City of Gonzales, Louisiana

Financial Report

May 31, 2024



CITY OF GONZALES, LOUISIANA FINANCIAL REPORT MAY 31, 2024

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Mayor, Mayor Pro Temp And the Members of the City Council City of Gonzales, Louisiana

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Gonzales, Louisiana (the City), as of and for the year then ended May 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Gonzales, Louisiana, as of May 31, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of Gonzales, Louisiana and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Gonzales, Louisiana's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud
 or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
 examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
 are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the City of Gonzales, Louisiana's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
 raise substantial doubt about the City of Gonzales, Louisiana's ability to continue as a going concern
 for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 10, budgetary comparison schedules on pages 59-62, schedule of changes in net opeb liability and related ratios on page 63, schedule of proportionate share of the net pension liability on page 64, schedule of pension contributions on page 65, and notes to the schedule of proportionate share of the net pension liability and schedule of pension contributions on page 66 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not

express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The schedule of per diem paid, schedule of compensation, benefits, and other payments to agency head or chief executive officer, and justice system funding schedule-collecting/disbursing entity are presented for the purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of per diem paid, schedule of compensation, benefits, and other payments to agency head or chief executive officer, and justice system funding schedule-collecting/disbursing entity are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 25, 2024 on our consideration of the City of Gonzales, Louisiana's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Gonzales, Louisiana's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Gonzales, Louisiana's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

October 25, 2024

Gonzales, Louisiana

Ding, Dupuy & Ruin

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS MAY 31, 2024

This section of City's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the City's financial performance during the fiscal year that ended on May 31, 2024. This document focuses on the current year's activities, resulting changes, and currently known facts in comparison with the prior year's information (where available).

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The City's combined total net position increased by \$5,029,123 or 5.5 percent over the course of this year's operations. Net position of the governmental activities increased approximately \$3.2 million and approximately \$1.9 million of the business-type activities.
- During the year, the City's governmental activities expenses were approximately \$3.2 million less than
 the \$30 million generated in charges for services, taxes, grants and contributions, and other revenue. In
 the City's business-type activities, expenses were approximately \$1.9 million less than the \$11.5
 million generated in charges for services and general revenues.
- General Fund reported a decrease in fund balance of \$834,542, Capital Projects Fund reported an increase in fund balance of \$53,554. Tanger Mall EDD reported a decrease of \$2,897,984, Conway EDD reported a decrease of \$352,172, and PACE Center EDD reported a decrease of \$1,648,635

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of four parts - management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, required supplementary information, and other supplementary information. The basic financial statements include three kinds of statements that present different views of the City:

- The first two statements are government-wide financial statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about the City's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the City's government, reporting the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
 - The governmental funds statements tell how general government services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.
 - Proprietary fund statements offer short and long-term financial information about the activities the government operates like businesses, such as gas, water and sewer system.
 - Fiduciary fund statements use resources held for the benefit of parties outside of the primary government. These funds are not available to support the City's programs and operations.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Table A-I shows how the required parts of this annual report are arranged and relate to one another.

Table A-1 summarizes the major features of the City's financial statements, including the portion of the City's government they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure of contents of each of the statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS MAY 31, 2024

Table A-1

	Government-	Table A-1		
	Wide Statements	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Fund	Fiduciary Fund
Scope	Entire City Government	The activities of the City that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as general government, public safety, streets and dramage, sanitation, recreation and buildings and grounds, civic center, and code enforcement	Activities the City operates similar to private businesses: the water, gas, and sewer system	Instance in which the City is the custodian for other parties' resources
Required financial statements	 Statement of net position Statement of activities 	 Balance Sheet Statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances 	 Statement of net position Statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position Statement of cash flows 	 Statement of fiduciary net position Statement of changes in fiduciary net position
Accounting basis and measurements focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and habilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets included	All assets and habilities, both financial and capital, and short- term and long- term	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long-term: the City's funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when eash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year, expenditures when goods or services have been received and payments are due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when eash is received or paid	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS MAY 31, 2024

Government-wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the City as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets and habilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two government-wide statements report the City's net position how they have changed. Net position – the difference between the City's assets and liabilities – is one way to measure the City's financial health, or financial position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively
- To assess the overall health of the City you need to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the City's property tax base and the condition of the City's infrastructure.

The government-wide financial statements of the City are divided into two categories:

- Governmental activities the City's basic services are included here, such as general government, public safety, streets and dramage, sanitation, recreation and buildings and grounds, civic center, code enforcement, and economic development. Property taxes and sales taxes finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities the City charges fees to customers to help cover the costs of services it provides. The city's water, gas, and sewer system are included here.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the City's most significant funds – not the City as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the City uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

The City has three kinds of funds:

- Governmental funds Most of the City's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how eash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information on the subsequent page, that explains the relationship (or differences) between them.
- Proprietary fund Services for which the City charges customers a fee is generally reported in a
 proprietary fund. The proprietary fund, like the government-wide statements, provide both long
 and short-term financial information. In fact, the City's enterprise fund (one type of proprietary
 fund) is the same as its business-type activities, but provide more detail and additional information,
 such as eash flows.
- Fiduciary fund These funds are used as depositories for police evidence. The funds are custodial
 in nature and do not involve measurement of results of operations. We exclude these activities from
 the City's government-wide financial statements because the City cannot use these assets to finance
 its operations.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS MAY 31, 2024

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY AS A WHOLE

Net position. The City's combined net position increased between fiscal years 2024 and 2023 approximately \$5 million to approximately \$96.7 million. (See Table A-2.)

Table A-2 City's Net Position

	Govern	ımental	Business-Type				
	Activ	orties	Actr	vities			
	2024	2023	2024	2023			
Current and other assets	S 24.237,040	\$ 32,391.497	\$ 10.842,723	S 8.875,059			
Capital assets, net	63.189,107	48,942,074	4,7058,604	48.431,812			
Total assets	87.426,147	81.333.571	57,901,327	57,306,871			
Deferred outflows of resources	7,425,327	8.842,248	1,313,172	1,675,415			
Total assets and deferred				***************************************			
outflows of resources	94,851,474	90.175.819	59,214,499	58,982,286			
Current and other habilities	6,239,620	8.352.106	1,799,688	2,011,885			
Long-term liabilities	31,262,695	27.921.045	15,099,620	16,483,270			
Total liabilities	37.502,315	36.273.151	16.899,308	18.495,155			
Deferred inflows of resources	2.406,484	2.116.779	604,935	649,212			
Total liabilities and deferred							
inflows of resources	39,908,799	38,389,930	17.504,243	19.144.367			
Net position							
Net investment in capital assets	57.204.009	47,813,490	35,312,204	35.603,364			
Restricted	1.749.636	6,779,756	613,531	613,531			
Unrestricted	(4,010.970)	(2.807, 357)	5.784,521	3.621.024			
Total net position	S 54.942,675	\$ 51,785,889	\$ 41,710,256	\$ 39.837,919			

Total assets and deferred outflows for the City's governmental activities increased \$4.7 million. The business-type activities increased \$232,213.

Total liabilities and deferred inflows for the City's governmental activities increased \$1.5 million. The business-type activities decreased \$1.6 million

The largest portion of net position is the net investment in capital assets, which totals \$57.2 million for the City's governmental activities and \$35.3 million for the business-type activities. Capital assets are used to provide services to the citizens of the City of Gonzales and are not available for further spending. Net investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt; therefore, the resources needed to repay the debt must be provided from other sources as capital assets cannot be used to liquidate liabilities.

The deficit of \$4 million in unrestricted net position in the governmental activities is primarily the result of long-term liabilities such as the net pension liability required under GASB 68 and the accounting for other post-employment benefits under GASB 75.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS MAY 31, 2024

Table A-3 Changes in City's Net Position

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Type Activities			
	2024	2023	2024	2023		
Revenues and transfers				•		
Program revenues						
Charges for services	\$ 2,795,259	\$ 3,044,786	\$ 7,029,774	\$ 6,631,356		
Grants and contributions	3,445,989	3,772,841	-	-		
General revenues						
Taxes	22,106,276	21,058,082	986,025	936,724		
Licenses and permits	1,732,450	1,888,640	-	-		
Miscellaneous	717,980	617,767	795,860	699,745		
Non-employer contributions to						
pension plan	383,870	384,535	54,725	52,716		
Investment earnings	1,172,241	460,772	352,257	56,454		
Contributions Transfers, net	(2,294,648)	(1,075,414)	2,294,648	1,075,414		
Total revenues and						
transfers	30,059,417	30,152,009	11,513,289	9,452,409		
Expenses						
General government	3,373,349	3,146,756	-	-		
Operating expenses	-	-	9,640,952	9,653,157		
Public safety	14,476,101	13,373,427	-	-		
Streets and drainage	3,002,987	2,831,146	-	-		
Sanitation	1,335,890	1,289,107	-	-		
Recreation, Buildings & Grounds	2,337,308	2,387,860	-	-		
Civic center	117,867	98,791	-	-		
Code enforcement	452,028	409,428	-	-		
Economic development	1,570,922	785,953	-	-		
Interest	236,179	41,056	-	-		
Total expenses	26,902,631	24,363,524	9,640,952	9,653,157		
Change in net position	3,156,786	5,788,485	1,872,337	(200,748)		
Net position, June 1	51,785,889	45,997,404	39,837,919	40,038,667		
Net position, May 31	\$ 54,942,675	\$ 51,785,889	\$ 41,710,256	\$ 39,837,919		

The City's total revenues and transfers increased by approximately \$2 million to \$41.6 million. Approximately 57 percent of the City's revenue is derived from property and sales tax collections. Charges for services represent 24 percent of revenue. Capital and Operating Grants and Contributions represent 8 percent. Licenses and permits represent 4 percent of revenue. The remaining 7 percent represents miscellaneous, non-employer contributions to pension plans, and investment earnings.

The total cost of all programs and services increased approximately \$2.5 million or 7.4 percent. The City's expenses cover all services performed by its office.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS MAY 31, 2024

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

As the City completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of approximately \$18.6 million, a decrease of approximately \$5.7 million or 23 percent from last year.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

There were no amendments made in the current year to the general fund or any special revenue funds budget.

CAPITAL ASSETS

At the end of 2024, the City had invested approximately \$110 million in a broad range of capital assets, including police and fire equipment, buildings, park facilities, roads, vehicles, water and sewer lines, improvements, construction in progress, and right to use assets. (See Table A-4) This amount represents a net increase (including additions and deductions) of approximately \$12.9 million from last year.

Table A-4
City's Capital Assets
(net of depreciation and amortization)

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Land	\$ 4,728,563	\$ 4,728,563	\$ 118,828	\$ 118,828
Buildings & Equipment	25,071,665	7,962,606	386,465	437,194
Improvements	29,061,452	24,736,088	8,819	9,762
Lines, meters, & plants	-	-	46,148,208	45,042,079
Vehicles	315,026	659,516	66,670	110.891
Construction in Progress	2,426,292	10,251,573	116,659	2,607,955
Right to use assets	1.586,109	603,728	212,955	105,103
Total	\$ 63,189,107	\$ 48,942,074	\$ 47,058,604	\$ 48,431,812

This year's major capital asset additions included:

- Business-Type Activities lines and meters in the amount of \$142,885 for costs associated with the ongoing wastewater improvements and upgrades of plant.
- Business-Type Activities building improvements totaled \$6,352.
- Governmental Activities improvements to buildings, parks, bridges, sidewalks, streets and drainage in the amount of \$3,327,372.
- Construction in progress for Business-Type Activities totaled \$377,433 and Governmental Activities totaled \$12,785,500.
- Right to use assets for Governmental Activities totaled \$1,278,194.
- Right to use assets for Business-Type Activities totaled \$147,380.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS MAY 31, 2024

This year's major disposals include.

- Governmental Activities disposals of vehicles totaling \$346,167 and buildings equipment totaling \$21,000.
- Business-Type Activities had disposals of vehicles totaling \$33,794.

LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The City had the following long-term liabilities outstanding at year end.

	Government	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities		
	2024	2024 2023		2023		
Bonds payable	\$ 4,243,000	\$ 5,392	\$10,204,948	\$11.075,948		
Notes payable	17,598	79,662	1,315,186	1,539,008		
Lease liabilities	1,634,476	622,080	226,266	110,768		
Other post-employment benefits	7,348,265	7,344,845	1,745,019	1,743,998		
Net pension liability	18,039,581	19,552,871	2,658,773	3,074,423		
Compensated absences	554,972	529,200	64,850	54,547		
Total	\$31,837,892	\$28,134,050	\$16,215,042	\$17,598,692		

The City's total long-term liabilities increased by approximately \$2.3 million primarily due to the increase in the bond and lease habilities. The offset for the total is contributed to principal paydowns on bonds, notes, and leases and changes in actuarial assumptions and investment performance. See note 9 for additional information on changes in long-term liabilities and breakout of current portion of long-term liabilities.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

For fiscal year ending 2025, the City is dependent on sales tax collections for 71% of its general fund revenues. The City's Administration has projected a 5% increase in sales taxes for the upcoming fiscal year. Expenditures budgeted in the general fund will remain consistent to the previous year. The City believes that the 5 percent increase in sewer rates and 3 percent increase in water rates will be more than enough to cover ongoing repairs to the sewer and water infrastructure.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Brandon Boylan, 120 South Irma Boulevard, Gonzales, LA 70737.

CITY OF GONZALES STATEMENT OF NET POSITION MAY 31, 2024

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 8,829,776	\$ 4,749,866	\$ 13,579,642
Investments	10,344,865	3,831,782	14,176,647
Receivables	514,791	881,262	1,396,053
Due from other governments	3,447,697	166,078	3,613.775
Due from other funds	=	5,683	5,683
Accrued interest	17.014	11,899	28,913
Restricted assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	1,082,897	568,842	1.651,739
Investments	-	627,311	627,311
Non-depreciable capital assets	7,154,855	2,726,783	9,881,638
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization	56,034,252	44,331,821	100,366,073
TOTAL ASSETS	87,426,147	57,901,327	145,327.474
DEEEDDED OUTELOWS OF DESOUDOES			
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension related	5 9/7 172	847,749	6.714.622
OPFB related	5,867,173		6,714,922
Total deterred outflows of resources	1,558,154 7,425,327	465,423 1,313,172	2.023,577 8,738,499
road deferred buttows of resources	1,727,021	1,313,172	3,733,499
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 94,851,474	\$ 59,214,499	\$ 154,065,973
<u>LIABILITIES</u>			
Accounts payable	\$ 1,179,514	\$ 80,882	\$ 1.260,396
Retainage payable	90,024	-	90,024
Due to other funds	5,683	-	5,683
Accined expenses	277,349	39,491	316,840
Cash bonds	26,367	-	26.367
Unearned revenues	4,085,486	_	4,085,486
Payable from restricted assets:	,		
Customer deposits	_	563,893	563,893
Current portion of long-term liabilities	575,197	1,164,697	1.739,894
Long-term habilities:			,
Other post employment benefit hability	7,348,265	1,745,019	9,093,284
Compensated absences	554,972	64,850	619,822
Net pension hability	18,039,581	2,658,773	20,698.354
Lease liabilities	1,257,877	177,911	1,435,788
Notes payable	1,2.77,077	1,079,209	1.079,209
· ·	+ 642 000		
Bonds payable	4,062,000	9,324,583	13,386,583
TOTAL LIABILITIES	37,502,315	16,899,308	54,401,623
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension related	566,366	55,289	621,655
OPEB related	1,840,118	549,646	2,389.764
Total deterred inflows of resources	2,406,484	604,935	3,011,419
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	57,204,009	35,312,204	92,516,213
•			
Restricted	1,749,636	613,531	2,363,167
Umestrated	(4,010,970)	5,784,521	1.773,551
TOTAL NET POSITION	54,942,675	41,710,256	96,652,931
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position	\$ 94,851,474	\$ 59,214,499	\$ 154,065,973

<u>CITY OF GONZALES</u> <u>STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES</u> <u>FOR THE YEAR ENDED MAY 31, 2024</u>

