# EAST FELICIANA PARISH SCHOOL BOARD CLINTON, LOUISIANA ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND COMPLIANCE REPORTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020



# EAST FELICIANA PARISH SCHOOL BOARD CLINTON, LOUISIANA ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND COMPLIANCE REPORTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT	I - III
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - PART I	
Management's Discussion and Analysis	IV - X
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Government-wide Financial Statements (GWFS)	
Statement of Net Position	1
Statement of Activities	2
Fund Financial Statements (FFS)	
Governmental Funds:	
Balance Sheet	3
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	4
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	5
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities	6
Fiduciary Funds:	
Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities	7
Notes to the Financial Statements	8 - 33
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION - PART II	
Major Fund Descriptions	34
Budgetary Comparison Schedule:	
General Fund	35 - 36
Operations and Maintenance Fund	37
School Food Service Fund	38
Schedule of Changes in Total Other Post-Employment Benefits Liability and Related Ratios	39

#### TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION - PART II (continued)	
Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability for Cost Sharing Defined Benefit Plans	40
Schedule of Employer Contributions to the Retirement Systems of Cost Sharing Defined Benefit Plans	41
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	42 - 43
SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION:	
Combining Fund Statements – Non Major Governmental Funds: Non-Major Governmental Fund Descriptions	44
Combining Balance Sheet - Non-Major Governmental Funds	45
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Non-Major Governmental Funds	46
Fiduciary Fund Type - Descriptions	47
Combining Balance Sheet - Agency Funds	48
Schedule of Compensation, Benefits, and Other Payments to Agency Head	49
Schedule of Compensation Paid to Board Members	50
REPORTS ON COMPLIANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROL	
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	51 - 52
Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and Internal Control over Compliance Required by Uniform Guidance	53 - 54
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	55
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	56
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	57 - 64
Summary Schedule of Prior Year Findings and Questioned Costs	65
PERFORMANCE MEASUREMENT DATA	
Independent Accountants' Report On Applying Agreed-Upon Procedures	66 - 67

#### TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
PERFORMANCE MEASUREMENT DATA (continued)	
Schedules Required by State Law (R.S. 24:514 - Performance and Statistical Data)	68
Performance and Statistical Data	69 - 70





#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

To the Members of the East Feliciana Parish School Board Clinton, Louisiana

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the East Feliciana Parish School Board (the School Board), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School Board's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the East Feliciana Parish School Board, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the major funds descriptions, the budgetary comparison schedules, the schedule of changes in total other post-employment benefits liability and related ratios, the schedule of proportionate share of the net pension liability for cost sharing defined benefit plans, the schedule of employer contributions to the retirement system of cost sharing defined benefit plans, and the notes to required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquires of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the East Feliciana Parish School Board's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplemental information consisting of the schedule of compensation, benefits, and other payments to agency head, the non-major governmental fund descriptions, the combining non-major governmental fund financial statements, the fiduciary fund type descriptions, the combining balance sheet – agency funds, and the schedule of compensation paid to board members, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards and related notes is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedule of compensation, benefits, and other payments to agency head, the non-major governmental fund descriptions, the combining non-major governmental fund financial statements, the fiduciary fund type descriptions, the combining balance sheet – agency funds, the schedule of compensation paid to board members, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and related notes are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the schedule of compensation, benefits, and other payments to agency head, the non-major governmental fund descriptions, the combining non-major governmental fund financial statements, the fiduciary fund type descriptions, the combining balance sheet – agency funds, the schedule of compensation paid to board members, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and related notes are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.



#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Ostlethmaite & Netherrible

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 22, 2021, on our consideration of the East Feliciana Parish School Board's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal controls over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the East Feliciana Parish School Board's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the East Feliciana Parish School Board's internal controls over financial reporting and compliance.

Baton Rouge, Louisiana February 22, 2021

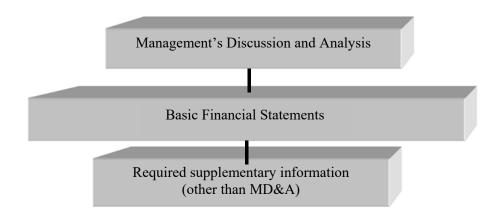
The Management's Discussion and Analysis of the East Feliciana Parish School Board's (the School Board) financial performance presents a narrative overview and analysis of the School Board's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2020. This document focuses on the current year's activities, resulting changes, and currently known facts in comparison with the prior year's information.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- ★ The East Feliciana Parish School Board's liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded its assets and deferred outflows of resources at the close of fiscal year 2020 by approximately \$27 million thus indicating a deficit in net position.
- ★ Expenses exceeded revenues by approximately \$838,000 for the year, indicating an overall decrease in the financial position of the School Board.
- ★ The General Fund's fund experienced a net loss from the prior year by approximately \$205,000. The main cause of this loss was a decrease in revenues of approximately \$174,000 mainly from other income decrease of approximately \$112,000 and from state sources decrease of approximately \$53,000.
- ★ The Operations and Maintenance Fund, which accounts for the proceeds of a 1% sales tax, has a fund balance of approximately \$657,000 which can be used for a variety of operating purposes. The School Board has used this fund to provide salary supplements and capital outlay for the past several years.
- ★ The School Boards operations was affected beginning in late March 2020 due to the closures, stay at home orders and social distancing measures necessary due to the COVID-19 public health emergency. The School Lunch Services program was directly affected due to the changes in operations as meal services ceased and federal reimbursements stopped. This resulted in the School Food Services fund incurring a net loss of approximately \$55,000 for the fiscal year.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The following graphic illustrates the minimum requirements for Special Purpose Governments established by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 34, *Basic Financial Statements—and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for State and Local Governments*.



#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)**

These financial statements consist of four sections: (1) management's discussion and analysis (this section), (2) the basic financial statements (including the notes to the financial statements), (3) required supplementary information, and (4) an optional section that presents combining statements for non-major governmental funds.

**Government-wide financial statements.** The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School Board's finances, in a manner similar to private sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the School Board's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the School Board is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused sick leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements present functions of the School Board that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The School Board has no functions or activities which are business-like in nature, meaning that they are primarily supported by user fees and charges for services, such as a municipally owned utility system. The governmental activities of the School Board include regular and special education programs, support services, administration, maintenance, student transportation, and school food services. The School Board contains no other units of government (component units) nor is it contained as a component unit of any other level of local or state government.

**Fund financial statements**. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that are used to maintain control over the resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The School Board, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements. All of the funds of the School Board can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the government's near-term financial requirements. Because of the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long term impact of the School Board's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities. The School Board maintains dozens of individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the government fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, the Operations and Maintenance Fund, and the School Food Service Fund, all of which are considered major funds. The remaining funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation under the label of non-major governmental funds, which contains all other governmental funds. Individual fund data for each of these non-major funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

#### **Fund financial statements (continued)**

**Fiduciary funds**. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of outside parties. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because of the resources of those funds are not available to support the School Board's programs. The School Board's fiduciary funds consist of the School Activity Fund, which contains monies belonging to the schools, their students, and clubs and other activities, and the Sales Tax Fund, which accounts for the collection and distribution of parish-wide sales taxes.

**Notes to the financial statements.** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY

#### Condensed Statements of Net Position

		June 30, 2019
	June 30, 2020	Restated
		_
Current assets	\$ 3,480,879	\$ 3,242,798
Capital assets, net	10,441,586	10,699,206
Total assets	13,922,465	13,942,004
Deferred outflows of resources	11,389,105	9,207,036
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 25,311,570	\$ 23,149,040
Accounts calaries and other payables	\$ 2,016,033	\$ 1,310,544
Accounts, salaries and other payables	3,872,114	4,242,074
Bonds payable		
Lease payable	39,044	57,487
Total other post-employment benefit liability	22,242,941	17,977,517
Compensated absences	406,445	407,906
Net pension liability	20,521,809	21,275,503
Total liabilities	49,098,386	45,271,031
Deferred inflows of resources	3,260,680	4,087,661
Net Position:		
Net investment in capital assets	6,569,472	6,457,132
Restricted	2,477,992	2,476,917
Unrestricted	(36,094,960)	(35,143,701)
Total net position	(27,047,496)	(26,209,652)
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and		
net position	\$ 23,311,570	\$ 23,149,040

- Cash and cash equivalents increased by approximately \$38,000 over the prior year. These assets, consisting of cash in local financial institutions comprise approximately 14% of total assets.
- Capital assets, which are reported net of accumulated depreciation, account for approximately 75% of the total assets of the School Board for the most recent year ended.
- The June 30, 2019 balance was restated to reflect an adjustment of sales tax receivable that was overstated in the prior year of approximately \$395,000.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY (continued)

• As a result of the changes in actuarial assumptions used in the calculation total other post-employment benefit liability, the total other post-employment (OPEB) liability increase by approximately \$4.3 million. The increase in OPEB liability was offset by the net change in deferrals associated with OPEB of \$2.9 million resulting in a net change of \$1.4 million.

### Statements of Activities For the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

For the years ended June 30	, 2020 and 2019	2019
Program revenues	2020	Restated
Charges for services	\$ 714,493	\$ 876,032
Operating grants	3,196,466	2,880,537
General revenues	-,,	, ,
Ad valorem taxes	3,862,256	3,769,895
Sales and use taxes	3,717,156	3,794,634
State revenue sharing	70,040	46,480
Earnings on investments	31,692	27,097
MFP	10,613,060	10,891,899
Other grants and miscellaneous	400,784	719,207
Total revenues	22,605,947	23,005,781
Expenses		
Instruction:		
Regular education	7,244,614	6,903,208
Special education	815,449	709,437
Vocational education	358,657	340,524
Other education	1,449,281	1,354,673
Support Services:		
Pupil support	575,240	669,921
Instructional staff	2,370,657	2,157,509
General administrative	761,248	916,236
School administrative	1,147,671	1,067,533
Business services	486,779	416,323
Plant operation and maintenance	2,157,223	2,333,070
Transportation	1,274,676	1,219,865
Food service	1,078,283	1,121,218
Central services	117,418	160,511
Interest charged on long-term debt	18,142	1,599
Appropriation to the charter school	3,588,453	3,272,747
Total expenses	23,443,791	22,644,374
Change in net position	(837,844)	361,407
Net position, beginning of year, restated	(26,209,652)	(26,571,059)
Net position, end of year	\$ (27,047,496)	\$ (26,209,652)

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY (continued)

#### Change in Net Position

- MFP, which accounts for approximately 47% of total revenues for 2020, decreased by approximately \$279,000 due to declining enrollment and thus fewer students in the MFP funding formula for the School Board.
- Ad valorem taxes, which account for approximately 17% of total revenues for 2020, increased by approximately \$92,000 due to an increase in the assessed value of property in the parish.
- Sales and use taxes, which account for approximately 16% of total revenues for 2020, decreased by approximately \$77,000 due to a decrease in retail sales that are subject to tax.
- Operating grant revenues, comprising 14% of total revenues for 2020, increased by approximately \$316,000 due to a change in the allocation of both federal and state grants in the current year reported as program revenues. This increase is offset by a decrease in other revenues that are reported as a component of general revenues by approximately (\$318,000).
- Charges for services, comprising 3% of total revenues for 2020, decreased by approximately \$161,500, primarily due to a reduction in contractual revenues.
- Expenses increased by approximately \$799,000 or 3.5% over the previous year, and were primarily related to increases in personnel costs (salaries, benefits, etc.) and operations and maintenance expenses.

#### CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### **Capital Assets**

At the end of 2020, the East Feliciana Parish School Board had approximately \$10.4 million (net of \$16,804,281 in accumulated depreciation) invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, building, and equipment. (See Table below). This amount represents a decrease of \$257,620 (approximately 2%) over the last year, primarily related to continued depreciation on existing assets.

The School Board recorded depreciation expense of \$658,660 and net additions of \$401,040.

### Capital Assets at Year-end (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)

	1	2020	2019			
T 1	Φ.	1.506.050	Φ.	1 =06 0=0		
Land	\$	1,706,878	\$	1,706,878		
Buildings & improvements		8,564,976		8,883,504		
Equipment		128,482		93,724		
Construction-in-progress	1	41,250		15,100		
Totals	\$	10,441,586	\$	10,699,206		

This year's additions to capital assets included walkway covers construction in progress of \$41,250, building & improvement additions of completed walkway covers (\$35,000), new roofs (\$27,350), chillers (\$207,100), generators (\$14,325), intercom system (\$29,735), and equipment additions of lawn mowers (\$20,080), tractor (\$25,900) and cooler (\$15,400).

#### Long-term debt

At June 30, 2020, the School Board had \$3,872,114 in bonds outstanding for the purpose of construction, rehabilitation and renovations, a decrease of \$369,960 from the prior year balance of \$4,242,074 due to normal scheduled repayments. The School Board reported \$406,445 in compensated absences, a decrease of \$1,462 from the prior year balance of \$407,907 due to employee use of leave benefits. Capital lease liability is \$39,044, a decrease of \$18,443 from the prior year balance of \$57,487 due to normal scheduled repayments. Total other post-employment benefit liability is \$22,242,941, an increase of \$4,265,424 due mainly to changes actuarial assumption in estimating the liability. Net pension liability is \$20,521,809, a decrease of \$753,694, due to changes in actuarial estimates of the liability and proportionate participation of the School Board within each pension plan.

#### VARIATIONS BETWEEN ORIGINAL AND FINAL BUDGETS

Over the course of the year, the General Fund operating budget was amended. The amendment of the operating budget is a customary practice and is reflective of the change that occurs with financial related matters throughout the fiscal year. The most significant changes during 2020 were as follows:

#### **Revenues:**

The General Fund budget was amended from the original projections to reflect a decrease of \$371,000. State source revenues was the largest decrease of (\$483,500) offset by an increase in revenue from federal sources of \$85,000. The net amendments in local source revenue reflects an increase of \$27,500.

#### **Expenditures:**

Budgeted expenditures were amended to reflect a net decrease of \$54,270. While budgeted instructional expenditures were increased by \$256,920, this increase was offset by a decrease in budgeted expenditures in support services, charter school appropriations and debt service expenditures of \$311,190.

#### ANALYSIS OF FUND BALANCES

The General Fund's fund balance of approximately \$2,430,000 is restricted for future salary and benefits expenditures. Best practices recommend that governments maintain general fund balances equal to 10% of annual expenditures. The Operations and Maintenance Fund's fund balance of approximately \$657,000 is also available for a broad range of uses, including operating costs paid by the General Fund. On a combined basis, these two funds' fund balance equals approximately 13% of annual expenditures of the two funds.

#### ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS

The East Feliciana Parish School Board's elected and appointed officials considered the following factors and indicators when setting next year's budget, rates, and fees. These factors and indicators include:

- Sales tax revenues are budgeted to remain consistent from the 2020 year.
- The General Fund operating budget was adopted to operate at a \$210,100 surplus.
- Health insurance and retirement benefit payments are expected to increase on an individual basis.
- State funding through MFP is expected to increase by 4%.
- On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization declared the Outbreak of a novel coronavirus (COVID-19) as a global pandemic. The COVID-19 pandemic has negatively impacted the global economy and created significant volatility and disruption of financial markets. The School Boards operations and delivery of educational and other services has been modified due to compliance with social distancing requirements of the COVID-19 pandemic. The School Board's continued operational and financial performance will depend on certain developments, including the duration and spread of the outbreak and the impact on its grantors, employees, and vendors, all of which are uncertain and cannot be predicted or reasonably estimated at this time.

