Annual Financial Statements

June 30, 2018



The Town of Jonesville was incorporated under the Lawrason Act, and operates under the Mayor-Town Council form of government. The Town provides the following significant services to its residents as provided by its charter: public safety (police and fire), streets, sanitation, recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, provision of gas, electric, and water utilities, sewer services, airport facilities, and general administrative functions, including coordination of related services with parish, state and federal governing bodies.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Hiram Evans, Mayor & Members of the Town Council Jonesville, LA

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the businesstype activities of the Town of Jonesville, Louisiana, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the business-type activities of the Town of Jonesville, as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Jonesville's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Compensation Benefits and Other Payments to Agency Head or Chief Executive Officer is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Schedule of Compensation of Benefits and Other Payments to Agency Head or Chief Executive Officer is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Compensation Benefits and Other Payments to Agency Head or Chief Executive Officer is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 19, 2018, on our consideration of the Town of Jonesville's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town of Jonesville's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

The Vercher Group

Jena, Louisiana December 19, 2018

Town of Jonesville

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the Town, we offer readers of the Town of Jonesville's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the Town's financial statements.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is an element of the new reporting model adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in their Statement No. 34 Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments issued June 1999.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Governmental Funds

- The assets of the Town exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$4,327,857 (*net position*). This is a \$990,780 increase from last year.
- The Town had total revenue of \$1,763,883 in which \$483,329 came from taxes and \$935,026 came from capital contributions. This is a \$647,165 increase from last year's revenues, mainly due to an increase in capital contributions in the amount of \$323,220.
- The Town had total expenditures of \$3,398,856, which is a \$2,142,137 increase from last year. This increase is due mainly to an increase in capital outlay in the amount of \$1,797,731.

Enterprise Funds

- The assets of the Town exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$15,184,291 (*net position*). This is a \$329,144 decrease from last year.
- The Town had total revenue of \$4,080,819, including operating revenues of \$4,058,024, nonoperating revenues of \$1,545, and capital contributions of \$21,250. This is a \$271,608 increase from last year. This increase is due mainly to an increase in gas sales in the amount of \$145,459 and electric sales in the amount of \$91,609.
- The Town had total expenses of \$3,612,189, including operating expenses of \$3,433,268 and non-operating expenses of \$178,921. This is a \$548,756 increase from last year. An increase in utility purchases in the amount of \$475,665 is the main cause of this increase.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Town's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements consist of two components: 1) fund financial statements, and 2) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves. The Town is a special-purpose entity engaged only in governmental activities. Accordingly, only fund financial statements are presented as the basic financial statements.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

The Town's annual report consists of financial statements that show information about the Town's funds, enterprise funds and governmental funds.

Our accountant has provided assurance in his independent accountant's report, located immediately preceding this Management's Discussion and Analysis, that the Basic Financial Statements are fairly stated. Varying degrees of assurance are being provided by the accountant regarding the other information included in this report. A user of this report should read the independent accountant's report carefully to ascertain the level of assurance being provided for each of the other parts of this report.

REPORTING THE TOWN'S MOST SIGNIFICANT FUNDS

The Town's financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds. The Town may establish other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using grants and other money. The Town's enterprise fund uses the following accounting approach:

All of the Town's services are reported in an enterprise fund. They are reported using the full accrual method of accounting in which all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the balance sheet. The focus of proprietary funds is on income measurement, which, together with the maintenance of equity, is an important financial indication.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Comparative Statement of Net Position

The following table represents a Comparative Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2018:

	_	2017	 2018	<u>% Change</u>
ASSETS				
Cash & Investments	\$	455,390	\$ 192,918	-57.6
Receivables		52,272	22,074	-57.8
Restricted Assets		96,797	1,425,121	1,372.3
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation		2,972,121	 4,648,007	56.4
TOTAL ASSETS	=	3,576,580	 6,288,120	75.8
LIABILITIES & NET POSITION				
Accounts, Salaries, & Other Payables		99,899	79,487	-20.4
Other Liabilities		6,735	-0-	-100.0
Notes & Bonds Payable – Current		2,082	226,081	10,758.8
Notes & Bonds Payable – Noncurrent		130,787	1,654,695	1,165.2
TOTAL LIABILITIES		239,503	 1,960,263	718.5
NET POSITION				
Net Investment in Capital Assets		2,839,252	2,767,231	-2.5
Restricted		8,743	1,201,121	13,638.1
Unrestricted		489,082	359,505	-26.5
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$_	3,337,077	\$ 4,327,857	29.7

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Comparative Changes in Fund Balances

The following table reflects the Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for the year ended June 30, 2018:

		2017		2018	% Change
Revenues	_				<u> </u>
Taxes	\$	88,337	\$	483,329	447.2
Licenses and Permits		103,929		131,498	26.5
Rentals		29,745		15,741	-47.1
Charges for Services		51,683		148,132	186.6
Fines and Forfeitures		70,471		20,051	-71.6
Intergovernmental		611,806		935,026	52.8
Other		60,747		29,356	-51.7
TOTAL REVENUES		1,116,718		1,763,133	57.9
Expenditures					
General & Administrative		373,273		395,895	6.1
Public Safety		280,201		296,868	6.0
Public Works		570,464		651,436	14.2
Recreation		16,568		35,258	112.8
Airport		9,997		39,454	294.7
Capital Outlay		-0-		1,797,731	100.0
Debt Service		2,476		182,214	7,259.2
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		1,256,719		3,398,856	170.5
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over					
(Under) Expenditures		(140,001)		(1,635,723)	1,068.4
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Interest Income		-0-		750	100.0
Bond Proceeds		-0-		1,900,000	100.0
Transfers In (Out)		557,906		797,774	43.0
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		557,906	.	2,698,524	383.7
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		417,905		1,062,801	154.3
Fund BalancesBeginning		79,920		497,825	522.9
FUND BALANCESENDING	\$	497,825	\$_	1,560,626	213.5

ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Comparative Statement of Net Position

The following table represents a Comparative Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2018:

	_	2017	_	2018	<u>% Change</u>
Assets					
Cash	\$	331,441	\$	334,331	0.9
Receivables		225,294		302,928	34.5
Restricted Assets		757,065		729,052	-3.7
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation		22,011,750	_	21,462,168	-2.5
TOTAL ASSETS	_	23,325,550		22,828,479	-2.1
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION					
Accounts, Salaries, & Other Payables		44,770		83,284	86.0
Accrued Liabilities		24,974		24,794	-0.7
Customer Deposits		172,876		184,386	6.7
Notes & Bonds Payable – Current Portion		232,701		220,578	-5.2
Notes & Bonds Payable – Noncurrent Portion		7,336,794	-	7,131,146	-2.8
TOTAL LIABILITIES		7,812,115	-	7,644,188	-2.2
NET POSITION					
Net Investment in Capital Assets		14,472,956		14,110,444	-2.5
Restricted		3,630		326,907	8,905.7
Unrestricted	-	1,036,849	-	746,940	-28.0
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	15,513,435	_ \$	15,184,291	-2.1

ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Comparative Changes in Net Position

The following table reflects the Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position for the year ended June 30, 2018:

	 2017	 2018	% Change
OPERATING REVENUES			
Electric Sales	\$ 2,532,018	\$ 2,623,627	3.6
Gas Sales	385,801	531,260	37.7
Water Sales	345,044	335,993	-2.6
Sewer Sales	382,217	387,285	1.3
Other Fees/Charges	163,086	179,859	10.3
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	 3,808,166	 4,058,024	6.6
Operating Expenses			
Utility Purchases	1,427,873	1,903,538	33.3
Administration/Personnel	326,646	276,580	-15.3
Repairs and Maintenance	66,455	128,276	93.0
Materials & Supply	43,309	59,160	36.6
Utilities	37,938	73,031	92.5
Other Operating Expenses	429,325	443,101	3.2
Depreciation	544,705	549,582	0.9
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	 2,876,251	 3,433,268	19.4
Operating Income (Loss)	 931,915	 624,756	-33.0
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)			
Interest Earnings	1,045	1,545	47.9
Interest Expense	(187,182)	(178,921)	-4.4
TOTAL NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	 (186,137)	 (177,376)	-4.7
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS & TRANSFERS	745,778	447,380	-40.0
Transfers In/(Out)	(557,906)	(797,774)	43.0
Capital Contributions	 -0-	 21,250	100.0
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	187,872	(329,144)	-275.2
Prior Period Adjustment	75,000	-0-	-100.0
TOTAL NET POSITION – BEGINNING	 15,250,563	 15,513,435	1.7
TOTAL NET POSITION – ENDING	\$ 15,513,435	\$ 15,184,291	-2.1

CAPITAL ASSETS & LONG-TERM DEBT

Capital Assets – Governmental Fund

At June 30, 2018, the Town had \$4,648,007 invested in capital assets, including the following:

Capital Assets at Year-End

	2017	2018
Land*	\$ 422,850 \$	422,850
Buildings	1,079,801	1,079,801
Land Improvements	2,449,068	2,738,803
Machinery & Equipment	336,098	345,558
Vehicles	705,122	705,122
Construction in Progress*	60,860	1,559,396
Accumulated Depreciation	(2,081,677)	(2,203,523)
Total	\$ 2,972,122 \$	4,648,007

*Land in the amount of \$422,850 and construction in progress in the amount of \$1,559,396 are not being depreciated.

Capital Assets – Enterprise Fund

At June 30, 2018, the Town had \$21,462,168 invested in capital assets, including the following:

Capital Assets at Year-End												
		2017		2018								
Land*	S	21,612	S	21,612								
Buildings		11,579		11,579								
Plant and Equipment		28,199,776		28,199,776								
Accumulated Depreciation		(6,221,217)		(6,770,799)								
Total	S	22,011,750	\$	21,462,168								

*Land in the amount of \$21,612 is not being depreciated.