			Program Revenues				Net (Expense) Revenue and						
			Fees Fines, and Capital Operating				Changes in Net Position						
		- 1	Tharges for		Grants and		rants and	C	iovernmental	В	iusiness-type		
	Expenses	- —	Services		ontributions	Co	ntributions		Activities		Activities		Total
<u>ACTIVITIES</u>													
Governmental:													
General government	\$ 3,373,349	5	1,777,040	\$	1 030 000	S	227,716	5	(338,50 1)	5	=	\$	(338,593)
Public safety													
Police	0,580,443		138,505		18 د 10		742.105		(8,698,302)		-		(8.698.392)
Fne	4.555.658		879,714		-		-		(4.005,044)		-		(4.005.944)
Streets and dramage	5,002,937		-		1.413.002		-		(1.589,985)		-		(1,589,985)
Sautation	1 335 800		-		-		-		(1,335,890)		-		(1.335,690)
Recrestion, Buildings & Grounds	2 337,308		-		-		22.725		(2,314,585)		-		(2.314.583)
Civic center	117,867		-		-		-		(117.867)		-		(117,867)
Code enforcement	452.028		-		-		-		(452,028)		-		(452.028)
Economic Development	1,570,922		-		-		-		(1.570.922)		-		(1.570.922)
Interest on long-term habilines	256,179		-						(236 179)				(236,179)
Total governmental activities	26,902,631		2,795,259		2 453 563		495,50¢		(20,661,38 +)		•		(20.661,383)
Business-type													
Utility	9,640,952		7,029,774		-		-		-		(2.611.178)		(2.611.178)
Total business-type activities	9,046,952		7,029,774		-				-		(2 611 178)		(2.611.178)
Total City of Gonzales	\$ 36,543,583	5	9,825,633	S	2 453 183	S	992.606		(20,661,385)		(2 611 178)		(23.272.561)
	General Revenue	۶.											
	Taxes								22,106,276		986,025		23,092,361
	Licenses and pe	erouts							1,732,450		-		1.732,450
	Miscellaneous								717,980		795 860		1.513.840
	Transfers, net								(2.294.648)		2,294,648		_
	Non-employer	contri	buttons to pens	ion p	lan				383,870		54 725		438,595
	Investment earr	unes	•	•					1,172,241		352 2 57		1.524.498
	Total general	reven	le.						23.815.169		4.483.515		28,301,684
	Change in net po	aente							1,156,786		1 872 537		5.029,123
	Net position - beg	នាសារា	2						51,785,889		39 857 919		91.623.808
	Net position - en	gart						ç	54,042,675	ş	41 710 256	s	96 652,931

CITY OF GONZALES BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS MAY 31, 2024

	General Fund	Cap	oital Projects Fund	1	anger Mall Economic velopment District	E Dev	Conway Jeonomic velopment District	E	CE Center Economic velopment District	Ğ	Total overmnental Funds
ASSETS	S 4,321.486	S	3,865,006	S	171,702	s	96,798	S	271 724	e	8.829.776
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	10.344 865	35	3,603,6	3	171,702	3	yo,/ya	2	374.784	\$	10.344 865
Receivables, net of allowance	509 149		5,642		-		-		=		514 791
Due from other governments	2,501 476		664 313		140,792		20,726		120.390		3.447 697
Due from other funds	85.251		503.890		140,772		_0,7_0		120.370		589.141
Accrued interest	17.014		303.470		_				_		17.014
Restricted assets:											
Cash and cash equivalents	-		-		892,682		_		190,215		1.082 897
Total assets	\$ 17,779,241	<u>s</u>	5,038.851	5	1,205,176	<u>s</u>	117.524	<u>s</u>	685,389	<u>\$</u>	24,826.181
LIABILITIES											
Accounts payable	S 353.967	S	688,729	S	112,723	5	-	S	24,095	8	1,179.514
Retainage payable	-		90 024		-		-		-		90 024
Due to other funds	481 157		-		-		113,667		_		594 824
Cash bonds	26 367		-		-		-		_		26 367
Accrued expenses	269.381		-		-		-		7.968		277.349
Unearned revenues	26,412		4,059,074		-		-		-		4,085,486
Total liabilities	1.157 284		4,837 827		112,723		113,667		32,063		6.253 564
FUND BALANCES											
Committed:			20124								201.00.
Capital projects	=		201.024		-				-		201.024
Restricted	-		-		1,092.453		3,857		653.326		1.749.636
Assigned	336 471		-		-		-		-		336 471
Unassigned	16,285,486		_		_		_	-	-	***************************************	16.285.486
Total fund balances	16,621 957		201 024		1.092,453		3,857		653.326		18.572 617
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 17,779,241		5,038.851	S	1,205,176	<u>s</u>	117,524		685.389	\$	24.826.181

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION MAY 31, 2024

Total fund balances - Governmental Funds	\$	18,572,617
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different because:		
Deferred outflows - pension related		5,867,173
Deferred outflows - OPEB related		1,558,154
Capital assets used in the governmental activities that are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds:		
Cost of capital assets at May 31, 2024 118,216	.889	
Less: accumulated depreciation as of May 31, 2024 (56,613	<u>,891)</u>	61,602,998
Right to use assets at May 31, 2024 2,058	.388	
	<u>,279)</u>	1,586,109
Long-term liabilities applicable to the City's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities:	1	
Net pension hability		(18,039,581)
Deferred inflows - pension related		(566,366)
Deferred inflows - OPEB related		(1,840,118)
Other post employment benefits		(7,348,265)
Lease habilities		(1,634,476)
Notes payable		(17,598)
Bonds payable		(4,243,000)
Compensated absences		(554,972)
Total net position at May 31, 2024 - Governmental Activities		54,942,675

CITY OF GONZALES STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES YEAR ENDED MAY 31, 2024

DEVINUES	General	Capital Projects	Tanger Mall Economic Development District	Conway Economic Development District	PACE Center Economic Development District	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES Taxes	\$ 16,456,705	\$ 3.944.101	\$ 940,409	\$ 92,765	\$ 672,296	\$ 22,106,276
Francinse fees	1,313,994	ş 3,244.101	3 240,407	a	3 172,230	1,313,994
Licenses and permits	1,732,450	-	-	_	-	1.732.450
Fees, fines and forfeitures	138,505	_	_	_	_	138,505
Miscellaneous	482,950	22.695	_	_	212,335	717,980
Wastewater impact fees	402,7.40	463,046	_	_	_ 1 _ ,.,.,.,.	463,046
Fire department revenue	879.714		_	_	_	879,714
Intergovernmental revenues:	672,114					0.7,714
Federal grants	142,723	10.381	_	_	_	153,104
State and local grants	849,883	2,443.002	_	_	_	3,292,885
Investment earnings	699,079	196,002	157,062	20,379	99,719	1,172,241
Total revenues	22,696,003	7,079,227	1.097,471	113,144	984.350	31.970,195
EXPENDITURES Current:						
General government	2,719,418	671,255	_	_	_	3,390,673
Public safety						
Police	7.780.735	1,944,670	_	_	_	9.725,405
Fire	4,405,207	1,004,306	-	=	_	5,409,513
Streets and dramage	1,459,665	5,445,786	-	-	-	6,905,451
Sanutation	1.336.387	-	-	-	_	1.336,387
Recreation, building and grounds	1,771,241	9,494.858	_	-	_	11,266,099
Civic center	67,205	2,219	-	-	-	69,424
Code enforcement	413,144	48,933	-	-	-	462,077
Economic development	_	-	672,455	400,000	158,892	1,231,347
Capital outlay	174,503	-	-	-	336,208	510,711
Debt Service:						
Principal	23,424	304,439	-	-	174,000	501,863
Interest	3,106	79.188	-	-	153,885	236,179
Total expenditures	20.154.035	18,995,654	672,455	400.000	822,985	41.045,129
Excess of revenues over (under)						
expenditures	2.541.968	(11,916,427)	425,016	(286.856)	161.365	(9.074,934)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Loan proceeds	-	4,411,608	-	-	-	4.411,608
Finance leases	174,503	1,103.692	-	-	-	1,278,195
Transfer in	48,987	11,529,329	-	-	-	11,578,316
Transfer out	(3.600,000)	(5.074,648)	(3.323.000)	(65,316)	(1.810.000)	(13.872.964)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(3,376,510)	11,969,981	(3,323,000)	(65,316)	(1,810,000)	3,395,155
Net change in fund balances	(834.542)	53,554	(2.897,984)	(352.172)	(1.648.635)	(5.679,779)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	17,456,499	147.470	3,990,437	356,029	2.301,961	24,252,396
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 16,621,957	\$ 201,024	\$ 1,092,453	\$ 3,857	\$ 653,326	\$ 18,572,617

CITY OF GONZALES RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES MAY 31, 2024

Total change in net fund balances - Governmental funds		\$ (5,679,779)
The change in net position reported for governmental activities in the staticities is different because:	atement of	
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in	i the statement	
of activities, the cost of those assets are allocated over their estimated	useful lives	
and reported as depreciation expense		
Capital assets:		
Capital outlay capitalized	16,112,872	
Right to use assets additions	1,278,194	
Depreciation expense	(2,848,220)	
Amortization expense for right to use assets	(294,592)	
Loss on disposed right to use asset	(1,221)	14,247,033
Governmental funds report debt proceeds as other financing sources. I Statement of Activities, this debt is recorded as a liability. Likewise, in governmental funds, principle payments are reported as an expenditure Statement of Activities, its reported as a reduction in liabilities.	n the	
Lease liabilities incurred	(1,278,195)	
Payments on lease obligations	265,799	
Issuance of long-term liabilities	(4,411,608)	
Payments on other long-term liabilities	236,064	(5,187,940)
Net effects of change in net pension liability and defenals		(494,438)
Net effects of change in OPEB liability and deferrals		(86,188)
Non-employer contributions to pension plans		383,870
Changes in compensated absences		(25,772)

Changes in net position of governmental activities

3,156,786

CITY OF GONZALES STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND MAY 31, 2024

		rprise ind
<u>ASSETS</u>	***************************************	
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4.749.866
Investments		3 831.782
Receivables (net of allowance)		881,262
Due from other governments		166.078
Due from other funds		5,683
Restricted assets - investments		627 311
Restricted assets - cash and cash equivalents		568,842
Accrued interest		11 899
Total current assets	•	10.842.723
Noncurrent assets:		
Non-depreciable capital assets		2 726,783
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization		44.331.821
Total noncurrent assets		17.058 604
TOTAL ASSETS	-	57,901,327
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pension related		847.749
OPEB related		465,423
Total deferred outflows of resources	-	1 313.172
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	59.214.499
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$	80.882
Accried expenses		39.491
Current portion of long-term liabilities		1.164 697
Customer deposits		563,893
Total current habilities	-	1.848 963
Noncurrent habilities:		
Compensated absences		64,850
Net pension liability		2 658,773
Net OPEB hability		1.745.019
Lease habilities		177 911
Notes payable		1.079,209
Bonds payable		9.324 583
Total noncurrent habilities		15.050.345
TOTAL LIABILITIES		16 899.308
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pension related		55.289
OPEB related	4	549 646
Total deferred inflows of resources	•	604,935
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets		35 312.204
Restricted to debt service		613.531
Unrestricted		5 784.521
TOTAL NET POSITION	-	11.710.256
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position	\$	59 214.499

CITY OF GONZALES STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND YEAR ENDED MAY 31, 2024

	1	Enterprise Fund
OPERATING REVENUES	\.	
Charges for service:		
Gas sales	S	2,063,503
Sewer service charges		2,888,707
Water sales		2,077,564
Miscellaneous		795,860
Contributions from non-employer contributing entities-pension benefit		54,725
Total operating revenues		7,880,359
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Gas department		2,002,268
General and administrative		1,172,509
Depreciation and amortization		2,047,258
Water department		3,015,684
Sewer department		1,180,682
Total operating expenses	-	9,418,401
OPERATING LOSS		(1,538,042)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Investment earnings		352,257
Sales tax revenue		986,025
Interest expense		(222,551)
Net nonoperating revenues		1.115,731
Loss before transfers and contributions		(422,311)
Capital contributions		2,294,648
Changes in net position		1,872,337
Total net position - beginning		39,837,919
Total net position - ending	\$	41,710,256

CITY OF GONZALES STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND YEAR ENDED MAY 31, 2024

]	Enterprise Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	***************************************	
Receipts from customers	\$	7.815 759
Payments to suppliers		(5.989.506)
Payments to employees		(1.714.705)
Net cash provided by operating activities		111.548
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Intergovernmental revenue		986 025
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities		986,025
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Purchases of capital assets		(526.670)
Payments on long-tenn liabilities		(1,126.704)
Interest paid		(222.551)
Capital contributions		2.294.648
Net cash provided by capital and related financing activities	***************************************	418 723
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments		1.253.441
Purchases of investments		(1.420.570)
Investment earnings		352.257
Net cash provided by investing activities		185.128
Net increase in cash and restricted cash		1.701 424
Cash and restricted cash - June 1, 2023		3.617 284
Cash and restricted cash - May 31, 2024	<u>Š</u>	5.318.708
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Operating loss	Š	(1.538,042)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net		
eash provided by operating activities -		
Depreciation and amortization		2 047.258
Bad debt expense		23.624
Pension expense adjustment		(415.650)
OPEB expense adjustment		1.021
Net changes in operating assets and liabilities Accounts receivable		(107,025)
Due to from other funds		(5 683)
Other assets		(10,027)
Deferred inflow of resources		(44.277)
Deferred outflow of resources		362.243
Accounts payable		(158.569)
Customer deposits		74.562
Accined habilities		(128 190)
Compensated absences		10,303
Net cash provided by operating activities	5	111.548
Supplemental Disclosure of Non-Cash Financing Activities:		
Assets acquired through lease obligations		147 380

CITY OF GONZALES STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND MAY 31, 2024

ASSETS	C	ustodial Fund
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	46,320
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	46,320
NET POSITION		
Restricted for:		
Individuals, organizations, and other governments	\$	46,320
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	46,320

CITY OF GONZALES STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND MAY 31, 2024

	Cı	Custodial Fund	
Additions:	-		
Evidence	_\$	43,431	
Total additions			
Deductions:			
Disbursements to other governments		871	
Total deductions	-	871	
Change in fiduciary net position	***************************************	42,560	
Net Position - Beginning		3,760	
Net Position - Ending	\$	46,320	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The City of Gonzales, Louisiana, (the City) was incorporated April 15, 1922, under the provision of the Lawrason Act. The City operates under a Mayor-City Council form of government.

The accompanying financial statements of the City has been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Pursuant to Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements, the City has elected to directly incorporate into GASB's authoritative literature and certain pronouncements issued by FASB and its predecessors on or before November 30, 1989

Financial Reporting Entity

This report includes all funds which are controlled by, or dependent on the City's executive and legislative branches (the Mayor and the City Council). Control by or dependence on the City was determined on the basis of budget adoption, taxing authority, authority to issue debt, election or appointment of governing body, and other general oversight responsibility.

Based on the foregoing criteria, certain organizations are not part of the City and are thus excluded from the accompanying financial statements. These are the Friends of the Museum, Beautification Board, and Committee on Cultural Affairs.

The financial report has been prepared in conformity with GASB Statement No. 34, basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments, issued in June, 1999.

Related Organizations – The City Council is also responsible for appointing the members of the board of the Industrial Development Board of the City of Gonzales, but the City's accountability for this organization does not extend beyond making the appointments.

Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the City of Gonzales. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the City. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the City and for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods and services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental and proprietary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise fund, each displayed in a separate column.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

- a General Fund The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- b Capital Projects Fund Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds).
- c. Tanger Mall Economic Development District This fund accounts for funding used in economic development projects selected by the District through sales tax revenues collected in the district.
- d. Conway Economic Development District This fund accounts for the funding dedicated to infrastructure improvements in the District through a sales tax and hotel occupancy tax collected in the district.
- e. PACE Center Economic Development District This fund accounts for the funding purpose of financing, construction, maintenance and operation of an event and conference center for the City through a hotel occupancy tax collected in the district.

The City reports the following proprietary fund.

a. Enterprise Fund – This fund is used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises – where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods and services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided the periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

The City reports the following fiduciary fund:

a. Custodial Fund – The Custodial Fund is used as a depository for police evidence. The fund is custodial in nature and does not involve measurement of results of operations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting

Government-wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide and proprietary financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the City gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. The City considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt and compensated absences which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources. Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, grants, and interest are considered to be susceptible to accrual. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements. Proprietary funds are reported using the economic financial resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. The operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receive and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as investment earnings and sales tax revenues, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

Interfund Activity

Transfers between funds are not expected to be repaid and are accounted for as other financing sources (uses). These other financing sources (uses) are recognized at the time the underlying events occur.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in these financial statements.

- 1) The City's Mayor and Clerk prepare a proposed budget message and budget and submit it to the City Council prior to the beginning of each fiscal year.
- 2) A summary of the proposed budget is published and the public notified that the proposed budget is available for public inspection. At the same time, a public hearing is called.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting (continued)

- 3) A public hearing is held on the proposed budget at least two weeks after publication of the call for the hearing.
- 4) After the holding of the public hearing and completion of all action necessary to finalize and implement the budget, the budget is adopted through passage of an ordinance prior to the commencement of the fiscal year for which the budget is being adopted.
- 5) Budgetary amendments involving the transfer of funds from one department, program, or function to another, or involving increases in expenditures resulting from revenues exceeding amounts estimated require the approval of the City Council.
- 6) All budgetary appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.
- 7) The budgets for the General and Special Revenue Funds are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or amended from time to time by the City council. Such amendments were not material in relation to the original appropriations.

