## CAMERON PARISH RECREATION DISTRICT NO. 7 CREOLE, LOUISIANA

# ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' COMPILATION REPORT

Year Ended December 31, 2019

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### Management's Discussion and Analysis

Within this section of the Cameron Parish Recreation District No. 7, (District) annual financial report, the District's management is pleased to provide this narrative discussion and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019. The District's financial performance is discussed and analyzed within the context of the accompanying financial statements and disclosures following this section.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District's assets exceeded its liabilities by \$909,662 (net position) for the fiscal year reported.
- Total revenues of \$42,447 were short of total expenses of \$79,877 which resulted in a current year deficit of \$37,430, comparable to prior year's deficit of \$29,255.
- Total net position is comprised of the following:
  - (1) Net investment in capital assets of \$163,130 include property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation. There is no outstanding debt related to the purchase or construction of capital assets.
  - (2) Unrestricted net position of \$746,532 represent the portion available to maintain the District's continuing obligations to taxpayers and creditors.
- Overall, the District continues to maintain a strong financial position and is continuing to work to improve on this financial position.

The above financial highlights are explained in more detail in the "financial analysis" section of this document.

### **OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This Management's Discussion and Analysis document introduces the District's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements include: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the basic financial statements. The District also includes in this report additional information to supplement the basic financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The District's annual report includes two government-wide financial statements. These statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the District's overall financial status. Financial reporting at this level uses a perspective similar to that found in the private sector with its basis in accrual accounting and elimination or reclassification of activities between funds.

The first of these government-wide statements is the *Statement of Net Position*. This is the government-wide statement of position presenting information that includes all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District as a whole is improving or deteriorating. Evaluation of the overall health of the District would extend to other nonfinancial factors such as diversification of the taxpayer base, or the condition of District infrastructure in addition to the financial information provided in this report.

The second government-wide statement is the *Statement of Activities*, which reports how the District's net position changed during the current fiscal year. All current year revenues and expenses are included regardless of when cash is received or paid. An important purpose of the design of the statement of activities is to show the financial reliance of the District's distinct activities or functions on revenues provided by the District's taxpayers.

Both government-wide financial statements distinguish governmental activities of the District that are principally supported by tax and from activities that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges.

#### FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A fund is an accountability unit used to maintain control over resources segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses funds to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related laws and regulations. Within the basic financial statements, fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds rather than the District as a whole.

## The District has one kind of fund:

Governmental fund is reported in the fund financial statements and encompass the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, the focus is very different with fund statements providing a distinctive view of the District's governmental fund. These statements report short-term fiscal accountability focusing on the use of spendable resources and balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year. They are useful in evaluating annual financing requirements of governmental programs and the commitment of spendable resources for the near-term.

## Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Since the government-wide focus includes the long-term view, comparisons between these two perspectives may provide insight into the long-term impact of short-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund operating statement provide a reconciliation to assist in understanding the differences between these two perspectives.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The accompanying notes to the financial statements provide information essential to a full understanding of the government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### OTHER INFORMATION

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplemental information concerning the District's budget presentations. Budgetary comparison statements are included as "required supplemental information" for the general fund. This schedule demonstrates compliance with the District's adopted and final revised budget.

### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Over time, as year-to-year financial information is accumulated on a consistent basis, changes in net position may be observed and used to discuss the changing financial position of the District as a whole.

The District's net position at fiscal year-end is \$909,662. The following table provides a summary of the District's net position:

Annahai	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Assets: Current assets Capital assets, net Total assets	\$ 800,633 <u>163,130</u> 963,763	\$ 824,631 <u>176,562</u> 1,001,193
Deferred outflows of resources		
Liabilities: Current liabilities	54,101	54,101
Deferred inflows of resources		
Net position: Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted Total net position	163,130 <u>746,532</u> <u>\$ 909,662</u>	176,562 <u>770,530</u> <u>\$ 947.092</u>

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

The District continues to maintain a high current ratio. The current ratio compares current assets to current liabilities and is an indication of the ability to pay current obligations. The current ratio is 14.8 to 1 (15.2 to 1 for 2018). Net position decreased by \$37,430 for the current year. Note that approximately 18% (19% for 2018) of the net position is tied up in capital. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to its taxpayers.

