Type	As Reported	Fair Value	Maturity
Louisiana Asset Management Pool (LAMP)	\$1,033,471	\$1,033,471	Less than one year

Interest rate risk inherent in the portfolio is measured by monitoring the segmented time distribution of the investments in the portfolio. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party.

Investments in external investment pools are not exposed to custodial credit risk because of their natural diversification and the diversification required by the Securities and Exchange Commission. LAMP, a local government investment pool, is administered by LAMP, Inc., a non-profit corporation organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, which was formed by an initiative of the State Treasurer in 1993. While LAMP is not required to be a registered investment company under the Investment Company Act of 1940, its investment policies are similar to those established by Rule 2-a7, which governs registered money market funds.

The primary objective of LAMP is to provide a safe environment for the placement of public funds in short-term, high quality investments. The LAMP portfolio includes only securities and other obligations in which local governments in Louisiana are authorized to invest. Accordingly, LAMP investments are restricted to securities issued, guaranteed, or back by the U.S. Treasury, the U.S. Government, or one of its agencies, enterprises, or instrumentalities, as well as repurchase agreements collateralized by those securities. The dollar weighted average portfolio maturity of LAMP assets is restricted to not more than 90 days, and consists of no securities with maturity in excess of 397 days.

The fair value of investments is determined on a weekly basis to monitor any variances between amortized cost and fair value. For purposes of determining participants' shares, investments are valued at amortized cost, which approximates fair value. LAMP is designed to be highly liquid to give its participants immediate access to their account balances. LAMP has a Standard & Poor's Rating of AAAm.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Note 3 PROPERTY TAX REVENUE

Property taxes are levied each November 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real property, merchandise and movable property located in the Parish. Assessed valued are established by the Terrebonne Parish Assessor's Office and the State Tax Commission at percentages of actual value as specified by Louisiana law. A reevaluation of all property is required to be completed no less than every four years. The last reevaluation was completed for the list of January 1, 2020. Taxes are due and payable December 31 with interest being charged on payments after January 1. Taxes can be paid through the tax sale date, which is the last Wednesday in June. Properties for which the taxes have not been paid are sold for the amount of the taxes.

The tax rate for the year ended December 31, 2020 on which the 2021 assessment was \$15.00 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation on property within Terrebonne Parish Fire District No. 9 for constructing, maintaining and operating fire protection facilities within the District and paying the cost of obtaining water for fire protection purposes. The assessed values of real property upon which 2021 property tax were based was \$27,202,253.

Note 4 PROPERTY TAXES RECEIVABLE - DUE FROM TAX COLLECTOR

The Terrebonne Parish Sheriff collects and remits property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts in their respective jurisdictions. Property taxes receivable represents real property taxes, and outstanding delinquencies which are measurable as of December 31, 2021 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. In the governmental funds, the current portion receivable has been offset by deferred revenue since the current taxes were not levied to finance 2021 operations and the collection of delinquent taxes has been offset by a deferred inflow of resources since the collection of the taxes during the available period is not subject to reasonable estimation. On a modified accrual basis the revenue is reported as a deferred inflow of resources.

The amount that was collected in December but not yet remitted to the District is considered due from the tax collector; the remaining amount of the total deferred levy is recorded as a property tax receivable. The entire levy is reported as a deferred inflow of resources of \$408,035.

The tax rate for the year 2021 levy – for revenue to be recognized in 2022 was 15 mills of assessed valuation on property within the District for the purpose of providing fire protection within the District. The assessed values of real property upon which the 2021 property tax levy is based on is \$30,280,303.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Note 5 CAPITAL ASSETS

Information about capital assets and depreciation for the year are summarized as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions & Adjustments	Ending Balance
NON-DEPRECIABLE ASSETS:				
Land	\$51,000			\$51,000
DEPRECIABLE ASSETS:				
Buildings & Improvements	\$789,575	\$49,100	90	\$838,675
Machinery & Equipment, Furniture & Vehicles	2,433,808	15,117	(33,540)	2,482,465
Total Cost of depreciable assets	3,223,383	64,217	(33,540)	3,321,140
Total Cost of Assets	3,274,383	10		3,372,140
ACCUMULATE	D DEPRECIATION:			
Buildings & Improvements	425,592	28,312		453,904
Machinery & Equipment, Furniture & Vehicles	1,344,031	132,016	(33,540)	1,509,587
Total accumulated depreciation	1,769,623	160,328	(33,540)	1,963,491
Net depreciable assets	\$1,453,760			\$1,357,649
Total capital assets, net	\$1,504,760			\$1,408,649

Depreciation Expense of \$160,328 was recorded in the governmental activities.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Note 6 POST EMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFITS

The District has implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 75 which increases the reporting and disclosure requirements for other post-employment benefits (OPEB). The standards require state and local governments to recognize net OPEB liabilities directly in their financial statements, as a means of more effectively disclosing exactly what these benefits are meant to provide. Plan information, including actuarial valuation information and funding status, can be found in the annual financial report of Terrebonne Parish Consolidated Government.

Plan Description. The TPCG administers a single employer defined benefit healthcare plan (the Plan). The Plan provides for the payment of medical, dental and life insurance premiums to eligible employees, retirees and their dependents as approved by the Board of Commissioners. The District funds the entire premium for all benefits on all employees.

District employees retiring with at least ten years of permanent fill-time creditable service with the District shall be eligible to participate in the Plan approved by the Board of Commissioners under the following vesting schedule: 1 to 15 years of service, 2.75% per year; 16 to 20 years of service, 41.25 % plus 3.75% per year of service between 16 and 20; 21 years or more f service, 60% plus 5% per year of service over 21, limited to 85% of the premium. A retired employee may provide dependent hospitalization coverage at applicable dependent rates.

Terrebonne Parish Consolidated Government contracts with an actuarial consultant to provide an actuarial valuation of the OPEB liability under GASB Statement 75, which requires at least biennial valuations for plans with membership over 200, unless significant changes since the last valuation. The most recent OPEB liability actuarial valuation was completed for the plan year that ended December 31, 2021.

Benefits Provided. The Parish maintains the following benefits covering eligible active and retire employees and their dependents.

- Self-funded health coverage
 - o Standard plan
 - o Premium plan
- Self-funded dental coverage
- Fully insured group term life insurance
- Beginning January 1, 2019, a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan for Medicare-eligible retirees

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Note 6 POST EMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFITS (continued)

For hire dates prior to January 1, 2013, to be eligible for coverage after retirement, employees were required to have ten years of service with the Parish and be eligible for retirement under one of the state retirement systems.