<u>Cash and Cash Equivalents</u> – Cash and cash equivalents include investments in highly liquid debt instruments with an original maturity of three months or less, excluding amounts whose use is limited by board designation or those amounts with third-party payers.

Accounts Receivable – In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. For governmental activities, uncollectible amounts due for receivables are recogmzed as bad debts and directly charged off at the time information becomes available which indicates that the particular receivable is not collectible. In governmental fund types, the uncollectible amount is charged to the revenue reported. In business-type activities, uncollectible amounts due from utility billing receivables are recognized as bad debts through the use of an allowance account or are directly charged off at the time information becomes available which indicated that the particular receivable is not collectible. Utility accounts in excess of 120 days are deemed uncollectible and reserved through the allowance.

<u>Investments</u> – Investments are reported at fair value.

<u>Capital Assets</u> – Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated cost. Assets acquired prior to July 1, 2001, consist of the road network assets that were acquired or that received substantial improvements subsequent to July 1, 1980, and are reported at estimated historical cost using deflated replacement cost. Donated fixed assets are recorded as capital assets at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The municipality maintains a threshold level of \$5,000 or more for capitalizing capital assets. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class	Estimates Useful Lives
Buildings and Infrastructure	30-40
Improvements	15-40
Vehicles	5-15
Equipment	3-40

Depreciation of fixed assets used by business-type activities is charged as an expense against operations. Depreciation has been provided over the estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

	<u>Years</u>
Lines, meters, & plants	15-50
Buildings & improvements	15-40
Equipment	4-10
Vehicles	4-5

All fixed assets are stated at historical cost or estimated historical cost, if actual historical cost is not available. Donated fixed assets are stated at their estimated fair value on the date received.

Interest incurred during construction in the governmental activities and business-type activities is reflected in the capitalized value of the asset constructed, net of investment earnings on invested loan proceeds during the same period. Net interest expense capitalized during the year ended May 31, 2024, amounted to \$0.

<u>Leases</u> - The City is a lessee under noncancellable lease agreements for a variety of purposes and uses, including equipment and vehicles. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, the City recognizes a lease hability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset (lease asset) in the financial statements. Lease liabilities are recorded for lease contracts with an initial individual value that is material to the financial statements and with lease periods greater than one year.

At the commencement of a lease, the City initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life. Key estimates and judgments related to leases include (1) the discount rate used to calculate the present value of expected lease payments, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

• The City uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate, if provided. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the City uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Leases-continued

The lease terms include the noncancellable period of the lease and optional renewal periods.
 Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments through the noncancellable term of the lease and renewal periods that management considers reasonably certain to be exercised.

The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability. Lease assets are reported with capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with long-term liabilities on the statement of net position.

<u>Compensated Absences</u> – The liability for compensated absences reported in the government-wide and proprietary fund statements consists of unpaid, accumulated annual and vacation leave balances. The liability has been calculated using the vesting method, in which leave amounts for both employees currently eligible to receive termination payments and other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments upon termination are included.

<u>Bad Debts</u> – Uncollectible amounts due for ad valorem taxes and customers' utility receivables are expensed when the debt becomes uncollectible, which is not materially different from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The City considers any utility receivable where service has been disconnected to be uncollectible. All utility receivables with service are considered collectible

<u>Statement of Cash Flows</u> – For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Enterprise Fund considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets), with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

<u>Use of Estimates</u> – The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, expenditures, and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

<u>Government-Wide and Proprietary Fund Net Position</u> – Government-wide and proprietary fund net position displayed in three components:

<u>Net investment in capital assets</u> – Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

<u>Restricted net position</u> – Consists of net assets with constraints placed on the use either by external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments, or law through constitutional provisions or enabling litigation.

<u>Unrestricted net position</u> – Consist of all other net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to used restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

<u>Fund Equity of Fund Financial Statements</u> – Accounting standards require governmental fund balances to be reported in as many as five classifications as listed below:

<u>Nonspendable</u> – represents amounts that are not expected to be converted to cash because they are either not in spendable form or legally contractually required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted</u> – represents balances where constraints have been established by parties outside the City or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> – represents balances that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the City Council.

<u>Assigned</u> – represents balances that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are not restricted or committed.

<u>Unassigned</u> – represents balances that have not been assigned to other funds and that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

When expenditures are incurred for the purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted amounts are available, the City reduces restricted amounts first, followed by unrestricted amounts. When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which committed, assigned and unassigned amounts are available, the City reduces committed amounts first, followed by assigned amounts and then unassigned amounts.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position or Balance Sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditure) until then. The City has two items that qualify for this category; pension related and OPEB related deferrals, which are reported in the government-wide statement

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position or Balance Sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) at that time. The City has two items that qualify for this category; pension and OPEB related deferrals which are reported in the government-wide statement. The amounts deferred are recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

Pension Plan

The City of Gonzales is a participating employer in multiple cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans as described in Note 12. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of each of the plans, and additions to/deductions for the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Pension Plan (continued)

For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments have been reported at fair value within the plan.

Reclassification

Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified for consistency with the current period presentation. These reclassifications had no effect on the reported results of operations.

Transfers In and Out

Advances between funds which are not expected to be repaid are accounted for as transfers. In those cases where repayment is expected, the transfers are accounted for through the various due from and due to accounts.

Due from Other Governments

The receivable amounts are made up of taxes and fees collected by other governments to be remitted, amounts due on rembursement grants, and reimbursements for expenditures from other agencies. No reserve for uncollectible is considered necessary for these receivables.

Interfund Receivables and Payables

During the course of operations transactions occur between individual funds. These receivables and payables are classified as "due to or due from other funds" on the fund financial statement balance sheet.

Newly Adopted Accounting Standard

The City adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs). The objective of this statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by establishing uniform accounting and financial reporting requirements for SBITAs, improving the comparability of financial statements among governments that have entered into SBITAs, and enhancing the understandability, reliability, relevance, and consistency of information about SBITAs. This statement was implemented during the year and had no effect on the City's financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

A summary of deposits followed.

Cash. Under state law, the City may deposit funds within a fiscal agent bank organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, the laws of any other state or the laws of the United States. The City may invest in certificates of deposit of any bank domiciled or having a branch office in the state of Louisiana.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in an event of bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The government does not have deposit policy for custodial risk. As of May 31, 2024, these deposits were completely collateralized and/or insured.

Cash Equivalents: The City has \$2,725.548 invested in the Louisiana Asset Management Pool (LAMP), a local government investment pool. LAMP is administered by LAMP, Inc., a nonprofit corporation organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana. Only local governments having contracted to participate in LAMP have an investment interest in its pool of assets. The primary objective of LAMP is to provide a safe environment for the placement of public funds in short-term, high-quality investments. The LAMP portfolio includes only securities and other obligations in which local governments in Louisiana are authorized to invest in accordance with LA – R.S. 33:2955.

GASB Statement No 40 Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosure, requires disclosure of credit risk, custodial credit risk, concentration of credit risk interest rate risk, and foreign currency risk for all public entity investments.

LAMP is an investment pool that, to the extent practical, invest in a manner consistent with GASB Statement No. 79. The following facts are relevant for investment pools.

- Credit risk: LAMP is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's
- Custodial credit risk. LAMP participants' investments in the pool are evidenced by shares of
 the pool. Investments in pools should be disclosed, but not categorized because they are not
 evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book-entry form. The public entity's investment
 is with the pool, not the securities that make up the pool; therefore, no disclosure is required.
- Concentration of credit risk. Pooled investments are excluded from the 5 percent disclosure requirement.
- Interest rate risk: LAMP is designed to be highly liquid to give its participants immediate access
 to their account balances. LAMP prepares its own interest rate risk disclosure using the weighted
 average maturity (WAM) method. The WAM of LAMP assets is restricted to not more than 90
 days and consists of no securities with a maturity in excess of 397 days or 762 days for U.S.
 Government floating/variable rate investments.
- Foreign currency risk. Not applicable

The investments in LAMP are stated at fair value. The fair value is determined on a weekly basis by LAMP and the value of the position in the external investment pool is the same as the net asset value of the pool shares.

LAMP, Inc. is subject to the regulatory oversight of the state treasurer and the board of directors. LAMP is not registered with the SEC as an investment company.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3. Capital Assets

Capital assets and depreciation activity as of and for the year ended May 31, 2024, are as follows

Governmental Activities:

	Beginning				Ending
	Balance	Increases	Decreases		Balance
Š	4,728,563	\$ -	S -	S	4,728,563
	10,251,573	12,785,500	(20.610,781)		2,426,292
	20,260,261	17,930,008	(21,000)		38,169.269
	61,589,269	6,008.145	-		67,597,414
	5,641,518	_	(346,167)		5,295,351
	546,722	1,103,691	-		1,650.413
	248.132	174.503	(14.660)		407,975
	103,266,038	38,001,847	(20,992,608)		120,275,277
	54,132,838	2,848,220	(367,167)		56,613.891
	191.126	294,592	(13,439)		472.279
	54,323.964	3,142.812	(380,606)		57,086,170
<u></u>	48,942.074	\$ 34,859,035	\$ (20.612.002)	<u> </u>	63.189,107
	•	\$ 4.728,563 10.251,573 20.260,261 61,589,269 5,641,518 546,722 248,132 103,266,038 54,132,838 191,126 54,323,964	Balance Increases 8 4.728,563 \$ - 10.251,573 12,785,500 20,260,261 17,930,008 61,589,269 6,008,145 5,641,518 - 546,722 1,103,691 248,132 174,503 103,266,038 38,001,847 54,132,838 2,848,220 191,126 294,592 54,323,964 3,142,812	Balance Increases Decreases 8 4.728,563 \$ - \$ - \$ 10,251,573 12,785,500 (20,610,781) 20,260,261 17,930,008 (21,000) 61,589,269 6,008,145 - 5,641,518 - (346,167) 546,722 1,103,691 - 248,132 174,503 (14,660) 103,266,038 38,001,847 (20,992,608) 54,132,838 2,848,220 (367,167) 191,126 294,592 (13,439) 54,323,964 3,142,812 (380,606)	Balance Increases Decreases 8 4.728,563 \$ - \$ - \$ \$ 10.251,573 12,785,500 (20.610,781) 20.260,261 17.930,008 (21,000) 61,589,269 6,008,145 - - (346,167) - 5,641,518 - (346,167) - - - 546,722 1,103,691 -

For the year ended May 31, 2024, depreciation expense of \$2,837.830 was charged to the following governmental functions:

Code Enforcement	\$ 1.322
Civic Center	48.443
Streets and drainage	1,240,029
Fire	262,779
General	515,524
Police	360,310
Recreation	419,813
	\$ 2,848,220

For the year ended May 31, 2024, amortization expense of \$294,592 was charged to the following governmental functions:

Code Enforcement	\$ 18.687
Administration	7.981
General Government	5,959
Streets and Drainage	34,539
Recreation	7.399
Fire	2.002
Buildings and Grounds	18.749
Police	199,276
	\$ 294,592

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3. Capital Assets (continued)

Business-Type Activities:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Cost of Capital	•			
Land	\$ 118,828	- 5	\$ -	\$ 118,828
Construction in Progress	2,607,955	377,433	(2,868,729)	116,659
Buildings, Improvements, & Equipment	1,161,547	6,352	-	1,167,899
Lines, Meters, & Plants	74,330,210	3,011,614	-	77,341,824
Vehicles	386,126	-	(33,794)	352,332
Right to use assets-vehicles	117,449	147,380	-	264,829
Total	78,722,115	3,542,779	(2,902,523)	79,362,371
Accumulated Depreciation	30,277,957	2,007,730	(33,794)	32,251,893
Accumulated Amortization	12,346	39,528	-	51,874
Total	30,290,303	2,047,258	(33,794)	32,303,767
Total Capital Assets, net	\$ 48,431,812	\$ 1,495,521	\$ (2,868,729)	\$ 47,058,604

For the year ended May 31, 2024, depreciation and amortization expense was \$2.047,258.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

4. Accounts Receivable

	General		Capital			
	F	und	Projects Fund		Utility Fund	
Receivables:						
Accounts	\$	-	\$	-	\$	689,932
Unbilled accounts		-		-		308,720
Other receivables		376,390		-		-
Grants receivables		282,329		5.642		_
Gross receivables		509,149		5,642		998,652
Less: allowance for uncollectible Total receivables, net		(149,570)		-		(117,390)
of allowance	\$	509,149	\$	5,642		881,262

5. Investments

State law authorizes the City to invest in U.S. Treasury obligations, obligations guaranteed by federal agencies, U.S. government instrumentalities which are federally sponsored, obligations of the State of Louisiana and other States, and certificates of deposit obligations and other investments allowed by law.

As of May 31, 2024, the City had the following investments and maturities:

Investment Type	<u>Fair Value</u>	Less Than 1	<u>1-5</u>	<u>Över 5 years</u>
General Fund				
U.S. Agencies	\$ 3,269,654	\$ 856,624	\$ 2,073,172	\$ 339,858
U.S. Treasuries	4,374,407	1,632,480	2,741,927	-
Municipal Bonds	2,138,918	866,084	1,272,834	-
Commercial Paper	561,886	-	561,886	-
Total General Fund				
Investments	\$ 10,344,865	\$ 3,355,188	\$ 6,649,819	\$ 339,858
Enterprise Fund				
U.S Agencies	\$ 2,727,977	\$ 898,937	\$ 1,829,041	.S -
U.S. Treasuries	1,731,115	605,196	1,125,919	-
Total Enterprise		•	***************************************	***************************************
Fund Investments	<u>\$ 4,459,093</u>	\$ 1,504,133	<u>\$ 2,954,960</u>	
Total Investments	\$ 14,803,958	\$ 4,859,321	\$ 9,604,779	\$ 339,858

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

5. Investments (continued)

Interest Rate Risk

The City's investment policy does not limit investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk

State law limits investments in securities issued, or backed by the United States Treasury obligations, U.S. Government instrumentalities, which are federally sponsored, and other political subdivisions. The City's investment policy does not further limit its investment choices. As of May 31, 2024, the City's investments in U.S. Agencies were rated AA+ by S&P's Investors Service and Aaa by Moody's Investor Services. The City's investments in U.S. Treasuries were rated AA+ by S&P's Investors Service and Aaa by Moody's Investors Services. The City's investments in Municipal Bonds were rated AAA, AA+, AA, and A by S&P's Investors Services and rated A1. Aa1, Aa2 and Aa3 by Moody's Investors Services. The City's investments in Commercial Paper were rated AAA, AA+, and AA- by S&P's Investors Services. A portion of the City's investments in U.S. Agencies and U.S. Treasuries were unrated. These investments made up 20% of U.S. Agencies and 2% of U.S. Treasuries.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The City places no limit on the amount the City may invest in any one issuer. More than 5 percent of the City's investments are in US Treasury, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp, Federal National Mortgage Assoc, Federal Home Loan Bank, and Municipal Bonds. These investments are 40%, 9%, 13%, 15%, and 14%, respectively of the City's total investments.

6. Ad Valorem Taxes

Ad valorem taxes attach an enforceable lien on property of January 1 of each year. Taxes are levied by the City in September or October, and are actually billed to the taxpayers in November Billed taxes become delinquent on January 1 of the following year. Revenues from ad valorem taxes are budgeted in the year billed.

The Ascension Parish Sheriff bills and collects property taxes using the assessed values determined by the tax assessor of Ascension Parish. The Ascension Parish Sheriff remits the taxes to the City.

For the year ended May 31, 2024 taxes of 8.55 mills were levied on property with taxable assessed valuations totaling \$192,017,500 and were dedicated as follows.

General corporate purposes 5.28 mills Fire department 3.27 mills

Total taxes levied were \$1,666,324. Property tax millage rates are adopted in the calendar year in which the taxes are levied and recorded. All taxes are due and collectible when the assessment rolls are filed on or before December 31 of the current year, and become delinquent thereafter.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

7. Transfers and Contributions to/from Other Funds

Transfers and contributions to from Other Funds at May 31, 2024 consist of the following:

		ransfers and atributions In_	Transfers and Contributions Out	
General Fund	\$	48,987	\$	3,600,000
Capital Projects Fund		11,529,329		5,074,648
Tanger Mall EDD		-		3,323,000
Conway EDD		-		65,316
PACE Center EDD		-		1,810,000
Enterprise Fund		2,294,648		-
-	<u> </u>	13,872,964	\$	13,872,964

Transfers and contributions to and from the different funds are to provide supplemental funds for fund operations. At the end of the year, the General fund reported a due to Enterprise fund \$5,683.

8. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets, which consist of cash and cash equivalents and investments at May 31, 2024 were applicable to the following:

	Enterprise Fund		Tanger Mall EDD Fund		PACE Center EDD Fund	
Customer Deposits	\$	563,893	S	-	S	-
Cash equivalents-Money Market		4,949		4,673		190,215
Investments		627,311		-		-
Cash equivalents-LAMP		-		888,009		-
Total restricted assets	\$	1,196,153	\$	892,682	S	190,215

9. Long-Term Liabilities

Lease Obligations

The City leases various equipment and vehicles. These leases range in terms from 3 to 5 years and payment terms vary in both frequency and amounts. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 87, Leases, a liability has been recorded for the present value of lease payments over the lease term for each agreement. As of May 31, 2024, the combined value of the lease habilities was \$1,860,742. In determining the present values, discount rates of 6% to 7% were applied, depending on the duration of the lease agreement and other factors. The recorded combined value of the right to use assets as of the end of the current fiscal year was \$2,323,217 and combined accumulated amortization of these assets was \$524,153

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

9. Long-Term Liabilities (continued)

Notes	Pava	ıble

Notes payable at May 31, 2024, is comprised of the following:

The City has a note payable to a Company, due in May 2029, payable in monthly installments of \$25,000, with interest at 5.3%, secured by equipment.	\$	1,315,186
The City has a note payable to a Company, due in November 2024, payable in an annual installment of \$18,282, with interest at 3.88%, secured by		
vehicles.		17,598
Total notes payable		1,332,784
Less: current portion		(253,575)
Net long-term liabilities	S	1,079,209

Bonds Pavable

Bonds payable at May 31, 2024, is comprised of the following individual issue.

l	tı	lity	ob)	lıgat	ion	bonds:

\$15,170,000 Public Improvement Sales Tax Bonds dated September 22, 2014.
due in annual installments of \$780,000 to \$866,000 through March 1, 2035,
interest at 0.95%, secured by collection of sales taxes.

\$ 8,302,472

\$2,400,000 Taxable Sales Tax Bonds, Series 2022 dated May 24, 2022, due in
annual installments of \$69,000 to \$129,000 through March 1, 2042, interest at
1.95%, secured by collection of sales taxes.

1,902,476

Occupancy tax bond:

\$4,500,000 Taxable Hotel Occupancy Tax Bond, Series 2021 dated April 1, 2021, due in annual installments of \$83,000 to \$652,000 through May 1, 2044, interest at 3.88%, secured by collection of occupancy taxes.

at 3.88%, secured by collection of occupancy taxes.	4,243,000
Total bonds payable	14,447,948
Less: current portion	(1,061,365)
Net long-term habilities	\$ 13,386,583

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

9. Long-Term Liabilities (continued)

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of long-term liabilities transactions of the City of Gonzales for the year ended May 31, 2024:

Governmental activities:	Balance at June 1, 2023	Additions	Reductions	Balance at May 31, 2024	Due Within One Year
	\$ 529,200	\$ 48,287	\$ (22,515)	\$ 554,972	s -
Compensated absences	·,	∌ +0,207		· ·	
Notes payable	79,662		(62,064)	17,598	17,598
Lease liabilities	622,080	1,278,195	(265,799)	1,634,476	376,599
Other post-employment					
benefits	7,344,845	593,954	(590,534)	7,348,265	-
Net pension liability	19,552,871	-	(1,513,290)	18,039,581	-
Bonds payable	5,392	4,411,608	(174,000)	4,243,000	181,000
Total	\$ 28,134,050	\$ 6,332,044	\$ (2,628,202)	\$ 31,837,892	\$ 575,197
Business-type activities:					
Compensated absences	\$ 54,547	\$ 14,666	\$ (4,363)	\$ 64,850	S -
Notes payable	1,539,008	-	(223,822)	1,315,186	235,977
Lease liabilities	110,768	147,380	(31,882)	226,266	48,355
Other post-employment					
benefits	1,743,998	177,415	(176,394)	1,745,019	-
Net pension hability	3,074,423	-	(415,650)	2,658,773	-
Bonds payable	11,075,948	<u>-</u>	(871,000)	10,204,948	880,365
Total	\$ 17,598,692	\$ 339,461	\$ (1,723,111)	\$ 16,215,042	\$1,164,697

The future principal and interest lease payments as of May 31, 2024, are as follows:

	Government	al Activities	Business-Type Activities		
Year ending May 31	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	
2025	\$ 376,599	\$ 107,285	\$ 48,355	\$ 14,899	
2026	380,402	79,516	52,039	11,213	
2027	385,161	56,553	56.006	7,245	
2028	352,251	24,136	51,272	3,083	
2029	140,063	3,497	18,347	460	
w	\$ 1,634,476	\$ 270,987	\$ 226,019	\$ 36,900	

The future principal and interest note payments as of May 31, 2024, are as follows:

	Governmental Activities		Business-Typ	e Activities
Year ending May 31	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>
2025	\$ 17,598	\$ 683	\$ 235,977	\$ 64,028
2026	-	-	248,792	51,213
2027	-	-	262,304	37,701
2028	-	-	276,548	23,456
2029	-	-	291,565	8,438
	\$ 17,598	\$ 683	\$1,315,186	\$184,836

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

9. Long-Term Liabilities (continued)

The annual requirements to amortize bonds outstanding as of May 31, 2024, are as follows:

	Government	tal Activities	Business-Type Activities	
Year(s) ending May 31	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2025	\$ 181,000	\$ 164,628	\$ 880,365	\$ 114,302
2026	188,000	157,606	890,457	105,045
2027	195,000	150,312	900,596	95,668
2028	203,000	142,746	909,794	86,174
2029	211,000	134,868	920,041	76,575
2030-2034	1,182,000	499,821	4,755,383	234,530
2035-2039	1,431,000	-	571,023	59,594
2040-2044	652,000	380,783	377,289	7,476
	\$ 4,243,000	\$ 1,249,981	\$10,204,948	\$ 779,364

Under the terms of the bonds, the City is required to establish a Bond Reserve and Sinking fund. As of May 31, 2024, the City is in compliance with these requirements.

10. Sales and Use and Occupancy Tax

The City has the following sales and use and occupancy taxes in existence as of May 31, 2024:

On September 10, 1966, a 1 percent sales tax was passed to be used for streets, sidewalks, drainage, garbage, utilities, parks and recreation, fire department, and acquisition and maintenance of public buildings including City Hall and Civic Center.

On April 1, 1989, a ½ percent sales tax was passed to be used for sewer, water, drainage, streets, and gas. This tax is pledged to the payment of the Public Improvement Sales Tax Bonds dated March 1, 2014. On September 22, 2014, the City adopted a First Supplemental Bond Ordinance which extends the collection of the ½ percent sales tax for the purpose of acquiring, construction and installment of improvements, extensions and replacements to the City's wastewater treatment and disposal system. On April 13, 2020, the City adopted a Second Supplemental Bond Ordinance authorizing the issuance of bonds which extends the collection of the ½ percent sales tax for the purpose of paying costs of acquiring and constructing additions and improvements to the City's drinking water system and paying costs of issuance. This tax is set to expire upon the retirement of any bonds issued payable.

On July 1, 2001, an additional ½ percent sales tax was passed to be used for fire, police, and sanitation.

On May 16, 2005, proceeds from the 1% sales and use tax authorized on September 10, 1966 and the ½ percent sales and use authorized on April 1, 1989 collected within the Gonzales Economic Development District No. 1 were dedicated to the Industrial Development Board of the City of Gonzales, Louisiana, Inc. to promote economic development.

On June 1, 2012, an additional 1% sales and use tax was passed to be used for funding economic development projects selected by the Tanger Mall Economic Development District. This tax is only assessed in the Tanger Mall Economic Development District only. The tax is set to expire on May 31, 2032.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

10. Sales and Use and Occupancy Tax (continued)

On May 29, 2018 an ordinance was adopted to authorize the execution of a cooperative endeavor agreement by and among the City of Gonzales (City), Conway Economic Development District of the City of Gonzales (EDD) and Conway Development LLC (Company) relating to the collection, use and expenditure of a 1% sales and use tax and a 1% hotel occupancy tax (EDD Tax) to be levied in the district. This tax is dedicated to the district to reimburse the Company for Phase 1 & 2 infrastructure improvements.

On December 8, 2018, a hotel occupancy tax of two percent was passed to be used for the purpose of financing, construction, maintenance and operation of an event and conference center for the City. The tax is effective April 1, 2019 for perpetuity.

11. Deferred Compensation Plan

The City participates in the State of Louisiana Deferred Compensation Plan, (an IRC 457 deferred compensation plan). The plan covers all full-time employees. The City does not match employee contributions.

12. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

The City of Gonzales is a participating employer in three cost-sharing defined multiple employer defined benefit pension plans that include the Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana (MERS), the Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System (MPERS) and the Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System (LASERS). Article X, Section 29 (F) of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions of the State-wide plans to the State Legislature. Each system is administered by a separate board of trustees.

Each of the State-wide Systems issues an annual publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the system. These reports may be obtained by writing, calling or downloading the reports as follows:

LASERS: MERS: MPERS: 7937 Office Park Blvd. 7722 Office Park Blvd. P.O. Box 44213 Baton Rouge, LA Suite 200 Baton Rouge, LA 70809 Baton Rouge, LA 70809 70804-4213 (225) 925-4810 (225) 929-7411 (225) 922-6000 www.lampers.com www.lasersonline.org www.mersla.com

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

12. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

The City implemented Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 68 on Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Statement 71 on Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – an Amendment of GASB 68. These standards require the City the record its proportional share of each of the pension plans Net Pension Liability and report the following disclosures:

Plan Descriptions:

Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana (MERS)

The Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana (MERS) is the administrator of a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The System was originally established by Act 356 of the 1954 regular session of the Legislature of the State of Louisiana. The System provides retirement benefits to employees of all incorporated villages, towns and cities within the State which do not have their own retirement system and which elect to become members of the System. For the year ended June 30, 2023, there were 88 contributing municipalities in Plan A and 68 in Plan B. The City of Gonzales is a participant in Plan A only.

The following is a description of the plan and its benefits and is provided for general information purposes only.

Membership is mandatory as a condition of employment beginning on the date employed if the employee is on a permanent basis working at least thirty-five hours per week. Those individuals paid jointly by a participating employer and the parish are not eligible for membership in the System with exceptions as outlined in the statutes.

Any member of Plan A who was hired before January 1, 2013 can retire providing the member meets one of the following criteria:

- 1. Any age with twenty-five (25) or more years of creditable service.
- 2. Age 60 with a minimum of ten (10) years creditable service.
- 3. Any age with five (5) years of creditable service eligible for disability benefits.
- 4. Survivor's benefits require five (5) years creditable service at death of member.
- 5. Any age with 20 years of creditable service, exclusive of military service with an actuarially reduced early benefit.

Eligibility for Retirement for Plan A members hired on or after January 1, 2013 is as follows:

- 1. Age 67 with seven (7) or more years of creditable service
- 2. Age 62 with ten (10) or more years of creditable service
- 3. Age 55 with thirty (30) or more years of creditable service
- 4. Any age with twenty-five (25) years of creditable service, exclusive of military service and unused side leave. However, any member retiring under this subsection shall have their benefit actuarially reduced from the earliest age of which the member would be entitles to a vested deferred benefit under any provision of this section, if the member had continued service to the age

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

12. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana (MERS) (continued)

Generally, the monthly amount of the retirement allowance for any member of Plan A shall consist of an amount equal to three percent of the member's monthly average final compensation multiplied by his years of creditable service. However, under certain conditions as outlined in the statutes, the benefits are limited to specified amounts.

Upon death of any member of Plan A with five (5) or more years of creditable service, not eligible for retirement, the plan provides for benefits for the surviving spouse and or minor children as outlined in the statutes. Any member of Plan A, who is eligible for normal retirement at time of death and who leaves a surviving spouse will be deemed to have retired and selected Option 2 benefits on behalf of the surviving spouse on the date of death. Such benefits will begin only upon proper application and are paid in lieu of any other survivor benefits.

In lieu of terminating employment and accepting a service retirement allowance, any member of Plan A who is eligible to retire may elect to participate in the deferred retirement option plan (DROP) for up to three years and defer the receipt of benefits. During participation in the plan, employer contributions are payable by employee contributions cease. The monthly retirement benefits that would be payable, had the person elected to cease employment and received a service retirement allowance, are paid into the DROP Fund. Interest is earned when the member has completed DROP participation. Interest earnings are based upon the actual rate of return on the investments identified as DROP funds for the period. In addition, no cost-of-living increases are payable to participants until employment which make them eligible to become members of the System has been terminated for at least one full year. Upon termination of employment prior to or at the end of a specified period of participation, a participant in the Drop may receive, at his option, a lump sum from the account equal to the payment if approved by the board of trustees. If a participant dies during participation in the DROP, a lump sum equal to the balance in his account shall be paid to his named beneficiary, or if none, to his estate. If employment is not terminated at the end of the three years, payments into the DROP fund cease and the person resumes active contributing membership in the System.

For Plan A, a member shall be eligible to retire and receive a disability benefit if he has at least five years of creditable service, is not eligible for normal retirement and has been officially certified as disabled by the State Medical Disability Board. Upon retirement caused by disability, a member of Plan A shall be paid a disability benefit equal to the lesser of forty-five percent of his final average compensation or three percent of his final average compensation multiplied by his years of creditable service whichever is greater or an amount equal to three percent of the member's final average compensation multiplied by his years of creditable service projected to his earliest normal retirement age.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

12. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System (MPERS)

The Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System (MPERS) is the administrator of a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan. Membership in the System is mandatory for any full-time police officer employed by a municipality of the State of Louisiana and engaged in law enforcement, empowered to make arrests, providing he or she does not have to pay social security and providing he or she meets the statutory criteria. The System provides retirement benefits for municipal police officers

The projections of benefit payments in the calculation of the total pension liability includes all benefits to be provided to current active and inactive employees through the System in accordance with benefit terms and any additional legal agreements to provide benefits that are in force at the measurement date. Benefit provisions are authorized within Act 189 of 1973 and amended by LRS 11:2211 – 11.2233.

The following is a brief description of the plan and its benefits and is provided for general information purposes only.

Membership prior to January 1, 2013: A member is eligible for regular retirement after he has been a member of the System and has 25 years of creditable service at any age or has 20 years of creditable service and is age 50 or has 12 years creditable service and is age 55. A member is eligible for early retirement after he has been a member of the System for 20 years of creditable service at any age with an actuarially reduced benefit. Benefit rates are three and one-third percent of average final compensation (average monthly earnings during the highest 36 consecutive months or joined months if service was interrupted) per number of years of creditable service not to exceed 100% of final salary. Upon the death of an active contributing member, or disability retiree, the plan provides for surviving spouses and minor children. Under certain conditions outlined in the statutes, the benefits range from forty to sixty percent of the member's average final compensation for the surviving spouse. In addition, each child under age eighteen receives benefits equal to ten percent of the member's average final compensation or \$200.00 per month, whichever is greater.

Membership Commencing January 1, 2013: Member eligibility for regular retirement, early retirement, disability and survivor benefits are based on Hazardous Duty and Non-Hazardous Duty sub plans. Under the Hazardous Duty sub plan, a member is eligible for regular retirement after he has been a member of the System and has 25 years of creditable service at any age or has 12 years of creditable service at age 55. Under the Non-Hazardous Duty sub plan, a member is eligible for regular retirement after he has been a member of the System and has 30 years of creditable service at any age, 25 years of creditable service at age 55, or 10 years of creditable service at age 60. Under both sub plans, a member is eligible for early retirement after he has been a member of the System for 20 years of creditable service at any age, with an actuarially reduced benefit from age 55. Under the Hazardous and Non-Hazardous Duty sub plans, the benefit rates are three percent and two and a half percent, respectively, of average final compensation (average monthly earnings during the highest 60 consecutive months or joined months if service was interrupted) per number of years of creditable service not to exceed 100% of final salary. Upon death of an active contributing member, or disability retiree, the plan provides for surviving spouses and minor children. Under certain conditions outlined in the statues, the benefits range from twenty-five to fifty-five percent of the member's average final compensation for the surviving spouse. In addition, each child under age eighteen receives ten percent of average final compensation or \$200 per month whichever is greater.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

12. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System (MPERS) (continued)

If deceased member had less than ten years of service, beneficiary will receive a refund of employee contributions only.

Deferred Retirement Option Plan: A member is eligible to elect to enter the deferred retirement option plan (DROP) when he is eligible for regular retirement based on the members' sub plan participation. Upon filing the application for the program, the employee's active membership in the System is terminated. At the entry date into the DROP, the employee and employer contributions cease. The amount to be deposited into the DROP account is equal to the benefit computed under the retirement plan elected by the participant at date of application. The duration of participation in the DROP is thirty-six months or less. If employment is terminated after the three-year period, the participant may receive his benefits by lump sum payment or a true annuity. If employment is not terminated, active contributing membership into the System shall resume and upon later termination, he shall receive additional retirement benefit based on the additional service. For those eligible to enter DROP prior to January 1, 2004, DROP accounts shall earn interest subsequent to the termination of DROP participation at a rate of half of one percentage point below the percentage rate of return of the System's investment portfolio as certified by the actuary on an annual basis but will never lose money. For those eligible to enter DROP subsequent to January 1, 2004, an irrevocable election is made to earn interest based on the System's investment portfolio return or a money market investment return. This could result in a negative earnings rate being applied to the account. If the member elects a money market investment return, the funds are transferred to a government money market account.

