Financial Report

Year Ended September 30, 2020

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KOLDER, SLAVEN & COMPANY, LLC

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The Honorable Ryan Meche, Mayor and Members of the Board of Aldermen Town of Church Point, Louisiana

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the businesstype activities, and each major fund of the Town of Church Point, Louisiana (Town), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund of the Town of Church Point, Louisiana, as of September 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information on pages 37 through 39 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The Town of Church Point has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Church Point, Louisiana's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information on pages 42 through 56 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The comparative statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, these statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The prior year comparative information on the comparative statements has been derived from the Town of Church Point's 2019 financial statements, which was subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and, in our opinion, was fairly presented in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements from which they have been derived.

The various schedules have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 19, 2021, on our consideration of the Town of Church Point, Louisiana's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC Certified Public Accountants

Lafayette, Louisiana February 19, 2021

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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GOVERNMENT - WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (GWFS)

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Statement of Net Position September 30, 2020

	Governmenta Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$ 383,876	\$ 677,217	\$ 1,061,093
Receivables, net	60,711	155,476	216,187
Internal balances	(52,938)	52,938	-
Due from other governmental units	253,369	-	253,369
Inventory	-	59,928	59,928
Prepaid expenses	19,825	17,397	37,222
Total current assets	664,843	962,956	1,627,799
Noncurrent assets:			
Restricted assets -			
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	-	188,492	188,492
Capital assets -			
Land and construction in progress	444,073	•	663,663
Capital assets, net	3,047,689	5,319,090	8,366,779
Total noncurrent assets	3,491,762	5,727,172	9,218,934
Total assets	4,156,605	6,690,128	10,846,733
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts and other payables	237,012	48,359	285,371
Loan payable	20,109	-	20,109
Unearned revenue	23,394	-	23,394
Capital leases payable	53,666	-	53,666
Customers' deposits		188,492	188,492
Total current liabilities	334,181	236,851	571,032
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Capital leases payable	56,496	-	56,496
Total liabilities	390,677	236,851	627,528
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	3,361,491	5,538,680	8,900,171
Restricted for sales tax dedications	236,234		236,234
Unrestricted	168,203		1,082,800
Total net position			
rotar net position	<u>\$ 3,765,928</u>	<u>\$6,453,277</u>	<u>\$10,219,205</u>

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Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

		Program Revenues			•	~	se) Revenu		nd			
			~	rating		Capital			Changes in Ne		ition	
A	-	Fees, Fines, and		ts and		ints and		vernmental		ness-Type		_ 4
Activities	Expenses	Charges for Services	Contr	butions	Con	tributions	A	ctivities	A	tivities		Total
Governmental activities:	* • • • • • • •											
General government	\$ 641,131	\$ 215,535	\$	1,900	\$	-	\$	(423,696)	\$	-	\$	(423,696)
Public safety:			_									
Police	1,062,108	332,055	7	5,685		-		(654,368)		-		(654,368)
Public works	793,122	-		-		-		(793,122)		-		(793,122)
Community Center	42,507	-		-		-		(42,507)		-		(42,507)
Culture and recreation	120,146	-		-		-		(120,146)		-		(120,146)
Interest on long-term debt	6,078					-		(6,078)		-		(6,078)
Total governmental activities	2,665,092	547,590	7	7,585		-	. (2	2,039,91 <u>7</u>)			_(2,039,917)
Business-type activities:												
Water	643,962	644,479		-		285,211		-		285,728		285,728
Sewer	521,469	476,353	March -							(45,116)		(45,116)
Total business-type activities	1,165,431	1,120,832				285,211				240,612		240,612
Total primary government	<u>\$ 3,830,523</u>	<u>\$1,668,422</u>	<u>\$ 7</u>	7,58 <u>5</u>	\$	285,211	(2	2,039,917)		240,612	_(1,799,305)
	General revenu	es:										
	Taxes -											
	Property ta:	kes, levied for general p	urposes					117,095		-		117,095
	Sales and u	se taxes, levied for gene	ral purp	oses			1	,416,855		-		1,416,855
	Franchise ta	axes						269,452		-		269,452
	Grants and co	ontributions not restricte	d to spec	ific progr	ams -							
	State source	· ·						50,837		-		50,837
	Interest and in	vestment earnings						1,737		5,388		7,125
	Gain on sale	of capital assets						84,851		-		84,851
	Miscellaneou	S						253,508		-		253,508
	Total ge	eneral revenues					2	,194,335		5,388		2,199,723
	Change	in net position						154,418	2	246,000		400,418
	Net position - C	ctober 1, 2019					3	,611,510	6,2	207,277		9,818,787
	Net position - S	eptember 30, 2020					\$ 3	,765,928	\$ 6, 4	153,277	<u>\$1</u> (),219,205
The accommon wing notes are on integra	al more af the basis	financial statements								······		

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (FFS)

MAJOR FUND DESCRIPTIONS

General Fund

To account for resources traditionally associated with governments which are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

Sales Tax Fund

To account for the collection of a 1% sales and use tax and its subsequent disbursement in accordance with the sales tax dedication. The proceeds of the 1% sales tax approved on 01/10/67 are dedicated to construction, improving and maintaining streets, drainage, drainage canals, subsurface drains, fire department stations and funding into bonds.

2012 Law Enforcement Sales Tax Fund

To account for the collection of a 1% sales and use tax and its subsequent disbursement in accordance with the sales tax dedication. The proceeds of the 1% sales tax approved on July 1, 2012 are dedicated to law enforcement expenses.

Capital Projects Fund

To account for the receipt and subsequent disbursement of federal and state grant revenues and Town's matching funds to be utilized for various projects.

Enterprise Fund

To account for the provision of water and sewerage services to residents of the Town. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, financing and related debt service, and billing and collection.

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds September 30, 2020

	General	Sales Tax	2012 Law Enforcement Sales Tax	Capital Projects	Total
ASSETS					
Cash	\$268,166	\$ -	\$ 22,485	\$ 1,430	\$ 292,081
Interest-bearing deposits	-	163,163	-	-	163,163
Receivables:					
Taxes	55,592	-	-	-	55,592
Due from other funds	174,817	72,526	145,681	-	393,024
Due from other governmental units	5,783	123,794	123,792	-	253,369
Accounts	-	5,119	-	-	5,119
Prepaid expenses	5,901	8,198	5,726		19,825
Total assets	<u>\$ 510,259</u>	\$372,800	<u>\$ 297,684</u>	<u>\$ 1,430</u>	\$ 1,182,173
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$ 177,426	\$ 38,204	\$ 8,577	\$ -	\$ 224,207
Accrued liabilities	10,909	229	1,667	-	12,805
Unearned revenue	23,394	-	-	-	23,394
Loan payable	20,109	-	-	-	20,109
Due to other funds	145,681	96,645	203,636		445,962
Total liabilities	377,519	181,418	238,908		797,845
Fund balances:					
Nonspendable (prepaid expenses)	5,901	8,198	5,726	-	19,825
Restricted - sales tax dedications	-	183,184	53,050	-	236,234
Assigned - capital expenditures	-	-	-	1,430	1,430
Unassigned	126,839	-	-	_	126,839
Total fund balances	132,740	191,382	58,776	1,430	384,328
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 510,259	\$ 372,800	<u>\$ 297,684</u>	<u>\$ 1,430</u>	<u>\$1,182,173</u>

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position September 30, 2020

Total fund balances for governmental funds at September 30, 2020		\$	384,328
Total net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources			
and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Those assets consist of:			
Land	\$ 377,020		
Construction in progress	67,053		
Buildings, net of \$640,675 accumulated depreciation	965,647		
Infrastructure, net of \$1,645,556 accumulated depreciation	1,361,691		
Equipment, net of \$314,898 accumulated depreciation	445,498		
Vehicles, net of \$183,708 accumulated depreciation	274,853		3,491,762
Long-term liabilities at September 30, 2020:			
Capital lease payable			(110,162)
Total net position of governmental activities at September 30, 2020		<u>\$</u>	3,765,928

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -Governmental Funds Year Ended September 30, 2020