Effective for all employees hired on or after January 1, 2013, the Parish changed the eligibility requirements. For MPERS and FRS employees, benefits will be available to those eligible with twenty-five years of service and age 55. For all other employees, a retiring employee must have thirty years of service and age 55.

For employees who were hired prior to January 1, 2013 and retired prior to 2005, the Parish implemented a contribution structure that varies based on the years of service at retirement. The current Parish subsidy percentages vary between 10 years of service of 27.50% and 25+ years of 80%. For those who retired after 2005, the Parish subsidy is 80%.

Employees covered by benefit terms. At December 31, 2020, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the plan:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	249
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	-
Active employees	930
	1,179

Contribution Rates. Employees do not contribute to their post-employment benefits costs until they become retirees and begin receiving those benefits. The plan provisions and contribution rates are contained in the official plan documents.

Total OPEB Liability. The District's total OPEB liability of \$236,226 measured as of December 31, 2021 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Note 6 POST EMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFITS (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions and other inputs.

The total OPEB liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Measurement Date December 31, 2021 Actuarial Valuation Date January 1, 2020

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases 3.00 including inflation

Discount rate 1.84%, Prior year discount rate 2.00%

The discount rate was based on December 31, 2021 Fidelity General Obligation AA 20-Year Yield. Mortality rates for active employees were based on the PubG.H-2010 (general) and PubS.H-2010 (public safety) Employee Mortality Table, Generational with Projection Scale MP-2021 for males or females, as appropriate.

Mortality rates for retirees were based on the PubG.H-2010 (general) and PubS.H-2010 (public safety) Healthy Retiree Mortality Tables, Generational with Projection Scale MP-2021 for males or females, as appropriate.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability (Asset). The table below reflects the Net Other Post-employment Benefit (OPEB) Obligation (Asset):

Beginning Net OPEB Obligation 12/31/2020	\$224,820
Service Cost	5,366
Interest	4,646
Changes of benefit terms	5,643
Differences between expected and actual experience	(758)
Changes in assumptions	2,629
Benefit payments	(6,120)
Net Change in OPEB Obligation	11,406
Ending Net OPEB Obligation 12/31/2021	\$236,226

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Note 6 POST EMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFITS (continued)

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate and healthcare trend rates. The following presents the total OPEB liability, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.00%) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.00%) than the current discount rate.

		•	1.0% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1.0% Increase
Total OPEB lia	ability	\$	284,142	\$236,226	\$198,787
Healthcare Trend Rates	Cost	\$	192,724	\$236,226	\$294,967

The District's proportionate share of the aggregate plan OPEB expense (benefit) was \$9,146.

	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 3,500	\$(21,843)
Assumption changes	22,971	(19,781)
Deferred Amounts	55,587	•
Total	\$82,058	\$(41,624)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Years ending I	December	31:
----------------	----------	-----

2022	\$7,483
2023	\$7,483
2024	\$399
2025	\$1,580
Thereafter	\$0

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Note 7 FIREFIGHTERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM

GASB Statement No. 68 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions requires governments providing defined benefit pensions to recognize their long-term obligation for pension benefits as a liability for the first time, and to more comprehensively and comparably measure the annual costs of pension benefits.

PLAN DESCRIPTION – The District contributes to the Firefighters' Retirement System of Louisiana (FRS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit public retirement system, which is controlled and administered by a separate Board of Trustees. The System provides retirement, deferred and disability benefits, survivor's benefits and cost of living adjustments to plan members and beneficiaries. Act 434 of the 1979 Louisiana Legislative Session established the plan. The System is governed by Louisiana R.S. 11:2251 – 11:2269, specifically, and other general laws of the State.

The System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. The report may be obtained by writing to Firefighters' Retirement System of Louisiana, 2051 Silverside Dr., Suite 210, Baton Rouge, LA 70808-4136 or at their website http://www.lafirefightersret.com.

ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS – Any person who becomes an employee as defined in R.S. 11:2252 on and after January 1, 1980 shall become a member as a condition of employment. Members in the System consist of full-time firefighters, eligible employees of the retirement system, or any person in a position as defined in the municipal fire and police civil service system that earns at least \$375 per month, excluding state supplemental pay, and is employed by a fire department of any municipality, parish, or fire protection district of the State of Louisiana, except for Orleans Parish and the City of Baton Rouge. No person who has attained age fifty or over shall become a member of the System, unless the person becomes a member by reason of a merger or unless the System received an application for membership before the applicant attained the age of fifty. No person who has not attained the age of eighteen years shall become a member of the System.

Any person who has retired from service under any retirement system or pension fund maintained basically for public officers and employees of the state, its agencies or political subdivisions, and who is receiving retirement benefits therefrom may become a member of this System, provided the person meets all other requirements for membership. Service credit from the retirement system or pension plan from which the member is retired shall not be used for reciprocal recognition of service with this System, or for any other purpose in order to attain eligibility or increase the amount of service credit in this System.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

NOTE 7 FIREFIGHTERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (continued)

RETIREMENT BENEFITS – Employees with 20 or more years of service who have attained age 50, or employees who have 12 years of service who have attained age 55, or 25 years of service at any age are entitled to annual pension benefits equal to 3.333% of their average final compensation based on the 36 consecutive months of highest pay multiplied by their total years of service, not to exceed 100%. Employees may elect to receive their pension benefits in the form of a joint and survivor annuity.

If employees terminate before rendering 12 years of service, they forfeit the right to receive the portion of their accumulated plan benefits attributable to their employer's contributions. Benefits are payable over the employees' lives in the form of a monthly annuity. An employee may elect an unreduced benefit or any of seven options at retirement. See R.S. 11:2256(A) for additional details on retirement benefits.

DISABILITY BENEFITS – A member who acquires a disability, and who files for disability benefits while in service, and who upon medical examination and certification as provided for in Title 11, is found to have a total disability solely as the result of injuries sustained in the performance of his official duties, or for any cause, provided the member has at least five ears of creditable service and provided that the disability was incurred while the member was an active contributing member in active service, shall be entitled to disability benefits under the provisions of R.S. 11:2258(B).

DEATH BENEFITS – Benefits shall be payable to the surviving eligible spouse or designated beneficiary of a deceased member as specified in R.S. 11:2256(B) & (C).