Initial Benefit Option Plan: In 1999, the State Legislature authorized the System to establish an Initial Benefit Option program. Initial Benefit Option is available to members who are eligible for regular retirement and have not participated in DROP. The Initial Benefit Option program provides both a one-time single sum payment of up to 36 months of regular monthly retirement benefit, plus a reduced monthly retirement benefit for life. Interest is computed on the balance based on same criteria as DROP.

Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System (LASERS)

The Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System (LASERS) is the administrator of a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established by Section 401 of Title 11 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes (La. R.S. 11:401) to provide retirement allowances and other benefits to eligible state officers, employees, and their beneficiaries.

The following is a description of the plan and its benefits and is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to the appropriate statutes for more complete information.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

12. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System (LASERS) (continued)

Eligibility Requirements

All state employees, except those specifically excluded by statute, become members of the System's Defined Benefit Plan (DBP) as a condition of employment, unless they elect to continue as a contributing member in any other retirement system for which they remain eligible for membership. Certain elected officials and officials appointed by the Governor may, at their option, become members of LASERS. Also, qualifying unclassified state employees may have made an irrevocable election to participate in the Optional Retirement Plan (ORP) between July 12, 1999 and December 7, 2007, when the plan closed.

Retirement

The age and years of creditable service required in order for a member to retire with full benefits are stablished by statute, and vary depending on the member to retire with full benefits are established by statute, and vary depending on the member's hire date, employer, and job classification. The majority of our rank and file members may either retire with full benefits at any age upon completing 30 years of creditable service and at age 60 upon completing ten years of creditable service depending on their plan. Additionally, members may choose to retire with 20 years of service at any age, with an actuarially reduced benefit. The basic annual retirement benefit for members is equal to 2.5% to 3.5% of average compensation multiplied by the number of years of credible service.

Average compensation is defined as the member's average annual earned compensation for the highest 36 consecutive months of employment for members employed prior to July 1, 2006. For members hired July 1, 2006 or later, average compensation is based on the member's average annual earned compensation for the highest 60 consecutive months of employment. The maximum annual retirement benefit cannot exceed the lesser of 100% of average compensation or a certain specified dollar amount of actuarially determined monetary limits, which vary depending upon the member's age at retirement. Judges, court officers, and certain elected officials receive an additional annual retirement benefit equal to 1.0% of average compensation multiplied by the number of years of creditable service in their respective capacity. As an alternative to the basic retirement benefits, a member may elect to receive their retirement throughout their high, with certain benefits being paid to their designated beneficiary after their death.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

12. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System (LASERS) (continued)

Act 992 of the 2010 Louisiana Regular Legislative Session, changed the benefit structure for LASERS members hired on or after January 1, 2011. This resulted in three new plans: regular, hazardous duty, and judges. The new regular plan includes regular members and those members who were formally eligible to participate in specialty plans, excluding hazardous duty and judges. Regular members and judges are eligible to retire at age 60 after five years of creditable service and, may also retire at any age, with reduced benefit, after 20 years of creditable service. Hazardous duty members are eligible to retire with twelve years of creditable service at age 55, 25 years of creditable service at any age or with a reduced benefit after 20 years of creditable service. Average compensation will be based on the member's average annual earned compensation for the highest 60 consecutive months of employment for all three new plans. Members in the regular plan will receive a 2.5% accrual rate, hazardous duty plan a 3.33% accrual rate, and judges a 3.5% accrual rate. The extra 1.0% accrual rate for each year of service for court officers, the governor, lieutenant governor, legislators, House clerk, sergeants at arms, or Senate secretary, employed after January 1, 2011, who are hazardous duty employees have the option to transition to the new hazardous duty plan.

A member leaving employment before attaining minimum retirement age, but after completing certain minimum service requirements, becomes eligible for a benefit provided the member lives to the minimum service retirement age, and does not withdraw their accumulated contributions. The minimum service requirement for benefits varies depending upon the member's employer and service classification but generally is ten years of service.

Deferred Benefits

The State Legislature authorized LASERS to establish a Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP). When a member enters DROP, their status changes from active member to retiree even though they continue to work and draw their salary for a period of up to three years. The election is irrevocable once participation begins. During DROP participation, accumulated retirement benefits that would have been paid to each retiree are separately tracked. For members who entered DROP prior to January 1, 2004, interest at a rate of one-half percent less than the System's realized return on its portfolio (not to be less than zero) will be credited to the retiree after participation ends. At that time, the member must choose among available alternatives for the distribution of benefits that have accumulated in the DROP account. Members who enter DROP on or after January 1, 2004, are required to participate in LASERS Self-Directed Plan (SDP) which is administered by a third-party provider. The SDP allows DROP participants to choose from a menu of investment options for the allocation of their DROP balances. Participants may diversify their investments by choosing from an approved list of mutual funds with different holdings, management styles, and risk factors.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

12. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System (LASERS) (continued)

Members eligible to retire and who do not choose to participate in DROP may elect to receive at the time of retirement an initial benefit option (IBO) in an amount up to 36 months of benefits, with an actuarial reduction of their future benefits. For members who selected the IBO option prior to January 1, 2004, such amount may be withdrawn or remain in the IBO account earning interest at a rate of one-half percent less than the System's realized return on its portfolio (not to be less than zero). Those members who select the IBO on or after January 1, 2004, are required to enter the SDP as described.

Disability Benefits

All members with ten or more years of credited service who become disabled may receive a maximum disability retirement benefit equivalent to the regular retirement formula without reduction by reason of age.

Upon reaching age 60, the disability retiree may receive a regular retirement benefit by making application to the Board of Trustees.

For injuries sustained in the line of duty, hazardous duty personnel in the Hazardous Duty Services Plan will receive a disability benefit equal to 75% of final average compensation.

Survivor's Benefit

Certain eligible surviving dependents receive benefits based on the deceased member's compensation and their relationship to the deceased. The deceased member who was in state service at the time of death must have a minimum of five years of service credit, at least two of which were earned immediately prior to death, or who had a minimum of twenty years of service credit regardless of when earned in order for a benefit to be paid to a minor or handicapped child. Benefits are payable to an unmarried child until age 18, or age 23 if the child remains a full-time student. The aforementioned minimum service credit requirement is ten years for a surviving spouse with no minor children, and benefits are to be paid for life to the spouse or qualified handicapped child.

Funding Policy

Article X, Section 29 (E) (2) (a) of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974 assigns the Legislature the authority to determine employee contributions. Employer contributions are actuarially determined using statutorily established methods on an annual basis and are constitutionally required to cover the employer's portion of the normal cost and provide for the amortization of the unfunded accrued liability. Employer contributions are adopted by the Legislature annually upon recommendation of the Public Retirement Systems' Actuarial Committee (PRSAC).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

12. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

Contributions to the plans are required and determined by State statute (which may be amended) and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The contribution rates in effect for the year ended May 31, 2024, for the City and covered employees were as follows:

	City	Employees
Municipal Employees' Retirement System – Plan A	29.50%	10.000.0
Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System		
All employees hired prior to 01/01/2013 and all		
hazardous duty employees hired after 01/01/2013	33.93%	10.00%
Non-hazardous duty hired after 01/01/2013	33.93%	8.00%
Employees receiving compensation below poverty		
Guidelines of US Department of Health	36.43%	7.50%
Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System -		
Judges hired prior to 01/01/2011	44.70%	13.00%

The contributions made to the Systems for the past three years ending on May 31, were as follows.

	2024		2023		2022	
Mumcipal Employees' Retirement					***************************************	
System: Plan A	\$	1,769,812	\$	1,653,140	\$	1,536,405
Municipal Police Employees'						
Retirement System	\$	1,207,477	\$	1,039,903	\$	959,198
Louisiana State Employees'						
Retirement System	\$	3,168	\$	3,110	\$	3,061
	\$	2,980,457		2,696,153	\$	2,498,664

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The following schedule lists the City's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability allocated by each of the pension plans based on the June 30, 2023 measurement date. The City uses this measurement to record its Net Pension Liability and associated amounts as of May 31, 2024 in accordance with GASB Statement 68. The schedule includes the proportionate share allocation rate used at June 30, 2023 along with the change compared to the June 30, 2022 rate. The City's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

12. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans</u> (continued)

	I	let Pension Liability at ne 30, 2023	Rate at June 30, 2023	Increase (Decrease) to June 30, 2022 Rate
Governmental Activities:				
Municipal Employees Retirement System of Louisiana:				
Plan A	\$	7,567,279	2.797930%	-0.049178%
Municipal Police Employees'				
Retirement System		10,449,610	0.989081%	-0.065063%
Louisiana State Employees'				
Retirement System		22,691	0.00034%	-0.000020%
		18,039,580		
Business-type Activities:				
Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana				
Plan A	_ \$	2,658,774	2.797930%	-0.049178%

The following schedule lists each pension plan's recognized pension expense (benefit) of the City for the year ended May 31, 2024:

\$	(233,779)
	670,042
₹	(2,608) 433,655
	\$

At May 31, 2024, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		red Outflows Resources		rred Inflows Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	S	743,425	S	(97,890)
Change of assumptions		174,372		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between employer		2,303,311		-
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		513,357		(510,403)
Differences between allocated and actual contributions		-		(13,362)
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		2,980,457		-
Total	\$	6,714,922	\$	(621,655)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

12. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

Summary totals of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources by pension plan:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Municipal Employees' Retirement				
System of Louisiana: Plan A	\$	3,260,573	\$	(212,649)
Municipal Police Employees'				
Retirement System		3,450,560		(409.006)
Louisiana State Employees' Retirement				
System		3,789		-
•		6,714,922	\$	(621,655)

The following table lists the City's contributions to each retirement system that is reported as deferred outflow of resources related to pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement period of June 30, 2023 which will be recognized as a reduction in Net Pension Liability in the year ended May 31, 2024. The following schedule list the pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement period for each pension plan:

		absequent ntributions
Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana:	***************************************	
Plan A	\$	1,769,812
Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System		1,207,477
Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System		3,168
	- \$	2,980,457

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year	MERS	MPERS	LASERS	Total
2024	\$ 497,258	\$ 695,413	\$ 628	\$ 1,193,299
2025	7,168	205,793	(830)	212,132
2026	848,101	988,728	1,123	1,837,953
2027	(74.415)	(55,858)	(301)	(130,574)
	\$ 1,278,112	\$ 1,834,077	\$ 630	\$ 3,112,810

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

12. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

A summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used in determining the total pension hability for each pension plan as of June 30, 2023 are as follows:

	MERS	MPERS	LASERS
Valuation Date	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2023
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal Cost	Entry Age Normal Cost	Entry Age Normal
Actuarial Assumptions: Expected Remaining Service Lives	3 years-Plan A	4 years	2 years
Investment Rate of Return	6 85% net of pension plan unvestment expense, including inflation	6.75% net of investment expenses	7.25% per annum, net of investment expense
Inflation Rate	2 50° 6	2.50%a	2.30%
Mortality	PubG-2010(B) Healthy Retiree Table set equal to 120% for males and females, each adjusted using their respective male and female MP2018 scales PubG-2010(B) Employee Table set equal to 120% for males and females, each adjusted using their respective male and female MP2018 scales PubNS-2010(B) Disabled Retiree table set equal to 120% for males and females with the full generational MP2018 scale.	Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plan Mortality Table for Safety Below-Median Healthy Retirees multiplied by 115% for males and 125% for females, each with full generational projection using the MP2019 scale was used. Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Table for Safety Disable Retirees multiplied by 105% for males and 115% for females, each with full generational projection using the MP2019 scale was used. Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Table for Safety Below-Median Employees multiplied by 115% for males and 125% for females, each with full generational projection using the MP2019 scales was used. The mortality rate assumption used was set based upon an experience study performed by the prior actuary on plan data for the period of July 1, 2014 through June 30, 2019, and review of similar law enforcement mortality.	Non-disabled members- mortality rates for 2020 were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar (males females) and White Collar (females) Healthy Annuitant Tables projected on a fully generational basis by Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2018 Disabled members - mortality rates based on the RP- 2000 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table, with no projection for mortality improvement

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

12. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

	MERS		IPERS]	LASERS	
Termination. Disability, and Retirement				Termination, di assumptions were year (2014-2018) System's member	projected bas experience	
Salary	Plan A	Years of	Salary	Salary increases	were projecte	d based on a
Increases	1-4 years of service - 6.4%	Service	Growth	2014-2018 experi	ence study of	the System's
	More than 4 years of service -		Rate	members. The s	alary increas	e ranges for
	4.5%	1-2	12 30% o	specific types of i	nembers are:	
		Above 2	4.70^{o} o	Member	Lower	Upper
				<u>Type</u>	Range	Range
				Regular	3.0%	12.8%
				Judges	2.6^{o} o	5.1°o
				Corrections	3.6%	13.8% o
				Hazardous	3.6°°a	13.8%
				Duty		
				Wildlife	3.6%	13.8%
Cost of Living	The System is authorized	The present	value of future	The present val	ue of futur	e retirement

Cost of Living Adjustments

under state law to grant a cost of living increase to members who have been retired for a least one year. The adjustment cannot exceed 2% of the retiree's original benefit for each full calendar year since retirement and may only be granted if sufficient funds are available from investment income in excess of normal requirements. State allows the System to grant additional cost of living increases to all retnees and beneficiaries who are age sixty-five and above equal to 2% of the benefit being received on October 1, 1977 or the original benefit, if retirement commenced after that date

The present value of future retirement benefits is based on benefits currently being paid by the System and includes previously granted cost-of-living increases. The present values do not include provisions for potential future increases not yet authorized by the Board of Trustees.

The present value of future retirement benefits is based on benefits currently being paid by the System and includes previously granted costs of living increases. The projected benefit payments do not include provisions for potential future increases not yet authorized by the Board of Trustees as they were deemed not to be substantively automatic

MERS - The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an experience study for the period July 2013 through June 30, 2018.

MPERS - The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 actuarial funding valuation and were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period of July 1, 2014 through June 30, 2019.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

12. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

LASERS - The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an experience study for the period July 1, 2014 through June 30, 2018.

The following table provides a summary of the best estimates of arithmetic/geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in each of the Retirement Systems target asset allocations as of June 30, 2023:

	Target Allocation			Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Retu			
Asset Class	MERS	MPERS	LASERS	MERS	MPERS	LASERS	
Public equity	56%a	-	O ^o n	2.44%	-	-	
Equities	-	52%	52° o	=	3.29%	0.80°°	
Public fixed income	29° a	-	-	$1.2\sigma^{a_{a}}$	-	-	
Fixed income	-	34° a	20° o	-	1.12%	7.37° o	
Alternatives	15%	14%	28%	0.65%	0.95%	8 19°°a	
Cash	-	-	-	-	-	0.80°a	
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total	100° o	10000	100%	4.35%	5 36°°a	5.75%	
Iuflation				2.50%	2.50% o	2 30%	
Expected Arithmetic No	ominal Return			6.85%	7 90°°	8.19%	

Discount Rate

The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that sponsor contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability for MERS, MPERS and LASERS was 6.85%, 6.75% and 7.25%, respectively for the year ended June 30, 2023

Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table presents the City's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability (NPL) using the discount rate of each Retirement System as well as what the City's proportionate share of the NPL would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower or one percentage-point higher than the current rate used by each of the Retirement Systems:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

12. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

	1.0)% Decrease	D	Current iscount Rate	1.0% Increase		
MERS A	***************************************						
Rates		5 85%		6.85%		7.85%	
City's Share of NPL	\$	14,177,117	\$	10,226,053	\$	6,888,588	
MPERS							
Rates		5.75%		6.75%		7.75%	
City's Share of NPL	\$	14,703,426	\$	10,449,610	\$	6,896,108	
LASERS							
Rates		6.25%		7.25%		8.25%	
City's Share of NPL	\$	29,712	\$	22,691	\$	16,743	

Pavables to the Pension Plan

The City did not have any payables due to the retirement systems at May 31, 2024.

Support of Non-employer Contributing Entities

Contributions received by a pension plan from non-employer contributing entities that are not in a special funding situation are recorded as revenue by the respective pension plan. The City recognizes revenue in an amount equal to their proportionate share of the total contributions to the pension plan from these non-employer contributing entities. The City recognized revenue as a result of support received from MERS of \$210,481 and MPERS of \$228,114.

13. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan description – The City of Gonzales (the City) provides certain continuing health care and life insurance benefits for its retired employees. The City of Gonzales's OPEB Plan (the OPEB Plan) is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the City. The authority to establish and/or amend the obligation of the employer, employees and retirees rests with the City. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification Section P52 Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions—Reporting for Benefits Not Provided Through Trusts That Meet Specified Criteria—Defined Benefit.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

13. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (continued)

Benefits Provided – Medical benefits are provided through a comprehensive medical plan and are made available to employees upon actual retirement. The employees are covered by a retirement system whose retirement eligibility (D.R.O.P. entry) provisions are as follows. 25 years of service at any age, or, age 60 and 10 years of service.

Employees covered by benefit terms – At May 31, 2024, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	22
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	-
Active employees	116
	138

Total OPEB Liability

The City's total OPEB liability of \$9,088,842 was measured as of May 31, 2024 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions and other inputs – The total OPEB liability in the May 31, 2024 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 2.5%

Salary increases 4.0%, including inflation

Discount rate 3.16% annually (Beginning of Year to Determine ADC)

3.74% annually (As of End of Year Measurement Date)

Healthcare cost trend rates Flat 4.0% annually Mortality SOA RP-2000 Table

The discount rate was based on the average of the Bond Buyers' 20 Year General Obligation municipal bond index as of May 31, 2024, the end of the applicable measurement period.

The actuarial assumptions used in the May 31, 2024 valuation were based on the results of ongoing evaluations of the assumptions from June 1, 2009 to May 31, 2024.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

13. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (continued)

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Balance at May 31, 2023	\$	9,088,843
Changes for the year:		
Service cost		229,226
Interest		335,493
Differences between expected and actual experience		206,651
Changes in assumptions		(530,035)
Benefit payments and net transfers		(236,893)
Net changes	***************************************	4,442
Balance at May 31, 2024	<u> </u>	9,093,284

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (3.13%) or 1-percentage-point higher (5.13%) than the current discount rate.

	1.0% Decrease	1.0% Increase	
	(3.13%)	Rate (4.13%)	(5.13%)
Total OPEB liability	\$ 11,031,396	\$ 9,093,284	\$ 7.594,079

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (3.0%) or 1-percentage-point higher (5.0%) than the current healthcare trend rates:

	1.09	% Decrease	Curr	ent Trend	1.0% Increase				
		(3.0%)	(4.0%)		(5.0%)				
Total OPEB liability		7,764,606	S	9,093,284	<u> </u>	10,823,244			

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended May 31, 2024, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$341,927. At May 31, 2024, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferr	ed Outflows	Deferred Inflows		
	of F	Resources	of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	598,166	\$	(493,173)	
Changes in assumptions		1,425,411		(1,896,591)	
Total	S	2,023,577	\$	(2,389,764)	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

13. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Years ending May 31:		
2025		(222,792)
2026		(222,792)
2027		(222,792)
2028		(134,208)
2029		40,812
Thereafter		395,612
Total	S	(366,160)

14. Contingencies & Commitments

Commitments

At May 31, 2024, the City had outstanding commitments resulting from construction contracts in progress of \$9,007,213.

Litigation

Various lawsuits are pending against the City. In the opinion of the City management, the potential loss on lawsuits will not be material to the City's basic financial statements.

Grant Compliance

The City receives state and federal assistance through various grant programs. Management is confident that all significant grant conditions have been met; however, grantor agencies routinely review grant activity and could request reimbursement if a dispute occurs regarding compliance with grant conditions.

15. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City is a member of two separate trust funds established by the Louisiana Municipal Association that encompasses self-insurance of (1) Municipal professional liability and comprehensive general liability, and (2) Statutory workers' compensation. The City carries commercial insurance for all other risk of loss.

The trust funds for professional hability-comprehensive general liability and statutory workers compensation are pooling arrangements whereby there is sharing a risk among the participants of the trust funds. The City reports its premiums as insurance expenditures and expenses these premiums over the prorate periods involved.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

16. Concentration of Credit Risk-Proprietary Fund

Accounts receivable from utility customers were comprised of the following sources: residential -52%, commercial -37%; other governmental agencies -3%. Outstanding balances are partially secured by deposits made when service is requested.

17. Tax Abatement

The City entered into an agreement with the Industrial Development Board of the City of Gonzales, Louisiana (IDB) pursuant to Part II of chapter 27 of Title 33 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of the 1950, as amended (La. R.S. 33:9038.31 to 33:9038.42, inclusive) (the "Tax Increment Development Act".) These statutes grant the City the authority to create economic development districts, and through itself or certain other issuers of bonds, including local industrial development boards, to issue bonds and pledge to the payment of such bonds the incremental increases in sales taxes derived from the project or development located in the economic district and financed with such bonds. The City has agreed to abate 1.5 cents of its 2 cents sales tax collected within the economic development district. The State of Louisiana agreed to abate 1.5 cents of its sales tax collected within the district up to a maximum of \$10,500,000. The IDB issued Tax Increment Revenue Bonds to assist Cabela's Retail LA, LLC and Carlisle Resort, L.L.C. with the acquisition of land, construction and equipping of a Cabela's retail outlet and certain infrastructure. The entire amount of the sales tax is dedicated to the payment of the Tax Increment Revenue Bonds issued by the Industrial Development Board of the City of Gonzales. For the year ended May 31, 2024 the City abated \$1,008,395 of sales taxes.

The City created the Tanger Mall Economic Development District, (the District) pursuant to La. R.S. 33:9038.32. La L.S. 33:9038.39 permits economic development districts to levy sales and use taxes up to 2%. The City of Gonzales adopted Ordinance No. 2999 to levy a 1% sales tax in the District for twenty years. The City of Gonzales, Tanger Mall Economic District, and Tanger Properties Limited Partnership entered into a Cooperative Endeavor Agreement whereby 70% of the proceeds of the tax will be used to reimburse Tanger Properties Limited Partnership for documented construction cost to enlarge the buildings, tenant allowances and improvements to the infrastructure up to \$14,836,092. The remaining 30% of the tax may be expended by the City or the District to pay for economic development projects in the City, whether inside or outside of the District. For the year ended May 31, 2024 the City abated \$658,286.

The City created the Conway Economic Development District pursuant to La. R.S. 33:9038.32. La L.S. 33:9038.39 permits economic development districts to levy sales and use taxes up to 2% and to levy occupancy taxes up to 2%. The City of Gonzales adopted Ordinance No. 4065 to levy 1% sales and 1% hotel tax in the District for twenty-five years. The City of Gonzales, Conway Economic District, State of Louisiana and Conway Development LLC entered into a Cooperative Endeavor Agreement whereby the proceeds of the tax collections in the District will be used to reimburse Conway Development LLC for Phase 1 & 2 infrastructure improvements. For the year ended May 31, 2024, the City abated \$92,765.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

18. Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through the date the financial statements were available to be issued, October 25, 2024, and determined that there were no events that require disclosure.

No subsequent events occurring after this date have been evaluated for inclusion in these financial statements.

CITY OF GONZALES BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED MAY 31, 2024

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
REVENUES	Dayer	Dinget	- CCCCC
Taxes	\$ 15,301,000	\$ 15,301,000	\$ 16.456,705
Franchise fees	1.251,500	1,251,500	1,313,994
Licenses and permits	1,585,000	1,585,000	1.732.450
Fees, fines and forfeitures	163,500	163,500	138,505
Miscellaneous	354,840	354,840	482,950
Fire department revenue	801.000	801,000	879.714
Grant revenue	971,127	971,127	992,606
Investment earnings	102,000	102,000	699,079
Total revenues	20.529.967	20,529,967	22,696,003
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
General government	2,699,300	2,699,300	2.719,418
Public safety:			
Police	8,034,500	8,034,500	7.780.735
Fire	4,313,000	4,313,000	4,405,207
Streets and drainage	1,659,600	1,659,600	1,459,665
Sautation	1.304.800	1,304,800	1.336.387
Recreation, building and grounds	1.861,424	1,861,424	1,771,241
Civic center	80,000	000,08	67,205
Code enforcement	520,700	520,700	413,144
Capital outlay	-	-	174,503
Debt Service			
Principal	-	-	23.424
Interest	-	-	3,106
Total expenditures	20.473,324	20,473,324	20,154,035
Excess of revenues over expenditures	56,643	56,643	2,541,968
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Finance leases	-	-	174,503
Transfers in	-	-	48,987
Transfers out		_	(3,600,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	-	(3,376,510)
Net change in fund balance	56.643	56,643	(834.542)
Fund Balance, Beginning of year	17.456,499	17,456,499	17,456,499
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 17,513,142	\$ 17,513,142	\$ 16,621,957

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE TANGER MALL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT FOR THE YEAR ENDED MAY 31, 2024

	Original		Final		
		Budget	 Budget		Actual
REVENUES					
Taxes	S	1,060,000	\$ 1,060,000	\$	940,409
Investment earnings		-	-		157,062
Total revenues		1,060,000	1,060,000		1,097,471
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Economic development		1,060,000	1,060,000		672,455
Total expenditures		1,060,000	 1,060,000		672.455
Excess of revenues over expenditures		-	-		425,016
OTHER FINANCING USES					
Transfers out		-	-		(3,323,000)
Total other financing uses		_	-		(3,323,000)
Net change in fund balance		-	-		(2.897.984)
Fund Balance, Beginning of year		3.990,437	 3,990,437		3,990,437
Fund Balance, End of Year	<u>S</u>	3,990,437	 3,990,437	\$	1,092,453

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE CONWAY ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT FOR THE YEAR ENDED MAY 31, 2024

	Original		Final		
		Budget		Budget	Actual
REVENUES					
Taxes	S	120,000	\$	120,000	\$ 92,765
Investment earnings		-		-	20,379
Total revenues		120,000		120,000	113,144
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Economic development		400,000		400,000	400,000
Total expenditures		400,000		400,000	400.000
Excess of revenues under expenditures		(280,000)		(280,000)	(286,856)
OTHER FINANCING USES					
Transfers out		-		-	(65,316)
Total other financing uses		_		-	(65,316)
Net change in fund balance		(280,000)		(280,000)	(352.172)
Fund Balance, Beginning of year		356,029		356,029	 356,029
Fund Balance, End of Year	<u></u>	76,029	<u>\$</u>	76,029	\$ 3,857

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE PACE CENTER ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT FOR THE YEAR ENDED MAY 31, 2024

		Original		Final	
		Budget		Budget	 Actual
REVENUES					
Taxes	S	894,500	\$	894,500	\$ 672,296
Miscellaneous		-		-	212,335
Investment earnings		-		-	 99,719
Total revenues		894,500		894,500	 984,350
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Economic development		890,500		890,500	158.892
Capital outlay		-		-	336,208
Debt Service:					
Principal		-		-	174,000
Interest		_		-	 153,885
Total expenditures		890,500		890,500	 822,985
Excess of revenues over expenditures		4,000		4,000	161,365
OTHER FINANCING USES					
Transfers out		-		-	 (1,810,000)
Total other financing uses	***************************************	-	*****	_	 (1,810,000)
Net change in fund balance		4,000		4,000	(1,648,635)
Fund Balance, Beginning of year	•	2,301,961		2,301,961	 2,301.961
Fund Balance, End of Year	S	2,305,961	\$	2,305,961	\$ 653,326

CITY OF GONZALES SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MAY 31, 2024

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Total OPEB Liability						
Service cost	\$ 229,226	\$ 253,379	\$ 310,502	\$ 304,550	\$ 216.941	\$ 201,657
Interest	335,493	299,976	235,512	266,230	295,234	297,987
Differences between expected and						
actual experience	206,651	(11.475)	258,808	(1.088.074)	468,258	(32,650)
Changes of assumptions	(530.035)	(832.023)	(1.483.951)	467.986	1.700 314	407.746
Benefit payments	(236,893)	(227,782)	(269.956)	(259.850)	(217 678)	(226.957)
Net change in total OPEB liability	4,442	(517,925)	(949,085)	(309,158)	2,463,069	647,783
Total OPEB liability - beginning	9,088.842	9,606,768	10,555,853	10.865.011	8.401.942	7.754.159
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ 9,093,284	\$ 9,088,843	\$ 9,606,768	\$ 10,555.853	\$ 10,865,011	\$ 8,401.942
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 7,052,769	\$ 6,781,509	\$ 7,471,076	\$ 7.183.737	\$ 6.525,888	\$ 6.274.892
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	128.93%	134.02%	128.59%	146 94%	166 49° o	133 90%
Notes to Schedule:						
Benefit Changes.	None	None	None	None	None	None
Changes of Assumptions						
Discount rate	4 13%	3 74%	3 16° o	2 26%	2 48%	3.56%
Mortality.	RP-2000	RP-2000	RP-2000	RP-2000	RP-2000	RP-2000
Trend.	4 00%	4 00%	4 00%	4 00%	4 00° o	4.00%

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available

<u>CITY OF GONZALES</u> <u>SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY</u> <u>FOR THE YEAR ENDED MAY 31, 2024 (*)</u>

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
MERS (Plan A)									
Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	2 7979380	2 84711%	2 58198%	2 59321%	2 57116° o	2,55685%	2 55351%	2.62655%	2.5757046
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset):									
Governmental Activities	\$ 7,564,279	\$ 8.750,282	\$ 5,242,707	\$ 8,520,749	\$ 8,165,439	\$ 7,940.313	\$ 8,225,439	\$ 8,259,410	\$ 7,176,519
Business-type Activities	\$ 2.658,774	5 3 074,423	\$ 1 939.084	\$ 2,690,763	\$ 2,578 560	\$ 2,646 771	\$ 2,456,949	\$ 2,476,058	\$ 2,024,146
Employer's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 5,622,117	\$ 5,200,396	\$ 5,031,544	\$ 4,956,325	\$ 4,728,538	\$ 4,660.826	\$ 4,637,341	\$ 4,692,636	\$ 4,399,294
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset):									
as a percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll	181 8364°6	227 1188° s	142 735300	226 2062%	227 2161%	227 1504° o	230 4559%	229 4120%	209 1396%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	72 4600°°	67.8700°o	77.8200°a	64 5200%	64.0800°°	63,940(P ₀	62 4940%	62 1103%	a6 1792°₀
MPERS									
Employer's Proportion of the Net Peusion Liability (Asset)	0.080080	1 0541400	1/02992%	U 97671%	0.8636~0	0.8856800	0.61806.0	0,09666 6 %	$0.94190^{s}s$
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset):									
Governmental Activities	\$ 10,449,610	\$ 10,775,223	\$ 5,490,053	\$ 9 027,058	\$ 7,843 543	\$ 7,487,593	\$ 8,015,340	\$ 9,059,615	\$ 7,178,794
Employer's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 3,348,716	\$ 3.196,645	\$ 3,114,733	\$ 2,801,533	\$ 2,593,846	\$ 2,608,319	\$ 2,589,029	\$ 2,730,300	\$ 2,517,759
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)									
as a percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll	312 0483%	337.0791%	176 2608%	322.2185%	302 3905%	287,0658%	309 5887%	331 8176%	293 0699%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	-1 3030e ₀	7() 7991%	84.0881%	70.9450%	7) 0078%	71.8871%	70 0815€°	66 0422° a	70 7 <i>5</i> ()39a
LASERS									
Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	0.00034%	0.00036%	0.00037%	U U0037#¥	0.0003796	0.0003 $\delta \sigma_0$	0 00040%	0.00640%	0.0003800
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset):									
Governmental Activities	\$ 22,691	\$ 27,366	\$ 20,145	\$ 30,519	\$ 26.734	\$ 26,530	5 28,366	\$ 31,489	\$ 26.118
Employer's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 7,110	\$ 7,110	5 7,110	5 7.110	\$ 6.778	\$ 7.110	\$ 7,110	\$ 7.110	\$ 7,110
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset):									
as a percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll	319 1421%	384 8945%	283 3353%	429 240 <u>5*</u> #	304.4231° o	575.1564%	308 950200	442 8833%	367 341846
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	68 4000%	63 7000%	72 8000%	58,0000%	a *0000 £6	64 3000° o	62.54379a	57 7280%	62 6632%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

(*) The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year end of the respective remement system.