	General	Sales Tax	2012 Law Enforcement Sales Tax	Capital Projects	Total
Revenues:	General	Sales Tax	Sales Tax		10tai
Taxes	\$ 386,547	\$ 708,532	\$ 708,323	\$ -	\$ 1,803,402
Licenses and permits	212,924	φ 700,352 -	\$ 700,525 -	Ψ -	212,924
Intergovernmental revenues	52,737	_	75,685	_	128,422
Charges for services	2,611	_	-	_	2,611
Fines and forfeits	332,055	-	_	-	332,055
Miscellaneous	212,392	8,519	34,334	-	255,245
Total revenues	1,199,266	717,051	818,342		2,734,659
Expenditures:					
Current -					
General government Public safety -	508,079	79,308	12,633	-	600,020
Police	51,763	-	936,079	-	987,842
Public works	-	646,644	_	-	646,644
Community Center	29,214	-	-	-	29,214
Culture and recreation	107,182	-	-	-	107,182
Capital outlay	492,644	157,382	24,659	-	674,685
Debt service		43,582	30,325	-	73,907
Total expenditures	1,188,882	926,916	1,003,696		3,119,494
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					
expenditures	10,384	(209,865)	(185,354)		(384,835)
Other financing sources (uses):					
Proceeds from capital lease	-	86,547	-	-	86,547
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	188,226	-	-	-	188,226
Transfers in	-	-	210,000	-	210,000
Transfers out	(210,000)				(210,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(21,774)	86,547	210,000		274 772
sources (uses)	(21,774)	00,347			274,773
Net changes in					
fund balances	(11,390)	(123,318)	24,646	-	(110,062)
Fund balances, beginning	144,130	314,700	34,130	1,430	494,390
Fund balances, ending	<u>\$ 132,740</u>	<u>\$ 191,382</u>	<u>\$ 58,776</u>	<u>\$ 1,430</u>	<u>\$ 384,328</u>

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended September 30, 2020

Total net changes in fund balances at September 30, 2020 per statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances		\$ (110,062)
The change in net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Capital outlay which is considered expenditures on statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances Depreciation expense for the period ended September 30, 2020 Proceeds from sale of capital assets Gain on sale/disposition of capital assets	\$674,685 (288,112) (188,226) 84,851	283,198
Loan proceeds are reported as financing sources in governmental funds and thus contribute to the change in fund balance. In the statement of net position, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities and does not affect the statement of activities. Similarly, repayment of principal and capital leases are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds but reduce liability in the statement of net position. Proceeds from capital leases Principal paid on capital leases	(86,547) <u>67,829</u>	(18,718)
Total changes in net position at September 30, 2020 per statement of activities		<u>\$ 154,418</u>

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Statement of Net Position Proprietary Fund September 30, 2020

	Enterprise Fund
ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Cash	\$ 275,449
Interest-bearing deposits	401,768
Receivables -	
Accounts	110 ,63 7
Unbilled utility receivables	44,839
Due from other funds	52,938
Inventory	59,928
Prepaid expenses	17,397
Total current assets	962,956
Noncurrent assets:	
Restricted assets -	
Cash	108,132
Interest-bearing deposits	80,360
Capital assets -	
Land and construction in progress	219,590
Capital assets, net	5,319,090
Total noncurrent assets	5,727,172
Total assets	6,690,128
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	29,664
Retainage payable	11,914
Accrued liabilities	6,781
Payable from restricted assets -	
Customers' deposits	188,492
Total current liabilities	236,851
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	5,538,680
Unrestricted	914,597
Total net position	\$ 6,453,277
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Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position -Proprietary Fund Year Ended September 30, 2020

Enterprise FundOperating revenues: Charges for services - Water sales\$ 621,681Sewer service charge461,521Other37,630Total operating revenues1,120,832Operating expenses: Salaries307,167Payroll taxes23,669Group insurance39,568Pension12,096Utilities73,834Repairs and maintenance100,059Auto expense8,528Legal and professional25,648Insurance76,382Operating supplies25,215Office supplies and expense6,301Inspection and disting10,439Chernicals4,631Depreciation297,511Other-7,843Total operating expenses):Interest income_Loss before contributions(44,599)Nonoperating revenues (expenses):(44,599)Interest income	· · ·	
Charges for services - Water sales\$ 621,681Sewer service charge461,521Other37,630Total operating revenues1,120,832Operating expenses: Salaries307,167Payroll taxes23,666Group insurance39,568Pension12,096Utilities73,834Repairs and maintenance100,059Auto expense8,528Legal and professional25,648Insurance76,382Operating supplies25,215Office supplies and expense10,753Dump and disposal charges6,301Inspection and testing10,439Chemicals81,752Uniforms4,631Depreciation297,511Other7,843Total operating expenses):1,165,431Interest income5,388Loss before contributions285,211Change in net position246,000Net position, beginning6,207,277		Enterprise Fund
Water sales \$ 621,681 Sewer service charge 461,521 Other 37,630 Total operating revenues 1,120,832 Operating expenses: 307,167 Salarices 307,167 Payroll taxes 23,669 Group insurance 39,568 Pension 12,096 Utilities 73,834 Repairs and maintenance 100,059 Auto expense 8,528 Logal and professional 25,648 Insurance 76,382 Operating supplies 25,215 Office supplies and expense 10,753 Dump and disposal charges 6,301 Inspection and testing 10,439 Chemicals 81,752 Uniforms 4,631 Depreciation 297,511 Other 7,843 Total operating expenses): 1,165,431 Interest income 5,388 Loss before contributions 285,211 Change in net position 246,000 Net position,		
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Payroll taxes23,669Group insurance39,568Pension12,096Utilities73,834Repairs and maintenance100,059Auto expense8,528Legal and professional25,648Insurance76,382Operating supplies25,215Office supplies and expense10,753Dump and disposal charges6,301Inspection and testing10,439Chemicals81,752Uniforms4,631Depreciation297,511Other7,843Total operating expenses):(44,599)Nonoperating revenues (expenses):(39,211)Capital contributions(39,211)Capital contributions285,211Change in net position246,000Net position, beginning6,207,277	Operating expenses:	
Group insurance39,568Pension12,096Utilities73,834Repairs and maintenance100,059Auto expense8,528Legal and professional25,648Insurance76,382Operating supplies25,215Office supplies and expense10,753Dump and disposal charges6,301Inspection and testing10,439Chemicals81,752Uniforms4,631Depreciation297,511Other7,843Total operating expenses1,165,431Operating loss(44,599)Nonoperating revenues (expenses):	Salaries	307,167
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Nonoperating revenues (expenses):Interest income5,388Loss before contributions(39,211)Capital contributions285,211Change in net position246,000Net position, beginning6,207,277	Total operating expenses	1,165,431
Interest income5,388Loss before contributions(39,211)Capital contributions285,211Change in net position246,000Net position, beginning6,207,277	Operating loss	(44,599)
Loss before contributions(39,211)Capital contributions285,211Change in net position246,000Net position, beginning6,207,277	Nonoperating revenues (expenses):	
Capital contributions285,211Change in net position246,000Net position, beginning6,207,277	Interest income	5,388
Change in net position246,000Net position, beginning6,207,277	Loss before contributions	(39,211)
Net position, beginning6,207,277	Capital contributions	285,211
	Change in net position	246,000
Net position, ending \$6,453,277	Net position, beginning	6,207,277
	Net position, ending	\$6,453,277

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund Year Ended September 30, 2020

	Enterprise Fund
Cash flows from operating activities:	
Receipts from customers	\$ 1,073,448
Payments to suppliers	(303,364)
Payments to employees	(570,689)
Other receipts	37,630
Net cash provided by operating activities	237,025
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:	
Cash received from other funds	164,327
Net increase in customer meter deposits	17,615
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	181,942
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:	
Capital grants received	306,019
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	(608,358)
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities	(302,339)
Cash flows from investing activities:	
Proceeds of interest-bearing deposits with maturity	
in excess of ninety days	406,740
Purchase of interest-bearing deposits with maturity	
in excess of ninety days	(411,425)
Interest on investments	5,388
Net cash provided by investing activities	703
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	117,331
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	336,953
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	<u>\$ 454,284</u>

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Statement of Cash Flows (Continued) Proprietary Fund Year Ended September 30, 2020

	Enterprise Fund
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash provided by	
operating activities:	
Operating loss	<u>\$ (44,599)</u>
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided by	
operating activities:	
Depreciation	297,511
Changes in current assets and liabilities:	
Increase in accounts receivable	(7,277)
Decrease in provision for uncollectible accounts	(2,477)
Decrease in unbilled services receivable	987
Increase in inventory	(6,691)
Decrease in prepaid expenses	9,002
Decrease in accounts payable	(8,664)
Decrease in accrued liabilities	(767)
Total adjustments	281,624
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>\$_237,025</u>
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents per statement	
of cash flows to the balance sheet:	
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period -	
Cash and interest-bearing deposits - unrestricted	\$ 572,816
Cash and interest-bearing deposits - restricted	170,877
Less: Interest-bearing deposits with maturity	
in excess of 90 days	(406,740)
Total cash and cash equivalents	336,953
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period -	
Cash and interest-bearing deposits - unrestricted	677,217
Cash and interest-bearing deposits - restricted	188,492
Less: Interest-bearing deposits with maturity	-,
in excess of 90 days	(411,425)
Total cash and cash equivalents	454,284
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	<u>\$ 117,331</u>

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

(1) <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

The accompanying financial statements of the Town of Church Point (Town) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting policies are discussed in subsequent subsections of this note.