Long-Term Obligations – General Fund

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions for the year ended June 30, 2018:

		Bonds Payable	Notes Payable	Total
Long-term obligations at beginning of year Additions to principal Repayment of principal	\$ _	-0- \$ 1,900,000 (150,000)	132,869 -0- (2,093)	\$ 132,869 1,900,000 (152,093)
Long-term obligations at end of year Less current portion	\$	1,750,000 \$ (224,000)	130,776 (2,081)	\$ 1,880,776 (226,081)
Long-term portion	\$_	1,526,000 \$	128,695	\$ 1,654,695

Long-Term Obligations – Enterprise Fund

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions for the year ended June 30, 2018:

		Bonds Payable	Notes Payable		Total
Long-term obligations at beginning of year Additions to principal	\$	7,411,481 \$	159,192	\$	7,570,673 -0-
Repayment of principal	_	(202,000)	(16,949)	_	(218,949)
Long-term obligations at end of year Less current portion	\$	7,209,481 \$ (203,000)	142,243 (17,578)	\$ -	7,351,724 (220,578)
Long-term portion	\$	7,006,481 \$	124,665	\$	7,131,146

CONTACTING THE TOWN'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

Our financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and creditors with a general overview of the Town's finances and to show the Town's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or wish to request additional financial information, contact Hiram Evans, Mayor, at the Town of Jonesville, phone (318) 339-8596.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

TOWN OF JONESVILLE, LOUISIANA Statement of Net Position June 30, 2018

	PRIMARY GOVERNMENT							
	GOVERNMENTAL			Түре		Torus		
CURRENT ACCETS	A	ACTIVITIES	· _	ACTIVITIES		TOTAL		
CURRENT ASSETS Cash	\$	192,918	¢	334,331	S	527 240		
Receivables (Net of Allowances for Uncollectible)	Ф	22,074	Ф	302,928	3	527,249 325,002		
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		22,074		637,259		852,251		
IOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		214,992		037,239		052,251		
NON-CURRENT ASSETS								
Restricted Assets		1,425,121		729,052		2,154,173		
Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)		4,648,007		21,462,168		26,110,175		
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		6,073,128		22,191,220		28,264,348		
TOTAL ASSETS		6,288,120		22,828,479	- <u></u>	29,116,599		
CURRENT LIABILITIES								
Accounts, Salaries, & Other Payables		79,487		83,284		162,771		
Accrued Liabilities		-0-		10,035		10,035		
Customer Deposits		-0-		184,386		184,386		
Accrued Interest		-0-		14,759		14,759		
Notes Payable, Current		2,081		17,578		19,659		
Bonds Payable, Current		224,000		203,000		427,000		
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		305,568		513,042		818,610		
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES								
Notes Payable		128,695		124,665		253,360		
Bonds Payable		1,526,000		7,006,481		8,532,481		
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		1,654,695		7,131,146		8,785,841		
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,960,263		7,644,188		9,604,451		
NET POSITION								
Net Investment in Capital Assets		2,767,231		14,110,444		16,877,675		
Restricted		1,201,121		326,907		1,528,028		
Unrestricted		359,505		746,940		1,106,445		
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	4,327,857	\$_	15,184,291	s	19,512,148		

TOWN OF JONESVILLE, LOUISIANA Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

			TOL	ne	rear Ended Jun	ie s	0,2010	NET DEVEN	uure /	(Expenses) & Cha	NCESO	DDBGADX
			Proc	GRA	M REVENUES			NET KEVES	ULS	GOVERNMENT	NGES U	r f KIMARY
	-	Expenses	Charges for Services	_	Capital Grants & Contributions		Net (Expenses) Revenue	Governmentał Activities		Business Type Activities		Total
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	¢	(200.000) ¢	121 400	æ		e.	(057 201) @	(257.201)	۵		¢	(257.201)
General Government	\$	(388,889) \$	131,498	\$	-0- 5	3	(257,391) \$	(257,391)	\$		\$	(257,391)
Public Safety:		(202, 102)	0		0		(202,102)	(202,102)				(202,102)
Police		(302,102)	-0- -0-		-0-		(302,102)	(302,102)				(302,102)
Fire Public Works:		(9,901)	-0-		-0-		(9,901)	(9,901)				(9,901)
		(410,700)	0		259 225		(50, 40, 4)	(50 40 4)				(52,404)
Streets		(410,729)	-0-		358,235		(52,494)	(52,494)				(52,494)
Sanitation		(269,868)	148,132		-0-		(121,736)	(121,736)				(121,736)
Recreation		(37,116)	-0-		-0-		(37,116)	(37,116)				(37,116)
Auport		(122,152)	-0-		276,956		154,804	154,804				154,804
Interest on Long-Term Debt		(30,120)	-0-	-	-0-		(30,120)	(30,120)				(30,120)
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		(1,570,877)	279,630		635,191		(656,056)	(656,056)				(656,056)
Business Type Activities												
Electric		(1,946,765)	2,623,627		-0-		676,862			676,862		676,862
Water		(472,270)	335,993		-0-		(136,277)			(136,277)		(136,277)
Gas		(504,782)	531,260		21,250		47,728			47,728		47,728
Sewer		(509,451)	387,285		-0-		(122,166)			(122,166)		(122,166)
Interest on Long-Term Debt		(178,921)	-0-		-0-		(178,921)			(178,921)		(178,921)
TOTAL BUSINESS TYPE ACTIVITIES		(3,612,189)	3,878,165		21,250		287,226			287,226		287,226
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$ _	(5,183,066) \$	4,157,795	\$	656,441	\$	(368,830)					(368,830)
				G	eneral Revenues							
				T	axes			483,329		-0-		483,329
				F	ines			20,051		-0-		20,051
				R	ental			15,741		-0-		15,741
				In	itergovernmental			299,835		-0-		299,835
				In	vestment Earnings			750		1,545		2,295
					ther General Revenues			29,356		179,859		209,215
				T	ransfers In (Out)			797,774		(797,774)		-0-
					OTAL GENERAL REVEN	NUES	6	1,646,836		(616,370)		1,030,466
				С	HANGE IN NET POSITIO	ON		990,780		(329,144)		661,636
				Ν	ET POSITION - BEGINN	ING		3,337,077		15,513,435		18,850,512
				Ν	ET POSITION - ENDING	÷	\$	4,327,857	\$	15,184,291	\$	19,512,148

TOWN OF JONESVILLE, LOUISIANA Balance Sheet, Governmental Funds June 30, 2018

	_	General Fund		DEBT Service Fund		TOTAL
ASSETS						
Cash & Cash Equivalents	\$	192,918	Ş	-0-	S	192,918
Receivables (Net of Allowances for Uncollectable)		3,302		-0-		3,302
Due from Other Government		18,772		-0-		18,772
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents		1,207,395		217,726		1,425,121
TOTAL ASSETS		1,422,387		217,726		1,640,113
LIABILITIES Accounts, Salaries, and Other Payables Accrued Liabilities Due to Other Governments Other Liabilities TOTAL LIABILITIES		79,487 -0- -0- -0- 79,487		-0- -0- -0- -0- -0-		79,487 -0- -0- -0- 79,487
Fund Balances						
Restricted		1,207,395		217,726		1,425,121
Unassigned		135,505		-0-		135,505
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		1,342,900		217,726		1,560,626
TOTAL LIABILITIES & FUND BALANCE	\$_	1,422,387	S	217,726	<u>s</u>	1,640,113

Statement D

TOWN OF JONESVILLE, LOUISIANA Reconciliation of the Government Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Financial Statement of Net Position June 30, 2018

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:

Fund Balance, Total Governmental Funds (Statement C)		\$	1,560,626
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.			
Governmental Capital Assets	6,851,530		
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(2,203,523)		
			4,648,007
Long-term liabilities including bonds payable are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the			
governmental funds.		-	(1,880,776)
Net Position of Governmental Activities (Statement A)		\$ _	4,327,857

TOWN OF JONESVILLE, LOUISIANA Statement of Revenues, Expenditures & Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

		General		DEBT Service Fund		Total
Revenues	_	GEREICH		TOND	· -	TOTAL
Taxes	\$	89,605	S	393,724	S	483,329
Licenses and Permits		131,498		-0-		131,498
Rentals		15,741		-0-		15,741
Charges for Services		148,132		-0-		148,132
Fines and Forfeitures		20,051		-0-		20,051
Intergovernmental		935,026		-0-		935,026
Other		29,356		-0-		29,356
TOTAL REVENUES		1,369,409		393,724		1,763,133
Expenditures						
General		395,895		-0-		395,895
Public Safety:						
Police		296,868		-0-		296,868
Public Works:						
Streets		381,568		-0-		381,568
Sanitation		269,868		-0-		269,868
Recreation		35,258		-0-		35,258
Airport		39,454		-0-		39,454
Capital Outlay		1,797,731		-0-		1,797,731
Debt Service		6,216		175,998		182,214
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		3,222,858		175,998	-	3,398,856
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER						
(Under) Expenditures		(1,853,449)		217,726		(1,635,723)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Interest Income		750		-0-		750
Bond Proceeds		1,900,000		-0-		1,900,000
Transfers In (Out)		797,774		-0-	_	797,774
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		2,698,524		-0-		2,698,524
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		845,075		217,726		1,062,801
Fund BalancesBeginning		497,825		-0-		497,825
FUND BALANCESENDING	\$	1,342,900	S	217,726	\$	1,560,626