#### CONTACTING THE EAST FELICIANA PARISH SCHOOL BOARD'S MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the School Board's finances for those with an interest in the School Board's financial position and operations. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or request for additional financial information should be addressed to Mr. Tommy LeJeune, CPA, Faulk & Winkler, LLC, c/o East Feliciana Parish School Board, 12732 Silliman Street, Clinton, LA 70722, (225) 683-8277.

## STATEMENT OF NET POSITION <u>JUNE 30, 2020</u>

ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,326,866
Sales tax receivable	359,640
Due from other governments	615,076
Other grants receivable	118,473
Inventory	50,916
Other assets	9,908
Capital assets:	
Land and construction in progress	1,748,128
Buildings and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation	8,693,458
TOTAL ASSETS	 13,922,465
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred amounts related to net pension liability	5,732,791
Deferred amounts related to total other post-employment benefit liability	5,656,314
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	 11,389,105
TOTAL BLI LIKELD OF IT LOWS OF RESOURCES	 11,505,105
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$ 25,311,570
<u>LIABILITIES</u>	4 000 000
Accounts, salaries and other payables	\$ 1,983,290
Due to other governments	31,098
Interest payable	1,645
Long-term liabilities:	
Due within one year (bonds, compensated absences, claims and lease)	476,046
Due in more than one year (bonds, compensated absences and lease)	3,841,557
Net pension liability	20,521,809
Total post-employment benefit liability	
Due within one year	965,000
Due in more than one year	 21,277,941
TOTAL LIABILITIES	 49,098,386
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred amounts related to net pension liability	2,837,569
Deferred amounts related to total other post-employment benefit liability	 423,111
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	 3,260,680
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	6,569,472
Restricted for:	
Facilities improvements	47,566
Salaries and benefits	2,430,426
Unrestricted	 (36,094,960)
TOTAL NET POSITION	 (27,047,496)
TOTAL LIABLITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES,	25 25 5 5 5
AND NET POSITION	\$ 25,311,570

## STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

			Program Revenues					Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net		
	Expenses			harges for Services		Grants and ontributions	Position Governmental Unit			
Functions/Programs										
Instruction:										
Regular education programs	\$	7,244,614	\$	6,310	\$	139,197	\$	(7,099,107)		
Special education programs		815,449		-		186,909		(628,540)		
Vocational education programs		358,657		-		67,433		(291,224)		
Other education programs		1,449,281		93,817		878,524		(476,940)		
Support Services:										
Pupil support services		575,240		-		132,830		(442,410)		
Instructional staff services		2,370,657		605,390		769,624		(995,643)		
General administration services		761,248		-		-		(761,248)		
School administration services		1,147,671		-		-		(1,147,671)		
Business services		486,779		-		186,006		(300,773)		
Plant operation and maintenance		2,157,223		-		165		(2,157,058)		
Transportation		1,274,676		-		-		(1,274,676)		
Food service		1,078,283		8,976		775,279		(294,028)		
Central services		117,418		-		-		(117,418)		
Appropriation to charter school		3,588,453		-		60,499		(3,527,954)		
Interest charges on long-term debt		18,142						(18,142)		
Total Governmental Activities	\$	23,443,791	\$	714,493	\$	3,196,466	\$	(19,532,832)		
	Taxe	<del></del> -								
		-valorem taxes						3,862,256		
		es and use taxes						3,717,156		
		te revenue sharir ts and contribution	-	estricted to spe	cific nu	noses:		70,040		
		nimum Foundati			onic pui	poses.		10,613,060		
		ner grants, contri						154,779		
		est and investmen						31,692		
		ellaneous	ar carrin	5				246,005		
			Total gei	neral revenues				18,694,988		
	Chan	ge in Net Positio	n					(837,844)		
	Net I	osition - beginni	ing of ye	ar, as restated				(26,209,652)		
	Net I	osition - end of	year				\$	(27,047,496)		

## GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2020

				perations		hool Food		on-major		
		General	and	Maintenance		Service	Gov	vernmental		Total
ASSETS	_		_		_		_		_	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	970,342	\$	909,857	\$	357,148	\$	89,519	\$	2,326,866
Sales tax receivable		179,820		179,820		-		-		359,640
Due from other governments		128,814		-		55,653		430,609		615,076
Other grants receivable		1 454 100		-		-		118,473		118,473
Due from other funds		1,454,189		-		50.016		109,010		1,563,199
Inventory		-		-		50,916		-		50,916
Other assets		9,908								9,908
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	2,743,073	\$	1,089,677	\$	463,717	\$	747,611	\$	5,044,078
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES										
Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$	574,815	\$	-	\$	1,639	\$	-	\$	576,454
Salaries and benefits payable		1,406,836		-		-		-		1,406,836
Due to other governments		-		-		-		31,098		31,098
Due to other funds				432,666		461,586		668,947		1,563,199
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,981,651		432,666		463,225		700,045		3,577,587
Fund balances:										
Nonspendable		-		_		50,916		_		50,916
Restricted for:						,				,
School food services		-		_		-		-		-
Salaries and benefits		2,430,426		-		-		-		2,430,426
Facility improvements		-		-		-		47,566		47,566
Assigned to operations and maintenance		-		657,011		-		-		657,011
Unassigned		(1,669,004)				(50,424)				(1,719,428)
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		761,422		657,011		492		47,566		1,466,491
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND	_		_		_		_			
FUND BALANCES	\$	2,743,073	\$	1,089,677	\$	463,717	\$	747,611	\$	5,044,078

# RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

Total Fund Balances at June 30, 2020 - Governmental Funds			\$ 1,466,491
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different due to the following:			
Deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to the net pension and total other post-employment benefit liability are not payable or receivable, respectively, in the current period and therefore, not reported in the governmental funds			
Deferred outflows of resources - pension related Deferred outflows of resources - total other post-employment liability benefit relate Deferred inflows of resources - pension related	d		5,732,791 5,656,314 (2,837,569)
Deferred inflows of resources - total other post-employment benefit liability related			(423,111)
Accrued interest payable			(1,645)
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources			
and therefore, are not reported in governmental funds			
Cost of capital assets at June 30, 2020	\$	27,245,867	
Less: Accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2020:			
Buildings and improvements		(15,507,440)	
Movable property		(1,296,841)	10,441,586
Long-term liabilities at June 30, 2020:			
Revenue & QSCB bonds		(577,996)	
Qualified Zone Academy bonds		(3,294,118)	
Lease liability		(39,044)	
Total other post employment benefit liability		(22,242,941)	
Compensated absences payable		(406,445)	
Net pension liability		(20,521,809)	 (47,082,353)

\$ (27,047,496)

Total Net Position at June 30, 2020 - Governmental Activities

## GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	General	Operations and Maintenance	School Food Service	Non-major Governmental	Total
REVENUES					
Local sources:					
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 3,862,256	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,862,256
Sales and use tax	1,858,578	1,858,578	-	-	3,717,156
Earnings on investments	27,073	683	3,936	-	31,692
Other	180,980	-	8,976	705,517	895,473
State and other sources:					
Unrestricted grants-in-aid, MFP	10,531,707	-	12,335	69,018	10,613,060
Revenue sharing	70,040	-	-	-	70,040
Restricted grants-in-aid	154,779	-	-	413,574	568,353
Federal grants			776,240	2,006,652	2,782,892
TOTAL REVENUES	16,685,413	1,859,261	801,487	3,194,761	22,540,922
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>					
Current:					
Instruction:					
Regular education programs	6,842,281	-	-	195,345	7,037,626
Special education programs	579,581	-	-	201,620	781,201
Vocational education programs	293,310	-	-	68,920	362,230
Other education programs	466,341	-	-	972,341	1,438,682
Support:				-	
Pupil support services	449,683	-	-	132,830	582,513
Instructional staff services	1,029,839	-	1,146	1,377,233	2,408,218
General administration services	768,296	-	-	-	768,296
School administration services	1,124,402	-	-	-	1,124,402
Business services	440,338	-	-	708	441,046
Plant operation and maintenance	1,435,894	25,298	-	(9,923)	1,451,269
Transportation	1,175,747	-	-	-	1,175,747
Food services	61,093	-	924,845	-	985,938
Central services	120,149	-	-	-	120,149
Capital outlay	98,060	73,330	15,400	214,250	401,040
Appropriation to charter school	3,527,954	-	-	60,499	3,588,453
Debt service - principal	388,403	-	-	-	388,403
Debt service - interest	16,497				16,497
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	18,817,868	98,628	941,391	3,213,823	23,071,710
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER					
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(2,132,455)	1,760,633	(139,904)	(19,062)	(530,788)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	2,012,798	-	85,000	-	2,097,798
Transfers out	(85,000)	(1,827,500)		(185,298)	(2,097,798)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING					
SOURCES (USES)	1,927,798	(1,827,500)	85,000	(185,298)	
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	(204,657)	(66,867)	(54,904)	(204,360)	(530,788)
FUND BALANCES - beginning of year,	0.00.080	<b>500</b> 0 <b>5</b> 0	## <b>2</b> 000	251.025	1.005.050
as restated	966,079	723,878	55,396	251,926	1,997,279
FUND BALANCES - end of year	\$ 761,422	\$ 657,011	\$ 492	\$ 47,566	\$ 1,466,491

# RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Net Change in Fund Balances			\$ (530,788)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different due to the following:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures.			
However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets			
is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as			
depreciation expense.	Φ.	401.040	
Capital outlay and other expenditures capitalized, net	\$	401,040	(257 (20)
Depreciation expense for year ended June 30, 2020	-	(658,660)	(257,620)
Excess of interest accrued over interest paid			63,380
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bond, leases) provides current			
financial resources to governmental funds. In the statement of net position,			
however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities and does not affect the			
statement of activities.			
Principal payments on debt and capital lease			388,403
Expenses reported in the statement of activites do not require the			
use of current financial resources and therefore are			
not reported as expenditures in governmental funds			
Change in total other post-employment benefit liability	\$	(1,404,450)	
Change in compensated absences liability		1,461	
Change in net pension liability, deferred outlfows and inflows of resources			
related to net pension liability		901,770	 (501,219)
Change in Net Position - Governmental Activities			\$ (837,844)

# FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES JUNE 30, 2020

	 Agency Funds
ASSETS  Cash and cash equivalents Sales tax receivable	\$ 970,105 535,461
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,505,566
LIABILITIES  Taxes paid under protest Amounts held for school clubs and activities Due to other governments	\$ 299,804 210,381 995,381
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 1,505,566

#### **General Information**

The East Feliciana Parish School Board (School Board) was created by Louisiana Revised Statute (LSA-R.S.) 17:51 for the purpose of providing public education for the residents of East Feliciana Parish (Parish). The School Board is authorized by LSA-R.S. 17:81 to establish policies and regulations for its own government consistent with the laws of the State of Louisiana and the regulations of the Louisiana Board of Elementary and Secondary Education. The School Board is authorized to establish public schools as it deems necessary, to provide adequate school facilities for the children of the parish, to determine the number of teachers to be employed, and to determine local supplements to their salaries. The School Board is currently comprised of 13 members who are elected from 7 districts for a term of four years.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the School Board operated 7 schools within the parish with a total enrollment of approximately 1,808 pupils. In conjunction with the regular educational programs, some of these schools offer special education and/or adult education programs. Additionally, the School Board provides transportation and school food services for the students.

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### a. Reporting Entity

The School Board complies with U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). The School Board's reporting entity applies all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements.

The School Board's financial statements include all accounts of the School Board's operations. The basic criterion for determining whether a governmental department, agency, institution, commission, public authority, or other governmental organization should be included in a primary governmental unit's reporting entity for financial statements as a component unit is financial accountability. Financial accountability includes the ability of the primary government to impose its will on the organization or if there is a financial benefit/burden relationship. In addition, an organization that is fiscally dependent on the primary government should be included in its reporting entity. Based on these criteria, the School Board has no component units.

#### b. Basis of Presentation

The School Board's *Basic Financial Statements* consist of the government-wide statements (on all of the non-fiduciary activities) and the fund financial statements (individual major fund, combined non-major funds, and the combined fiduciary funds.) The statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to governmental entities.

#### Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities for all non-fiduciary type activities. As a general rule, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. The government-wide presentation focuses primarily on the sustainability of the School Board as an entity over the long term and the change in aggregate economic position resulting from the activities of the fiscal period.

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### b. Basis of Presentation (continued)

#### Government-wide Financial Statements (continued)

All programs of the School Board are considered to be *governmental activities* since all of the activities are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, rather than fees for services.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Program revenues included in the Statement of Activities are derived from parties outside the School Board's taxpayers or citizenry. As a whole, program revenues reduce the cost of the function to be financed from the taxpayers.

The School Board reports all direct expenses by function in the Statement of Activities. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a function. Indirect expenses of other functions are not allocated to those functions but are reported separately in the Statement of Activities.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

Emphasis of fund financial reporting is on the major funds. Non-major funds (by category) or fund type are summarized into a single column. The major funds of the School Board consist of the General fund, the Operations and Maintenance fund, and the School Food Service Fund.

The daily accounts and operations of the School Board are organized and maintained on the basis of funds and account groups, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purpose for which they are to be expended and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All Governmental Funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financial sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

The funds of the School Board are classified into two broad categories: Governmental and Fiduciary.

#### Governmental Fund Types:

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the School Board are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of the School Board's expendable financial resources and the related liabilities are accounted for through governmental funds. The measurement focus is on the determination of changes in short-term financial position, rather than upon net income. The following are the School Board's governmental fund types:

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### b. Basis of Presentation (continued)

#### Governmental Fund Types: (continued)

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the School Board. It accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in other funds. It also accounts for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. These funds account for the revenues and expenditures related to federal, state grant, and other programs established for various educational objectives as well as a fund to account for the proceeds of a 1% sales tax dedicated to salary supplements and capital improvements.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> – The Capital Projects Fund was established to account for capital improvements, including construction of new facilities and renovations.

#### Fiduciary Fund Type - Agency Funds:

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the School Board in a trustee or agency capacity. The agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results or operations.

#### c. Basis of Accounting/Measurement Focus

#### Government-wide Financial Statements (GWFS)

The GWFS were prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability has been incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Sales taxes are recognized when the underlying sales transactions occur. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

#### Fund Financial Statements (FFS)

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. The Agency Fund type is accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus (accrual basis). With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the balance sheet.