A. <u>Financial Reporting Entity</u>

The Town of Church Point (Town) was incorporated June 1, 1899, under the provisions of the Lawrason Act. The Town operates under the Mayor-Board of Aldermen form of government.

This report includes all funds that are controlled by or dependent on the Town executive and legislative branches (the Mayor and Board of Aldermen). Control by or dependence on the Town was determined on the basis of budget adoption, taxing authority, authority to issue debt, election or appointment of governing body, and other general oversight responsibility.

Based on the foregoing criteria, certain governmental organizations are not part of the Town and are thus excluded from the accompanying financial statements. These organizations are the Church Point Volunteer Fire Department and the Town of Church Point Housing Authority. The Town of Church Point Housing Authority was chartered by the Town and its Board of Directors is appointed by the Mayor and Board of Alderman. However, the Town's oversight responsibilities in the management of operations and financial accountability are remote.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS)

The statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the business-type activities of the Town and for each function of the Town's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

The accounts of the Town are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a separate set of selfbalancing accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with financerelated legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

The various funds of the Town are classified into two categories: governmental and proprietary. The emphasis on fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Town or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and
- b. Total assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

The major funds of the Town are described below:

Governmental Funds -

General Fund

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. It is used to account for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Special Revenue Funds

Sales Tax Fund -

The Sales Tax Fund is used to account for the proceeds of a one percent sales and use tax that is legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

2012 Law Enforcement Sales Tax Fund -

The Law Enforcement Sales Tax Fund is used to account for the proceeds of a one percent sales and use tax that is legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

Capital Projects Fund

The Capital Projects Funds is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds).

Proprietary Fund -

Enterprise Fund

Enterprise funds are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. The Town of Church Point's enterprise fund is the Utility Fund.

C. Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Measurement Focus

On the government-wide statement of net position and the statement of activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined in item b. below.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate:

- a. All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- b. The proprietary fund utilizes an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net position.

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred, or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures (including capital outlay) generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

The proprietary fund utilizes the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred, or economic asset used.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

D. <u>Assets, Liabilities, and Equity</u>

Cash and interest-bearing deposits

For purposes of the statement of net position, cash and interest-bearing deposits include all demand accounts, savings accounts, and certificates of deposits of the Town. For the purpose of the proprietary fund statement of cash flows, "cash and cash equivalents" include all demand and savings accounts, and certificates of deposit or short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

Interfund receivables and payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Those related to goods and services type transactions are classified as "due to and from other funds." Short-term interfund loans are reported as "interfund receivables and payables."

Long-term interfund loans (noncurrent portion) are reported as "advances from and to other funds." Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the statement of net position.

Receivables

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Major receivable balances for the governmental activities include sales and use taxes. Business-type activities report customer's utility service receivables as their major receivables. Uncollectible amounts due for customers' utility receivables are recognized as bad debts at the time information becomes available which would indicate the uncollectibility of the particular receivable. The allowance for uncollectibles for customers' utility receivables was \$29,012 at September 30, 2020. Unbilled utility service receivables resulting from utility services rendered between the date of meter reading and billing and the end of the month, are recorded at year-end.

Inventories

Inventories in the proprietary fund are valued at cost, which approximates market using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. The costs of governmental fund type inventories are recorded as expenditures when purchased rather than when consumed.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide or fund financial statements. Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated cost if historical is not available. Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The Town maintains a threshold level of \$1,000 or more for capitalizing capital assets.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Prior to October 1, 2002, some governmental funds' infrastructure assets were not capitalized. These assets have been valued at estimated historical cost.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the statement of activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the statement of net position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Buildings	40 years
Equipment	5 years
Utility system and improvements	20-40 years
Infrastructure	20-40 years

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide statements.

Restricted Assets

Restricted assets include cash and interest-bearing deposits of the proprietary fund that are legally restricted as to their use. The restricted assets are related to the utility meter deposits.

Long-term debt

The accounting treatment of long-term debt depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term debts to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term debts consist primarily of the revenue bonds payable and utility meter deposits payable.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures. The accounting for proprietary fund long-term debt is the same in the fund statements as it is in the government-wide statements.

Compensated Absences

Town employees are entitled to certain compensated absences based upon their length of service.

Vacation leave is earned at the rate of five days after one year of service, ten days after five years but less than ten years of service, and fifteen days after ten years of service. However, those employees with two years of service by February 2, 1999 were grandfathered in to receive ten days. Vacation leave earned does not accumulate from year to year.

Sick leave is earned at the rate of seven days for one to five years of employment and ten days for over five years of service. Employees are allowed to accumulate up to two years of leave. If the sick leave is not used within a two-year period, one year's leave is lost. Accumulated sick leave is not payable for employees who resign, retire, or are dismissed from employment.

Equity Classifications

In the government-wide statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets Consists of net capital assets reduced by outstanding balances of any related debt obligations and deferred inflows of resources attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets and increased by balances of deferred outflows of resources related to those assets.
- b. Restricted net position Net position is considered restricted if the use is constrained to a particular purpose. Restrictions are imposed by external organizations such as federal or state laws or buyers of the Town's debt. Restricted net position is reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to the restricted assets.
- c. Unrestricted net position Consists of all other net position that does not meet the definition of the two components and is available for general use by the Town.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

In the fund statements, governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. As such, fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

- a. Nonspendable amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- b. Restricted amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.
- c. Committed amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal decision of the Town's Mayor and Board or Aldermen, which is the highest level of decision-making authority for the Town.
- d. Assigned amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but are intended to be used for specific purposes determined by a formal decision of the Town's Mayor and Board of Aldermen.
- e. Unassigned all other spendable amounts.

When an expenditure is incurred for the purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the Town considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the Town considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the Town has provided otherwise in his commitment or assignment actions.

Proprietary (Utility) fund equity is classified the same as in the governmentwide statements.

E. <u>Revenues, Expenditures, and Expenses</u>

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues and expenses for proprietary funds are those that result from providing services and producing and delivering goods and/or services. It also includes all revenue and expenses not related to capital and related financing, noncapital financing, or investing activities.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Expenditures/Expenses

In the government-wide financial statements, expenses are classified by function for both governmental and business-type activities.

In the fund financial statements, expenditures are classified as follows:

Governmental Funds - By Character Proprietary Fund - By Operating and Nonoperating

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report expenditures of financial resources. Proprietary funds report expenses relating to use of economic resources.

Interfund Transfers

Permanent reallocations of resources between funds of the reporting entity are classified as interfund transfers. For the purposes of the statement of activities, all interfund transfers between individual governmental funds have been eliminated.

F. <u>Revenue Restrictions</u>

The Town has various restrictions placed over certain revenue sources from state or local requirements. The primary restricted revenue sources include:

Revenue Source	Legal Restrictions of Use
Sales tax	See Note 12
Water and sewer revenue	Utility operations

The Town uses unrestricted resources only when restricted resources are fully depleted.

G. <u>Capitalization of Interest Expense</u>

It is the policy of the Town of Church Point to capitalize material amounts of interest resulting from borrowings in the course of the construction of capital assets. For the year ending September 30, 2020, there were no borrowings for assets under construction and no capitalized interest expense was recorded on the books. Total interest incurred and expensed for the year ending September 30, 2020 for the proprietary fund and business-type activities was \$-0-.

Total interest incurred and expensed for the year ended September 30, 2020 for the governmental funds and the governmental activities was \$8,377.

H. <u>Use of Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

(2) <u>Cash and Interest-Bearing Deposits</u>

Under state law, the Town may deposit funds within a fiscal agent bank organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, the laws of any other state in the Union, or the laws of the United States. The Town may invest in certificates and time deposits of the state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having principal offices in Louisiana. At September 30, 2020, the Town had cash and interest-bearing deposits (book balances) as follows:

Demand deposits	\$ 674,997
Time deposits	574,588
Total	<u>\$1,249,585</u>

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the Town's deposits may not be recovered. Under state law, these deposits, (or resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent bank. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank by a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties. These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market. Deposit balances (bank balances) at September 30, 2020 were secured as follows:

Bank balances	<u>\$1,132,774</u>
Federal deposit insurance Pledged securities	\$ 893,075 239,699
Total federal deposit insurance and pledged securities	\$1,132,774

Deposits in the amount of \$239,699 were exposed to custodial credit risk. These deposits are uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging institution's trust department or agent, but not in the Town's name. The Town does not have a policy for custodial credit risk.