The following table provides a summary of the District's changes in net position:

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>		
Revenues	\$ 42,447	\$ 48,706		
Expenses	<u>79,877</u>	<u>77,961</u>		
Change in Net Position	(37,430)	(29,255)		
Beginning Net Position	947,092	976,347		
Ending Net Position	\$ 909,662	<u>\$ 947.092</u>		

#### GOVERNMENTAL REVENUES

The District is heavily reliant on property taxes to support governmental operations. Property taxes provided 84% (86% for 2018) of the District's total revenues, excluding intergovernmental revenues. As a result, the general economy and the local businesses have a major impact on the District's revenue streams.

## **BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

The revenue side of the original budget was increased by \$8,344 this year over last year's actual. The expenditure side of the original budget was decreased by \$4,058 this year over last year's actual.

The budget was amended once to increase revenues by \$15,075, mainly due to ad valorem taxes and also to increase expenditures by \$7,009, mainly due to professional fees and supplies.

The budget revenues were less than of the actual by \$29,678, mainly due to ad valorem taxes. The budget expenditures were more than the actual by \$2,386, mainly due to payroll taxes and supplies.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS

The District's investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation as of December 31, 2019, was \$163,130. See Note C for additional information about changes in capital assets during the fiscal year and outstanding at the end of the year. The following table provides a summary of capital asset activity.

## Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

	2019	2018
Non-depreciable assets:		NOTE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PR
Land	\$ 12,450	\$ 12,450
Depreciable assets:		
Improvements	220,900	220,900
Equipment	5,408	5,408
Buildings	<u> 104,373</u>	<u>104,373</u>
Total depreciable assets	330,681	330,681
Less accumulated depreciation	<u> 180,001</u>	<u>166,569</u>
Book value-depreciable assets	<u>\$ 150,680</u>	<u>\$ 164,112</u>
Percentage depreciated	<u>.54</u> %	<u>50</u> %
Book value-all assets	<u>\$ 163,130</u>	<u>\$ 176,562</u>

### ECONOMIC CONDITIONS AFFECTING THE DISTRICT

Since the primary revenue stream for the District is property taxes, the District's property tax revenues are subject to changes in the economy. Since property taxes are considered an "elastic" revenue stream, tax collections are higher in a flourishing economy and are lower in a depressed economy.

## CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances, comply with finance-related laws and regulations, and demonstrate the District's commitment to public accountability. If you have any questions about this report or would like to request additional information, contact the District's Secretary, P.O. Box 294, Creole, LA 70632.



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February 24, 2021

Board of Commissioners Cameron Parish Recreation District No. 7 Creole, Louisiana

Management is responsible for the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and major fund of the Cameron Parish Recreation District No. 7, a component unit of the Cameron Parish Policy Jury, as of December 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Cameron Parish Recreation District No. 7's financial statements as listed in the table of contents in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have performed a compilation engagement in accordance with Statements on Standards for Accounting and Review Services promulgated by the Accounting and Review Services Committee of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. We did not audit or review the financial statements nor were we required to perform any procedures to verify the accuracy or completeness of the information provided by management. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion, a conclusion, nor provide any form of assurance on these financial statements.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the budgetary comparison schedule on page 3 through page 7 and page 27 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and, although not a required part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting and for placing the basic financial statements in appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Such information is the responsibility of management. The required supplementary information was subject to our compilation engagement. We have not audited or reviewed the required supplementary information and do not express an opinion, a conclusion, nor provide any assurance on such information.

The accompanying schedule of compensation, benefits, and other payments to the chief executive officer is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The information is the representation of management. The information was subject to our compilation engagement, but we have not audited or reviewed the supplemental information and, accordingly, do not express an opinion, a conclusion, nor provide any assurance on such information.