DEFERRED RETIREMENT OPTION PLAN (DROP) – After completing 20 years of creditable service and age 50 or 25 years at any age, a member may elect to participate in the deferred retirement option plan (DROP) for up to 36 months.

Upon commencement of participation in the DROP employer and employee contributions to the System cease. The monthly retirement benefit that would have been payable is paid into the DROP plan account. Upon termination of employment, a participant in the program shall receive, at his option, a lump-sum payment from the account or an annuity based on the DROP plan account balance in addition to his regular monthly benefit. If employment is not terminated at the end of the 36 months, the participant resumes regular contributions to the System. No payments may be made from the DROP account until the participant retires.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

NOTE 7 FIREFIGHTERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (continued)

INITIAL BENEFIT OPTION PLAN – Effective June 16, 1999, members eligible to retire and who do not choose to participate in DROP may elect to receive, at the time of retirement, an initial benefit option (IBO) in an amount up to 36 months of benefits, with an actuarial reduction of their future benefits. Such amounts may be withdrawn or remain in the IBO account earning interest at the same rate as the DROP account.

EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS – Employer contributions are actuarially determined each year. For the period July 1, 2020 to June 30, 2021, employer and employee contributions for members above the poverty line were 32.25% and 10.00% respectively, and for members below the poverty line were 34.25% and 8.00% respectively.

NON-EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS – The System also receives insurance premium tax monies as additional employer contributions. The tax is considered support from a non-contributing entity and appropriated by the legislature each year based on an actuarial study. Non-employer contributions are recognized as revenue during the year ended June 30, 2021 and were excluded from pension expense. Non-employer contributions received by the System was \$28,567,787 and for the District were \$12,829.

PENSION LIABILITIES, PENSION EXPENSE, AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS AND INFLOWS OF RESOURCES - As of December 31, 2021, the District reported liabilities in the GWFS of \$159,144 in its governmental activities for is proportionate share of the net pension liabilities of the System. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension obligation was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the long-term contributions to the plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2021, the District's proportional share of the System was .044907% which was an increase of .000943% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

For the year ended December 31, 2021 the District recognized a pension expense of \$14,873 in its governmental activities related to its participation in the System.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

NOTE 7 FIREFIGHTERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (continued)

At December 31, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

FFRS	Deferred outflows of resources	Deferred inflows of resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$2,271	\$(14,291)
Investment earnings	-	(96,578)
Changes in assumption	34,485	-
Changes in proportion	23,738	(15,934)
Subsequent to measurement date employer contributions	18,002	
Totals	\$78,496	\$(126,803)

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions after the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year	ended
December 31:	_
2022	\$(15,781)
2023	(15,781)
2024	(18,493)
2025	(16,254)
	\$(66,309)

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

NOTE 7 FIREFIGHTERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (continued)

ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS - The total pension liabilities in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurements:

	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>
Valuation Date	June 30, 2021
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal
Actuarial cost assumptions:	
Expected remaining service	
lives	7 years, closed period
Investment rate of return	6.9% per annum
Inflation rate	2.50% per annum
Salary increases	Vary from 14.10% in the first two years of service to 5.20% with 3 or more years
	For the purpose of determining the present value of benefits, COLAs were deemed not to be substantively automatic and only those previously granted were
Cost of Living Adjustments	included

The mortality rate assumptions was set equal to the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Table for Safety Below-Median Employees.

The estimated long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation, 2.50%.

TERREBONNE PARISH FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT NO. 9

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

NOTE 7 FIREFIGHTERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (continued)

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major class includes in the System's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2021, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Type	Target Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Equities-US Equity	27.50%	5.86%
Equities-Non-US Equity	11.50%	6.44%
Equities-Global Equity	10.00%	6.40%
Equity – Emerging Market	7.00%	8.64%
Fixed Income-US Core	18.00%	.97%
Fixed Income-U.S. TIPS	3.00%	.40%
Fixed Income-Emerging	5.00%	2.75%
Market Debt		
Multi-Asset Strategies-	0.00%	4.17%
Global Tactical		
Multi-Asset Strategies-Risk	0.00%	4.17%
Parity		
Alternatives-Real Estate	6.00%	5.31%
Alternatives-Real Assets	3.00%	***
Alternatives-Private Equity	9.00%	9.53%
Totals	100.00%	
Discount Rate		6.9%

SENSITIVITY OF THE CHANGES IN DISCOUNT RATE - The following presents the net pension liabilities of the participating employers calculated using the discount rate as well as what the employers' net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate as of June 30, 2021.

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease 6.00%	Discount Rate 6.9%	Increase 8.00%
Net Pension Liability	\$305,306	\$159,144	\$37,246

TERREBONNE PARISH FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT NO. 9

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Note 8 RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to workers' compensation; torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters; and group health benefits for which the District carries commercial insurance and also participates in the Parish's risk management program for workers' compensation and group health. No settlements were made during the year that exceeded the District's insurance coverage. The premiums for workers' compensation are based on a fixed percentage of payroll. The premiums for group insurance are based on a fixed rate per employee.

Note 9 COMPENSATION OF BOARD MEMBERS

The following amounts were paid to Board Members:

Michael Armit, Sr.		\$ 330
Terry Breaux		360
Lynn Giroir		360
Riley Gros		360
	Total	\$ 1,410

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

Budget Comparison Schedule - General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Tot the Total		Duda	Variance Favorable			
	,	Budg	•	A =4=1		-
REVENUES -		Original	Final	Actual	(Uni	avorable)
	•	454.005	a 400 700	0 400 740	•	40
Property Taxes	\$	454,205	\$ 420,700	\$ 420,713	\$	13
Intergovernmental - State		40.500	44 455	44 499		
State Revenue Sharing		10,500	11,477	11,477		- (2)
Fire Insurance Rebate		9,900	9,850	9,847		(3)
Interest		7,600	2,300	2,304		4
TOTAL REVENUES		482,205	444,327	444,341		14
EXPENDITURES						
General government - current:						
Ad valorem tax adjustments		15,500	15,500	15,428		72
Public safety - current:		10,000	10,000	10, 120		, _
Personal Services		281,280	277,365	241,779		35,586
Supplies and Materials		27,500	29,500	24,878		4,622
Other Services and Charges		101,000	95,800	129,283		(33,483)
Repairs and Maintenance		48,000	48,000	39,821		8,179
Total public safety - current		457,780	450,665	435,761		14,904
Capital expenditures		42,000	170,500	64,217	- —	106,283
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		515,280	636,665	515,406		21,259
TOTAL EXILENSITORES		010,200_	000,000	010,100		.21,200
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Compensation for property damages		_	-	192,897	1	192,897
compensation for property damages				102,001		102,007
NET OUT OF IN FINIS BUT ANDS		(00.075)	(400.000)	404.000		74.050
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(33,075)	(192,338)	121,832		71,652
FUND BALANCES						
Beginning of year		980,032	1,016,375_	1,016,479		104_
End of year		\$946,957	\$824,037	\$1,138,311	{	71,756

Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability

	**Year	Employer Proportion of the	Employe Proportion Share of Net Pensi	nate the		nployer's Covered	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of
	Ended	Net Pension	Liability (As	reat\	=.	nployee	Empleyee	the Total
	aca	MEL LEUSION	LIADIIILY (A	33CL/		libiolee	Employee	the Total
	June 30	Liability (Asset)	(a)	99 0 1)		iipioyee iyroll (b)	Payroll (a/b)	Pension Liability
ı			(a)	144			• •	Pension Liability
l	June 30	Liability (Asset) 0.044907%	(a) \$ 159		Pa	yroll (b)	Payroll (a/b)	Pension Liability 86.78%
	June 30 2021	0.044907% 0.043964%	(a) \$ 159 \$ 304	,144 ,739	Pa \$	yroll (b) 100,638	Payroll (a/b) 158%	Pension Liability
	June 30 2021 2020	0.044907% 0.043964% 0.040194%	(a) \$ 159 \$ 304 \$ 251	,144 ,739	\$ \$	100,638 109,913	Payroll (a/b) 158% 277%	Pension Liability
	June 30 2021 2020 2019	0.044907% 0.043964% 0.040194%	(a) \$ 159 \$ 304 \$ 251 \$ 250	,144 ,739 ,691	\$ \$ \$	100,638 109,913 97,144	Payroll (a/b) 158% 277% 259%	Pension Liability 86.78% 72.61% 73.96% 74.80%
	June 30 2021 2020 2019 2018	0.044907% 0.043964% 0.040194% 0.043538% 0.041994%	(a) \$ 159 \$ 304 \$ 251 \$ 250 \$ 240	,144 ,739 ,691 ,434	\$ \$ \$	100,638 109,913 97,144 103,657	Payroll (a/b) 158% 277% 259% 242%	Pension Liability 86.78% 72.61% 73.96% 74.80% 73.50%

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Notes to Retirement System Schedules:

Changes of Benefit Terms

6/30/2016 NO CHANGE

6/30/2017 NO CHANGE

6/30/2018 NO CHANGE

6/30/2019 NO CHANGE

6/30/2020 NO CHANGE

6/30/2021 NO CHANGE

Changes of Assumptions

Changes of	Assumptions		Discount		
			rate-		Expecting
	Actuarial cost		Investment		remaining service
	method	Inflation rate	ROR	Salary increases	
	ctilod	iiiideidii idee	7.0.1	vary from	
				15.0% in first	
				two years to	
				4.75% with 25	
6/30/2015	Entry Age Normal	2.875%	7.50%	or more years	7 years
6/30/2016	Entry Age Normal	2.875%	7.50%	no change	7 years
6/30/2017	Entry Age Normal	2.775%	7.40%	no change	7 years
6/30/2018	Entry Age Normal	2.700%	7.30%	no change	7 years
				vary from	
				14.75% in first	
ì				two years to	
			!	4.50% with 25	
6/30/2019	Entry Age Normal	2.500%	7.15%		7 years
				14.10% in first	
				two years to	
				5.20% with 3 or	7 years, closed
6/30/2020	Entry Age Normal	2.50%	7.00%		period
				14.10% in first	
]				two years to	
				5.20% with 3 or	7 years, closed
6/30/2021	Entry Age Normal	2.50%	6.90%	more years	period

^{**} The amounts presented have a measurement date of June 30th

Schedule of Employer Contributions

**Year Ended June 30	Statutorily Required Contribution	ir	Contributions in Relation to Statutorily Required Contribution				Agency's covered Employee Payroll	Contributions as a % of Covered Employee Payroll	
2021	\$ 36,326	\$	36,326	\$	-	\$	100,638	36.10%	
2020	\$ 30,373	\$	30,501	\$	(128)	\$	109,913	27.75%	
2019	\$ 25,743	\$	25,743	\$\$	-	\$	97,144	26.50%	
2018	\$ 27,459	\$	27,469	\$	(10)	\$	103,657	26.50%	
2017		\$	25,548	\$	-	\$	91,600	27.89%	
2016	\$ 25,692	\$	25,692	\$	-	\$	123,028	20.88%	
2015	\$ 27,893	\$	27,893	\$	-	\$	100,654	27.71%	

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Notes to Retirement System Schedules:

Changes of Benefit Terms

6/30/2016 NO CHANGE 6/30/2017 NO CHANGE 6/30/2018 NO CHANGE 6/30/2019 NO CHANGE 6/30/2020 NO CHANGE 6/30/2021 NO CHANGE

Chanaes of Assumptions

Changes of As	sumptions				
			Discount rate-		Expecting
	Actuarial cost		Investment		remaining service
	method	Inflation rate	ROR	Salary increases	lives
				vary from	
			,	15.0% in first	
	ĺ		'	two years to	
				4.75% with 25	
6/30/2015	Entry Age Normal	2.88%	7.50%	or more years	7 years
6/30/2016	Entry Age Normal	2.88%	7.50%	no change	7 years
6/30/2017	Entry Age Normal	2.78%	7.40%	no change	7 years
6/30/2018	Entry Age Normal	2.70%	7.30%		7 years
				vary from	
				14.75% in first	
				two years to	
				4.50% with 25	
6/30/2019	Entry Age Normal	2.500%	7.15%		7 years
				14.10% in first	
				two years to	
				5.20% with 3 or	7 years, closed
6/30/2020	Entry Age Normal	2.50%	7.00%		period
				14.10% in first	
	ł			two years to	
				5.20% with 3 or	7 years, closed
6/30/2021	Entry Age Normal	2.50%	6.90%	more years	period

