## TOWN OF COLUMBIA Columbia, Louisiana

**Annual Financial Statements** 

As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2020

## TOWN OF COLUMBIA Columbia, Louisiana

## Annual Financial Statements

## As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2020

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## TOWN OF COLUMBIA

Columbia, Louisiana
Annual Financial Statements
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#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

MAYOR AND TOWN COUNCIL TOWN OF COLUMBIA Columbia, Louisiana

#### Report on the Financial Statements

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Town of Columbia (Town), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the *Louisiana Governmental Audit Guide*. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

MAYOR AND TOWN COUNCIL TOWN OF COLUMBIA Columbia, Louisiana Independent Auditor's Report June 30, 2020

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Town of Columbia as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 6 through 11; the budgetary comparison information on page 47; and the schedule of proportionate share of the net pension liability and schedule of contributions related to the Municipal Employees' Retirement System and Municipal Police Employees' Retirement systems on pages 48 and 49 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide me with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Supplementary Information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Columbia's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Compensation, Benefits, and Other Payments to Mayor and Town Council on page 52 and the Schedule of Prior Year Findings on page 53 are presented for the purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

MAYOR AND TOWN COUNCIL TOWN OF COLUMBIA Columbia, Louisiana Independent Auditor's Report June 30, 2020

The Schedule of Compensation, Benefits, and Other Payments to Mayor and Town Council and the Schedule of Prior Year Findings are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the Schedule of Compensation, Benefits, and Other Payments to Mayor and Town Council and the Schedule of Prior Year Findings are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, I have also issued my report dated October 30, 2020, on my consideration of the Town of Columbia's internal control over financial reporting and on my tests of the Town's compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Town of Columbia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Calhoun, Louisiana October 30, 2020

# TOWN OF COLUMBIA Columbia. Louisiana

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Our discussion and analysis of the Town of Columbia's (hereafter referred to as the "Town") financial performance provides an overview of the Town's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. Please read it in conjunction with the Town's basic financial statements.

#### USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities on pages 13 and 14 provide information about the activities of the Town as a whole. Fund financial statements that begin on page 15 provide information on how the activities of the Town are financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements report the Town's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.

## Reporting the Town as a Whole - The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

Our analysis of the Town as a whole begins with the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the *accrual basis of accounting*, which is similar to the accounting used by most businesses. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the Town's *net position* and the changes in net position. Net position the difference between assets (what the Town owns), plus deferred outflow of resources (consumption of assets that apply to a future period) and liabilities (what the town owes) plus deferred inflow of resources (resources that apply to a future period) is a way to measure the financial position of the Town. Over time, increases or decreases in the Town's net position is an indicator of whether the Town's financial position is improving or deteriorating.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the Town is divided into two kinds of activities:

Governmental activities - all of the Town's governmental services are reported here including public safety, public works, culture and recreation and general administration.

Business-type activities - the activities of the Town's water, sewer, and gas systems are reported here.

#### Reporting the Town's Funds - Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the Town's funds. The General Fund is the operating fund of the Town and accounts for all of the financial resources of the general government. The Water, Sewer, and Gas Enterprise Funds were established by the Town to help it control and manage money for the activities of the water, sewer, and gas systems. The Town's two kinds of funds - governmental and business-type funds use different accounting methods.

Governmental funds focus on how money flows into and out of the funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Town's operations. Governmental fund information helps to determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that are available to be spent in the near future. The differences between governmental activities reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities and governmental funds are reported in a reconciliation at the bottom of the fund financial statements.

Business-type activities funds are reported in the same way that the activities are reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

## COMPARATIVE ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL DATA

The Town's total net position increased by \$40,337 for the year ended June 30, 2020 due to decrease in repair and maintenance expenses in the water, sewer, and gas systems. The following presents an analysis of net position and the changes in net position of the town's governmental and business-type activities:

	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES			SS-TYPE VITIES	TOTAL		
	2020	2019	2020	2020 2019		2019	
Assets							
Current assets	\$880,204	\$957,176	\$598,602	\$473,931	\$1,478,806	\$1,431,107	
Restricted assets			175,273	178,834	175,273	178,834	
Capital assets	416,856	294,175	2,090,367	2,233,520	2,507,223	2,527,695_	
Total assets	\$1,297,060	\$1,251,351	\$2,864,242	\$2,886,285	\$4,161,302	\$4,137,636	
Deferred Outflow of							
Resources - pensions	49,853	66,194	NONE	NONE	49,853	66,194	

	GOVERNI ACTIV		BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES		то	TAL
,	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019
Liabilities						<u> </u>
Current liabilities	\$53,155	\$10,684	\$107,653	\$86,104	\$160,808	\$96,788
Long-term liabilities	128,805	128,977	554,228_	594,713_	683,033	723,690
Total liabilities	181,960	139,661	661,881	680,817	843,841	820,478
Deferred Inflow of						
Resources - pensions	26,278	82,652	NONE	NONE	26,278	82,652
Net Position						
Net investment in						
capital assets	416,856	294,175	1,353,954	1,625,149	1,770,810	1,919,324
Restricted	110,050	27.,.75	141,774	146,169	141,774	146,169
Unrestricted	721,819	801,057	706,633	434,150	1,428,452	1,235,207
Total net position	\$1,138,675	\$1,095,232	\$2,202,361	\$2,205,468	\$3,341,036	\$3,300,700
rotal net position	<u> </u>	<u>Φ1,000,252</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	\$5,5 11,050	<u> </u>
	GOVERNMENTAL		BUSINES			
	ACTIVI		ACTIVITIES			TAL
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019
Program revenues						
Charges for services	\$57,001	\$78,164	\$353,240	\$369,010	\$410,241	\$447,174
Operating grants						
and contributions	68,681	72,494			68,681	72,494
Capital grants and						
contributions	25,250				25,250	
General revenues						
Property taxes	53,235	54,282			53,235	54,282
Sales taxes	202,061	199,727			202,061	199,727
Other taxes	77,262	77,692			77,262	77,692
Licenses and permits	37,218	36,396			37,218	36,396
Investment earnings	6,223	3,533	581	443	6,804	3,976
Other general revenue	206	2,000			206	2,000
Loss on disposal of						
capital assets	(3,676)				(3,676)	
Total revenues	523,461	524,288	353,821	369,453	877,282	893,741
Transfers	50,000	63,318	(50,000)	(63,318)		
Special items (net)		(9,057)				(9,057)
Total revenues,						
transfers, and special						
items	573,461	578,549	303,821	306,135	<u>877,282</u>	884,684
Program expenses						
General government	347,858	324,730			347,858	324,730

	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES			BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES		TOTAL	
	2020	2019	2020	2020 2019		2019	
Public safety	\$62,757	\$71,265			\$62,757	\$71,265	
Public works	70,695	39,424			70,695	39,424	
Culture and recreation	48,708	53,363			48,708	53,363	
Water			\$132,765	\$201,791	132,765	201,791	
Sewer			107,599	148,075	107,599	148,075	
Gas			66,563	81,365	66,563	81,365	
Total expenses	530,018	488,782	306,927	431,231	836,945	920,013	
Change in net position	43,443	89,767	(3,106)	(125,096)	40,337	(35,329)	
Net position - beginning	1,095,232	1,005,465	2,205,467	2,330,564	3,300,699	3,336,029	
Net position - ending	\$1,138,675	\$1,095,232	\$2,202,361	\$2,205,468	\$3,341,036	\$3,300,700	

The Town's total revenues decreased \$16,459 from prior year due to decreases in charges for services for water, sewer and gas and decrease in fines. The Town's total expenses decreased \$83,068 primarily due to decreases in water, sewer, and gas expenses.

#### Governmental Funds

Total revenues, transfers, and special items for governmental activities was approximately the same as prior year amounts. The expenses of the governmental activities increased \$41,236 with the largest increases in general government and public works.