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Statement of Net Position

## December 31, 2019

ASSETS		
Cash	\$	161,398
Receivables		94,859
Prepaid expenses - Hurricane Ike		544,376
Capital assets:		
Land		12,450
Capital assets, net		150,680
Total assets	***************************************	963,763
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable		15,209
Unearned revenue		38,892
Total liabilities		54,101
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		***
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets		163,130
Net position - unrestricted	***************************************	746,532
	\$	909,662

## Statement of Activities

Year Ended December 31, 2019

<u>Activities</u>	Expenses			Program Revenues Charges for Operating Grants Services and Contributions		<u>Chanc</u>	iues (Expenses) and l <u>es in Net Assets</u> overnmental <u>Activities</u>		
Governmental Activities: General government	\$	79,877	\$	6,726	\$		\$	(73,151)	
			•	eneral Rever Property taxe				35,693 28	
					eral Revenue: Position	S		35,721 (37,430)	
			Ne	t Position, b	eginning		***************************************	947,092	
			Ne	et Position, e	nding		\$	909,662	

**FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 

## Balance Sheet - Governmental Fund

## December 31, 2019

	 2019	2018	
ASSETS Cash Receivable - ad valorem taxes, net Receivable - FEMA Total assets	\$ 161,398 38,009 56,850 256,257	\$	155,970 67,435 56,850 280,255
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	 	***************************************	<u>~</u>
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$ 256,257	\$	280,255
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Unearned revenue Total liabilties	\$ 15,209 38,892 54,101	\$	15,209 38,892 54,101
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	 -	***************************************	-
FUND BALANCES Unassigned	 202,156 202,156		226,154 226,154
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 256,257	\$	280,255

## Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet-Governmental Fund to the Statement of Net Position

December 31, 2019

Total fund balance for governmental fund at December 31, 2019			\$ 202,156
Total net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Those assets consist of:  Land  Capital assets, net of \$180,001 accumulated depreciation	\$	12,450 150,680	163,130
Difference between prepaid expenses-Hurricane Ike on modified accrual basis versus accrual basis		130,080	544,376
Total net position of governmental activities at December 31, 201	9		\$ 909,662

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Fund

## Year Ended December 31, 2019

	2019		2018	
REVENUES				
Ad valorem taxes (net)	\$	35,693	\$	42,062
Usage fees		6,726		6,491
Interest		28		28
Other income	***************************************	**	***************************************	125
TOTAL REVENUES		42,447		48,706
EXPENDITURES				
General Government				
Advertising		207		75
Insurance		6,673		6,532
Lifeguard expenses		875		798
Miscellaneous expenses		292		285
Professional fees		3,016		6,430
Repairs and maintenance		100		200
Salaries		24,299		20,608
Supplies-concessions		259		1,488
Supplies-other		21,268		15,003
Taxes-payroll		1,636		1,353
Utilities		7,820		8,336
Capital Outlay		. AMM		**
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	*************	66,445	***************************************	61,108
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER EXPENDITURES		(23,998)		(12,402)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING		226,154	<b>6330000000000</b>	238,556
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	202,156	\$	226,154

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance-Governmental Fund to the Statement of Activities

Year Ended December 31, 2019

Total net changes in fund balance at December 31, 2019 per Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance		\$	(23,998)
The change in net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.  Capital outlay which is considered expenditures on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance	\$ -		(42, 422)
Depreciation expense for the year ended December 31, 2019	(13,432)	Innessannessanne	(13,432)
Total changes in net position at December 31, 2019 per Statement of Activities		\$	(37,430)

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements

December 31, 2019

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Cameron Parish Recreation District No. 7 was created by the Cameron Parish Police Jury as authorized by Louisiana Revised Statute 33:4562. The District is governed by a board of seven commissioners who are appointed by the Cameron Parish Police Jury. The District owns and operates recreational facilities and engages in activities designed to encourage recreation and promote the general health and well being of youths of the community.

## 1. Reporting Entity

GASB Statement No. 14 established criteria for determining the governmental reporting entity and component units that should be included within the reporting entity. For financial reporting purposes, in conformance with GASB Statement No. 14, Cameron Parish Recreation District No. 7 includes all funds, account groups, et cetera, that are within the oversight responsibility of the Cameron Parish Recreation District No. 7.

As the governing authority, for reporting purposes, the Cameron Parish Police Jury is the financial reporting entity. The financial reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government, (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 14 established criteria for determining which component units should be considered part of the Cameron Parish Police Jury for financial reporting purposes. The basic criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is financial accountability.

The GASB has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. This criteria includes:

- 1. Appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and
  - a. The ability of the Cameron Parish Police Jury to impose its will on that organization and/or
  - b. The potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the Cameron Parish Police Jury.