TOWN OF JONESVILLE, LOUISIANA Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, & Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Net Change in Fund Balances, Total Governmental Funds, Statement E		S	1,062,801
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, i the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over the estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is th amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the curren period.	ir e		
Capital Outlays	1,797,731		
Depreciation Expense	(121,846)		
			1,675,885
The issuance of long-term debt (bonds, leases, etc.) provides currer financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of th principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on ne position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance cost premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is issued, wherea these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long term debt and related items.	e of et ts s. s.		
Bond Issuance	(1,900,000)		
Principal Paid	152,094		
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require th use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported a expenditures in governmental funds.			-0-
			v
Changes in Net Position of Governmental Activities, Statement B		<u> </u>	990,780

TOWN OF JONESVILLE, LOUISIANA Statement of Net Position, Proprietary Funds June 30, 2018

		INESS-TYPE
		TERPRISE
	<u></u>	FUND
CURRENT ASSETS	e	224 221
Cash & Cash Equivalents	S	334,331
Receivables (Net of Allowances for Uncollectible) TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		302,928
IOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		637,259
NON-CURRENT ASSETS		
Restricted Assets		729,052
Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)		21,462,168
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		22,191,220
TOTAL ASSETS		22,828,479
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Accounts, Salaries, & Other Payables		83,284
Accrued Liabilities		10,035
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		93,319
CURRENT LIABILITIES PAYABLE FROM		
RESTRICTED ASSETS		
Customer Deposits		184,386
Accrued Interest		14,759
Notes Payable – Current Portion		17,578
Bonds Payable – Current Portion		203,000
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES PAYABLE FROM		
RESTRICTED ASSETS		419,723
Non-Current Liabilities		
Notes Payable		124,665
Bond Payable (Net of Discount)		7,006,481
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		7,131,146
TOTAL LIABILITIES		7,644,188
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in Capital Assets		14,110,444
Restricted		326,907
Unrestricted		746,940
TOTAL NET POSITION	S	15,184,291

TOWN OF JONESVILLE, LOUISIANA Statement of Revenues, Expenses & Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2018

	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES				
	E	NTERPRISE			
	FUND				
OPERATING REVENUES					
Electric Sales	\$	2,623,627			
Gas Sales		531,260			
Water Sales		335,993			
Sewer Sales		387,285			
Other Fees/Charges		179,859			
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES		4,058,024			
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Utility Purchases		1,903,538			
Administration/Personnel		276,580			
Repairs and Maintenance		128,276			
Materials and Supplies		59,160			
Utilities		73,031			
Other Operating Expenses		443,101			
Depreciation		549,582			
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		3,433,268			
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		624,756			
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Interest Earnings		1,545			
Interest Expense		(178,921)			
TOTAL NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		(177,376)			
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS & TRANSFERS		447,380			
Transfers In/(Out)		(797,774)			
Capital Contributions		21,250			
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(329,144)			
TOTAL NET POSITION – BEGINNING		15,513,435			
TOTAL NET POSITION – ENDING	\$	15,184,291			

TOWN OF JONESVILLE, LOUISIANA Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds June 30, 2018

	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES
	Enterprise Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	FOND
Receipts from Customers & Users	\$ 3,991,900
Payments to Suppliers	(2,565,544)
Payments to Employees	(276,580)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	1,149,776
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Transfers In (Out)	(797,774)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(797,774)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL & RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Contributions & Grants	21,250
Construction of Capital Assets	-0-
Interest Paid on Capital Debt	(180,971)
Principal Paid on Capital Debt	(218,949)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY CAPITAL & RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(378,670)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Interest & Dividends Received	1,545
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES	1,545
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH & CASH EQUIVALENTS	(25,123)
Cash & Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	1,088,506
Cash & Cash Equivalents, End of Year	1,063,383
RECONCILIATION TO BALANCE SHEET	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	334,331
Restricted Cash	729,052
TOTAL CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	1,063,383
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash	
PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Operating Income (Loss)	624,756
Depreciation Expense	549,582
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable	(77,634)
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payables	38,514
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Liabilities	3,048
Increase (Decrease) Customer Deposits	11,510
TOTAL ADJUSTMENTS	525,020
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	1 ,149,776

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(1) <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u>

The Town of Jonesville, Louisiana was incorporated December 16, 1903, under the provisions of the Lawrason Act. The Town operates under the Mayor-Town Council form of government and provides the following services as authorized by the Act: public safety (police and fire); streets; sanitation; recreation; public improvements; planning and zoning; provision of gas, electric, and water utilities; sewer services; airport facilities; and general services.

The accounting and reporting policies of the Town of Jonesville conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments.

GASB Statement 14, *The Reporting Entity*, established criteria for determining the governmental reporting entity and component units that should be included within the reporting entity. Under provisions of this Statement, the municipality is considered a primary governing body, is legally separate, and is fiscally independent means that the municipality may, without the approval or consent of another government entity, determine or modify its own budget, levy its own taxes or set rates or charges, and issue bonded debt.

The following is a summary of certain significant accounting policies:

A. GOVERNMENT-WIDE & FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Changes in Net Position) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segments are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

B. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, & FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The municipality reports the following major governmental funds:

- The general fund is the municipality's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources and expenditures of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- The debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of monies from dedicated sales tax for the payment of sales tax bonds issued for street improvements.

The municipality reports the following major proprietary funds:

The utility find is used to account for the provision of gas, electric, and water utilities, as well as sewer services to residents of the Town and some residents of the Parish. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, financing, and related debt service and billing and collection.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the government's enterprise operations. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues are charges for services and sales taxes. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

C. EQUITY CLASSIFICATIONS

In the government-wide financial statements, equity is classified as Net Position and displayed in three components as applicable. The components are as follows:

<u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> - Capital assets including restricted capital assets, when applicable, net of accumulated depreciation.

<u>Restricted Net Position</u> - Net position with constraints placed on their use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Unrestricted Net Position</u> - All other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

When an expense is incurred for the purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available, management applies restricted resources first. The policy concerning which to apply first varies with the intended use and legal requirements. The decision is typically made by management at the incurrence of the expense.

In the Fund Financial Statements, governmental fund equity is classified as a fund balance. The Town has implemented GASB Statement 54 "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions." This Statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

- a. Nonspendable fund balance amounts that are not in a spendable form (such as prepaid expenses) or are required to be maintained intact;
- b. Restricted fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation;
- c. Committed fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by a government itself using its highest level of decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint;
- d. Assigned fund balance amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority;
- e. Unassigned fund balance amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are reported only in the general fund.

D. CASH & CASH EQUIVALENTS

The Town's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and shortterm investments with original maturities of six months or less from the date of acquisition. State law and the municipality's investments policy allow the municipality to invest in collateralized certificate of deposits, government-backed securities, commercial paper, the state sponsored investment pool, and mutual funds consisting solely of government-backed securities.

E. RECEIVABLES & PAYABLES

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds". Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

F. AD VALOREM TAXES

Property taxes are levied on a calendar year basis and become due on January 1 of each year. The following shows the amount of authorized and levied ad valorem taxes on property with assessed valuations totaling \$9,529,273.

General purposes	8.720 mills
Total taxes levied	\$83,096

G. INVENTORIES

For both governmental and proprietary funds, purchase of various operating supplies are regarded as expenditures or expenses at the time purchased, and inventories of such supplies (if any) are not recorded as assets at the close of the fiscal year. For the year ending June 30, 2018, these amounts were considered to be immaterial.

H. RESTRICTED ASSETS

Restricted assets include cash and cash investments, which are restricted for the following.

• Restricted assets were applicable to the following at June 30, 2018:

	G	overnmental
Bond Sinking/Reserve/Contingencies	\$	1,425,121
Total	\$	1,425,121
		Enterprise
Customer Deposits	\$	184,386
Bond Sinking/Reserve/Contingencies		544,666
Total	\$	729,052

I. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated cost if the historical cost is not available. Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The Town of Jonesville maintains a threshold level of \$2,500 or more for capitalizing capital assets.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, no interest costs were capitalized for construction of fixed assets.

Depreciation of all exhaustible fixed assets is charged as an expense against its operations. Accumulated depreciation is reported on the proprietary fund balance sheet and governmental fund statement of activities. Depreciation has been provided over the estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Governmental Activities	Life In Years
Land Improvements	30
Buildings	40
Machinery and Equipment	5-20
Vehicles	5-15
Business-Type Activities/Enterprise	Life In Years
Business-Type Activities/Enterprise Buildings	Life In Years
• • •	
Buildings	25

J. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The liability for compensated absences has not been accrued because the amount is considered to be immaterial.

K. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

In the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position.

L. FUND EQUITY

In the fund equity statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balances for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plan that are subject to change.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

M. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(2) CASH & CASH EQUIVALENTS

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the government will not be able to recover its deposits. Under state law, these deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent.

These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties.

Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1229 imposes a statutory requirement on the custodial bank to advertise and sell the pledged securities within 10 days of being notified by the Entity that the fiscal agent bank has failed to pay deposit funds upon demand. Further, Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1224 states that securities held by a third party shall be deemed to be held in the Entity's name.

Deposits

It is the Town's policy for deposits to be 100% secured by collateral at market or par, whichever is lower, less the amount of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insurance. The Town's deposits are categorized to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the Town at year end. The categories are described as follows:

- *Category 1* Insured or collateralized with securities held by the Town or by its agent in the Town's name.
- *Category 2* Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the Town's name.
- *Category 3* Uncollateralized.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

		Catahoula/ LaSalle	Concordia Bank & Trust		Total
Bank Balances	S	2,707,867	\$ 669,672	\$	3,377,539
Secured As Follows	-				
FDIC (Category 1)		500,000	250,000		750,000
Securities (Category 2)		3,274,604	1,349,735		4,624,339
Uncollateralized (Category 3)	_	-0-	-0-	_	-0-
Total	S_	3,774,604	\$ 1,599,735	S	5,374,339

All deposits were secured as of June 30, 2018.