#### **Business-Type Activities**

The Town's charges for services for its business-type activities were \$15,770 less than in the prior year with the largest decrease in gas sales. Total expenses decreased approximately \$124,304 due to decreases in repairs and maintenance expenses for the water, sewer, and gas systems.

#### OVERALL FINANCIAL POSITION

The Town's net position increased \$40,337 as a result of this year's operations. The business-type activities had a decrease in net position of \$3,106 and the governmental activities had an increase of \$43,443. Unrestricted net position (those assets available to finance the daily operations of the Town) was \$1,428,452 at year end. The net investment in capital assets was \$1,770,810 and net position restricted for debt service was \$141,774 at year end.

#### TOWN'S FUNDS

At the end of the year, the Town's General Fund reported a fund balance of \$827,049 of which \$606,098 was unassigned. General Fund fund balance decreased \$119,443 for the year, primarily due to \$149,527 in capital expenditures. The Water Enterprise Fund reported total net position of \$1,319,638 at year end. The increase in net position was \$10,089 for the year. The Sewer Enterprise Fund reported total net position of \$592,168 at year end. The decrease in net position was \$5,364 for the year. The Gas Enterprise Fund reported total net position of \$290,555 at year end. The decrease in net position was \$7,831 for the year.

#### GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The Town amended its General Fund budget one time during the year ended June 30, 2020. At year end, actual revenues and other financing sources were \$22,908 more than budgeted revenues and other financing sources and actual expenditures were \$25,651 more than budgeted expenditures. The Town prepared its General Fund budget on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

#### Capital Assets

At the end of the year, the Town had capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) totaling \$2,507,223. Capital assets include land, buildings, construction in progress, water, sewer, and gas systems and improvements, and vehicles and equipment, costing \$1,000 or more. The Town has elected not to report major general infrastructure assets such as roads, bridges, sidewalks, etc., that were purchased or constructed prior to January 1, 2002.

During the year ended June 30, 2020, the General Fund purchased a used utility vehicle for \$25,857 and made improvements to street drainage that cost \$93,497. In addition, the Town began construction on the Sherman Lake Trail project. The total cost incurred on the project during the year ended June 30, 2020 was \$30,172. Additional information about the Town's capital assets is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

#### **Long-Term Obligations**

At June 30, 2020, the Town reported \$6,736 in compensated absences payable on the statement of net position for governmental activities. This amount is the total due employees for accrued sick leave upon separation from service due to retirement. Effective November 21, 2016, employees are no longer paid for accrued vacation leave upon separation from service. Additional information about the Town's compensated absences payable is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

At June 30, 2020, the Town reported \$594,429 in outstanding revenue bonds payable on the statement of net position for business-type activities. Interest expense on the outstanding debt was \$32,786 for the year. Additional information about the Town's debt is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, the Town is reporting a net pension liability of \$122,069 on the statement of net position for governmental activities at June 30, 2020. Additional information about the Town's net pension liability is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

#### **ECONOMIC FACTORS**

The town expects its General Fund revenues for the year ended June 30, 2021 to be approximately the same as the revenues for the year ended June 30, 2020 except the Town expects to receive approximately \$166,000 in federal grant funds passed through the FHWA Recreational Trails Program for Louisiana and \$108,000 from the Caldwell Industrial Development Board to complete the Sherman Lake Trail project. The total cost of the project is estimated to be \$300,251. General Fund expenditures are expected to be approximately the same during the next fiscal year except for the estimated \$270,079 in expenditures for the Sherman Lake Trail project. The General Fund expects to receive approximately \$50,000 in transfers from the Water, Sewer, and Gas funds during the next fiscal year. The Town expects the revenues and expenses of the Water, Sewer, and Gas funds to remain approximately the same in the next fiscal year as the current year. However, on October 1, 2020, the Town issued \$750,000 of bond anticipation notes to payoff outstanding water revenue bonds dated January 12, 1988, and to make improvements to the water system during the year ended June 30, 2021.

## BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## TOWN OF COLUMBIA Columbia, Louisiana

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Cash	\$535,937	\$564,460	\$1,100,397
Investments	316,878	8,558	325,436
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles)	26,589	26,384	52,973
Internal balances	800	(800)	
Restricted cash		175,273	175,273
Capital assets (net)	416,856	2,090,367	2,507,223
Total assets	1,297,060	2,864,242	4,161,302
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Resources related to pensions	49,853	NONE	49,853
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	35,774	23,367	59,141
Salaries payable	10,872	•	10,872
Payroll liabilities payable	6,509		6,509
Accrued interest payable		8,415	8,415
Customer meter deposits		35,670	35,670
Long-term liabilities other than pensions:			
Due within one year	6,736	40,201	46,937
Due in more than one year		554,228	554,228
Net pension liability	122,069		122,069
Total liabilities	181,960	661,881	843,841
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Resources related to pensions	26,278_	NONE_	26,278
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	416,856	1,353,954	1,770,810
Restricted for debt service		141,774	141,774
Unrestricted	721,819	706,633	1,428,452
Total net position	<u>\$1,138,675</u>	<u>\$2,202,361</u>	\$3,341,036

#### TOWN OF COLUMBIA Columbia, Louisiana

## STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

.....Program Revenues.....

Net (Expense) Revenue and .......Changes in Net Position......

	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:							
General government	\$347,858		\$3,679		(\$344,179)		(\$344,179)
Public safety	62,757	\$57,001	8,313		2,557		2,557
Public works	70,695			\$19,450	(51,245)		(51,245)
Culture and recreation	48,708		56,689	5,800	13,781		13,781
Total governmental activities	530,018	57,001	68,681	25,250	(379,086)		(379,086)
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES:							
Water service	132,765	157,707				\$24,942	24,942
Sewer service	107,599	116,973				9,374	9,374
Gas service	66,563	78,560				11,997	11,997
Total business-type activities	306,927	353,240	NONE	NONE		46,313	46,313
Total government	\$836,945	\$410,241	\$68,681	\$25,250	(379,086)	46,313	(332,773)
GENERAL REVENUES AND TRANSFERS	-			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	***************************************		
General revenues:							
Property taxes					53,235		53,235
Sales taxes					202,061		202,061
Other taxes					77,262		77,262
Licenses and permits					37,218		37,218
Investment earnings					6,223	581	6,804
Loss on disposal of capital assets					(3,676)		(3,676)
Other general revenues					206		206
Transfers (net)					50,000	(50,000)	
Total general revenues and transfers					422,529	(49,419)	373,110
CHANGE IN NET POSITION					43,443	(3,106)	40,337
NET POSITION - BEGINNING					1,095,232	2,205,467	3,300,699
NET POSITION - ENDING					\$1,138,675	\$2,202,361	\$3,341,036

# TOWN OF COLUMBIA Columbia, Louisiana

### BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUND June 30, 2020

Julie 30, 2020	
	General
	Fund
ASSETS	
Cash	\$535,937
Investments	316,878
Receivables	26,589
Due from Water Fund	800
TOTAL ASSETS	\$880,204
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	\$35,774
Salaries payable	10,872
Payroll liabilities payable	6,509
Total liabilities	53,155
FUND BALANCES	<del></del>
Assigned:	
Public safety	163,696
Office equipment	31,697
Street improvements	18,780
Employee benefits	6,778
Unassigned	606,098
Total fund balance	<u>827,049</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$880,204
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental	
Fund To the Statement of Net Position:	
Total fund balance - Governmental Fund	\$827,049
Amount reported for net position of governmental activities in the Statement	
of Net Position (Statement A) is different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and	
therefore are not reported in the fund.	416,856
Long-term liabilities, such as compensated absences, are not due and payable in	
the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(6,736)
Net pension liability does not require the use of current financial resources	
and therefore is not reported in the funds.	(122,069)
The net effect of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of	
resources related to pensions do not require the use of current	
financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	23,575
Net position of governmental activities (Statement A)	\$1,138,675
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# TOWN OF COLUMBIA Columbia, Louisiana