^{**} The amounts presented have a measurement date of June 30th

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

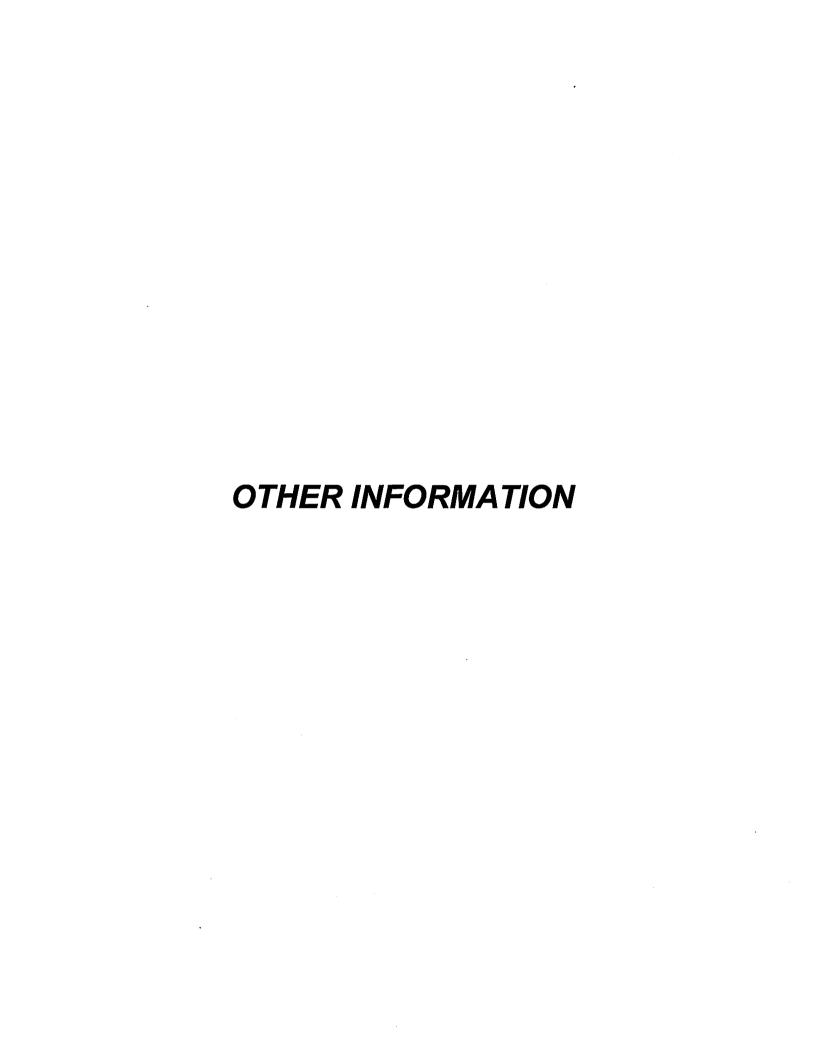
Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

Measurement Date Actuarial Valuation Date	December 31, 2018 January 1, 2018	December 31, 2019 January 1, 2018	December 31, 2020 January 1, 2020	December 31, 2021 January 1, 2020
Total OPEB Liability	2018	2019	2020	2021
Service Cost	\$ 7,115	\$ 3,324	\$ 6,609	\$ 5,366
Interest	\$ 10,368	\$ 4,531	\$ 7,617	\$ 4,646
Change in benefit terms	\$ (155,427)	\$ 10,541	\$ 60,122	\$ 5,643
Differences between expected and actual experi-	\$ (1,538)	\$ 6,656	\$ (33,356)	\$ (758)
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	\$ (10,729)	\$ 39,688	\$ (23,995)	\$ 2,629
	\$ (4,313)	(5,484)	\$ (5,177)	\$ (6,120)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	\$ (154,524)	\$ 59,256	\$ 11,820	\$ 11,406
_				
Total OPEB Liability-beginning	\$ 308,268	\$ 153,744	\$ 213,000	\$ 224,820
Total OPEB Liability-ending	\$ 153,744	\$ 213,000	\$ 224,820	\$ 236,226
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 126,392	\$ 131,717	\$ 133,252	\$ 158,268
Total OPEB Liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	121.64%	161.71%	168.72%	149.26%

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Notes to Retirement System Schedules:

Changes of Benefit Terms.	No changes		Effective 1/1/2019, a Medicare Advantage Plan was introduced as an option for eligible retirees.	Effective 1/1/2019, a Medicare Advantage Plan was introduced as an option for eligible retirees.	Effective 1/1/2019, a Medicare Advantage Plan was introduced as an option for eligible retirees.
Changes of Assumptions.					
effects of changes in the discount rate each period.					
Inflation	NOT LISTED		2.500%	2.500%	2.500%
Salary Increases, including inflation		3.000%	3.000%	3.000%	3.000%
Discount rate		3.710%	2.750%	2.000%	1.840%
Mortality Rate Scale		MP-2018	MP-2019	MP-2020	PubS.H-2010



Schedule of Compensation, Benefits and Other Payments to Agency Head For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Agency Head Name: Anthony Bercegeay, District Fire Chief

Purpose	Amount
Salary	\$14,307
Benefits-insurance	\$0
Benefits-retirement	\$0
Deferred compensation (contributions made by the agency)	\$0
Benefits-other (describe)	\$0
Car allowance	\$0
Vehicle provided by government (enter amount reported on W-2 adjusted for various	
fiscal years)	\$0
Cell phone	\$0
Dues	\$0
Vehicle rental	\$0
Per diem/Call Out Pays	\$75
Reimbursements	\$0
Travel	\$0
Registration fees	\$0
Conference travel	\$0
Housing	\$0
Unvouchered expenses (expample: travel advances, etc.)	\$0
Special meals	\$0
Other (including payments made by other parties on behalf of the agency head)	\$0

This form is used to satisfy the supplemental reporting requirement of R.S. 24:513(A)(3)

REPORTS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS



STAGNI & COMPANY, LLC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS & CONSULTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Commissioners, Of the Terrebonne Parish Fire District No. 9 Houma, LA

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Terrebonne Parish Fire District No. 9, a component unit of the Terrebonne Parish Consolidated Government as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents and have issued our report thereon dated May 14, 2022.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency or combination of deficiencies in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

To the Board of Commissioners Terrebonne Parish Fire District No. 9 Page 2

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Stagni & Company

May 14, 2022 Thibodaux, Louisiana



TERREBONNE PARISH FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT No. 9

Statewide Agreed Upon Procedures Report With Schedule of Findings and Management's Responses

> As of and for the Year Ending December 31, 2021



STAGNI & COMPANY, LLC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS & CONSULTANTS

AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES REPORT

Terrebonne Parish Fire District #9

Independent Accountant's Report On Applying Agreed-Upon Procedures

For the Period January 1, 2021 - December 31, 2021

To Mr. Terry Breaux, Chairman Board of Commissioners Terrebonne Parish Fire District #9 and Louisiana Legislative Auditor:

We have performed the procedures enumerated below, which were agreed to by Terrebonne Parish Fire District #9 (District) and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor (LLA) on the control and compliance (C/C) areas identified in the LLA's Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures (SAUPs) for the fiscal period January 1, 2021 through December 31, 2021. The District's management is responsible for those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs.