(3) <u>Ad Valorem Taxes</u>

Ad valorem taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 of each year. Taxes are levied by the Town in September or October and are actually billed to taxpayers in November or December. Billed taxes become delinquent on January 1 of the following year. The Town bills and collects its own property taxes using the assessed values determined by the tax assessor of Acadia Parish. Town property tax revenues are budgeted in the year billed.

For the year ended September 30, 2020, taxes of 7.01 mills were levied on property with assessed valuations totaling \$16,667,750 and were dedicated as follows:

General corporate purposes

7.01 mills

Total taxes levied were \$116,840. There were no taxes receivable at September 30, 2020.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

(4) <u>Receivables</u>

(6)

Receivables at September 30, 2020 of \$216,187 consist of the following:

	Sales			
	General	Tax	Utility	Total
Accounts	\$ -	\$ 5,119	\$110,637	\$115,756
Unbilled utility	-	-	44,839	44,839
Franchise tax	55,592		_	55,592
Totals	<u>\$55,592</u>	<u>\$ 5,119</u>	<u>\$155,476</u>	<u>\$216,187</u>

(5) Due from Other Governmental Units

Amounts due from other governmental units in the amount of \$253,369 at September 30, 2020 consisted of the following:

Governmental Activities:

General Fund -	
Amount due from the State of Louisiana for beer tax revenues earned	\$ 2,537
Amount due from the State of Louisiana for video poker revenue earned	3,246
	5,783
Sales Tax Fund -	
Amount due from Acadia Parish School Board for September 2020 sales tax	123,794
2012 Law Enforcement Sales Tax Fund -	
Amount due from Acadia Parish School Board for September 2020 sales tax	123,792
Total governmental activities	247,586
Total Due from Other Governmental Units	<u>\$253,369</u>
Restricted Assets - Proprietary Fund Type	

Restricted assets consisted of the following at September 30, 2020:

Customers' deposits	\$ 188,492
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Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

(7) <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2020 was as follows:

Capital asset activity for the year of	Balance	50, 2020 was	as tonows:	Balance
	10/01/19	Additions	Deletions	09/30/20
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 276,185	\$ 100,835	\$-	\$ 377,020
Construction in progress		67,053	-	67,053
Other capital assets:		·		ŗ
Buildings	1,906,322	-	300,000	1,606,322
Infrastructure	2,733,716	273,531	-	3,007,247
Equipment, furniture and fixtures	731,759	89,616	60,979	760,396
Vehicles	400,389	143,650	85,478	458,561
Totals	6,048,371	674,685	446,457	6,276,599
Less accumulated depreciation				
Buildings	792,518	48,782	200,625	640,675
Infrastructure	1,52 8 ,517	117,039		1,645,556
Equipment, furniture and fixtures	317,627	58,250	60,979	314,898
Vehicles	201,145	64,041	<u> </u>	183,708
Total accumulated depreciation	2,839,807	288,112	343,082	2,784,837
Governmental activities,				
capital assets, net	\$3,208,564	<u>\$ 386,573</u>	<u>\$103,375</u>	\$3,491,762
Business-type activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land - water system	\$ 100,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 100,000
Land - sewer system	450	-	-	450
Construction in progress	205,248	434,081	520,189	119,140
Other capital assets:				
Water system	5,003,352	-	-	5,003,352
Sewer system	6,319,411	503,814	-	6,823,225
Vehicles	46,903	51 ,098	3,500	94,501
Machinery and equipment	671,436	124,185	31,411	764,210
Totals	12,346,800	1,113,178	555,100	12,904,878
Less accumulated depreciation				
Water system	3,178,458	118,745	5,395	3,291,808
Sewer system	3,719,814	141,935	-	3,861,749
Vehicles	28,300	6,886	3,500	31,686
Machinery and equipment	177,026	29,945	26,016	180,955
Total accumulated depreciation	7,103,598	297,511	34,911	7,366,198
Business-type activities,				
capital assets, net	\$5,243,202	<u>\$ 815,667</u>	\$520,189	\$5,538,680

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

General government	\$ 41,111
Police	74,266
Public works	146,478
Community Center	13,293
Culture and recreation	12,964
Total depreciation expense	\$288,112

Depreciation expense was charged to business-type activities as follows:

Water	\$ 125,631
Sewer	171, 880
Total depreciation expense	<u>\$ 297,511</u>

(8) Accounts and Other Payables

The accounts and other payables in the amount of \$285,372 consisted of the following at September 30, 2020:

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Accounts	\$224,207	\$ 29,664	\$253,871
Other liabilities	12,805	6,781	19,586
Retainage payable	_ ,	<u> 11,914 </u>	11,914
Totals	<u>\$237,012</u>	<u>\$ 48,359</u>	<u>\$285,371</u>

(9) <u>Changes in Long-term Debt</u>

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions of the Town for the year ended September 30, 2020:

	Governmental Activities
	Capital
	Leases
Long-term debt payable at 10/01/19	\$ 79,059
Long-term debt issued	86,547
Long-term debt retired	(55,444)
Long-term debt payable at 9/30/20	<u>\$110,162</u>

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Long-term debt payable at September 30, 2020 is comprised of the following:

Capital Leases:		Current Portion
\$108,475 lease dated September 13, 2019, due in annual installments of \$29,961, including interest at 6.7%, through September 13, 2022, secured by police vehicles with a carrying value of \$84,972 (net of accumulation depreciation of \$23,503) at September 30, 2020.	\$ 54,395	\$ 26,316
\$86,547 lease dated September 30, 2020, due in annual installments of \$30,780, including interest at 6.15%, through September 30, 2022, secured by vehicle with a carrying value of \$86,547 (net of accumulation		
depreciation of \$0) at September 30, 2020.	55,767	27,350
	\$110,162	\$ 53,666

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for the capital leases as of September 30, 2020 are as follows:

	Government	Governmental Activities Capital Leases	
	Capital		
Year Ending	Principal	Interest	
September 30,	Payments	Payments	
2021	\$ 53,666	\$ 7,075	
2022	56,496	3,628	
	<u>\$110,162</u>	<u>\$ 10,703</u>	

(10) Loan Payable

On July 30, 2020, the Town obtained a three-month bank loan in the amount of \$60,100 at an interest rate of 4.27% to partially finance the purchase of land in the amount of \$100,835. As of September 30, 2020, the outstanding principal balance on the loan was \$20,109. Interest in the amount of \$369 was paid on the loan during the year ended September 30, 2020. The loan is secured by the land.

(11) On-Behalf Payments of Salaries

The State of Louisiana paid the Town's policemen \$75,685 of supplemental pay during the year ended September 30, 2020. Such payments are recorded as intergovernmental revenues and public safety expense in the government-wide and General Fund financial statements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

(12) Dedication of Proceeds and Flow of Funds - Sales and Use Taxes

A. Proceeds of a 1% sales and use tax approved January 10, 1967, (accounted for in the Sales Tax Fund - a special revenue fund) levied by the Town of Church Point (2020 collections \$708,532) are dedicated to the following purposes:

Constructing, acquiring, extending, improving and/or maintaining drainage facilities, streets, sidewalks and fire department stations and equipment, including fire engines, and purchasing and acquiring equipment and furnishings for the aforesaid public works, improvements and facilities, title to which shall be in the public name.

B. Proceeds of a 1% sales and use tax approved May 16, 2012, (accounted for in the Law Enforcement Sales Tax Fund – a special revenue fund) levied by the Town of Church Point (2020 collections \$708,323) are dedicated to support law enforcement in the Town of Church Point.

All of the above sales taxes were issued in perpetuity.

(13) <u>Retirement Commitment</u>

All employees of the Town of Church Point are members of the Federal Social Security system. The Town and its employees contribute a percentage of each employee's salary to the system (7.65% contributed by the Town; 7.65% by the employee). Total covered wages for the year ended September 30, 2020 was \$1,478,304. The Town's contribution during the year ended September 30, 2020 amounted to \$113,090.

(14) Deferred Compensation Plan

As of July 1, 2003, the Town offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457. The plan is administered by the Variable Annuity Life Insurance Company (VALIC). The plan, available to all Town employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. The Town's contribution to the plan for the period ended September 30, 2020 was \$51,464.

