Financial Report

Year Ended September 30, 2021

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# **KOLDER, SLAVEN & COMPANY, LLC**

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Brad E. Kolder, CPA, JD\*
Gerald A. Thibodeaux, Jr., CPA\*
Robert S. Carter, CPA\*
Arthur R. Mixon, CPA\*
Stephen J. Anderson, CPA\*
Matthew E. Margaglio, CPA\*
Casey L. Ardoin, CPA, CFE\*
Wanda F. Arcement, CPA
Bryan K. Joubert, CPA
Nicholas Fowlkes, CPA

C. Burton Kolder, CPA\*
Of Counsel

Victor R. Slaven, CPA\* - retired 2020 Christine C. Doucet, CPA - retired 2022

\* A Professional Accounting Corporation

183 S. Beadle Rd. Lafayette, LA 70508 Phone (337) 232-4141 11929 Bricksome Ave. Baton Rouge, LA 70816 Phone (225) 293-8300

1428 Metro Dr. Alexandria, LA 71301 Phone (318) 442-4421 450 E. Main St. New Iberia, LA 70560 Phone (337) 367-9204

200 S. Main St. Abbeville, LA 70510 Phone (337) 893-7944 1201 David Dr. Morgan City, LA 70380 Phone (985) 384-2020

434 E. Main St. Ville Platte, LA 70586 Phone (337) 363-2792 332 W. Sixth Ave. Oberlin, LA 70655 Phone (337) 639-4737

WWW.KCSRCPAS.COM

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Duval Arthur, Jr., Mayor and Members of the Town Council Town of Berwick, Louisiana

# **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Berwick, Louisiana, (hereinafter "Town") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Town's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

# **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town as of September 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

## Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that certain information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the budgetary comparison schedules on pages 58-63, schedule of employer's share of net pension liability on page 64, schedule of employer contributions on page 65, schedule of changes in total OPEB liability and related ratios on page 66, or notes to required supplementary information on pages 67-69 because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The Town has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

## Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements. The justice system funding schedule is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The justice system funding schedule is the responsibility of the Town's management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The schedule has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the justice system funding schedule on page 71 is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The supplementary combining nonmajor fund financial statements as listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The

combining nonmajor governmental fund financial statements on pages 72-73 have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on that information.

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 23, 2022, on our consideration of the Town's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC
Certified Public Accountants

Morgan City, Louisiana March 23, 2022 **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# Statement of Net Position September 30, 2021

	Primary Government				
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total		
ASSETS					
Cash	\$ 4,878,174	\$ 519,487	\$ 5,397,661		
Restricted assets-customer deposits	-	121,355	121,355		
Receivables, net	552,466	138,155	690,621		
Due from other governments	199,867	-	199,867		
Prepaid expense	106,354	3,627	109,981		
Investment in Berwick-Bayou Vista	,	,	,		
Joint Waterworks Plant	-	556,144	556,144		
Capital assets:					
Land and construction in progress	3,350,584	15,000	3,365,584		
Other, net of accumulated depreciation	9,410,049	926,448	10,336,497		
Total assets	18,497,494	2,280,216	20,777,710		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred outflows related to net pension liability	438,880	41,490	480,370		
LIABILITIES					
Accounts and other payables	323,541	73,130	396,671		
Unearned revenues	874,744	-	874,744		
Customer deposits payable-restricted assets	-	121,355	121,355		
Noncurrent liabilities:		,	,		
Compensated absences	75,729	15,254	90,983		
Net OPEB obligation	540,713	-	540,713		
Net pension liability	2,250,520	386,250	2,636,770		
Total liabilities	4,065,247	595,989	4,661,236		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred inflows related to net pension liability	980,544	121,908	1,102,452		
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	12,760,633	1,497,592	14,258,225		
Restricted	2,894,395		2,894,395		
Unrestricted (deficit)	(1,764,445)	106,217	(1,658,228)		
` '					
Total net position	<u>\$13,890,583</u>	\$ 1,603,809	\$ 15,494,392		

## Statement of Activities Year Ended September 30, 2021

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position Program Revenues Fees, Commissions, Operating Capital Fines, and Charges Grants and Grants and Governmental Business-type Contributions Functions/Programs for Services Contributions Activities Activities Total Expenses Governmental activities: \$ 1,108,166 \$ 318,598 \$ 16,991 \$ \$ \$ General government (772,577)\$ (772,577)Public safety: 4,804 Fire 141,670 (136,866)(136,866)Police 1,217,997 160,915 120,207 (936,875)(936,875)Public works: Streets 599,966 4,143 563,336 (32,487)(32,487)102,828 1,604 198,334 97,110 97,110 Drainage 31,486 Cemetery 29,850 (1,636)(1,636)Culture and recreation 384,235 75,925 3,882 (304,428)(304,428)Sanitation 1,129,123 898,877 (223,780)(223,780)6,466 Supporting services 48,767 43,754 5,013 43,754 1,532,932 158,097 761,670 Total governmental activities 4,720,484 (2,267,785)(2,267,785)Business-type activities: 366,483 25,162 Gas 391,645 25,162 Water 874,361 828,603 (45,758)(45,758)1,220,248 (20,596)Total business-type activities 1,240,844 (20,596)\$ 5,961,328 2,753,180 158,097 761,670 (2,267,785)(20,596)(2,288,381)Total government General Revenues: Taxes: Ad valorem taxes 701,437 701,437 Drainage 79,265 79,265 Franchise 194,768 194,768 Sales 1,868,814 1,868,814 Other 1,515 1,515 Intergovernmental 195,137 195,137 Interest and investment earnings 11,273 11,273 Insurance proceeds 33,130 33,130 Miscellaneous 71,022 71,022 Total general revenues 3,156,361 3,156,361 (20,596)Change in net position 888,576 867,980 Net Position-- beginning 13,002,007 1,624,405 14,626,412 Net Position-- ending 13,890,583 1,603,809 \$15,494,392

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# Balance Sheet Governmental Funds September 30, 2021

ASSETS	General	1% Sales Tax	3/4% Sales Tax Liquid and Solid Waste	Other Governmental	Total Governmental Funds
Cash	\$ 2,368,972	\$ 933,727	\$ 1,100,194	\$ 475,281	\$ 4,878,174
Receivables:		,		,	
Taxes	158,980	129,123	118,938	1,827	408,868
Accounts	16,494	-	127,104	-	143,598
Due from other funds	-	-	-	2,985	2,985
Due from other governments	199,867	-	<del>-</del>	=	199,867
Prepaid expenditures	102,805		3,549	<del>_</del>	106,354
Total assets	\$ 2,847,118	\$ 1,062,850	<u>\$ 1,349,785</u>	\$ 480,093	\$ 5,739,846
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$ 158,451	\$ -	\$ 87,230	\$ -	\$ 245,681
Due to other funds	2,985	-	-	=	2,985
Accrued liabilities	69,486	-	8,374	-	77,860
Unearned revenues	874,744	<del>_</del>		<del>_</del>	874,744
Total liabilities	1,105,666		95,604		1,201,270
Deferred inflows of resources:					
Unavailable revenues	127,553				127,553
Fund balances:					
Nonspendable	102,805	-	-	52,235	155,040
Restricted	97,271	1,062,850	1,254,181	427,858	2,842,160
Assigned	692,427	-	-	-	692,427
Unassigned	721,396				721,396
Total fund balances	1,613,899	1,062,850	1,254,181	480,093	4,411,023
Total liabilities, deferred inflows					
of resources, and fund balances	\$ 2,847,118	\$ 1,062,850	\$ 1,349,785	\$ 480,093	\$ 5,739,846
					(continued)

# Balance Sheet (continued) Governmental Funds September 30, 2021

# Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position

Total fund balances for governmental funds at September 30, 2021		\$ 4,411,023
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Those assets consist of:  Cost of capital assets:		
Land	1,077,103	
Construction in progress	2,273,481	
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	9,410,049	12,760,633
Deferred outflows of resources related to net pension liability		438,880
Certain other assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are reported as deferred inflows of		
resources in the funds.		127,553
Compensated Absences		(75,729)
Net OPEB obligation		(540,713)
Net pension liability		(2,250,520)
Deferred inflows of resources related to net pension liability		 (980,544)

\$ 13,890,583

 ${\it The\ accompanying\ notes\ are\ an\ integral\ part\ of\ this\ statement.}$ 

Net position at September 30, 2021

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Year Ended September 30, 2021

	General	1% Sales Tax	3/4% Sales Tax Liquid and Solid Waste	Other Governmental	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:					
Taxes	\$ 1,208,684	\$ 724,444	\$ 681,335	\$ 231,336	\$ 2,845,799
Licenses and permits	242,244	· -	· -	-	242,244
Intergovernmental	822,863	-	-	30,473	853,336
Fees, commissions, and charges for services	166,138	-	898,863	´ -	1,065,001
Fines and forfeits	145,355	-	´ -	-	145,355
Interest income	4,411	2,276	2,857	1,839	11,383
Miscellaneous	71,460	-	´ -	´ <b>-</b>	71,460
Total revenues	2,661,155	726,720	1,583,055	263,648	5,234,578
Expenditures:					
Current -					
General government:					
Administrative	1,127,118	-	-	-	1,127,118
Public safety:					
Fire	106,830	-	-	-	106,830
Police	1,246,397	-	-	-	1,246,397
Public works:					
Streets	429,451	-	-	-	429,451
Drainage	107,936	-	-	-	107,936
Cemetery	31,486	-	-	-	31,486
Culture and recreation	302,930	-	-	-	302,930
Sanitation	-	-	1,044,884	-	1,044,884
Supporting services	5,013	-	-	-	5,013
Capital outlay	1,254,681	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	1,254,681
Total expenditures	4,611,842		1,044,884		5,656,726
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	(1,950,687)	726,720	538,171	263,648	(422,148)
Other financing sources (uses):					
Insurance Proceeds	33,130	_	_	_	33,130
Transfers in	1,472,601	_	_	2,985	1,475,586
Transfers out	(2,985)	(800,000)	(450,000)	(222,601)	(1,475,586)
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,502,746	(800,000)	(450,000)	(219,616)	33,130
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,302,740	(800,000)	(430,000)	(219,010)	33,130
Net change in fund balances	(447,941)	(73,280)	88,171	44,032	(389,018)
Fund balances, beginning	2,061,840	1,136,130	1,166,010	436,061	4,800,041
Fund balances, ending	\$ 1,613,899	\$ 1,062,850	\$ 1,254,181	\$ 480,093	<u>\$ 4,411,023</u>

(continued)

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (continued) Governmental Funds Year Ended September 30, 2021

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Total net change in fund balances for the year ended September 30, 2021 per Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	\$	(389,018)
Revenues reported in the governmental funds were reported as revenues in the statement of activities in a prior year.		(63,143)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		127,553
Cost of capital assets		1,254,681
Depreciation expense		(489,013)
Contributions of capital assets are not reported in governmental funds, since such contributions do not result in transfers of financial resources.		198,334
Net change in OPEB obligation		(44,471)
Effects of recording net pension liability and deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to net pension liability.		
Increase in pension expense		214,491
Nonemployer pension contribution revenue		79,162
Total change in net position for the year ended September 30, 2021 per Statement of Activities	<u>\$</u>	888,576

# Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds September 30, 2021

	Gas	Water	Total Enterprise Funds
ASSETS			
Current assets: Cash Receivables, net Prepaid expenses Total current assets	\$ 159,991 37,538 2,073 199,602	\$ 359,496 100,617 1,554 461,667	\$ 519,487 138,155 3,627 661,269
Restricted assets:  Cash - customer deposits	24,610	96,745	121,355
Investment in Berwick-Bayou Vista Joint Waterworks Plant		556,144	556,144
Capital assets: Land Other, net of accumulated depreciation Total capital assets	216,606 216,606	15,000 709,842 724,842	15,000 926,448 941,448
Total assets	440,818	1,839,398	2,280,216
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows of resources related to net pension liability	20,745	20,745	41,490
LIABILITIES Liabilities:			
Current liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Customer deposits payable-restricted assets Total current liabilities	\$ 17,835 4,622 24,610 47,067	\$ 39,804 10,869 96,745 147,418	\$ 57,639 15,491 121,355 194,485
Noncurrent liabilities: Compensated absences Net pension liability Total noncurrent liabilities Total liabilities	8,531 193,125 201,656 248,723	6,723 193,125 199,848 347,266	15,254 <u>386,250</u> 401,504 <u>595,989</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows of resources related to net pension liability	60,954	60,954	121,908
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted (deficit)	216,606 (64,720)	1,280,986 170,937	1,497,592 106,217
Total net position	<u>\$ 151,886</u>	<u>\$1,451,923</u>	\$1,603,809

# Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds Year Ended September 30, 2021

		Gas		Water	Total Enterprise Funds
Operating revenues:					
Charges for services	\$	376,479	\$	808,335	\$ 1,184,814
Delinquent charges	,	9,038	•	15,087	24,125
Miscellaneous		6,128		5,181	11,309
Total operating revenues		391,645		828,603	1,220,248
Operating expenses:					
Gas and water purchases		103,086		350,161	453,247
Salaries		118,960		173,621	292,581
Retirement		13,342		30,116	43,458
Group insurance		26,367		19,460	45,827
Other insurance		1,685		5,739	7,424
Maintenance and operations		80,904		181,823	262,727
Depreciation		10,612		64,617	75,229
Administration expenses		9,874		17,310	27,184
Miscellaneous		1,653		1,337	2,990
Total operating expense		366,483		844,184	1,210,667
Operating income (loss)		25,162		(15,581)	9,581
Nonoperating expenses:					
Decrease in equity of Berwick-Bayou Vista					
Joint Waterworks Plant				(30,177)	(30,177)
Change in net position		25,162		(45,758)	(20,596)
Net position, beginning		126,724		1,497,681	1,624,405
Net position, ending	<u>\$</u>	151,886	<u>\$</u>	1,451,923	\$ 1,603,809

# Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds Year Ended September 30, 2021

			Total Enterprise
	Gas	Water	Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	¢ 270 240	Ф 021 7 <i>(</i> 1	Ф 1 <b>2</b> 00 001
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 378,240	\$ 821,761	\$ 1,200,001
Payments to suppliers for goods and services Payments to employees	(184,961) (176,074)	(555,857) (233,612)	(740,818) (409,686)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	17,205	32,292	49,497
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning	167,396	423,949	591,345
Cash and cash equivalents, ending	<u>\$ 184,601</u>	\$ 456,241	\$ 640,842
			(continued)