The District has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate to meet the intended purpose of the engagement, which is to perform specified procedures on the C/C areas identified in LLA's SAUPs for the fiscal period January 1, 2021 through December 31, 2021. Additionally, LLA has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate for its purposes. This report may not be suitable for any other purpose. The procedures performed may not address all the items of interest to a user of this report and may not meet the needs of all users of this report and, as such, users are responsible for determining whether the procedures performed are appropriate for their purposes.

The procedures and associated results are as follows:

Written Policies and Procedures

- Obtain and inspect the entity's written policies and procedures and observe that they address each of the following categories and subcategories if applicable to public funds and the entity's operations:
 - a) **Budgeting**, including preparing, adopting, monitoring, and amending the budget
 - b) **Purchasing**, including (1) how purchases are initiated; (2) how vendors are added to the vendor list; (3) the preparation and approval process of purchase requisitions and purchase orders; (4) controls to ensure compliance with the Public Bid Law; and (5) documentation required to be maintained for all bids and price quotes.

- c) **Disbursements**, including processing, reviewing, and approving.
- d) Receipts/Collections, including receiving, recording, and preparing deposits. Also, policies and procedures should include management's actions to determine the completeness of all collections for each type of revenue or agency fund additions (e.g. periodic confirmation with outside parties, reconciliation to utility billing after cutoff procedures, reconciliation of traffic ticket number sequences, agency fund forfeiture monies confirmation).
- e) **Payroll/Personnel**, including (1) payroll processing, (2) reviewing and approving time and attendance records, including leave and overtime worked, and (3) approval process for employee(s) rate of pay or approval and maintenance of pay rate schedules.
- f) **Contracting**, including (1) types of services requiring written contracts, (2) standard terms and conditions, (3) legal review, (4) approval process, and (5) monitoring process.
- g) Credit Cards (and debit cards, fuel cards, P-Cards, if applicable), including (1) how cards are to be controlled, (2) allowable business uses, (3) documentation requirements, (4) required approvers of statements, and (5) monitoring card usage (e.g., determining the reasonableness of fuel card purchases).
- h) *Travel and expense reimbursement*, including (1) allowable expenses, (2) dollar thresholds by category of expense, (3) documentation requirements, and (4) required approvers.
- Ethics, including (1) the prohibitions as defined in Louisiana Revised Statute (R.S.) 42:1111-1121, (2) actions to be taken if an ethics violation takes place, (3) system to monitor possible ethics violations, and (4) a requirement that documentation is maintained to demonstrate that all employees and officials were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy.
- j) **Debt Service**, including (1) debt issuance approval, (2) continuing disclosure/EMMA reporting requirements, (3) debt reserve requirements, and (4) debt service requirements.
- k) Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity, including (1) identification of critical data and frequency of data backups, (2) storage of backups in a separate physical location isolated from the network, (3) periodic testing/verification that backups can be restored, (4) use of antivirus software on all systems, (5) timely application of all available system and software patches/updates, and (6) identification of personnel, processes, and tools needed to recover operations after a critical event.
- I) **Sexual Harassment**, including R.S. 42:342-344 requirements for (1) agency responsibilities and prohibitions, (2) annual employee training, and (3) annual reporting.

Results: The policies of District address all the applicable functions listed with the exception of the following:

1) The District does not have a Debt Service policy; however, it does not currently have any debt. No exception noted.

Board or Finance Committee

2. Obtain and inspect the board/finance committee minutes for the fiscal period, as well as the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or equivalent document in effect during the fiscal period, and:



- a) Observe that the board/finance committee met with a quorum at least monthly, or on a frequency in accordance with the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or other equivalent document.
- b) For those entities reporting on the governmental accounting model, observe that the minutes referenced or included monthly budget-to-actual comparisons on the general fund, quarterly budget-to-actual, at a minimum, on proprietary funds, and semi-annual budget-to-actual, at a minimum, on all special revenue funds. Alternately, for those entities reporting on the nonprofit accounting model, observe that the minutes referenced or included financial activity relating to public funds if those public funds comprised more than 10% of the entity's collections during the fiscal period.
- c) For governmental entities, obtain the prior year audit report and observe the unassigned fund balance in the general fund. If the general fund had a negative ending unassigned fund balance in the prior year audit report, observe that the minutes for at least one meeting during the fiscal period referenced or included a formal plan to eliminate the negative unassigned fund balance in the general fund.

Results: There were no exceptions noted to any of these procedures.

Bank Reconciliations

- 3. Obtain a listing of entity bank accounts for the fiscal period from management and management's representation that the listing is complete. Ask management to identify the entity's main operating account. Select the entity's main operating account and randomly select 4 additional accounts (or all accounts if less than 5). Randomly select one month from the fiscal period, obtain and inspect the corresponding bank statement and reconciliation for each selected account, and observe that:
 - a) Bank reconciliations include evidence that they were prepared within 2 months of the related statement closing date (e.g., initialed and dated or electronically logged);
 - b) Bank reconciliations include evidence that a member of management/board member who does not handle cash, post ledgers, or issue checks has reviewed each bank reconciliation (e.g., initialed and dated, electronically logged); and
 - c) Management has documentation reflecting that it has researched reconciling items that have been outstanding for more than 12 months from the statement closing date, if applicable.

Results: We inspected the December 2021 bank statements and reconciliations and observed the evidence that they were prepared within 2 months of the statement closing date and evidence that a member of the board reviewed the bank reconciliation and statement. There were outstanding items over 12 months. No exceptions noted to any of these procedures.

Collections (excluding electronic funds transfers)

4. Obtain a listing of <u>deposit sites</u> for the fiscal period where deposits for cash/checks/money orders (cash) are prepared and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 deposit sites (or all deposit sites if less than 5).