(3) BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

The Town follows procedures established by Louisiana Revised Statute in the preparation and adoption of its annual operating budgets as follows:

- The Town Clerk prepares a proposed budget and submits same to the Mayor and Town Council no later than 15 days prior to the beginning of each fiscal year.
- A summary of the proposed budget is published and the public notified that the proposed budget is available for public inspection. At the same time, a public hearing is called.
- A public hearing is held on the proposed budget at least ten days after publication of the call for the hearing.
- After the holding of the public hearing, and completion of all action necessary to finalize and implement the budget, the budget is adopted through passage of an ordinance prior to the commencement of the fiscal year for which the budget is being adopted.
- Budgetary amendments involving the transfer of funds from one department, program, or function to another or involving increases in expenditures resulting from revenues exceeding amounts estimated require the approval of the Town Council.
- All budgetary appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.
- The budget for the General Fund is adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Budget amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended from time to time by the Town Council.

(4) INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers during the year ended June 30, 2018, were as follows:

\$797,774 was transferred from the utility fund to the general fund.

Transfers are primarily used to move funds from:

• The proprietary funds to the general fund to cover expenses of general operations.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

(5) <u>RECEIVABLES</u>

The receivables of \$325,002 at June 30, 2018, are as follows:

Class of Receivable		General Fund		Enterprise Fund	Total
Taxes:			-		
Property Taxes	\$	2,667	\$	-0-	\$ 2,667
Intergovernmental:					
State		1,224		-0-	1,224
Parish		17,548		-0-	17,548
Accounts		-0-		332,149	332,149
Other		109,409		4,437	113,846
Allowance for Uncollectibles		(108,774)		(33,658)	(142,432)
Total	\$ _	22,074	\$	302,928	\$ 325,002

Uncollectible amounts due for customers' utility receivables are recognized as bad debts through the establishment of an allowance amount at the time information becomes available which would indicate the uncollectibility of the receivable.

The Town has outsourced its water and sewer utility billing system. Receivables due from third party represents the cash balance owed to the Town. The balance owed to the Town at June 30, 2018, is \$56,356.

(6) <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u>

Capital assets and depreciation activity as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, is as follows:

Governmental Activities

		Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions		Ending Balance
Land*	\$	422,850	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$	422,850
Buildings		1,079,801	-0-	-0-		1,079,801
Land Improvements		2,449,068	249,845	39,890		2,738,803
Machinery & Equipment		336,098	9,460	-0-		345,558
Vehicles		705,122	-0-	-0-		705,122
Construction in Progress*		60,860	1,538,426	(39,890)		1,559,396
Total Fixed Assets		5,053,799	1,797,731	 -0-		6,851,530
Less Accumulated Depreciation	-	(2,081,677)	(121,846)	 -0-		(2,203,523)
Net Capital Assets	\$	2,972,122	\$ 1,675,885	\$ -0-	\$_	4,648,007

*Land in the amount of \$422,850 and construction in progress in the amount of \$1,559,396 are not being depreciated.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Depreciation expense of \$121,846 for the year ended June 30, 2018, was charged to the following governmental functions:

General Government	\$ 18,991
Public Safety:	
Police	5,235
Fire	9,901
Public Works:	
Streets	3,163
Sanitation	-0-
Recreation	1,858
Airport	 82,698
Total Depreciation	\$ 121,846

Business-Type Activities

	Beginning Balance		Additions		Deletions		Ending Balance
Land* \$	21,612	\$	-0-	\$	-0-	\$	21,612
Buildings	11,579		-0-		-0-		11,579
Plant and Equipment	28,199,776		-0-	_	-0-		28,199,776
Total	28,232,967		-0-		-0-		28,232,967
Accumulated Depreciation	(6,221,217)		(549,582)		-0-		(6,770,799)
Net Capital Assets \$	22,011,750	\$_	(549,582)	\$_	-0-	\$_	21,462,168

* Land in the amount of \$21,612 is not being depreciated.

(7) LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Governmental Funds

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions for the year ended June 30, 2018:

		Bonds Payable	Notes Payable		Total
Long-term obligations at beginning of year Additions to principal Repayment of principal	\$	-0- \$ 1,900,000 (150,000)	132,869 -0- (2,093)	\$	132,869 1,900,000 (152,093)
Long-term obligations at end of year Less current portion	\$	1,750,000 \$ (224,000)	130,776 (2,081)	\$	1,880,776 (226,081)
Long-term portion	\$ _	1,526,000 \$	128,695	\$_	1,654,695

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Long-term debt for governmental funds as of June 30, 2018, is comprised of the following:

United States Department of Agriculture – Public Improvement Bond, Series 2012 indebtedness to construct a new Town Hall in the amount of \$139,900, commencing on January 24, 2014, and payable in monthly installments of \$518		
until maturity on January 24, 2053, with an annual interest rate of 3.125%.	\$	130,776
Sales tax bonds in the amount of \$1,900,000, Series 2017 issued for street improvements, beginning November 2017 and commencing on November 2025, and due in semi-annual installments changing each year with a coupon rate of		
2.425%.	-	1,750,000
Total long-term debt	\$_	1,880,776

The annual requirements to amortize all debt outstanding as of June 30, 2018, including interest payments, are as follows:

Year Ending		Bonds & Notes
June 30 ,		Payable
2019	\$	269,643
2020		273,868
2021		275,832
2022		279,516
2023		282,918
2024-2028		596,496
2029-2033		31,080
2034-2038		31,080
2039-2043		31,080
2044-2048		31,080
2049-2053		28,463
Total	\$_	2,131,056

Enterprise Fund

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions for the year ended June 30, 2018:

		Bonds Payable	Notes Payable	Total
Long-term obligations at beginning of year Additions to principal	\$	7,411,481 \$ -0- (202,000)	159,192 \$ -0- (16.949)	7,570,673
Repayment of principal Long-term obligations at end of year Less current portion	\$	(202,000) 7,209,481 \$ (203,000)	(16,949) 142,243 \$ (17,578)	(218,949) 7,351,724 (220,578)
Long-term portion	\$ _	7,006,481 \$	124,665 \$	7,131,146
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Long-term debt for the enterprise fund as of June 30, 2018, is comprised of the following:

Revenue refunding bonds to refinance debt and pay electricity purchases in the amount of \$1,607,030, net of discount commencing on July 16, 2016, and payable in annual installments beginning at \$80,000 and changing from year to year until maturity on December 1, 2027, with an annual interest rate beginning	
at 1.5% and increasing annually.	\$ 1,044,388
Forty-year note payable to provide financing in the amount of \$205,000, to United States Department of Agriculture, dated December 1, 2010, with principal due annually and interest due semi-annually, with an annual interest rate of	105 040
3.00%.	127,848
Bond payable to United States Department of Agriculture, in the amount of \$3,326,000, with interest payments due semi-annually beginning December 1, 2012, and principal payments due annually commencing December 1, 2014, until maturity on December 1, 2051, with an annual interest rate of 29(2 009 544
maturity on December 1, 2051, with an annual interest rate of 2%.	3,098,544
Bond payable to United States Department of Agriculture, in the amount of \$3,292,000, with interest payments due semi-annually beginning December 1, 2012, and principal payments due annually commencing December 1, 2014, until	
maturity on December 1, 2051, with an annual interest rate of 2%.	3,066,549
United States Department of Agriculture – Rural Development certificate of indebtedness to purchase a bucket truck in the amount of \$120,000, commencing on June 15, 2009, and payable in monthly installments of \$1,245 until maturity	
on June 15, 2018, with an annual interest rate of 4.5%.	14,395
Total long-term debt	\$ 7,351,724

The annual requirements to amortize all debt outstanding as of June 30, 2018, including interest payments, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Bones & Notes Payable
2019	\$ 398,748
2020	385,411
2021	391,811
2022	393,011
2023	394,011
2024-2028	1,902,120
2029-2033	1,410,180
2034-2038	1,425,180
2039-2043	1,456,180
2044-2048	1,393,684
2049-2053	1,028,591
Total	\$ 10,578,927
	34

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

(8) SEGMENT INFORMATION FOR UTILITY FUND

The enterprise fund operated by the Town provides electric, water, gas, and sewer utility services. The following is a summary of segment information for enterprise funds:

		Electric Utility		Gas Utility	Water Utility		Sewer Service	Total
Operating Revenue	S	2,623,627 \$; _	531,260	\$ 335,993	S	387,285	\$ 3,878,165
Purchase of Utility		(1,559,270)		(344,268)	-0-		-0-	(1,903,538)
Operating Expenses		(404,517)		(147,479)	(336,100)		(270,973)	(1,159,669)
Depreciation		(34,986)		(13,347)	(199,306)		(301,943)	(549,582)
Other Operating Revenue		96,570		20,085	53,790		10,959	181,404
Capital Grants		-0-		21,250	-0-		-0-	21,250
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	721,424 \$; 	67,501	\$ (145,623)	S ,	(174,672)	\$ 468,630

(9) <u>RESTRICTED NET POSITION</u>

- Governmental Fund
 - The Town's debt service fund had restricted net position of \$1,201,121, which have been restricted for future payments of long-term debt.

• Enterprise Funds

- The Town's water fund had restricted net position of \$326,907, which arose from restricted monies as required by revenue bond indentures.