Governmental Funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financial sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### d. Basis of Accounting/Measurement Focus (continued)

The following paragraphs describe the revenue recognition practices under the modified accrual basis of accounting:

#### Revenues

Governmental fund revenues resulting from exchange transactions are recognized in the fiscal year in which the exchange takes place and meets the government's availability criteria (susceptible to accrual). Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. Charges for services, and most governmental miscellaneous revenues, including investment earnings, are recorded as earned since they are measurable and available. The Board definition of available generally means expected to be received within sixty days of the end of the fiscal year.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the Board receives value without directly giving value in return, include sales tax, property tax, special assessments, grants, entitlements, and donations. Property taxes are considered measurable in the calendar year of the tax levy if collected soon enough to meet the availability criteria. Sales taxes and gross receipts business taxes are considered "measurable" when the underlying transaction occurs and meets the availability criteria. Anticipated refunds of such taxes are recorded as fund liabilities and reductions of revenue when they are measurable and valid. Special assessments are recognized as revenues only to the extent that individual installments are considered current assets in the governmental fund types.

Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources can be used.

#### **Expenditures**

Salaries are recorded as expenditures when incurred. Nine-month employee salaries are incurred over a nine-month period but can be paid over a period up to twelve months.

Compensated absences are recognized as expenditures when leave is actually taken or when employees (or heirs) are paid for accrued leave upon retirement or death, while the cost of leave privileges not requiring current resources is recorded as a general long-term debt.

Commitments under construction contracts are recognized as expenditures when earned by the contractor.

Principal and interest on general long-term debt are not recognized until due.

All other expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred if it is expected to be paid within the next twelve months. Liabilities which will not be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are not recorded in the funds.

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### e. Budget Practices

The proposed budgets for fiscal year 2020 were completed and made available for public inspection at the School Board office. A public hearing was held for suggestions and comments from taxpayers. The proposed fiscal year 2020 budgets were formally adopted by the School Board after the public hearing. The budgets, which included proposed expenditures and the means of financing them, for the General and Special Revenue Funds, were made available to the public.

The budgets for the General and Special Revenue Funds were prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Formal budgetary integration is used during the year as a management control device. Any part of appropriations which is not expensed is not automatically re-appropriated in the next year.

The School Board is authorized to transfer amounts between line items within any fund. When actual revenues within a fund are failing to meet estimated annual budgeted revenues by five percent or more, and/or actual expenditures within a fund are exceeding estimated budgeted expenditures by five percent or more, a budget amendment to reflect such changes is adopted by the School Board in a public meeting. Budgeted amounts included in the financial statements include the original adopted budget and all subsequent amendments.

#### f. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Under state law, the School Board may deposit funds with a fiscal agent organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, the laws of any other state in the union, or the laws of the United States. The School Board may invest in United States bonds, notes, bills, or certificates and time deposits of state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having principal offices in Louisiana.

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand and cash on deposit with the fiscal agent bank. These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates fair value. Under state law, the resulting bank balances of these deposits must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The estimated fair value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal or exceed the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent.

#### g. Inventory

Inventory of the School Lunch Special Revenue Fund consists of food purchased by the School Board and commodities provided by the United States Department of Agriculture. The commodities are recorded as revenues and expenditures when consumed. All inventory items purchased are valued at the lower of cost or market (first-in, first-out), and donated commodities are assigned values based on information provided by the United States Department of Agriculture.

#### h. Capital Assets

All capital assets are capitalized at historical cost, or estimated historical cost for assets where actual historical cost is not available. Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The School Board maintains threshold levels for capitalizing capital assets of \$5,000.

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### g. Capital Assets (continued)

Capital assets are recorded in the GWFS as an asset, but are reported in the FFS as an expenditure. All capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives. Since surplus assets are sold for an immaterial amount when declared as no longer needed for public school purposes by the School Board, no salvage value is taken into consideration for depreciation purposes. Useful lives vary from 5 to 15 years for equipment, 10 to 30 years for building and land improvements, and 40 years for buildings.

#### h. Government-wide Net Position

Government-wide net position is divided into three components:

- Net investment in capital assets consist of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced generally by the outstanding balances on any bonds, mortgages, notes, deferred charges on refunding, or other borrowing less any unspent debt proceeds that are attributable to the acquisition of the capital assets.
- Restricted net position consists of net position that is restricted by the Board's creditors, by state enabling legislation, by grantors (both federal and state), and by other contributors.
- Unrestricted all other net position is reported in this category.

#### i. Fund Equity of Fund Financial Statements

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balances are classified as follows:

- Nonspendable amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in spendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Spendable:
  - Restricted amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of state or federal laws, or externally imposed conditions by grantors or creditors.
  - Committed amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action by School Board ordinance or resolution.
  - Assigned amounts that are constrained by the Board's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted or committed.
  - Unassigned all amounts not included in other spendable classifications
- When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted amounts are
  available, the School Board reduces restricted amounts first, allowed by unrestricted amounts. When
  expenditures are incurred for purposes for which committed, assigned, and unassigned amounts are
  available, the School Board reduces committed amounts first, followed by assigned amounts and then
  unassigned amounts.

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### j. Annual, Sick and Sabbatical Leave

All twelve-month employees earn annual leave based on the date of employment in accordance with the following schedule:

	# of Annual
Years of Service	Leave Days
0 - 5	10 days
6 - 15	15 days
16 +	20 days

Annual leave may be accumulated and carried forward as earned up to a maximum of 30 days. Upon retirement or separation of employment, all unused accumulated vacation leave is paid to all eligible employees or to their estates.

All School Board employees earn 8 to 18 days of sick leave each year, which can be accumulated without limitation depending upon length of service with the School Board. Upon retirement or death for employees with 20 years or more experience, unused sick leave of up to 25 days is paid to the employee (or heirs) at the employee's current rate of pay, and all unused sick leave, including the 25 days paid, is used in the retirement benefit computation as earned service.

Sabbatical leave may be granted for rest and recuperation or for professional and cultural improvement. Sabbatical leave benefits are recorded as an expenditure of the period in which paid. The cost of leave privileges, computed in accordance with Codification Section C60, is recognized as a current year expenditure in the governmental funds when leave is actually taken or when employees (or heirs) are paid for accrued leave upon retirement or death.

#### k. Sales Taxes

The East Feliciana Parish School Board levies a combined two percent sales and use tax within East Feliciana Parish consisting of:

- A one percent sales and use tax renewed on October 21, 1995, for the ten years beginning June 30, 1998. One-half of the proceeds of this one percent sales tax are dedicated to the payment of teachers' salaries. The remainder of the proceeds is to be used for the operations, including maintenance and improvement of school buildings and sites of the public schools in East Feliciana Parish. This tax was renewed effective July 1, 2018, for a period of ten years.
- An additional one percent sales tax was approved by voters of the Parish on October 17, 1981, and originally set to expire on December 31, 2007. This sales tax is dedicated to capital improvements of the public school system of East Feliciana Parish, payment of any indebtedness incurred in making capital improvements, and payment of maintenance and operational expenses of the School Board. This tax was renewed for a second time effective January 1, 2018, for a period of ten years. Ninety-one percent of this tax was dedicated by the School Board for the payment of salary supplements.

The sales tax department of the School Board also collects sales and use taxes levied by the East Feliciana Parish Police Jury (Police Jury). The Police Jury pays the School Board a collection fee that is negotiated annually. The collection and distribution of the sales taxes are accounted for in the Sales Tax Agency Fund.

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### 1. Pension Plans

The East Feliciana Parish School Board is a participating employer in two defined benefit pension plans as described in Note 9. For purposes of measuring the Net Pension Liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of each of the plans, and additions to/deductions from each plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by each of the plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments have been reported at fair value within each plan.

#### m. Other Post-employment Benefit Plan

The East Feliciana Parish School Board provides certain continuing healthcare and life insurance benefits for its retired employees through a single-employer defined benefit other post-employment benefits plan as described in Note 10. For purposes of measuring the other post-employment benefits liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the plan, and plan expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the plan, and additions to and deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position, have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions, are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. The post-employment benefit plan had no assets as of June 30, 2020.

#### n. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities to the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### o. Current Year Adoption of New Accounting Standard

The School Board applied the provisions of GASB Technical Bulletin 2020-1 Accounting and Financial Reporting Issues Related to the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (CARES Act) and Coronavirus Diseases, which established accounting for certain aspects of CARES Act assistance, including recognition of revenue effects of subsequent amendments to the CARES Act, extraordinary and special items reporting, and classification of revenues, as applicable.

Certain accounting and other changes were initially planned, however; the School Board applied GASB statement 95 *Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance* which delayed implementation of GASB effective dates including GASB 84 *Fiduciary Activities*, which was initially scheduled to be effective for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 has been postponed for one year to now be effective for fiscal year ending June 30, 2021. Additionally, the implementation of GASB 87 *Leases*, which was initially scheduled to be effective for the fiscal year ended June 20, 2021 has been postponed for a year to now be effective for fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

#### 2. Property Taxes

All taxable property in Louisiana is required by law to be assessed annually at a percentage of its fair market value by the parish assessor, except for public utility property which is assessed by the Louisiana Tax Commission. The 1974 Louisiana Constitution provided that, beginning in 1978, all land and residential property be assessed at 10% of fair market value; agricultural, horticultural, marsh lands, timber lands, and certain historic buildings be assessed at 10% of "use" value; and all other property be assessed at 15% of fair market value. Fair market values are determined by the elected assessor of the parish and are subject to review and final certification by the Louisiana Tax Commission. The assessor is required to reappraise all property every four years. The Sheriff of East Feliciana Parish, as provided by state law, is the official tax collector of property taxes levied by the parish and parish special districts.

Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the fiscal year for which they are levied. State law requires the sheriff to collect property taxes in the calendar year in which the assessment is made. Tax bills are mailed in November/December. If taxes are not paid by the due date of December 31, they bear interest at one percent per month until paid. After notice is given to the delinquent taxpayers, the sheriff is required by the Constitution of the State of Louisiana to sell the least quantity of property necessary to settle the taxes and interest owed.

The following is a summary of parish-wide authorized and levied ad-valorem taxes for the year:

	Authorized	Levied	Expiration
	Millage	Millage	Date
Parish-wide taxes			
Constitutional, levied September 2002	5.00	3.34	None
School Board Salary, levied January 2017	17.00	17.00	2026

#### 3. Cash

The School Board's cash and cash equivalents consist entirely of deposits in local financial institutions. At year end, the carrying amount of the School Board's deposits was \$3,296,971 which includes \$970,105 held in an agency capacity for sales tax and school activities. The total bank balance was \$3,133,677.

Deposits in financial institutions can be exposed to custodial credit risk. Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in event of financial institution failure, the School Board's deposits may not be returned to them. To mitigate this risk, state law requires deposits to be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent financial institution. The School Board's deposits were not subject to custodial credit risk at June 30, 2020.

#### 4. Due From/To Other Funds

Individual balances due from/to other funds at year end are as follows:

		Due from		Due to
Fund	0	ther funds	ot	ther funds
General Fund	\$	1,565,538	\$	111,349
Operations and Maintenance		-		432,666
School Food Service Fund		85,046		546,632
Non-major Governmental Funds		109,010		668,947
Total	<u>\$</u>	1,759,594	\$	1,759,594

Balances are a result of advances made by the general fund for expenditures of the federal grant programs.

#### 5. <u>Interfund Transfers</u>

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2020, were as follows:

	<u>T</u>	Tra	Transfers Out		
General	\$	2,012,798	\$	85,000	
Operations and Maintenance		-		1,827,500	
School Food Service Fund		85,000		-	
Non-Major Governmental Funds				185,298	
Total	<u>\$</u>	2,097,798	\$	2,097,798	

Transfers between funds generally consist of two types: 1) transfers to the general fund from federal grant funds for indirect cost reimbursements and 2) transfers from the operations and maintenance fund to the general fund for salary supplements.

#### 6. Capital Assets

Capital assets and depreciation activity as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, are as follows:

	alance as of ne 30, 2019	Additions	Retirements	alance as of ne 30, 2020
Cost of capital assets				
		\$	\$	
Land	\$ 1,706,878	-	-	\$ 1,706,878
Building & improvements	23,888,464	313,510	-	24,201,974
Furniture & equipment	1,234,385	61,380	-	1,295,765
Construction in progress	15,100	41,250	(15,100)	41,250
Total cost of capital assets	26,844,827	416,140	(15,100)	27,245,867
Accumulated depreciation				
Building & improvements	15,004,960	632,038	-	15,636,998
Furniture & equipment	1,140,661	26,622	-	1,167,283
Total accumulated depreciation	16,145,621	658,660		16,804,281
Total governmental activities capital assets, net of accumulated		\$	\$	
depreciation	\$ 10,699,206	(242,520)	(15,100)	\$ 10,441,586

Depreciation expense of \$658,660 was a charge to plant operation and maintenance function in the statement of activities.

#### 7. General Long-term Debt

The following is a summary of the changes in general long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2020:

					Amount
	Balance			Balance	due within
	6/30/2019	 Additions	 Deletions	6/30/2020	 one year
Compensated absences	\$ 407,907	\$ 711,358	\$ (712,820)	\$ 406,445	\$ 86,933
Qualified School					
Construction Bonds	382,662	-	(54,666)	327,996	54,666
Qualified Zone					
Academy Bond	3,529,412	-	(235,294)	3,294,118	235,294
Revenue Bonds	330,000	-	(80,000)	250,000	80,000
Alio Lease	57,487	_	 (18,443)	39,044	 19,153
	<u>\$ 4,707,468</u>	\$ 711,358	\$ (1,101,223)	<u>\$ 4,317,603</u>	\$ 476,046

The table above includes a lease that is considered a financed purchase in accordance with GASB No. 88.

The compensated absence liability will be liquidated primarily from the general fund.

For the purpose of construction, rehabilitation, and renovations, the School Board issued \$820,000 of bonds payable through the federally sponsored Qualified School Construction Bond Program during the year ended June 30, 2011. The bond bears interest at 0.80% (coupon rate) and interest is to be paid on March 15, June 15, September 15, and December 15 each year commencing September 15, 2011, and ending June 15, 2026. Principal payments are to be paid on June 15 of each year. The bond is paid from the levy and collection of constitutional property tax of three and thirty-four hundredths (3.34) mills. Events of default are outlined in the official statements of the Series 2011 bond and include failure to remit payments timely. In addition, failure to observe or perform any other agreement contained in the official statement that is not remedied within 30 days of receiving written notice will be considered a default. The remedies in the event of default are also outlined in the official bond statement and include steps for the issuers to pursue until the default is remedied. Such remedies include, but are not limited to, declaring all payments immediately due and payable.

On July 19, 2013, the School Board issued a \$750,000 bond for various capital expenditures planned for 2014. The series 2013 bonds bear interest at 2.34% and is secured by a pledge of property taxes. Interest payments are made semi-annually on March 15, and September 15, while principal payments are made on March 15, annually. The bonds mature on March 15, 2023. The bond is paid from the levy and collection of constitutional property tax of three and thirty-four hundredths (3.34) mills. No default provision is provided for in the bond agreement. The bonds do include an early redemption provision at the option of the Issuer, in whole or in part, on or after June 15, 2018, without a prepayment penalty.

On December 15, 2016, the School Board issued a \$4.0 million Qualified Zone Academy Bond (a "QZAB") with a term of 17 years with no interest. The payments are made semi-annually on June 15, and December 15. The QZAB proceeds will be utilized in rehabilitating, repairing and equipping the public school facilities throughout the School Board comprising the Qualified Zone Academy. The bond is paid from the levy and collection of a constitutional property tax of three and thirty-four hundredths (3.34) mills. No default provision is provided for in the bond agreement.