The three Retirement Systems reported in this schedule are as follows
MERS (Plan A) = Municipal Employees' Retirement System
MPERS = Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System
LASERS = Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System

See accompanying notes to the schedule of proportionate share of the net pension hability

CITY OF GONZALES SCHEDULE OF PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MAY 31, 2024

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
MERS (Plan A) Contractually Required Contribution ³	\$1769,811	\$1 653,140	\$ 1,536 666	\$1,477,406	\$ 1,364,049	\$1,219.763	\$1,190,290	\$ 1,032,373	\$ 892,729
Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution	1.769,812	1 653 140	1,536 405	1,475 o01	1.364,968	1,221 843	1 [89,2]0	1,032,373	802 720
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ (1)	S -	5 261	\$ 1,715	5 (010)	\$ (2.140)	\$ 1.080	\$ -	\$ -
Employer's Covered Employee Payroli ¹	\$ 5,000,050	\$ 5 603 866	\$ 5,175 959	\$ 5,625 192	\$4,942,205	\$ 4,708 024	\$4,853,118	\$ 4,608 662	\$4,520,147
Contributions as a 4s of Covered Employee Payroll	29 50°00°4	29 5000%	20 7(V)P o	20.4596%	27 60HU°s	25,9069%	24.5263%	21.4(4)7%	10,7500%
MPERS									
Contractually Required Contribution	\$1,186,427	\$ 1,021,373	\$ 943,053	\$1,017,982	\$ 892.645	\$ 213,414	\$ 216,586	\$ \$03,081	\$ 763,876
f. omashumous in Relation to f. ontractually Required Commissional	1.186,530	1 021 214	041 963	1,018 364	892 167	815 866	818,259	707 504	763 876
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 85	<u>§]5u</u>	\$ 1,150	\$ (382)	\$ 528	\$ (2,452)	\$ (1.673)	\$ 5,488	<u> </u>
Employer's Covered Employee Payroll	\$3,517,424	\$ 5 279.958	\$ 3,135,065	\$ 3,925 207	\$ 2,746 754	\$ 2,521,566	\$ 2.646,164	\$ 2,550 579	\$ 2,576 955
Conumbinious as a % of Covered Employee Payroll	33 7500°a	31 1400%	30 1000%	33.05000°	32 5000°s	32.1509°6	30.8592%	31.4863°6	29.6529%
MPERS- NON_HAZARDOUS									
Contractually Required Contribution	5 21.143	\$ 18,691	\$ 17.323	\$ 18,544	\$ 17,750	\$ 16,746	\$ 16.131	\$ 10.14*	\$ 14,646
Contributions in Relation to Cumhactually Required Countbutton	21.138	18,689	17.295 \$ 28	18,546	17.748 \$ 11	16,799	16.1.1	16,145	14,648
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	S 5	\$ 2	\$ 28	3 (2)	\$ 11	\$ (59)	<u>s</u> -	5 -	5 -
Employer's Covered Employee Payroll ¹	\$ 62,68.6	\$ 60,022	\$ 57,550	\$ 55.10%	\$ 54,642	\$ 52,089	\$ 51,964	\$ 48,206	\$ 46,274
Contributions as a % of Covered Employee Payroll	33.75:00%	31 1462%	30 1008%	33 6503%	32.5006%	32 1573°c	31 0785%	34401-06	31 6506%
LASERS									
Contractually Required Contribution ¹	5 3.171	\$ 3,114	\$ 3,064	\$ 3,079	5 2.972	\$ 2,718	\$ 2,851	\$ 2,702	\$ 2,729
Contributions in Relation to Contractually Pequired Contribution	3,168	3 110	3.061	3,676	2.965	2.819	2.851	2.702	2,720
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	S .í	5 4	5 3	\$ 3	<u> </u>	\$ (101)	<u>s</u> -	5 -	5 -
Employer's Covered Employee Payroll'	\$ 7.110	\$ 7110	\$ 7,110	\$ 7,110	\$ 7,110	\$ 0.778	\$ 7.110	\$ 7,110	\$ 7,110
Contributions as a % of Covered Employee Payroll	44 60H0%	43 8000%	43 (b):4 <u>1°</u> 6	43 3052%	41 8003%	40 1003%	40 00850,	38 0028%	3% 382n%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available

For reference only:

Employer contribution rate multiplied by employer's covered employee payeall.

The three Rettrement Systems reported in this schedule are as follows:

MERS (Plan A) = Municipal Employees' Retirement System MPERS = Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System

LASERS = Louisians State Employees' Retirement System

See accompanying notes to the schedule of pension contributions

² Actual employer contributions remitted to Retirement Systems

Emplayer's covered employee payroll amount for the year ended May 31 of each year

CITY OF GONZALES NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND SCHEDULE OF PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED MAY 31, 2024

CHANGES IN BENEFIT TERMS AND ASSUMPTIONS RELATED TO DEFINED PENSION PLANS

Changes of Benefit Terms include:

Municipal Employees' Retirement System - Plan A

There were no changes of benefit terms for the year ended May 31, 2024

Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System

There were no changes of benefit terms for the year ended May 31, 2024.

Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System

There were no changes of benefit terms for the year ended May 31, 2024

Changes of Assumptions:

Municipal Employees' Retirement System - Plan A

There were no changes of assumptions for the year ended May 31, 2024.

Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System

There were no changes of assumptions for the year ended May 31, 2024.

Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System

There were no changes of assumptions for the year ended May 31, 2024.

CITY OF GONZALES SCHEDULE OF PER DIEM PAID YEAR ENDED MAY 31, 2024

Councilmen:	MONTHLY		A!	ANNUAL	
Tyler Turner	S	1.000	S	12.000	
Harold Stewart	S	1.000		12.000	
Kirk Boudreaux	S	1.000		12.000	
John Berthelot	S	1.000		12.000	
Timothy Riley	S	1.000		12.000	
			S	60.000	

CITY OF GONZALES SCHEDULE OF COMPENSATION, BENEFITS, AND OTHER PAYMENTS TO AGENCY HEAD OR CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER MAY 31, 2024

Agency Head Name/Title: Barney Arceneaux, Mayor (June 1, 2023 - April 29, 2024)

Purpose	Amount	
Salary	S	142,010
Benefits - health insurance		12,604
Benefits - retirement	41,893	
Clothing allowance		650
Travel		541
Conference fees		600
	S	198,297

Agency Head Name Title: Ryland Percy, Interim Mayor (May 1, 2024 - May 31, 2024)

Purpose	A	Amount		
Salary	\$	5,803		
Benefits - retirement		1,712		
Clothing allowance		379		
	S	7,894		

CITY OF GONZALES JUSTICE SYSTEM FUNDING SCHEDULE - COLLECTING/DISBURSING ENTITY AS REQUIRED BY ACT 87 OF THE 2020 REGULAR LEGISLATIVE SESSION MAY 31, 2024

		First Six Month Period Ended 11/30/23		Second Six Month Period Ended 5/31/24	
Beginning Balance of Amounts Collected (i.e. cash on hand)	\$	142.250	\$	164,303	
Add: Collections					
Bond Fees		2,500		7,678	
Criminal Court Costs/Fees		70 460		112,572	
Criminal Fines - Contempt		11 365		15,295	
Restitution		4.813		7,549	
Subtotal Collections		89,138		143,094	
Less: Disbursements To Governments & Nonprofits:					
Ascension Parish Clerk of Court Criminal/Court Costs/Fees		2.875		3,845	
Ascension Parish Court Fund/Criminal Court Costs/Fees		4.110		5.880	
23rd Judicial District Public Defender's Office/Criminal Court Costs/Fees		12 330		17,640	
Parish of Ascension Witness Fund Criminal Court Costs/Fees		9.316		13,328	
LDHH Traumatic Head & Spinal Cord Injury Trust Fund Criminal Court Costs Fees		430		865	
LA State Police Academy Applied Technology-Intoxilyzer Criminal Court Costs Fees		475		1,050	
Treasurer, State of Louisiana-CMIS/Criminal Court Costs/Fees		822		1.176	
Ascension Clerk Fund Crummal Court Costs/Fees		7.120		10,150	
Ascension Parish Court/Criminal Fines - Contempt		8.490		11,450	
District Attorney's Office 23rd JDC Criminal Court Costs/Fees		5.480		7,840	
Crime Stoppers/Criminal Court Costs/Fees		548		784	
Louisiana Supieme Court/Criminal Court Costs/Fees		135		193	
LA Commission of Law Enforcement/Criminal Court Costs/Fees		1.582		2,131	
Less: Amounts Retained by Collecting Agency					
Amounts "Self-Disbursed" to Collecting Agency		6,053		9,850	
Less: Disbursements to Individuals/3rd Party Collection or Processing Agencies					
Bond Fee Refunds		750		5,000	
Restitution Payments to Individuals (additional detail is not required)		3,563		5,927	
Payments to 3rd Party Collection/Processing Agencies		3,006		4,186	
Subtotal Disbursements/Retainage		67,085		101,295	
Total: Ending Balance of Amounts Collected but not Disbursed/Retained (i.e. cash on hand)	\$	164.303	<u>s</u>	206,102	



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Mayor, Mayor Pro Temp, and the Members of the City Council City of Gonzales, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Gonzales, Louisiana, as of and for the year ended May 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise City of Gonzales, Louisiana's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 25, 2024.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered City of Gonzales, Louisiana's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Gonzales, Louisiana's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Gonzales, Louisiana's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether City of Gonzales, Louisiana's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2024-001.

City of Gonzales, Louisiana's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the City of Gonzales, Louisiana's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The City of Gonzales, Louisiana's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Gonzales, Louisiana October 25, 2024

Diey, Dupuy & Ruin

CITY OF GONZALES SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED MAY 31, 2024

SECTION I – SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS

Financial Statements

- 1. The auditors' report expresses an unmodified opinion on whether the financial statements of City of Gonzales were prepared in accordance with GAAP.
- No significant deficiencies relating to the audit of the financial statements are reported in the Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards. No material weaknesses are reported.
- 3. One instance of noncompliance material to the financial statements of City of Gonzales, which would be required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, was disclosed during the audit.

SECTION II – FINDINGS – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

None noted.

SECTION III – NON-COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS AND REGULATIONS

2024-001 Louisiana Budget Law

Condition: The City's General Fund had unfavorable variance of 16.02% of total actual expenditures to total budgeted expenditures. Tanger Mall Economic Development District had unfavorable variance of 276.93% of total actual expenditures to total budgeted expenditures. PACE Center Economic Development District had unfavorable variance of 195.67% of total actual expenditures to total budgeted expenditures. Conway Economic Development District had unfavorable variance of 16.33% of total actual expenditures to total budgeted expenditures and an unfavorable variance of 5.71% of total budgeted revenues to total actual revenues. In addition, each major fund noted above, did not properly report estimated beginning and ending fund balance for the fiscal year.

Criteria: Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1311(A) (1-2) & 39:1305(C) (2)(a) require that the budget shall be amended when total revenue and other sources plus projected revenue and other sources for the remainder of the year, within a fund, are failing to meet total budgeted revenues and other sources by five percent or more and total actual expenditures and other uses plus projected expenditures and other sources for the remainder of the year, within a fund, are exceeding the total budgeted expenditures and other uses by five percent or more. The Statute also requires that a statement for the general fund and each special revenue fund show the estimated fund balance at the beginning and end of the fiscal year.

Cause: The budget was not properly amended at year-end and did not include a statement showing the estimated fund balance at the beginning and end of the fiscal year for each major fund, which resulted in a budget violation.

Effect: The unfavorable variances of revenues and expenditures of more than five percent is a violation of Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1311(A) (1-2). Each major fund did not include a statement showing the estimated beginning and ending fund balance which is a violation of Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1305(C) (2)(a).

CITY OF GONZALES SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED MAY 31, 2024

SECTION III – NON-COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS AND REGULATIONS (continued)

2024-001 Louisiana Budget Law (continued)

Recommendation: The City should prepare each budget with a statement showing estimated fund balances at the beginning and ending of the fiscal year. The City should evaluate the budget for the General Fund and each Special Revenue Fund throughout the fiscal year and amend the budget, when necessary, in a timely fashion.

Management's corrective action plan: Management of the City concurs and will prepare the budgets in accordance with the Louisiana Revised Statutes and monitor the budgets more closely throughout the year to ensure the budget is amended appropriately as necessary.

CITY OF GONZALES SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MAY 31, 2024

A. FINDINGS – FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

None noted.

B. FINDINGS – NON-COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS AND REGULATIONS

None noted.

CITY OF GONZALES

GONZALES, LOUISIANA

STATEWIDE AGREED UPON PROCEDURES

MAY 31, 2024



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES

To the Honorable Mayor Barney Arceneaux, City Council Members, and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor:

We have performed the procedures enumerated below, which were agreed to by the City of Gonzales (the City) and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor (LLA) on the control and compliance (C/C) areas identified in the LLA's Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures (SAUPs) for the fiscal period June 1, 2023 through May 31, 2024. The City's management is responsible for those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs.

City of Gonzales has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate to meet the intended purpose of the engagement, which is to perform specified procedures on the C/C areas identified in LLA's SAUPs for the fiscal period June 1, 2023 through May 31, 2024. Additionally, LLA has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate for its purposes. This report may not be suitable for any other purpose. The procedures performed may not address all the items of interest to a user of this report and may not meet the needs of all users of this report and, as such, users are responsible for determining whether the procedures performed are appropriate for their purposes.

The procedures and associated findings are as follows:

1) Written Policies and Procedures

- A. Obtain and inspect the entity's written policies and procedures and observe whether they address each of the following categories and subcategories if applicable to public funds and the entity's operations:
 - Budgeting, including preparing, adopting, monitoring, and amending the budget.
 Written policies and procedures were obtained and address the functions noted above.
 - ii. **Purchasing**, including (1) how purchases are initiated, (2) how vendors are added to the vendor list, (3) the preparation and approval process of purchase requisitions and purchase orders, (4) controls to ensure compliance with the Public Bid Law, and (5) documentation required to be maintained for all bids and price quotes.
 - Written policies and procedures were obtained and address the functions noted above.
 - Disbursements, including processing, reviewing, and approving.
 Written policies and procedures were obtained and address the functions noted above.
 - iv. **Receipts/Collections**, including receiving, recording, and preparing deposits. Also, policies and procedures should include management's actions to determine the completeness of all collections for each type of revenue or agency fund additions (e.g., periodic confirmation with outside parties, reconciliation to utility billing after cutoff procedures, reconciliation of traffic ticket number sequences, agency fund forfeiture monies confirmation).
 - Written policies and procedures were obtained and address the functions noted above.

v. **Payroll/Personnel**, including (1) payroll processing, (2) reviewing and approving time and attendance records, including leave and overtime worked, and (3) approval process for employee rates of pay or approval and maintenance of pay rate schedules.

Written policies and procedures were obtained and address the functions noted above.

vi. *Contracting*, including (1) types of services requiring written contracts, (2) standard terms and conditions, (3) legal review, (4) approval process, and (5) monitoring process.

Written policies and procedures were obtained and address the functions noted above.

vii. *Travel and Expense Reimbursement*, including (1) allowable expenses, (2) dollar thresholds by category of expense, (3) documentation requirements, and (4) required approvers.

Written policies and procedures were obtained and address the functions noted above.

viii. Credit Cards (and debit cards, fuel cards, purchase cards, if applicable), including (1) how cards are to be controlled, (2) allowable business uses, (3) documentation requirements, (4) required approvers of statements, and (5) monitoring card usage (e.g., determining the reasonableness of fuel card purchases).

Written policies and procedures were obtained and address the functions noted above.

ix. *Ethics*, including (1) the prohibitions as defined in Louisiana Revised Statute (R.S.) 42:1111-1121, (2) actions to be taken if an ethics violation takes place, (3) system to monitor possible ethics violations, and (4) a requirement that documentation is maintained to demonstrate that all employees and officials were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy

Written policies and procedures were obtained and address the functions noted above.

x. **Debt Service**, including (1) debt issuance approval, (2) continuing disclosure EMMA reporting requirements, (3) debt reserve requirements, and (4) debt service requirements.

Written policies and procedures were obtained and address the functions noted above.

identification of critical data and frequency of data backups, (2) storage of backups in a separate physical location isolated from the network. (3) periodic testing/verification that backups can be restored, (4) use of antivirus software on all systems. (5) timely application of all available system and software patches/updates, and (6) identification of personnel, processes, and tools needed to recover operations after a critical event.

Written policies and procedures were obtained and address the functions noted above.

xii. *Prevention of Sexual Harassment*, including R.S. 42.342-344 requirements for (1) agency responsibilities and prohibitions, (2) annual employee training, and (3) annual reporting.

Written policies and procedures were obtained and address the functions noted above except for the annual reporting requirement procedures

Management response. Management will include policy and procedures that address the annual reporting requirement

- A. Obtain and inspect the board/finance committee minutes for the fiscal period, as well as the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or equivalent document in effect during the fiscal period, and
 - i. Observe that the board finance committee met with a quorum at least monthly, or on a frequency in accordance with the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or other equivalent document.
 - Obtained and reviewed minutes of the managing board for the fiscal period noting that the board met with a quorum monthly.
 - ii. For those entities reporting on the governmental accounting model, observe whether the minutes referenced or included monthly budget-to-actual comparisons on the general fund, quarterly budget-to-actual, at a minimum, on proprietary funds, and semi-annual budget-to-actual, at a minimum, on all special revenue funds. Alternatively, for those entities reporting on the not-for-profit accounting model, observe that the minutes referenced or included financial activity relating to public funds if those public funds comprised more than 10% of the entity's collections during the fiscal period.
 - Obtained and reviewed minutes of the managing board for the fiscal period noting that the minutes included monthly budget-to-actual comparisons for the major funds.
 - iii. For governmental entities, obtain the prior year audit report and observe the unassigned fund balance in the general fund. If the general fund had a negative ending unassigned fund balance in the prior year audit report, observe that the minutes for at least one meeting during the fiscal period referenced or included a formal plan to eliminate the negative unassigned fund balance in the general fund.
 - The general fund reported a positive unrestricted fund balance in the prior year audit report.
 - iv. Observe whether the board finance committee received written updates of the progress of resolving audit finding(s), according to management's corrective action plan at each meeting until the findings are considered fully resolved.
 - Obtained and reviewed documentation that was presented to the Council on written updates of the progress of resolving audit finding(s), according to management's corrective action plan at each monthly meeting until findings were resolved.