All amounts of compensation deferred under the plan, all property and rights purchased with those amounts, and all income attributable to those amounts, property, or rights are (until paid or made available to the employee or other beneficiary) held in a trust, custodial account or annuity contract by the Town described in IRC 457(g) for the exclusive benefit of the participants and their beneficiaries.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

(15) Operating Lease

In March 2018, the Town entered into an operating lease for a 2018 excavator, which is to be paid in 60 monthly installments of \$1,320 through March 2023. In September 2019, the Town entered into an operating lease for a 2019 backhoe, which is to be paid in 60 installments of \$1,095 through September 2024. Future lease payments on the leases are as follows:

Year Ending	
September 30,	
2021	\$ 28,970
2022	28,970
2023	21,052
2024	13,135
	\$ 92,127

(16) Departmental Information for the Enterprise Fund

The Town of Church Point maintains one enterprise fund with two departments, which provide water and sewerage services. Departmental information for the year ended September 30, 2020 was as follows:

	Water Department	Sewerage Department	Total Enterprise Fund
Charges for services and other revenues	\$644,479	\$476,353	\$ 1,120,832
Operating expenses -			
Depreciation	125,631	171 ,880	297,511
Other expenses	518,331	349,589	867,920
Total operating expenses	643,962	521,469	1,165,431
Operating income (loss)	<u>\$ 517</u>	<u>\$ (45,116)</u>	<u>\$ (44,599</u>)

(17) <u>Risk Management</u>

The Town is exposed to risks of loss in the areas of health care, general and auto liability, property hazards and workers' compensation. All of these risks are handled by purchasing commercial insurance coverage. There have been no significant reductions in the insurance coverage during the year, nor have settlements exceeded coverage for the past three years.

(18) <u>Litigation and Claims</u>

At September 30, 2020, the Town is a defendant in several lawsuits principally arising from the normal course of operations. The Town's legal counsel has reviewed the claims filed and has determined that the Town's liability net of insurance coverage is considered immaterial at September 30, 2020. As of September 30, 2020, no liability has been provided for suits filed or unasserted claims which may be filed.
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

(19) <u>Interfund Transactions</u>

A. Receivables and Payables

Interfund receivables and payables consisted of the following at September 30, 2020:

	Interfund Receivables	Interfund Payables
Major Funds:		
Governmental Funds -		
General Fund	\$ 174,817	\$ 145,681
Sales Tax Fund	72,526	96,645
Law Enforcement Sales Tax Fund	145,681	203,636
Proprietary Fund -		
Utility Fund	52,938	
Total	\$ 445,962	\$ 445,962

Transfers are recorded in the year in which they were budgeted. However, the amounts are not always paid in that same year; therefore, causing balances as noted above. These balances are expected to be paid within the next fiscal year.

B. Interfund transfers

Interfund transfers consisted of the following at September 30, 2020:

	Interfund Transfers In	Interfund Transfers Out
Major Funds:		
Governmental Funds -		
General Fund	\$ ~	\$ 210,000
2012 Law Enforcement Sales Tax Fund	210,000	-
Total	\$ 210,000	\$ 210,000

Transfers are used to (a) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and to (b) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

(20) <u>Compensation of Town Officials</u>

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A detail of compensation paid to the Mayor and Board of Aldermen for the year ended September 30, 2020 follows:

Ryan Meche, Mayor	\$ 51,969
Aldermen:	
Pat O'pry	5,823
Christine Semien	5,823
Chris LeBas	5,673
Nelson Kim Cormier	5,823
Errol Comeaux	5,823
	\$ 80,934

(21) <u>Compensation, Benefits, and Other Payments to Agency Head</u>

The schedule of compensation, benefits, and other payments to Ryan Meche, Mayor, follows:

Salary	\$ 51,969
Benefits - insurance	7,204
Retirement	2,852
Fuel	1,032
	\$ 63,057

(22) <u>Subsequent Event</u>

As a result of the spread of the COVID 19 coronavirus, economic uncertainties have arisen which may have and may continue to impact the Town's ongoing operations. The extent and severity of the potential impact on future operations is unknown at this time.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

	D			Variance -
	Buc	<u> </u>	A _ 4 _ 1	Positive
December	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:	\$ 28 2 500	¢ 100 510	<u>ቀ ጋፀረ ይለማ</u>	\$ (1.691)
Taxes	\$382,500	\$ 388,238	\$ 386,547	+ (-))
Licenses and permits	229,500	228,979	212,924	(16,055)
Intergovernmental revenues Charges for services	59,600	56,610	52,737	(3,873)
Fines and forfeits	4,600	2,841	2,611	(230)
	204,200	267,009	332,055	65,046
Miscellaneous	86,650	218,751	212,392	(6,359)
Total revenues	967,050	1,162,428	<u>1,199,266</u>	36,838
Expenditures:				
Current -				
General government	539,947	507,378	508,079	(701)
Public safety - police	54,840	49,949	51,763	(1,814)
Community Center	35,700	28,308	29,214	(906)
Culture and recreation	96,005	102,664	107,182	(4,518)
Capital outlay		494,054	492,644	1,410
Total expenditures	756,492	1,182,353	1,188,882	(6,529)
Excess (deficiency) of				
revenues over expenditures	210,558	(19,925)	10,384	30,309
Other financing sources (uses):				
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	_	186,624	188,226	1,602
Transfers from Utility Fund	20,000			-
Transfers to Law Enforcement Sales Tax Fund	(200,000)	(210,000)	(210,000)	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	(180,000)	(23,376)	(21,774)	1,602
Total other manening sources (uses)	(100,000)	(23,570)	(21,774)	1,002
Net change in fund balance	30,558	(43,301)	(11,390)	31,911
Fund balance, beginning	144,130	144,130	_144,130	
Fund balance, ending	<u>\$174,688</u>	<u>\$ 100,829</u>	<u>\$ 132,740</u>	<u>\$ 31,911</u>

TOWN OF CHURCH POINT, LOUISIANA Sales Tax Fund

Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

	Budg	get		Variance - Positive (Negative)	
	Original	Final	Actual		
Revenues:					
Taxes - sales taxes	\$ 651,730	\$ 662,786	\$708,532	\$ 45,746	
Miscellaneous	 2,250	7,575	8,519	944	
Total revenues	 653,980	670,361	717,051	46,690	
Expenditures:					
Current -					
General government:	95,385	81,050	79,308	1,742	
Public works	607,800	635,237	646,644	(11,407)	
Capital outlay	30,000	158,726	157,382	1,344	
Debt service	 	43,582	43,582	-	
Total expenditures	 733,185	918,595	926,916	(8,321)	
Deficiency of revenues					
over expenditures	(79,205)	(248,234)	(209,865)	38,369	
Other financing sources					
Proceeds from capital lease	 44	86,547	86,547		
Net change in fund balance	(79,205)	(161,687)	(123,318)	38,369	
Fund balance, beginning	 314,700	314,700	314,700		
Fund balance, ending	\$ 235,495	<u>\$ 153,013</u>	<u>\$191,382</u>	<u>\$ 38,369</u>	

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TOWN OF CHURCH POINT, LOUISIANA 2012 Law Enforcement Sales Tax Fund

Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

	Bud			Variance - Positive (Negative)	
Bauganaan	Original	Final	Actual		
Revenues: Taxes - sales taxes	\$ 651,730	\$ 662,786	\$ 708,323	\$ 45,537	
Intergovernmental revenue	\$ 051,750	\$ 002,780	\$ 706,525	φ <i>*+3,337</i>	
State of Louisiana -					
On-behalf payments	60,000	75,685	75,685	_	
Miscellaneous	5,000	12,724	34,334	21,610	
Total revenues	716,730	751,195	818,342	67,147	
Expenditures: Current -					
General government:	11,730	12,930	12,633	297	
Public safety - police	895,150	922,563	936,079	(13,516)	
Capital outlay	-	26,264	24,659	1,605	
Debt service	29,961	30,461	30,325	136	
Total expenditures	936,841	992,218	1,003,696	(11,478)	
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	(220,111)	(241,023)	(185,354)	55,669	
Other financing sources:					
Transfers from General Fund	200,000	210,000	210,000	.	
Net change in fund balance	(20,111)	(31,023)	24,646	55,669	
Fund balance, beginning	34,130	34,130	34,130	_	
Fund balance, ending	<u>\$ 14,019</u>	<u>\$ 3,107</u>	<u>\$ 58,776</u>	<u>\$ 55,669</u>	

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

(1) <u>Budget and Budgetary Accounting</u>

The Town follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to September 30, the Town Clerk submits to the Mayor and Board of Aldermen a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1.
- 2. A summary of the proposed budget is published, and the public notified that the proposed budget is available for public inspection. At the same time, a public hearing is called.
- 3. A public hearing is held on the proposed budget at least ten days after publication of the call for the hearing.
- 4. After the holding of the public hearing and completion of all action necessary to finalize and implement the budget, the budget is adopted through passage of an ordinance prior to the commencement of the fiscal year for which the budget is being adopted.
- 5. Budgetary amendments involving the transfer of funds from one department, program or function to another or involving increases in expenditures resulting from revenues exceeding amounts estimated require the approval of the Board of Aldermen.
- 6. All budgetary appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.
- 7. Budgets for all funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted or as amended by the Board of Aldermen. Such amendments were not material in relation to the original appropriations.