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	General
	Fund
REVENUES	<del></del>
Taxes:	
Property	\$53,235
Sales	202,061
Franchise	13,203
Beer	1,705
Insurance premium	62,354
Licenses and permits	37,218
Intergovernmental revenue:	·
Federal grant	800
State grants	27,763
Local grants	61,689
Fines	50,735
Fire protection fees	6,266
Investment earnings	6,223
Other revenues	206_
Total revenues	523,458
EXPENDITURES	
General government	332,877
Public safety	106,996
Public works	54,793
Culture and recreation	48,708
Capital outlay	149,5 <u>27</u>
Total expenditures	692,901
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(169,443)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	
Transfer from Water Fund	15,000
Transfer from Sewer Fund	15,000
Transfer from Gas Fund	20,000
Total other financing sources	50,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(119,443)
FUND BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	946,492
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$827,049

(Continued)

## TOWN OF COLUMBIA

Columbia, Louisiana

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	General Fund
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities: Net change in fund balance - Governmental Fund Amount reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities (Statement B) is different because:	(\$119,443)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures.  However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay expenditures exceeded depreciation expense	
in the current period.  In the statement of activities, the book value of deleted assets is reported as a loss, while in the governmental fund, the	126,358
proceeds from disposition, if any, increase financial resources.  Governmental funds report current year pension contributions as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, these contributions are reported as deferred inflows of resources and the Town's proportionate share of the plans pension expense	(3,676)
is reported as pension expense.  The Town's proportionate share of non-employer contributions to the pension plans do not provide current financial resources	35,000
and are not reported as revenue in the governmental funds.  The decrease in compensated absences payable does not require the use of current resources and, therefore, is not reported as	3,679
expenditures in the governmental funds.  Change in net position of governmental activities (Statement B)	
Change in not position of governmental activities (statement b)	

(Concluded)

# TOWN OF COLUMBIA Columbia, Louisiana

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES - ENTERPRISE FUNDS June 30, 2020

	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Gas Fund	Total
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash	\$203,397	\$192,134	\$168,929	\$564,460
Investments			8,558	8,558
Receivable (net of allowance for				
doubtful accounts)	12,900_	9,776_	3,708_	26,384
Total current assets	216,297	201,910	181,195	599,402
Noncurrent assets:				
Restricted cash	107,257	68,016		175,273
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	1,286,711	661,672	141,984	2,090,367
Total assets	1,610,265	931,598	323,179	2,865,042
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	2,407	1,082	19,878	23,367
Due to General Fund	800			800
Accrued interest payable		832		832
Current portion of long-term debt		14,285		14,285
Customer deposits	22,924		12,746	35,670_
Total current liabilities	26,131	16,199	32,624	74,954
Liabilities payable from restricted assets:				
Accrued interest payable	7,583			7,583
Current portion of long-term debt	25,916			25,916
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Long-term debt - revenue bonds payable	230,997	323,231	NONE	554,228
Total liabilities	290,627	339,430	32,624	662,681
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	1,029,798	324,156		1,353,954
Restricted for debt service	73,758	68,016		141,774
Unrestricted	216,082	199,996	290,555	706,633
Total net position	\$1,319,638	\$592,168	\$290,555	\$2,202,361

# TOWN OF COLUMBIA Columbia, Louisiana

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES - ENTERPRISE FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Water	Sewer	Gas	
	<u>Fund</u>	Fund_	Fund	Total
OPERATING REVENUES				
Service fees	\$150,501	\$115,795	\$77,542	\$343,838
Penalties	1,545	1,178	437	3,160
Safe drinking water fees	3,758			3,758
Other	1,903		581	2,484
Total operating revenue	157,707	116,973	78,560	353,240
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Office supplies	2,542	2,480	2,794	7,816
Postage			807	807
Sales tax	1,567			1,567
Repairs and maintenance	23,591	7,537	19,320	50,448
Utilities	4,448	9,066	342	13,856
Safe drinking water fee	3,525			3,525
Dues and memberships	300	654	545	1,499
Miscellaneous	233	131	1,343	1,707
Chemicals	8,769	4,478		13,247
Testing fees		1,635	372	2,007
Supplies			3,678	3,678
Travel, meals, and lodging	1,208	313		1,521
Professional training	300		3,866	4,166
Gas purchases			25,144	25,144
Depreciation	68,993	65,808	8,352	143,153
Total operating expenses	115,476_	92,102	66,563	274,141
OPERATING INCOME	42,231	24,871	11,997	79,099
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (Expenses)				
Interest earned on deposits	147	262	172	581
Interest expense	(17,289)	(15,497)		(32,786)
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	(17,142)	(15,235)	172	(32,205)
TRANSFERS TO GENERAL FUND	(15,000)	(15,000)	(20,000)	(50,000)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	10,089	(5,364)	(7,831)	(3,106)
NET POSITION - BEGINNING	1,309,549	597,532	298,386	2,205,467
NET POSITION - ENDING	<u>\$1.319.638</u>	\$592,168	\$290,555	\$2,202,361

#### TOWN OF COLUMBIA Columbia, Louisiana

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES - ENTERPRISE FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Gas Fund	Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	0156 690	C115 004	070 212	9250 995
Receipts from customers	\$156,689 2,365	\$115,984	\$78,212 677	\$350,885 3,042
Customer meter deposits (net) Payments to suppliers	(47,181)	(27,320)	(39,407)	(113,908)
Net cash provided by operating activities	111,873	88,664	39,482	240,019
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL	()			
FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Transfer to General Fund	(15,000)	(15,000)	(20,000)	(50,000)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND				
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Principal paid on capital debt	(24,363)	(13,942)		(38,305)
Interest paid on capital debt	(17,931)	(15,532)		(33,463)
Grant proceeds	800			800
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities	(41,494)	(29,474)	NONE	(70,968)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Interest income		172	172	344
Decrease in restricted cash	5,162	(1,441)		3,721_
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	5,162	(1,269)	172	4,065
NET INCREASE IN CASH	60,541	42,921	19,654	123,116
CASH AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	142,856	149,213	149,275	441,344
CASH AT END OF YEAR	\$203,397	\$192,134	\$168,929	\$564,460
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash				
Provided by Operating Activities				
Operating Income	\$42,231	\$24,871	\$11,997	\$79,099
Adjustments:		ψω 1,0 / 1	<u> </u>	
Depreciation	68,993	65,808	8,352	143,153
Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable	(1,018)	(989)	(348)	(2,355)
Increase (decrease) in customer meter deposits	2,365	,	677	3,042
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	(698)	(1,026)	18,804	17,080
Total adjustments	69,642	63,793	27,485	160,920
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$111,873	\$88,664	\$39,482	\$240,019

## TOWN OF COLUMBIA Columbia. Louisiana

Notes to the Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2020

#### INTRODUCTION

The Town of Columbia was incorporated in 1827 and is governed under the provisions of the Lawrason Act which was enacted in 1898. The town is governed by the mayor-town council form of government. The mayor and five council members serve four-year terms which expire on June 30, 2020. The town provides general government, public safety, public works, culture and recreation, and water, sewer, and gas services to its residents. The town has a full-time clerk, an elected Chief of Police and 9 other full-time or part-time employees.

GASB Statement No. 14, The Reporting Entity, and No. 39, Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 14 established criteria for determining the governmental reporting entity and component units that should be included within the reporting entity. Under the provisions of these statements, the Town of Columbia is considered a primary government, since it is a special purpose government that has a separately elected governing body, is legally separate, and is fiscally independent of other state and local governments. As used in GASB Statement No. 14 and 39, fiscally independent means that the municipality may, without the approval or consent of another governmental entity, determine or modify its own budget, levy its own taxes or set rates or charges, and issue bonded debt. The Town has no component units.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIINIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### A. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the activities of the Town of Columbia. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

#### TOWN OF COLUMBIA

Notes to the Financial Statements

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and business-type activities funds. All individual governmental funds and individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

# B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the business-type fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, revenues are considered to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting.

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, other taxes, intergovernmental revenues, fines, and charges for services associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the town.