#### 7. General Long-term Debt (continued)

On November 10, 2016, the School Board signed a lease with Government Capital Corporation for the Alio accounting and payroll system software. The lease represents a direct borrowing financed purchase and is secured by the leased assets which had a value of \$113,004. The payments are made yearly on November 10th and has an interest rate of 3.853%. In the event of default or termination, the Lessor may declare all amounts due and payable and request that the software be returned to the Lessor.

The terms of the individual debt issues outstanding at June 30, 2020, are as follows:

Direct Placements and Borrowings							
	Original	Interest	Final Due	In	terest to	F	Principal
Bond Issue	Issue	Rate	Date	N	<b>I</b> aturity	Οι	ıtstanding
Qualified School Construction Bonds,							
Series 2011, dated June 22, 2011	\$ 820,000	0.800%	June 15, 2026	\$	39,360	\$	327,996
Revenue Bonds, Series 2013, dated							
July 2013	750,000	2.340%	March 15, 2023		11,817		250,000
Qualified Zone Academy Bonds,							
Series 2016, dated December 2016	4,000,000	0.000%	December 15, 2033		-		3,294,118
Alio lease, dated November 2016	113,004	3.853%	November 10, 2021		2,270		39,044
	\$ 5,683,004			¢	53,447	•	3,911,158
	\$ 3,083,004			<u> </u>	33,447	Φ.	3,711,138

Principal and interest payments on direct placement debt are due as follows:

Years Ending	Direct Placement Debt			
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total	
2021	369,960	12,410	382,370	
2022	374,960	10,538	385,498	
2023	374,960	8,549	383,509	
2024	289,960	6,560	296,520	
2025 - 2030	1,521,096	13,120	1,534,216	
2031 - 2033	941,178		941,178	
	\$ 3,872,114	\$ 51,177	\$ 3,923,291	

The School Board is legally restricted from incurring long-term bonded debt in excess of thirty-five percent of the net assessed value of taxable property. At June 30, 2020, the net assessed value of taxable property for the parish was \$187,009,707, which would result in a \$65,453,397 bonded debt limit.

The Alio lease principal and interest payouts as of June 30, 2020, is as follows:

Years Ending	Direct Borrowing Debt					
June 30,	Pr	incipal	Ir	iterest		Total
2021		19,153		1,504		20,657
2022		19,891		766		20,657
	\$	39,044	\$	2,270	\$	41,314

All long-term liabilities will be funded by either the School Board's General Fund or Operations and Maintenance Fund and will be appropriated in the year payment is necessary.

#### 8. Operating Leases

The School Board contracts with individual bus owners on an annual basis for a period of one school year. The School Board had 26 operating lease agreements for the use of privately owned buses with various individual bus owners for the year ended June 30, 2020. Lease payments vary between \$10,000 and \$19,500 per year for each operating lease agreement. Total payments under the agreements were approximately \$400,500 for the school year ended June 30, 2020.

#### 9. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

The East Feliciana Parish School Board (the School Board) is a participating employer in two cost-sharing defined benefit pension plans. These plans are administered by two public employee retirement systems, the Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana (TRSL) and the Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System (LSERS). Article X, Section 29(F) of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions of these plans to the State Legislature. Each system is administered by a separate board of trustees and all Systems are component units of the State of Louisiana.

Each of the Systems issues an annual publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the system. These reports may be obtained by writing, calling or downloading the reports as follows:

TRSL: 8401 United Plaza Blvd. P. O. Box 94123 Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70804-9123 (225) 925-6446 www.trsl.org LSERS: 8660 United Plaza Blvd. Baton Rouge, LA 70804 (225) 925-6484 www.lsers.net

#### **Plan Descriptions:**

<u>Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana (TRSL)</u> is the administrator of a cost-sharing defined benefit pension plan. The plan provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits to employees who meet the legal definition of a "teacher" as provided for in LRS 11:701. Eligibility for retirement benefits and the calculation of retirement benefits are provided for in LRS 11:761.

<u>Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System (LSERS)</u> is the administrator of a cost-sharing defined benefit pension plan. The plan provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits to school employees as defined in LRS 11:1002. Eligibility for retirement benefits and the computation of retirement benefits are provided for in LRS 11:1141.

#### 9. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

#### Plan Descriptions (continued):

A brief summary of eligibility and benefits of the plans are provided in the following table:

	TRSL	LSERS
Final average salary	Highest 36 or 60 months <sup>1</sup>	Highest 36 or 60 months <sup>1</sup>
Years of service required	30 years any age <sup>4</sup>	30 years any age
and/or age eligible for	25 years age 55	25 years age 55
benefits	20 years any age <sup>2</sup>	20 years any age <sup>2</sup>
	5 years age 60 <sup>5</sup>	$5-10$ years age $60^5$
	5 years age 62 <sup>6</sup>	
Benefit percent per years of		
service	$2\%$ to $3.0\%^3$	$2.5\%$ to $3.33\%^3$

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Employees hired after a certain date use the revised benefit calculation based on the highest 60 months of service

#### **Cost of Living Adjustments**

The pension plans in which the School Board participates have the authority to grant cost-of-living adjustments (COLAs) on an ad hoc basis. COLAs may be granted to these systems, (TRSL and LSERS) if approved with a two-thirds vote of both houses of the Legislature, provided the plan meets certain statutory criteria related to funded status and interest earnings.

#### **Contributions**

Article X, Section 29(E)(2)(a) of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974 assigns the Legislature the authority to determine employee contributions. Employer contributions are actuarially determined using statutorily established methods on an annual basis and are constitutionally required to cover the employer's portion of the normal cost and provide for the amortization of the unfunded accrued liability. Employer contributions are adopted by the Legislature annually upon recommendation of the Public Retirement Systems' Actuarial Committee. In accordance with state statute, TRSL receives ad valorem taxes and state revenue sharing funds. These additional sources of income are used as employer contributions and are considered support from non-employer contributing entities, but are not considered special funding situations.

Contributions are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The contribution rates in effect for the year ended June 30, 2020, for the School Board and covered employees were as follows:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> With actuarial reduced benefits

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Benefit percent varies depending on when hired

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> For school food service workers, hired on or before 6-30-15, 30 years at age 55

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Five to ten years of creditable service at age 60 depending upon the plan or when hired

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Hired on or after 7/1/15, age eligibility is 5 years at age 62

#### 9. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

#### **Contributions** (continued)

	School Board	Employees		
Teachers' Retirement System:				
Regular Plan	26.00%	8.00%		
Plan A	26.00%	5.00%		
School Employees' Retirement System	29.40%	7.50% - 8.00%		

The contributions made to the two Systems for the past three fiscal years, which equaled the required contributions for each of these years, were as follows:

	2020		2019	2018
Teachers' Retirement System	\$	2,375,142	\$ 2,321,720	\$ 1,967,106
School Employees' Retirement System		246,852	216,243	174,279

### Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The following schedule lists the School Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability allocated by each of the pension plans for based on the June 30, 2020, measurement date. The School Board uses this measurement to record its Net Pension Liability and associated amounts as of June 30, 2020, in accordance with GASB Statement 68. The schedule also includes the proportionate share allocation rate used at June 30, 2020, along with the change compared to the June 30, 2019, rate. The School Board's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on a projection of the School Board's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined.

	Net Pension Liability at June 30, 2020 (measured as of June 30, 2019)	Rate at June 30, 2019	Increase (Decrease) on June 30, 2019 Rate
Teachers' Retirement System	\$ 18,834,107	0.18977%	-0.0106%
School Employees' Retirement System	1,687,702 \$ 20,521,809	0.24108%	0.0038%

The following schedule list each pension plan's proportionate share of recognized pension expense for the School Board for the year ended June 30, 2020:

	Tot	al Expenses
Teachers' Retirement System	\$	1,452,515
School Employees' Retirement System		267,709
	\$	1,720,224

#### 9. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans</u> (continued)

### Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

At June 30, 2020, the School Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to each pension plan and total from the following sources:

#### Deferred Outflows:

	TRSL		LSERS		Total	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Changes of assumptions		1,338,954		48,928		1,387,882
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		64,927		64,927
Changes in proportion		1,615,331		30,395		1,645,726
Differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions		-		12,262		12,262
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		2,375,142		246,852		2,621,994
Total	\$	5,329,427	\$	403,364	\$	5,732,791
Deferred Inflows:						
		TRSL		LSERS		Total
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	(588,572)	\$	(42,065)	\$	(630,637)
Changes of assumptions		-		-		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		(697,070)		-		(697,070)
Changes in proportion		(1,143,861)		-		(1,143,861)
Differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions		(360,623)		(5,378)		(366,001)
Total	\$	(2,790,126)	\$	(47,443)	\$	(2,837,569)

The amount reported in the above table totaling \$2,621,994 as deferred outflow of resources related to pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement period of June 30, 2019, will be recognized as a reduction in net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021.

#### 9. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans</u> (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year	 TRSL	 LSERS	Total
2020	\$ 265,473	\$ 72,378	\$ 337,851
2021	(375,335)	(15,010)	(390,345)
2022	290,807	29,595	320,402
2023	 (16,786)	22,106	5,320
	\$ 164,159	\$ 109,069	\$ 273,228

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

A summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used in determining the total pension liability for each pension plan as of June 30, 2020, are as follows:

	TRSL	LSERS
Valuation Date	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2019
Actuarial Cost Method Actuarial Assumptions:	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal
Expected Remaining		
Service Lives	5 years	3 years
Investment Rate of Return	7.55% net of investment expenses (increased from 7.65% in 2018)	7.00% net of investment expense (decreased from 7.0625% in 2018)
Inflation Rate	2.5% per annum	2.50% per annum
Mortality	Active Members - RP-2014 White Collar Employee tables, adjusted by 1.010 for males and by 0.997 for females.	Mortality rates based on the RP-2014 Health Annuitant Tables. RP-2014 Sex Distinct Mortality Table. RP-2014 Disabled Lives Mortality Table
	Non-Disabled retiree/inactive members - RP-2014 White Collar Healthy Annuitant tables, adjusted by 1.366 for males and by 1.189 for females. Disability retiree mortality - RP-2014 Disability tables, adjusted by 1.111 for males and by 1.134 for females	
Termination, Disability, and Retirement	Termination, disability, and retirement assumptions were projected based on a 5-year (July 1, 2012-June 30, 2017) experience study of the System's members.	Termination, disability, and retirement assumptions were based on a Plan Experience Study performed in 2018 based on plan data for the period of July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2017.
Salary Increases	3.3% - 4.8% varies depending on duration of service	Salary increases were projected based on the 2012-2017 experience study 3.25%
Cost of Living Adjustments	None	Cost-of-living raises may be granted from the Experience Account provided there are sufficient funds needed to offset the increase in the actuarial liability and the plan has met the criteria and eligibility requirements outline by ACT 399 of 2014.

#### 9. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

#### **Actuarial Assumptions** (continued)

The following schedule list the methods used by each of the retirement systems in determining the long term rate of return on pension plan investments:

**TRSL** 

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation of 2.5% and an adjustment for the effect of rebalancing/diversification. The resulting expected long-term rate of return was 8.48% for 2019.

#### **LSERS**

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a triangulation method which integrated the CAPM pricing model (top-down), a treasury yield curve approach (bottom-up), and an equity building-block model (bottom-up). Risk return and correlations are projected on a forward-looking basis in equilibrium, in which best-estimates of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These rates are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation and an adjustment for the effect of rebalancing/ diversification. The long-term arithmetic resulting nominal expected return is 8.76%.

#### 9. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

#### **Actuarial Assumptions** (continued)

The following table provides a summary of the best estimates of arithmetic/geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in each of the retirement systems target asset allocations as of June 30, 2019:

	Target Alloc	ation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return	
Asset Class	TRSL	LSERS	TRSL	LSERS
Cash	-	-	-	_
Domestic equity	27.00%	_	4.60%	_
International equity	19.00%	_	5.70%	_
Equity	-	39.00%	-	2.93%
Domestic fixed income	13.00%	_	1.69%	-
International fixed income	5.50%	_	2.10%	-
Fixed income	-	26.00%		1.07%
Alternatives	-	17.00%	-	1.43%
Alternative - private equity	25.50%	_	8.67%	-
Alternative - other equity	10.00%	-	3.65%	-
Real assets	-	12.00%	-	0.73%
Real assets	-	6.00%	-	0.60%
Total	100.00%	100.00%		
Inflation				2.50%
Expected Arithmetic Nominal				
Return				8.76%
n/a - amount not provided by Retin	rement System			

#### **Discount Rate**

The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that sponsor contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, each of the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability for TRSL and LSERS was 7.55% and 7.00%, respectively for the year ended June 30, 2019.

#### 9. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

#### **Discount Rate** (continued)

The following table presents the School Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability (NPL) using the discount rate of each retirement system as well as what the School Board's proportionate share of the NPL would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower or one percentage-point higher than the current rate used by each of the retirement systems:

			Cu	rrent Discount		
	1.0	% Decrease		Rate	1.	0% Increase
TRSL						
Rates		6.550%		7.550%		8.550%
Share of NPL	\$	25,070,892	\$	18,834,107	\$	13,577,450
LSERS						
Rates		6.000%		7.000%		8.000%
Share of NPL	\$	2,287,174	\$	1,687,702	\$	1,175,237

#### Payables to the Pension Plan

The School Board recorded accrued liabilities to each of the retirement systems for the year ended June 30, 2020, mainly due to the accrual for payroll at the end of each of the fiscal years. The amounts due are included in liabilities under the amounts reported as accounts, salaries and other payables. The balance due to each for the retirement systems at June 30, 2020 is as follows:

	June 30, 2020			
TRSL	\$	580,896		
LSERS		56,157		
	\$	637,053		

#### 10. Total Other Post-employment Benefits Liability (OPEB)

#### General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan description – The East Feliciana Parish School Board (the School Board) provides certain continuing health care and life insurance benefits for its retired employees. The East Feliciana Parish School Board's OPEB Plan (the OPEB Plan) is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the School Board. The authority to establish and/or amend the obligation of the employer, employees and retirees rests with the School Board. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification Section P52 Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions—Reporting For Benefits Not Provided Through Trusts That Meet Specified Criteria—Defined Benefit..

#### 10. Total Other Post-employment Benefits Liability (OPEB) (continued)

#### **General Information about the OPEB Plan (continued)**

Benefits Provided – Medical and life benefits are provided to employees upon actual retirement through the Louisiana Office of Group Benefits. The OGB plan is a fully insured, multiple-employer arrangement and this employer's participation in that plan has been deemed to be a single employer defined benefit OPEB plan (within the meaning of GASB 74/75) for financial reporting purposes and for this valuation. Medical benefits are provided to employees upon actual retirement from either the Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana (TRSL) or the Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System (LSERS). The retirement eligibility (D.R.O.P. entry) provisions are as follows: 30 years of service at any age; age 55 and 25 years of service; age 60 and 5 years of service. For membership after January 1, 2011, the earliest allowable retirement age without actuarial reduction in benefits is age 60.