# Statement of Cash Flows (continued) Proprietary Funds Year Ended September 30, 2021

			Total
			Enterprise
	Gas	Water	Fund
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash			
provided by operating activities:			
Operating income (loss)	\$ 25,162	\$ (15,581)	\$ 9,581
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to	<u>Ψ 25,102</u>	<u>Ψ (15,501)</u>	<u> </u>
net cash provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation	10,612	64,617	75,229
Pension expense, net of nonemployer contributions	(24,601)	(24,602)	(49,203)
Changes in assets and liabilities:	(= 1,001)	(= :,00=)	(15,200)
Accounts receivable	(9,464)	(7,311)	(16,775)
Accounts payable	10,556	513	11,069
Accrued liabilities	3,700	9,006	12,706
Customer deposits payable	1,240	5,650	6,890
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 17,205	\$ 32,292	\$ 49,497
Non-cash investing activities			
Change in equity of Berwick-Bayou Vista Joint Waterworks Plant	\$ -	\$ (30,177)	\$ (30,177)
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents per			
statement of cash flows to the balance sheet:			
Cash and cash equivalents beginning of period -			
Interest-bearing deposits - unrestricted	\$ 144,026	\$ 332,854	\$ 476,880
Interest bearing deposits - restricted	23,370	91,095	114,465
Total cash and cash equivalents	167,396	423,949	591,345
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period -			
Interest-bearing deposits - unrestricted	159,991	359,496	519,487
Interest-bearing deposits - restricted	24,610	96,745	121,355
Total cash and cash equivalents	<u>184,601</u>	456,241	640,842
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	<u>\$ 17,205</u>	\$ 32,292	\$ 49,497

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

# (1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Town of Berwick ("Town") was incorporated August 1907, under the provisions of the Lawrason Act. The Town operated under a Mayor-Board of Aldermen form of government until January 20, 1992, at which time the Town adopted a Home Rule Charter and now operates under an elected Mayor-Council, administrative-legislative form of government. The Town's operations include police and fire protection, streets and drainage, parks and recreation, residential waste collection services, certain social services and general and administration services. The Town owns and operates enterprise funds which provide gas and water services.

The accounting and reporting policies of the Town relating to the funds included in the accompanying basic financial statements conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to state and local governments. Such accounting and reporting procedures also conform to the requirements of Louisiana Revised Statutes 24:513, the *Louisiana Governmental Audit Guide* and to the industry audit guide, *Audits of State and Local Governmental Units*.

The following is a summary of certain significant accounting policies:

# A. Financial Reporting Entity

The financial reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government, (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and (c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, as amended, established criteria for determining which component units should be considered part of the Town for financial reporting purposes. The basic criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is financial accountability. The GASB has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. This criterion includes:

- 1. Appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and
  - a) The ability of the Town to impose its will on that organization and/or
  - b) The potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or to impose specific financial burdens on the Town.
- 2. Organizations for which the Town does not appoint a voting majority but are fiscally dependent upon the Town.
- 3. Organizations for which the reporting entity's financial statements would be misleading if data of the organization is not included because of the nature or significance of the relationship.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

# Component Unit –

Based on the previous criteria, the Town has one component unit, Berwick Development District (District), since the District is governed by a five-member board appointed by the mayor of the Town and the Town is entitled to funds received by the District from the sale of properties after the deduction of expenses (financial benefits).

The Town has chosen to issue financial statements of the primary government only; however, the financial statements of the District are not included in and are not material to the accompanying financial statements. Complete financial statements issued by the District can be obtained directly from the District's administrative offices at P. O. Box 128, Berwick, LA, 70342.

# Related Organizations -

A related organization is an entity for which the primary government is not financially accountable even though the primary government may provide facilities and some financing or appoint a voting majority of the organization's governing board. Based on the foregoing criteria, certain governmental organizations are not part of the Town and are thus excluded from the accompanying financial statements. These organizations are the Berwick Volunteer Fire Department, the Housing Authority of the Town of Berwick and the Berwick Historical Society.

#### Joint Ventures -

A joint venture is a legal entity or other organization that results from a contractual arrangement and that is owned, operated, or governed by two or more participants as a separate and specific activity subject to joint control in which the participants retain (a) an ongoing financial interest or (b) an ongoing financial responsibility. The Town has entered into joint venture arrangements with other governmental entities for the operation of the Berwick/Bayou Vista Joint Waterworks Commission and the Wards 5 and 8 Joint Sewer Commission. See Note 18 for further discussion of the Town's relationship with these organizations.

#### B. Basis of Presentation

#### Government-wide Financial Statements -

The government-wide financial statements (the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the activities of the Town. The effect of interfund activity, within the governmental and business-type activities columns, has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given program are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific program. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given program and 2) operating or capital grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

#### Fund Financial Statements -

The Town segregates transactions related to certain functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Separate statements are presented for governmental and proprietary activities. These statements present each major fund as a separate column on the fund financial statements; all non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Town or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and
- b. Total assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

The major funds of the Town are described below:

General Fund – primary operating fund of the Town. The general fund is always classified as a major fund and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

## Special Revenue Funds:

1% Sales Tax Fund— accounts for the receipt and use of the Town's prorata portion of the St. Mary Parish 1% sales and use tax. These taxes may be used for any lawful corporate purpose.

<sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub>% Sales Tax Liquid and Solid Waste Fund— accounts for the receipt and use of proceeds of the Town's prorata portion of the St. Mary Parish <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub>% sales and use tax. These taxes are dedicated to the construction, maintenance, and operations of sewerage or solid waste disposal systems, and police and fire protection.

# **Proprietary Funds:**

Gas Enterprise Fund—accounts for the provision of gas services to residents of the Town. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, financing and related debt service, and billing and collection.

Water Enterprise Fund—accounts for the provision of water service to residents of the Town. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, financing and related debt service, and billing and collection.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

# C. Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus refers to what is being measured; basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurement made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The government-wide statements and fund financial statements for the proprietary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The economic resources measurement focus means all assets and liabilities (whether current or non-current) are included in the statement of net position and the operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net total position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned including unbilled water and gas services which are accrued. Expenses are recognized at the time the liability is incurred.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual, when they become both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Sales taxes are considered measurable when in the hands of intermediary collecting governments and are recognized as revenues at that time. The Town considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are recorded when the related liability is incurred.

# D. Cash and Interest-Bearing Deposits

Cash and interest-bearing deposits include amounts in demand deposits, interest-bearing demand deposits, and time deposits. Deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market.

For the purpose of the proprietary fund statement of cash flows, "cash and cash equivalents" include all demand and savings accounts.

## E. Investments

Under state law, the Town may deposit funds with a fiscal agent organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, the laws of any other state in the Union, or the laws of the United States. The Town may invest in United States bonds, treasury notes and bills, government backed agency securities, or certificates and time deposits of state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having principal offices in Louisiana. In addition, local governments in Louisiana are authorized to invest in the Louisiana Asset Management Pool (LAMP), a nonprofit corporation formed by the State Treasurer and organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, which operates a local government investment pool.

# F. Short-Term Interfund Receivables/Payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds" on the balance sheet. Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the statement of net position.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

# G. Receivables

All receivables are shown net of an allowance account, as applicable.

# H. Prepaid Items

Prepaids record payments to vendors that benefit future reporting periods and are also reported on the consumption basis.

# I. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and vehicles, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements and in the fund financial statements for the proprietary funds. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated assets are valued at their fair market value on the date donated. Repairs and maintenance are recorded as expenses. Renewals and betterments are capitalized. Assets capitalized have an original cost of \$2,500 or more. Depreciation has been calculated on each class of depreciable property using the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings	20 - 30 years
Improvements	10 - 40 years
Infrastructure	20 - 50 years
Machinery and equipment	4 - 20 years
Autos and trucks	5 years

## J. Restricted Assets

The "customer deposits" is used to segregate those refundable resources received from customers currently on the system.

# K. Deferred Outflows of Resources and Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense or expenditure) until then. The Town reports deferred outflows of resources related to its net pension liability on its government-wide and proprietary funds statements of net position.

Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Town reports deferred inflows arising from unavailable revenues. Unavailable revenue occurs under a modified accrual basis of accounting and is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The Town also reports deferred inflows related to its net pension liability on its government-wide and proprietary funds statements of net position.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

## L. Equity Classifications

Government-wide Financial Statements –

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted Consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

#### Fund Financial Statements -

Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements. Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance for the Town's governmental funds is displayed depicting the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used. In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balances are classified as follows:

- a. Nonspendable amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- b. Restricted amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other government.
- c. Committed amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the Town Council. The Council is the highest level of decision-making authority for the Town. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through ordinances or resolutions approved by the Town Council.
- d. Assigned amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. Intent can be expressed by the Town Council.
- e. Unassigned all other spendable amounts.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the Town considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the Town considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the council has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

# M. Revenues, Expenditures, and Expenses

# Operating Revenues and Expenses –

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the fund's ongoing operations. Operating expenses for the proprietary funds include the cost of personal and contractual services, supplies and depreciation on capital assets. It also includes all revenue and expenses not related to capital and related financing, noncapital financing, or investing activities. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

# Expenditures/Expenses -

In the government-wide financial statements, expenses are classified by function for both governmental and business-type activities.

In the governmental funds' financial statements, expenditures are classified by character. In the proprietary funds', as operating or nonoperating.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report expenditures of financial resources. Proprietary funds report expenses relating to use of economic resources.

## N. Interfund Transfers

Permanent reallocation of resources between funds is classified as interfund transfers. For the purposes of the statement of activities, all interfund transfers between individual governmental funds have been eliminated.

#### O. Compensated Absences

Full time employees of the Town earn vacation leave. Vacation leave earned varies with the length of service, and employees may accumulate up to two years of unused vacation time. Unused vacation leave, at the termination of employment either by retirement or separation, shall be paid in accordance with the Town's policy.

Compensated absences are measured at the present value and have historically been liquidated by the fund in which the liability was incurred. In accordance with GASBS No. 16, liabilities for compensated absences are estimated based on hours remaining and pay rates in effect at the balance sheet date. During the year ended September 30, 2021, there were no significant changes in compensated absences balances.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

# P. Capitalization of Interest Expense

It is the policy of the Town to capitalize material amounts of interest resulting from borrowings in the course of the construction of fixed assets. For the year ended September 30, 2021, no capitalized interest expense was recorded.

#### Q. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Municipal Employees Retirement System, the Municipal Police Retirement System, and the Firefighters' Retirement System, and additions to/deductions from the retirement system's net positions have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms and investments are reported at fair value.

#### R. Use of Estimates

The Town's management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing financial statements. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and the reported revenues and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

# (2) Cash and Interest-Bearing Deposits

Under state law, the Town may deposit funds within a fiscal agent bank organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, the laws of any other state in the Union, or the laws of the United States. The Town may invest in certificates and time deposits of state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having principal offices in Louisiana. At September 30, 2021, the Town has cash and interest-bearing deposits (book balances) totaling \$5,519,016 as follows:

	Go	Governmental		Business-type		
		Activites		Activities		Total
Demand deposits	\$	4,878,024	\$	640,842	\$	5,518,866
Petty cash		150		<u>-</u>		150
Total	\$	4,878,174	\$	640,842	\$	5,519,016

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market. Under state law, these deposits (or the resulting bank balances), must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent bank. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties. Deposit balances (bank balances) at September 30, 2021 are as follows:

Bank balances	<u>\$</u>	5,571,891
Federal deposit insurance Pledged securities	\$	250,000 5,321,891
Total	\$	5,571,891

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the Town's deposits may not be recovered or the collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party will not be recovered. The Town has not formally adopted policies that limit allowable deposits or investments and address the specific type of risk to which the Town is exposed. There are no policies formally adopted to monitor or attempt to reduce exposure to custodial credit risk. At September 30, 2021, deposits in the amount of \$5,321,891 were exposed to custodial credit risk. These deposits are uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging institution's trust department or agent but not the Town's name.

## (3) Ad Valorem Taxes

Ad valorem taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 of each year. Taxes are levied by the Town in September or October and are billed to taxpayers in November. Billed taxes become delinquent on January 1 of the following year. The Town bills and collects its own property taxes using the assessed values determined by the tax assessor of St. Mary Parish.

Town property tax revenues are budgeted in the year billed.

For the year ended September 30, 2021, taxes of 19.26 mills were levied on property with assessed valuations totaling \$36,586,165 and were dedicated as follows:

General governmental services 12.88 mills
Maintenance 6.38 mills

For the year ended September 30, 2021, drainage taxes were also assessed and dedicated as follows:

General governmental services \$25 per acre

Total taxes levied for the year ended September 30, 2021 were \$784,359.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

# (4) Receivables

Net receivables at September 30, 2021 of \$690,621 consist of the following:

	Governmental		Business-type		
	A	Activities		activities	Total
Accounts	\$	151,648	\$	145,302	\$ 296,950
Taxes		432,168			432,168
		583,816		145,302	729,118
Less: allowance for uncollectible		(31,350)		(7,147)	(38,497)
Net receivables	\$	552,466	\$	138,155	\$ 690,621

# (5) <u>Due from other Governments</u>

Amounts due from other governments at September 30, 2021 consisted of the following:

Governmental Activities:		
State of Louisiana - GOHSEP	\$	65,240
State of Louisiana - Video Poker		38,717
St. Mary Parish Government - Public Safety Grants		32,572
St. Mary Parish Government - Street & Road Grant		52,979
St. Mary Parish Sheriff - Prisoner Maintenance		2,674
St. Mary Parish Water and Sewer Commission No. 2		7,685
Total Governmental Activities	<u>\$</u>	199,867

# (6) <u>Interfund Receivables/Payables</u>

Interfund receivables/payables at September 30, 2021 are as follows:

	Intertund Receivables	Interfund Payables
Major governmental:		
General Fund	-	2,985
Nonmajor governmental:		
Permanent Fund		
Berwick Memorial Perpetual Care Fund	<u>2,985</u>	
Total interfund receivables/payables	\$ 2,985	\$ 2,985

These receivables and payables reverse in the normal course of operations. All remaining balances resulted from time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payment between the funds are made.

# Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

# (7) <u>Changes in Capital Assets</u>

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2021, was as follows:

	Balance 10/1/20 Additions		Deletions		Balance 09/30/21			
Governmental activities:		10/1/20		raditions		Detetions		07/30/21
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	1,077,103	\$	_	\$	_	\$	1,077,103
Construction in progress	Ψ	1,665,485	Ψ	1,197,021	Ψ	(589,025)	Ψ	2,273,481
Total capital assets not being depreciated		2,742,588		1,197,021	_	(589,025)		3,350,584
Capital assets being depreciated:				, , -		<u>,                                      </u>		
Buildings		3,856,270		_		_		3,856,270
Improvements		9,502,810		589,025		-		10,091,835
Equipment		2,301,886		169,222		-		2,471,108
Infrastructure		33,250		-		-		33,250
Autos and trucks		1,174,928		86,772		_		1,261,700
Total capital assets being depreciated	_	16,869,144	_	845,019	_	<u>-</u>		17,714,163
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings		(2,956,787)		(60,946)		-		(3,017,733)
Improvements		(2,046,756)		(304,738)		-		(2,351,494)
Equipment		(1,834,421)		(66,216)		-		(1,900,637)
Infrastructure		(6,732)		(748)		-		(7,480)
Autos and trucks		(970,405)	_	(56,365)	_			(1,026,770)
Total accumulated depreciation		(7,815,101)	_	(489,013)	_	_		(8,304,114)
Total capital assets, being								
depreciated, net		9,054,043	_	356,006		<u>-</u>		9,410,049
Governmental activities								
capital assets, net	<u>\$</u>	11,796,631	\$	1,553,027	\$	(589,025)	\$	12,760,633
Business-type activities:								
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	15,000	\$		\$	<u>-</u>	\$	15,000
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Gas utility system		962,176		-		-		962,176
Water utility system	_	3,318,346	_		_	<u>-</u>		3,318,346
Total capital assets being depreciated		4,280,522	_	<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>	_	4,280,522
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Gas utility system		(734,958)		(10,612)		-		(745,570)
Water utility system		(2,543,887)		(64,617)		_		(2,608,504)
Total accumulated depreciation		(3,278,845)		(75,229)				(3,354,074)
Total capital assets, being								
depreciated, net	_	1,001,677	_	(75,229)	_			926,448
Business-type activities capital								
assets, net	\$	1,016,677	\$	(75,229)	\$	<u> </u>	\$	941,448

# Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Depreciation expense was charged as direct expense to functions as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government and administration	\$ 28,925
Public safety:	
Police	41,914
Fire	42,140
Public works:	
Streets	182,515
Culture and recreation	90,173
Sanitation	 103,346
Total depreciation expense, governmental activities	\$ 489,013
Business-type activities:	
Gas	\$ 10,612
Water	 64,617
Total depreciation expense, business-type activities	\$ 75,229

At September 30, 2021, the Town has outstanding construction commitments totaling \$52,000 for completion of the Town Hall Roof.

# (8) Restricted Net position

At September 30, 2021, the government-wide statement of net position reports the following restricted net position:

	Governmental	
	Activities	
Restricted by enabling legislation	\$	2,790,197
Net position otherwise restricted for:		
Perpetual care:		
Expendable		42,226
Nonexpendable		52,235
Street & road improvements		9,737
Total restricted net position	\$	2,894,395

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

# (9) Net Position/Fund Balance

Net position is presented as net investments in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted on the Town's government-wide and proprietary funds statement of net position. A component of the Town's net position is significantly affected by transactions that resulted in the recognition of deferred outflow of resources and deferred inflow of resources, and the difference between the deferred outflow of resources and deferred inflow of resources and the balance of the related asset or liability is significant. As discussed in Note 13, the Town's recognition of net pension liability in accordance with GASBS No. 68 significantly affected the Town's unrestricted portion of net position as of September 30, 2021.

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the Town is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented as follows:

	General	1% Sales Tax	3/4% Sales Tax Liquid and Solid Waste	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Fund balances:				_	
Nonspendable -					
Permanent fund principal	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 52,235	\$ 52,235
Prepaid items	102,805	-	-	-	102,805
Total fund balances - nonspendable	102,805			52,235	155,040
Restricted for -					
Ad valorem tax restrictions	-	-	-	375,895	375,895
Capital improvements	-	-	-	9,737	9,737
Perpetual care	-	-	-	42,226	42,226
Sales and use tax restrictions	97,271	1,062,850	1,254,181	<u>-</u>	2,414,302
Total fund balances - restricted	97,271	1,062,850	1,254,181	427,858	2,842,160
Assigned to -					
Fire improvements	172,119	-	-	-	172,119
Law enforcement	11,724	-	-	-	11,724
General government	508,584	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	508,584
Total fund balances - assigned	692,427				692,427
Unassigned	721,396	<del>-</del>			721,396
Total fund balances	\$1,613,899	\$1,062,850	\$ 1,254,181	\$ 480,093	\$ 4,411,023

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

# (10) Contingencies

#### Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town has elected to purchase insurance coverage through the commercial insurance market to cover its exposure to loss. The Town is insured up to policy limits for each of the above risks. There were no significant changes in coverage, retentions, or limits during the year ended September 30, 2021. Settled claims have not exceeded the commercial coverage in any of the previous three fiscal years.

#### (11) Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers at September 30, 2021 are as follows:

	Receiving Fund					
Transferring Fund	Ge	neral	(	onmajor Other ernmental	Total	
	-					
General	\$	-	\$	2,985	2,985	
1% Sales Tax	80	00,000		-	800,000	
3/4% Sales Tax Liquid and Solid Waste	45	50,000		-	450,000	
Nonmajor Governmental	22	22,601			222,601	
Total	\$1,4	72,601	\$	2,985	\$1,475,586	

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

# (12) <u>Dedication of Proceeds and Flow of Fund-Sales and Use Tax</u>

The Town collects sales taxes under four sales tax levies as follows:

Proceeds of a 1% parish wide sales and use tax levied in 1966 (2021 collections \$724,444). Tax is collected by the St. Mary Parish Sales and Use Tax Department and is remitted to each participating municipality on a monthly basis. Proceeds of this tax shall be used for the following purposes: construction, acquisition, improvement, maintenance and repairs of streets, capital improvements, public works and buildings (including the acquisition of sites and necessary fixtures, equipment, furnishings and appurtenances, and the payment of obligations and refunding obligations which have been or may be issued for the purpose of acquiring and improving public works and buildings); for payment or supplementing salaries of all municipal employees; for the operation of recreational facilities; for the acquisition, maintenance, repairs and payment of operating expenses of equipment, vehicles, and other machinery owned by the municipality; and for any other public purpose authorized by state law.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Proceeds of a 3/4 of 1% sales and use tax levied in 1974 (2021 collections \$681,335). Tax is collected by the St. Mary Parish Sales and Use Tax Department and is allocated and distributed monthly as above. Proceeds are to be used for the construction, acquisition, extension, improvement, operation, and maintenance of solid waste collection and disposal facilities, sewers and sewerage disposal works, and other facilities for pollution control and abatement, fire and police protection; and to pay debt service requirements on bonds issued for any of the above-mentioned purposes. The tax was reapproved for levy in 1987. At the time of reauthorization, voters approved a provision authorizing that the proceeds could also be used for law enforcement and fire protection costs.

Proceeds of a 3/10 of 1% sales and use tax levied in 1982 (2021 collections \$235,956). Tax is collected by the St. Mary Parish Sales and Use Tax Department and is allocated and distributed monthly as above. Proceeds are dedicated to the following purposes: operating and maintaining the police department, including the acquisition and maintenance of equipment and supplies; paying or supplementing the salaries of municipal employees; and purchasing, constructing, acquiring, extending and/or improving all or any portion of public works or capital improvements, including but not limited to the construction, improvement and maintenance of drainage, water, and flood control extensions and improvements and the acquisition, construction, improvement, maintenance and repair of streets, roads, and bridges.

Proceeds of a ½ of 1% sales and use tax levied in 2001 (2021 collections \$227,079). Tax is collected by the St. Mary Parish Sales and Use Tax Department and is allocated and distributed monthly as above. Proceeds are to be used for increased salaries for police departments and also for operating and maintaining the police department.

## (13) Employee Retirement

Eligible employees of the Town participate in one of three cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit public employee retirement systems (PERS), which are controlled and administered by a separate board of trustees. These retirement systems provide retirement disability and death benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. Pertinent information relative to each plan follows:

## A. Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana (MERS)

Plan Description: The Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana (MERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, was originally established by Act 356 of the 1954 regular session of the Legislature of the State of Louisiana to provide retirement benefits to employees of all incorporated villages, towns and cities within the state, which did not have their own retirement system and which elected to become members of the System. The Town participates in Plan A of MERS.

Eligibility Requirements: Membership is mandatory as a condition of employment beginning on the date employed if the employee is on a permanent basis working at least thirty-five hours per week. Those individuals paid jointly by a participating employer and a parish are not eligible for membership in MERS with exceptions as outlined in the statutes.

Any person eligible for membership whose first employment making him eligible for membership in MERS occurred on or after January 1, 2013 shall become a member of the MERS Plan A Tier 2 or MERS Plan B Tier 2 of the system as a condition of employment.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Retirement Benefits: Benefit provisions are authorized within Act 356 of the 1954 regular session and amended by LRS 11:1756-11:1785. The following brief description of the plan and its benefits is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to the appropriate statutes for more complete information.

Any member of Plan A who was hired before January 1, 2013 can retire providing the member meets one of the following criteria:

- 1. Any age with twenty-five (25) or more years of creditable service.
- 2. Age 60 with a minimum of ten (10) or more years of creditable service.
- 3. Any age with twenty (20) years of creditable service, exclusive of military service and unused annual and sick leave, with an actuarily reduced early benefit.

Generally, the monthly amount of the retirement allowance for any member of Plan A shall consist of an amount equal to three percent of the member's monthly average final compensation multiplied by his years of creditable service. Final compensation is the average monthly earnings during the highest sixty consecutive months, or joined months if service was interrupted. However, under certain conditions as outlined in the statutes, the benefits are limited to specified amounts. An additional regular retirement benefit can be received for any city marshal or deputy city marshal. See plan booklet for further details.

Any member of Plan A Tier 2 can retire providing he meets one of the following:

- 1. Age 67 with seven (7) years of creditable service
- 2. Age 62 with ten (10) years of creditable service
- 3. Age 55 with thirty (30) years of creditable service
- 4. Any age with twenty-five (25) years of creditable service, exclusive of military service and unused annual and sick leave, with an actuarily reduced early benefit.

Generally, the monthly amount of the retirement allowance for any member of Plan A Tier 2 shall consist of an amount equal to three percent of the member's monthly average final compensation multiplied by his years of creditable service. Final average compensation is the average monthly earnings during the highest sixty consecutive months, or joined months if service was interrupted. However, under certain conditions as outlined in the statutes, the benefits are limited to specified amounts. Any city marshal or deputy city marshal shall receive an additional regular benefit computed on supplemental marshal's earnings. See Plan Booklet for further details.

Survivor Benefits: Upon death of any member of Plan A with five (5) or more years of creditable service, not eligible for retirement, the plan provides for benefits for the surviving spouse and/or minor children as outlined in the statutes.

Any member of Plan A, who is eligible for normal retirement at time of death and who leaves a surviving spouse, will be deemed to have retired and selected Option 2 benefits on behalf of the surviving spouse on the date of death. Such benefits will begin only upon proper application and are paid in lieu of any other survivor benefits.

Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP) Benefits: In lieu of terminating employment and accepting a service retirement allowance, any member of Plan A who is eligible to retire may elect to participate in the deferred retirement option plan (DROP) for up to three years and defer the receipt of benefits. During participation in the plan, employer contributions are payable but employee contributions cease. The monthly retirement benefits that would be payable, had the person elected to cease employment

#### Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

and receive a service retirement allowance, are paid into the DROP fund. Interest is earned when the member has completed DROP participation. Interest earnings are based upon the actual rate of return on the investments identified as DROP funds for the period. In addition, no cost-of-living increases are payable to participants until employment which made them eligible to become members of the System has been terminated for at least one full year.

Upon termination of employment prior to or at the end of the specified period of participation, a participant in the DROP may receive, at his option, a lump sum from the account equal to the payments into the account, a true annuity based upon his account balance in that fund, or any other method of payment if approved by the Board of Trustees. If a participant dies during participation in the DROP, a lump sum equal to the balance in his account shall be paid to his named beneficiary or, if none, to his estate. If employment is not terminated at the end of the three years, payments into the DROP fund cease and the person resumes active contributing membership in the System.

Disability Benefits: For Plan A, a member shall be eligible to retire and receive a disability benefit if he has at least five years of creditable service, is not eligible for normal retirement and has been officially certified as disabled by the State Medical Disability Board. Upon retirement caused by disability, a member of Plan A shall be paid a disability benefit equal to the lesser of (1) an amount equal to three percent of his final compensation multiplied by his years of credible service, but not less than forty-five percent of his final compensation, or (2) an amount equal to what the member's normal retirement benefit would be based on the member's current final compensation, but assuming the member remained in continuous service until his earliest normal retirement age and using those retirement benefit computation factors which would be applicable to the member's normal retirement.

Cost of Living Increases: MERS is authorized under state law to grant a cost of living increase to members who have been retired for at least one year. The adjustment cannot exceed 2% of the retiree's original benefit for each full calendar year since retirement and may only be granted if sufficient funds are available from investment income in excess of normal requirements. State law allows MERS to grant an additional cost of living increase to all retirees and beneficiaries who are age sixty-five and above equal to 2% of the benefit being received on October 1, 1977, or the original benefit, if retirement commenced after that date.

Deferred Benefits: Both plans provide for deferred benefits for members who terminate before being eligible for retirement. Once the member reaches the appropriate age for retirement, benefits become payable. Benefits are based on statutes in effect at time of withdrawal.

Employer Contributions: Contributions for all members are established by statute. Member contributions are at 10.00% of earnable compensation for Plan A. The contributions are deducted from the member's salary and remitted by the participating municipality

According to state statute, contribution requirements for all employers are actuarially determined each year. For the year ending June 30, 2021, the actual employer contribution rate was 29.50% for Plan A.