The Town of Columbia reports the following governmental funds:

#### General Fund

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town and accounts for all financial resources of the general government, including the police department, the fire department, the street department and the activities of the Main Street program.

The Town of Columbia reports the following business-type activity funds:

#### Water Enterprise Fund

The Water Enterprise fund accounts for the operations of the Town's water system.

#### Sewer Enterprise Fund

The Sewer Enterprise fund accounts for the operations of the Town's sewer system.

#### Gas Enterprise Fund

The Gas Enterprise fund accounts for the operations of the Town's gas system.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity is eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Amounts reported as program revenues include charges to customers for goods, services, or privileges provided and operating and capital grants and contributions. General revenues include all taxes, licenses and permits, interest earnings and other miscellaneous revenue.

Business-type activities funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the fund's ongoing operations. The Water, Sewer, and Gas Enterprise Funds' operating revenues consist of charges for water, sewer, and gas sales and penalties. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting these definitions are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

#### C. Deposits and Investments

The Town's cash is amounts in demand deposits and cash on hand at year-end. State law limits the Town's credit risk by restricting it's investments to collateralized certificates of deposits, government-backed securities, commercial paper, the state sponsored investment

## TOWN OF COLUMBIA

Notes to the Financial Statements

pool, and mutual funds consisting solely of government-backed securities. If the original maturities of investments exceed 90 days, they are classified as investments; however, if the original maturities are 90 days or less, they are classified as cash equivalents. At June 30, 2020, the Town's investments consist of nonnegotiable certificates of deposits with original maturities that exceed 90 days that are reported in the accompanying financial statements at cost. The district's interest rate risk is limited by all investments maturing within 12 months of year end.

#### D. Receivables

Receivables for governmental activities, such as taxes, intergovernmental revenues, fines, and charges for services are generally shown net of an allowance for uncollectible amounts. These financial statements contain no provision for uncollectible accounts for these types of receivables. The Town is of the opinion that such an allowance for these receivables would be immaterial in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Property taxes are levied on a calendar year basis and become due on January 1 of each year. For the year ended June 30, 2020, the Town levied a 8.68 mill general alimony tax for general government purposes. The Town also levied 3.30 mills on all taxable property in the Town for the purposes of constructing, maintaining, and improving public streets within the Town. The Town is authorized to levy this street tax for a period of ten years ending with the year 2024.

The Town of Columbia adopted an ordinance on December 7, 1981, authorizing the levy of a 1% sales tax that may be used for any lawful purpose of the Town. In May 1992, the Town entered into an agreement with the Concordia Parish School Board to collect the sales tax in compliance with the terms and provisions of the sales tax ordinance. Under the terms of the agreement, the Town pays the Concordia Parish School Board 2½ % of the monthly collections as fees for this service. In December 2013, the town entered into a collection agreement with the Concordia Parish School Board to collect the Town's insurance premium tax as well. Under the terms of this agreement, the Town pays the Concordia Parish School Board 5% of the monthly collections as fees for this service.

Receivables for water, sewer, and gas service are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible amounts. The allowance for uncollectibles is based a percentage of past due accounts at year-end.

#### E. Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside to meet the requirements of the bond covenants of the water and sewer revenue bonds are classified as restricted assets on the statement of net position because their use is limited. It is the informal policy of the Town to first use restricted assets in the Water Fund and nonrestricted assets in the Sewer Fund when both restricted and nonrestricted assets are available.

#### F. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, construction in progress, buildings, water, sewer, and gas systems and improvements, and vehicles and equipment are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated cost if historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are recorded at fair market value on the date of donation. The Town of Columbia maintains a threshold level of \$1,000 or more for capitalizing assets. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized. The town has elected not to report general infrastructure assets, such as roads, bridges, sidewalks, etc., constructed prior to January 1, 2002. However, the construction or major improvement of infrastructure assets after that date are included in capital assets.

All capital assets, other than land and construction in progress, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Estimated Lives
Infrastructure - water sewer, and gas systems and improvements Buildings Vehicles and equipment	12- 50 years 10 - 40 years 5-10 years

#### G. Compensated Absences

The Town has the following policy relating to vacation and sick leave:

Full-time employees receive 80 hours of vacation leave on January 1 of each year. Unused vacation leave can not be carried over to the next calendar year. Employees are not paid for unused vacation leave when they resign, retire, or are dismissed from employment.

Full time employees receive 80 hours of sick leave on January 1 each year. Unused sick leave can be carried over to the next calendar year up to a maximum accumulation of 240 hours per employee. Employees who had more than 240 hours on November 21, 2016, were allowed to keep all sick hours accumulated up to a maximum of 720 hours. Upon retirement only, full-time employees will be paid for 160 hours of accumulated sick leave.

Compensated absences resulting from unused sick time at the end of the fiscal year are accrued and recorded as long-term liabilities in the government-wide financial statements in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16, *Accounting for Compensated Absences*. Compensated absences are paid from the General Fund and are recorded in the fund financial statements only when payment is actually made.

#### H. Long-Term Debt

Revenue bonds payable are reported as long-term liabilities in the Water Enterprise Fund and Sewer Enterprise Fund's fund financial statements as well as in the business-type activities statement of net position.

#### I. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Municipal Employees Retirement System (MERS) and the Municipal Police Employees Retirement System (MPERS) of Louisiana and additions to/deductions from MERS and MPERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by MERS and MPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### J. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expenditure until then. In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The Town's deferred outflows and deferred inflows are resources related to pensions.

#### K. Net Position/Fund Balance

For the government-wide statement of net position, net position is reported as restricted when constraints placed on net position by either of the following ways:

- 1. externally imposed by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or
- 2. imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which funds can be spent. Fund balance should be reported as restricted when constraints on the use of the funds meet the same criteria as restricted net position in the government-wide statement of net position as noted in the previous paragraph. Amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the town council are reported as committed fund balance.

Assigned fund balance are amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The town council is authorized to assign amounts to a specific purpose. Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification and represents fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to a specific purpose. Unassigned amounts are generally considered to have been spent first when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which any unrestricted fund balances could be used.

#### L. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosures, and revenues, expenditures, and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### M. Interest Costs

The following provides disclosure on interest costs for the year ended June 30, 2020:

#### TOWN OF COLUMBIA

Notes to the Financial Statements

	Water	Sewer	
	Enterprise	Enterprise	
	Fund	Fund	Total
Total interest cost expensed	\$17,289	\$15,497	\$32,786
Total interest cost capitalized	NONE	NONE	NONE
Total interest costs incurred	\$17,289	\$15,497	\$32,786

# 2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

#### **Budget Information**

The Town of Columbia uses the following budget practices:

A proposed budget for the General Fund, prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting, is normally presented to the town council in April each year. The town council proposes an ordinance to adopt the budget and a public hearing is held on the proposed budget ordinance in May of each year. The notice of the availability of the proposed budget is published in the official journal. The budget is legally adopted by ordinance in May of each year after the public hearing is held. Budget amendments are presented to the town council in the same manner as the proposed budget and amended during the year as necessary. Budgets are established at the object level of expenditure. Appropriations lapse at year-end and must be reappropriated for the following year to be expended. There was one budget amendment during the year ended June 30, 2020.

The following individual fund's actual expenditures exceeded budgeted expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2019:

	Original	Final		Unfavorable
	Budget	Budget	Actual	Variance
General Fund	\$544,850	\$667,250	\$692,901	\$25,651

#### 3. DEPOSITS IN FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

At June 30, 2020, the Town has cash, restricted cash, and investments (book balances) as follows:

Petty cash	\$150
Checking accounts	884,630
Savings accounts	390,890

Certificates of deposit	_\$325,436
Total	\$1,601,106

These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market. Under state law, these deposits, or the resulting bank balances, must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. At June 30, 2020, the Town of Columbia has \$1,603,578 in deposits (collected bank balances). These deposits are secured from risk by \$762,789 of federal deposit insurance and \$949,876 of pledged securities held by an unaffiliated bank in the name of the fiscal agent bank.