(10) ELECTED OFFICIALS

The following is a list of elected officials and their salary for the year ending June 30, 2018:

Name	Title	A	nnualized Salary
Hiram Evans	Mayor	S	19,202
Marcellus Cummings	Police Chief		42,336
Benny Vault, Sr	Council		7,700
Stephen Mophett	Council		7,600
Josie Bullitts	Council		7,700
Loria Hollins	Council		7,800
Tommy Branch	Council	S	7,400

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

(11) <u>RISK MANAGEMENT</u>

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

(12) SALES AND USE TAX REVENUES

- A) The Town receives hard surface road tax and sanitation tax from Catahoula Parish. The Town received \$60,440 in hard surface road tax and \$142,466 in sanitation tax for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.
- B) The Town receives a 1% sales and use tax from Catahoula Parish to be used for the purpose of hard surfacing, rehabilitation, and resurfacing of the streets located within the corporate limits of the Town. The Town received \$393,724 in sales tax for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

(13) EXCESS EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATION

The Town over spent it's budget by \$850,052 or 35% because expenditures for street improvements were not budgeted.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

TOWN OF JONESVILLE, LOUISIANA Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, & Changes in Fund Balance Budget & Actual General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	BUDGET AMOUNTS			Actual Amounts	**		
	_	Original	Final	Budgetary Basis		VARIANCES Favorable (Unfavorable)	
Revenues							
Taxes	\$	82,865 \$	82,865	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	S	6,740	
Licenses and Permits		110,000	122,500	131,498		8,998	
Rentals		20,000	13,500	15,741		2,241	
Intergovernmental		659,074	1,092,028	935,026		(157,002)	
Charges for Services		373,500	295,484	168,183		(127,301)	
Other		42,000	75,000	29,356		(45,644)	
TOTAL REVENUES		1,287,439	1,681,377	1,369,409		(311,968)	
Expenditures							
General Government Public Safety:		311,700	343,510	395,895		(52,385)	
Police		288,425	252,762	296,868		(44,106)	
Public Works:		200,425	252,762	290,808		(44,100)	
Streets		411,973	473,805	381,568		92,237	
Sanitation		230,000	285,475	269,868		15,607	
Recreation		8,350	39,043	35,258		3,785	
Airport		109,224	39,043	39,454		(731)	
Capital Outlay		-0-	939,488	1,797,731		(858,243)	
Debt Service		-0-	-0-	6,216		(6,216)	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	-	1,359,672	2,372,806	3,222,858		(850,052)	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over							
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(72,233)	(691,429)	(1,853,449)		(1,162,020)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Interest Income		-0-	-0-	750		750	
Bond Proceeds		-0-	-0-	1,900,000		1,900,000	
Transfer In/(Out)		465,000	768,500	797,774		29,274	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		465,000	768,500	2,698,524		1,930,024	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		405,000	708,500	2,098,324		1,930,024	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$_	392,767 \$	77,071	845,075	\$_	768,004	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING				497,825			
FUND BALANCE - ENDING				§ <u>1,342,900</u>	-		

See independent auditors report. The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

TOWN OF JONESVILLE, LOUISIANA Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the GAAP basis, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

Budget Amendments and Revisions

The budget is adopted by the Town Council. Amendments can be made on the approval of the Town Council. A budgetary comparison is presented for the General Fund and each major special revenue fund consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. There were no major special revenue funds.

Other Information

TOWN OF JONESVILLE, LOUISIANA Schedule of Compensation Benefits and Other Payments to Agency Head or Chief Executive Officer For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Honorable Hiram Evans, Mayor

Purpose	Amount
Salary	\$ 19,202
Benefits-Insurance	332
Benefits-Retirement	-0-
Benefits (Expense Allowance)	-0-
Car Allowance	-0-
Vehicle Provided by Government	-0-
Per Diem	-0-
Reimbursements	-0-
Travel	-0-
Registration Fees	-0-
Conference Travel	-0-
Continuing Professional Education Fees	-0-
Housing	-0-
Un-vouchered Expenses*	-0-
Special Meals	\$ -0-

*An example of an un-vouchered expense would be a travel advance.

See independent auditor's report.

Other Reports

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THE VERCHER GROUP

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American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

Society of Louisiana Certified Public Accountants

Association of Certified Fraud Examiners

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Hiram Evans, Mayor & Members of the Town Council Jonesville, LA

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities and aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Jonesville, Louisiana, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Jonesville's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 19, 2018.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town of Jonesville's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Jonesville's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Jonesville's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs to be material weaknesses (2018-2 Discrepancies in Utility Deposits).

A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompany schedule of findings and questioned costs to be significant deficiencies (2018-3 Police Department – Ticket Software).

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town of Jonesville's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as items: **2018-1 Bond Reserve Accounts Required by Bond Covenants, 2018-4 Budget Variance, & 2018-5 Annual Filing of Financial Statements**.

The Town of Jonesville's Response to Findings

The Town of Jonesville's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. The Town of Jonesville's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements, and accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. However, this report is a public document and its distribution is not limited.

The Vercher Group

Jena, Louisiana December 19, 2018

TOWN OF JONESVILLE TOWN OF JONESVILLE, LOUISIANA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COST For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

We have audited the basic financial statements of the Town of Jonesville, Louisiana, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and have issued our report thereon dated December 19, 2018. We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the standards in the United States of America applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

Our audit of the financial statements as of June 30, 2018, resulted in an unmodified opinion.

a. Report on Internal Control and Compliance Material to the Financial Statements

	Internal Control						
	Material Weaknesses 🛛 Yes 🗌 No Significant Deficiencies 🖾 Yes 🔲 No						
	Compliance Compliance Material to Financial Statements 🛛 Yes 🗌 No						
b.	Federal Awards (Not Applicable)						
	Internal Control Material Weaknesses Yes No Other Conditions Yes No						
	Type of Opinion on ComplianceUnmodifiedQualifiedFor Major ProgramsDisclaimerAdverse						
	Are the findings required to be reported in accordance with Uniform Guidance?						
	Yes No						
c.	Identification of Major Programs:						
	CFDA Number (s) Name Of Federal Program (or Cluster)						
	Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B Programs: $\underline{\$}$						
	Is the auditee a 'low-risk' auditee, as defined by OMB Uniform Guidance? Yes No						

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COST – (CONT.) For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Section II – Financial Statement Findings

2018-1 Bond Reserve Accounts Required by Bond Covenants (Compliance)

Condition: The Town did not maintain some of its bond reserve accounts as required by its bond indentures.

Criteria: The Town of Jonesville has several issues of utility bonds outstanding. There are certain bond covenants for each debt that are required to be followed.

Cause of Condition: Not depositing required money into the reserve accounts.

Effect of Condition: Noncompliance with bond indentures.

Recommendation: The Town should maintain its reserve accounts in accordance with bond indenture requirements.

Client Response: We discussed this with the Mayor, Council and Town Clerk and they agreed to review all bond issuances and begin maintaining the bond reserve accounts as required.

<u>2018-2 Discrepancies in Utility Deposits</u> (Internal Control)

Condition: The Town of Jonesville had missing utility payments/deposits and unknown adjustments totaling approximately \$32,000. The events occurred in the clerical office of the Town of over the past year. There was more than one employee collecting cash and making deposits. The sheriff's office and the Legislative Auditor have been notified. See attached exhibit.

Criteria: The Town's internal controls should have procedures that reconcile monthly billing reports to collections and investigate any discrepancies.

Cause of Condition: Inadequate internal controls and limited personnel.

Effect of Condition: Potential misappropriation of funds and material weakness in internal controls.

Recommendation: We recommend that the Town develop controls and procedures that would provide the necessary oversight of utility deposits and monthly reconciliations of billing and collections. We also recommend that separate cash draws be maintained for each employee and that employees do not share cash drawers.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COST – (CONT.) For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Section II – Financial Statement Findings (Continued)

Client Response: The Town has taken the following steps to ensure that internal controls are effective:

- Each clerk has her own cash drawers for utility payments and for ad valorem tax payments. There is no co-mingling of funds by the clerks.
- The cash drawers are locked in the vault every evening at the close of business.
- Deposits are verified at the end of each day's business by the town clerk or a substitute in case of her absence.
- A log is kept showing each deposit by date, bank account, total amount of deposit, who made the deposit, and the batch number. It is initialed by the front office clerk making the deposit and the town clerk/substitute.
- A cash drawer verification log is kept daily and shows the balance in each clerk's cash drawer for utilities after the day's transactions and another verification is done for their individual ad valorem cash boxes.
- Security cameras have been installed in the lobby and in the front office as well as monitoring the vault door to deter any unauthorized transactions/activities.

2018-2 Discrepancies in Utility Deposits Exhibit

#	ELEMENT OF FINDING	RESPONSE
#		
1	A general statement describing the fraud or	The Town of Jonesville had missing utility
	misappropriation that occurred.	payments/deposits and unknown adjustments
		totaling approximately \$32,000.
2	A description of the funds or assets that were	Utility receipts
	the subject of the fraud or misappropriation	
	(ex., utility receipts, petty cash, computer	
	equipment).	
3	The amount of funds or approximate value of	Approximately \$32,000 in collections.
	assets involved.	
4	The department or office in which the fraud or	Utility collections department.
	misappropriation occurred.	
5	The period of time over which the fraud or	Fiscal year ended June 30, 2018
	misappropriation occurred.	
6	The title/agency affiliation of the person who	Unknown
	committed or is believed to have committed	
	the act of fraud or misappropriation.	

TOWN OF JONESVILLE, LOUISIANA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COST – (CONT.) For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Section II – Financial Statement Findings (Continued)

2018-2 Discrepancies in Utility Deposits Exhibit (Continued)

7	The name of the person who committed or is	Unknown
	believed to have committed the act of fraud or	
	misappropriation, if formal charges have been	
	brought against the person and/or the matter	
	has been adjudicated.	
8	Is the person who committed or is believed to	Yes
	have committed the act of fraud still employed	
	by the agency?	
9	If the person who committed or is believed to	Yes
	have committed the act of fraud is still	
	employed by the agency, do they have access	
	to assets that may be subject to fraud or	
	misappropriation?	
10	Has the agency notified the appropriate law	Yes, Sheriff's Department & Legislative
	enforcement body about the fraud or	Auditor's Office
	misappropriation?	
11	What is the status of the investigation at the	Ongoing
	date of the auditor's/accountant's report?	
12	If the investigation is complete and the person	Investigation not complete
	believed to have committed the act of fraud or	
	misappropriation has been identified, has the	
	agency filed charges against that person?	
13	What is the status of any related adjudication	None
	at the date of the auditor's/accountant's report?	
14	Has restitution been made or has an insurance	No
	claim been filed?	
15	Has the agency notified the Louisiana	Legislative Auditor and Sheriff's Office have
	Legislative Auditor and the District Attorney	been notified.
	in writing, as required by Louisiana Revised	
	Statute 24:523 (Applicable to local	
	governments only)	
16	Did the agency's internal controls allow the	Yes
	detection of the fraud or misappropriation in a	
	timely manner?	
17	If the answer to the last question is "no,"	Not applicable
	describe the control deficiency/significant	
	deficiency/material weakness that allowed the	
	fraud or misappropriation to occur and not be	
	detected in a timely manner.	