Non-Employer Contributions: According to state statute, MERS also receives one-fourth (1/4) of 1% of ad valorem taxes within the respective parishes except for Orleans. MERS also receives revenue sharing funds each year as appropriated by the Legislature. These additional sources of income are used as additional employer contributions and are considered support from non-employer contributing entities.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources: At September 30, 2021, The Town reported liabilities in its government-wide financial statements of \$1,158,750 and \$386,250 in its governmental activities and its business-type activities, respectively, for its proportionate share of the net pension liabilities of MERS. The net pension liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2021 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension obligation was determined by separate actuarial valuations performed on each of the retirement systems as of that date. Under each retirement system, the Town's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2021, the Town's proportional share of MERS was 0.555455%, which was a decrease of 0.012093% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

For the year ended September 30, 2021, the Town recognized pension expense of \$132,604 and \$43,458 in its governmental activities and business-type activities, respectively, related to its participation in MERS.

At September 30, 2021, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Government	tal Activities	Business-Type Activities			
	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred		
	Outflows of	Inflows of	Outflows of	Inflows of		
	Resources	Resources	Resources	Resources		
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 418	\$ 13,250	\$ 139	\$ 4,417		
Changes in Assumption	42,346	-	14,115	-		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	326,480	-	108,827		
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	14,455	25,995	4,819	8,664		
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	67,250		22,417			
	\$ 124,469	\$ 365,725	\$ 41,490	\$ 121,908		

Deferred outflows of resources of \$89,667 related to pension resulting from the Town's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an adjustment to the net pension liability in the following fiscal year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

	Gov	Governmental		siness-type		
Year	A	ctivities		Activities	Total	
2022	\$	(41,677)	\$	(13,892)	\$ (55,569)	
2023		(72,147)		(24,049)	(96,196)	
2024		(84,169)		(28,056)	(112,225)	
2025		(110,513)		(36,838)	(147,351)	
	\$	(308,506)	\$	(102,835)	\$(411,341)	

Actuarial Assumptions: The net pension liability was measured as the portion of the present value of projected benefit payments to be provided through the pension plan to current active and inactive employees that is attributed to those employees' past periods of service, less the amount of the pension plan's fiduciary net position.

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment mortality and future salary increases. Actuarially determined amounts regarding the net pension liability are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations, and new estimates are made about the future.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation was based on the results of an experience study, for the period July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2018.

A summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used in determining the total pension liability as of June 30, 2021 are as follows:

	Municipal Employees'
	Retirement System (MERS)
	Plan A
Valuation Date	June 30, 2021
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal
Expected remaining service lives	3 years
Investment rate of return	6.85%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation
Inflation rate	2.5%
Projected salary increases, including inflation and merit increases:	
-1 to 4 years of service	6.4%
-More than 4 years of service	4.5%
Annuity and beneficiary mortality	PubG-2010(B) Healthy Retiree Table set equal to 120% for
	males and females, each adjusted using their respective male and female MP2018 scales.
Employee mortality	
	PubG-2010(B) Employee Table set equal to 120% for males and females, each adjusted using their respective male and female MP2018 scales.
Disabled lives mortality	PubNS-2010(B) Disabled Retiree Table set equal to 120% for males and females with the full generational MP2018 scale.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

The investment rate of return was 6.85%, which was a .10% decrease from the rate used as of June 30, 2020. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation and an adjustment for the effect of rebalancing/diversification.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the System's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2021 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Portfolio Real Rate of Return
Public equity	53%	2.31%
Public fixed income	38%	1.65%
Alternatives	<u>9%</u>	0.39%
Totals	100%	4.35%
Inflation Expected Arithmetic		<u>2.60%</u>
Nominal Return		<u>6.95%</u>

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.85%, which was a .10% decrease from the rate used as of June 30, 2020. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from participating employers will be made at the actuarially determined rates, which are calculated in accordance with relevant statutes and approved by the Board of Trustees and the Public Retirement Systems' Actuarial Committee. Based on those assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity to Changes in Discount Rate: The following presents the net pension liability of the participating employers calculated using the discount rate of 6.85%, as well as what the employers' net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower, or one percentage point higher than the current rate as of June 30, 2021:

	Discount	

		MERS - Plan A		
	1% Decrease	Discount	1% Increase	
	5.85%	Rate	7.85%	
Net Pension Liability	\$ 2,288,225	\$ 1,545,000	\$ 917,245	

#### Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Support of Non-Employer Contributing Entities: Contributions received by a pension plan from non-employer contributing entities that are not in a special funding situation are recorded as revenue by the respective pension plan. The Town recognizes revenue in an amount equal to its proportionate share of the total contributions to the pension plan from these non-employer contributing entities. During the year ended September 30, 2021, the Town recognized revenue as a result of support received from the non-employer contributing entities of \$41,448 for its participation in MERS.

Payables to the Pension Plan: The Town recorded accrued liabilities to MERS for the year ended September 30, 2021 primarily due to the accrual for payroll at the end of the fiscal year. The amounts due are included in the fiduciary fund statement liabilities under the amounts reported as accrued liabilities. The balance due to MERS as of September 30, 2021 is \$26,102.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Positions: Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial report for MERS available at www.mersla.com.

## B. Municipal and State Police Retirement System of Louisiana (MPERS)

Plan Description: The Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System is the administrator of a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan. Membership in MPERS is mandatory for any full-time police officer employed by a municipality of the State of Louisiana and engaged in law enforcement, empowered to make arrests, provided he or she does not have to pay social security and providing he or she meets the statutory criteria. MPERS provides retirement benefits for municipal police officers. The projections of benefit payments in the calculation of the total pension liability includes all benefits to be provided to current active and inactive employees through MPERS in accordance with benefit terms and any additional legal agreements to provide benefits that are in force at the measurement date.

The Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana issues a stand-alone report on their financial statements. Access to the audit report can be found on the System's website: www.lampers.org or on the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's website, www.lla.state.la.us.

Benefit provisions are authorized within Act 189 of 1973 and amended by LRS 11:2211-11:2233. The following is a brief description of the plan and its benefits and is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to the appropriate statutes for more complete information.

Membership Prior to January 1, 2013: A member is eligible for regular retirement after he has been a member of MPERS and has 25 years of creditable service at any age or has 20 years of creditable service and is age 50 or has 12 years creditable service and is age 55. A member is eligible for early retirement after he has been a member of MPERS for 20 years of creditable service at any age with an actuarially reduced benefit.

Benefit rates are 3.33% of average final compensation (average monthly earnings during the highest 36 consecutive months or joined months if service was interrupted) per number of years of creditable service not to exceed 100% of final salary.

Upon the death of an active contributing member, or disability retiree, the plan provides for surviving spouses and minor children. Under certain conditions outlined in the statutes, the benefits range from forty to sixty percent of the member's average final compensation for the surviving spouse. In addition, each child under age eighteen receives benefits equal to ten percent of the member's average final compensation or \$200 per month, whichever is greater.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Membership Commencing January 1, 2013: Member eligibility for regular retirement, early retirement, disability and survivor benefits are based on Hazardous Duty and Non-Hazardous Duty sub plans. Under the Hazardous Duty sub plan, a member is eligible for regular retirement after he has been a member of MPERS and has 25 years of creditable service at any age or has 12 years of creditable service at age 55. Under the Non-Hazardous Duty sub plan, a member is eligible for regular retirement after he has been a member of MPERS and has 30 years of creditable service at any age, 25 years of creditable service at age 55, or 10 years of creditable service at age 60. Under both sub plans, a member is eligible for early retirement after he has been a member of MPERS for 20 years of creditable service at any age, with an actuarially reduced benefit from age 55.

Under the Hazardous and Non-Hazardous Duty sub plans, the benefit rates are 3% (generally) and 2.50%, respectively, of average final compensation (average monthly earnings during the highest 60 consecutive months or joined months if service was interrupted) per number of years of creditable service not to exceed 100% of final salary.

Upon the death of an active contributing member, or disability retiree, the plan provides for surviving spouses and minor children. Under conditions outlined in state statute, benefits range from twenty-five to fifty-five percent of the member's average final compensation for the surviving spouse. In addition, each child under age eighteen receives ten percent of the member's average final compensation or \$200 per month, whichever is greater. If deceased member had less than 10 years of service, beneficiary will receive a refund of employee contributions only.

Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA): The Board of Trustees is authorized to provide annual cost-of-living adjustments computed on the amount of the current regular retirement, disability, beneficiary or survivor's benefit, not to exceed 3% in any given year. The Board is authorized to provide an additional 2% COLA, computed on the member's original benefit, to all regular retirees, disability, survivors and beneficiaries who are 65 years of age or older on the cut-off date which determines eligibility.

No regular retiree, survivor or beneficiary shall be eligible to receive a cost-of-living adjustment until benefits have been received at least one full fiscal year and the payment of such COLA, when authorized, shall not be effective until the lapse of at least one-half of the fiscal year. Members who elect early retirement are not eligible for a cost of living adjustment until they reach regular retirement age.

A COLA may only be granted if funds are available from interest earnings in excess of normal requirements, as determined by the actuary.

Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP): A member is eligible to enter DROP when he is eligible for regular retirement based on the member's sub plan participation. Upon filing the application for the program, the employee's active membership in the system is terminated. At the entry date into the DROP, the employee and employer contributions cease. The amount to be deposited into the DROP account is equal to the benefit computed under the retirement plan elected by the participant at date of application. The duration of participation in the DROP is 36 months or less. If employment is terminated after the three-year period, the participant may receive his benefits by lump sum payment or a true annuity. If employment is not terminated, active contributing membership in the system shall resume and upon later termination, he shall receive additional retirement benefit based on the additional service. For those eligible to enter DROP participation at a rate of half of one percentage point below the percentage rate of return of the system's investment portfolio as certified by the actuary on an annual basis but will never lose money. For those eligible to enter DROP subsequent to January 1, 2004, an irrevocable election is made to earn interest based

#### Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

on the system's investment portfolio return or a money market investment return. This could result in negative earnings rate being applied to the account.

If the member elects the money market investment return option, the funds are transferred to a government money market account and earn interest at the money market rate.

Initial Benefit Option Plan: In 1999, the State Legislature authorized MPERS to establish an Initial Benefit Option program. Initial Benefit Option is available to members who are eligible for regular retirement and have not participated in DROP. The Initial Benefit Option program provides both a one-time single sum payment of up to 36 months of regular monthly retirement benefit, plus a reduced monthly retirement benefit for life. Interest is computed on the balance based on same criteria as DROP.

Employer Contributions: Contributions for all members are actuarially determined as required by state law but cannot be less than 9% of the employees' earnable compensation excluding overtime but including state supplemental pay.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the employer and employee contribution rates for all members hired prior to January 1, 2013 and Hazardous Duty members hired after January 1, 2013 were 33.75% and 10%, respectively. The employer and employee contribution rates for all Non-Hazardous Duty members hired after January 1, 2013 were 33.75% and 8%, respectively. The employer and employee contribution rates for all members whose earnable compensation is less than poverty guidelines issued by the United States Department of Health and Human Services were 36.25% and 7.5%, respectively.

Non-Employer Contributions: MPERS also receives insurance premium tax monies as additional employer contributions. The tax is considered support from a non-contributing entity and appropriated by the legislature each year based on an actuarial study. Non-employer contributions were recognized as revenue during the year ended June 30, 2021, and excluded from pension expense.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources: At September 30, 2021, The Town reported liabilities in its government-wide financial statements of \$1,032,180 in its governmental activities for its proportionate share of the net pension liabilities of MPERS. The net pension liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension obligation was determined by separate actuarial valuations performed on each of the retirement systems as of that date. Under each retirement system, the Town's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2021, the Town's proportional share of MPERS was 0.193635%, which was an increase of 0.005267% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

For the year ended September 30, 2021, the Town recognized a pension expense of \$107,060 in its governmental activities related to its participation in MPERS.

At September 30, 2021, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

	Governmental Activities		
	Deferred	Deferred	
	Outflows of	Inflows of	
	Resources	Resources	
Difference between expected and actual			
experience	\$ -	\$ 31,788	
Changes in Assumption	114,308	29,444	
Net difference between projected and			
actual earnings on pension plan	-	481,947	
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	132,155	28,675	
Employer contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	48,255		
	\$ 294,718	\$571,854	

Deferred outflows of resources of \$48,255 related to pension resulting from the Town's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an adjustment to the net pension liability in the following fiscal year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year	
2022	\$ (46,455)
2023	(32,101)
2024	(80,792)
2025	(166,043)
	\$ (325,391)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions: The net pension liability was measured as the portion of the present value of projected benefit payments to be provided through the pension plan to current active and inactive employees that is attributed to those employees' past periods of service, less the amount of the pension plan's fiduciary net position.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 actuarial funding valuation and were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period of July 1, 2014 through June 30, 2019. In cases where benefit structures were changed after the study period, assumptions were based on the estimates of future experience.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

A summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used in determining the total pension liability as of June 30, 2021 are as follows:

Municipal Police Employees'	
Retirement System (MPERS)	

Valuation Date June 30, 2021

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal Cost

Actuarial cost assumptions:

Expected Remaining service lives 4 years

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of investment expense

Inflation rate 2.50%

Projected salary increases, Yrs of Service Salary Growth including inflation and merit 1-2 12.30%

Above 2 4.70%

Mortality For annuitants and beneficiaries, the Pub-2010 Public

Retirement Plan Mortality Table for Safety Below-Median Healthy Retirees multiplied by 115% for males and 125% for females, each with full generational

projection using the MP2019 sale was used.

For disabled lives, the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Table for Safety Disable Retirees multiplied by 105% for males and 115% for females, each with full generational projection using the MP2019

scale was used.

For employees, the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Table for Safety Below-Median Employees multiplied by 115% for males and 125% for females, each with full generational projection using the MP2019

scale was used.

Cost of Living Adjustments

The present value of future retirement benefits is based

on benefits currently being paid by the System and includes previously granted cost of living increases. The present values do not include provisions for potential future increases not yet authorized by the

Board of Trustees.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

The investment rate of return was 6.75%, which was a .20% decrease from the rate used as of June 30, 2020.

The mortality rate assumption used was set based upon an experience study performed by the prior actuary on plan data for the period July 1, 2014 through June 30, 2019 and review of similar law enforcement mortality. A change was made full generational mortality which combines the use of a base mortality table with appropriate mortality improvement scales. In order to set the base mortality table, actual plan mortality experience was assigned a credibility weighting and combined with a standard table to produce current levels of mortality.