- 5. For each deposit site selected, obtain a listing of <u>collection locations</u> and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one collection location for each deposit site (i.e. 5 collection locations for 5 deposit sites), obtain and inspect written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if no written policies or procedures, inquire of employees about their job duties) at each collection location, and observe that job duties are properly segregated at each collection location such that:
 - a) Employees that are responsible for cash collections do not share cash drawers/registers.
 - b) Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not responsible for preparing/making bank deposits, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling collection documentation (e.g. pre-numbered receipts) to the deposit.
 - c) Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not responsible for posting collection entries to the general ledger or subsidiary ledgers, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling ledger postings to each other and to the deposit.
 - d) The employee(s) responsible for reconciling cash collections to the general ledger and/or subsidiary ledgers, by revenue source and/or agency fund additions, are not responsible for collecting cash, unless another employee/official verifies the reconciliation.
- 6. Obtain from management a copy of the bond or insurance policy for theft covering all employees who have access to cash. Observe that the bond or insurance policy for theft was enforced during the fiscal period.
- 7. Randomly select two deposit dates for each of the 5 bank accounts selected for procedure #3 under "Bank Reconciliations" above (select the next deposit date chronologically if no deposits were made on the dates randomly selected and randomly select a deposit if multiple deposits are made on the same day). Alternately, the practitioner may use a source document other than bank statements when selecting the deposit dates for testing, such as a cash collection log, daily revenue report, receipt book, etc. Obtain supporting documentation for each of the 10 deposits and:
 - a) Observe that receipts are sequentially pre-numbered.
 - b) Trace sequentially pre-numbered receipts, system reports, and other related collection documentation to the deposit slip.
 - c) Trace the deposit slip total to the actual deposit per the bank statement.
 - d) Observe that the deposit was made within one business day of receipt at the collection location (within one week if the depository is more than 10 miles from the collection location or the deposit is less than \$100 and the cash is stored securely in a locked safe or drawer).
 - e) Trace the actual deposit per the bank statement to the general ledger.

Results: No exceptions noted to any of these procedures.

Non-Payroll Disbursements (excluding card purchases/payments, travel reimbursements, and petty cash purchases)

8. Obtain a listing of locations that process payments for the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 locations (or all locations if less than 5).



- 9. For each location selected under #8 above, obtain a listing of those employees involved with non-payroll purchasing and payment functions. Obtain written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if the agency has no written policies and procedures, inquire of employees about their job duties), and observe that job duties are properly segregated such that:
 - a) At least two employees are involved in initiating a purchase request, approving a purchase, and placing an order/making the purchase.
 - b) At least two employees are involved in processing and approving payments to vendors.
 - c) The employee responsible for processing payments is prohibited from adding/modifying vendor files, unless another employee is responsible for periodically reviewing changes to vendor files.
 - d) Either the employee/official responsible for signing checks mails the payment or gives the signed checks to an employee to mail who is not responsible for processing payments.
- 10. For each location selected under #8 above, obtain the entity's non-payroll disbursement transaction population (excluding cards and travel reimbursements) and obtain management's representation that the population is complete. Randomly select 5 disbursements for each location, obtain supporting documentation for each transaction and:
 - a) Observe that the disbursement matched the related original itemized invoice and that supporting documentation indicates that deliverables included on the invoice were received by the entity.
 - b) Observe that the disbursement documentation included evidence (e.g., initial/date, electronic logging) of segregation of duties tested under #9, as applicable.

c)

Results: No exceptions noted to any of these procedures.

Credit Cards/Debit Cards/Fuel Cards/P-Cards

11. Obtain from management a listing of all active credit cards, bank debit cards, fuel cards, and P-cards (cards) for the fiscal period, including the card numbers and the names of the persons who maintained possession of the cards. Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete.

Results: We obtained management's representation that there was one active credit card.

- 12. Using the listing prepared by management, randomly select 5 cards (or all cards if less than 5) that were used during the fiscal period. Randomly select one monthly statement or combined statement for each card (for a debit card, randomly select one monthly bank statement), obtain supporting documentation, and:
 - a) Observe that there is evidence that the monthly statement or combined statement and supporting documentation (e.g., original receipts for credit/debit card purchases, exception reports for excessive fuel card usage) was reviewed and approved, in writing (or electronically approved), by someone other than the authorized card holder. [Note: requiring such approval may constrain the legal authority of certain public officials (e.g., mayor of a Lawrason Act municipality); these instances should not be reported.)]
 - b) Observe that finance charges and late fees were not assessed on the selected statements.



- 1) **Finding:** We observed evidence of approval by someone other than the card holder. Finance charges and late fees were assessed on this credit card statement. No other exceptions were noted to these procedures.
- 13. Using the monthly statements or combined statements selected under #12 above, excluding fuel cards, randomly select 10 transactions (or all transactions if less than 10) from each statement, and obtain supporting documentation for the transactions (i.e. each card should have 10 transactions subject to testing). For each transaction, observe that it is supported by
 - (1) an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased,
 - (2) written documentation of the business/public purpose, and
 - (3) documentation of the individuals participating in meals (for meal charges only).

For missing receipts, the practitioner should describe the nature of the transaction and note whether management had a compensating control to address missing receipts, such as a "missing receipt statement" that is subject to increased scrutiny.

Results: No exceptions were noted in this area except for the following:

2) One credit card charge for radio communications was missing a receipt. It is a monthly fee billed directly to the credit card. No other exceptions were noted to these procedures.

Travel and Travel-Related Expense Reimbursements (excluding card transactions)

- 14. Obtain from management a listing of all travel and travel-related expense reimbursements during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing or general ledger is complete. Randomly select 5 reimbursements, obtain the related expense reimbursement forms/prepaid expense documentation of each selected reimbursement, as well as the supporting documentation. For each of the 5 reimbursements selected:
 - a) If reimbursed using a per diem, observe that the approved reimbursement rate is no more than those rates established either by the State of Louisiana or the U.S. General Services Administration (www.gsa.gov).
 - b) If reimbursed using actual costs, observe that the reimbursement is supported by an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased.
 - c) Observe that each reimbursement is supported by documentation of the business/public purpose (for meal charges, observe that the documentation includes the names of those individuals participating) and other documentation required by written policy (procedure #1h).
 - d) Observe that each reimbursement was reviewed and approved, in writing, by someone other than the person receiving reimbursement.

Results: The general ledger was reviewed for travel and travel-related expense reimbursements. None were noted.