Life insurance coverage under the OGB program is available to retirees by election and the employer pays 50% of the cost of the retiree life insurance based on the blended active/retired OGB rates. Insurance coverage amounts are reduced at age 65 and again at age 70 according to the OGB plan provisions.

Employees covered by benefit terms – At June 30, 2020, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	162
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	_
Active employees	168
	330

#### **Total OPEB Liability**

The School Board's total OPEB liability of \$22,242,941 was measured as of June 30, 2020 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions and other inputs – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 2.5%

Salary increases 3.0%, including inflation

Prior discount rate 3.50% annually Discount rate 2.21% annually

Healthcare cost trend rates 5.5% annually for 10 years, 4.5% after

Mortality SOA RP-2014 Table

The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyers' 20 Year General Obligation municipal bond index as of June 30, 2020, the end of the applicable measurement period.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of ongoing evaluations of the assumptions from July 1, 2009 to June 30, 2020.

#### 10. Total Other Post-employment Benefits Liability (OPEB) (continued)

#### **Changes in the Total OPEB Liability**

Balance at June 30, 2019	\$ 17,977,517
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	374,371
Interest cost	612,315
Differences between expected and actual experience	(20,910)
Changes in assumptions / inputs	4,265,264
Benefit payments-Employer Retiree Premiums paid	 (965,616)
Net changes	 4,265,424
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$ 22,242,941

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the School Board, as well as what the School Board's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.21%) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.21%) than the current discount rate:

	1.0	% Decrease (1.21%)	rent Discount ate (2.21%)	1.0	0% Increase (3.21%)
Total OPEB liability	\$	26,452,8832	\$ 22,242,941	\$	18,957,633

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the School Board, as well as what the School Board's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (4.5%) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.5%) than the current healthcare trend rates:

	1.	0% Decrease	CostTrend	1.0% Increase			
		(4.50%)	(5.50%)		(6.50%)		
Total OPEB liability	\$	19,909,458	\$ 22,242,941	\$	25,210,485		

## **OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Total OPEB Liability**

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the School Board recognized OPEB expense of \$2,340,621 at June 30, 2020, the School Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Defer	red Outflows of	Deferred Inflows of			
		Resources	]	Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	1,879,500	\$	(15,682)		
Changes in assumptions		3,776,814		(407,429)		
Total	\$	5,656,314	\$	(423,111)		

#### 10. Total Other Post-employment Benefits Liability (OPEB) (continued)

**OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Total OPEB Liability** (continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to total OPEB liability will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Years ending	Amortization of						
June 30:	Deferred Outflows						
2021	\$ 1,353,935						
2022	1,353,935						
2023	1,353,935						
2024	292,849						
2025	292,850						
Thereafter	 585,699						
	\$ 5,233,203						

#### 11. Receivables

Receivables as of June 30, 2020, for the School Board's governmental activities are as follows:

	 General Fund	operations and aintenance	Sc	hool Food	on-Major vernmental	 Total
Sales Tax Due From Other	\$ 179,820	\$ 179,820	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 359,640
Governments Other Grants	128,814	-		55,653	430,609 118,473	615,076 118,473
Totals	\$ 308,634	\$ 179,820	\$	55,653	\$ 549,082	\$ 1,093,189

#### 12. Litigation, Claims and Contingencies

The School Board is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the Board's attorneys, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the School Board.

The School Board participates in a number of federally assisted grant programs. These programs are audited in accordance with Uniform Guidance, "Audits of State and Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations." Additionally, these programs are subject to state and federal monitoring examinations which could result in disallowed costs having to be returned to the granting agency. Management believes that further examinations would not result in material disallowed costs.

#### 13. Changes in Agency Funds

A summary of the changes in agency funds (amounts due to others) due to others for school activity accounts and due to taxing authorities is as follows:

	School			
	 Activity	 Sales Tax		Total
Balance at June 30, 2019	\$ 191,807	\$ 1,252,890	\$	1,444,697
Additions	326,946	6,031,624		6,358,570
Reductions	(308,372)	 (5,989,329)	-	(6,297,701)
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$ 210,381	\$ 1,295,185	\$	1,505,566

#### 14. Detailed Restricted Net Position

Details of restricted Net Position as reported in the entity-wide Statement of Net Position are as follows:

#### **Facility improvements:**

Dedicated to improvements of the school board represents unspent bond proceeds payable from 3.34 mills property tax \$ 47,566

#### **External legal constraints:**

Dedicated sales taxes authorized one percent to payment of teachers' salaries

2,430,426

Total Restricted Net Position

\$ 2,477,992

#### 15. State Required Disclosure - Tax Collections Remitted to Other Taxing Authorities

Act 711 of the 2010 Louisiana Legislative Session amended LRS 24:513 B to provide required note disclosure in the financial statements of local governments that collect tax for other taxing jurisdictions. For the year ended June 30, 2020, the School Board withheld \$48,000 for administrative fees. This resulted in a distribution of \$5,427,938 of sales tax collections to the Police Jury during the year ended June 30, 2020.

#### 16. Tax Revenues Abated

The Louisiana Industrial Ad Valorem Tax Exemption program (Louisiana Administrative Code, Title 13, Chapter 5) is a state incentive program which abates, up to ten years, local ad valorem taxes on a manufacturer's new investment and annual capitalized additions related to the manufacturing site. Applications to exempt qualified property for five years are approved by the Board of Commerce and Industry. The exemption may be renewed for an additional five years. For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020, \$291,031 in East Feliciana Parish School Board ad valorem tax revenues were abated by the state of Louisiana through the Louisiana Industrial Ad Valorem Tax Exemption program.

#### 17. Restatement of Prior Year Net Position and Fund Balance

The net position and fund balances for the general fund and the operations and maintenance fund as of June 30, 2019, was restated due to overstated sales tax receivables reported in the prior year.

The following summarizes the restated beginning net position at the government-wide level and fund balance for the general fund and the operations and maintenance fund as described above:

	Government- Wide	General Fund	Operations and Maintenance
Net position / fund balance, beginning of year, as previously stated	\$ (25,814,508)	\$ 1,163,651	\$ 921,450
Correction of sales tax receivables Net position / fund balance, beginning of	(395,144)	(197,572)	(197,572)
year, as restated	\$ (26,209,652)	\$ 966,079	\$ 723,878

The effect of this change to net assets reported on the Statement of Activities and on net change in fund balance reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance was a decrease of \$31,158.

#### 18. Appropriations to Charter Schools

Appropriations to Type 1 and Type 2 Charter Schools during the year ended June 30, 2020 were as follows:

	General Fund		 Title 1		Total	
Type 1 Charter Schools						
Slaughter Community Charter School	\$	3,264,584	\$ 60,499	\$	3,325,083	
Total Type 1 Charter Schools	\$	3,264,584	\$ 60,499	\$	3,325,083	
Type 2 Charter Schools						
Louisiana Key Academy	\$	21,295	\$ -	\$	21,295	
GEO Prep Academy		4,259	-		4,259	
Advantage Charter Academy		85,180	-		85,180	
Louisiana Virtual Charter Academy		42,164	-		42,164	
University View Academy		110,472	-		110,472	
Total Type 2 Charter Schools	\$	263,370	 	\$	263,370	
Total Charter Schools	\$	3,527,954	\$ 60,499	\$	3,588,453	

#### 19. Current Accounting Standards Scheduled to be Implemented

Following is a summary of accounting standards adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) that are scheduled to be implemented in the future that may affect the school Board's financial report:

GASB Statement 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. This standard defines and establishes criteria for identifying and reporting fiduciary activities. The focus of the criteria is on (1) whether the School Board controls the assets in a fiduciary activity and (2) there are separate identifiable beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. The standard is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. The School Board will include the requirements of this standard, as applicable, in its June 30, 2021 financial statement. The effect of this standard or its applicability to the School Board are unknown at this time.

#### 19. Current Accounting Standards Scheduled to be Implemented (continued)

GASB Statement 87, *Leases*. This standard will require all leases to be reported on the statement of net position under a single accounting model for both lessors and lessees. The statement will require the recognition of lease assets or liabilities for leases previously reported as operating leases. Both operating and capital leases will be reported under this single accounting method and reported by lessees as an intangible right to use asset and by lessors as a receivable with both reporting a deferred inflow of resources. The standard is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021. The School Board will include the requirements of this standard, as applicable, in its June 30, 2022 financial statement. All of the School Board lease agreements will need to be evaluated to determine the impact of implementing this standard; however, the effect of this standard or its applicability to the School Board are unknown at this time.

#### 20. Subsequent Events

In March, 2020, the World Health Organization declared the outbreak of a novel coronavirus (COVID-19) as a global pandemic, which continues to spread throughout the United States. The COVID-19 pandemic has negatively impacted the global economy and created significant volatility and disruption of financial markets. The extent of the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on the School Board's operational and financial performance will depend on certain developments, including the duration and spread of the outbreak and the impact on the School Board's, vendors and employees, all of which are uncertain and cannot be predicted. The ultimate extent to which the COVID-19 pandemic may directly or indirectly impact the School Board's financial condition or results of operations cannot be reasonably estimated at this time.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the COVID-19 pandemic continues to impact the School Board. However, major disruptions to budgets, operations and its ability to execute its educational mission have been avoided. Additionally, the School Board received \$974,427 in grant funding for pandemic relief under the Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief provisions of the CARES Act through the Louisiana Department of Education subsequent to year end.



# BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES MAJOR FUND DESCRIPTIONS JUNE 30, 2020

Budgetary comparison schedules are reported for the following general and special revenue funds:

#### General Fund

The General Fund accounts for all financial transactions except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

#### Operations and Maintenance Fund

The Operations and Maintenance Fund (formerly the Sales Tax Debt Service Fund) accounts for the proceeds of the one cent sales tax. The School Board has uses the proceeds to fund salary supplements and capital improvements. The tax has been used as follows:

- 91% is to be used for the purpose of paying salaries and benefits for all employees of the School Board.
- 9% for maintaining and operating public schools in East Feliciana Parish.

#### School Food Service Fund

The School Food Service Fund is used to account for the operations of the school food service program. The purposes of the school food service program are to serve nutritionally adequate, attractive and moderately priced meals, to help children grow socially and emotionally, to extend educational influences to the homes of school children, and to provide learning experiences that will improve children's food habits with the ultimate goal of physically fit adults. The program is subsidized by grants from the U.S. Department of Agriculture and the Louisiana Department of Education.

# GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
Revenues:								
Local sources:								
Taxes:								
Ad-valorem	\$	3,640,000	\$	3,670,000	\$	3,862,256	\$	192,256
Sales and use		1,775,000		1,860,000		1,858,578		(1,422)
Earnings on investments		6,500		1,000		27,073		26,073
Other		337,750		255,750		180,980		(74,770)
State sources:								
Unrestricted grants-in-aid		10,735,000		10,260,000		10,531,707		271,707
Revenue sharing		75,000		50,000		70,040		20,040
Restricted grants-in-aid		133,000		149,500		154,779		5,279
Federal sources:								
Grants-in-aid		_		85,000		-		(85,000)
Total revenues		16,702,250		16,331,250		16,685,413		354,163
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Instruction:								
Regular education programs		7,015,000		7,117,200		6,842,281		274,919
Special education programs		713,000		701,700		579,581		122,119
Vocational education programs		146,091		159,711		293,310		(133,599)
Other education programs		279,450		431,850		466,341		(34,491)
Support services:								
Pupil support services		468,749		490,549		449,683		40,866
Instructional staff services		948,340		670,690		1,029,839		(359,149)
General administration services		852,000		717,500		768,296		(50,796)
School administration services		1,133,500		1,156,100		1,124,402		31,698
Business administration services		465,460		458,660		440,338		18,322
Plant operation and maintenance		1,483,160		1,501,660		1,435,894		65,766
Transportation		1,144,422		1,181,722		1,175,747		5,975
Food services		27,764		37,274		61,093		(23,819)
Central services		180,100		124,650		120,149		4,501
Community services		1,500		-		-		-
Capital outlay				-		98,060		(98,060)
Appropriation to charter school		3,180,174		3,235,174		3,527,954		(292,780)
Debt service - principal		402,000		402,000		388,403		13,597
Debt service - interest		-		-		16,497		(16,497)
Total expenditures		18,440,710		18,386,440		18,817,868		(431,428)
Deficiency of revenues								
under expenditures	\$	(1,738,460)	\$	(2,055,190)	\$	(2,132,455)	\$	(77,265)
-								(continued)

# GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Other financing sources (uses):	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
Transfers of indirect costs Operating transfers in Operating transfers out	\$	131,301 1,700,250	\$	163,936 1,810,000	\$ 2,012,798 (85,000)	\$	(163,936) 202,798 (85,000)
Total other financing sources		1,831,551		1,973,936	 1,927,798		(46,138)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing sources (uses)		93,091		(81,254)	(204,657)		(123,403)
FUND BALANCES - beginning of year, as restated		1,163,651		1,163,651	 966,079		(197,572)
FUND BALANCES - end of year	\$	1,256,742	\$	1,082,397	\$ 761,422	\$	(320,975) (concluded)

#### OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Revenues:	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
Local sources: Taxes:								
Sales and use	\$	1,775,000	\$	1,860,000	\$	1,858,578	\$	(1,422)
Earnings on investments	Ψ	5,000	Ψ.	5,000	4	683	Ψ	(4,317)
Total revenues		1,780,000		1,865,000		1,859,261		(5,739)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Support services:								
Plant operation and maintenance		75,000		50,000		25,298		24,702
Capital outlay				<u> </u>		73,330		(73,330)
Total expenditures		75,000		50,000		98,628		(48,628)
Excess of revenues								
over expenditures		1,705,000		1,815,000		1,760,633		(54,367)
over expenditures		1,703,000		1,013,000		1,700,033		(34,307)
Other financing uses:								
Operating transfers out		(1,700,250)		(1,810,000)		(1,827,500)		(17,500)
Total other financing uses		(1,700,250)		(1,810,000)		(1,827,500)		(17,500)
Net Changes in Fund Balances		4,750		5,000		(66,867)		(71,867)
FUND BALANCES - beginning of year, as restated		921,450		921,450		723,878		(197,572)
FUND BALANCES - end of year	\$	926,200	\$	926,450	\$	657,011	\$	(269,439)

#### SCHOOL FOOD SERVICE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Original Final Budget Budget Actual		Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)					
Revenues:		Buaget		Buaget		Actual	(Ur	ilavorable)
Local sources:								
Earnings on investments	\$	292	\$	292	\$	3,936	\$	3,644
Other	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	8,976	Ψ	8,976
State sources:						0,770		0,770
Unrestricted grants-in-aid		18,000		18,000		12,335		(5,665)
Federal sources:		10,000		10,000		12,333		(3,003)
Grants-in-aid - subgrants		1,002,800		1,000,000		776,240		(223,760)
Total revenues		1,021,092		1,018,292		801,487		(216,805)
Expenditures: Current:								
Support services:								
Instructional staff services		800		800		1,146		(346)
Food services		995,000		995,000		924,845		70,155
Capital outlay		_		_		15,400		(15,400)
Total expenditures		995,800		995,800		941,391		54,409
Excess (defeciency) of revenues								
over expenditures		25,292		22,492		(139,904)		(162,396)
Other financing uses:								
Operating transfers in						85,000		85,000
Total other financing uses						85,000		85,000
Net Changes in Fund Balances		25,292		22,492		(54,904)		(77,396)
FUND BALANCES - beginning of year		55,396		55,396		55,396		_
FUND BALANCES - end of year	\$	80,688	\$	77,888	\$	492	\$	(77,396)

# SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

percentage of covered employee
payroll
332.37%
204.51%
176.15%
_

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

There are no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria of Paragraph 4 of GASB 75 for this OPEB plan.

# SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY FOR COST SHARING DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (\*)

							Employer's	
				_			Proportionate Share of	Plan Fiduciary Net
		Employer's		Employer's			the Net Pension	Position as a
		Proportion of the Net	Prop	ortionate Share			Liability (Asset) as a	Percentage of the
Pension		Pension Liability	of th	ne Net Pension			Percentage of its	Total Pension
Plan	Year	(Asset)	Liability (Asset)		Cov	vered Payroll	Covered Payroll	Liability
Teachers	Retirement :	System of Louisiana						
	2020	0.1898%	\$	18,834,107	\$	8,695,581	216.5940%	68.60%
	2019	0.2004%		19,690,340		7,688,813	256.0908%	68.20%
	2018	0.1794%		18,391,458		7,929,508	231.9369%	65.60%
	2017	0.1858%		21,807,087		7,988,631	272.9765%	59.90%
	2016	0.1739%		18,698,318		7,689,440	243.1688%	62.50%
	2015	0.2057%		21,024,672		8,999,354	233.6242%	63.70%
Louisiana	School Emp	oloyees Retirement Syste	em					
	2020	0.2410%	\$	1,687,702	\$	772,296	218.5305%	73.49%
	2019	0.2373%		1,585,163		558,407	283.8723%	74.44%
	2018	0.2309%		1,477,804		672,267	219.8240%	75.03%
	2017	0.2473%		1,865,456		758,745	245.8607%	70.09%
	2016	0.2829%		1,794,028		735,381	243.9590%	74.49%
	2015	0.3000%		1,739,552		818,965	212.4086%	76.18%

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

<sup>(\*)</sup> The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year end.

#### EAST FELICIANA PARISH SCHOOL SYSTEM CLINTON, LOUISIANA

# SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF COST SHARING DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Pension Plan	Year		ontractually Required ontribution <sup>1</sup>		Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution <sup>2</sup>	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Cov	ered Payroll <sup>3</sup>	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll
Teachers I	Retirement S	ystem o	of Louisiana						
	2020	\$	2,375,142	\$	2,375,142	-	\$	9,135,162	26.00%
	2019		2,321,720		2,321,720	-		8,695,581	26.70%
	2018		1,967,106		1,967,106	-		7,688,813	25.58%
	2017		2,026,792		2,026,792	-		7,929,508	25.56%
	2016		2,101,010		2,101,010	-		7,988,631	26.30%
	2015		2,471,094		2,471,094	-		7,689,440	32.14%
Louisiana	School Emp	loyees I	Retirement Sys	stem					
	2020	\$	246,852	\$	246,852	-	\$	839,633	29.40%
	2019		216,243		216,243	-		772,296	28.00%
	2018		174,279		174,279	-		558,407	31.21%
	2017		212,124		212,124	-		672,267	31.55%
	2016		229,141		229,141	-		758,745	30.20%
	2015		322,763		322,763	-		735,381	43.89%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

#### For reference only:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Employer contribution rate multiplied by covered payroll

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Actual employer contributions remitted to Retirement Systems

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Covered payroll amount for each of the fiscal year ended June 30

#### NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### GENERAL BUDGET POLICIES

The School Board follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the budgetary comparison schedules.

State statute requires budgets be adopted for the general fund and all special revenue funds.

Each year prior to September 15, the Superintendent submits to the School Board proposed annual budgets for the general fund and special revenue funds' budgets. Public hearings are conducted, prior to the School Board's approval, to obtain citizens comments. The operating budgets include proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.

Appropriations (unexpended budget balances) lapse at year end.

Formal budget integration (within the accounting records) is employed as a management control device. Budget amounts included in the accompanying financial statements include the original adopted budget and all subsequent amendments. These revisions were considered significant by the School Board. All budget revisions are approved by the School Board.

The budgets are prepared under the modified accrual basis of accounting. The level of budgetary control is established by function within each fund.

#### CHANGES IN BENEFIT TERMS AND ASSUMPTIONS RELATED TO OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN

Changes in benefit terms -

There were no changes of benefit terms for the years presented.

Changes of Assumptions -

The following changes in actuarial assumptions for each year are as follows:

#### Discount Rate:

Discoult Rate.		
Measurement		
Date	Rate	Change
6/30/2020	3.500%	0.000%
6/30/2019	3.500%	-0.370%
6/30/2018	3.870%	0.290%
6/30/2017	3.580%	

#### CHANGES IN BENEFIT TERMS AND ASSUMPTIONS RELATED TO DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

Changes in benefit terms -

#### Teachers Retirement System of Louisiana

2015 - A 1.5% COLA, effective July 1, 2014, provided by Act 204 of the 2014 Louisiana Regular Legislative Session

2016 - Act 93 of the 2016 Legislature provides for a 1.5% permanent benefit increase on the first \$60,000 of a recipient's benefit for eligible members effective 7/1/16 for those retired on or before 6/30/15 who are at least the age of 60.

2017 - A 1.5% COLA, effective July 1, 2016, provided by Acts 93 an 512 of the 2016 Louisiana Regular Legislative Session

#### Louisiana School Employees Retirement System

2016 - Act 93 of the 2016 Legislature provides for an up to 2.0% COLA on the first \$60,000 of a recipient's benefit for eligible members effective 7/1/16.

#### NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### CHANGES IN BENEFIT TERMS AND ASSUMPTIONS RELATED TO DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

#### Changes of Assumptions -

The following changes in actuarial assumptions for each year are as follows:

Discount Rate:			Inflation Rate:		
Year (*)	Rate	Change	Year (*)	Rate	Change
TRSL	, ,		TRSL		
6/30/2020	7.550%	-0.100%	6/30/2020	2.500%	0.000%
6/30/2019	7.650%	-0.050%	6/30/2019	2.500%	0.000%
6/30/2018	7.700%	-0.050%	6/30/2018	2.500%	0.000%
6/30/2017	7.750%	0.000%	6/30/2017	2.500%	0.000%
6/30/2016	7.750%	0.000%	6/30/2016	2.500%	0.000%
6/30/2015	7.750%		6/30/2015	2.500%	
LSERS			LSERS		
6/30/2020	7.000%	-0.062%	6/30/2020	2.500%	0.000%
6/30/2019	7.063%	-0.063%	6/30/2019	2.500%	-0.125%
6/30/2018	7.125%	0.000%	6/30/2018	2.625%	0.000%
6/30/2017	7.125%	0.125%	6/30/2017	2.625%	-0.125%
6/30/2016	7.000%	-0.250%	6/30/2016	2.750%	0.000%
6/30/2015	7.250%		6/30/2015	2.750%	

		_
Cal.	017	Increase:
Sal	lai v	mercase.

Salary Increase	4
Year (*)	Rate
TRSL	
6/30/2020	3.300% to 4.800% varies depending on duration of service
6/30/2019	3.300% to 4.800% varies depending on duration of service
6/30/2018	3.500% to 10.000% varies depending on duration of service
6/30/2017	3.500% to 10.000% varies depending on duration of service
6/30/2016	3.500% to 10.000% varies depending on duration of service
6/30/2015	3.500% to 10.000% varies depending on duration of service
LSERS	
6/30/2020	3.250% based pm 2012 - 2017 experience study
6/30/2019	3.250%, based on 2013 - 2017 experience study
6/30/2018	3.075% to 5.375%, based on 2008 - 2012 experience study
6/30/2017	3.200% to 5.000%
6/30/2016	annual salary growth rates based upon members years of service, based on 2008 - 2012 experience study
6/30/2015	annual salary growth rates based upon members years of service, based on 2008 - 2012 experience study

<sup>(\*)</sup> The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year-end.



## NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND DESCRIPTIONS JUNE 30, 2020

#### Title II

The Title II Fund accounts for a federally funded program aimed at enhancing and improving teacher quality. This program is overseen by the Louisiana Department of Education.

#### Title I

The Title I Fund accounts for the federally funded Title I program which is aimed at improving low achieving schools or students with emphasis on at-risk students. The program is overseen by the Louisiana Department of Education.

#### Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) Funds

This Special Revenue Fund accounts for those expenditures related to providing children with disabilities special education and related services designed to meet their unique needs. These expenditures are funded through Special Education (IDEA) federal grants.

#### Temporary Assistance to Needy Families (TANF) Funds

This Special Revenue Fund accounts for those expenditures related to providing assistance to needy families with children which are funded from the TANF federal grant program.

#### Other Federal Funds

This Special Revenue Fund accounts for the miscellaneous federal awards, state awards, and other contractual revenue not included in the funds described above.

#### **State Grants**

This Special Revenue Fund accounts for the various State awards including 8(G), Lincs, Millinium Trust Fund and other awards.

#### **Teacher Incentive Grant**

The Teacher Incentive Grant Fund accounts for those expenditures related to a statewide collaboration for advancing principal and teacher leadership.

#### Capital Projects

The Capital Projects Fund related to the expenditure of QZAB bond proceeds for various upgrades made to school facilities, most notably temperature controls systems and wastewater systems.

## GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

Spec		

					-F										
	Title II Title I IDEA		Other Federal TANF Funds					State Grants	Teacher ncentive Grant	Capital Projects		Total Non-Major Governmental			
<u>ASSETS</u>															
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	71,207	\$ -	\$	18,312	\$	89,519
Due from other governments		14,195	97,665	60,423		-		121,333		136,993	-		-		430,609
Other grants receivable		-	-	-		-		-		-	118,473		-		118,473
Due from other funds			 -							3,162	 		105,848		109,010
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	14,195	\$ 97,665	\$ 60,423	\$		\$	121,333	\$	211,362	\$ 118,473	\$	124,160	\$	747,611
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES															
Liabilities:															
Due to other governments	\$	-	\$ 31,098	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	31,098
Due to other funds		14,195	 66,567	 60,423				121,333		211,362	 118,473		76,594		668,947
TOTAL LIABILITIES		14,195	97,665	 60,423		-		121,333		211,362	 118,473		76,594		700,045
Fund balances:															
Spendable:															
Restricted for:															
Federal and state grant programs		-	-	-		-		-		-	_		-		-
Facilities Improvement		-		 -				-			-		47,566		47,566
										_				-	_
TOTAL FUND BALANCES			 -	 							 		47,566		47,566
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND															
BALANCES	\$	14,195	\$ 97,665	\$ 60,423	\$	-	\$	121,333	\$	211,362	\$ 118,473	\$	124,160	\$	747,611

#### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

							Spe	cial Revenue									
	,	Title II		Title I		IDEA	•	TANF		Other Federal Funds		State Grants		Teacher acentive Grant	Capital Projects		Total on-Major vernmental
REVENUES																	
Local sources:																	
Other Revenues	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,310	\$	-	\$	699,207	\$ -	\$	705,517
State and other sources:																	
Unrestricted grants-in-aid, MFP		_		_		_		-		_		69,018		_	_		69,018
Restricted grants-in-aid		_		_		_		220,298		_		193,276		_	_		413,574
Federal grants		134,899		992,141		485,114		-		394,498		-		-	-		2,006,652
TOTAL REVENUES		134,899		992,141		485,114		220,298		400,808		262,294		699,207			3,194,761
EXPENDITURES																	
Current:																	
Instruction:																	
Regular education programs		-		187		-		-		6,310		188,650		-	198		195,345
Special education programs		-		-		145,713		-		-		55,907		-	-		201,620
Vocational education programs		-		40,118		-		-		23,151		5,651		-	-		68,920
Other education programs		100,960		397,324		1,243		220,298		158,699		-		93,817	_		972,341
Support:																	
Pupil support services		-		-		132,830		-		_		-		-	-		132,830
Instructional staff services		21,715		403,976		162,258		-		171,808		12,086		605,390	-		1,377,233
Business services		-		-		708		-		-		-		-	-		708
Plant operation and maintenance		-		-		_		-		165		-		-	(10,088)		(9,923)
Capital outlay		-		-		_		-		_		-		-	214,250		214,250
Appropriation to charter school		-		60,499		_		-		_		-		-	-		60,499
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		122,675		902,104		442,752		220,298		360,133		262,294		699,207	204,360		3,213,823
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES																	
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$	12,224	\$	90,037	\$	42,362	\$	_	\$	40,675	\$	_	\$	_	\$ (204,360)	\$	(19,062)
OVER (ONDER) EXI ENDITORES	Ψ	12,224	Ψ	70,037	Ψ_	42,302	Ψ.		Ψ_	40,073	Ψ		Ψ		\$ (204,300)	Ψ	(17,002)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)																	
Operating transfers (out)		(12,224)		(90,037)		(42,362)		_		(40,675)		_		_	_		(185,298)
operating numbers (cur)		(,)		(,,,,,,		(12,002)				(10,010)	-						(100,200)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		(12,224)		(90,037)		(42,362)				(40,675)							(185,298)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		-		-		-		-		-		-		-	(204,360)		(204,360)
FUND BALANCES - beginning of year				_											251,926		251,926
EUNID DAT ANGEG					Φ.				Φ.				Φ.		0 47.565	Φ.	45.565
FUND BALANCES - end of year	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$ 47,566	\$	47,566

## FIDUCIARY FUND TYPE – DESCRIPTIONS JUNE 30, 2020

#### **AGENCY FUNDS**

#### **School Activity Funds**

The activities of the various school accounts are accounted for in the School Activity Funds. While the funds are under the supervision of the School Board, these funds belong to the individual schools or their student bodies and are not available for use in operations.

#### Sales Tax Fund

Collection, custodianship and disbursement of sales taxes for the entire parish are accounted for in this fund. The sales taxes consist of a two percent sales and use tax levied by the School Board and a two percent sales and use tax levied by the East Feliciana Parish Police Jury. Since these taxes are remitted to the beneficiary government (including the School Board's General Fund and Operations and Maintenance Fund), this fund is considered to be a collection agent.

## COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - AGENCY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	School Activity		Sales Tax	Total		
<u>ASSETS</u>	 	<u> </u>				
Cash and cash equivalents Sales tax receivable	\$ 210,381	\$	759,724 535,461	\$	970,105 535,461	
Total assets	\$ 210,381	\$	1,295,185	\$	1,505,566	
<u>LIABILITIES</u>						
Taxes paid under protest Amounts held for school clubs and activities Due to other governments	\$ 210,381	\$	299,804 - 995,381	\$	299,804 210,381 995,381	
Total liabilities	\$ 210,381	\$	1,295,185	\$	1,505,566	

# SCHEDULE OF COMPENSATION, BENEFITS, AND OTHER PAYMENTS TO AGENCY HEAD FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Purpose	Keisha	ency Head L. Netterville Amount
Salary	\$	161,695
Benefits - retirement		43,601
Car allowance		6,000
Mileage		176
Registration fees		350
Conference travel (mileage, parking, taxi, and airfare)		136
Special meals		38
	\$	211,996

#### SCHEDULE OF COMPENSATION PAID TO BOARD MEMBERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Richard Terrell	\$ 7,200
Paul Kent	6,600
Edward Brooks Jr.	6,000
Michael Bradford	6,600
J D Dantzler	6,600
Melvin Hollins	6,450
Mitchell Harrell	6,550
Lillian Drake	6,550
Joyce Kent	6,550
Emily Hurst	6,500
Rufus Nesbit	6,600
Derald Spears	 6,150
	\$ 78,350







## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the East Feliciana Parish School Board Clinton, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the East Feliciana Parish School Board (the School Board), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School Board's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated February 22, 2021.