The best estimates of the arithmetic nominal rates of return for each major asset class included in the System's target allocation as of June 30, 2021 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class		Target Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Portfolio Real Rate of Return
Equity Fixed Income Alternative	Totals	55.5% 30.5% <u>14.0%</u> <u>100.0%</u>	3.47% 0.59% 1.02% 5.08%
	Inflation		<u>2.22%</u>
Expected Nomina	al Return		<u>7.30%</u>

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75%, which was a .20% decrease from the rate used as of June 30, 2020. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from participating employers will be made at the actuarially determined rates approved by PRSAC taking into consideration the recommendation of the System's actuary. Based on those assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The following presents the net pension liability of the participating employers calculated using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the employers' net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower 5.75% or one percentage point higher 7.75% than the current rate:

	Chai	Changes in Discount Rate:			
		MPERS			
	1% Decrease	Discount	1% Increase		
	5.75%	Rate	7.75%		
Net Pension Liability	\$1,798,927	\$1,032,180	\$ 392,205		

#### Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Support of Non-Employer Contributing Entities: Contributions received by a pension plan from non-employer contributing entities that are not in a special funding situation are recorded as revenue by the respective pension plan. The Town recognizes revenue in an amount equal to its proportionate share of the total contributions to the pension plan from these non-employer contributing entities. During the year ended September 30, 2021, the Town recognized revenue as a result of support received from the non-employer contributing entities of \$43,272 for its participation in MPERS.

Payables to the Pension Plan: The Town recorded accrued liabilities to MPERS for the year ended September 30, 2021 primarily due to the accrual for payroll at the end of the fiscal year. The amounts due are included in the fiduciary fund statement liabilities under the amounts reported as accrued liabilities. The balance due to MPERS as of September 30, 2021 is \$14,393.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Positions: Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial report for MPERS available at www.lampers.org.

### C. Firefighters' Retirement System (FFRS)

Plan Description: The Firefighters' Retirement System (FFRS) is a cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit pension plan established by Act 434 of 1979 to provide retirement, disability and survivor benefits to firefighters in Louisiana.

Eligibility Requirements: Any person who becomes an employee as defined in RS 11:2252 on and after January 1, 1980, shall become a member as a condition of employment. Members in FFRS consist of full-time firefighters, eligible employees of the retirement system, or any person in a position as defined in the municipal fire and police civil service system that earns at least \$375 per month, excluding state supplemental pay, and is employed by a fire department of any municipality, parish, or fire district of the state of Louisiana, except for Orleans Parish and the City of Baton Rouge.

No person who has attained age 50 or over shall become a member of FFRS unless the person becomes a member by reason of merger or unless FFRS received an application for membership before the applicant attained the age of 50. No person who has not attained the age of 18 shall become a member of FFRS.

Any person who has retired from service under any retirement system or pension fund maintained basically for public officers and employees of the state, its agencies or political subdivisions, and who is receiving retirement benefits therefrom may become a member of FFRS, provided the person meets all other requirements for membership. Service credit from the retirement system or pension plan from which the member is retired shall not be used for reciprocal recognition of service with FFRS, or for any other purpose in order to attain eligibility or increase the amount of service credit in FFRS.

Retirement Benefits: Employees with 20 or more years of service who have attained age 50, or employees who have 12 years of service who have attained age 55, or 25 years of service at any age are entitled to annual pension benefits equal to 3.333% of their average final compensation based on the 36 consecutive months of highest pay multiplied by their total years of service, not to exceed 100%. Employees may elect to receive their pension benefits in the form of a joint and survivor annuity.

If employees terminate before rendering 12 years of service, they forfeit the right to receive the portion of their accumulated plan benefits attributable to their employer's contributions.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Benefits are payable over the retirees' lives in the form of a monthly annuity. A member may elect an unreduced benefit or any of seven options at retirement.

See R.S. 11:2256(A) for additional details on retirement benefits.

Disability Benefits: A member who acquires a disability, and who files for disability benefits while in service, and who upon medical examination and certification as provided for in Title 11, is found to have a total disability solely as the result of injuries sustained in the performance of his official duties, or for any cause, provided the member has at least five years of creditable service and provided that the disability was incurred while the member was an active contributing member in active service, shall be entitled to disability benefits under the provisions of R.S. 11:2258(B).

Death Benefits: Benefits shall be payable to the surviving eligible spouse or designated beneficiary of a deceased member as specified in R.S. 11:2256(B) & (C).

Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP): After completing 20 years of creditable service and attaining the age of 50 years, or 25 years at any age, a member may elect to participate in the deferred retirement option plan (DROP) for up to 36 months.

Upon commencement of participation in DROP, employer and employee contributions to FFRS cease. The monthly retirement benefit that would have been payable is paid into the member's DROP account. Upon termination of employment, a participant in the program has several options to receive their DROP benefit. A member may (1) elect to roll over all or a portion of their DROP balance into another eligible qualified plan, (2) receive a lump-sum payment from the account, (3) receive single withdrawals at the discretion of the member, (4) receive monthly or annual withdrawals, or (5) receive an annuity based on the DROP account balance. These withdrawals are in addition to his regular monthly benefit.

If employment is not terminated at the end of the 36 months, the participant resumes regular contributions to FFRS. No withdrawals may be made from the DROP account until the participant retires.

Initial Benefit Option Plan: Effective June 16, 1999, members eligible to retire and who do not choose to participate in DROP may elect to receive, at the time of retirement, an initial benefit option (IBO) in an amount up to 36 months of benefits, with an actuarial reduction of their future benefits. Such amounts may be withdrawn or remain in the IBO account earning interest at the same rate as the DROP account.

Cost of Living Adjustments (COLAs): Under the provisions of R.S. 11:246 and 11:2260(A)(7), the board of trustees is authorized to grant retired members and widows of members who have retired an annual cost of living increase of up to 3% of their current benefit, and all retired members and widows who are 65 years of age and older a 2% increase in their original benefit. In order for the board to grant either of these increases, FFRS must meet certain criteria detailed in the statute related to funding status and interest earnings (R.S. 11:243). In lieu of these COLAs, pursuant to R.S. 11:241, the board may also grant an increase based on a formula equal to up to \$1 times the total number of years of credited service accrued at retirement or at death of the member or retiree plus the number of years since retirement or since death of the member or retiree to the system's fiscal year end preceding the payment of the benefit increase. If there are not sufficient funds to fund the benefit at the rate of one dollar per year for such total number of years, then the rate shall be reduced in proportion to the amount of funds that are available to fund the cost-of living adjustment.

Contributions: Contribution requirements for employers, non-employer contributing entities, and employees are established and may be amended in accordance with Title 11 and Title 22 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Employer Contributions: According to state statute, employer contributions are actuarially-determined each year. For the year ended June 30, 2021, employer and employee contribution rates for members above the poverty line were 32.25% and 10.00%, respectively. The employer and employee contribution rates for those members below the poverty line were 34.25% and 8.00%, respectively.

Non-Employer Contributions: According to state statute, FFRS receives insurance premium assessments from the state of Louisiana. The assessment is considered support from a non-employer contribution entity and appropriated by the legislature each year based on an actuarial study. Non-employer contributions were recognized as revenue during the year ended June 30, 2021 and were excluded from pension expense.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources: At September 30, 2021, The Town reported liabilities in its government-wide financial statements of \$59,590 in its governmental activities for its proportionate share of the net pension liabilities of FFRS. The net pension liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2021 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension obligation was determined by separate actuarial valuations performed on each of the retirement systems as of that date. Under each retirement system, the Town's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2021, the Town's proportional share of FFRS was 0.016815%, which was an increase of 0.000366% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

For the year ended September 30, 2021, the Town recognized a pension expense of \$5,680 in its governmental activities related to its participation in FFRS.

At September 30, 2021, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Governmental Activities		
	Deferred Defer		Deferred
	Ou	tflows of	Inflows of
	R	esources	Resources
Difference between expected and actual			
experience	\$	850	\$ 5,351
Changes in Assumption		12,913	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan			
investments		-	36,163
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and		2 027	1 451
proportionate share of contributions		2,037	1,451
Employer contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date		3,893	
	\$	19,693	\$ 42,965

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Deferred outflows of resources of \$3,893 related to pension resulting from the Town's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an adjustment to the net pension liability in the following fiscal year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year	
2022	\$ (6,028)
2023	(6,272)
2024	(7,499)
2025	(9,967)
2026	1,442
2027	 1,159
	\$ (27,165)

Actuarial Assumptions: The net pension liability was measured as the portion of the present value of projected benefit payments to be provided through the pension plan to current active and inactive employees that is attributed to those employees' past periods of service, less the amount of the pension plan's fiduciary net position.

For each year, the actuary determines the reasonable range of the actuarial valuation interest rate, an expected long-term portfolio rate of return and standard deviation based upon the System's target asset allocation and a thirty-year time horizon. These rates were based on an analysis of the System's portfolio along with expected long-term rates of return, standard deviations of return, and correlations between asset classes collected from a number of investment consulting firms in addition to the System's investment consultant, NEPC, L.L.C. Using these values and assuming that future portfolio returns are normally distributed, ten thousand trials of returns over the upcoming thirty years was performed. The results of these trials were organized into percentiles and a reasonable range equal to the 40th through 60th percentiles was set. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the reasonable range was set at 6.19% through 7.33% and the Board of Trustees elected to set the System's assumed rate of return at 6.90% for Fiscal 2021. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the reasonable range was set at 5.99% through 7.06% and the Board of Trustees elected to set the System's assumed rate of return at 7.00% for Fiscal 2020. The actuarial valuation interest rates selected by the board, which were within the reasonable range, were 6.90% and 7.00% for fiscal years 2021 and 2020, respectively.

The remaining actuarial assumptions utilized for this report for fiscal year 2021 are based on the results of an actuarial experience study completed September 24, 2020, for the period July 1, 2014 – June 30, 2019, unless otherwise specified in this report. Additional details are given in the actuary's complete Experience Report for the period July 1, 2014 – June 30, 2019 which can be obtained from the Firefighters' Retirement System website at www.ffret.com under the Finance tab, Actuarial Valuations section.

A summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used in determining the total pension liability as of June 30, 2021 are as follows:

#### Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

	Firefighters' Retirement System
Valuation Date	June 30, 2021
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal
Actuarial cost assumptions:	
Expected remaining service lives	7 years, closed period
Investment rate of return	6.90% per annum (net of investment expenses, including inflation)
Inflation rate	2.50% per annum
Projected salary increases	14.10% in the first two years of service and 5.20% with 3 or more years of service; includes inflation and merit increases
Cost of Living Adjustments (COLAs)	For the purpose of determining the present value of benefits, COLAs were deemed not to be substantively automatic and only those previously granted were included.

The investment rate of return was 6.9%, which was a .10% decrease from the rate used as of June 30, 2020.

For the June 30, 2021 valuation, assumptions for mortality rates were based on the following:

- For active members, mortality was set equal to the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Table for Safety Below-Median Employees.
- For annuitants and beneficiaries, mortality was set equal to the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Table for Safety Below-Median Healthy Retirees.
- For disabled retirees, mortality was set equal to the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Table for Safety Disabled Retirees.
- In all cases the base table was multiplied by 105% for males and 115% for females, each with full generational projection using the appropriate MP-2019 scale.

The long-term expected real rate of return is an important input into the actuary's determination of the reasonable range for the discount rate which is used in determining the total pension liability. The actuary's method incorporates information from multiple consultants and investments firms regarding future expected rates of return, variances, and correlation coefficients for each asset class. The change integrates data from multiple sources to produce average values thereby reducing reliance on a single data source.

The June 30, 2021, estimated long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined by the System's actuary using the System's target asset allocation as of January 2021 and the G.S. Curran & Company Consultant Average study for 2021. The Consultant Average Study included projected nominal rates of return, standard deviations of returns, and correlations of returns for a list of common asset classes collected from a number of investment consultants and investment management firms. Each consultant's response included nominal expected long term rates of return. In order to arrive at long term expected arithmetic real rates of return, the actuary normalized the data received from the consultant's responses in the following ways. Where nominal returns received were arithmetic, the actuary simply reduced the return assumption by the long term inflation assumption. Where nominal returns were geometric, the actuary converted the return to arithmetic by adjusting for the long term standard deviation and then reduced the assumption by the long term inflation assumption. Using the target asset allocation for the System and

#### Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

the average values for expected real rates of return, standard deviation of returns, and correlation of returns, an arithmetic expected nominal rate of return and standard deviation for the portfolio was determined. Subsequent to the actuary's calculation of the long term expected real rate of return in January 2021, the Board voted to amend the target asset allocation. These changes include an increase to target weight in public equity, a decrease in the target weight in fixed income, and the inclusion of a target weight in private real assets. The changes to the target asset allocation are reflected in the table below. The System's long-term assumed rate of inflation of 2.50% was used in this process for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

Best estimates of real rates of return for each major asset class included in the System's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2021, are summarized in the following tables:

		Long-Term
	Target Asset	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rates of Return
Equity:		
U.S. Equity	27.5%	5.86%
Non-U.S. Equity	11.5%	6.44%
Global Equity	10.0%	6.40%
Emerging Market Equity	7.0%	8.64%
Fixed Income:		
U.S. Core Fixed Income	18.0%	0.97%
U.S. TIPS	3.0%	0.40%
Emerging Market Debt	5.0%	2.75%
Multi-Asset Strategies:		
Global Tactical Asset Allocation	0.0%	4.17%
Risk Parity	0.0%	4.17%
Alternatives:		
Private Equity	9.0%	9.53%
Real Estate	6.0%	5.31%
Real Assets	3.0%	***
	100.0%	

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>Subsequent to the actuary's calculation of the long term expected real rate of return in January 2021, the Board voted to amend the target asset allocation (which included a target weight in private real assets).

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.9%, which was a .10% decrease from the rate used as of June 30, 2020. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates, and that contributions from participating employers and non-employer contributing entities will be made at the actuarially-determined rates approved by the Board of Trustees and by the Public Retirement Systems' Actuarial Committee taking into consideration the recommendation of the System's actuary. Based on these assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Sensitivity to Changes in Discount Rate: The following presents the net pension liability of the participating employers calculated using the discount rate of 6.9%, as well as what the employers' net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower 5.9% or one percentage point higher 7.9% than the current rate as of June 30, 2021.