(2) <u>Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations</u>

For the year ended September 30, 2020, the following funds had actual expenditures over appropriations, at the functional level, as follows:

Fund and Function	Budget	Actual	Excess
General Fund:			
General government	\$ 507,378	\$ 508,079	\$ (701)
Public safety - police	49,949	51,763	(1,814)
Community Center	28,308	29,214	(906)
Culture and recreation	102,664	107,182	(4,518)
Capital outlay	494,054	492,644	1,410
Sales Tax Fund:			
Public works	635,237	646,644	(11,407)
2012 Law Enforcement Sales Tax Fund:			
Public safety - police	922,563	936,079	(13,516)

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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Statement of Net Position September 30, 2020 With Comparative Totals for September 30, 2019

	Governmental	Business-Type		2019
	Activities	Activities	Total	Totals
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$ 383,876	\$ 677,217	\$ 1,061,093	\$1,044,284
Receivables, net	60,711	155,476	216,187	207,124
Internal balances	(52,938)	52,938	~	-
Due from other governmental units	253,369	-	253,369	233,092
Inventory	-	59,928	59,928	53,237
Prepaid expenses	19,825	17,397	37,222	115,081
Total current assets	664,843	962,956	1,627,799	1,652,818
Noncurrent assets:				
Restricted assets:				
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	-	188,492	188,492	170,877
Capital assets:				
Land and construction in progress	444,073	219,590	663,663	581,883
Capital assets, net	3,047,689	5,319,090	8,366,779	7,869,883
Total noncurrent assets	3,491,762	5,727,172	9,218,934	8,622,643
Total assets	4,156,605	6,690,128	10,846,733	10,275,461
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable and other payables	237,012	48,359	285,371	171,862
Capital leases payable	53,666	-	53,666	24,664
Loan payable	20,109	-	20,109	12,385
Unearned revenue	23,394	-	23,394	22,491
Customers' deposits		188,492	188,492	170,877
Total current liabilities	334,181	236,851	571,032	402,279
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Capital leases payable	56,496		56,496	54,395
Total liabilities	390,677	236,851	627,528	456,674
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	3,361,491	5,538,680	8,900,171	8,451,766
Restricted for sales tax dedications	236,234	-	236,234	275,171
Unrestricted	168,203	914,597	1,082,800	1,091,850
Total net position	\$3,765,928	\$6,453,277	\$10,219,205	\$9,818,787

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Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Revenues For the Year Ended September 30, 2020 With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended September 30, 2019

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	2020				
	Budget			Variance - Positive	2019
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Revenues:					
Taxes -					
Ad valorem	\$116,500	\$ 114,743	\$ 117,095	\$ 2,352	\$ 116,527
Franchise	266,000	273,495	269,452	(4,043)	271,695
Total taxes	382,500	388,238	386,547	(1,691)	388,222
Licenses and permits -					
Occupational licenses	225,000	224,879	208,674	(16,205)	225,594
Permits	4,500	4,100	4,250	150	5,076
Total licenses and permits	229,500	228,979	212,924	(16,055)	230,670
Intergovernmental revenues -					
State of Louisiana:					
Housing Authority payment in lieu of taxes	22,000	23,394	22,491	(903)	21,224
Beer taxes	9,600	9,501	6,643	(2,858)	8,934
Video poker commissions	28,000	23,715	21,703	(2,012)	25,189
Other		-	1,900	1,900	
Total intergovernmental revenues	59,600	56,610	<u> </u>	(3,873)	55,347
Charges for services -					
Utility collection	4,600	2,841	2,611	(230)	5,716
Fines and forfeits	204,200	267,009	332,055	65,046	219,744
Miscellaneous -					
Rent income	32,500	18,385	19,845	1,460	30,797
Other revenues	54,150	200,366	<u> 192,547</u>	(7,819)	102,935
Total miscellaneous	86,650	218,751	212,392	(6,359)	133,732
Total revenues	<u>\$967,050</u>	<u>\$1,162,428</u>	\$1,199,266	<u>\$ 36,838</u>	\$1,033,431

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Expenditures For the Year Ended September 30, 2020 With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended September 30, 2019

	2020				
	Bud	lget		Variance - Positive	2019
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Current -					
General government:		<i>* • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •</i>	• • • • • • • •		• · · ·
Salaries	\$ 186,060	\$ 173,181	\$ 174,654	\$ (1,473)	\$ 173,740
Court salaries	53,567	51,380	50,506	874	50,570
Payroll taxes	17,000	14,522	17,395	(2,873)	18,054
Group insurance	23,500	23,567	22,104	1,463	26,568
Pension	5,000	5,563	7,147	(1,584)	4,068
General insurance	40,000	40,032	31,611	8,421	58,732
Workers' compensation	12,200	10,415	8,358	2,057	11,437
Legal and professional	115,020	91,241	100,239	(8,998)	191,996
Office expense and supplies	31,000	53,819	45,331	8,488	37,303
Advertising and promotion	8,000	7,629	8,892	(1,263)	19,154
Conventions and seminars	3,500	1,093	993	100	5,684
Repairs and maintenance	10,000	4,026	11,435	(7,409)	36,502
Dues	1,300	1,350	1,050	300	1,050
Utilities and telephone	16,100	14,992	14,678	314	15,845
Preparation of tax rolls	3,500	4,647	4,637	10	3,092
Miscellaneous	9,200	7,961	5,479	2,482	10,153
Presbytere expense	5,000	1,960	3,570	(1,610)	17,299
Total general government	539,947	507,378	508,079	(701)	681,247
Public safety:					
Police department -					
Salaries	20,140	19,674	10,121	9,553	22,088
Payroll taxes	1,700	1,064	935	129	1,973
Transportation	-	-	-	-	375
Supplies	-	-	-	-	1,656
Conventions and seminars	-	-	-	-	3,295
Uniforms	5,000	1,011	-	1,011	1,016
Crime lab fees	-	23,700	29,890	(6,190)	20,850
Miscellaneous	28,000	4,500	10,817	(6,317)	9,383
Total public safety	54,840	49,949	51,763	(1,814)	60,636
Community Center:					
Office expense and supplies	3,700	4,047	3,643	404	3,562
General insurance	3,500	2,500	2,130	370	3,088
Repairs and maintenance	18,500	9,012	8,319	693	13,326
Telephone and utilities	8,000	7,749	7,207	542	7,291
Miscellaneous	2,000	5,000	7,915	(2,915)	5,450
Total Community Center	35,700	28,308	29,214	(906)	32,717
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(continued)

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Expenditures (Continued) For the Year Ended September 30, 2020 With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended September 30, 2019

	2020				
		-		Variance -	
		dget		Positive	2019
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Culture and recreation:					
Salaries	42,205	56,292	56,011	28 1	40,935
Payroll taxes	-	4,500	4,306	1 94	3,298
Automobile expense	1,000	-	294	(294)	564
Trophies	1,000	-	-	-	890
Tournament Fees	-	1,000	690	310	3,534
Softball services	-	6,500	6,525	(25)	-
Supplies	10,100	11,230	11,226	4	15,311
Repairs and maintenance	10,200	4,067	3,757	310	9,487
Telephone and utilities	8,500	9,865	10,327	(462)	10,549
Uniforms	5,000	-	-	-	6,055
Insurance	16,000	7,272	11,909	(4,637)	9,548
Miscellaneous	2,000	1,938	2,137	(199)	1,644
Total culture and recreation	96,005	102,664	107,182	(4,518)	101,815
Capital outlay -					
General government:					
Vehicles and equipment	-	33,703	33,703	-	12,281
Streets:			-		-
Infrastructure	-	37,224	37,224	_	-
Culture and recreation:					
Land	-	100,835	100,835	-	-
Community Center improvements	5,000	32,443	32,045	398	4,579
Park equipment	-	108,124	108,277	(153)	-
Park improvements	25,000	181,725	180,560	1,165	52,620
Total capital outlay	30,000	494,054	492,644	1,410	69,480
Total expenditures	<u>\$756,492</u>	<u>\$1,182,353</u>	<u>\$1,188,882</u>	<u>\$ (6,529</u>)	<u>\$945,895</u>