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements

December 31, 2019

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

- Organizations for which the Cameron Parish Police Jury does not appoint a voting majority but are fiscally dependent on the Cameron Parish Police Jury.
- Organizations for which the reporting entity financial statements could be misleading if data of the organization is not included because of the nature of significance of the relationship.

Based upon the application of these criteria, Cameron Parish Recreation District No. 7 of is a component unit of the Cameron Parish Police Jury's reporting entity.

#### 2. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying basic financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with governmental accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The accompanying basic financial statements have been prepared in conformity with GASB Statement 34, "Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments", issued in June 1999.

## Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the District as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each of the functions of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of services offered by the District; and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirement of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid management by segregating transactions related to certain District functions and activities.

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements

December 31, 2019

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

A fund is defined as a separate fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The District has one fund, the General Fund, which is therefore considered its major fund.

## 3. Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

#### Measurement Focus

On the government-wide statement of net assets and the statement of activities, the activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus. In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.

#### Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities, the activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures (including capital outlay) generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements

December 31, 2019

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

#### 4. Cash

Cash includes amounts in demand deposits and time deposits with original maturities of 90 days or less. Under state law, the District may deposit funds in demand deposits, interest-bearing demand deposits, money market accounts, or time deposits with state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having their principal offices in Louisiana.

These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market. Under state law, these deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent. At December 31, 2019, the District had \$161,818 in deposits (collected bank balances), of which all is secured from risk by federal deposit insurance.

### 5. Budgets

A General Fund budget is adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

On or before the last meeting of the year, the budget is prepared by function an activity, and includes information on the past year, current year estimates and requested appropriations for the next fiscal year.

The proposed budget is presented to the government's Board of Commissioners for review. The board holds a public hearing and may add to, subtract from or change appropriations, but may not change the form of the budget. Any changes in the budget must be within the revenues and reserves estimate.

Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.

The budget was amended once during the year.

#### Accounts Receivable

Uncollectible amounts due for ad valorem taxes and other receivables of governmental funds are recognized as bad debts at the time information becomes available which would indicate that the particular receivable is not collectible.

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements

December 31, 2019

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

### 7. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated cost if historical is not available. Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the statement of activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the statement of net assets. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Buildings	40 years
Improvements	15 years
Equipment	5 years

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition.

#### 8. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### 9. Equity Classification

In the government-wide statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

a. Net investment in capital assets – Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements

December 31, 2019

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

- b. Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net position All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

In the fund statements, governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as restricted, assigned and unassigned.

- a. Restricted fund balance Includes fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes based on generally outside actions.
- b. Assigned fund balance Includes fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes based on internal (Board) actions.
- c. Unassigned fund balance Includes positive fund balance within the general fund which has not been classified within the above mentioned categories.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) amounts are available, expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first and then unrestricted. Expenditures incurred in the unrestricted fund balances shall be reduced first from the committed fund balance, then from the assigned fund balance and finally, the unassigned fund balance.

## 10. Long – Term Debt

Cameron Parish Recreation District No. 7 has no debt.

#### 11. Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through February 24, 2021, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

As a result of the spread of the COVID-19 coronavirus, economic uncertainties have arisen which may impact the District's ongoing operations; however, the extent and severity of the potential impact is unknown at this time.

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements

December 31, 2019

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

On August 27, 2020 Hurricane Laura made landfall in Southwest Louisiana as a Category 4 hurricane which was followed by Hurricane Delta on October 8, 2020. The full extent of damages to the District's facilities or effects on operations have not been determined.

## 12. Comparative Data

Comparative totals for the prior have been presented in the accompanying financial statements in order to provide an understanding of changes in the District's financial position and operations.

### NOTE B - AD VALOREM TAXES

For the year ended December 31, 2019, taxes were levied on taxable assessed valuations of \$13,111,769 at a millage of 3.00. Total taxes levied where \$39,337.

Property tax millage rates are adopted in July for the calendar year in which the taxes are levied and recorded. All taxes are due and collectible when the assessment rolls are filed on or before November 15<sup>th</sup> of the current year, and become delinquent after December 31<sup>st</sup>. Property taxes not paid by the end of February are subject to lien.