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COST – (CONT.) For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Section II – Financial Statement Findings (Continued)

2018-2 Discrepancies in Utility Deposits Exhibit (Continued)

Management's plan to ensure that the fraud or	The Town has taken the following steps to
misappropriation does not occur in the future.	ensure that internal controls are effective:
	-Each clerk has her own cash drawers for utility
	payments and for ad valorem tax payments.
	There is no co-mingling of funds by the clerks.
	-The cash drawers are locked in the vault every
	evening at the close of business.
	-Deposits are verified at the end of each day's
	business by the town clerk or a substitute in
	case of her absence.
	-A log is kept showing each deposit by date,
	bank account, total amount of deposit, who
	made the deposit, and the batch number. It is
	initialed by the front office clerk making the
	deposit and the town clerk/substitute.
	-A cash drawer verification log is kept daily and
	shows the balance in each clerk's cash drawer
	for utilities after the day's transactions and
	another verification is done for their individual
	ad valorem cash boxes.
	-Security cameras have been installed in the
	lobby and in the front office as well as
	monitoring the vault door to deter any
	unauthorized transactions/activities.
	Management's plan to ensure that the fraud or misappropriation does not occur in the future.

<u>2018-3 Police Department – Ticket Software</u> (Internal Control)

Condition: The Town of Jonesville's ticket collection software is not functioning properly.

Criteria: Proper internal controls can only be established when the Town has proper functioning software.

Cause of Condition: Lack of reliable software.

Effect of Condition: Potential misappropriation of funds.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COST – (CONT.) For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Section II – Financial Statement Findings (Continued)

Recommendation: We recommend that the Town use a proper functioning software for the collection and monitoring of ticket fines.

Client Response: The Town will use a proper functioning software for the collection and monitoring of ticket fines.

<u>2018-4 Budget Variance</u> (Compliance)

Condition: The Town had an unfavorable expenditure variance of \$850,052 or 36% and an unfavorable revenue variance of \$311,968 or 19% in its general fund budget for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Criteria: The Budget Act requires that budgets be amended when the variance exceeds 5%.

Cause of Condition: The Town did not amend budget when variances exceeded 5%.

Effect of Condition: The general fund having an unfavorable expenditure and revenue variance and violating the Budget Act.

Recommendation: The Town should amend its budget when it exceeds a 5% variance.

Client Response: The Town will amend its budget when it exceeds a 5% variance.

2018-5 Annual Filing of Financial Statements (Compliance)

Condition: The Town did not file their financial statements with the Legislative Auditor on a timely basis.

Criteria: LSA-RA 24:514, LSA-RA 33:463, and/ or LSA-RS 39-92, as applicable, require that governmental units file their financial statements annually with the Legislative Auditor's Office within six months of the entity's year end.

Cause of Condition: Not having the financial statements completed in time due to allegations against the Town.

Effect of Condition: Compliance finding.

Recommendation: The Town should have their audit completed in time to file with the Legislative Auditor's Office within six months of the Town's year end closing.

Client Response: The Town will have their audit completed in time to file with the Legislative Auditor's Office within six months of the Town's year end closing.

Section III Federal Awards Findings and Questioned Costs

Not applicable.

MANAGEMENT'S CORRECTIVE ACTION FOR CURRENT YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS

FINDINGS:

2018-1 Bond Reserve Accounts Required by Bond Covenants

Finding: The Town did not maintain some of its bond reserve accounts as required by its bond indentures. The Town of Jonesville has several issues of utility bonds outstanding. There are certain bond covenants for each debt that are required to be followed.

Corrective Action: We discussed this with the Mayor, Council and Town Clerk and they agreed to review all bond issuances and begin maintaining the bond reserve accounts as required.

Contact Person: Hiram Evans

Anticipated Completion Date: June 30, 2019

2018-2 Discrepancies in Utility Deposits

Finding: The Town of Jonesville had missing utility payments/deposits and unknown adjustments totaling approximately \$32,000. The Town's internal controls should have procedures that reconcile monthly billing reports to collections and investigate any discrepancies.

Corrective Action: The Town has taken the following steps to ensure that internal controls are effective:

- Each clerk has her own cash drawers for utility payments and for ad valorem tax payments. There is no co-mingling of funds by the clerks.
- The cash drawers are locked in the vault every evening at the close of business.
- Deposits are verified at the end of each day's business by the town clerk or a substitute in case of her absence.
- A log is kept showing each deposit by date, bank account, total amount of deposit, who made the deposit, and the batch number. It is initialed by the front office clerk making the deposit and the town clerk/substitute.
- A cash drawer verification log is kept daily and shows the balance in each clerk's cash drawer for utilities after the day's transactions and another verification is done for their individual ad valorem cash boxes.
- Security cameras have been installed in the lobby and in the front office as well as monitoring the vault door to deter any unauthorized transactions/activities.

Contact Person: Hiram Evans

Anticipated Completion Date: June 30, 2019

MANAGEMENT'S CORRECTIVE ACTION FOR CURRENT YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS

FINDINGS (CONTINUED):

<u> 2018-3 Police Department – Ticket Software</u>

Finding: The Town of Jonesville's ticket collection software is not functioning properly. Proper internal controls can only be established when the Town has proper functioning software.

Corrective Action: The Town will use a proper functioning software for the collection and monitoring of ticket fines.

Contact Person: Hiram Evans

Anticipated Completion Date: June 30, 2019

2018-4 Budget Variance

Finding: The Town had an unfavorable expenditure variance of \$850,052 or 36% and an unfavorable revenue variance of \$311,968 or 19% in its general fund budget for the year ended June 30, 2018. The Budget Act requires that budgets be amended when the variance exceeds 5%.

Corrective Action: The Town will amend its budget when it exceeds a 5% variance.

Contact Person: Hiram Evans

Anticipated Completion Date: June 30, 2019

2018-5 Annual Filing of Financial Statements

Finding: The Town did not file their financial statements with the Legislative Auditor on a timely basis. LSA-RA 24:514, LSA-RA 33:463, and/ or LSA-RS 39-92, as applicable, require that governmental units file their financial statements annually with the Legislative Auditor's Office within six months of the entity's year end.

Corrective Action: The Town will have their audit completed in time to file with the Legislative Auditor's Office within six months of the Town's year end closing.

Contact Person: Hiram Evans

Anticipated Completion Date: June 30, 2019

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THE VERCHER GROUP

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MEMBERS

American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

Society of Louisiana Certified Public Accountants

Association of Certified Fraud Examiners

MANAGEMENT LETTER COMMENTS

During the course of our review, we observed conditions and circumstances that may be improved. Below are findings noted for improvement, our recommendation for improvement and the Town's plan for corrective action.

CURRENT YEAR MANAGEMENT LETTER COMMENTS

No comments.

TOWN OF JONESVILLE, LOUISIANA June 30, 2018

MANAGEMENT'S SUMMARY OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

Legislative Auditor State of Louisiana Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70804-9397

The management of the Town of Jonesville, Louisiana has provided the following action summaries relating to audit findings brought to their attention as a result of their financial audit for the year ended June 30, 2017.

PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

2017-1 General Fund Expenditures (Unresolved)

Condition: The Town of Jonesville, Louisiana's General Fund expenditures exceeded its budget amount by 23%. The budgeted amount of expenditures was \$1,016,992, and the actual expenditures were \$1,250,503. Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1311 requires that expenditures not exceed the budget by more than 5%.

Criteria: Louisiana statute says that the government's expenditures must not surpass the budgeted amount of 5% or more.

Cause of Condition: There were unanticipated increased in general operating expenses that the Town was not able to make adjustments for in time.

Effect of Condition: Material weakness in internal control.

Recommendation: We recommend that management review the budget-to-actual regularly during the year to ensure that the 5% threshold is not surpassed.

Client Response: Management will work to address this issue within the next fiscal year.

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AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES REPORT

Town of Jonesville, Louisiana Independent Accountant's Report On Applying Agreed-Upon Procedures For the Period of July 1, 2017- June 30, 2018

Town of Jonesville Jonesville, Louisiana

To the Town of Jonesville and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor:

We have performed the procedures enumerated below, which were agreed to by the Town of Jonesville and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor (LLA) on the control and compliance (C/C) areas identified in the LLA's Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures (SAUPs) for the fiscal period July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2018. The Entity's management is responsible for those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs.

This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and applicable standards of *Government Auditing Standards*. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of the specified users of this report. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose.