TOWN OF CHURCH POINT, LOUISIANA Sales Tax Fund

Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended September 30, 2020 With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended September 30, 2019

	Bu	dget		Variance - Positive	2019
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Revenues:					
Taxes - sales taxes	<u>\$ 651,730</u>	\$ 662,786	\$708,532	<u>\$ 45,746</u>	<u>\$ 653,978</u>
Miscellaneous -					
Interest	250	-	1,737	1,737	1,123
Other	2,000	7,575	6,782	(793)	33,085
Total miscellaneous	2,250	7,575	8,519	944	34,208
Total revenues	653,980	670,361	717,051	46,690	688,186
Expenditures:					
Current -					
General government:					
Salaries	47,755	47,720	46,577	1,143	51,225
Payroll taxes	4,100	3,800	3,532	268	4,009
Group insurance	5,000	-	-	-	2,320
Pension	16,300	4,100	4,423	(323)	3,677
Legal and professional	10,500	12,500	11,940	560	11,695
Collection expense	11,730	12,930	12,836	94	<u> </u>
Total general government	95,385	81,050	79,308	1,742	84,913
Public works:					
Salaries	296,800	296,800	292,387	4,413	276,705
Payroll taxes	20,500	20,500	22,593	(2,093)	22,433
Group insurance	38,000	41,116	55,117	(14,001)	42,463
Pension	-	12,501	13,891	(1,390)	14,263
Workers compensation	40,000	41,860	41,539	321	33,743
Legal and professional	3,500	735	685	50	-
Gravel, shell and supplies	32,500	31,462	30,264	1 ,198	51,745
Repairs and maintenance	30,000	19,226	18,284	942	49,334
Transportation	25,000	22,917	26,285	(3,368)	32,912
Telephone and utilities	11,000	13,738	12,122	1,616	13,889
Insurance	17,000	17,079	16,032	1,047	15,001
Miscellaneous	37,000	53,627	52,985	642	27,938
Street lighting	56,500	63,676	64,460	(784)	54,493
Total public works	607,800	635,237	646,644	(11,407)	634,919

(continued)

TOWN OF CHURCH POINT, LOUISIANA Sales Tax Fund

Budgetary Comparison Schedule (Continued) For the Year Ended September 30, 2020 With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended September 30, 2019

		2020			
				Variance -	
	Bud	¥		Positive	2019
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Capital outlay -					
Public works:					
Vehicle	-	86,547	86,547	-	-
Equipment	-	27,500	26,959	541	128,871
Buildings and improvements	30,000	44,679	43,876	803	67,287
Total capital outlay	30,000	158,726	157,382	1,344	196,158
Debt service					
Principal retirement	-	43,165	43,165	-	70,895
Interest and fiscal charges	-	417	417	-	-
Total debt service	·····	43,582	43,582		70,895
Total expenditures	733,185	918,595	926,916	(8,321)	986,885
Deficiency of revenues					
over expenditures	(79,205)	(248,234)	(209,865)	38,369	(298,699)
Other financing sources:					
Proceeds from capital lease	-	86,547	86,547	-	83,280
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	136,288
Total other financing sources		86,547	86,547		219,568
Net change in fund balance	(79,205)	(161,687)	(123,318)	38,369	(79,131)
Fund balance, beginning	314,700	314,700	314,700		<u>393,831</u>
Fund balance, ending	\$235,495	<u>\$153,013</u>	<u>\$ 191,382</u>	<u>\$ 38,369</u>	\$314,700

TOWN OF CHURCH POINT, LOUISIANA 2012 Law Enforcement Sales Tax Fund

Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended September 30, 2020 With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended September 30, 2019

	Buc	lget		Variance - Positive	2019
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Revenues:					
Taxes - sales taxes	\$ 651,730	\$ 662,786	\$ 708,323	\$ 45,537	\$ 654,014
Intergovernmental revenue -					
State of Louisiana -					
On-behalf payments	60,000	75,685	75,685	-	61,183
Miscellaneous -					
Other	5,000	12,724	34,334	21,610	36,747
Total revenues	716,730	751,195	818,342	67,147	751,944
Expenditures:					
Current-					
General government:					
Collection expense	11,730	12,930	12,633	297	12,030
Public safety - police:					
Salaries	579,400	554,204	551,742	2,462	529,372
Payroll taxes	42,000	41,945	43,249	(1,304)	38,824
Group insurance	70,000	80,152	80,689	(537)	73,198
Pension	20,000	13,898	13,907	(9)	23,247
Workers compensation	40,000	42,212	42,187	25	35,776
Transportation	32,000	40,510	40,239	271	54,494
Supplies	20,500	14 ,8 49	15,174	(325)	25,179
Telephone and utilities	15,000	19,179	17,955	1,224	17,687
Legal and professional	15,000	14,399	14,319	80	20,578
Insurance	42,000	73,934	67,950	5,984	39,562
Repairs and maintenance	5,000	5,001	4,425	576	29,579
Training and seminars	-	2,685	24,710	(22,025)	2,764
Meals for prisoners	5,000	5,401	4,956	445	5,130
Uniforms	6,000	6,095	5,595	500	7,380
Miscellaneous	3,250	8,099	8,982	(883)	4,257
Total public safety	895,150	922,563	936,079	(13,516)	907,027

(continued)

TOWN OF CHURCH POINT, LOUISIANA 2012 Law Enforcement Sales Tax Fund

Budgetary Comparison Schedule (Continued) For the Year Ended September 30, 2020 With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended September 30, 2019

	Bud	get		Variance - Positive	2019
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Capital outlay - police vehicle equipment		26,264	24,659	1,605	121,935
Debt service -					
Principal retirement	24,664	24,664	24,664	-	29,961
Interest and fiscal charges	5,297	5,797	5,66 1	136	-
Total debt service	29,961	30,461	30,325	136	29,961
Total expenditures	936,841	992,218	1,003,696	(11,478)	1,070,953
Deficiency of revenues					
over expenditures	(220,111)	(241,023)	(185,354)	55,669	(319,009)
Other financing sources:					
Proceeds from capital lease	-	-	-	-	109,020
Transfers from General Fund	200,000	210,000	210,000		222,000
Total other financing sources	200,000	210,000	210,000		331,020
Net change in fund balance	(20,111)	(31,023)	24,646	55,669	12,011
Fund balance, beginning	34,130	34,130	34,130		22,119
Fund balance, ending	<u>\$ 14,019</u>	<u>\$ 3,107</u>	<u>\$ 58,776</u>	<u>\$ 55,669</u>	<u>\$ 34,130</u>

TOWN OF CHURCH POINT, LOUISIANA Capital Projects Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Change in Fund Balance -Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For the Year Ended September 30, 2020 With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended September 30, 2019

			2	2020				
	B	udget	A	ctual	Ро	iance - sitive gative)		2019 Actual
Revenues	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	-
Expenditures		-				-		يمر
Excess of revenues over expenditures				-		-		
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in		-		-		-		547
Transfers out		-		-		-	_(23,288)
Total other financing sources (uses)				-			_(22,741)
Net change in fund balance		-		-		-	(22,741)
Fund balance, beginning		1,430		1,430		-	<u></u>	24,1 <u>71</u>
Fund balance, ending	<u>\$</u>	1,430	<u>\$</u>	1,430	<u>\$</u>	→	<u>\$</u>	1,430

Comparative Statement of Net Position Enterprise Fund September 30, 2020 and 2019

T	Jtility Fund
2020	2019
ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Cash \$ 275,4	149 \$ 245,548
Interest-bearing deposits 401,7	768 327,268
Receivables -	
Accounts 110,0	
Unbilled utility receivables 44,	
Due from other funds 136,	
Due from other governmental units -	20,808
Inventory 59,9	
Prepaid expenses17,	<u> </u>
Total current assets 1,046,	138 1,037,234
Noncurrent assets:	
Restricted assets -	
Cash 108,	132 91,405
Interest-bearing deposits 80,	360 79,472
Capital assets -	
Land and construction in progress 219,	590 305,698
Capital assets, net 5,319,	<u> 4,937,504</u>
Total noncurrent assets5,727,	172 5,414,079
Total assets6,773,	<u> </u>
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable 29,	664 38,328
Contracts payable -	10,908
	914 16,375
	781 7,548
Due to other funds 83,	182 -
Payable from restricted assets -	
Customers' deposits188,	492 170,877
Total current liabilities 320,	033 244,036
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets 5,538,	680 5,243,202
Unrestricted 914,	
Total net position $\frac{56,453}{56,453}$	