#### NOTE C - CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2019 follows:

	Beginning <u>Of Year</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	End of <u>Year</u>
Governmental activities:	A 40 450	•	<b>A</b>	A 40 400
Land	\$ 12,450	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 12,450
Improvements	220,900	-	-	220,900
Equipment	5,408	•	-	5,408
Buildings	<u>104,373</u>		-	<u>104,373</u>
Totals at historical cost	343,131		101	343,131
Less accumulated depreciation for				
Improvements	136,635	10,506	•	147,141
Equipment	6,203	316	-	6,519
Buildings	<u>23,731</u>	2,610	194	<u>26,341</u>
Total accumulated depreciation	<u> 166,569</u>	<u>13,432</u>	-	<u> 180,001</u>
Governmental activities capital				
assets, net	<u>\$ 176,562</u>	<u>\$ (13,432)</u>	\$	<u>\$ 163,130</u>

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements

December 31, 2019

#### NOTE D - PER DIEM

As provided by Louisiana Revised Statute 33:4504, the board members may receive \$10 per diem for each regular and special meeting attended, but shall not be paid for more than twelve meetings in each year.

The Board has decided not to receive per diem.

#### NOTE E- RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District maintains commercial insurance coverage covering each of those risks of loss. Management believes such coverage is sufficient to preclude any significant uninsured losses to the District. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### NOTE F - CONTINGENCIES

On September 23, 2005 Hurricane Rita struck Southwest Louisiana causing significant damage to the District's property and its infrastructure. It is estimated that the total damage was approximately \$400,000. At this time, the amount of potential uninsured and/or unreimbursed losses sustained by the District is estimated at \$0. At December 31, 2019 the statement of net position is reporting accounts receivable of \$56,850 and net unearned revenue \$38,892 representing hurricane related reimbursements through December 31, 2019.

In September 2008 Hurricane Ike struck Southwest Louisiana causing damage to the District's property and its infrastructure. It is estimated that the total damage was approximately \$544,000. At this time, the amount of potential uninsured and/or unreimbursed losses sustain by the District is \$544,376. At December 31, 2019 the statement of net position is reporting prepaid expenses of \$544,376 representing hurricane related deferred expenses, net, through December 31, 2019 that have not been expended.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund

Year Ended December 31, 2019

	BUDGET							VARIANCE FAVORABLE	
	ORIGINAL		AMENDED		ACTUAL		(UNFAVORABLE)		
						_			
REVENUES	ď	E0 000	<b>~</b>	CE 270	<u>~</u>	25.602	<b>ው</b>	(00.005)	
Ad valorem taxes (net)	\$	50,000	\$	65,378	\$	35,693	\$	(29,685)	
Usage fees		7,000		6,727		6,726		- -7	
Interest		50		21		28		/	
Other income	***************************************		***************************************	70 405	***************************************	40. 4.47		(00.070)	
TOTAL REVENUES		57,050		72,125		42,447		(29,678)	
EXPENDITURES									
General Government									
Advertising		150		207		207		_	
Insurance		6,850		6,673		6,673		_	
Lifeguard expenses		1,000		875		875		_	
Miscellaneous expense		250		266		292		(26)	
Professional fees		2,600		3.106		3.016		90	
Repairs and maintenance				-		100		(100)	
Salaries		25,000		25,234		24,299		935	
Supplies-concessions		1,500		259		259		-	
Supplies-other		11,100		19,619		21,268		(1,649)	
Taxes-payroll		_		_		1,636		(1,636)	
Utilities		8,600		7,820		7,820		-	
Capital Outlay		-1		-,		-,		-	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		57,050		64,059		66,445		(2,386)	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE:	<b>c</b>								
OVER EXPENDITURES	J	-		8,066		(23,998)		(32,064)	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	***************************************	226,154	***************************************	226,154	***************************************	226,154		-	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	226,154	\$	234,220	\$	202,156	\$	(32,064)	

See accountants' compilation report.

OTHER INFORMATION

# Schedule of Compensation, Benefits and Other Payments To Chief Executive Officer

## Year Ended December 31, 2019

Chief Executive Officer: Robin Morales, Board President

<u>Purpose</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Salary	\$ 
Benefits-insurance	
Benefits-retirement	-
Benefits-cell phone	
Car allowance	
Vehicle provided by government	
Per diem	
Reimbursements	
Travel	-
Registration fees	-
Travel	
Registration fees	
Conference travel	-
Continuing professional education fees	_
Housing Unvouchered expenses	-
Special meals	-

See accountant's compilation report.