The procedures and associated findings are as follows:

Written Policies and Procedures

- 1. Obtain and inspect the entity's written policies and procedures and observe that they address each of the following categories and subcategories (if applicable to public funds and the entity's operations):
 - a) *Budgeting*, including preparing, adopting, monitoring, and amending the budget
 - b) *Purchasing*, including (1) how purchases are initiated; (2) how vendors are added to the vendor list; (3) the preparation and approval process of purchase requisitions and purchase orders; (4) controls to ensure compliance with the public bid law; and (5) documentation required to be maintained for all bids and price quotes.
 - c) *Disbursements*, including processing, reviewing, and approving
 - d) *Receipts/Collections*, including receiving, recording, and preparing deposits. Also, policies and procedures should include management's actions to determine the completeness of all collections for each type of revenue or agency fund additions (e.g. periodic confirmation with outside parties, reconciliation to utility billing after cutoff procedures, reconciliation of traffic ticket number sequences, agency fund forfeiture monies confirmation).
 - e) *Payroll/Personnel*, including (1) payroll processing, and (2) reviewing and approving time and attendance records, including leave and overtime worked.
 - f) *Contracting*, including (1) types of services requiring written contracts, (2) standard terms and conditions, (3) legal review, (4) approval process, and (5) monitoring process
 - g) Credit Cards (and debit cards, fuel cards, P-Cards, if applicable), including (1) how cards are to be controlled, (2) allowable business uses, (3) documentation requirements, (4) required approvers of statements, and (5) monitoring card usage (e.g., determining the reasonableness of fuel card purchases)
 - h) *Travel and expense reimbursement*, including (1) allowable expenses, (2) dollar thresholds by category of expense, (3) documentation requirements, and (4) required approvers
 - i) *Ethics*, including (1) the prohibitions as defined in Louisiana Revised Statute 42:1111-1121, (2) actions to be taken if an ethics violation takes place, (3) system to monitor possible ethics violations, and (4) requirement that all employees, including elected officials, annually attest through signature verification that they have read the entity's ethics policy.
 - j) *Debt Service*, including (1) debt issuance approval, (2) continuing disclosure/EMMA reporting requirements, (3) debt reserve requirements, and (4) debt service requirements.

Observation: We obtained and inspected the entity's written policies and procedures and observed that they addressed each of the above categories and subcategories with the exception of ethics.

Exception: The entity's written policies and procedures did not address ethics.

Management's Response: The entity will update its policies and procedures manual to address ethics.

Board or Finance Committee

- 2. Obtain and inspect the board/finance committee minutes for the fiscal period, as well as the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or equivalent document in effect during the fiscal period, and:
 - a) Observe that the board/finance committee met with a quorum at least monthly, or on a frequency in accordance with the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or other equivalent document.
 - b) For those entities reporting on the governmental accounting model, observe that the minutes referenced or included monthly budget-to-actual comparisons on the general fund and major special revenue funds, as well as monthly financial statements (or budget-to-actual comparisons, if budgeted) for major proprietary funds. *Alternately, for those entities reporting on the non-profit accounting model, observe that the minutes referenced or included financial activity relating to public funds if those public funds comprised more than 10% of the entity's collections during the fiscal period.*
 - c) For governmental entities, obtain the prior year audit report and observe the unrestricted fund balance in the general fund. If the general fund had a negative ending unrestricted fund balance in the prior year audit report, observe that the minutes for at least one meeting during the fiscal period referenced or included a formal plan to eliminate the negative unrestricted fund balance in the general fund.

Observation: We read the minutes and observed the following:

- A) The council meets with a quorum at least monthly.
- B) The council reviews monthly statements, but not budget-to-actual comparisons.

Exception: Budget-to-actual comparisons are not presented at monthly meetings.

Management's Response: The entity periodically reviews budget comparisons to determine when budgets should be amended.

C) The entity did not have a negative ending unrestricted fund balance in the prior year audit report.

Bank Reconciliations

- 3. Obtain a listing of client bank accounts for the fiscal period from management and management's representation that the listing is complete. Ask management to identify the entity's main operating account. Select the entity's main operating account and randomly select 4 additional accounts (or all accounts if less than 5). Randomly select one month from the fiscal period, obtain and inspect the corresponding bank statement and reconciliation for selected each account, and observe that:
 - a) Bank reconciliations include evidence that they were prepared within 2 months of the related statement closing date (e.g., initialed and dated, electronically logged);
 - b) Bank reconciliations include evidence that a member of management/board member who does not handle cash, post ledgers, or issue checks has reviewed each bank reconciliation (e.g., initialed and dated, electronically logged); and

c) Management has documentation reflecting that it has researched reconciling items that have been outstanding for more than 12 months from the statement closing date, if applicable.

Observation: We obtained a listing of bank accounts and management's representation that the listing is complete. We randomly selected the month of June 2018 for the general fund operating account, the War on drugs account, USDA New town hall contingency account, FY2016 LCDBG street project account and Debt reserve Bucket Trk A/C account and observed the following:

A) Bank reconciliations were not prepared within 2 months of the related statement closing date.

Exception: Bank reconciliations were not prepared within 2 months of the related statement closing date.

Management's Response: Management encountered some issues that needed to be resolved before sending accounting information to its fee accountant.

- B) Bank reconciliations included evidence that the town clerk who does not handle cash, post ledgers, or issue checks has reviewed each bank reconciliation.
- C) Management does not have documentation reflecting that it has researched reconciling items that have been outstanding for more than 12 months from the statement closing date, if applicable.

Exception: Management does not have documentation reflecting that it has researched reconciling items that have been outstanding for more than 12 months from the statement closing date, if applicable.

Management's Response: Management will instruct its fee accountant to research outstanding items more than 12 months from statement closing date.

Collections

4. Obtain a listing of <u>deposit sites</u> for the fiscal period where deposits for cash/checks/money orders (cash) are prepared and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 deposit sites (or all deposit sites if less than 5).

Observation: We obtained a listing of deposit sites (there were 2) for the fiscal period where deposits for cash/checks/money orders (cash) are prepared and management's representation that the listing is complete.

- 5. For each deposit site selected, obtain a listing of <u>collection locations</u> and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one collection location for each deposit site (i.e. 5 collection locations for 5 deposit sites), obtain and inspect written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if no written policies or procedures, inquire of employees about their job duties) at each collection location, and observe that job duties are properly segregated at each collection location such that:
 - a) Employees that are responsible for cash collections do not share cash drawers/registers.

- b) Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not responsible for preparing/making bank deposits, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling collection documentation (e.g. pre-numbered receipts) to the deposit.
- c) Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not responsible for posting collection entries to the general ledger or subsidiary ledgers, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling ledger postings to each other and to the deposit.
- d) The employee(s) responsible for reconciling cash collections to the general ledger and/or subsidiary ledgers, by revenue source and/or agency fund additions are not responsible for collecting cash, unless another employee verifies the reconciliation.

Observation: For each deposit site selected, we obtained a listing of collection locations and management's representation that the listing is complete. We selected one collection location for each deposit site obtained and inspect written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties at each collection location, and observed that job duties are properly segregated at each collection location such that:

- A) Employees that are responsible for cash collections do not share cash drawers/registers.
- B) Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not responsible for preparing/making bank deposits, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling collection documentation (e.g. pre-numbered receipts) to the deposit.
- C) Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not responsible for posting collection entries to the general ledger or subsidiary ledgers, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling ledger postings to each other and to the deposit.
- D) The employee(s) responsible for reconciling cash collections to the general ledger and/or subsidiary ledgers, by revenue source and/or agency fund additions are not responsible for collecting cash, unless another employee verifies the reconciliation.
- 6. Inquire of management that all employees who have access to cash are covered by a bond or insurance policy for theft.

Observation: Inquiry of management found that all employees who have access to cash are covered by a bond or insurance policy for theft.

- 7. Randomly select two deposit dates for each of the 5 bank accounts selected for procedure #3 under "Bank Reconciliations" above (select the next deposit date chronologically if no deposits were made on the dates randomly selected and randomly select a deposit if multiple deposits are made on the same day). Alternately, the practitioner may use a source document other than bank statements when selecting the deposit dates for testing, such as a cash collection log, daily revenue report, receipt book, etc. Obtain supporting documentation for each of the 10 deposits and:
 - a) Observe that receipts are sequentially pre-numbered.
 - b) Trace sequentially pre-numbered receipts, system reports, and other related collection documentation to the deposit slip.
 - c) Trace the deposit slip total to the actual deposit per the bank statement.

- d) Observe that the deposit was made within one business day of receipt at the collection location (within one week if the depository is more than 10 miles from the collection location or the deposit is less than \$100).
- e) Trace the actual deposit per the bank statement to the general ledger.

Observation: We randomly selected two deposit dates for each of the 5 bank accounts selected for procedure #3 under "Bank Reconciliations" above.

- A) Receipts are sequentially pre-numbered.
- B) Traced sequentially pre-numbered receipts, system reports, and other related collection documentation to the deposit slip.
- **C)** Traced the deposit slip total to the actual deposit per the bank statement.
- D) The deposits were made within one business day of receipt at the collection location.
- E) Traced the actual deposit per the bank statement to the general ledger.

Non-Payroll Disbursements (excluding card purchases/payments, travel reimbursements, and petty cash purchases)

8. Obtain a listing of locations that process payments for the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 locations (or all locations if less than 5).

Observation: We obtained a listing and management's representation that the list is complete.

- 9. For each location selected under #8 above, obtain a listing of those employees involved with non-payroll purchasing and payment functions. Obtain written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if the agency has no written policies and procedures, inquire of employees about their job duties), and observe that job duties are properly segregated such that:
 - a) At least two employees are involved in initiating a purchase request, approving a purchase, and placing an order/making the purchase.
 - b) At least two employees are involved in processing and approving payments to vendors.
 - c) The employee responsible for processing payments is prohibited from adding/modifying vendor files, unless another employee is responsible for periodically reviewing changes to vendor files.
 - d) Either the employee/official responsible for signing checks mails the payment or gives the signed checks to an employee to mail who is not responsible for processing payments.

Observation: We obtained written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties and observed that job duties are properly segregated such that:

A) At least two employees are involved in initiating a purchase request, approving a purchase, and placing an order/making the purchase.