Changes in Discount Rate:

	Firefigh	Firefighters' Retirement System			
	1% Decrease	Current	1% Increase		
	5.90% Rate		7.90%		
Net Pension Liability	\$ 114,319	\$ 59,590	\$ 13,947		

Support of Non-Employer Contributing Entities: Contributions received by a pension plan from non-employer contributing entities that are not in a special funding situation are recorded as revenue by the respective pension plan. The Town recognizes revenue in an amount equal to its proportionate share of the total contributions to the pension plan from these non-employer contributing entities. During the year ended September 30, 2021, the Town recognized revenue as a result of support received from the non-employer contributing entities of \$4,804 for its participation in FFRS.

Payables to the Pension Plan: The Town recorded no accrued liabilities payable to the pension plan for the year ended September 30, 2021.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Positions: Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial report for the System available at www.lafirefightersret.com.

D. Aggregate Net Pension Liability, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Pension Expense

As detailed above, the Town participates in three separate defined benefit pension plans. The aggregate amounts for the Town's participation in Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana (MERS), Municipal and State Police Retirement System of Louisiana (MPERS), and Firefighters' Retirement System (FFRS) are as follows:

#### Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Empl	loyer's	Propo	rtionate	Share	of Net	: Pensio	n Liability:

1 7 1	MERS	MPERS	FFRS	Aggregate
Governmental Activities	\$ 1,158,750	\$ 1,032,180	\$ 59,590	\$ 2,250,520
Business-type Activities	386,250	<u> </u>	<u>-</u> _	386,250
Total	\$ 1,545,000	\$ 1,032,180	\$ 59,590	\$ 2,636,770
Deferred Outflows of Resou	irces:			
	MERS	MPERS	FFRS	Aggregate
Governmental Activities	\$ 124,469	\$ 294,718	\$ 19,693	\$ 438,880
Business-type Activities	41,490			41,490
Total	\$ 165,959	\$ 294,718	\$ 19,693	\$ 480,370
Deferred Inflows of Resource	ees:			
	MERS	<b>MPERS</b>	FFRS	Aggregate
Governmental Activities	\$ 365,725	\$ 571,854	\$ 42,965	\$ 980,544
Business-type Activities	121,908		<u>-</u>	121,908
Total	\$ 487,633	\$ 571,854	\$ 42,965	\$ 1,102,452
Pension Expense:				
•	MERS	MPERS	FFRS	Aggregate
Governmental Activities	\$ 132,604	\$ 107,060	\$ 5,680	\$ 245,344
Business-type Activities	43,458	-	-	43,458

## (14) <u>Post-Employment Benefits</u>

Total

Effective with the fiscal year beginning October 1, 2017, the Town implemented Government Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (GASB 75).

176,062

107,060

5,680

288,802

## Plan description

The Town participates in a single-employer defined benefit plan, administered by the Town, and has elected to make available health benefits to all eligible retirees who retire from the Town on or after December 31, 1997. Retirees are considered eligible if they meet the retirement eligibility requirements of the Municipal Retirement System of Louisiana.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

## Benefits provided

Under the post-employment benefit package, retirees may continue group health insurance coverage through the Town's group policy at the retiree's own expense. Once the retiree becomes eligible to obtain Medicare supplement insurance, the Town will pay the premium for the Medicare supplement insurance policy up to a maximum of \$150 per month. Any Medicare supplement premium costs above \$150 must be paid by the retiree. The premium rates are established and may be amended by the group health insurance carrier with the Town determining the contribution requirements of the retirees. The Town will provide benefits to the retiree only and no coverage will be provided to dependents of the retiree. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75.

## Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At September 30, 2021, there were a total of 47 employees covered by the benefit terms. Of these 47 employees, 40 were active employees, 3 were inactive (retired) employees currently receiving benefits payments and 4 were inactive (retired) employees who are not currently receiving benefits as they do not currently meet eligibility requirements.

The Town's total OPEB liability of \$540,713 was measured as of September 30, 2021 and was determined by the alterative measurement method in place of actuarial valuation. Small employers with less than 100 total plan participants are eligible to use the alternative measurement method.

#### Key Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability as of September 30, 2021 was determine using the following key assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Salary Increases, including inflation: 3.00% Discount Rate: 2.19%

Health Care Cost Trend Rates:

Medicare Supplement: Initially 4.9%, decreasing 0.1% in years 2-3,

then remaining unchanged through year 4, then decreasing 0.1% through year 8 and remaining at 4.30% through year 10

The discount rate was based on the September 30, 2021 Fidelity General Obligation AA 20-Year Yield.

Mortality rates for active employees were based on the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Tables, with mortality improvement projected for 10 years.

The cost trend numbers used in the analysis were developed consistent with the Getzen model promulgated by the Society of Actuaries for use in long-term trend projection which provide for the change in assumptions/inputs.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

## Changes in Total OPEB Liability:

	Total OPEB Liability
Balance at 9/30/2020	\$ 496,242
Charges for the year:	
Service cost	15,976
Interest	12,280
Effect of economic/demographic gains or loses	7,805
Effect of changes in assumptions/inputs	13,810
Benefit payments	(5,400)
Net changes	44,471
Balance at 9/30/2021	\$ 540,713

During the year ended September 30, 2021, the Town incurred costs totaling \$5,400 related to providing OPEB benefits, which is expensed as incurred. OPEB expense recognized by the Town for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 is \$44,471.

Sensitivity to the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Town, as well as what the Town's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.19 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.19 percent) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(1.19%)	(2.19%)	(3.19%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 610,993	\$ 540,713	\$ 482,035

Sensitivity to the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trends

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Town, as well as what the Town's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1% Decrease	Trend Rate	1% Increase
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 492,501	\$ 540,713	\$ 593,118

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

## (15) On-Behalf Payments of Salaries

During the year ended September 30, 2021, the State of Louisiana paid the Town's policemen \$72,000 of supplemental pay, which is included in the accompanying financial statements as intergovernmental revenues and public safety-police expenses/expenditures.

## (16) Long-Term Contract

The Town entered into a water storage tanks maintenance contract for two water towers in 2002, and the contract remains effective through the year 2062 unless terminated. The annual fee is adjusted every subsequent three years to reflect current cost of services by the company subject to adjustments, either up or down, to be limited to a maximum of 5% annually.

## (17) Compensation of Town Officials

A detail of compensation paid to the Mayor and Town Council for the year ended September 30, 2021 follows:

Mayor:	
Duval Arthur, Jr.	36,000
Council:	
	6,000
Colleen Askew	6,000
Kevin Hebert	6,000
Lud Henry	6,000
Raymond Price	6,000
James Richard	6,000
	\$ 66,000

Act 706 of the 2014 Legislative Session amended RS 24:513A requiring additional disclosure of total compensation, reimbursements, benefits, or other payments made to a political subdivision head. For the year ended September 30, 2021, payments made to Mayor Duval Arthur, Jr. requiring disclosure are as follows:

Salary	\$ 36,000
Car allowance	1,800
Benefits-retirement	10,620
Travel and other reimbursements	 1,967
	\$ 50,387

#### Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

## (18) Joint Ventures

Berwick/Bayou Vista Joint Waterworks District -

The Town is a member of a joint venture with the St. Mary Parish Government for the construction, maintenance, and operation of a water plant which supplies water to the Town and the unincorporated community of Bayou Vista for distribution to their residents. Each participant has a 50% interest in the venture. The cost of constructing the plant was borne by the Town and the St. Mary Parish Government, and they have appointed a board to operate and maintain the plant. The Town has included its share of the joint venture in these financial statements in the proprietary fund type accounts using the equity method of accounting.

The Town's water purchases from the joint venture approximated \$308,312 during the year ended September 30, 2021. In addition, a total of \$34,325 was paid to the joint venture to be accumulated in the repairs and replacement fund in accordance with the intergovernmental agreement. At September 30, 2021, \$32,258 is payable to the joint venture.

### St. Mary Parish Wards 5 and 8 Joint Sewerage Commission -

The Town is a member of a joint venture with the Parish of St. Mary, Water and Sewer Commission No. 2 of the Parish of St. Mary, and the City of Patterson for operating and maintaining a sewerage disposal system. The system is operated by a five-member board of commissioners, appointed one each by the Town, Water and Sewer Commission No. 2 and the City of Patterson, and two appointed by the St. Mary Parish Council (one each from Wards 5 and 8 of the parish). The costs of constructing the system, which amounted to approximately \$10,300,000, were paid by the participants in the following percentages:

Town of Berwick	27.05%
City of Patterson	27.75%
St. Mary Parish	<u>45.20%</u>
Total	100.00%

The board operates and maintains the system as the "St. Mary Parish Wards 5 and 8 Joint Sewerage Commission". Operating expenses are paid from revenues generated by charging the participants a monthly fee based on a percentage of water consumption by residents of participating units. The Town finances its share of the fees paid from a governmental type (Special Revenue) fund and has not included its 27.05% share of the system in these financial statements.

Following is a summary of the financial statements issued by the St. Mary Parish Wards 5 and 8 Joint Sewerage Commission as of September 30, 2020 which includes only the assets and liabilities required in operating and maintaining the system and does not include the original \$10,300,000 construction cost paid by the participants.

The balance sheet reflected the following:

Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 1,728,845
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	 (74,018)
Total net assets	\$ 1,654,827

#### Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

The statement of revenues and expenses for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020 reflected the following:

Operating revenues	\$ 978,848
Non-operating revenues	7,996
Operating expenses	 (893,042)
Change in net position	\$ 93,802

During the year ended September 30, 2021, sewer treatment fees assessed by the joint venture approximated \$234,038. In addition, a total of \$16,328 was paid to the joint venture to be accumulated in the repairs and replacement fund in accordance with the intergovernmental agreement. At September 30, 2021, \$21,043 is payable to the joint venture.

Additional information may be obtained from the separately issued financial statements of the Berwick/Bayou Vista Joint Waterworks District and Wards 5 and 8 Joint Sewerage Commission as made publicly available on the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's website.

## (19) Accounting Pronouncements Implemented

The Town implemented GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities* during the year ended September 30, 2021. There was no cumulative effect on the financial statements as a result of the change in accounting policy.

## (20) New Accounting Pronouncements Scheduled to be Implemented

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued the following pronouncements:

## GASB Statement No. 87, Leases

The Statement increased the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the fundamental principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. The provisions of GASB Statement No. 87 are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019. GASBS No. 95, *Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance*, postponed this statement by 18 months. The effects of implementation or its applicability on the Town's financial statements has not yet been determined.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements

This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset— and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. To the extent relevant, the standards for SBITAs are based on the standards established in Statement No. 87, Leases, as amended. The provisions of GASB Statement No. 96 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022. The effect of implementation on the Town's financial statements has not yet been determined.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund Year Ended September 30, 2021

				Variance with Final Budget
	Budgeted	d Amounts	Actual	Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Taxes:				
Ad valorem	\$ 450,250	\$ 450,250	\$ 470,101	\$ 19,851
Drainage	75,000	75,000	79,265	4,265
Sales	450,000	450,000	463,035	13,035
TV cable franchise fees	20,000	20,000	16,865	(3,135)
Utility franchise fees	220,000	220,000	177,903	(42,097)
Tobacco and beer	2,000	2,000	1,515	(485)
	1,217,250	1,217,250	1,208,684	(8,566)
Licenses and permits:				
Occupational licenses	225,000	225,000	227,427	2,427
Permits	7,500	7,500	14,817	7,317
	232,500	232,500	242,244	9,744
Intergovernmental:				
Federal Government	-	-	510,357	510,357
State of Louisiana	141,300	141,300	273,634	132,334
St. Mary Parish Council	28,000	28,000	38,872	10,872
	169,300	169,300	822,863	653,563
Fees, Commissions, and Charges for Services:				
Wharf leases	30,000	30,000	35,758	5,758
Payments in lieu of taxes	-	-	24,962	24,962
Cemetery plot and mausoleum sales	20,000	20,000	29,850	9,850
Mosquito abatement	50,000	50,000	48,767	(1,233)
Witness fees	1,000	1,000	100	(900)
Prison meals	40,000	40,000	16,016	(23,984)
Property rentals	15,000	15,000	10,685	(4,315)
	156,000	156,000	166,138	10,138
Fines and forfeits	74,000	74,000	145,355	71,355
Interest	7,500	7,500	4,411	(3,089)
Miscellaneous	65,000	65,000	71,460	6,460
Total revenues	1,921,550	1,921,550	2,661,155	739,605
				(continued)

## Budgetary Comparison Schedule (continued) General Fund Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Budgete Original	ed Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Expenditures:				
General Government -				
Administrative salaries	\$ 390,631	\$ 390,631	\$ 387,158	\$ 3,473
Payroll taxes	9,892	9,892	10,149	(257)
Retirement	101,504	101,504	120,141	(18,637)
Health insurance	70,169	70,169	63,918	6,251
Workers' compensation insurance	3,315	3,315	1,836	1,479
Office maintenance and operations	66,500	66,500	88,997	(22,497)
Dues and subscriptions	3,500	3,500	4,282	(782)
Publications and notices	5,500	5,500	10,043	(4,543)
Legal and accounting	103,000	163,000	143,740	19,260
Town hall maintenance and supplies	50,000	50,000	45,458	4,542
Cost of preparing tax rolls	4,000	4,000	4,444	(444)
Magistrate fees	6,000	6,000	6,000	· -
Liability and property insurance	130,000	130,000	123,867	6,133
Autopsy fees	5,000	5,000	-	5,000
Other charges	79,500	79,500	117,085	(37,585)
Total general government	1,028,511	1,088,511	1,127,118	(38,607)
Public Safety - Fire:				
Salaries	47,848	47,848	42,512	5,336
Payroll taxes	1,090	1,090	671	419
F/D retirement fund	14,033	14,033	13,883	150
Health insurance	6,754	6,754	6,511	243
Workers' compensation insurance	3,321	3,321	1,712	1,609
Telephone	6,000	6,000	6,948	(948)
Power	4,000	4,000	4,914	(914)
Equipment maintenance	40,000	40,000	12,563	27,437
Supplies	10,000	10,000	11,398	(1,398)
Other charges	9,500	9,500	5,718	3,782
Total fire	142,546	142,546	106,830	35,716
				(continued)