TOWN OF CHURCH POINT, LOUISIANA Enterprise Fund Utility Fund

Comparative Departmental Analysis of Revenues and Expenses Years Ended September 30, 2020 and 2019

	Totals		Wa	iter	Sewer		
-	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	
Operating revenues:							
Charges for services	\$1,083,202	\$ 1,111,259	\$ 621,681	\$638,605	\$ 461,521	\$ 472,654	
Other	37,630	48,027	22,798	29,756	14,832	18,271	
Total operating revenues	1,120,832	1,159,286	644,479	668,361	476,353	490,925	
Operating expenses:							
Salaries	307,167	311,893	162,730	178,017	144,437	133,876	
Payroll taxes	23,669	24,876	12,615	14,172	11,054	10,704	
Group insurance	39,568	42,420	13,357	15,770	26,211	26,650	
Pension	12,096	11,694	5,571	6,272	6,525	5,422	
Utilities and telephone	73,834	80,927	34,557	36,477	39,277	44,450	
Repairs and maintenance	100,059	88,517	61,368	40,261	38,691	48,256	
Auto expense	8,528	17,402	7,251	14,735	1,277	2,667	
Legal and professional	25,648	39,189	12,672	13,903	12,976	25,286	
Insurance	76,382	66,932	60,677	40,924	15,705	26,008	
Operating supplies	25,215	30,333	7,283	18,690	17,932	11,643	
Office supplies and expense	10,753	7,966	9,298	7,173	1,455	793	
Dump and disposal charges	6,301	3,990	-	-	6,301	3,990	
Inspection and testing	10,439	13,859	3,601	5,313	6,838	8,546	
Engineering fees	54,035	13,608	36,714	-	17,321	13,608	
Chemicals	81,752	81,892	81,752	81,892	-	-	
Uniforms	4,631	2,109	3,190	837	1,441	1,272	
Depreciation	297,511	268,743	125,631	115,344	171,880	153,399	
Other	7,843	6,805	5,695	4,785	2,148	2,020	
Total operating expenses	1,165,431	1,113,155	643,962	594,565	521,469	518,590	
Operating income (loss)	(44,599)	46,131	<u>\$517</u>	<u>\$ 73,796</u>	<u>\$ (45,116)</u>	<u>\$ (27,665</u>)	
Non-operating revenues (expenses):							
Interest income	5,388	9,059					
Loss on disposal of assets	-	(2,759)					
Interest expense	-	(11,264)					
Total non-operating revenues							
(expenses)	5,388	(4,964)					
Income (loss) before contributions							
and transfers	(39,211)	41,167					
Capital contributions	285,211	193,907					
Transfers out	-	(185,000)					
Change in net position	246,000	50,074					
Net position, beginning	6,207,277	6,157,203					
Net position, ending	\$6,453,277	\$ 6,207,277					

TOWN OF CHURCH POINT, LOUISIANA LCDBG Sewer System Improvement Project

Schedule of Net Position For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

Assets	\$ -
Liabilities	 -
Net Position	\$ _

TOWN OF CHURCH POINT, LOUISIANA LCDBG Sewer System Improvement Project

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Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Change in Net Position For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

Revenues: LCDBG program	<u>\$ 279,211</u>
Expenses:	
Construction	268,341
Rehabilitation	10,870
Total expenses	279,211
Change in net position	-
Net position, beginning of year	<u> </u>
Net position, end of year	<u>\$</u>

Combined Schedule of Certificates of Deposit - All Funds September 30, 2020

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	Financial	Interest	Certificate Maturity	
	Institution	Rate	Length of Time	Amount
Sales Tax Fund: Certificate of deposit	Home Bank	0.25%	6 month renewal	<u>\$ 163,163</u>
Utility Fund: Water - Customers' deposits - Certificate of deposit	Farmers State Bank	0.72%	12 month renewal	80,360
Certificate of deposit Total Water	Farmers State Bank	0.41%	12 month renewal	207,698 288,058
Sewerage - Certificate of deposit Total Sewer	Farmers State Bank	0.45%	6 month renewal	<u> 123,367</u> <u> 123,367</u>
Total Utility Fund				411,425
Total - all funds				<u>\$ 574,588</u>

Schedule of Insurance in Force (Unaudited) September 30, 2020

Insurer/Agent	Coverage Provided For	Risks Covered	Limits of Coverage (in dollars)	Expiration Date
CNA Surety / The Erny Insurance Agency	Public employees collecting money Public employees position bond	Blanket bond	\$ 5,000 182,000	08/15/2021 07/29/2021
Western Surety Company / The Erny Insurance Agency	Town Clerk and Tax Collector	Blanket bond	10,000	06/05/2021
Louisiana Workers' Compensation	Municipal employees	Workers compensation	500,000	09/01/2021
Risk Management Inc.	Municipal employees	Automobile liability General liability Law Enforcement Officer Errors and omissions	500,000 500,000 500,000 500,000	05/01/2021 05/01/2021 05/01/2021 05/01/2021
EMC / Dupre, Carrier, Godchaux	Town Hall, police station, water buildings, reservoirs and tower, fire station buildings, and sewer buildings	Blanket coverage - property damage 90% Co-insurance	9,407,691	06/20/2021
Essex Insurance Co. / Rod Prejean & Associates, Inc.	Automobiles Tractors	Physical damage Inland Marine	1,500,000 99,836	05/01/2021 04/09/2021
Gagliardi Insurance Company	Baseball/softball program insurance Parks and Recreation	General liability Automobile liability Accidental medical General liability Accidental medical	2,000,000 1,000,000 100,000 5,000,000 100,000	03/13/2021 03/13/2021 03/13/2021 08/23/2021 08/23/2021

INTERNAL CONTROL, COMPLIANCE

AND

OTHER MATTERS

KOLDER, SLAVEN & COMPANY, LLC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

C. Burton Kolder, CPA* Brad E. Kolder, CPA, JD* Geraid A. Thibodeaux, Jr., CPA* Robert S. Carter, CPA* Arthur R. Mixon, CPA* Stephen J. Anderson, CPA* Christine C. Doucet, CPA Wanda F. Arcement, CPA Bryan K. Joubert, CPA Matthew E. Margaglio, CPA Casey L. Ardoin, CPA, CFE

Victor R. Slaven, CPA* - retired 2020

* A Professional Accounting Corporation

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS
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The Honorable Ryan Meche, Mayor and Members of the Board of Aldermen Town of Church Point, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Town of Church Point, Louisiana (the Town) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated February 19, 2021.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies, and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying summary schedule of current and prior year audit findings and management's corrective action plan as item 2020-001 that we consider to be a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

The Town of Church Point, Louisiana's Response to Findings

The Town's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying summary schedule of current and prior year audit findings and management's corrective action plan. The Town's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

This report is intended solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Louisiana Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC

Certified Public Accountants

Lafayette, Louisiana February 19, 2021

Summary Schedule of Current and Prior Year Findings and Management's Corrective Action Plan

Part I. Current Year Findings and Management's Corrective Action Plan

A. Internal Control Findings -

2020-001 Inadequate Segregation of Accounting Functions

Fiscal year finding initially occurred: Unknown

CONDITION: The Town did not have adequate segregation of functions within the accounting system.

CRITERIA: The Town should have a control policy according to which no person should be given responsibility for more than one related function.

CAUSE: Due to the size of the Town, there are a small number of available employees.

EFFECT: The Town has employees that are performing more than one related function.

RECOMMENDATION: The Town should establish and monitor mitigating controls over functions that are not completely segregated.

MANAGEMENT'S CORRECTION ACTION PLAN: Due to the size of the operations and the cost-benefit of additional personnel, it may not be feasible to achieve complete segregation of duties.

Part II. Prior Year Findings

A. Internal Control Findings -

2019-001 Inadequate Segregation of Accounting Functions

Fiscal year finding initially occurred: Unknown

CONDITION: The Town did not have adequate segregation of functions within the accounting system.

RECOMMENDATION: The Town should establish and monitor mitigating controls over functions that are not completely segregated.

CURRENT STATUS: Unresolved. See finding 2020-001.