- B) At least two employees are involved in processing and approving payments to vendors.
- C) The employee responsible for processing payments is <u>not</u> prohibited from adding/modifying vendor files.

Exception: The employee responsible for processing payments is <u>not</u> prohibited from adding/modifying vendor files.

Management's Response: The entity will have another employee periodically review changes made to vendor files.

D) The employee/official responsible for signing checks mails the payment or gives the signed checks to an employee to mail who is also responsible for processing payments.

Exception: The employee/official responsible for signing checks mails the payment or gives the signed checks to an employee to mail who is also responsible for processing payments.

Management's Response: The entity does not have enough personnel to implement this procedure.

- 10. For each location selected under #8 above, obtain the entity's non-payroll disbursement transaction population (excluding cards and travel reimbursements) and obtain management's representation that the population is complete. Randomly select 5 disbursements for each location, obtain supporting documentation for each transaction and:
 - a) Observe that the disbursement matched the related original invoice/billing statement.
 - b) Observe that the disbursement documentation included evidence (e.g., initial/date, electronic logging) of segregation of duties tested under #9, as applicable.

Observation: We obtained the entity's disbursement transaction population and management's representation that the population is complete and observed the following:

- A) The disbursement matched the related original invoice/billing statement.
- B) The disbursement documentation included evidence of segregation of duties tested under #9, as applicable.

Credit Cards/Debit Cards/Fuel Cards/P-Cards

11. Obtain from management a listing of all active credit cards, bank debit cards, fuel cards, and P-cards (cards) for the fiscal period, including the card numbers and the names of the persons who maintained possession of the cards. Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete.

Observation: We obtained a listing of credit cards and management's representation that the listing is correct.

- 12. Using the listing prepared by management, randomly select 5 cards (or all cards if less than 5) that were used during the fiscal period. Randomly select one monthly statement or combined statement for each card (for a debit card, randomly select one monthly bank statement), obtain supporting documentation, and:
 - a) Observe that there is evidence that the monthly statement or combined statement and supporting documentation (e.g., original receipts for credit/debit card purchases, exception reports for excessive fuel card usage) was reviewed and approved, in writing, by someone other than the authorized card holder. [Note: Requiring such approval may constrain the legal authority of certain public officials (e.g., mayor of a Lawrason Act municipality); these instances should not be reported.)]
 - b) Observe that finance charges and late fees were not assessed on the selected statements.

Observation: The town has 4 credit cards and we randomly selected the month of November 2017 and observed the following:

A) There was no evidence that the monthly statement or combined statement and supporting documentation (e.g., original receipts for credit/debit card purchases, exception reports for excessive fuel card usage) was reviewed and approved, in writing, by someone other than the authorized card holder.

Exception: There was no evidence that the monthly statement or combined statement and supporting documentation (e.g., original receipts for credit/debit card purchases, exception reports for excessive fuel card usage) was reviewed and approved, in writing, by someone other than the authorized card holder.

Management's Response: Management will have someone review and approve statements, in writing, other than the authorized card holder.

B) There were finance charges of \$14.60 on one of the cards.

Exception: There were finance charges of \$14.60 on one of the cards.

Management's Response: Management will review and pay statements timely to avoid paying interest or late fees.

13. Using the monthly statements or combined statements selected under #12 above, <u>excluding</u> <u>fuel cards</u>, randomly select 10 transactions (or all transactions if less than 10) from each statement, and obtain supporting documentation for the transactions (i.e. each card should have 10 transactions subject to testing). For each transaction, observe that it is supported by (1) an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased, (2) written documentation of the business/public purpose, and (3) documentation of the individuals participating in meals (for meal charges only).

Observation: Using the monthly statements or combined statements selected under #12 above, <u>excluding fuel cards</u>, we randomly selected 10 transactions (or all transactions if less than 10) from each statement, and obtained supporting documentation for the transactions. For each transaction, we observed that it was supported by (1) an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased, (2) written documentation of the business/public purpose, and (3) documentation of the individuals participating in meals (for meal charges only).

Travel and Travel-Related Expense Reimbursements (excluding card transactions)

- 14. Obtain from management a listing of all travel and travel-related expense reimbursements during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing or general ledger is complete. Randomly select 5 reimbursements, obtain the related expense reimbursement forms/prepaid expense documentation of each selected reimbursement, as well as the supporting documentation. For each of the 5 reimbursements selected:
 - a) If reimbursed using a per diem, agree the reimbursement rate to those rates established either by the State of Louisiana or the U.S. General Services Administration (www.gsa.gov).
 - b) If reimbursed using actual costs, observe that the reimbursement is supported by an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased.
 - c) Observe that each reimbursement is supported by documentation of the business/public purpose (for meal charges, observe that the documentation includes the names of those individuals participating) and other documentation required by written policy (procedure #1h).
 - d) Observe that each reimbursement was reviewed and approved, in writing, by someone other than the person receiving reimbursement.

Observation: We obtained from management a listing of all travel and travel-related expense reimbursements during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing or general ledger is complete and observed the following:

- A) The per diem rate used agreed with rates established either by the State of Louisiana or the U.S. General Services Administration.
- B) There were no actual costs reimbursed.
- C) Each reimbursement was supported by documentation of the business/public purpose.
- D) Each reimbursement was reviewed and approved, in writing, by someone other than the person receiving reimbursement.

Contracts

- 15. Obtain from management a listing of all agreements/contracts for professional services, materials and supplies, leases, and construction activities that were initiated or renewed during the fiscal period. *Alternately, the practitioner may use an equivalent selection source, such as an active vendor list.* Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 contracts (or all contracts if less than 5) from the listing, <u>excluding the practitioner's contract</u>, and:
 - a) Observe that the contract was bid in accordance with the Louisiana Public Bid Law (e.g., solicited quotes or bids, advertised), if required by law.
 - b) Observe that the contract was approved by the governing body/board, if required by policy or law (e.g. Lawrason Act, Home Rule Charter).

- c) If the contract was amended (e.g. change order), observe that the original contract terms provided for such an amendment.
- d) Randomly select one payment from the fiscal period for each of the 5 contracts, obtain the supporting invoice, agree the invoice to the contract terms, and observe that the invoice and related payment agreed to the terms and conditions of the contract.

Observation: These procedures were performed in the last fiscal year with no exceptions. These procedures will be performed in the next fiscal year.

Payroll and Personnel

16. Obtain a listing of employees/elected officials employed during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 employees/officials, obtain related paid salaries and personnel files, and agree paid salaries to authorized salaries/pay rates in the personnel files.

Observation: These procedures were performed in the last fiscal year with no exceptions. These procedures will be performed in the next fiscal year.

- 17. Randomly select one pay period during the fiscal period. For the 5 employees/officials selected under #16 above, obtain attendance records and leave documentation for the pay period, and:
 - a) Observe that all selected employees/officials documented their daily attendance and leave (e.g., vacation, sick, compensatory). (Note: Generally, an elected official is not eligible to earn leave and does not document his/her attendance and leave. However, if the elected official is earning leave according to policy and/or contract, the official should document his/her daily attendance and leave.)
 - b) Observe that supervisors approved the attendance and leave of the selected employees/officials.
 - c) Observe that any leave accrued or taken during the pay period is reflected in the entity's cumulative leave records.

Observation: These procedures were performed in the last fiscal year with no exceptions. These procedures will be performed in the next fiscal year.

18. Obtain a listing of those employees/officials that received termination payments during the fiscal period and management's representation that the list is complete. Randomly select two employees/officials, obtain related documentation of the hours and pay rates used in management's termination payment calculations, agree the hours to the employee/officials' cumulate leave records, and agree the pay rates to the employee/officials' authorized pay rates in the employee/officials' personnel files.

Observation: These procedures were performed in the last fiscal year with no exceptions. These procedures will be performed in the next fiscal year.

19. Obtain management's representation that employer and employee portions of payroll taxes, retirement contributions, health insurance premiums, and workers' compensation premiums have been paid, and associated forms have been filed, by required deadlines.

Observation: These procedures were performed in the last fiscal year with no exceptions. These procedures will be performed in the next fiscal year.

- 20. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from procedure #16 under "Payroll and Personnel" above obtain ethics documentation from management, and:
 - a) Observe that the documentation demonstrates each employee/official completed one hour of ethics training during the fiscal period.
 - b) Observe that the documentation demonstrates each employee/official attested through signature verification that he or she has read the entity's ethics policy during the fiscal period.

Observation: These procedures were performed in the last fiscal year with no exceptions. These procedures will be performed in the next fiscal year.

Debt Service

21. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes issued during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all bonds/notes on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that State Bond Commission approval was obtained for each bond/note issued.

Observation: These procedures were performed in the last fiscal year with no exceptions. These procedures will be performed in the next fiscal year.

22. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes outstanding at the end of the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one bond/note, inspect debt covenants, obtain supporting documentation for the reserve balance and payments, and agree actual reserve balances and payments to those required by debt covenants.

Observation: These procedures were performed in the last fiscal year with no exceptions. These procedures will be performed in the next fiscal year.

Other

23. Obtain a listing of misappropriations of public funds and assets during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all misappropriations on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that the entity reported the misappropriation(s) to the legislative auditor and the district attorney of the parish in which the entity is domiciled.

Observation: These procedures were performed in the last fiscal year with no exceptions. These procedures will be performed in the next fiscal year.

24. Observe that the entity has posted on its premises and website, the notice required by R.S. 24:523.1 concerning the reporting of misappropriation, fraud, waste, or abuse of public funds.

Observation: These procedures were performed in the last fiscal year with no exceptions. These procedures will be performed in the next fiscal year.

We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination or review, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion or conclusion, respectively, on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion or conclusion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of testing performed on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs, and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on control or compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the LLA as a public document.

The Vercher Group

Jena, Louisiana December 19, 2018