#### 4. RECEIVABLES

The following is a summary of receivables at June 30, 2020:

	General Fund	Water Enterprise Fund	Sewer Enterprise Fund	Gas Enterprise Fund	Total
Taxes	\$21,938	( ( <del></del>			\$21,938
Grants	4,127				4,127
Charges for services Allowance for doubtful	524	\$13,449	\$10,205	\$3,862	28,040
accounts		(549)	(429)	(154)	(1,132)
Total	\$26,589	\$12,900	\$9,776	\$3,708	\$52,973

#### 5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets and depreciation activity as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, is as follows:

y 4	Balance at July 1, 2019	Increases	Decreases	Balance at June 30, 2020
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not being				
depreciated:				
Land	\$107,966			\$107,966
Construction in progress		\$30,172		30,172
Total capital assets not				
being depreciated	107,966	30,172	NONE	138,138

	Balance at			Balance at
	July 1,			June 30,
	2019	Increases	Decreases	2020
Capital assets being		<u> </u>		
depreciated:				
Buildings	\$359,725			\$359,725
Vehicles and equipment	415,842	\$119,354	(\$19,544)	515,652
Total capital assets being				
depreciated	775,567	119,354	(19,544)	875,377
Less accumulated depreciation				
for:				
Buildings	236,653	8,831		245,484
Vehicles and equipment	352,705	14,338	(15,868)	351,175
Total accumulated				
depreciation	589,358	23,169	(15,868)	596,659
Total assets being				
depreciated, net	186,209	96,185	(3,676)	278,718
Total assets, net	\$294,175	\$126,357	(\$3,676)	\$416,856
Business-type activities:				
Capital assets not				
being depreciated:				
Land	\$26,624	NONE	NONE_	\$26,624
Capital assets being				
depreciated:				
Water system and				
improvements	2,707,806		(\$185,854)	2,521,952
Sewer system and				
improvements	2,115,989			2,115,989
Gas system and				
improvements	731,975			731,975
Buildings	31,575			31,575
Vehicles and equipment	62,255			62,255
Total capital assets being				
depreciated	5,649,600	NONE	(185,854)	5,463,746
Less accumulated depreciation				
for:				

	Balance at July 1, 2019	Increases	Decreases	Balance at June 30, 2020
Water system and				
improvements	\$1,398,341	\$65,091	(\$185,854)	\$1,277,578
Sewer system and				
improvements	1,408,836	63,480		1,472,316
Gas system and				
improvements	582,238	8,352		590,590
Buildings	29,997	1,579		31,576
Vehicles and equipment	23,292	4,651		27,943
Total accumulated				
depreciation	3,442,704	143,153	(185,854)	3,400,003
Total assets being				· — — — · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
depreciated, net	2,206,896	(143,153)	NONE	2,063,743_
Total assets, net	\$2,233,520	(\$143,153)	NONE	\$2,090,367

Depreciation expense was charged to the functions of governmental and business-type activities as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General government	\$306
Public safety	6,961
Public works	15,902_
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	<u>\$23,169</u>
Business-Type Activities:	
Water Fund	\$68,993
Sewer Fund	65,808
Gas Fund	<u>8,352</u>
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$143,153

Governmental activities deletions included fully depreciated assets that are no longer in use and a vehicle that was damaged in an accident. Business-type activities deletions included old fully depreciated assets.

#### 6. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

The following is a summary of interfund transfers during the year ended June 30, 2020:

	TransferIn	Transfer Out
General Fund	\$50,000	
Water Enterprise Fund	•	\$15,000
Sewer Enterprise Fund		15,000
Gas Enterprise Fund		20,000
Total	\$50,000	\$50,000

The transfers from the Water, Sewer, and Gas enterprise funds to the General Fund were made to pay a portion of administrative expenses that are paid by the General Fund.

#### 7. LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions for the year ended June 30, 2020:

	Balance at July 1, 2019	Increases	Decreases	Balance at June 30, 2020	Due within One Year
Business-type activities:		-			
Revenue bonds from					
direct borrowings	\$632,734	NONE	(\$38,305)	\$594,429	\$40,201

The Town's outstanding revenue bonds from direct borrowings related to business-type activities, contain provisions that in an event of default in the payments of any principal and accrued interest on the bonds or in the performance of any covenant or agreement contained in the instruments incident to making or insuring the loan, the entire principal amount outstanding and accrued interest may be declared immediately due and payable. The bonds are secured by the pledge of revenues generated by business-type activities.

Interest expense of \$32,786 was charged to the business-type activities function for the year ended June 30, 2020 as follows:

Water Fund	\$17,289
Sewer Fund	15,497

Total interest expense - business-type activities

\$32,786\_

Revenue bonds from direct borrowings in the amount of \$594,429 have maturities from 2021 until 2037 and 4.5% to 6.375% interest rates. Loan principal and interest payable in the next fiscal year are \$40,201 and \$31,566, respectively. The individual bonds are as follows:

	1988	1996	1996
	\$600,000	\$521,000	\$20,000
	Water	Sewer	Sewer
	Revenue	Revenue	Revenue
	Bonds	Bonds	Bonds_
Original issue date	1/12/88	10/22/96	10/22/96
Interest rate	6.375%	4.50%	4.50%
Final payment due	1/12/28	10/22/36	10/22/36
Interest to maturity	\$78,373	\$142,149	\$5,457
Principal outstanding	\$256,913	\$325,039	\$12,477
	Water	Sewer	Sewer
Funding source	revenue	revenue	revenue

The revenue bonds from direct borrowings are due as follows:

	Principal	Interest	
Year Ending June 30,	Payments	Payments	Total _
2021	\$40,201	\$31,566	\$71,767
2022	42,496	29,271	71,767
2023	44,926	26,841	71,767
2024	47,497	24,270	71,767
2025	50,219	21,548	71,767
2026 - 2030	207,116	64,069	271,185
2031 - 2035	121,367	26,002	147,369
2036 - 2037	40,607_	2,412_	43,019
Total	<u>\$594,429</u>	<u>\$225,979</u>	\$820,408

#### 8. BOND COVENANT REQUIREMENTS

The bond covenants with the United States Department of Agriculture, Farmers Home Administration for the water and sewer revenue bonds discussed in Note 7 above, require the Town to establish the following reserve accounts:

#### 1988 Water Revenue Bonds

- A. A "Sinking Fund". The Town must transfer into this fund, each month, one-twelfth of the principal and interest due on the next principal and interest payment date. This fund is used to pay bond principal and interest as they become due.
- B. A "Reserve Fund". The Town must transfer into this fund, each month, an amount equal to 5 per cent of the amount to be paid into the Sinking Fund each month until \$42,294 has been accumulated therein. Such amounts may be used only for the payment of maturing bonds and interest for which sufficient funds are not available in the Sinking Fund.
- C. A "Contingency Fund". The Town must transfer \$165 into this fund each month. The deposits in this fund may be used for unusual or extraordinary maintenance, repairs, replacements, and extensions and for the cost of improvements to the system. Money in this fund may also be used to pay principal and interest on bonds falling due at any time there is not sufficient funds in the other reserve funds.

#### 1996 Sewer Revenue Bonds

- A. A "Reserve Fund". The Town must transfer \$123 into this fund each month until \$29,474 has been accumulated therein. Such amounts may be used only for the payment of maturing bonds and interest for which would otherwise be in default.
- B. A "Contingency Fund". The Town must transfer \$131 into this fund each month. The deposits in this fund may be used to care for depreciation, extensions, additions, improvements, and replacements to the system. Money in this fund may also be used to pay principal and interest on bonds falling due at any time there is not sufficient funds in the other reserve fund.