Contracts

- 15. Obtain from management a listing of all agreements/contracts for professional services, materials and supplies, leases, and construction activities that were initiated or renewed during the fiscal period. Alternately, the practitioner may use an equivalent selection source, such as an active vendor list. Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 contracts (or all contracts if less than 5) from the listing, excluding the practitioner's contract, and:
 - a) Observe that the contract was bid in accordance with the Louisiana Public Bid Law (e.g., solicited quotes or bids, advertised), if required by law.
 - b) Observe that the contract was approved by the governing body/board, if required by policy or law (e.g. Lawrason Act, Home Rule Charter).
 - c) If the contract was amended (e.g. change order), observe that the original contract terms provided for such an amendment and that amendments were made in compliance with the contract terms (e.g. if approval is required for any amendment was approval documented).
 - d) Randomly select one payment from the fiscal period for each of the 5 contracts, obtain the supporting invoice, agree the invoice to the contract terms, and observe that the invoice and related payment agreed to the terms and conditions of the contract.
 e)

Results: No exceptions noted to any of these procedures.

Payroll and Personnel

- 16. Obtain a listing of employees and officials employed during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 employees or officials, obtain related paid salaries and personnel files, and agree paid salaries to authorized salaries/pay rates in the personnel files.
- 17. Randomly select one pay period during the fiscal period. For the 5 employees or officials selected under #16 above, obtain attendance records and leave documentation for the pay period, and:
 - a) Observe that all selected employees or officials documented their daily attendance and leave (e.g., vacation, sick, compensatory). (Note: Generally, officials are not eligible to earn leave and do not document their attendance and leave. However, if the official is earning leave according to a policy and/or contract, the official should document his/her daily attendance and leave.)
 - b) Observe that supervisors approved the attendance and leave of the selected employees or officials.
 - c) Observe that any leave accrued or taken during the pay period is reflected in the entity's cumulative leave records.
 - d) Observe that the rate paid to the employees or officials agree to the authorized salary/pay rate found within the personnel file.



- 18. Obtain a listing of those employees or officials that received termination payments during the fiscal period and management's representation that the list is complete. Randomly select two employees or officials, obtain related documentation of the hours and pay rates used in management's termination payment calculations and the entity policy on termination payments. Agree the hours to the employee or officials' cumulate leave records, agree the pay rates to the employee or officials' authorized pay rates in the employee or officials' personnel files, and agree the termination payment to entity policy.
- 19. Obtain management's representation that employer and employee portions of third-party payroll related amounts (e.g. payroll taxes, retirement contributions, health insurance premiums, garnishments, workers' compensation premiums, etc.) have been paid, and any associated forms have been filed, by required deadlines.

Results: No exceptions noted to any of these procedures.

Ethics

- 20. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from procedure #16 under "Payroll and Personnel" above obtain ethics documentation from management, and:
 - a. Observe that the documentation demonstrates each employee/official completed one hour of ethics training during the fiscal period.
 - b. Observe that the entity maintains documentation which demonstrates each employee and official were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy during the fiscal period, as applicable.

Finding: Documentation was maintained that 2 or the 5 Board Members had the required ethics training during the fiscal period. There were no changes to the ethics policies during the fiscal period.

Debt Service

- 21. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes and other debt instruments issued during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all debt instruments on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that State Bond Commission approval was obtained for each debt instrument issued.
- 22. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes outstanding at the end of the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one bond/note, inspect debt covenants, obtain supporting documentation for the reserve balance and payments, and agree actual reserve balances and payments to those required by debt covenants (including contingency funds, short-lived asset funds, or other funds required by the debt covenants).

Results: The District issued no debt during the fiscal year and has no outstanding debt at the end of the fiscal year; therefore this procedure is not applicable.



Fraud Notice

- 23. Obtain a listing of misappropriations of public funds and assets during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all misappropriations on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that the entity reported the misappropriation(s) to the legislative auditor and the district attorney of the parish in which the entity is domiciled.
- 24. Observe that the entity has posted on its premises and website, the notice required by R.S. 24:523.1 concerning the reporting of misappropriation, fraud, waste, or abuse of public funds.

Results: The District does not have a website, however the notice is posted on the premises as required by R.S. 24:523.1. No exceptions to these procedures were noted.

Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity

- 25. Perform the following procedures, verbally discuss the results with management, and report "We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management."
 - a. Obtain and inspect the entity's most recent documentation that it has backed up its critical data (if no written documentation, inquire of personnel responsible for backing up critical data) and observe that such backup occurred within the past week. If backups are stored on a physical medium (e.g., tapes, CDs), observe evidence that backups are encrypted before being transported.
 - b. Obtain and inspect the entity's most recent documentation that it has tested/verified that its backups can be restored (if no written documentation, inquire of personnel responsible for testing/verifying backup restoration) and observe evidence that the test/verification was successfully performed within the past 3 months.
 - c. Obtain a listing of the entity's computers currently in use, and their related locations, and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 computers and observe while management demonstrates that the selected computers have current and active antivirus software and that the operating system and accounting system software in use are currently supported by the vendor.

Results: We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management. No exceptions were noted.

Sexual Harassment

26. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from procedure #16 under "Payroll and Personnel" above, obtain sexual harassment training documentation from management, and observe that the documentation demonstrates each employee/official completed at least one hour of sexual harassment training during the calendar year.

Finding: There was no evidence that any of the officials completed sexual harassment training during the calendar year.



27. Observe that the entity has posted its sexual harassment policy and complaint procedure on its website (or in a conspicuous location on the entity's premises if the entity does not have a website).

Results: The District does have a sexual harassment policy or complaint procedure posted on its premises.

- 28. Obtain the entity's annual sexual harassment report for the current fiscal period, observe that the report was dated on or before February 1, and observe that it includes the applicable requirements of R.S. 42:344:
 - a. Number and percentage of public servants in the agency who have completed the training requirements;
 - b. Number of sexual harassment complaints received by the agency;
 - c. Number of complaints which resulted in a finding that sexual harassment occurred;
 - d. Number of complaints in which the finding of sexual harassment resulted in discipline or corrective action; and
 - e. Amount of time it took to resolve each complaint.

Finding: The District did not file an annual sexual harassment report; however, no incidents of harassment were noted during the fiscal year.

We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination or review, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion or conclusion, respectively, on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion or conclusion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of testing performed on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs, and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on control or compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the LLA as a public document.

Stagni & Company

Thibodaux, LA June 2, 2022