3) Bank Reconciliations

- A. Obtain a listing of entity bank accounts for the fiscal period from management and management's representation that the listing is complete. Ask management to identify the entity's main operating account. Select the entity's main operating account and randomly select 4 additional accounts (or all accounts if less than 5). Randomly select one month from the fiscal period, obtain and inspect the corresponding bank statement and reconciliation for each selected account, and observe that:
 - Obtained listing of client bank accounts for the fiscal period from management and management's representation that listing is complete.
 - i. Bank reconciliations include evidence that they were prepared within 2 months of the related statement closing date (e.g., initialed and dated or electronically logged):

ii. Bank reconciliations include written evidence that a member of management or a board member who does not handle cash, post ledgers, or issue checks has reviewed each bank reconciliation (e.g., initialed and dated, electronically logged); and

No exceptions noted.

iii. Management has documentation reflecting it has researched reconciling items that have been outstanding for more than 12 months from the statement closing date, if applicable.

Not applicable, the entity did not have any reconciling items that have been outstanding for more than 12 months

4) Collections (excluding electronic funds transfers)

A. Obtain a listing of deposit sites for the fiscal period where deposits for cash checks money orders (cash) are prepared and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 deposit sites (or all deposit sites if less than 5).

Obtained a listing of deposit sites and management's representation that listing is complete.

B. For each deposit site selected, obtain a listing of collection locations and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one collection location for each deposit site (e.g., 5 collection locations for 5 deposit sites), obtain and inspect written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if there are no written policies or procedures, then inquire of employees about their job duties) at each collection location, and observe that job duties are properly segregated at each collection location such that

Obtained a listing of collection locations and management's representation that listing is complete

i. Employees responsible for cash collections do not share eash drawers registers;

No exceptions noted.

ii. Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not also responsible for preparing making bank deposits, unless another employee official is responsible for reconciling collection documentation (e.g., pre-numbered receipts) to the deposit;

No exceptions noted.

ii. Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not also responsible for posting collection entries to the general ledger or subsidiary ledgers, unless another employee official is responsible for reconciling ledger postings to each other and to the deposit; and

No exceptions noted.

iv. The employee(s) responsible for reconciling cash collections to the general ledger and/or subsidiary ledgers, by revenue source and/or agency fund additions, is (are) not also responsible for collecting cash, unless another employee/official verifies the reconciliation.

No exceptions noted.

C. Obtain from management a copy of the bond or insurance policy for theft covering all employees who have access to cash. Observe that the bond or insurance policy for theft was in force during the fiscal period.

- D. Randomly select two deposit dates for each of the 5 bank accounts selected for Bank Reconciliations procedure #3A (select the next deposit date chronologically if no deposits were made on the dates randomly selected and randomly select a deposit if multiple deposits are made on the same day). Alternatively, the practitioner may use a source document other than bank statements when selecting the deposit dates for testing, such as a cash collection log, daily revenue report, receipt book, etc. Obtain supporting documentation for each of the 10 deposits and.
 - i. Observe that receipts are sequentially pre-numbered.

No exceptions noted.

ii. Trace sequentially pre-numbered receipts, system reports, and other related collection documentation to the deposit slip

No exceptions noted.

iii. Trace the deposit slip total to the actual deposit per the bank statement.

No exceptions noted.

iv. Observe that the deposit was made within one business day of receipt at the collection location (within one week if the depository is more than 10 miles from the collection location or the deposit is less than \$100 and the cash is stored securely in a locked safe or drawer).

No exceptions noted.

v. Trace the actual deposit per the bank statement to the general ledger.

No exceptions noted.

5) Non-Payroll Disbursements (excluding card purchases, travel reimbursements, and petty cash purchases)

A. Obtain a listing of locations that process payments for the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 locations (or all locations if less than 5).

Obtained listing of locations that process payments and management's representation that listing is complete.

- B. For each location selected under procedure #5A above, obtain a listing of those employees involved with non-payroll purchasing and payment functions. Obtain written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if the agency has no written policies and procedures, then inquire of employees about their job duties), and observe that job duties are properly segregated such that
 - 1. At least two employees are involved in initiating a purchase request, approving a purchase, and placing an order or making the purchase;

No exceptions noted.

ii. At least two employees are involved in processing and approving payments to vendors;

No exceptions noted.

iii. The employee responsible for processing payments is prohibited from adding/modifying vendor files, unless another employee is responsible for periodically reviewing changes to vendor files;

No exceptions noted.

- iv. Either the employee official responsible for signing checks mails the payment or gives the signed checks to an employee to mail who is not responsible for processing payments; and *No exceptions noted.*
- v. Only employees officials authorized to sign checks approve the electronic disbursement (release) of funds, whether through automated clearinghouse (ACH), electronic funds transfer (EFT), were transfer, or some other electronic means.

No exceptions noted.

- C. For each location selected under procedure #5A above, obtain the entity's non-payroll disbursement transaction population (excluding cards and travel reimbursements) and obtain management's representation that the population is complete. Randomly select 5 disbursements for each location, obtain supporting documentation for each transaction, and
 - i. Observe whether the disbursement, whether by paper or electronic means, matched the related original itemized invoice and supporting documentation indicates that deliverables included on the invoice were received by the entity, and

No exceptions noted.

ii. Observe whether the disbursement documentation included evidence (e.g., initial/date, electronic logging) of segregation of duties tested under procedure #5B above, as applicable.

No exceptions noted.

D. Using the entity's main operating account and the month selected in Bank Reconciliations procedure #3A, randomly select 5 non-payroll-related electronic disbursements (or all electronic disbursements if less than 5) and observe that each electronic disbursement was (a) approved by only those persons authorized to disburse funds (e.g., sign checks) per the entity's policy, and (b) approved by the required number of authorized signers per the entity's policy. Note: If no electronic payments were made from the main operating account during the month selected the practitioner should select an alternative month and/or account for testing that does include electronic disbursements.

No exceptions noted.

6) Credit Cards/Debit Cards/Fuel Cards/Purchase Cards (Cards)

A. Obtain from management a listing of all active credit cards, bank debit cards, fuel cards, and purchase cards (cards) for the fiscal period, including the card numbers and the names of the persons who maintained possession of the cards. Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete.

Obtained listing of the credit cards and management's representation that listing is complete

- B. Using the listing prepared by management, randomly select 5 cards (or all cards if less than 5) that were used during the fiscal period. Randomly select one monthly statement or combined statement for each card (for a debit card, randomly select one monthly bank statement) Obtain supporting documentation, and
 - a) Observe whether there is evidence that the monthly statement or combined statement and supporting documentation (e.g., original receipts for credit/debit card purchases, exception reports for excessive fuel card usage) were reviewed and approved, in writing (or electronically approved) by someone other than the authorized card holder (those instances requiring such approval that may constrain the legal authority of certain public officials, such as the mayor of a Lawrason Act municipality, should not be reported); and

b) Observe that finance charges and late fees were not assessed on the selected statements.

No exceptions noted.

C. Using the monthly statements or combined statements selected under procedure #7B above, excluding fuel eards, randomly select 10 transactions (or all transactions if less than 10) from each statement, and obtain supporting documentation for the transactions (e.g., each eard should have 10 transactions subject to inspection). For each transaction, observe that it is supported by (1) an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased, (2) written documentation of the business/public purpose, and (3) documentation of the individuals participating in meals (for meal charges only). For missing receipts, the practitioner should describe the nature of the transaction and observe whether management had a compensating control to address missing receipts, such as a "missing receipt statement" that is subject to increased scrutiny.

No exceptions noted.

7) Travel and Travel-Related Expense Reimbursements (excluding card transactions)

A. Obtain from management a listing of all travel and travel-related expense reimbursements during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing or general ledger is complete. Randomly select 5 reimbursements and obtain the related expense reimbursement forms prepaid expense documentation of each selected reimbursement, as well as the supporting documentation. For each of the 5 reimbursements selected

Obtained listing of travel and related expense reimbursements and management's representation that listing is complete.

i. If reimbursed using a per diem, observe that the approved reimbursement rate is no more than those rates established either by the State of Louisiana or the U.S. General Services Administration (www.gsa.gov);

Two of the five reimbursements used a per diem rate that was more than those rates established either by the State of Louisiana or the U.S. General Services Administration.

Managements response. Management used a rate that was approved based on the written policy. That rate will be changed in the policy to reflect the rates established either by the State of Louisiana or U.S. General Services Administration.

ii. If reimbursed using actual costs, observe that the reimbursement is supported by an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased;

No exceptions noted.

iii. Observe that each reimbursement is supported by documentation of the business public purpose (for meal charges, observe that the documentation includes the names of those individuals participating) and other documentation required by Written Policies and Procedures procedure #1A(vii); and

No exceptions noted

iv. Observe that each reimbursement was reviewed and approved, in writing, by someone other than the person receiving reimbursement.

No exceptions noted

8) Contracts

A. Obtain from management a listing of all agreements/contracts for professional services, materials and supplies, leases, and construction activities that were initiated or renewed during the fiscal period. Alternatively, the practitioner may use an equivalent selection source, such as an active vendor list. Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 contracts (or all contracts if less than 5) from the listing, excluding the practitioner's contract, and

Obtained listing of contracts initiated or renewed during the fiscal period and management's representation that listing is complete.

i. Observe whether the contract was bid in accordance with the Louisiana Public Bid Law (e.g., solicited quotes or bids, advertised), if required by law:

Not applicable.

ii. Observe whether the contract was approved by the governing body/board, if required by policy or law (e.g., Lawrason Act, Home Rule Charter);

Not applicable.

iii. If the contract was amended (e.g., change order), observe that the original contract terms provided for such an amendment and that amendments were made in compliance with the contract terms (e.g., if approval is required for any amendment, the documented approval); and

Not applicable.

iv. Randomly select one payment from the fiscal period for each of the 5 contracts, obtain the supporting invoice, agree the invoice to the contract terms, and observe that the invoice and related payment agreed to the terms and conditions of the contract.

No exceptions noted.

9) Payroll and Personnel

A. Obtain a listing of employees and officials employed during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 employees or officials, obtain related

paid salaries and personnel files, and agree paid salaries to authorized salaries pay rates in the personnel files.

Obtained listing of employees and management's representation that listing was complete. Agreed paid salaries to authorized salaries pay rates in the personnel file without exception.

- B. Randomly select one pay period during the fiscal period. For the 5 employees or officials selected under procedure #9A above, obtain attendance records and leave documentation for the pay period, and
 - i. Observe that all selected employees or officials documented their daily attendance and leave (e.g., vacation, sick, compensatory);
 - Salaried employees are not required to document their attendance. The hourly employees documented attendance. Leave was documented for all employees
 - ii. Observe whether supervisors approved the attendance and leave of the selected employees or officials:
 - No exceptions noted.
 - iii. Observe that any leave accrued or taken during the pay period is reflected in the entity's cumulative leave records; and
 - No exceptions noted.
 - iv. Observe the rate paid to the employees or officials agrees to the authorized salary pay rate found within the personnel file.
 - No exceptions noted.
- C. Obtain a listing of those employees or officials that received termination payments during the fiscal period and management's representation that the list is complete. Randomly select two employees or officials and obtain related documentation of the hours and pay rates used in management's termination payment calculations and the entity's policy on termination payments. Agree the hours to the employee's or official's cumulative leave records, agree the pay rates to the employee's or official's authorized pay rates in the employee's or official's personnel files, and agree the termination payment to entity policy.
 - Obtained listing of terminated employees and management's representation that listing was complete. No exceptions noted.
- D. Obtain management's representation that employer and employee portions of third-party payroll related amounts (e.g., payroll taxes, retirement contributions, health insurance premiums, garnishments, workers' compensation premiums, etc.) have been paid, and any associated forms have been filed, by required deadlines.
 - No exceptions noted.

10) Ethics

- A. Using the 5 randomly selected employees officials from Payroll and Personnel procedure #9A obtain ethics documentation from management, and
 - i. Observe whether the documentation demonstrates that each employee official completed one hour of ethics training during the calendar year as required by R.S. 42:1170; and

ii. Observe whether the entity maintains documentation which demonstrates that each employee and official were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy during the fiscal period, as applicable.

No exceptions noted.

23. Inquire and or observe whether the agency has appointed an ethics designee as required by R.S. 42:1170.

No exceptions noted.

11) Debt Service

- A. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes and other debt instruments issued during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all debt instruments on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that State Bond Commission approval was obtained for each debt instrument issued as required by Article VII, Section 8 of the Louisiana Constitution.

 Not applicable.
- B. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes outstanding at the end of the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one bond/note, inspect debt covenants, obtain supporting documentation for the reserve balance and payments, and agree actual reserve balances and payments to those required by debt covenants (including contingency funds, short-lived asset funds, or other funds required by the debt covenants).

Not applicable.

12) Fraud Notice

A. Obtain a listing of misappropriations of public funds and assets during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all misappropriations on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that the entity reported the misappropriation(s) to the legislative auditor and the district attorney of the parish in which the entity is domiciled as required by R.S. 24:523.

Management asserted that the entity did not have any misappropriations of public funds or assets.

B. Observe that the entity has posted, on its premises and website, the notice required by R.S. 24:523.1 concerning the reporting of misappropriation, fraud, waste, or abuse of public funds

No exceptions noted.

13) Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity

- A. Perform the following procedures, verbally discuss the results with management, and report "We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management."
 - Obtain and inspect the entity's most recent documentation that it has backed up its critical data (if there is no written documentation, then inquire of personnel responsible for backing

up critical data) and observe evidence that such backup (a) occurred within the past week, (b) was not stored on the government's local server or network, and (c) was encrypted.

We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management.

ii. Obtain and inspect the entity's most recent documentation that it has tested/verified that its backups can be restored (if there is no written documentation, then inquire of personnel responsible for testing/verifying backup restoration) and observe evidence that the test/verification was successfully performed within the past 3 months.

We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management.

iii. Obtain a listing of the entity's computers currently in use and their related locations, and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 computers and observe while management demonstrates that the selected computers have current and active antivirus software and that the operating system and accounting system software in use are currently supported by the vendor

We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management.

B. Randomly select 5 terminated employees (or all terminated employees if less than 5) using the list of terminated employees obtained in procedure #9C. Observe evidence that the selected terminated employees have been removed or disabled from the network.

We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management.

C. Randomly selected 5 employees from Payroll and Personnel and obtained cyber security training documentation from management, and observed that the documentation demonstrates that the following employees with access to the agency's information technology has completed cyber security training as required.

We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management

14) Prevention of Sexual Harassment

A. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from Payroll and Personnel procedure #9A, obtain sexual harassment training documentation from management, and observe that the documentation demonstrates each employee/official completed at least one hour of sexual harassment training during the calendar year as required by R.S. 42:343.

No exceptions noted.

B. Observe that the entity has posted its sexual harassment policy and complaint procedure on its website (or in a conspicuous location on the entity's premises if the entity does not have a website).

No exceptions noted.

C. Obtain the entity's annual sexual harassment report for the current fiscal period, observe that the report was dated on or before February 1, and observe that the report includes the applicable requirements of R.S. 42:344:

 Number and percentage of public servants in the agency who have completed the training requirements;

No exceptions noted.

ii. Number of sexual harassment complaints received by the agency;

No exceptions noted.

iii. Number of complaints which resulted in a finding that sexual harassment occurred;

No exceptions noted.

 Number of complaints in which the finding of sexual harassment resulted in discipline or corrective action; and

No exceptions noted.

v. Amount of time it took to resolve each complaint.

No exceptions noted.

We were engaged by City of Gonzales to perform this agreed-upon procedures engagement and conducted our engagement in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and applicable standards of *Government Auditing Standards*. We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination or review engagement, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion or conclusion, respectively, on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion or conclusion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

We are required to be independent of City of Gonzales and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements related to our agreed-upon procedures engagement.

This report is intended solely to describe the scope of testing performed on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs, and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on control or compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the LLA as a public document.

Gonzales, Louisiana

Diez, Dupuy & Ruiz

October 25, 2024