#### TOWN OF COLUMBIA

Notes to the Financial Statements

The following is a summary of transactions in the bond reserve accounts for the year ended June 30, 2020:

	Water	Sewer	
	Enterprise	Enterprise	
	Fund	Fund	Total
Balance at July 1, 2019	\$112,349	\$66,485	\$178,834
Deposits	37,055	1,441	38,496
Interest earnings	147	90	237
Withdrawals	(42,294)_		(42,294)
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$107,257	\$68,016	\$175,273

#### 9. COMPENSATED ABSENCES PAYABLE

The following is a summary of changes in compensated absences payable for the year ended June 30, 2020:

	Governmental
	Activities -
	Compensated
	Absences Payable
Balance at July 1, 2019	\$8,261
Additions	793
Reductions	(2,318)
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$6,736

#### 10. PENSION PLANS

The following note disclosures about the Town's pension plans are required by GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions.

#### Plan Descriptions:

#### Municipal Employees' Retirement System

Eligible employees of the Town of Columbia are provided with pensions through Plan B of the Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana.

#### Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System

Eligible police officers of the Town of Columbia are provided with pensions through the Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System (MPERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana.

#### Plan Eligibility and Benefits:

#### Municipal Employees' Retirement System

Membership is mandatory as a condition of employment beginning on the date employed if the employee is on a permanent basis working at least thirty-five hours per week.

MERS provides retirement, disability, survivor, and DROP benefits. The monthly allowance for any member of Plan B consists of an amount equal to two percent of the member's monthly average final compensation multiplied by his years of creditable service. Employees who were hired prior to January 1, 2013 are eligible to retire at any age with 30 years of creditable service and at age 60 with 10 or more years of creditable service. Employees who were hired after January 1, 2013 are eligible to retire at age 67 with 7 or more years of creditable service; at age 62 with 10 or more years of creditable service; at age 55 with 30 or more years of creditable service; or at any age with 25 years of creditable service, exclusive of military service and unused annual and sick leave, with an actuarially reduced early benefit.

In lieu of terminating employment and accepting a service retirement allowance, any member of Plan B who is eligible to retire may elect to participate in the deferred retirement option plan (DROP) for up to three years and defer the receipt of benefits. During participation in DROP, employer contributions are payable but employee contributions cease.

Under Plan B, a member shall be eligible to retire and receive a disability benefit if he has at least 10 years of creditable service, is not eligible for normal retirement, and has been officially certified as disabled by the State Medical Disability Board. Upon retirement caused by disability, a member of Plan B shall be paid a disability benefit equal to the lesser of (1) an amount equal to two percent of his final compensation multiplied by his years of creditable service but not less than thirty percent of his final compensation or (2) an amount equal to the what the member's normal retirement benefit would be based on the member's current final compensation, but assuming the member remained in continuous service until his earliest normal retirement age.

Upon on the death of any member of Plan B with 5 or more years of creditable service, not eligible for normal retirement, the plan provides for benefits for the surviving spouse as outlined in the statutes.

The System is authorized under state law to grant a cost of living increase to members who have been retired for at least one year. The adjustment cannot exceed 2% of the retiree's original benefit for each full calendar year since retirement and may only be granted if sufficient funds are available from investment income in excess of normal requirements. State law allows the System to grant additional cost of living increases to all retirees and beneficiaries who are age 65 or above equal to 2% of the benefit being received on October 1, 1977, or the original benefit, if retirement commenced after that date.

Plan B provides for deferred benefits for members who terminate before being eligible for retirement. Once the member reaches the appropriate age for retirement, benefits become payable based on statutes in effect at the time of withdrawal.

#### Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System

Membership in the System is mandatory for any full-time police officer employed by a municipality of the State of Louisiana and engaged in law enforcement, empowered to make arrests, provided he or she does not have to pay social security and providing he or she meets the statutory criteria.

MPERS provides regular retirement, early retirement, disability, survivor, and DROP benefits. Employees who were hired prior to January 1, 2013 are eligible to retire at any age with 25 years of creditable service; at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service; and at age 55 with 12 years of creditable service. An employee is eligible for early retirement with an actuarially reduced benefit at any age after 20 years of creditable service. Benefit rates are three and one-third percent of average final compensation multiplied by years of creditable service not to exceed 100% of final salary.

Upon the death of an active contributing member, or disability retiree, the plan provides for benefits for the surviving spouse and minor children. The benefits range from forty to sixty percent of average final compensation to the surviving spouse and ten percent of average final compensation or \$200 per month, whichever is greater children under the age of 18.

Employees who were hired after January 1, 2013 are eligible for regular retirement, early retirement, disability, and survivor benefits based on Hazardous Duty and Non Hazardous Duty sub plans. Under the Hazardous Duty sub plan, employees are eligible for regular retirement at any age

with 25 years of creditable service and at age 55 with 12 years of creditable service. Under the Non Hazardous Duty sub plan, employees are eligible for regular retirement at any age with 30 years of creditable service; at age 55 with 25 years of creditable service; and at age 60 with 10 years of creditable service. Under both sub plans, an employee is eligible for early retirement with a reduced benefit at any age after 20 years of creditable service, with an actuarially reduced benefit from age 55. Under the Hazardous and Non Hazardous Duty sub plans, the benefit rates are three percent and two and a half percent, respectively, of average final compensation multiplied by years of creditable service not to exceed 100% of final salary.

A member is eligible to elect to enter the deferred retirement option plan (DROP) when he is eligible for regular retirement based on the members' sub plan participation. An Initial Benefit Option Plan is available to members who are eligible for regular retirement and have not participated in DROP. The Initial Benefit Option program provides both a one-time single sum payment of up to 36 months of regular monthly retirement benefit, plus a reduced monthly retirement benefit for life.

Upon the death of an active contributing member, or disability retiree, the plan provides for benefits for the surviving spouse and minor children. The benefits range from twenty-five to fifty-five percent of average final compensation for the surviving spouse and ten percent of average final compensation or \$200 per month, whichever is greater to children under age 18. If the deceased member had less than 10 years of service, the beneficiary will receive a refund of employee contributions only.

The Board of Trustees is authorized to provide annual cost of living adjustments computed on the amount of the current regular retirement, disability, beneficiary or survivor's benefit, not to exceed 3% in any given year. The Board of Trustees is authorized to provide an additional 2% cost of living adjustment, computed on the member's original benefit, to all regular retirees, disability, survivors, and beneficiaries who are age 65 years of age or older on the cut-off date which determines eligibility.

#### Contributions:

#### Municipal Employees' Retirement System

Contributions for all members are established by statute. Member contributions are 5% of earnable compensation and is deducted from the member's salary and remitted by the participating municipality.

According to state statute, contributions for all employers are actuarially determined each year. The Town of Columbia's required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30,

2020, was 14% of covered payroll. Contributions to the pension plan were \$16,156 for the year ended June 30, 2020. The system also receives ad valorem taxes and state revenue sharing funds that are recognized as employer contributions and are considered support from non-employer contributions recognized as revenue in the government-wide governmental activities statement of activities was \$3,679 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

#### Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System

Employer contributions are actuarially determined each year as required by state law but cannot be less than 9% of the employees earnable compensation excluding overtime but including state supplemental pay. The Town of Columbia's required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2020, was 32.5% of covered payroll; however, the Town had no eligible employees participating during this period and no contributions were made. The system also receives insurance premium taxes that are recognized as additional employer contributions and are considered support from non-employer contributing entities, but are not considered special funding situations. There were no non-employer contributions recognized as revenue in the government-wide governmental activities statement of activities for the year ended June 30, 2020.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2020, the Town of Columbia reported a total of \$122,069 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of MERS and MPERS combined. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019 for both plans and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by actuarial valuations as of that date. The Town's proportion of the net pension liability was based on projections of the Town's long-term share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating municipalities, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2019, the Town's proportion was .140 percent for MERS which was an decrease of .003 from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2018. At June 30, 2019, the Town's proportion was 0 percent for MPERS.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the Town recognized pension expense of \$16,200 for MERS and (\$51,200) for MPERS. At June 30, 2020, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