## Budgetary Comparison Schedule (continued) General Fund Year Ended September 30, 2021

Y ear Ende	d September 30,	, 2021		Varianca with
				Variance with Final Budget
	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Police:				
Salaries	589,730	589,730	756,346	(166,616)
Payroll taxes	9,429	9,429	11,709	(2,280)
Police retirement fund	185,474	185,474	197,876	(12,402)
Health insurance	149,830	149,830	140,163	9,667
Workers' compensation insurance	23,081	23,081	18,689	4,392
Automobile expenses	45,000	45,000	50,496	(5,496)
Supplies	17,000	17,000	26,209	(9,209)
Uniforms	5,000	5,000	8,295	(3,295)
Radio maintenance	5,000	5,000	3,175	1,825
Telephone	15,000	15,000	10,612	4,388
Prisoner expenses	15,000	15,000	6,213	8,787
Other charges	8,000	8,000	16,614	(8,614)
Total police	1,067,544	1,067,544	1,246,397	(178,853)
Total public safety	1,210,090	1,210,090	1,353,227	(143,137)
Public works -				
Streets:				
Salaries	76,913	76,913	122,739	(45,826)
Payroll taxes	1,269	1,269	2,352	(1,083)
Retirement	21,897	21,897	33,205	(11,308)
Health insurance	20,111	20,111	25,447	(5,336)
Workers' compensation insurance	7,784	7,784	5,802	1,982
Equipment maintenance	35,000	35,000	26,747	8,253
Power	90,000	90,000	80,946	9,054
Materials and repairs	122,000	122,000	127,049	(5,049)
Other charges	4,000	4,000	5,164	(1,164)
Total streets	378,974	378,974	429,451	(50,477)
Drainage:				
Salaries	44,348	44,348	48,895	(4,547)
Payroll taxes	732	732	781	(49)
Retirement	12,747	12,747	12,853	(106)
Health insurance	6,754	6,754	6,514	240
Workers' compensation insurance	3,286	3,286	2,160	1,126
Maintenance and repairs	38,000	38,000	25,565	12,435
Power	7,500	7,500	11,168	(3,668)
Other charges	2,000	2,000	-	2,000
Total drainage	115,367	115,367	107,936	7,431
Cemetery:				
Maintenance	45,000	50,000	31,486	18,514
Total public works	539,341	544,341	568,873	(24,532)
				(continued)

## Budgetary Comparison Schedule (continued) General Fund Year Ended September 30, 2021

				Variance with Final Budget
	Budgete Original	ed Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)
	Original	Tillai	Amounts	(Negative)
Culture and Recreation - Salaries	122 074	122.074	115 005	7.070
Payroll taxes	123,974 2,581	123,974 2,581	115,995 2,156	7,979 425
Retirement	32,824	32,824	31,108	1,716
Health insurance	32,310	32,310	40,950	(8,640)
Workers' compensation insurance	5,058	5,058	2,834	2,224
Maintenance and repairs	99,000	99,000	77,786	21,214
Utilities	26,800	26,800	26,890	(90)
Miscellaneous	4,500	4,500	5,211	<u>(711)</u>
Total culture and recreation	327,047	327,047	302,930	24,117
Supporting Services -				
Mosquito abatement	15,000	15,000	3,843	11,157
Rabies control	3,000	3,000	1,170	1,830
Total supporting services	18,000	18,000	5,013	12,987
Capital Outlay -				
Administration	_	369,000	350,193	18,807
Police	_	168,900	95,617	73,283
Fire	_	50,000	-	50,000
Streets	-	1,375,000	808,871	566,129
Total capital outlay		1,962,900	1,254,681	708,219
1 ,				
Total expenditures	3,122,989	5,150,889	4,611,842	539,047
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	(1,201,439)	(3,229,339)	(1,950,687)	1,278,652
Other financing sources (uses):			22 120	22 120
Insurance Proceeds	1 225 000	1 520 000	33,130	33,130
Transfers in	1,225,000	1,520,000	1,472,601	(47,399)
Transfers out	1 22 5 000	1.520.000	(2,985)	(2,985)
Total other financing sources	1,225,000	1,520,000	1,502,746	(17,254)
Net change in fund balance	23,561	(1,709,339)	(447,941)	1,261,398
Fund balance, beginning	2,061,840	2,061,840	2,061,840	
Fund balance, ending	<u>\$2,085,401</u>	<u>\$ 352,501</u>	<u>\$ 1,613,899</u>	\$ 1,261,398

See notes to required supplementary information.

## Budgetary Comparison Schedule 1% Sales Tax Fund Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Taxes - sales taxes	\$ 660,000	\$ 660,000	\$ 724,444	\$ 64,444
Interest earned	5,500	5,500	2,276	(3,224)
Total revenues	665,500	665,500	726,720	61,220
Other financing uses: Operating transfer out	(625,000)	(850,000)	(800,000)	50,000
Net change in fund balance	40,500	(184,500)	(73,280)	111,220
Fund balance, beginning	1,136,130	1,136,130	1,136,130	
Fund balance, ending	\$ 1,176,630	\$ 951,630	\$ 1,062,850	<u>\$ 111,220</u>

See notes to required supplementary information.

## Budgetary Comparison Schedule 3/4% Sales Tax Liquid and Solid Waste Fund Year Ended September 30, 2021

				Variance with Final Budget
	Budgeted		Actual	Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Taxes - sales tax	\$ 625,000	\$ 625,000	\$ 681,335	\$ 56,335
Sewer service charges	502,586	502,586	489,780	(12,806)
Sanitation service charges	388,800	388,800	409,083	20,283
Interest earned	6,000	6,000	2,857	(3,143)
Total revenues	1,522,386	1,522,386	1,583,055	60,669
Expenditures:				
Sanitation -				
Salaries	179,106	179,106	190,184	(11,078)
Payroll taxes	3,520	3,520	2,956	564
Municipal retirement	48,877	98,877	51,821	47,056
Health insurance	32,580	32,580	36,976	(4,396)
Workers' compensation insurance	9,480	9,480	6,095	3,385
Waste disposal fees	419,405	444,405	410,096	34,309
Maintenance	62,500	62,500	57,804	4,696
Other charges	10,000	30,000	14,867	15,133
Sewer treatment fees	258,127	258,127	250,366	7,761
Power	25,000	25,000	23,719	1,281
Capital outlay		35,000		35,000
Total expenditures	1,048,595	1,178,595	1,044,884	133,711
Excess of revenues over	472 701	242.701	520 171	104 200
expenditures	473,791	343,791	538,171	194,380
Other financing sources (uses):				
Operating transfers out	(400,000)	(450,000)	(450,000)	
Net change in fund balance	73,791	(106,209)	88,171	194,380
Fund balance, beginning	1,166,010	1,166,010	1,166,010	
Fund balance, ending	\$ 1,239,801	\$ 1,059,801	\$ 1,254,181	\$ 194,380

See notes to required supplementary information.

## Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability Year Ended September 30, 2021

		Employer	Employer		Employer's	
		Proportion	Proportionate		Proportionate Share	Plan Fiduciary
	Plan	of the	Share of the		of the Net Pension	Net Position
	Year	Net Pension	Net Pension	Employer's	Liability (Asset) as a	as a Percentage
	ended	Liability	Liability	Covered	Percentage of its	of the Total
J	une 30,	(Asset)	(Asset)	Payroll	Covered Payroll	Pension Liability
Municipal Er		tirement System	l			
	2015	0.677640%	2,420,636	1,093,093	221.4%	66.18%
	2016	0.645779%	2,646,861	1,153,584	229.4%	62.11%
	2017	0.621710%	2,600,875	1,131,114	229.9%	62.49%
	2018	0.554186%	2,294,706	1,011,787	226.8%	63.94%
	2019	0.552172%	2,307,341	1,041,503	221.5%	64.68%
	2020	0.567548%	2,453,742	1,084,769	226.2%	64.52%
	2021	0.555455%	1,545,000	1,099,890	140.5%	77.82%
M :: 1D	1' F 1	ID d				
Municipal Po		rees' Retirement	•	252 155	202.007	<b>5</b> 0. <b>52</b> 0/
	2015	0.136493%	1,069,280	353,157	302.8%	70.73%
	2016	0.166519%	1,560,752	463,980	336.4%	66.04%
	2017	0.169168%	1,476,908	505,017	292.4%	70.08%
	2018	0.178817%	1,511,730	527,714	286.5%	71.89%
	2019	0.164280%	1,491,938	513,030	290.8%	71.01%
	2020	0.188368%	1,740,959	579,063	300.7%	70.94%
	2021	0.193635%	1,032,180	590,745	174.7%	84.09%
Firefighters'	Retirement S	lystem				
I ii diigiida i	2015	0.017434%	94,093	34,738	270.9%	72.45%
	2016	0.017297%	113,138	39,000	290.1%	68.16%
	2017	0.016382%	93,899	38,250	245.5%	73.55%
	2017	0.016381%	94,225	39,000	241.6%	74.76%
	2019	0.01638176	102,990	39,750	259.1%	73.96%
	2019	0.016447%	102,990	40,950	278.4%	73.90%
	2020	0.016449%	59,590		141.3%	86.78%
	ZUZ I	0.010813%	39,390	42,176	141.370	80./8%

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. See notes to required supplementary information.

## Schedule of Employer Contributions Year Ended September 30, 2021

				ntributions in				
Fiscal	Co	ntractually		Relation to Contractual	Contribution	Е	Employer's	Contributions as a % of
Year ended		Required		Required	Deficiency	I	Covered	Covered
September 30,		ntribution		ontribution	(Excess)		Payroll	Payroll
September 50,		iii ioutioii		Ontroducion	(Excess)		1 ayıon	1 ayron
Municipal Employees' Retirement System								
2015	\$	232,692	\$	232,692	-	\$	1,178,189	19.75%
2016	\$	239,634	\$	239,634	-	\$	1,166,611	20.54%
2017	\$	256,863	\$	256,863	-	\$	1,131,114	22.71%
2018	\$	254,740	\$	254,740	-	\$	1,015,989	25.07%
2019	\$	274,610	\$	274,610	-	\$	1,037,212	26.48%
2020	\$	305,479	\$	305,479	_	\$	1,083,144	28.20%
2021	\$	331,427	\$	331,427	-	\$	1,123,480	29.50%
Municipal Police Employ	ees' I	Retirement Sv	ystem					
2015	\$	113,967	\$	113,967	_	\$	367,932	30.98%
2016	\$	154,787	\$	154,787	_	\$	511,734	30.25%
2017	\$	160,344	\$	160,344	_	\$	505,017	31.75%
2018	\$	166,147	\$	166,147	-	\$	533,323	31.15%
2019	\$	167,049	\$	167,049	_	\$	516,842	32.32%
2020	\$	191,195	\$	191,195	-	\$	582,500	32.82%
2021	\$	196,824	\$	196,824	-	\$	602,405	32.67%
Firefighters' Retirement S	yster	n						
2015	\$	10,920	\$	10,920	-	\$	38,018	28.72%
2016	\$	10,826	\$	10,826	_	\$	40,500	26.73%
2017	\$	9,662	\$	9,662	_	\$	38,250	25.26%
2018	\$	10,335	\$	10,335	_	\$	39,000	26.50%
2019	\$	10,762	\$	10,762	_	\$	40,100	26.84%
2020	\$	11,965	\$	11,965	_	\$	41,300	28.97%
2021	\$	13,883	\$	13,883	-	\$	42,512	32.66%

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. See notes to required supplementary information.

## Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Year Ended September 30, 2021

	2021		2020		2019		2018	
Total OPEB Liability								
Service cost	\$	15,976	\$	15,976	\$	15,255	\$	23,092
Interest		12,280		11,752		14,505		16,747
Effect of economic/demographic gains/loses		7,805		40,297		(23,508)		(112,082)
Changes in assumptions or other inputs		13,810		19,551		47,978		(13,389)
Benefits payments		(5,400)		(5,400)		(7,200)		(5,400)
Net change in total OPEB liability		44,471		82,176		47,030		(91,032)
Total OPEB liability, beginning	4	96,242		414,066		367,036		458,068
Total OPEB liability, ending	\$ 5	40,713	\$	496,242	\$	414,066	\$	367,036
Covered employee payroll	\$ 1,7	68,397	\$ 1	,706,945	\$	1,594,153	\$	1,642,461
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	<u>30.</u>	<u>58</u> %	2	29.07%	į	25.97%		<u>22.35</u> %

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. See notes to required supplementary information.

## Notes to Required Supplementary Information Year Ended September 30, 2021

## (1) Basis of Accounting

The budget is adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted or as finally amended by the Mayor and the Town Council.

## (2) Budgets and Budgetary Reporting

The Town follows these procedures in establishing budgetary data:

- 1. The Town's chief administrative officer prepares a proposed budget for the general and special revenue funds and submits them to the Mayor and Town Council.
- 2. A summary of the proposed budget is published and the public notified that the proposed budget is available for public inspection. At the same time, a public hearing is called.
- 3. A public hearing is held on the proposed budget at least ten days after publication of the call for the hearing.
- 4. After holding the public hearing and completion of all action necessary to finalize and implement the budget, the budget is adopted through passage of a resolution prior to the commencement of the fiscal year for which the budget is being adopted.
- 5. Budgetary amendments involving the transfers of funds from one department, program, or function to another or involving increases in expenditures resulting from revenues exceeding amounts estimated require the approval of the Town Council.
- 6. All budgetary appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.

## Notes to Required Supplementary Information (continued) Year Ended September 30, 2021

## (3) Retirement Systems

## Municipal Employees' Retirement System

Changes of benefit terms – There were no changes of benefit terms.

Changes of assumptions –

	Plan		Investment		Expected	Projected
	Year ended	Discount	Rate	Inflation	Remaining	Salary
_	June 30,	Rate	of Return	Rate	Service Lives	Increase
	2015	7.500%	7.500%	2.875%	3	5%
	2016	7.500%	7.500%	2.875%	3	5%
	2017	7.400%	7.400%	2.775%	3	5%
	2018	7.275%	7.275%	2.600%	3	5%
	2019	7.000%	7.000%	2.500%	3	4.5% - 6.5%
	2020	6.950%	6.950%	2.500%	3	4.5% - 6.5%
	2021	6.850%	6.850%	2.500%	3	4.5% - 6.4%

## Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System

Changes of benefit terms – There were no changes of benefit terms.