#### **Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School Board's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School Board's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School Board's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described as item 2020-001, in the accompany schedule of findings and questioned costs that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School Board's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.



#### **School Board's Response to Findings**

Ostletheraite & Netherrible

The School Board's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The School Board's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Baton Rouge, Louisiana

February 22, 2021





## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

East Feliciana Parish School Board Clinton, Louisiana

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited East Feliciana Parish School Board (the School Board)'s compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have direct and material effect on each of School Board's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020. The School Board's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulation, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the East Feliciana Parish School Board's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the East Feliciana Parish School Board's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School Board's compliance.

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the East Feliciana Parish School Board complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2020.

#### **Other Matters**

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance which are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2020-002, 2020-003, 2020-004, and 2020-005. Our opinion on each major federal program is not modified with respect to these matters.



The School Board's response to the noncompliance findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The School Board's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

#### **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

Management of the School Board is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the School Board's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School Board's internal control over compliance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses and significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

We consider the deficiencies in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2020-002, 2020-003, 2020-004, and 2020-005, to be significant deficiencies.

The School Board's response to the internal control over compliance finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questions costs. The School Board's response was not subjected to the auditing procedure applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Baton Rouge, Louisiana February 22, 2021

Postletheraite & Netherrible

### $\frac{\text{EAST FELICIANA PARISH SCHOOL BOARD}}{\text{CLINTON, LOUISIANA}}$

#### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Federal Grantor/					Passed
Pass-Through Grantor/	Grant	CFDA			through to
Program Name	Number Number		Expenditures		Sub-recipients
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE					
Pass-through program from Louisiana Department of Education:					
National School Lunch Program	N/A	10.555 <sup>1</sup>	\$	495,833	-
School Breakfast Program	N/A	10.553 <sup>1</sup>		217,045	-
Pass-through program from Louisiana Department of Agriculture and Forestry:					
Non-cash commodities	N/A	10.555 <sup>1</sup>		63,362	-
TOTAL UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE				776,240	-
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION					
Pass-through program from Louisiana Department of Education:					
Title I Grants to Local Education Agencies	10-T1-20	84.010A		914,604	60,499
Title I - School Improvement	10-T1-SI	84.010		77,537	-
Title II - Improving Teacher Quality	10-50-20	84.367		134,899	-
Special Education - Grant to States	10-B1-20	$84.027^2$		469,680	-
Special Education - Preschool Grants	10-P1-20	$84.173^2$		15,434	-
Vocational Education - Basic Secondary	10-02-20	84.048		18,851	-
Rural Education Achievement Program	28-11-RE-20	84.358		33,500	-
Twenty-first Century Community Learning Center	28-20-2C-19	84.287		227,565	-
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (COVID-19)	28-20-ESRF-19	84.425D		94,280	-
Education for Homeless Children and Youth	28-16-H1-20	84.196A		16,002	-
TOTAL UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION				2,002,352	60,499
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES					
Pass-through program from Louisiana Department of Education:					
Early Childhood Community Network Lead Agencies		93.575 <sup>3</sup>		4,300	-
TOTAL UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES				4,300	-
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$	2,782,892	\$ 60,499

See the accompanying notes to the schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

<sup>1</sup> Child Nutrition Cluster\$ 776,2402 Special Education Cluster:\$ 485,1143 CCDF (Child Care and Development Fund) Cluster\$ 4,300

## EAST FELICIANA PARISH SCHOOL BOARD NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### **NOTE A – BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of East Feliciana Parish School Board and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Uniform Guidance, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

#### NOTE B – NON-MONETARY ASSISTANCE

Non-monetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed. At June 30, 2020, the organization had food commodities totaling \$50,916 in inventory. The value of commodities received and used during the period ended June 30, 2020, totaled \$63,362.

#### NOTE C - RECONCILIATION TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The expenditures listed in the accompanying schedule are reported in the following funds in the East Feliciana Parish School Board's June 30, 2020, basic financial statements and combining schedules. Since revenues are recognized to the extent expenditures are incurred, expenditures are readily identifiable with the revenue reported.

Title I and Title I School Improvement	\$ 992,141
Title II	134,899
IDEA Special Education Funds	485,114
Other Federal Funds	394,498
School Food Service	 776,240
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$ 2,782,892

#### NOTE D – DE MINIMUS INDIRECT COST RATE

East Feliciana Parish School Board did not elect to use the 10% de minimus indirect cost rate for the year ended June 30, 2020.

#### A. SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS

Financial Statements			
Type of auditors' report issu	ued: Unmodified		
<ul> <li>Internal Control over Fin</li> <li>Material weakness(es</li> <li>Significant deficiency not considered to be</li> </ul>	s) identified?	yes yes	
Noncompliance materia statements noted?	l to financial	yes	<u>x</u> no
Federal Awards			
	s) identified? y (ies) identified that are material weaknesses? ed on compliance for major p osed that are required	yesx_yes programs: Unmodifiedx_yes	nonone reported no
Identification of major progra	ams:		
CFDA Numbers	Name of Federal Program	m or Cluster	
10.553; 10.555 84.010A	Child Nutrition Cluster Title I Grants to Local E	ducation Agencies	
• The threshold for di \$750,000.	stinguishing types A & B	programs was progran	n expenditures exceeding

• The East Feliciana Parish School Board does not qualify as a low-risk auditee.

#### B. FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

#### 2020 – 001) <u>Documentation of Internal Controls over Open Purchase Orders</u>

<u>Criteria</u>: Internal controls authorizing the payment of supply and materials invoices on open

purchase orders should be enhanced.

<u>Condition</u>: The Superintendent authorizes all purchase orders. Certain purchases are approved

with an open purchase order for some vendors. This is done to allow for personnel to buy items as deemed necessary for school board use, specifically the child nutrition program. Payments are made by obtaining invoices from employees and follow the normal procedures for processing payments by accounting personnel. Currently, a supervisor of the department purchasing the item does not document review of these purchases. Final review of the invoice and open purchase order is made by accounting

personnel.

<u>Cause:</u> Under the current accounting procedures, supervisors do not document review of actual

invoices used to match with open purchase orders.

This is a repeat finding from the prior year.

Effect: While our audit procedures did not identify any unsupported or unusual transactions,

the lack of documented approval of supplies and materials from vendors on open purchase orders could result in unauthorized transactions and use of school board assets without the first review and approval of the supervisor within the department prior to

forwarding to accounting for processing for payment.

Recommendation: The School Board should establish written policies and/or procedures to require

supervisory personnel review and approval on invoices to ensure documentation is evidenced to authorize the approval of these purchases prior to payment and

reconciliation of amounts authorized to approved invoices mentioned.

#### View of Responsible Official:

This matter relates to purchase orders in the District's school food services area. The District will implement procedures similar to those used for this prior finding in our maintenance department. Since the matter was resolved in the maintenance department, the District believes similar procedures will resolve this finding.

#### C. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

2020 – 002) Preparation of Schedule of Expenditure of Federal Awards (SEFA) Timely Filing of Federal Data Collection Form

Questioned Costs: N/A

Criteria:

The Uniform Guidance Subpart F section 200.510 and section 200.512, respectively, require the preparation of the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (SEFA) to include an accurate reporting of federal awards expended based on the terms and conditions of the grants and submission of data collection form within the earlier of 30 days after receipt of the auditor's report or nine months after the end of the audit period. In addition, the SEFA should identify amounts passed through to subrecipients along with proper identification of the catalog of federal domestic assistance (CFDA) number for each grant. In order for the SEFA to be prepared accurately, properly report the amounts expended for federal awards, as well as, ensuring timely filing of the data collection form, a system of controls should be in existence that includes the review of the amounts reported on the SEFA, documentation of the consideration of whether federal funding meets the definition of a federal award, and establishment of procedures to ensure timely filing of the data collection form.

Condition:

The SEFA prepared by the School Board's personnel included as federal awards, expended amounts related to Teacher Incentive Federal (TIF) grant funding for which the School Board was deemed a vendor and not a sub-recipient of the federal award. Also, the SEFA included expenditures for the Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) grant when the School Board received notice from the Louisiana Department of Education during the year that the TANF grant was no longer a federal grant.

The SEFA prepared by the School Board's personnel did not include amounts passed through to sub-recipients. Slaughter Community Charter School is a sub-recipient of the School Board that receives Title I funding. The funding was not identified on the SEFA.

The SEFA prepared by the School Board's personnel contained incorrect CFDA numbers for federal programs. The Title I School Improvement grant is CFDA 84.010, but the prepared SEFA used CFDA 84.388. In addition, the non-cash commodities is CFDA 10.555. The prepared SEFA used CFDA 10.565.

The federal data collection form was not filed within the established timeline under Uniform Guidance which is within 30 days of the financial report release date.

#### C. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT (continued)

## 2020 – 002) Preparation of Schedule of Expenditure of Federal Awards (SEFA) Timely Filing of Federal Data Collection Form (continued)

Cause:

The School Board lacks processes and procedures necessary to ensure that expenditures associated with federal grants only are itemized on the SEFA. In addition, the reimbursements received for both the TIF and the TANF grants were recorded in the general ledger to an account number designated as federal revenues. Processes were lacking to ensure grant personnel communicate changes in funding from federal to state or other to accounting personnel and follow through to make sure the proper changes and adjustments are recorded in the general ledger. The SEFA was also incorrectly prepared using the wrong CFDA numbers in addition to not correctly identifying sub-recipient pass through funds. With respect to the timely filing of the federal data collection form, the School Board personnel did not make sure the data collection form was completed and submitted within the due date.

Effect:

The SEFA provided to us did not contain the correct amounts of federal awards, which is the basis used to determine the major federal programs to be audited in a fiscal year. Errors such as the ones identified on the SEFA could result in additional audit work to achieve the necessary audit coverage required by Uniform Guidance or incorrect information regarding federal grants to be reported. Additionally, overlooking the timely filing of the data collection form results in non-compliance with the Uniform Guidance, not being considered a low risk auditee, and results in additional audit coverage requirements and additional time necessary to complete the Single Audit for the next two years.

Recommendation:

The School Board should strengthen its controls including its review processes over the information and balances that is accumulated and reported on the SEFA to make sure the expenditures reported are an accurate representation of federal costs including proper recording of revenue in an account as non-federal, as applicable. The School Board should implement a procedure to ensure the timing of the federal data collection form is done in accordance with regulations.

#### **View of Responsible Official:**

The District was unaware that the Temporary Assistance for Needy Families was no longer a federal program. This program has historically been reported as federally funded and reported as such on the District's SEFA. However, we are now aware of the Louisiana Department of Education's memorandum declaring the program nonfederal for 2020. We will review the status of this program in 2021 for reporting purposes.

The federal data collection form was prepared and certified by the District in December 2019 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. However, we understand that the auditor certification was not timely completed resulting in a delay in submission. We consider this matter isolated and will be resolved as 2020 will be filed timely.

#### C. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT (continued)

2020 – 003) Special Test and Provisions Questioned costs: None

**84.010A Title I** 

#### Annual Report Card, High School Graduation Rate Graduation Rate Cohort Documentation

Criteria:

The School Board is required to report graduation rate data for all public high schools at the school level using the 4-year adjusted cohort rate under 34 CFR section 200.19(b)(1)(i)-(iv)). Only students who earn a regular high school diploma may be counted as a graduate for purposes of calculating the 4-year adjusted cohort graduation rate. To remove a student from the cohort, a school must confirm, in writing, that the student transferred out, emigrated to another country, or is deceased. The East Feliciana Parish School Board is responsible for assigning exit codes to any student who leaves the School Board. Only specific exit codes are deemed legitimate reasons for leaving the School Board and will cause the leaver to not be included in the cohort's graduation index calculations. These codes relate to death, transfers out of the state or country, transfers to non-public schools, transfers to home study/in-school private schooling, and transfers to Early College Admissions Programs.

Specific documentation must be maintained in order for students to be considered legitimate leavers from the cohort. Documentation must be clearly dated before October 1st following the student's exit from the Louisiana Student Information System. The School Board is also responsible for developing a system of internal controls to ensure the proper documentation is retained for all leavers of the cohort.

<u>Universe/</u>

Population Size:

The sample of cohort removals was selected from a universe that includes all students that left the School Board due to transferring to a diploma awarding school or program, death, or emigration to another country. Based on these requirements, the total universe is 37 students who are considered leavers of the cohort. This is also considered the population size.

Sample:

Based on sampling guidance for audits performed under the Uniform Guidance, a non-statistical sample of 4 leavers was selected for testing.

Condition(s):

In testing internal controls and compliance with respect to 34 CFR §200.19(b), 1 of 4 leavers had exceptions to the required documentation set forth by the Louisiana Administrative Code Title 28, Part LXXXIII, Chapter 6, §611. This rate of exception indicates that the School Board does not have adequate internal control procedures in place to ensure that all documentation is maintained contemporaneously with the removal of the student to support the removal from a cohort.

Cause:

The School Board has relied on the individual schools to acquire and retain all documentation related to the removal of students. At the program level, a centralized control and periodic review did not exist to ensure documentation is adequately maintained contemporaneously with the removal of the students from the cohort.

Effect:

Without proper internal controls over the graduation rate cohort reporting process, documentation may not be properly retained, and therefore the School Board may be noncompliant with the requirements of the Title I program.

#### C. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT (continued)

#### **2020 – 003) Special Test and Provisions** (continued)

Recommendation: The School Board should establish procedures at the School and program

administration levels to ensure appropriate documentation is obtained related to removal of students from a cohort in accordance with Louisiana Administrative Code

Title 28, Part LXXXIII, Chapter 6, §611.

Repeat Finding: No.

#### View of Responsible Official:

The District will implement procedures to enhance steps taken for determining a cohort graduation and documents required for a graduation index. Such procedures will be enhanced at the school level with collaboration from the central office.

2020 – 004) <u>Level of Effort</u> <u>Questioned costs: None</u>

#### **84.010A Title I**

#### **Maintenance of Effort Report Preparation and Filing**

<u>Criteria:</u> Section 8521 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act (ESSA) provides that in

order continue to receive funding for ESEA programs, the school board is required to report its Annual Financial Report (AFR) information to the state. To be in compliance with the maintenance of effort requirement, the School Board's combined fiscal effort for student or the aggregate expenditures from state and local funds for free public education for the preceding year cannot be less than ninety percent of the combined

fiscal effort or aggregate expenditures for the second preceding year.