## TOWN OF COLUMBIA

Notes to the Financial Statements

	_ MERS	<b>MPERS</b>	Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources:			
Net difference between projected and actual			
earnings on pension plan investments	\$12,857		\$12,857
Changes of assumptions	7,441		7,441
Changes in proportion	13,399		13,399
Employer contributions subsequent to			
the measurement date	16,156		16,156
Total deferred outflows of resources	<u>\$49,853</u>	NONE	\$49,853
	MERS	_MPERS	Total
Deferred Inflows of Resources:			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$5,413		\$5,413
Changes in proportion	7,787	_\$13,078	20,865
Total deferred outflows of resources	<u>\$13,200</u>	<u>\$13,078</u>	\$26,278

\$16,156 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Town's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	MERS	_MPERS_	Total
Year ended June 30:	•		
2021	\$14,329	(\$13,078)	\$1,251
2022	3,339		3,339
2023	1,712		1,712
2024	1,117_		1,117
Total	\$20,497	(\$13,078)	\$7,419

#### **Actuarial Assumptions:**

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	MERS	MPERS
Inflation	2.5%	2.5%

#### TOWN OF COLUMBIA

Notes to the Financial Statements

		1 to 2 years of service - 9.75%
	1 to 4 years of service - 7.4%	3 to 23 years of service - 4.75%
Salary increases, including inflation and merit increases	More than 4 years of service - 4.9%	More than 23 years of service - 4.25%
Investment rate of return	7.0%, net of investment expense, including inflation	7.125%, net of investment expense
Expected remaining service lives	3 years	4 years

For MERS, annuitant and beneficiary mortality rates were based on PubG-2010(B) Healthy Retiree Table set equal to 120% for males and females, each adjusted using their respective male and female MP2018 scales. Employee mortality rates were based on PubG-2010(B) Employee Table set equal to 120% for males and females, each adjusted using their respective male and female MP2018 scales. Disable lives mortality rates were based on PubNS-2010(B) Disabled Retiree Table set equal to 120% for males and females with the full generational MP2018 scale.

For MPERS, mortality rates were based on RP-2000 Combined Healthy with Blue Collar Adjustment Sex Distinct Tables projected to 2029 by Scale AA set back 1 year for females for healthy annuitants and beneficiaries; RP-2000 Employee Table set back 4 years for males and 3 years for females for active members; and RP-2000 Disabled Lives Table set back 5 years for males and 3 years for females for disabled annuitants.

The present value of future retirement benefits for MPERS is based on benefits currently being paid by the System and includes previously granted cost-of-living increases. The present values do no include provisions for potential future increases not yet authorized by the Board of Trustees.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 MERS valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2018.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 MPERS valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2009 through June 30, 2014.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For MERS, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation and an adjustment for the effect of rebalancing/diversification. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following tables:

#### MERS:

MERS:		
		Long-Term
		Expected
		Portfolio
	Target	Real Rate
A sort Class	_	
Asset Class	Allocation	of Return
Public fixed income	35%	1.51%
Public equity	50%	2.15%
Alternatives	15%_	0.64%
Totals	100%	4.30%
Inflation		2.70%
Expected Arithmetic Nominal Return		7.00%
MPERS:		
		Long-Term
		_
		Expected
		Expected Portfolio
	Target	•
Asset Class	Target _Allocation	Portfolio
Asset Class Fixed Income	_	Portfolio Real Rate
	Allocation	Portfolio Real Rate of Return
Fixed Income	Allocation 33.50%	Portfolio Real Rate of Return 0.80%
Fixed Income Equity	Allocation 33.50% 48.50%	Portfolio Real Rate of Return 0.80% 3.28%
Fixed Income Equity Alternatives	Allocation 33.50% 48.50% 18.00%	Portfolio Real Rate of Return 0.80% 3.28% 1.06%

#### **Discount Rate:**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.0% for MERS and 7.125% for MPERS. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions

from participating employers will be made at the actuarially determined rates, which are calculated in accordance with relevant statutes and approved by the Board of Trustees and the Public Retirement Systems' Actuarial Committee. Based on those assumptions, the Systems' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of returns on pension plan investments were applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

#### Sensitivity to Changes in Discount Rate:

The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current discount rate, as well as what the Town's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower, or one percentage point higher than the current rate as of June 30, 2019:

	Chang	ges in Discount	Rate		
MERS:		Plan B:			
		Current			
	1%	Discount	1%		
	Decrease	Rate	Increase		
	6.0%	7.0%	8.0%		
Net pension liability	\$162,686	\$122,069	\$87,717		
MPERS:	Changes in Discount Rate				
		Current			
	1%	Discount	1%		
	Decrease	Rate	Increase		
	6.125%	7.125%	8.125%		
Net pension liability	\$0	\$0	\$0		

#### **Retirement System Audit Report**

MERS and MPERS have issued stand-alone audit reports on their financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2019. Access to these reports can be found on the MERS website, <a href="www.mersla.com">www.mersla.com</a>, the MPERS website at <a href="www.lampers.org">www.lampers.org</a> or on the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's website, <a href="www.lla.la.gov">www.lla.la.gov</a>.

#### 11. ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS FOR SALARIES

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the Town recognized revenue and expenditures of \$6,000 in salary supplements from the State of Louisiana paid directly to an employee of the police department.

#### 12. GRANTS

Amounts received from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. If any expenditures are disallowed as a result of these audits, the claims for reimbursement to the grantor agency would become a liability of the Town. In the opinion of management, any such adjustments would not be material to the Town's operating results or fund balances.

#### 13. CONTINGENCY

The Town of Columbia was involved in one lawsuit at June 30, 2020, that involves a claim for damages resulting from a vehicle striking the covering on a sink hole in a drainage line. It is the opinion of the Town's legal counsel that it is too soon to provide an evaluation of the anticipated outcome; however, the Town does not expect the claim to exceed its limits of insurance coverage. The claim will be defended vigorously by the Town though its insured, Risk Management. No liability for the alleged damages has been reported in the accompanying financial statements.

#### 14. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town purchases commercial insurance to reduce the risk of loss resulting from property damage or liability claims. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from coverage in the prior year. Settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### 15. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On July 20, 2020, the Town accepted a bid in the amount of \$251,251 for construction and signage of the Sherman Lake Trail project. The total cost of the project is estimated to be approximately \$300,251. The project is being partially funded with federal grant funds through the FHWA Recreational Trails Program for Louisiana in the amount of \$167,098 and funding from the Caldwell Parish Industrial Development Board in the amount of \$108,000.

On October 1, 2020, the Town retired the remaining principal of the 1988 Water Revenue Bonds by issuing \$750,000 of Bond Anticipation Notes. The remaining proceeds of the notes will be advanced as needed to the Town to provide interim financing for improvements to the Town's water system.

Since March 2020, the spread of COVID-19 has severely impacted many local economies. Measures taken to contain the spread of the virus have triggered significant disruptions to businesses. The Town's future cash flows could be affected by the economic slowdown that has resulted from these measures. The Town has determined that the impact of COVID-19 is a non-adjusting subsequent event. Accordingly, the financial position and results of operations as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, have not been adjusted to reflect this potential impact. The duration and impact of the COVID-19 pandemic remains unclear at this time.

The Town of Columbia has evaluated subsequent events through October 30, 2020, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

## TOWN OF COLUMBIA Columbia, Louisiana

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts (Budgetary	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Basis - GAAP)	(Negative)	
REVENUES					
Taxes:					
Property	\$50,000	\$52,000	\$53,235	\$1,235	
Sales	200,000	190,000	202,061	12,061	
Franchise	14,000	14,000	13,203	(797)	
Beer taxes	2,400	2,400	1,705	(695)	
Insurance premium	50,000	55,000	62,354	7,354	
Licenses and permits	29,550	31,550	37,218	5,668	
Intergovernmental revenue:					
Federal grant			800	800	
State grants	33,600	33,600	27,763	(5,837)	
Local grants	61,000	58,500	61,689	3,189	
Fines	75,000	55,000	50,735	(4,265)	
Fire protection fees	6,000	6,000	6,266	266	
Investment earnings	2,000	2,000	6,223	4,223	
Other revenue	700	500	206	(294)	
Total revenues	524,250	500,550	523,458	22,908	
EXPENDITURES					
General government	325,150	317,200	332,877	(15,677)	
Public safety:	-	•	•	, ,	
Fire Department	10,700	12,100	14,500	(2,400)	
Police Department	102,000	94,500	92,496	2,004	
Public works - street department	39,000	169,450	54,793	114,657	
Culture and recreation - Main Street	63,200	69,200	48,708	20,492	
Capital outlay	4,800	4,800	149,527	(144,727)	
Total expenditures	544,850	667,250	692,901	(25,651)	
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES OVER				•	
EXPENDITURES	(20,600)	(166,700)	(169,443)	(2,743)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES:					
Transfers from Water, Sewer, and Gas Funds	50,000	50,000	50,000_		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	29,400	(116,700)	(119,443)	(2,743)	
FUND BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	907,732	946,492	946,492		
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	<u>\$937,132</u>	\$829,792	\$827,049	(\$2,743)	

There was one budget amendment during the year ended June 30, 2020.