Changes of assumptions –

Plan		Investment		Expected	Projected
Year ended	Discount	Rate	Inflation	Remaining	Salary
June 30,	Rate	of Return	Rate	Service Lives	Increase
2015	7.500%	7.500%	2.875%	4	4.25% - 9.75%
2016	7.500%	7.500%	2.875%	4	4.25% - 9.75%
2017	7.325%	7.325%	2.700%	4	4.25% - 9.75%
2018	7.200%	7.200%	2.600%	4	4.25% - 9.75%
2019	7.125%	7.125%	2.500%	4	4.25% - 9.75%
2020	6.950%	6.950%	2.500%	4	4.70% - 12.30%
2021	6.750%	6.750%	2.500%	4	4.70% - 12.30%

Notes to Required Supplementary Information (continued) Year Ended September 30, 2021

## Firefighters' Retirement System

Changes of benefit terms – There were no changes of benefit terms.

Changes of assumptions –

Plan	Plan Investment		Expected	Projected	
Year ended	Discount	Rate	Inflation	Remaining	Salary
June 30,	Rate	of Return	Rate	Service Lives	Increase
2015	7.500%	7.500%	2.875%	7	4.75% - 15.00%
2016	7.500%	7.500%	2.875%	7	4.75% - 15.00%
2017	7.400%	7.400%	2.775%	7	4.75% - 15.00%
2018	7.300%	7.300%	2.700%	7	4.75% - 15.00%
2019	7.150%	7.150%	2.500%	7	4.50% - 14.75%
2020	7.000%	7.000%	2.500%	7	5.20% - 14.10%
2021	6.900%	6.900%	2.500%	7	5.20% - 14.10%

## (4) Other Postemployment Benefits

Changes in Benefit Terms- None

Changes in Assumptions- Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate each period. The following are the discount rates used in each period:

Period	Discount Rate		
2018	3.83%		
2019	2.75%		
2020	2.41%		
2021	2.19%		

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# Justice System Funding Schedule- Collecting and Disbursing Year Ended September 30, 2021

	First Six Month Period Ended 3/31/2021	Second Six Month Period Ended 09/30/2021	
Beginning Balance of Amounts Collected	\$ 5,110	\$ 8,212	
Add: Collections			
Bond Fees	10,945	10,999	
Criminal Fines - Other	87,694	88,537	
Service/Collection Fees	4,717	5,093	
Subtotal Collections	103,356	104,629	
Less: Disbursements To Governments and Nonprofits:			
Louisiana Commission on Law Enforcement - Criminal Fines- Other	739	989	
LA Dept. of Health & Hospitals THI-SCI- Criminal Fines- Other	930	1,215	
Louisiana State Treasurer CMIS - Criminal Fines- Other	1,029	1,365	
Acadiana Criminalistics Laboratory Commission - Criminal Fines- Other	9,480	13,350	
Louisiana Supreme Court, Judicial Administrator- Criminal Fines - Other	169	316	
St. Mary Parish Sheriff's Office - Criminal Fines - Other	2,500	2,375	
St. Mary Parish Sheriff's Office - Bonds fees	8,350	10,189	
Less: Amounts Retained by Collecting Agency			
Collection Fee for Collecting/Disbursing to Others Based on Percentage of Collection	1,317	2,859	
Amounts "Self-Disbursed" to Collecting Agency- Criminal Fines - Other	75,740	77,302	
Less: Disbursements to Individuals/3rd Party Collection or Processing Agencies			
Bond Fee Refunds		151	
Subtotal Disbursements/Retainage	100,254	110,111	
Total: Ending Balance of Amounts Collected but not Disbursed/Retained	<u>\$ 8,212</u>	\$ 2,730	
Other Information:			
Total Waivers During the Fiscal Period	\$ 2,006	\$ 326	

## Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds September 30, 2021

		Special Revenue	Capital Projects		Permanent Fund					
		Public provement nintenance Fund	G	LCDBG Improv Grant Constru		et & Road rovement struction Fund	t Memorial		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
ASSETS										
Cash	\$	374,068	\$	15	\$	9,722	\$	91,476	\$	475,281
Receivables:										
Taxes		1,827		-		-		-		1,827
Due from other funds		<u> </u>		<u> </u>				2,985		2,985
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	375,895	\$	<u>15</u>	\$	9,722	\$	94,461	\$	480,093
FUND BALANCES										
Nonspendable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	52,235	\$	52,235
Restricted		375,895		15		9,722		42,226		427,858
Total fund balances	\$	375,895	\$	15	\$	9,722	\$	94,461	\$	480,093

## Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Special Revenue	Capital Projects		Permanent Fund		
	Public Improvement Maintenance Fund	LCDBG Grant Fund	Street & Road Improvement Construction Fund	Berwick Memorial Perpetual Care Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Revenues:						
Taxes	\$ 231,336	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 231,336	
Intergovernmental	-	30,473	-	-	30,473	
Interest Income	1,308		287	244	1,839	
Total revenues	232,644	30,473	287	244	263,648	
Other financing sources (uses):						
Operating transfers in	-	-	-	2,985	2,985	
Operating transfers out	(220,000)			(2,601)	(222,601)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(220,000)			384	(219,616)	
Net change in fund balances	12,644	30,473	287	628	44,032	
Fund balances (deficit), beginning	363,251	(30,458)	9,435	93,833	436,061	
Fund balances, ending	\$ 375,895	<u>\$ 15</u>	\$ 9,722	\$ 94,461	\$ 480,093	

INTERNAL CONTROL, COMPLIANCE, AND OTHER MATTERS

# **KOLDER, SLAVEN & COMPANY, LLC**

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Brad E. Kolder, CPA, JD\*
Gerald A. Thibodeaux, Jr., CPA\*
Robert S. Carter, CPA\*
Arthur R. Mixon, CPA\*
Stephen J. Anderson, CPA\*
Matthew E. Margaglio, CPA\*
Casey L. Ardoin, CPA, CFE\*
Wanda F. Arcement, CPA
Bryan K. Joubert, CPA
Nicholas Fowlkes, CPA

C. Burton Kolder, CPA\* Of Counsel

Victor R. Slaven, CPA\* - retired 2020 Christine C. Doucet, CPA - retired 2022

\* A Professional Accounting Corporation

183 S. Beadle Rd. Lafayette, LA 70508 Phone (337) 232-4141

508 Baton Rouge, LA 70816 -4141 Phone (225) 293-8300 450 F. Main St

1428 Metro Dr. Alexandria, LA 71301 Phone (318) 442-4421

New Iberia, LA 70560 Phone (337) 367-9204

11929 Bricksome Ave.

200 S. Main St. Abbeville, LA 70510 Phone (337) 893-7944 1201 David Dr. Morgan City, LA 70380 Phone (985) 384-2020

434 E. Main St. Ville Platte, LA 70586 Phone (337) 363-2792 Ph

332 W. Sixth Ave. Oberlin, LA 70655 Phone (337) 639-4737

WWW.KCSRCPAS.COM

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Duval Arthur, Jr., Mayor and Members of the Town Council Town of Berwick, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Berwick, Louisiana (hereinafter "Town"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 23, 2022.

#### **Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Town's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We did identify a deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of audit results and findings as item 2021-001, that we consider to be a material weakness.

### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. Although the intended use of this report may be limited under the provisions of Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Louisiana Legislative Auditor as a public document in accordance with Louisiana Revised Statute 44:6.

Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC Certified Public Accountants

Morgan City, Louisiana March 23, 2022

# Schedule of Audit Results and Findings Year Ended September 30, 2021

# Part I. Summary of Audit Results

4. Management letter issued?

1. Type of auditor's report issued on financial statements:				
				Type of
Opinion Unit				Opinion
Governmental activities				Unmodified
Business-type activities				Unmodified
Major funds:				
General				Unmodified
1% Sales Tax				Unmodified
3/4 % Sales Tax				Unmodified
Gas Enterprise				Unmodified
Water Enterprise				Unmodified
Aggregate remaining fund information				Unmodified
2. Internal control over financial reporting:				
Material weakness(es) identified?	✓	yes		no
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?		yes	✓	none reported
3. Noncompliance material to the financial statements?		yes	✓	no
<u>Other</u>				

\_\_\_\_\_yes \_\_\_\_\_no

## Schedule of Audit Results and Findings (continued) Year Ended September 30, 2021

#### Part II. Findings reported in accordance with Government Auditing Standards

A. Internal Control Finding-

2021-001 – Segregation of Duties

Year Initially Occurring: Unknown

CONDITION: Accounting and financial functions are not adequately segregated.

CRITERIA: Internal control is a process – effected by those charged with governance, management, and other personnel – designed to provide reasonable assurance about the achievement of objectives with regard to reliability of financial reporting, effectiveness and efficiency of operations, and compliance with applicable laws and regulations. The Town's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that pertain to the Town's ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial data consistent with the assertions embodied in financial statements.

CAUSE: The cause of the condition is the result of a failure to design and implement policies and procedures necessary to achieve adequate internal control.

EFFECT: Failure to adequately segregate accounting and financial functions increases the risk that errors and/or irregularities including fraud and/or defalcations may occur and not be prevented and/or detected.

RECOMMENDATION: Due to the size of the operation and the cost-benefit of additional personnel, it may not be feasible to achieve complete segregation of duties.

## B. Compliance Finding-

No findings are reported under this section.

### Part III. Findings and questioned costs reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance:

The requirements of the Uniform Guidance are not applicable.

## Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings Year Ended September 30, 2021

#### A. Internal Control

2020-001 – Segregation of Duties

CONDITION: Accounting and financial functions are not adequately segregated.

CURRENT STATUS: See schedule of audit results and findings items 2021-001.

### B. Compliance

No findings were reported under this section.

#### C. Uniform Guidance

2020-002 – Expenditures Incurred Prior to March 1, 2020

CONDITION: The Town requested and received reimbursement of \$37,177 for the first payroll period paid in March 2020, which was for the pay period of February 27, 2020 through March 11, 2020. Of the \$37,177 requested and received, \$6,320 was attributable to the period prior to March 1, 2020.

CURRENT STATUS: This issue has not been resolved; however, the Town is no longer subject to the requirements of the Uniform Guidance.

### D. Management Letter

Not issued in prior period.

## Corrective Action Plan for Current Audit Findings Year Ended September 30, 2021

2021-001 – Segregation of Duties

CONDITION: Accounting and financial functions are not adequately segregated.

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSE: Not considered necessary.

# **KOLDER, SLAVEN & COMPANY, LLC**

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Brad E. Kolder, CPA, JD\*
Gerald A. Thibodeaux, Jr., CPA\*
Robert S. Carter, CPA\*
Arthur R. Mixon, CPA\*
Stephen J. Anderson, CPA\*
Matthew E. Margaglio, CPA\*
Casey L. Ardoin, CPA, CFE\*
Wanda F. Arcement, CPA
Bryan K. Joubert, CPA
Nicholas Fowlkes, CPA

C. Burton Kolder, CPA\*
Of Counsel

Victor R. Slaven, CPA\* - retired 2020 Christine C. Doucet, CPA - retired 2022

\* A Professional Accounting Corporation

183 S. Beadle Rd. Lafayette, LA 70508 Phone (337) 232-4141 11929 Bricksome Ave. Baton Rouge, LA 70816 Phone (225) 293-8300

1428 Metro Dr. Alexandria, LA 71301 Phone (318) 442-4421 450 E. Main St. New Iberia, LA 70560 Phone (337) 367-9204

200 S. Main St. Abbeville, LA 70510 Phone (337) 893-7944 1201 David Dr. Morgan City, LA 70380 Phone (985) 384-2020

434 E. Main St. Ville Platte, LA 70586 Phone (337) 363-2792 332 W. Sixth Ave. Oberlin, LA 70655 Phone (337) 639-4737

WWW.KCSRCPAS.COM

#### MANAGEMENT LETTER

The Honorable Duval Arthur, Mayor Town of Berwick Berwick, Louisiana

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the Town of Berwick, Louisiana (hereinafter "Town"), in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Town's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control or on its compliance with provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control or on compliance.

During our audit we became aware of a matter involving internal control or compliance that is summarized below for your consideration. Communication of the matter presents an opportunity for strengthening the Town's internal control or improving its compliance with laws, regulations, contracts, or grant agreements or other matters. Our opinions dated March 23, 2022 on the Town's financial statements are not affected by this matter. Our comment is not intended to reflect upon the ability or integrity of the Town's personnel.

#### 2021-ML-1 Loss of Natural Gas Purchased

During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the Town recognized a significant gas loss of approximately 19%.

We recommend that management continue to monitor gas purchased compared to gas billed based on consumption. Management should also investigate the cause of the significant loss to reduce future gas loses and additional costs to the Town.

Our audit procedures are designed primarily to enable us to form an opinion on the financial statements, and therefore may not identify all weaknesses in policies and procedures or incidents of noncompliance that may exist. We aim, however, to use our knowledge of the Town's operations gained during our work to make comments and suggestions that we hope will be useful to you.

We will review the status of this comment during our next audit engagement. We have already discussed the comment and suggestion with various Town personnel, and we will be pleased to discuss them in further detail at your convenience.

Town of Berwick Management Letter

This communication is intended solely for the information and use of the Town's management and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We would like to express our appreciation to you for the courtesies and assistance rendered to us in the performance of our audit. Should you have any questions or need additional assistance, please feel free to contact us.

Respectfully,

KOLDER, SLAVEN & COMPANY, LLC Certified Public Accountants Morgan City, Louisiana



# **TOWN OF BERWICK**

Phone: (985) 384-8858 • P. O. Box 486 • Fax: (985) 384-8873 Berwick, LA 70342 www.townofberwick.org

March 23, 2022

Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC 1201 David Drive Morgan City, LA 70380

The following is in response to the management letter item resulting from the Town's audit for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021:

#### 2021 - ML-1 Loss of Natural Gas Purchased

During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, The Town recognized a significant gas loss of approximately 19%.

Management's Response: The Town concurs with the recommendation and will continue to monitor gas purchased compared to gas billed based on consumption. We will investigate the cause of the significant loss to reduce future losses and additional cost to the Town.

Name of contact person responsible for corrective action: Newell Slaughter

Anticipated completion date for the corrective action: 5/31/22

Sincerely,

CAO