Condition(s): The information reported on the maintenance of effort form to the state Department of

Education (DOE) included accounting information and balances that did not agree with the annual financial report or the audited financial statement balances. Due to the balances reported being in error, the form submitted reported that Maintenance of Effort calculation was less than ninety percent of the aggregate expenditures of the School Board when compared to the previous fiscal year; however, the form reported that the fiscal effort per student was met; although the per student effort was achieved with the incorrect balances. As an audit procedure, a recalculation of the form was performed with the correct data and both the aggregate expenditures and the per student effort met

the requirements of being within ninety percent of the previous fiscal year.

Cause: The School Board is not updating previously entered information from its AFR to the

financial statements when reporting to the Louisiana Department of Education.

Effect: Without proper internal controls and review of information, there is the possibility that

the School Board may not be in compliance with its Maintenance of Effort requirement. The information submitted to the grantor must be complete and accurate to avoid the

possibility of delays or denial of future grant funding.

#### C. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT (continued)

#### **2020 – 004)** Level of Effort (continued)

Recommendation: The School Board should establish procedures to review its AFR information and

update accordingly once the financial statements are issued each year. Amended forms

should be submitted when the original forms filed contain errors.

Repeat Finding: No.

#### **View of Responsible Official:**

The District will review this matter with proper representatives with the Louisiana Department of Education (LDOE). Since the annual financial report is submitted in September and the audit is issued in December, any adjustments to financial records suggested by auditors is not reflected in the annual financial data previously submitted to LDOE. We will review revision procedures with LDOE officials.

#### **2020 – 005) <u>Cash Management</u>**

**Questioned costs: None** 

#### 10.553/10.555 Child Nutrition Cluster - Preparation of the Three Months Cash Report

Criteria:

Those entities participating in the Child Nutrition Program are required to submit income and expense reports which includes net cash resources to the Louisiana Department of Education in accordance with Louisiana Administrative Code Title 28, Part XLIX, Chapter 1, §111.

East Feliciana Parish School Board is a School Food Authority (SFA), and SFA's are required per Louisiana Administrative Code Title 28, Part XLIX, Chapter 3, §305 to maintain net cash resources to an amount that does not exceed three months' average expenditures.

Condition(s):

In testing internal controls and compliance with regards to the submission of the income and expenses report, it was noted that the net cash resources exceeded the three months' average expenditures. However, we noted the report was not correctly prepared as it included balance in error or missing. The School Board did not report receivables and payables that are required to be submitted to the Louisiana Department of Education per Louisiana Administrative Code Title 28, Part XLIX, Chapter 3, §305. The form file reported excess cash in error and included a plan on how the School Board will spend the excess cash. As an audit procedure, a recalculation of the form was performed with the correct data obtained from the audited financial statement. The correct calculation showed a negative cash balance which did not require a plan to spend excess cash.

Cause:

The School Board does not have an adequate system of review of the income and expenses reported submitted to the Louisiana Department of Education which should have caught incorrect information being submitted.

#### C. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT (continued)

#### **2020 – 005)** Cash Management (continued)

Effect: Without proper internal controls over review of the report, incorrect data may be

submitted to the state which could affect the compliance of the federal grant. The information submitted to the grantor must be complete and accurate to avoid the

possibility of delays or denial of future grant funding.

Recommendation: The School Board should establish procedures to review the submission of the income

and expenses report that includes not only cash but also any additional receivables or payables. Amended forms should be submitted when the original forms filed contain

errors.

Repeat Finding: No.

#### View of Responsible Official:

Certain reports were filed with the LDOE for fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, that omitted certain obligations owed by the child nutrition program. The omission of these payables at year end overstated the program's financial position resulting in what appeared to be excess cash on hand. Future reports will be reviewed and approved by members of the District's financial team to ensure reporting is complete.

#### A. FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

#### 2019 - 001 Documentation of Internal Controls over Open Purchase Orders

Questioned Costs: None

#### Condition:

Internal controls authorizing the payment of supply invoices on open purchase orders should be enhanced.

#### Recommendation:

The School Board should establish written policies and/or procedures to ensure documentation is evidenced to authorize the approval of these purchases prior to payment.

Current Status: Repeat finding in the current year. See 2020 - 001.

#### B. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COST - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

## 2019 - 002 Preparation of Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (SEFA) and Timely Filing of Federal Data Collection Form

Questioned Costs: None

#### Condition:

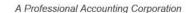
The SEFA provided for audit was not accurately prepared as it included expenditures that should not have been included on the SEFA.

#### Recommendation:

The School Board should strengthen its controls including its review processes over the information and balances that are accumulated and reported on the SEFA to make sure expenditures reported are an accurate representation of federal costs. The School Board should implement a procedure to ensure the timing of the federal data collection form is done in accordance with regulations.

Current Status: Repeat finding in the current year. See 2020 - 002.







## **Independent Accountants' Report On Applying Agreed-Upon Procedures**

To the Members of the East Feliciana Parish School Board, and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor:

We have performed the procedures enumerated below, which were agreed to by the East Feliciana Parish School Board (the School Board), the Louisiana Department of Education, and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor (the specified parties), on the performance and statistical data accompanying the annual financial statements of the School Board for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020; and to determine whether the specified schedules are free of obvious errors and omissions as provided by the Board of Elementary and Secondary Education (BESE) Bulletin, in compliance with Louisiana Revised Statute 24:514 I. Management of the East Feliciana Parish School Board is responsible for its performance and statistical data. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of the specified parties. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures enumerated below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose.

The procedures and associated findings are as follows:

#### General Fund Instructional and Support Expenditures and Certain Local Revenue Sources (Schedule 1)

- 1. We selected a random sample of 25 transactions, reviewed supporting documentation, and observed that the sampled expenditures/revenues are classified correctly and are reported in the proper amounts among the following amounts reported on the schedule:
  - Total General Fund Instructional Expenditures
  - Total General Fund Equipment Expenditures
  - Total Local Taxation Revenue
  - Total Local Earnings on Investment in Real Property
  - Total State Revenue in Lieu of Taxes
  - Nonpublic Textbook Revenue
  - Nonpublic Transportation Revenue

In performing the testing on the sample of expenditures/revenues, we noted no transactions that were inappropriately classified or were recorded at an inappropriate amount. No exceptions noted.

#### Class Size Characteristics (Schedule 2)

2. We obtained a list of classes by school, school type, and class size as reported on the schedule. We then traced a sample of 10 classes to the October 1, 2019 roll books for those classes and observed that the class was properly classified on the schedule.

Three of the 10 classes sampled count of students as reported on the schedule did not agree with the roll books. The differences in count between the amount on the report when compared to the roll books was 1, 2 and 3 respectively.



#### Education Levels/Experience of Public School Staff (NO SCHEDULE)

3. We obtained October 1<sup>st</sup> PEP data submitted to the Department of Education (or equivalent listing prepared by management), including full-time teachers, principals, and assistant principals by classification, as well as their level of education, and obtained management's representation that the data/listing was complete. We then selected a sample of 25 teachers' personnel files and observed that each teachers' education level and experience was properly classified on the PEP data (or equivalent listing prepared by management).

No exceptions were noted.

#### Public School Staff Data: Average Salaries (NO SCHEDULE)

4. We obtained June 30<sup>th</sup> PEP data submitted to the Department of Education (or equivalent listing provided by management) of all classroom teachers, including base salary, extra compensation, and ROTC or rehired retiree status, as well as full-time equivalents, and obtained management's representation that the data/listing was complete. We then selected a sample of 25 teachers, traced to each teachers' personnel file, and observed that each teachers' salary, extra compensation, and full-time equivalents were properly included on the PEP data (or equivalent listing prepared by management).

No exceptions were noted.

This agreed-upon procedures engagement was performed in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants, and the standards applicable to attestation engagements contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the United States Comptroller General. We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination or review, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion or conclusion, respectively, on the performance and statistical data. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion or conclusion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of testing performed on the performance and statistical data accompanying the annual financial statements of the East Feliciana Parish School Board, as required by Louisiana Revised Statue 24:514.I, and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on control or compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Louisiana Legislative Auditor as a public document.

\*\*Postletheral Example 1: In the Company of the East Feliciana Parish School Board, as required by Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Louisiana Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Baton Rouge, Louisiana

February 22, 2021

#### EAST FELICIANA PARISH SCHOOL BOARD CLINTON, LOUISIANA

## Schedules Required by State Law (R.S. 24:514 – Performance and Statistical Data) As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2020

### Schedule 1 - General Fund Instructional and Support Expenditures and Certain Local Revenue Sources

This schedule includes general fund instructional and equipment expenditures. It also contains local taxation revenue, earnings on investments, revenue in lieu of taxes, and nonpublic textbook and transportation revenue. This data is used either in the Minimum Foundation Program (MFP) formula or is presented annually in the MFP 70% Expenditure Requirement Report.

#### Schedule 2 (Formerly Schedule 6) Class Size Characteristics

This schedule includes the percent and number of classes with student enrollment in the following ranges: 1-20, 21-26, 27-33, and 34+ students.

#### EAST FELICIANA PARISH SCHOOL BOARD

Clinton, Louisiana

#### **General Fund Instructional and Support Expenditures** Schedule 1 and Certain Local Revenue Sources For the Year Ended June 30, 2020 **General Fund Instructional and Equipment Expenditures** General Fund Instructional Expenditures: Teacher and Student Interaction Activities: Classroom Teacher Salaries 4,291,717 Other Instructional Staff Activities 358,009 Instructional Staff Employee Benefits 2,968,022 Purchased Professional and Technical Services 419,689 Instructional Materials and Supplies 77,334 Instructional Equipment Total Teacher and Student Interaction Activities \$ 8,114,771 Other Instructional Activities 66,742 **Pupil Support Activities** 449,683 Less: Equipment for Pupil Support Activities Net Pupil Support Activities 449,683 Instructional Staff Services 1,029,839 Less: Equipment for Instructional Staff Services Net Instructional Staff Services 1,029,839 School Administration 1,124,402 Less: Equipment for School Administration Net School Administration 1,124,402 Total General Fund Instructional Expenditures \$ 10,785,437 Total General Fund Equipment Expenditures **Certain Local Revenue Sources** Local Taxation Revenue: Constitutional Ad Valorem Taxes 618.819 \$ Renewable Ad Valorem Tax 3,152,966 Debt Service Ad Valorem Tax Up to 1% of Collections by the Sheriff on Taxes Other than School Taxes 90,471 Sales and Use Taxes 3,717,156 Total Local Taxation Revenue 7,579,412 Local Earnings on Investment in Real Property: Earnings from 16th Section Property \$ 4,664 Earnings from Other Real Property 752 Total Local Earnings on Investment in Real Property 5,416 State Revenue in Lieu of Taxes: Revenue Sharing - Constitutional Tax \$ 70,040 Revenue Sharing - Other Taxes Revenue Sharing - Excess Portion Other Revenue in Lieu of Taxes Total State Revenue in Lieu of Taxes 70,040 Nonpublic Textbook Revenue 12,629 Nonpublic Transportation Revenue

### EAST FELICIANA PARISH SCHOOL BOARD Clinton, Louisiana

Class Size Characteristics As of October 1, 2019 Schedule 2

	Class Size Range							
	1 - 20		21 - 26		27 - 33		34+	
School Type	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number
Elementary	57.36%	113	32.99%	65	5.58%	11	4.06%	8
Elementary Activity Classes	45.16%	14	41.94%	13	0.00%	0	12.90%	4
Middle/Jr. High	87.76%	86	12.24%	12	0.00%	0	0.00%	0
Middle/Jr. High Activity Classes	85.71%	12	7.14%	1	7.14%	1	0.00%	0
High	73.90%	252	25.81%	88	0.29%	1	0.00%	0
High Activity Classes	43.75%	14	34.38%	11	21.88%	7	0.00%	0
Combination	100.00%	4	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0
Combination Activity Classes	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0

Note: The Board of Elementary and Secondary Education has set specific limits on the maximum size of classes at various grade levels. The maximum enrollment in grades K-3 is 34 students and maximum enrollment in grades 4-12 is 33 students. These limits do not apply to activity classes such as physical education, chorus, band, and other classes without maximum enrollment standards. Therefore, these classes are included only as separate line items.

### EAST FELICIANA PARISH SCHOOL BOARD

#### KEISHA L. NETTERVILLE Superintendent

RICHARD TERRELL
President

225-683-8277 ~ 225-683-5420 225-683-5378



MITCHELL HARRELL
Vice President

FAX 225-683-3320

February 22, 2021

Postlethwaite & Netterville 8550 United Plaza Blvd., Ste. 1001 Baton Rouge, LA 70809

In response to your schedule of findings related to the audit for the year ended June 30, 2020, the East Feliciana Parish School District (District) has the following for your consideration:

#### 2020-1 - Documentation of Internal Controls over Purchase Orders

This matter relates to purchase orders in the District's school food services area. The District will implement procedures similar to those used for this prior finding in our maintenance department. Since the matter was resolved in the maintenance department, the District believes similar procedures will resolve this finding.

This matter has been assigned to Ms. Susan Smith for resolution by March 31, 2021.

## 2020-2 - Preparation of Schedule of Expenditure of Federal Awards (SEFA) timely filing of Federal Data Collection Form

The District was unaware that the Temporary Assistance for Needy Families was no longer a federal program. This program has historically been reported as federally funded and reported as such on the District's SEFA. However, we are now aware of the Louisiana Department of Education's memorandum declaring the program non-federal for 2020. We will review the status of this program in 2021 for reporting purposes.

The federal data collection form was prepared and certified by the District in December 2019 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. However, we understand that the auditor certification was not timely completed resulting in a delay in submission. We consider this matter isolated and will be resolved as 2020 will be filed timely.

An Equal Opportunity Employer Equal Educational Opportunities

12732 SILLIMAN STREET P.O. BOX 397 CLINTON, LOUISIANA 70722 The District has assigned Mr. Tommy LeJeune with Faulk & Winkler, LLC to address this matter which will be corrected for the 2021 fiscal year end audit by December 31. 2021.

#### 2020-3 - Special Tests and Provisions - Title I

The District will implement procedures to enhance steps taken for determining a cohort graduation and documents required for a graduation index. Such procedures will be enhanced at the school level with collaboration from the central office.

This matter has been assigned to Ms. Susan Smith to be resolved immediately but no later than June 30, 2021.

2020-4 - Level of Effort - Title 1

The District will review this matter with proper representatives with the Louisiana Department of Education (LDOE). Since the annual financial report is submitted in September and the audit is issued in December, any adjustments to financial records suggested by auditors is not reflected in the annual financial data previously submitted to LDOE. We will review revision procedures with LDOE officials.

This matter has been assigned to Ms. Jessica Rogillio for resolution by March 31, 2021.

#### 2020 - 5 - Cash management - Child nutrition

Certain reports were filed with the LDOE for fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 that omitted certain obligations owed by the child nutrition program. The omission of these payables at year end overstated the program's financial position resulting in what appeared to be excess cash on hand. Future reports will be reviewed and approved by members of the District's financial team to ensure reporting is complete.

This matter has been assigned to Ms. Susan Smith for resolution by June 30, 2021.

Thank you for your efforts relating to our 2020 audit.

Sincerely,

Keisha Netterville.

Netterrle

Superintendent

An Equal Opportunity Employer Equal Educational Opportunities