#### TOWN OF COLUMBIA Columbia, Louisiana

# SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY June 30, 2020

Municipal Employees Retirement System:	Proportion of the net pension liability	Proportionate share of the net pension liability	Covered- employee payroll	Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered- employee payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
For the year ended June 30:		p data in the same			- Indomity
2020	0.14%	\$122,069	\$115,376	105.00%	66.14%
2019	0.14%	120,716	106,669	113.00%	65.60%
2018	0.08%	70,715	105,770	66.86%	63.49%
2017	0.12%	103,036	60,668	169.84%	62.11%
2016	0.13%	86,444	91,308	94.67%	68.71%
2015	0.12%	58,576	88,257	66.37%	76.94%
2014	0.13%	68,936	84,625	81.46%	71.92%
Municipal Police Employees Retirement System:					
For the year ended June 30:					
2020	0.00%	\$0	\$0	0.00%	71.01%
2019	0.00%	0	0	0.00%	71.89%
2018	0.00%	0	0	0.00%	70.08%
2017	0.01%	64,307	0	0.00%	66.04%
2016	0.03%	214,219	19,219	1114.62%	70.73%
2015	0.03%	164,160	73,145	224.43%	75.10%
2014	0.02%	194,878	67,510	288.66%	66.71%

No current employees were members of the Municipal Police Employees Retirement System during the year ended June 30, 2020.

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the end of the prior fiscal year except for covered employee payroll.

#### TOWN OF COLUMBIA Columbia, Louisiana

## SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS June 30, 2020

Municipal Employees Retirement System: For the year ended June 30:	Contractually required contribution	Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	Contribution deficiency (excess)	Covered- employee payroll	Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll
2020	016156				
2019	\$16,156	\$16,156	\$0	\$115,376	14.00%
	14,934	14,934	0	106,669	14.00%
2018	14,014	14,014	0	105,770	13.25%
2017	6,673	6,673	0	60,668	11.00%
2016	8,674	8,674	0	91,308	9.50%
2015	8,380	8,380	0	88,257	9.50%
2014	7,405	7,405	0	84,626	8.75%
Municipal Police Employees Retirement System:					
For the year ended June 30:					
2020	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	0.00%
2019	0	0	0	0	0.00%
2018	0	0	0	0	0.00%
2017	0	0	0	0	0.00%
2016	5,670	5,670	0	19,219	29.50%
2015	23,041	23,041	0	73,145	31.50%
2014	20,928	20,928	0	67,510	31.00%

No current employees were members of the Municipal Police Employees Retirement System during the year ended June 30, 2020.

## OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION SCHEDULES

#### TOWN OF COLUMBIA Columbia, Louisiana

### OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION SCHEDULES As of and For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

### COMPENSATION, BENEFITS AND OTHER PAYMENTS TO MAYOR AND TOWN COUNCIL

The Schedule of Compensation, Benefits and Other Payments to Mayor and Town Council is presented in compliance with Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513 A (3) and House Concurrent Resolution No. 54 of the 1979 Session of the Louisiana Legislature. Compensation of the mayor and town council is included in the general government expenditures of the General Fund. The mayor receives \$250 for the first meeting of the month, \$125 for the second meeting, and \$62 for the third meeting of the month. The town council receives \$100 for the first meeting of the month, \$50 for the second meeting, and \$25 for the third meeting of the month.

#### SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

The follow-up and corrective action taken on all prior year findings is presented in Schedule 5.

## TOWN OF COLUMBIA Columbia, Louisiana

# SCHEDULE OF COMPENSATION, BENEFITS AND OTHER PAYMENTS TO MAYOR AND TOWN COUNCIL

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Agency Head - Richard Meredith, Mayor: Compensation	\$3,312
Compensation:	
Penny Brown	1,325
Sonja Carroll	1,300
Bonnie Crockett	1,275
Hannah Springer	1,250
James Stuart	1,325_
Total	\$9,787_

# TOWN OF COLUMBIA Columbia, Louisiana

## SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Finding Number	Fiscal Year Finding Initially Occurred	Description of Finding	Status of Finding
2019-001	2015	Inadequate Segregation of Accounting Duties	Unresolved - see 2020-001 in current year findings.
2019-002	2015	Inadequate Controls Over Financial Reporting	Resolved.

## Independent Auditor's Report Required by Government Auditing Standards

The following independent auditor's report on internal control over financial reporting and on compliance and other matters is presented in compliance with the requirements of *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the *Louisiana Governmental Audit Guide*, issued by the Society of Louisiana Certified Public Accountants and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor.



369 Donaldson Road • Calhoun, Louisiana 71225 • Telephone 318/644-5726

Independent Auditor's Report on
Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on
Compliance and Other Matters
Based on an Audit of Financial Statements
Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

MAYOR AND TOWN COUNCIL TOWN OF COLUMBIA Columbia, Louisiana

I have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Louisiana Governmental Audit Guide*, issued by the Society of Louisiana Certified Public Accountants and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Town of Columbia as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Columbia's basic financial statements and have issued my report thereon dated October 30, 2020.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements, I considered the Town of Columbia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Columbia's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion of the effectiveness of the Town of Columbia's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

MAYOR AND TOWN COUNCIL TOWN OF COLUMBIA Columbia, Louisiana

Columbia, Louisiana
Independent Auditor's Report
on Compliance and on
Internal Control, etc.,
June 30, 2020

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. I did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying Schedule of Current Year Findings and Management's Planned Corrective Action as 2020-001 that I consider to be a material weakness.

#### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town of Columbia's financial statements are free from material misstatement, I performed tests of the Town's compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit and, accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Town of Columbia's Response to Finding

The Town of Columbia's response to the finding identified in my audit is described in the accompanying Schedule of Current Year Findings and Management's Planned Corrective Action. The Town of Columbia's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, I express no opinion on it.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion of the effectiveness of the Town of Columbia's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town of Columba's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Calhoun, Louisiana October 30, 2020

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# TOWN OF COLUMBIA Columbia, Louisiana

Schedule of Current Year Findings and Management's Planned Corrective Action For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

#### Section I - Summary of Auditor's Reports

#### Financial Statements

- 1. Type of auditor's report issued Unmodified.
- 2. Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified? - Yes Significant deficiency(ies) identified? - No

3. Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? - No

### **Section II - Financial Statement Findings**

#### 2020-001. Inadequate Segregation of Accounting Duties

**Criteria:** Proper internal controls require that accounting duties be performed by separate

individuals so that one individual could not perpetrate and conceal errors or irregularities without them being detected by another individual who was performing

his or her assigned duties.

**Condition:** The accounting duties of billing, collecting, depositing and posting customer

payments to customers accounts for the Water, Sewer, and Gas funds are performed by one employee. The collecting, depositing, and recording of payments for property taxes and occupational licenses are also performed by one

employee.

Cause: Limited number of employees due to small size of the Town.

**Effect:** Errors or irregularities may not be detected within a timely period.

Recommendation: None

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## Management's Planned

**Corrective Action:** 

It is not economically feasible to correct this deficiency based on the

size of the Town and its limited revenues.